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APPLICANT NAME & ADDRESS: LG Electronics Inc. 459-9, Kasan-dong, Keumchun-ku, Seoul 153-023, Korea

DATA & LOCATION OF TESTING 2006 7/12 ~ 8/8 Dates of testing: Test Site: ESTECH Co., Ltd. Korea

Test Device:

Models: MG800d

FCC ID: BEJMG800D

TYPE: GSM Phone with Bluetooth (Prototype)

Test report no: Contact person: Testing has been Carried out in Accordance with: ESTSAR0608-001 Bong Hyo, Han

Number of page:

29

Responsible test Engineer:

K.H.Kang

IEEE P1528-200X Draft 6.4

Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate(SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications

Device: Experimental Techniques

Applicant Type:

Certification

FCC CLASSIFICATION:

Licensed Non-Broadcast Transmitter Held to Ear (TNE) Licensed Portable Transmitter Held to Ear (PCE)

FCC Rule Part(s)

§2.1093; FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (July 2001)

Test results:

The Tested device complies with the requirements in respect of all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the items tested. The test report shall not be reproduced recept in full, without written approval of the laboratory.

Date and Signatures: 2006/8/8

Report Prepared By: Engineer/ K.H.Kang

(Signature)

Manager Engineer/ Jay Kim

(Signature

Test report no: ESTSAR0608-001

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SUMMARY FOR TEST REPORT

FCC ID	BEJMG800D		
Date of test	2006/7/12 ~ 2006/8/8		
Responsible test engineer	Jay Kim		
Measurement performed by	K.H.Kang		
EUT Type	GSM Phone with Bluetooth (Prototype)		
Tx Frequency	824.2 ~ 848.8MHz(GSM850), 1850.2 ~ 1909.8 MHz(PCS1900)		
Rx Frequency	869.2 ~ 893.8MHz(GSM850), 1930.2 ~ 1989.8 MHz(PCS1900)		
Max. RF Output Power	GSM: GSM850(33 dBm) PCS1900 (30 dBm) GPRS: GSM850(39 dBm) PCS1900 (36 dBm)		

Maximum Results Found During SAR Evaluation under phone call and bluetooth function enable

1.1 Head Configuration

Max. SAR Measurement

FREQUENCY		Modulation		Power(dBm)	Device test	Antenna	SAR
MHz	Ch	Modulation	dBm	Battery	position	position	(W/kg)
836.6	190	GSM	33	Standard	Right Touch	ı	0.518
1909.8	810	GSM	30	Standard	Right Touch	_	0.534

1.2 Body Worn Configuration

Max. SAR Measurement

FREQU	FREQUENCY		Conducted	Power(dBm)	Separation test	Antenna	SAR	
MHz	Ch	Modulation	dBm	Battery	position	position	(W/kg)	
836.6	190	GSM	39	Standard	1.5cm [w/o Holster]	ı	1.18	
1909.8	810	GSM	36	Standard	1.5cm [w/o Holster]	_	0.893	

1.3 Measurement Uncertainty

Combine Standard Uncertainty	± 10.81 (k=1)	
Extended Standard Uncertainty	± 21.62 (k=2, 95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)	

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2 INTRODUCATION

The FCC has adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 to protect the public and workers from the potential azards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable device.[1]

The safety limits used for the environmental evaluation measurements are the criteria published by the based on American National Standards Institute (ANSI) For localized specific absorption rate (SAR) in IEEE/ANSI C95.1-1992 Standard for safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electronic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz. (c) 1992 by the institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., New York, New York 10017.[2] The measurement procedure described in IEEE/ANSIC95.3-1992 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields – RF and Microwave[3] is used for guidance in measuring SAR due to the RF radiationexposure from the Equipment Under Test (EUT). These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements (NCRP) in Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields," NCRP Report No. 86 (c) NCRP, 1986, Bethesda, MD20814.[6] SAR is ameasure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards.

SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dU) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ). it is also defined as the rate of rf energy absorption per unit mass at a point in an absorbing body (see Fig. 3.1.).

$$S A R = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{d U}{d m} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{d U}{\rho d v} \right)$$

Figure 2.1 SAR Mathematical Equation

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per Kilogram (W/kg).

$$SAR = \sigma E^2 / \rho$$

Where:

 σ = conductivity of the tissue-simulant material (S/m)

E = mass density of the tissue-simulant material (kg/m³)

 ρ = Total RMS electric field strength (V/m)

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The FCC rules for evaluating portable devices for RF exposure compliance are contained in 47 CFR §2.1093. For purposes of RF exposure evaluation, a portable device is defined as a transmitting device designed to be used with any part of its radiating structure in direct contact with the user's body or within 20 centimeters of the body of a user or bystanders under normal operating conditions. This category of devices would include hand-held cellular and PCS telephones that incorporate the radiating antenna into the hand-piece and wireless transmitters that are carried next to the body. Portable sevices are evaluated with respect to SAR limits for RF exposure. The applicable SAR limit for portable transmitters used by consumers is 1.6 watts/kg, which is averaged over any one gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

2.1 Antenna Description

Туре	Internal Antenna		
Location	the top of the device		
Radiator Material	Copper		

2.2 Device Description

FCC ID	FCC ID: BEJMG800D	
Serial numbers	-	
Exposure environment	Uncontrolled exposure	
Device category	Portable device	
Mode(s) of Operation	GSM / GPRS	
Modulation Mode(s)	GSM	
Duty Cycle	8.3 / 4.15	
Transmitting	824.2 ~ 848.8MHz(GSM850), 1850.2 ~ 1909.8 MHz(PCS1900)	
FreQuency Range(s)	024.2 ~ 040.0MIDZ(G5M0500), 1650.2 ~ 1909.6 MIDZ(PC51900)	
test signal method	■ Base station simulator Internal test code	

2.3 Battery Options

There is only one battery option available for tested device,

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4. TEST CONDITIONS

4.1 Ambient Conditions

Ambient Temperature (°C)	21
Fissue simulating liquid temperature (°C)	21
Humidity (%)	45

4.2 RF Characteristics of The Test Site

Tests were performed in a fully enclosed RF Shielded environment

4.3 Test Signal, Frequencies, And Output Power

The handset was placed into simulated call mode (850MHz GSM, 1900MHz PCS modes) using manufacturers test codes.

In all operation bands the measurements were performed on lowest, middle and highest channels.

The phone was set to maximum power level during the all tests and at the beginning of the each test the battery was fully charged.

DASY4 system measures power drift during SAR testing by comparing e-field in the same location at the beginning and at the end of measurement. These records were used to monitor stability of power output.



Fig. 4.1 SAR Measurement System

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DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST EQUIPMENT

An SAR measurement system usually consists of a small diameter isotropic electric field probe, a multiple axis probe positioning system, a test device holder, one or more phantom models, the field probe instrumentation, a computer and other electronic equipment for controlling the probe and making the measurements. Other supporting equipment, such as a network analyzer, power meters and RF signal generators, are also required to measure the dielectric parameters of the simulated tissue media and to verify the measurement accuracy of the SAR system.

5.1 Test System Specifications

Test Equipment	Model	Serial Number	Cal. date
DAE	DAE4	551	2006-04-27
E-Field Probe	ET3DV6	1750	2006-01-24
Dipolo validation kit	D1900V2	5d058	2005-01-27
Dipole validation kit	D835V2	475	2005-02-24
Network analyzer	8753ES	NONE	2005-10-17
Signal generator	E4432B	GB40050840	2006-03-03
RF Power meter	EPM-442A	GB37170412	2005-10-05
Power Sensor	8481A	3318A90368	2005-10-05
RF Power meter	E4418A	GB38272722	2006-03-03
Power Sensor	8481A	3318A96478	2006-03-08
Dielectric Probe	85070D	US01440154	_

5.2 SAR Measurement Setup

Measurement are performed using the DASY4 dosimetric assessment system. The DASY4 is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG(SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland and consists of high precision robotics system (Staubli), robot controller, Pentium IV computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the SAM twin phantom containing the brain equivalent material. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field(EMF) (see Fig. 5.1) A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant(Joystick), and a remote control used to drive the robot motors. The pc consists of the Intel Pentium IV 2.4 GHz computer with Windows2000 system and SAR measurement Software DASY4, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Staubli Robot data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit that performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing,

AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc.

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DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST EQUIPMENT(continued)

Is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

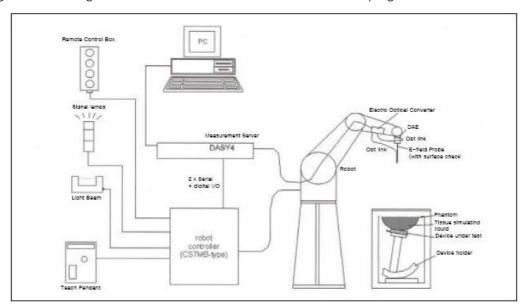


Fig. 5.1 SAR Measurement System Setup

The DAE3 consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gainswitching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer. The system is described in detail in [7].

5.3 DASY4 E-Field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6, designed in the classical triangular configuration [7] (see Fig.5.2) and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multifiber line ending at the front of the probe tip. It is connected to the EOC box in the robot arm and provides an automatic detection transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver.

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5. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST EQUIPMENT(continued)

As the probe approach the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is probe angle. The DASY4 software reads the reflection during a software approach and looks for the maximum using a 2nd order fitting (see Table. 5.2). The approach is stopped at reaching the maximum.

