Calibration Laboratory of

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Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst S Service suisse d'étalonnage C Servizio svizzero di taratura **Swiss Calibration Service**

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL NORMx,y,z tissue simulating liquid sensitivity in free space

ConvF DCP

sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z diode compression point

CF A, B, C, D crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ

φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9

 ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., $\theta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement

b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010

d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization ϑ = 0 (f \leq 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).

 $NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response$ (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.

DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.

PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal

Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.

ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100

Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.

Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Page 2 of 38 Certificate No: EX3-3939_May16

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3939

Manufactured:

May 2, 2013 May 20, 2016

Calibrated:

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3939

Basic Calibration Param	eters	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
	Sensor X 0.41	0.38	0.41	± 10.1 %
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$ DCP $(mV)^B$	102.7	101.7	99.9	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

Modulati UID	on Calibration Parameters Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
	OW	Х	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	121.8	±2.7 %
0	CW	Υ	0.0	0.0	1.0		136.5 128.5	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		120.5	
	. Amondiv							

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix.

Sensor Model Par	c2 fF	α V ⁻¹	T1 ms.V ⁻²	T2 ms.V ⁻¹	T3 ms	T4 V ⁻² 1.282	T5 V ⁻¹ 0.31	T6
X 54.43 Y 41.39 7 53.03	402.9 306.5 392.2	35.26 35.23 35.11	18.86 15.44 16.34	1.303 1.32 1.273	4.986 4.971 4.983	1.22 1.625	0.312	1.004 1.005

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

 $^{^{\}rm A}$ The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E $^{\rm 2}$ -field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

EX3DV4-SN:3939

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3939

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

bration	Parameter De	conductivity	Head 115			G	Depth ^G	Unc (k=2)
f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^F	(S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	(mm)	
	41.9	0.89	9.67	9.67	9.67	0.51	0.80	± 12.0 %
750		0.90	9.27	9.27	9.27	0.37	0.96	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	9.11	9.11	9.11	0.30	1.09	± 12.0 %
900	41.5		8.35	8.35	8.35	0.42	0.80	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	7.81	7.81	7.81	0.42	0.82	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40		7.86	7.86	0.35	0.85	± 12.0 %
2000	40.0	1.40	7.86	7.51	7.51	0.39	0.80	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	7.51	7.18	7.18	0.33	0.96	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.18			0.48	0.80	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	6.95	6.95	6.95			± 13.1 °
3500	37.9	2.91	6.94	6.94	6.94	0.30	1.29	
5200	36.0	4.66	5.16	5.16	5.16	0.35	1.80	± 13.1
	35.9	4.76	4.86	4.86	4.86	0.40	1.80	± 13.1
5300		4.96	4.81	4.81	4.81	0.40	1.80	± 13.1
5500	35.6			4.60	4.60	0.40	1.80	± 13.1
5600	35.5	5.07	4.60			0.50	1.80	± 13.1
5800	35.3	5.27	4.45	4.45	4.45	0.50	1.50	

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is

always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3939

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

(MHz) c	Parameter Do Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	9.12	9.12	9.12	0.45	0.87	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	9.25	9.25	9.25	0.46	0.84	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	9.05	9.05	9.05	0.40	0.85	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	7.77	7.77	7.77	0.31	1.01	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.49	7.49	7.49	0.42	0.80	± 12.0 %
2000	53.3	1.52	7.69	7.69	7.69	0.44	0.80	± 12.0 %
2300	52.9	1.81	7.37	7.37	7.37	0.38	0.88	± 12.0 %
	52.7	1.95	7.21	7.21	7.21	0.33	0.90	± 12.0 %
2450	52.5	2.16	7.01	7.01	7.01	0.38	0.88	± 12.0 %
2600	51.3	3.31	6.25	6.25	6.25	0.29	1.56	± 13.1 %
3500	49.0	5.30	4.24	4.24	4.24	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5200	48.9	5.42	4.07	4.07	4.07	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 9
5300	48.6	5.65	3.75	3.75	3.75	0.55	1.90	± 13.1 °
5500	48.5	5.77	3.72	3.72	3.72	0.55	1.90	± 13.1
5600 5800	48.5	6.00	3.77	3.77	3.77	0.55	1.90	± 13.1

