
USER MANUAL

5760 Series

25/50/100 Watt Digital Amplifier

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The 5760 has no front panel adjustments, however there are several adjustments and test points on the Power Detector/Control board. The board is mounted in the upper right corner with abbreviations engraved on the mounting plate. The left to right arrangement is:

Test point for setting Reflected power

Test Point for setting Peak Forward Power

Test Point for setting Forward Envelope power

RZ Reflected Power Zero adjust

RL Reflected Power Level adjust

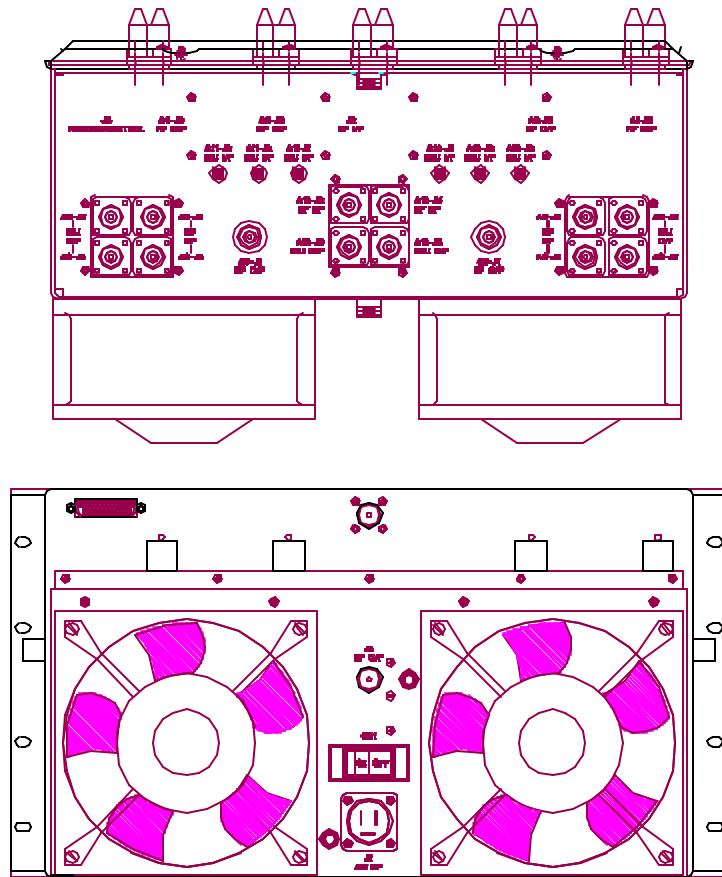
GT Gate Timing (for encoded signals)

FL Forward Power Level adjust

FZ Forward Power Zero adjust

GL Gate Level adjust (for encoded signals)

Test Point for Ground



J1	A.C. Input
J2	RF Input
J3	Remote/control
J4	RF Output

“N” connector
“D” connector
“N” connector

J3 Pinouts are:

- 3** Ground
- 4** Remote Forward Power
- 6** Remote Reflected Power
- 8** Operate Command Output
- 9** Amplifier Interlock
- 10** Amplifier Interlock Return
- 15** AGC Outer Loop
- 16** Remote Overtemp.
- 18** Amplifier Fault
- 19** Ground
- 20** Power Supply Fault

Internal LED Indicators 5760

Enable	green
DC OK	green
Bias	green
MOD OK	green
RF O/P	green

**5765
DIGITAL AMPLIFIER**

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5765 25 WATT DIGITAL AMPLIFIER

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

The 5765 is a digital amplifier capable of operating at a nominal output power of 50 watts average. The 5765 is comprised of a 25W Power Amplifier Subassembly, a Power Factor Corrected (PFC) Front End Module, Peak Detector/Control Board, and a directional coupler.

Combining the latest in GaAs FET amplifier technology and Feed Forward distortion cancellation, the 5765 delivers an output power of 25 watts (average).

The unit's circuitry is enclosed in a tray assembly designed for mounting in a standard 19" equipment rack. The unit comes complete with slide rail mounting hardware to allow the tray to move in and out of the rack for ease of service. The outside dimensions of the tray assembly are 19" x 30" x 10.25" (WxDxH).

The 5765 is factory calibrated for a front panel LCD display external power meter reading of 100% on the driver transmitter, which represents the rated output power of the unit (unless otherwise specified).