Isotro	pic E-Field Pr	robe for Dosimetric Measurements
Const	ruction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Interleafed sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., glycol)
Calibr	ration	In air from 10 MHz to 3 GHz In brain and muscle simulating tissue at frequencies of 450 MHz, 900 MHz and 1.8 GHz (accuracy ± 8%) Calibration for other liquids and frequencies upon request
Frequ	епсу	10 MHz to > 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz)
Direct	ivity	± 0.2 dB in brain tissue (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in brain tissue (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynai	nic Range	5 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: \pm 0.2 dB
Isotropic E-Field Probe Dimer	nsions	Overall length: 330 mm Tip length: 20 mm Body diameter: 12 mm Tip diameter: 3.9 mm Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm

Fig. 5.2 Probe Specifications

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DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST EQUIPMENT(continued)

5.4 Phantom & Equivalent Tissues SAM Phantom

The SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 is constructed of the fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to determine the maximum exposure in at least 90% of all users [11][12]. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot.

Head & Muscle simulation Mixture Characterization

The brain and muscle mixtures consist of a viscous gel using hydroxethlcellullose(HEC) gelling agent and saline solution (see Table 5.1). Preservation with a bactericide is added and visual inspection is made to make sure air bubbles are not trapped during the mixing process. The mixture is calibrated to obtain proper dielectric constant (permittivity) and conductivity of the desired tissue. The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 have been specified in P1528 are derived from the issue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations The mixture characterizations used for the brain and muscle tissue simulation liquids are according to the data by C. Gabriel and G. Hartagrove [13]. (see Fig. 5.3)

Frequency	He	ad	Вс	ody
(MHz)	εr	σ (S/m)	εr	σ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.8
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.9	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55	1.06
1450	40.5	1.2	54	1.3
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.4
1800-2000	40	1.4	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.8	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.4	52	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6

Fig.5.3 Head and body tissue parameters by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528

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5. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST EQUIPMENT(continued)

8	35MHz		1900MHz		
Head Body			Head	Body	
Sugar	47.31%	34.31%	DGBE(diethyene Glycol buty Ether)	44.91%	29.96%
Deionized water	51.07%	65.45%	Deionized water	54.88%	69.91%
Salt	1.15%	0.62%	Salt	0.21%	0.13%
HEC (hydroxyethy cellulose)	0.24%				
Preventol	0.24%	0.10%			
ε	41.0±5%	55.2±5%	3	40.0±5%	53.3±5%
σ	0.89±10%	0.97±10%	σ	1.45±10%	1.52±10%

Fig. 5.4 Composition of the Tissue Equivalent Matter

Device Holder for Transmitters

In combination with the SAM Twin Phantom V4.0, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the accurately, and repeatably be positioned according to the FCC specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).

Note: A simulating human hand is not used due to the complex anatomical and geometrical structure of the hand that may produce infinite number of configurations [12]. To produce the worst-case condition (the hand absorbs antenna output power), the hand is omitted during the tests.

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6. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST PROCEDURE

6.1 Definition of Reference Point EAR Reference point

The point "M" is the reference point for the center of the mouth, "ERP" is the ear reference point. The ERP are 15mm posterior to the entrance to the ear canal(EEC) along the B-M line (Back-Mouth), as shown is figure 6.1. The plane passing through the two ear canals and M is defined as the Reference Plane. The line N-F (Neck-Front) is perpendicular to the reference plane and passing through the ERP is called the Reference Pivoting Line (see Figure 6.1) B-M is perpendicular to the N-F line. Both N-F and B-M lines are marked on the external phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning [5].

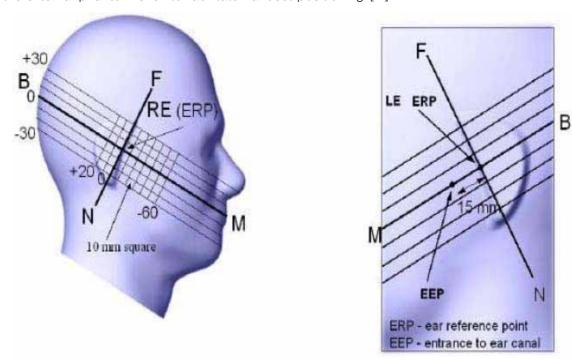


Figure 6.1 Close-up side view of ERP

Handset Reference Points

Two imaginary lines on the handset were established: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The test device was placed in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point" (see Fig. 6.2). The "test device reference point" was than located at the same level as the center of the ear reference point. The test device was positioned so that the "vertical centerline" was bisecting the front surface of the handset at it's top and bottom edges, positioning the "ear reference point" on the outer surface of the both the left and right head phantoms on the ear reference point on the outer surface of the both the left and right head phantoms on the ear reference point.

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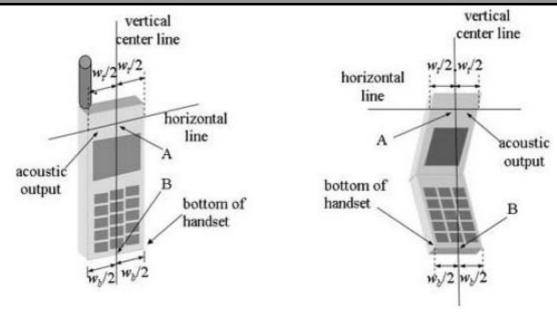


Figure 6.2 Handset Vertical Center & Horizontal Line Reference Points

6.2 Test Configuration Positions Positioning for Cheek/Touch

- 1) Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece, open the cover. (If the phone can also be used with the cover closed ,both configurations must be tested.)
- 2) Define two imaginary lines on the handset: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset: the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A on Figures 6.2), and the midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 6.2). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output. However, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not ecessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 6.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with lip pieces, and other irregularly—shaped handsets.
- 3) Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom touch that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 6.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical center line and the horizontal line of the phone is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.

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- 4) Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until the handset touches the ear.
- 5) While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to MB-NF including the line MB (called the reference plane).
- 6) Rotate the phone around the vertical centerline until the phone (horizontal line) is symmetrical with respect to the line NF.
- 7) While maintaining the vertical centerline in the reference plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, rotate the handset about the line NF until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point

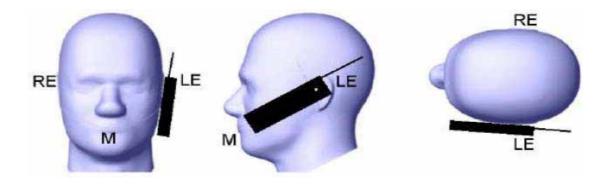


Figure 6.3 "Cheek" or "Touch" Position.

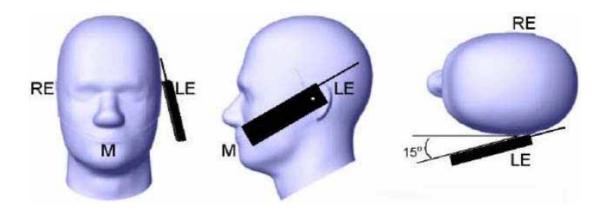


Figure 6.4 "Tilted" Position.

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Positioning for Ear / 15° Tilted

- 1) Repeat steps 1 to 7 of 6.2(Positioning for Cheek/Touch) to place the device in the "cheek position."
- 2) While maintaining the orientation of the phone retract the phone parallel to the reference plane far enough to enable a rotation of the phone by 15 degree.
- 3) Rotate the phone around the horizontal line by 15 degree.
- 4) While maintaining the orientation of the phone, move the phone parallel to the reference plane until any part of the phone touches the head. (In this position, point A will be located on the line RE-LE). The tilted position is obtained when the contact is on the pinna. If the contact is at any location other than the pinna, the angle of the phone shall be reduced. The tilted position is obtained if any part of the phone is in contact of the ear as well as a second part of the phone is contact with the head.

Body Holder / Belt Clip Configurations

Body-worn operation configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration. A device with a headset output is tested with a headset connected to the device. Body dielectric parameters are used.

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied of available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration where a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. All test position spacings are documented. Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance is tested with the accessory(ies), including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration. In all case SAR measurements are performed to investigate the worst case positioning. Worst-case positioning is then documented and used to perform Body SAR testing.

In order for users to be aware of the body-worn operation requirements for meeting RF exposure compliance, operation instructing instructions and cautions statements are included in the user's manual.

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6.3 Scan Procedures

First coarse scans are used for quick determination of the field distribution. Nest cube scan, 7x7x7 points; spacing between each point 5x5x5 mm, is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 1g.

6.4 SAR Averaging Methods

The maximum SAR value is averaged over its volume using interpolation and extrapolation. The interpolation of the points is done with a 3d-Spline. The 3d-Spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a Knot" ?condition [W.Gander, Computerma-thematik, p. 141-150](x, y and z ?directions) [Numerical Recipes in C, Second Edition, p 123].

The extrapolation is based on least square algorithm [W.Gander, Computermathematik, p. 168–180]. Through the points in the first 30 mm in all z-axis, polynomials of order four are calculated . This polynomial is then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip. The points calculated from the surface, have a distance of 1mm from one another.

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7. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

According to CENELEC [17], typical worst-case uncertainty of field measurements is 5 dB.

For well-defined modulation characteristics the uncertainty can be reduced to 3 dB.