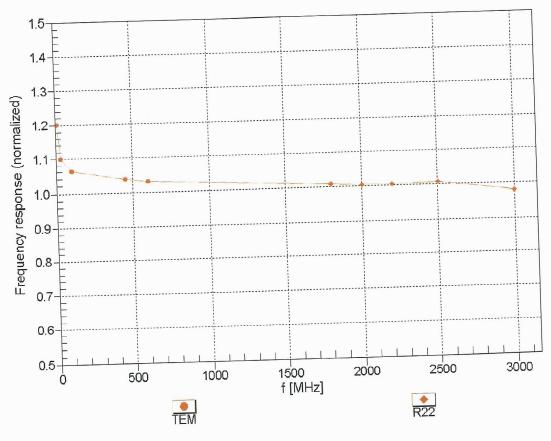
^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency

validity can be extended to \pm 110 MHz. validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to \pm 4t frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of

the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Galpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

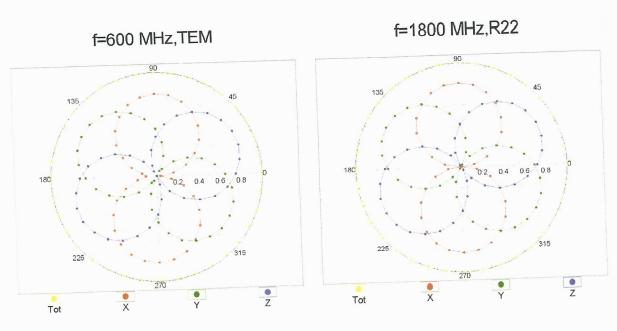
Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

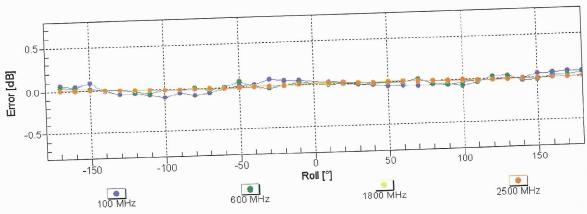


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

May 20, 2016 EX3DV4- SN:3939

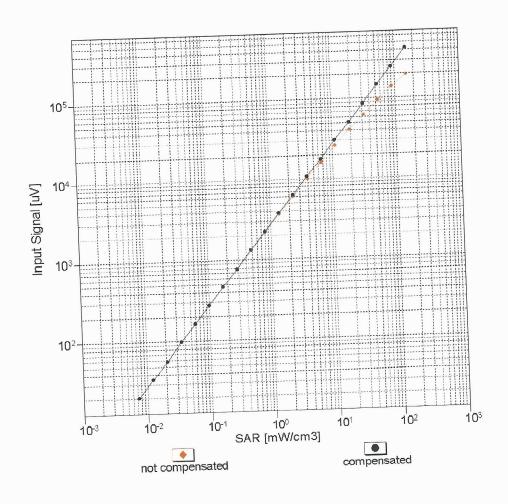
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

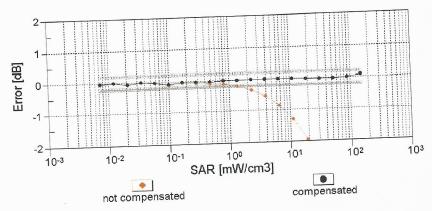




Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

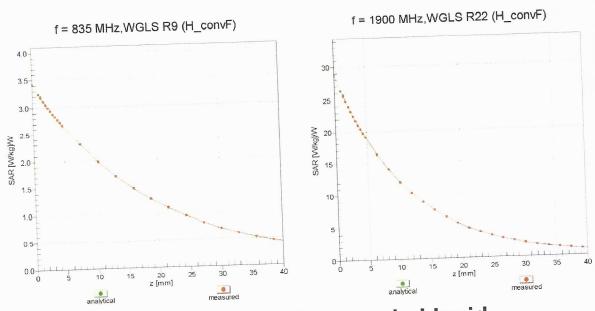
Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)



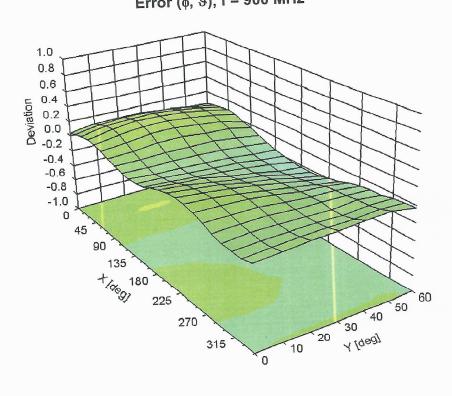


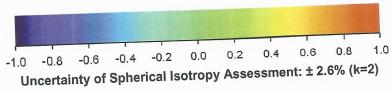
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz





DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3939

Other Probe Parameters

Other Probe Parameters	Triangular
Sensor Arrangement	140
Connector Angle (°)	enabled
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
	9 mm
Tip Length	2.5 mm
Tip Diameter	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1.4 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	