SPECIFICATIONS

Technical Specifications

Type of Emissions 6M00D7W
Frequency Range 2150 to 2162 and 2500 to 2686 MHz (any 6 MHz channel)
Output Power Rating 25 watts average
DC voltage and total current of final amplifier stage.. 10 volts DC at 32.5 amps
(Class A - Not RF power dependent)

Performance Specifications

Operating Frequency Range 2150 to 2162 and 2500 to 2686 MHz
RF output - Nominal:
 Power 12.5 to 25 watts average (adjustable in driver transmitter)
 Impedance 50 ohms
 Connector Type N
Input (64 QAM Digital Signal) Type N
Out-of-Band Power -38 dB max (at channel edge)
 -60 dB max (3.0 MHz above channel edge and 3.0 MHz below channel edge)

Electrical Requirements

Power Line Voltage 208/240 VAC, 50 or 60 Hz
Power Consumption 1243 watts

Environmental

Maximum Altitude 12,000 feet (3,660m)
Ambient Temperature 0° to +50°C

Mechanical

Dimensions: (WxDxH) 19" x 30"x 10.25" (48.3cm x 76.2cm x 26.0cm)
Weight: 85 lbs. (38.6 kgs)

5765
25 WATT POWER AMPLIFIER

DRAWING LIST

Power Detector/Control Board.....	1586-1118
Schematic	1586-3118
25 Watt Power Amplifier Assembly	1586-1117
Interconnect	1586-8117

The 25 Watt Amplifier Assembly consist of the following boards/modules:

25 Watt Amplifier Module	1585-1266
Schematic	1585-3266
Amplifier Daughter Board.....	1512-1110
Schematic	1512-3110
8 Section Bias Protection Board	1586-1109
Schematic	1585-3109
DC to DC Converter Board	
Schematic	DT380-11

The Power Factor Corrected Front End Module consist of the following power supplies:

PFC 200W Supply	(VS3) 73-450-0001
40W Switching Supply	LPS23
80W Switching Supply	LPS63

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MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING

Problem Analysis

In most cases, the performance of a GaAsFET transistor is closely tied to the DC operation of the system. Any degradation in signal quality, gain or power is usually related to a corresponding change in a DC parameter somewhere in the system. An exception may be a defective RF input or output connection, which can result in poor performance of the amplifier with all DC parameters appearing normal.

The first step of analysis is therefore to carefully measure all DC parameters and compare these to the numbers indicated on the schematics, block diagrams, and factory test data sheet. Each GaAsFET operates with $-5V$ of bias on the gate and about $+10.2V$ maximum volts on the drain. The static current of a GaAsFET is determined by measuring across associated $.05$ ohm resistor, located on the bias protection board and using Ohm's Law.

If all DC parameters are normal, an RF intermittency should be suspected. Follow the RF path from input to output and apply a small physical force on all connectors while observing the output power. If an intermittency is detected, a simple re-soldering can be attempted.

While following these procedures, it is important to maintain terminations on all amplifier circuits to avoid VSWR damage. Before a fan fails, it normally begins to exhibit noisy operation. Always check for free fan blade movement and procure a replacement fan if fan-bearing noise is evident.

Repair Procedures

Repair of this transmitter normally involves module level replacement. ITS Corporation maintains an adequate stock of replacement modules. If you have determined that a particular subassembly is defective and that it cannot be easily repaired at your facility, please contact the ITS Customer Services Department. An effort will be made to provide a module on an exchange basis. It is often possible to ship replacement modules counter-to-counter or one-day UPS/Federal Express to expedite delivery.

On some occasions it is necessary to perform component level repairs. In many cases failures can be a result of poor connections somewhere in the system. Poor connections can generally be repaired with a suitable, small, grounded soldering iron. A spare parts kit of standard components is available for this booster. Please contact the ITS Marketing Department for the price and availability of the spare parts kit. Individual components can also be ordered from the Customer Services or Marketing departments of ITS. The fuses are standard and generally available at local parts distributors. The parts list provides complete manufacturer's information and part number for all standard electrical components. These components can often be obtained from local distributors. An effort has been made to select standard (off-the-shelf) components whenever possible in the product design. Replacement of the GaAsFET transistors in the field is not recommended unless performed by an experienced technician. It is important to realize that each GaAs FET operates at a specific bias voltage that must be preset before the main power supply is switched on. Failure to provide the proper bias voltage will result in rapid GaAsFET destruction. Please refer to the ITS Warranty and Material Return Authorization procedures for additional information concerning repair parts.

Periodic Procedures

This transmitter is designed with components that require no periodic maintenance except for cleaning and record keeping.

The amount of cleaning necessary depends greatly on the conditions in the translator room. While the electronics have been designed to function well even if covered with dust, heavy buildups of dirt and insects will impede the effectiveness of the cooling and lead to shutdown or premature failure.

When it is apparent that the front panel is becoming dust covered, the top cover should be opened and the accumulated foreign material removed. A small, soft brush used in conjunction with a plastic wand-like attachment on a small vacuum cleaner is an excellent way to remove dirt. Alcohol and other cleaning agents should not be used unless you are certain that the solvents will not damage components or markings. Water based cleaners can be used if only a small amount of moisture is used. The fans or heat sinks should be carefully cleaned.

Occasionally check that all RF connections are secure, but be careful not to over-tighten.

Data should be recorded for all meter readings on a regular basis. It is suggested that data be recorded once each month and that it be retained in a rugged folder or envelope for the life of the equipment. A sample format of a log sheet is included at the end of this section. Photocopies of this sheet may be used for if desired.