For well-defined modular	ilon Charac	teristics the	uncertaint	y can be	Teduced to 5	ub.
ERROR Description	Uncertainty	Probability	Divisor	ci 1	Standard unc.	vi or
	value ±%	Distribution		1g	(1g)	Veff
MEASUREMENT SYSTEM						
Probe Calibration	± 11.7 %	normal	1	1	± 4.8 %	∞
Axial Isotropy	± 4.7	rectangular	√3	(1-cp) ^{1/2}	± 1.9%	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	± 9.6	rectangular	√3	$(cp)^{1/2}$	± 3.9%	∞
Boundary Effects	± 1.0	rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6%	∞
Linearity	± 4.7	rectangular	√3	1	± 2.7%	∞
System Detection Limits	± 1.0	rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6%	∞
Readout Electronics	± 1.0	normal	1	1	± 1.0%	∞
Response time	± 0.8	rectangular	√3	1	± 0.5%	∞
Integration time	± 2.6	rectangular	√3	1	± 1.5%	∞
RF Amnient Conditions	± 3.0	rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7%	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	± 0.4	rectangular	√3	1	± 0.2%	∞
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	± 2.9	rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7%	∞
Extrapolation, Interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	± 1.0	rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6%	∞
Test Sample Related						
Test Sample Positioning	± 2.9	normal	1	1	± 2.97%	145
Device Holder Uncertainty	± 3.6	normal	0.84	1	± 3.69%	5
Output Power Validation - SAR drift measurement	± 5.0	rectangular	√3	1	± 2.9%	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters						
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	± 4.0	rectangular	√3	1	± 2.3%	∞
Liquid conductivity Target - tolerance	± 5.0	rectangular	√3	0.64	± 1.8%	∞
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	± 2.5	normal	1	0.64	± 1.6%	∞
Liquid permittivity Target - tolerance	± 5.0	rectangular	√3	0.6	± 1.7%	∞
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	± 2.5	normal	1	0.6	± 1.5%	∞
Combined S	tandard Uncer	tainty			±11.32 %	330
Coverag	e Factor for			K = 2		
Expanded S	Standard Uncert	ainty			± 22.64 %	

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Tissue Verification

Table 8.1 Simulated Tissue Verification [5]

	MEASURED TISSUE PARAMETERS											
Liquid Tem	Liquid Temperature (°C) 21 Liquid Depth(mm) 150											
Date 2006-8-7			2006	6-8-7	2006	-8-4	2006	5-8-4				
Tissue	1900MHz Brain		1900MF	dz Muscle	835MHz Brain		835MHz Muscle					
	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured				
Dielectric Constant: ε	40	38.4	53.3	54.8	41.5	41.1	55.2	53.6				
Conductivity: σ	1.45	1.41	1.52	1.51	0.9	0.92	0.97	0.958				
Deviation (%)	ε: –	4.00%	ε:2	2.81%	ε: -0).96%	ε: -2	2.90%				
Deviation (%)	σ:-	2.76%	σ:-	0.66%	σ:2	.22%	σ: -	1.24%				

Test System Validation

- Prior to assessment, the system is verified to the ±10% of the specifications at 835MHz,1900MHz (Graphic Plots Attached)
- The results are nominalized to 1W input power

Table 8.2 System Validation [5]

	SYSTEM DIPOLE VALIDATION TARGET & MEASURED									
Tissue System Validation Kit: Forward Power (mW/g) Measured SAR1g (mW/g) Deviation (mW/g) Test Date										
1900MHz Brain	D1900V2(S/N:5d058)	1.0	39.2	38.96	0.61%	2006-8-7				
835MHz Brain	D835V2(S/N:475)	1.0	9.5	9.44	0.63%	2006-8-4				

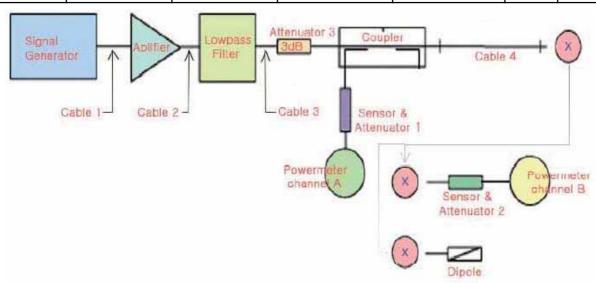


Figure 12.1 Dipole Validation Test Setup

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Ambient TEMPERATURE (C): 20.0

Relative HUMIDITY (%): 43 Mixture Type: 835MHz Brain Dielectric Constant: 41.1

Conductivity: 0.92

Measurement Results (GSM Head SAR-Touch-Slide IN)

ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Brain Spatial Peak 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population averaged over 1 gram

MEASURE	MEASUREMENT RESULTS (GSM Left Head SAR - Touch - Slide IN)										
Frequ	uency	Moudulation	Conducted	Power(dBm)	batton	Device Test	Antenna	SAR			
MHz	Ch.	Woudulation	Begin	End	battery	position	Position	(W/kg)			
836.60	190	GSM	33.00	32.94	Standard	Cheek Touch	_	0.390			

MEASURE	MEASUREMENT RESULTS (GSM Right Head SAR - Touch - Slide IN)										
Frequ	uency	Moudulation	Conducted	Power(dBm)	battery	Device Test	Antenna	SAR			
MHz	Ch.	Woudulation	Begin	End	Dattery	position	Position	(W/kg)			
836.60	190	GSM	33.00	33.00	Standard	Cheek Touch	-	0.405			

NOTES:

- 1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration.
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case are reported.
- 3. Battery Type: Standard

Radiated measurements indicate that the Extended-life battery produces lower ERP and EIRP, therefore the Standard-life battery is used in SAR testing.

4. Power Measured : Conducted

5. SAR Measurement System: SPEAG

6. SAR Configuration: Head

Engineer K.H.Kang

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Ambient TEMPERATURE (C): 20.0

Relative HUMIDITY (%): 43 Mixture Type: 835MHz Brain Dielectric Constant: 41.1

Conductivity: 0.92

Measurement Results (GSM Head SAR-Tilt-Slide IN)

ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population

Brain 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

MEASURE	MEASUREMENT RESULTS (GSM Left Head SAR - Tlit - Slide IN)										
Frequ	uency	Moudulation	Conducted Power(dBm)		botton	Device Test	Antenna	SAR			
MHz	Ch.	Moudulation	Begin	End	battery	position	Position	(W/kg)			
836.60	190	GSM	33.00	32.99	Standard	Cheek Touch	_	0.282			

MEASURE	MEASUREMENT RESULTS (GSM Right Head SAR - Tilt - Slide IN)										
Frequ	uency	Moudulation	Conducted Power(dBm)		battery	Device Test	Antenna	SAR			
MHz	Ch.	Woudulation	Begin	End	battery	position	Position	(W/kg)			
836.60	190	GSM	33.00	32.97	Standard	Cheek Touch	_	0.306			

NOTES:

- 1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration.
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case are reported.
- 3. Battery Type: Standard

Radiated measurements indicate that the Extended-life battery produces lower ERP and EIRP, therefore the Standard-life battery is used in SAR testing.

4. Power Measured : Conducted

5. SAR Measurement System: SPEAG

6. SAR Configuration: Head

Engineer K.H.Kang

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Ambient TEMPERATURE (C): 20.0

Relative HUMIDITY (%): 43 Mixture Type: 835MHz Brain Dielectric Constant: 41.1

Conductivity: 0.92

Measurement Results (GSM Head SAR-Touch-Slide UP)

ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population

Brain 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

MEASURE	MENT RES	SULTS (GSI	M Left Hea	d SAR - T	ouch - Slic	le UP)		
Frequ	uency	Moudulation	Conducted	Power(dBm)	battery	Device Test	Antenna	SAR
MHz	Ch.	Woddulation	Begin	End	battery	position	Position	(W/kg)
824.20	128	GSM	33.00	33.10	Standard	Cheek Touch	ı	0.391
836.60	190	GSM	33.00	33.14	Standard	Cheek Touch	ı	0.479
848.80	251	GSM	33.00	32.98	Standard	Cheek Touch	ı	0.429

MEASURE	MEASUREMENT RESULTS (GSM Right Head SAR - Touch - Slide UP)											
Frequ	uency	Moudulation	Conducted	Power(dBm)	battery	Device Test	Antenna	SAR				
MHz	Ch.	Woddulation	Begin	End	Dattery	position	Position	(W/kg)				
824.20	128	GSM	33.00	32.89	Standard	Cheek Touch	ı	0.476				
836.60	190	GSM	33.00	33.04	Standard	Cheek Touch	ı	0.512				
848.80	251	GSM	33.00	32.96	Standard	Cheek Touch	_	0.444				

MEASURE	MEASUREMENT RESULTS (GSM Right Head SAR - Touch - Slide UP - BT)										
Frequ	uency	Moudulation	Conducted Power(dBm)		bottoni	Device Test	Antenna	SAR			
MHz	Ch.	Woudulation	Begin	End	battery	position	Position	(W/kg)			
836.60	190	GSM	33.00	32.97	Standard	Cheek Touch	_	0.518			

NOTES:

- 1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration.
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case are reported.

3. Battery Type: Standard

Radiated measurements indicate that the Extended-life battery produces lower ERP and EIRP, therefore the Standard-life battery is used in SAR testing.

4. Power Measured: Conducted

5. SAR Measurement System: SPEAG

Engineer K.H.Kang

6. SAR Configuration: <u>Head</u>, <u>Bluetooth function enable</u>

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Ambient TEMPERATURE (C): 20.0

Relative HUMIDITY (%): 43 Mixture Type: 835MHz Brain Dielectric Constant: 41.1

Conductivity: 0.92

Measurement Results (GSM Head SAR-Tilt-Slide UP)

ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population

Brain 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

MEASURE	MEASUREMENT RESULTS (GSM Left Head SAR - Tlit - Slide UP)										
Frequ	uency	Moudulation	Conducted Power(dBm)		botton	Device Test	Antenna	SAR			
MHz	Ch.	Moudulation	Begin	End	battery	position	Position	(W/kg)			
836.60	190	GSM	33.00	32.98	Standard	Tilt	_	0.185			

MEASURE	MEASUREMENT RESULTS (GSM Right Head SAR - Tilt - Slide UP)										
Frequ	uency	Moudulation	Conducted Power(dBm)		battery	Device Test	Antenna	SAR			
MHz	Ch.	Woudulation	Begin	End	Dattery	position	Position	(W/kg)			
836.60	190	GSM	33.00	32.92	Standard	Tilt	_	0.199			

NOTES:

- 1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration.
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case are reported.
- 3. Battery Type: Standard

Radiated measurements indicate that the Extended-life battery produces lower ERP and EIRP, therefore the Standard-life battery is used in SAR testing.

4. Power Measured : Conducted

5. SAR Measurement System: SPEAG

6. SAR Configuration: Head

Engineer K.H.Kang

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Ambient TEMPERATURE (C): 21 Relative HUMIDITY (%): 43 Mixture Type: 835MHz Body Dielectric Constant: 53.6

Conductivity: 0.958

Measurement Results (GSM BODY SAR without Holster)

ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population

Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

(Signature)

MEASURE	MEASUREMENT RESULTS (GSM Body SAR Without Holster - Slide IN)										
Frequency		Moudulation	Conducted Power(dBm)		botton	Device Test	Antenna	SAR			
MHz	Ch.	Moudulation	Begin	End	battery	position	Position	(W/kg)			
836.60	190	GSM	33.00	33.01	Standard	1.5[w/o Holster]	_	0.565			

MEASURE	MEASUREMENT RESULTS (GSM Body SAR Without Holster - Slide UP)										
Frequency		Moudulation	Conducted	Power(dBm)	battery	Device Test	Antenna	SAR			
MHz	Ch.	Modulation	Begin	End	battery	position	Position	(W/kg)			
824.20	128	GSM	33.00	32.90	Standard	1.5[w/o Holster]	-	0.606			
836.60	190	GSM	33.00	32.93	Standard	1.5[w/o Holster]	ı	0.738			
848.80	251	GSM	33.00	33.02	Standard	1.5[w/o Holster]	_	0.595			

MEASURE	MEASUREMENT RESULTS (GSM Body SAR Without Holster - Slide UP - GPRS - BT)										
Frequency		Moudulation	Conducted	Power(dBm)	battanı	Device Test	Antenna	SAR			
MHz	Ch.	Moudulation	Begin	End	battery	position	Position	(W/kg)			
836.60	190	GSM	39.00	38.95	Standard	1.5[w/o Holster]	ı	1.180			

NOTES:

- 1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration.
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case are reported.

3. Battery Type: Standard

Radiated measurements indicate that the Extended-life battery produces lower ERP and EIRP, therefore the Standard-life battery is used in SAR testing.

4. Power Measured: Conducted

Engineer K.H.Kang 5. SAR Measurement System: SPEAG

6. SAR Configuration: Body, Bluetooth function enable and GPRS mode

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Ambient TEMPERATURE (C): 21.0

Relative HUMIDITY (%): 48 Mixture Type: 1900MHz Brain Dielectric Constant: 38.4

Conductivity: 1.41

Measurement Results (PCS Head SAR-Touch-Slide IN)

ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population

Brain 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

MEASURE	MEASUREMENT RESULTS (PCS Left Head SAR - Touch - Slide IN)										
Frequency			Conducted I	Power(dBm)	battery	Device Test	Antenna	SAR			
MHz	Ch.	Woudulation	Begin	End	Dallery	position	Position	(W/kg)			
1850.20	512	GSM	30.00	29.99	Standard	Cheek Touch	ı	0.150			
1880.00	661	GSM	30.00	29.92	Standard	Cheek Touch	ı	0.166			
1909.80	810	GSM	30.00	29.87	Standard	Cheek Touch	ı	0.202			

MEASURE	MEASUREMENT RESULTS (PCS Right Head SAR - Touch - Slide IN)											
Frequency Conducted Power(dBm) Device Test Antenna SAR												
MHz	Ch.	Moudulation	Begin	End	battery	position	Position	(W/kg)				
1850.20	512	GSM	30.00	30.29	Standard	Cheek Touch	-	0.289				
1880.00	661	GSM	30.00	30.37	Standard	Cheek Touch	ı	0.368				
1909.80	810	GSM	30.00	30.46	Standard	Cheek Touch	-	0.462				

MEASURE	MEASUREMENT RESULTS (PCS Right Head SAR - Touch - Slide IN - BT)										
Frequency		Moudulation	Conducted Power(dBm)		batton	Device Test	Antenna	SAR			
MHz	Ch.	Woudulation	Begin	End	battery	position	Position	(W/kg)			
1909.80	810	GSM	30.00	29.97	Standard	Cheek Touch	_	0.534			

NOTES:

- 1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration.
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case are reported.

3. Battery Type: Standard

Radiated measurements indicate that the Extended-life battery produces lower ERP and EIRP, therefore the Standard-life battery is used in SAR testing.

4. Power Measured: Conducted

5. SAR Measurement System: SPEAG

Engineer K.H.Kang

6. SAR Configuration: <u>Head</u>, <u>Bluetooth function enable</u>

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Ambient TEMPERATURE (C): 21.0

Relative HUMIDITY (%): 48 Mixture Type: 1900MHz Brain Dielectric Constant: 38.4

Conductivity: 1.41

Measurement Results (PCS Head SAR-Tilt-Slide IN)

ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Brain Spatial Peak 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population averaged over 1 gram

MEASURE	MEASUREMENT RESULTS (PCS Left Head SAR - Tlit - Slide IN)										
Frequ	Frequency Moudulation Con		Conducted	Power(dBm)	batton	Device Test	Antenna	SAR			
MHz	Ch.	Woudulation	Begin	End	battery	position	Position	(W/kg)			
1880.00	661	GSM	30.00	29.97	Standard	Tilt	_	0.137			

MEASURE	MEASUREMENT RESULTS (PCS Right Head SAR - Tilt - Slide IN)										
Frequency		Moudulation	Conducted Power(dBm)		battery	Device Test	Antenna	SAR			
MHz	Ch.	Woudulation	Begin	End	battery	position	Position	(W/kg)			
1880.00	661	GSM	30.00	30.01	Standard	Tilt	_	0.214			

NOTES:

- 1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration.
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case are reported.
- 3. Battery Type: Standard

Radiated measurements indicate that the Extended-life battery produces lower ERP and EIRP, therefore the Standard-life battery is used in SAR testing.

4. Power Measured : Conducted

5. SAR Measurement System: SPEAG

6. SAR Configuration: Head

Engineer K.H.Kang

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Ambient TEMPERATURE (C): 21.0

Relative HUMIDITY (%): 48 Mixture Type: 1900MHz Brain Dielectric Constant: 38.4

Conductivity: 1.41

Measurement Results (PCS Head SAR-Touch-Slide UP)

ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Brain Spatial Peak 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population averaged over 1 gram

MEASURE	MEASUREMENT RESULTS (PCS Left Head SAR - Touch - Slide UP)										
Frequ	Frequency		Conducted Power(dBm)		botton	Device Test	Antenna	SAR			
MHz	Ch.	Moudulation	Begin	End	battery	position	Position	(W/kg)			
1880.00	661	GSM	30.00	29.97	Standard	Cheek Touch	_	0.350			

MEASURE	MEASUREMENT RESULTS (PCS Right Head SAR - Touch - Slide UP)										
Frequency		Moudulation	Conducted	Power(dBm)	battanı	Device Test	Antenna	SAR			
MHz	Ch.	Moudulation -	Begin	End	battery	position	Position	(W/kg)			
1880.00	661	GSM	30.00	29.93	Standard	Cheek Touch	ı	0.351			

NOTES:

- 1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration.
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case are reported.
- 3. Battery Type: Standard

Radiated measurements indicate that the Extended-life battery produces lower ERP and EIRP, therefore the Standard-life battery is used in SAR testing.

4. Power Measured : Conducted

5. SAR Measurement System: SPEAG

6. SAR Configuration: Head

Engineer K.H.Kang

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Ambient TEMPERATURE (C): 21.0

Relative HUMIDITY (%): 48 Mixture Type: 1900MHz Brain Dielectric Constant: 38.4

Conductivity: 1.41

Measurement Results (PCS Head SAR-Tilt-Slide UP)

ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population

Brain 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

MEASURE	MEASUREMENT RESULTS (PCS Left Head SAR - Tlit - Slide UP)										
Frequency		Moudulation	Conducted Power(dBm)		botton	Device Test	Antenna	SAR			
MHz	Ch.	Moudulation	Begin	End	battery	position	Position	(W/kg)			
1880.00	661	GSM	SM 30.00 29.99 Standard Tilt - 0.3								

MEASURE	MEASUREMENT RESULTS (PCS Right Head SAR - Tilt - Slide UP)										
Frequency Moudulation			Conducted Power(dBm)		battery	Device Test	Antenna	SAR			
MHz	Ch.	Moddulation	Begin	End	battery	position	Position	(W/kg)			
1880.00	661	GSM	30.00	29.97	Standard	Tilt	_	0.306			

NOTES:

- 1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration.
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case are reported.
- 3. Battery Type: Standard

Radiated measurements indicate that the Extended-life battery produces lower ERP and EIRP, therefore the Standard-life battery is used in SAR testing.

4. Power Measured : Conducted

5. SAR Measurement System: SPEAG

6. SAR Configuration: Head

Engineer K.H.Kang

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Ambient TEMPERATURE (C): 21 Relative HUMIDITY (%): 45 Mixture Type: 1900MHz Body Dielectric Constant: 54.8

Conductivity: 1.51

Measurement Results (PCS BODY SAR without Holster)

ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population

Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

MEASUREMENT RESULTS (PCS Body SAR Without Holster - Slide IN)								
Frequency		Moudulation	Conducted Power(dBm)		battanı	Device Test	Antenna	SAR
MHz	Ch.	Moudulation	Begin	End	battery	position	Position	(W/kg)
1880.00	661	GSM	30.00	29.96	Standard	1.5[w/o Holster]	_	0.312

MEASUREMENT RESULTS (PCS Body SAR Without Holster - Slide UP)								
Frequency		- Moudulation	Conducted Power(dBm)		battery	Device Test	Antenna	SAR
MHz	Ch.	Modulation	Begin	End	battery	position	Position	(W/kg)
1850.20	512	GSM	30.00	30.00	Standard	1.5[w/o Holster]	ı	0.431
1880.00	661	GSM	30.00	30.03	Standard	1.5[w/o Holster]	ı	0.437
1909.80	810	GSM	30.00	30.06	Standard	1.5[w/o Holster]	ı	0.465

MEASUREMENT RESULTS (PCS Body SAR Without Holster - Slide UP - GPRS - BT)								
Frequency		Moudulation	Conducted	Power(dBm)	botton	Device Test	Antenna	SAR
MHz	Ch.	Moudulation	Begin	End	battery	position	Position	(W/kg)
1909.80	810	GSM	36.00	35.99	Standard	1.5[w/o Holster]	-	0.893

NOTES:

- 1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration.
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case are reported.

3. Battery Type: Standard

Radiated measurements indicate that the Extended-life battery produces lower ERP and EIRP, therefore the Standard-life battery is used in SAR testing.

4. Power Measured: Conducted

5. SAR Measurement System: SPEAG Engineer K.H.Kang

6. SAR Configuration: Body, Bluetooth function enable and GPRS mode

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Test report no: ESTSAR0608-001

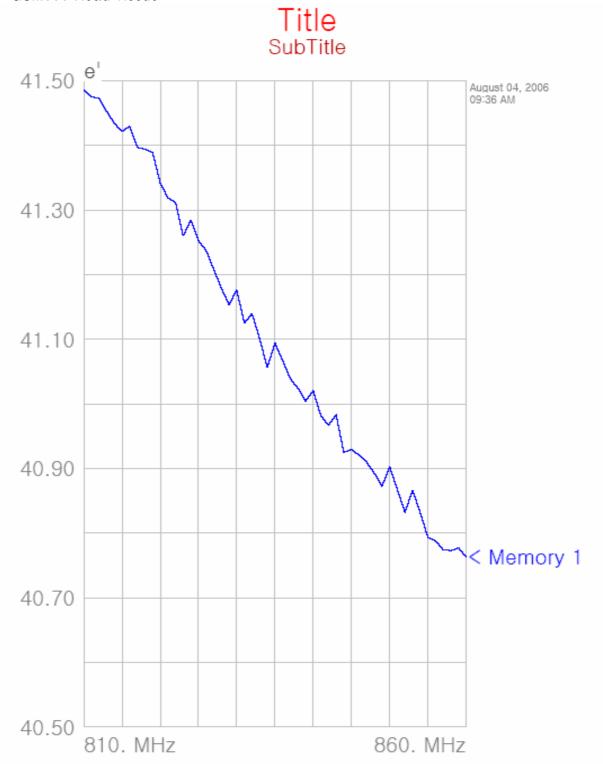
FCC ID: BEJMG800D Web: www. estech. co. kr Page 29 of 29



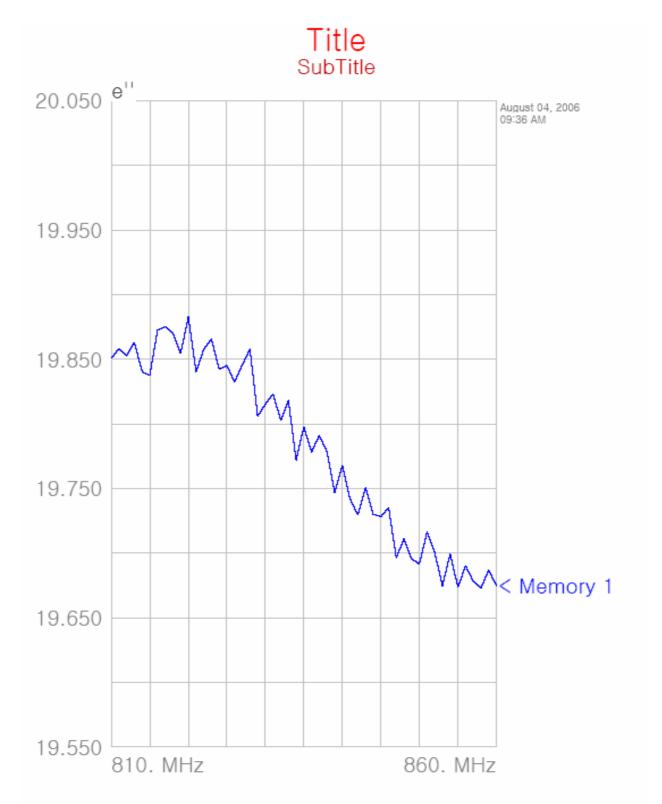
APPENDIX A: Validation Test Data of Tissue



- GSM850 Head Tissue







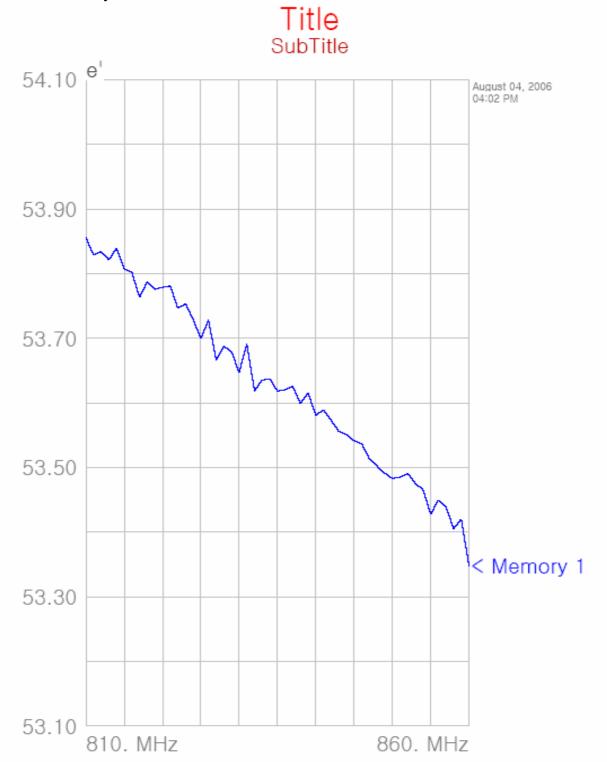


Title SubTitle Auto: 104, 1905 1975 AM

kumot 04, 1906 09/35 AM		
Frequency	20	200
810.000000 MHz	41 4856	19.8508
811.000000 MHz	41.4754	19.8582
812.000000 MHz	41.4726	19.8529
	41.4720	
813.000000 MHz	41.4525	19.8630
814.000000 MHz	41.4342	19.8403
815.000000 MHz	41.4215	19.8377
816.000000 MHz	41.4297	19.8724
817.000000 MHz	41.3970	19.8752
818.000000 MHz	41.3944	19.8699
819.000000 MHz	41.3891	19.8545
820.000000 MHz	41.3421	19.8827
821.0000000 MHz	41.3188	19.8403
822,000000 MHz	41.3118	19.8575
823.000000 MHz	41.2598	19.8657
824.000000 MHz	41.2844	19.8423
825.000000 MHz	41 2523	19.8452
826.000000 MHz	41.2374	19.8326
827.000000 MHz	41.2081	19.8453
828.000000 MHz		19.8580
829.000000 MHz	41.1790 41.1534	19.8061
830.0000000 MHz	41.1763	19.8151
831.000000 MHz	41.1250	19.8233
832.000000 MHz	41.1398	19.8028
833.000000 MHz	41.1011	19.8181
834.000000 MHz	41.0562	19.7719
835.000000 MHz	41.0943	19.7977
836.000000 MHz	41.0674	19.7783
837.000000 MHz	41.0388 41.0244	19.7909
838.000000 MHz	41.0244	19.7786
839.000000 MHz	41.0046	19.7468
840.000000 MHz	41.0206	19.7681
841.000000 MHz	40.9815	19.7418
842.000000 MHz	40.9672	19.7295
843.000000 MHz	40.9832	19.7507
844.000000 MHz	40.9249	19.7299
845.000000 MHz	40.9294	19.7282
846.000000 MHz	40.9207	19.7353
847.000000 MHz	40.9096	19.6963
848.000000 MHz	40.8927	19.7110
849,000000 MHz	40.8726	19.6954
850,000000 MHz	40.9025	19.6917
851.000000 MHz	40.8678	19.7166
852.000000 MHz	40.8321	19.7002
853.000000 MHz	40.8663	19.6747
854.000000 MHz	40.8318	19.6994
855.000000 MHz	40.7935	19.6736
856.000000 MHz	40.7879	19.6902
857.000000 MHz	40.7743	19.6782
858.000000 MHz	40.7729	19.6730
859.000000 MHz	40.7769	19.6869
860.000000 MHz	40.7634	19.6749
330.000000 ≡IFIZ	40.1004	15.0749

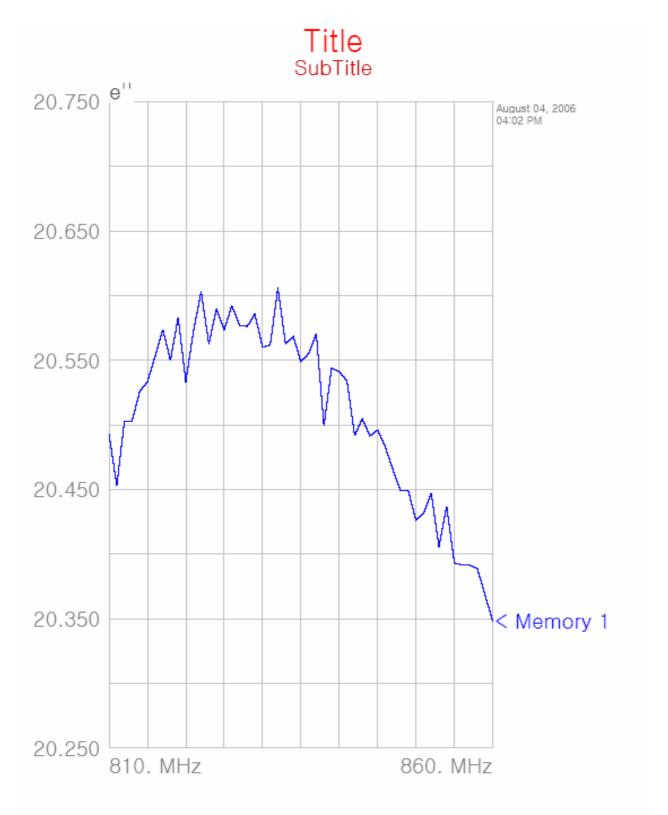


- GSM850 Body Tissue





TEL: 82-2-867-3201





Title SubTitle Ramot DA, 1905 DAGE PM

BERCHA, DIGGISHUS PRI		
Frequency	e.i	-01
810.000000 MHz	53.8555	20.4924
811.000000 MHz	53.8287	20.4529
812.000000 MHz	53.8339	20.4329
		20.5029
813.000000 MHz	53.8214	20.5031
814.000000 MHz	53.8394	20.5260
815.000000 MHz	53.8071	20.5333
816.000000 MHz	53.8018	20.5532
817.000000 MHz	53.7634	20.5739
818.000000 MHz	53.7871	20.5499
819.000000 MHz	53.7756	20.5832
820.000000 MHz	53.7789	20.5332
821.000000 MHz	53.7809	20.5727
822.000000 MHz	53.7464	20.6030
823.000000 MHz	53.7532	20.5629
824.000000 MHz	53.7287	20.5896
825.000000 MHz	53.6998	20.5735
826.000000 MHz	53.7280	20.5923
827.000000 MHz	53.6664	20.5770
828.000000 MHz	53.6874	20.5761
829.000000 MHz	53.6792	20.5858
830.000000 MHz	53.6472	20.5600
831.0000000 MHz	53.6913	20.5618
832.000000 MHz	53 6186	20.6059
833.000000 MHz	53.6353	20.5625
834.000000 MHz	53.6370	20.5685
835.000000 MHz	53.6185	20.5490
836.000000 MHz	53.6202	20.5550
837.000000 MHz	53.6255	20.5500
838.000000 MHz	53.5991	20.5707
		20.4994
839.000000 MHz	53.6151	
840.000000 MHz	53.5809	20.5412
841.000000 MHz	53.5889	
842.000000 MHz	53.5732	20.4918
843.000000 MHz	53.5560	20.5048
844.000000 MHz	53.5509	20.4915 20.4961
845.000000 MHz	53.5416	20.4961
846.000000 MHz	53.5366	20.4828
847.000000 MHz	53.5137	20.4652
848.000000 MHz	53.5022	20.4489
849.000000 MHz	53.4913	20.4488
850.000000 MHz	53.4829	20.4260
851.000000 MHz	53.4851	20.4318
852.000000 MHz	53.4908	20.4471
853.000000 MHz	53.4754	20.4053
854.000000 MHz	53.4657	20.4371
855.000000 MHz	53 4279	20.3930
856.000000 MHz	53 4492	20.3916
857.000000 MHz	53.4386	20.3914
858.000000 MHz	53.4056	20.3888
859.000000 MHz	53.4198	20.3685
860.000000 MHz	53.3481	20.3685 20.3482
333.000000 ≡HZ	30.0401	20.3402

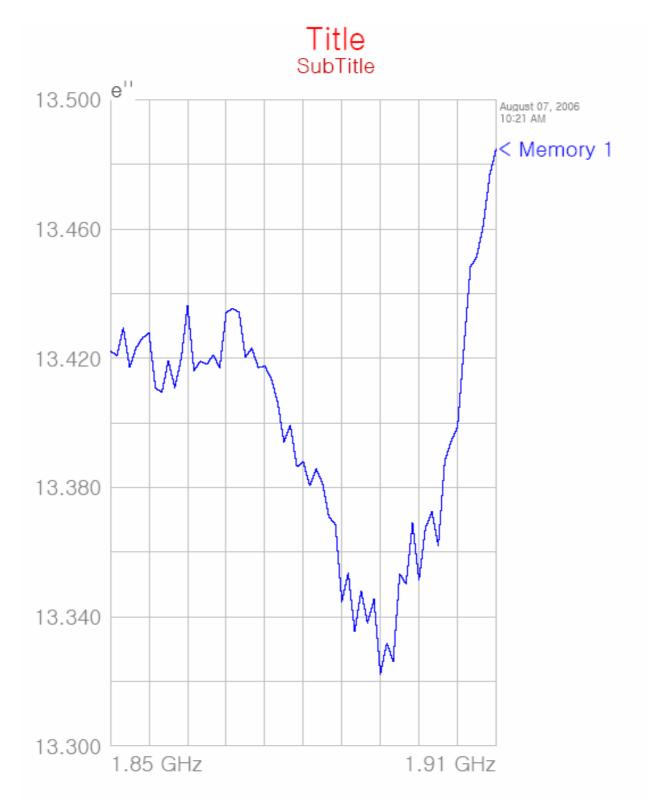


- PCS1900 Head Tissue





TEL: 82-2-867-3201 FAX: 82-2-867-3204





38.4773

38.4939

38.4728

38.4664

38.4605

38.4770

38.4758

38.4651

38.4653

38.4669

38.4690 38.4555

38.4648

38.4486

38.4664 38.4479 38.4525

38.4534

38.4630 38.4451

38 4585

38.4550

38,4726

38 4421

38.4550

38.4376

38.4431

38.4417

38.4355

38.4114

38,4211

38.4113

38.4110

1.878000000 GHz 1.879000000 GHz

1.880000000 GHz

1.881000000 GHz

1.882000000 GHz

1.883000000 GHz

1.884000000 GHz

1.885000000 GHz

1.886000000 GHz

1.887000000 GHz 1.888000000 GHz

1.889000000 GHz

1.890000000 GHz

1.891000000 GHz 1.892000000 GHz

1.893000000 GHz

1.894000000 GHz

1.895000000 GHz

1.896000000 GHz 1.897000000 GHz

1.898000000 GHz

1.899000000 GHz

1.9000000000 GHz

1.901000000 GHz

1.902000000 GHz

1.903000000 GHz

1.904000000 GHz

1.9050000000 GHz

1.9060000000 GHz

1.907000000 GHz

1.908000000 GHz

1.909000000 GHz

1.910000000 GHz 38.3943

13.3993

13.3864

13 3880

13.3805

13.3858

13.3813

13.3709

13.3685

13.3447 13.3535

13.3480

13.3381

13.3454

13.3319

13.3261

13.3532

13.3502

13.3690

13.3513

13.3675

13 3724

13,3621

13.3882

13.3943

13.3987

13.4237

13.4482

13 4516

13.4612

13.4767

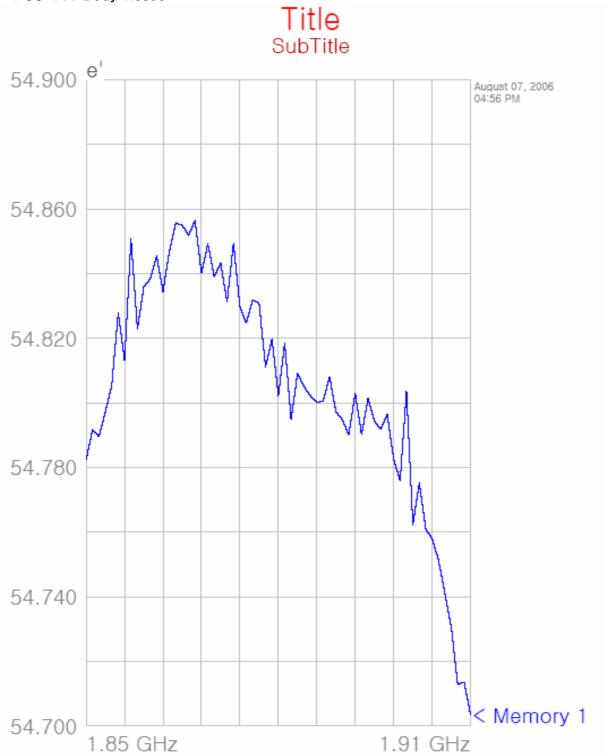
13.4848

TEL: 82-2-867-3201

```
Title
SubTitle
Frequency
1.850000000 GHz 38.4381
1.851000000 GHz 38.4564
                                 13.4222
                                 13.4208
1.852000000 GHz
                     38.4482
                                 13.4295
                     38.4599
1.853000000 GHz
1.854000000 GHz
1.855000000 GHz
                                 13.4172
                     38.4560
                                 13.4233
                     38.4621
                                 13.4263
1.856000000 GHz
                     38.4704
                                 13.4279
1.857000000 GHz
                     38.4852
                                 13.4108
1.858000000 GHz
                     38.4887
                                 13.4094
1.859000000 GHz
1.860000000 GHz
                     38.4931
                                 13 4193
                     38.4983
                                 13.4109
1.861000000 GHz
                     38.4993
                                 13,4199
1.862000000 GHz
                     38.5076
                                 13 4363
1.863000000 GHz
                     38.5028
                                 13,4162
1.864000000 GHz
                     38.5089
                                 13,4191
 1.865000000 GHz
                     38.5068
                                 13,4181
1.866000000 GHz
                     38.5129
                                 13.4210
                     38.5060
1.867000000 GHz
                                 13.4170
                                 13.4342
1.868000000 GHz
                     38.5032
1.869000000 GHz
                     38.5024
                                 13.4354
                     38.5150
                                 13.4342
1.870000000 GHz
1.871000000 GHz
                                 13.4204
                     38.4903
                     38.5112
                                 13.4231
1.872000000 GHz
1.873000000 GHz
1.874000000 GHz
                     38.4883
                                 13,4171
                     38.5079
                                 13.4176
1.875000000 GHz
                     38.4863
                                 13.4137
1.876000000 GHz
1.877000000 GHz
                     38.4894
                                 13.4066
                                 13.3940
```

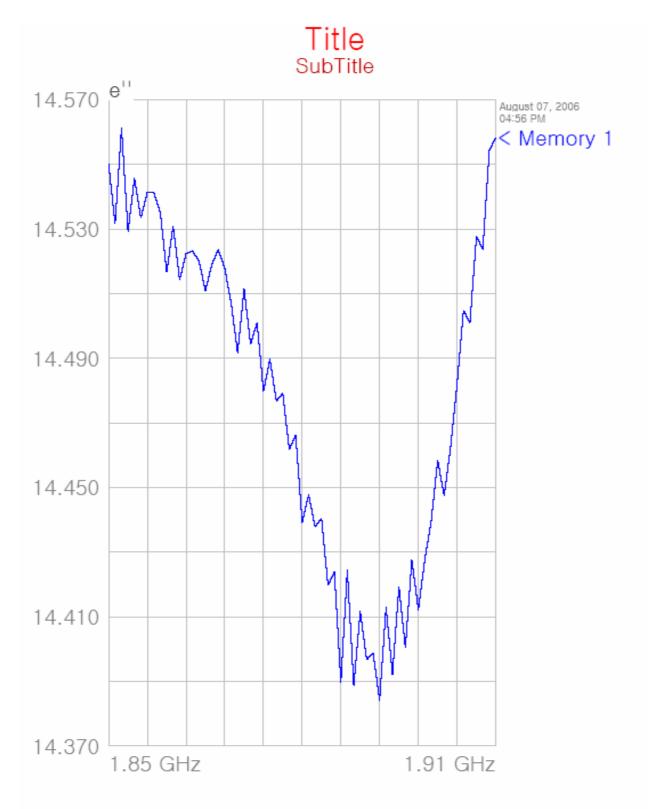


- PCS1900 Body Tissue





TEL: 82-2-867-3201 FAX: 82-2-867-3204





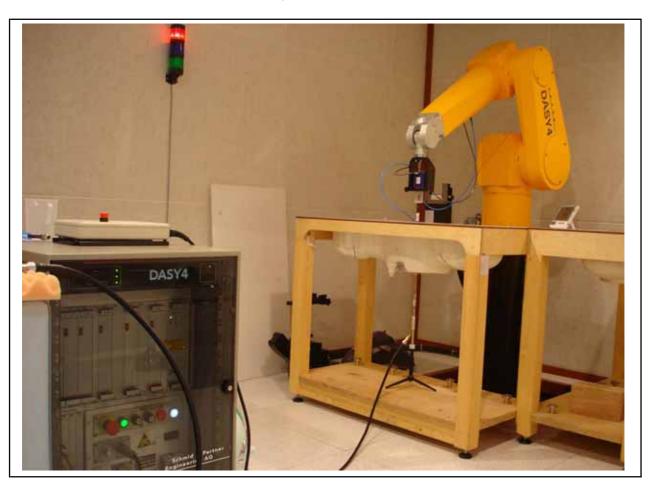
Title SubTitle

Aumot 17, 1906 04-35 PM		
Frequency	e'	e"
1.850000000 GHz	54.7824	14.5500
1.8510000000 GHz	54.7917	14.5316
1.852000000 GHz	54.7896	14.5613
1.853000000 GHz	54.7973	14.5292
1.854000000 GHz	54.8054	14.5457
1.855000000 GHz	54.8280	14.5335
1.856000000 GHz	54.8131	14.5414
1.857000000 GHz	54.8508	14.5413
1.858000000 GHz	54.8228	14.5352
1.859000000 GHz	54.8359	14.5167
1.860000000 GHz	54.8383	14.5309
1.861000000 GHz 1.862000000 GHz	54.8455 54.8345	14.5143 14.5223
1.863000000 GHz	54.8470	14.5232
1.864000000 GHz	54.8557	14.5201
1.865000000 GHz	54.8550	14.5109
1.866000000 GHz	54.8518	14.5191
1.867000000 GHz	54.8565	14.5236
1.868000000 GHz	54.8402	14.5178
1.869000000 GHz	54.8492	14.5069
1.870000000 GHz	54.8390	14.4917
1.871000000 GHz	54.8433	14.5115
1.872000000 GHz	54.8312	14.4943
1.873000000 GHz	54.8494	14.5010
1.874000000 GHz	54.8297	14.4798
1.875000000 GHz	54.8247	14.4897
1.876000000 GHz	54.8318	14.4768
1.877000000 GHz	54.8308	14.4791
1.878000000 GHz	54.8111	14.4617
1.879000000 GHz	54.8198	14.4662
1.880000000 GHz	54.8022	14.4392
1.881000000 GHz	54.8185	14.4477
1.882000000 GHz	54.7948	14.4379 14.4405
1.883000000 GHz 1.884000000 GHz	54.8092 54.8050	14.4405
1.885000000 GHz	54.8022	14.4239
1.886000000 GHz	54.8002	14.3897
1.887000000 GHz	54.8005	14.4245
1.888000000 GHz	54.8081	14.3886
1.889000000 GHz	54.7972	14,4117
1.890000000 GHz	54.7948	14.3967
1.891000000 GHz	54,7901	14.3988
1.892000000 GHz	54.8030	14.3841
1.893000000 GHz	54.7902	14.4129
1.894000000 GHz	54.8013	14.3923
1.895000000 GHz	54.7943	14.4193
1.896000000 GHz	54.7919	14.4004
1.897000000 GHz	54.7964	14.4275
1.898000000 GHz	54.7826	14.4122
1.899000000 GHz	54.7758	14.4276
1.900000000 GHz 1.901000000 GHz	54.8035 54.7624	14.4398 14.4584
1.902000000 GHz	54.7752	14.4364
1.903000000 GHz	54.7610	14.4626
1.904000000 GHz	54.7580	14.4819
1.905000000 GHz	54.7513	14.5048
1.906000000 GHz	54.7411	14.5010
1.907000000 GHz	54.7305	14.5277
1.908000000 GHz	54.7128	14.5238
1.909000000 GHz	54.7136	14.5544
1.910000000 GHz	54.7035	14.5582
under with	2 0	



APPENDIX B: Validation Test Data

Dipole Validation





GSM850 Validation

Date/Time: 2006-08-04 10:17:49

Test Laboratory: ESTECH

VALIDATION 0804

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:xxx

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.92$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

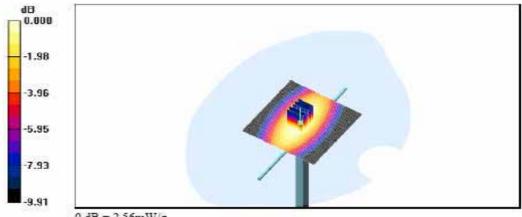
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1750; ConvF(6.57, 6.57, 6.57); Calibrated: 2006-01-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn551; Calibrated: 2006-04-27
- Phantom: SAM 835MHz; Type: SAM 835MHz; Serial: TP-1262
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161
- Temperature : 20℃, Humidity : 43%

Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.55 mW/g

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 54.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.013 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.55 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.36 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.56 mW/g



0 dB = 2.56 mW/g



PCS1900 Validation

Date/Time: 2006-08-07 11:13:53

Test Laboratory: ESTECH

VALIDATION 0807

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type; D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:xxx

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.41 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

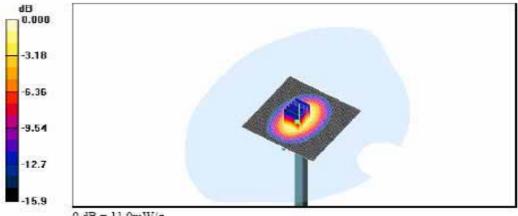
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1750; ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2006-01-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn551; Calibrated: 2006-04-27
- Phantom: SAM MIC 1800Mhz; Type: SAM MIC 1800MHz; Serial: TP-1263
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161
- . Temperature: 21°C, Humidity: 48%

Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.7 mW/g

 $\label{eq:Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 93.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.005 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.6 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 9.74 mW/g$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.0 mW/g



0 dB = 11.0 mW/g



APPENDIX C : SAR Test Data



- GSM850

Date/Time: 2006-08-04 11:04:12

Test Laboratory: ESTECH

CH190 LEFT TOUCH SLIDE IN

DUT: MG800d; Type: SLIDE TYPE; Serial: NONE

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; $\sigma = 0.922$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

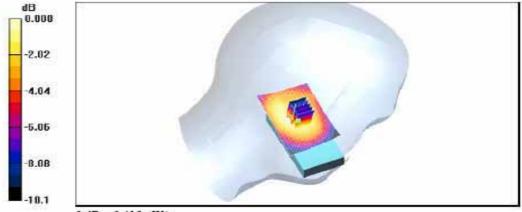
Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1750; ConvF(6.57, 6.57, 6.57); Calibrated: 2006-01-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn551; Calibrated: 2006-04-27
- Phantom: SAM 835MHz; Type: SAM 835MHz; Serial: TP-1262
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161
- Temperature: 20°C, Humidity: 44%

Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.414 mW/g

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 15.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.060 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.565 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.390 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.415 mW/g



0 dB = 0.415 mW/g

Date/Time: 2006-08-04 11:29:07

Test Laboratory: ESTECH

CH190 RIGHT TOUCH SLIDE IN

DUT: MG800d; Type: SLIDE TYPE; Serial: NONE

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; $\sigma = 0.922$ mho/m; $\epsilon_{\rm r} = 41$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

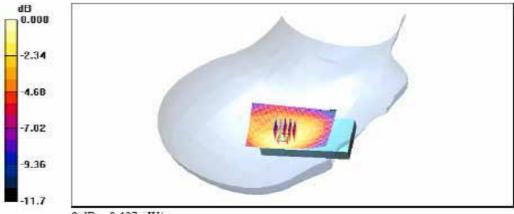
Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1750; ConvF(6.57, 6.57, 6.57); Calibrated: 2006-01-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn551; Calibrated: 2006-04-27
- Phantom: SAM 835MHz; Type: SAM 835MHz; Serial: TP-1262
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161
- Temperature: 20°C, Humidity: 44%

Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.433 mW/g

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 13.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.001 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.664 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.405 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.437 mW/g



0 dB = 0.437 mW/g

Date/Time: 2006-08-04 11:15:50

Test Laboratory: ESTECH

CH190 LEFT TILT SLIDE IN

DUT: MG800d; Type: SLIDE TYPE; Serial: NONE

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; $\sigma = 0.922 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

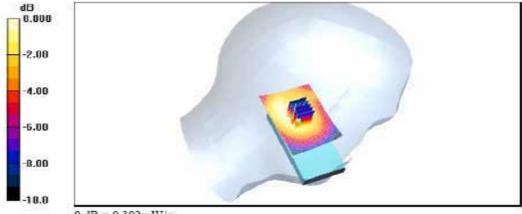
Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1750; ConvF(6.57, 6.57, 6.57); Calibrated: 2006-01-24
- · Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn551; Calibrated: 2006-04-27
- Phantom: SAM 835MHz; Type: SAM 835MHz; Serial: TP-1262
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161
- Temperature: 20°C, Humidity: 44%

Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.295 mW/g

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 14.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.013 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.408 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.282 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.302 mW/g



0 dB = 0.302 mW/g

Date/Time: 2006-08-04 11:40:32

Test Laboratory: ESTECH

CH190 RIGHT TILT SLIDE IN

DUT: MG800d; Type: SLIDE TYPE; Serial: NONE

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; $\sigma = 0.922 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

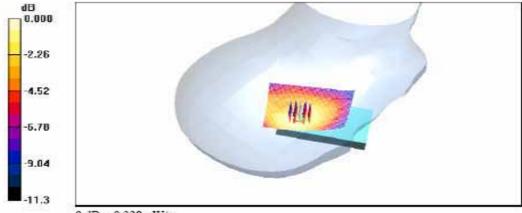
Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1750; ConvF(6.57, 6.57, 6.57); Calibrated: 2006-01-24
- · Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn551; Calibrated: 2006-04-27
- Phantom: SAM 835MHz; Type: SAM 835MHz; Serial: TP-1262
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161
 Temperature: 20°C, Humidity: 43%

Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.325 mW/g

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 12.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.027 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.477 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.306 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.328 mW/g



0 dB = 0.328 mW/g

Date/Time: 2006-08-04 13:53:19

Test Laboratory: ESTECH

CH128 LEFT TOUCH SLIDE UP

DUT: MG800d; Type: SLIDE TYPE; Serial: NONE

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 824.2 MHz; $\sigma = 0.91 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

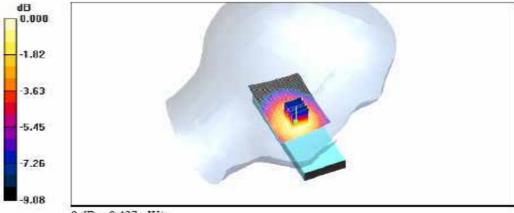
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1750; ConvF(6.57, 6.57, 6.57); Calibrated: 2006-01-24
- · Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn551; Calibrated: 2006-04-27
- Phantom: SAM 835MHz; Type: SAM 835MHz; Serial: TP-1262
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161
- Temperature: 20°C, Humidity: 42%

Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.422 mW/g

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 7.67 V/m; Power Drift = 0.098 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.568 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.391 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.427 mW/g



0 dB = 0.427 mW/g

Date/Time: 2006-08-04 13:18:51

Test Laboratory: ESTECH

CH190 LEFT TOUCH SLIDE UP

DUT: MG800d; Type: SLIDE TYPE; Serial: NONE

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; $\sigma = 0.922$ mho/m; $\epsilon_v = 41$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

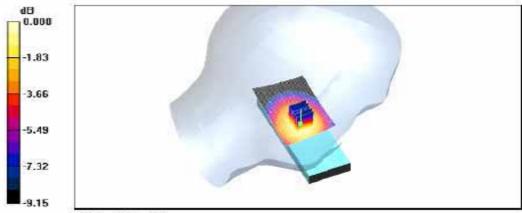
Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1750; ConvF(6.57, 6.57, 6.57); Calibrated: 2006-01-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn551; Calibrated: 2006-04-27
- Phantom: SAM 835MHz; Type: SAM 835MHz; Serial: TP-1262
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161
- Temperature: 20°C, Humidity: 42%

Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.512 mW/g

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 8.53 V/m; Power Drift = 0.139 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.689 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.479 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.526 mW/g



0 dB = 0.526 mW/g

Date/Time: 2006-08-04 14:04:17

Test Laboratory: ESTECH

CH251 LEFT TOUCH SLIDE UP

DUT: MG800d; Type: SLIDE TYPE; Serial: NONE

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz; $\sigma = 0.93 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

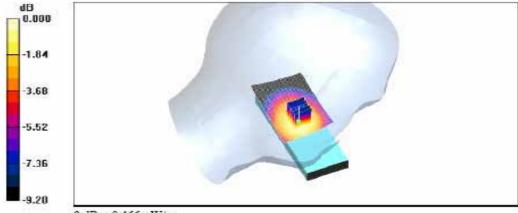
Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1750; ConvF(6.57, 6.57, 6.57); Calibrated: 2006-01-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn551; Calibrated: 2006-04-27
- Phantom: SAM 835MHz; Type: SAM 835MHz; Serial: TP-1262
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161
 Temperature: 20°C, Humidity: 41%

Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.460 mW/g

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 8.30 V/m; Power Drift = -0.023 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.611 W/kgSAR(1 g) = 0.429 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.466 mW/g



0 dB = 0.466 mW/g

Date/Time: 2006-08-04 15:15:17

Test Laboratory: ESTECH

CH128 RIGHT TOUCH SLIDE UP

DUT: MG800d; Type: SLIDE TYPE; Serial: NONE

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 824.2 MHz; $\sigma = 0.91 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

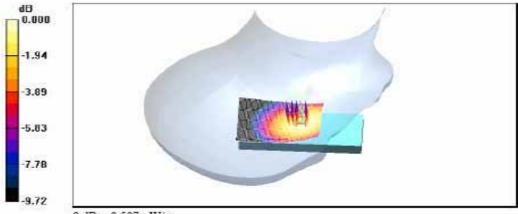
Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1750; ConvF(6.57, 6.57, 6.57); Calibrated: 2006-01-24
- · Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn551; Calibrated: 2006-04-27
- Phantom: SAM 835MHz; Type: SAM 835MHz; Serial: TP-1262
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161
- Temperature: 20°C, Humidity: 42%

Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.502 mW/g

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 7.48 V/m; Power Drift = -0.112 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.678 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.476 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.507 mW/g



0 dB = 0.507 mW/g

Date/Time: 2006-08-04 11:52:53

Test Laboratory: ESTECH

CH190 RIGHT TOUCH SLIDE UP

DUT: MG800d; Type: SLIDE TYPE; Serial: NONE

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; $\sigma = 0.922 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

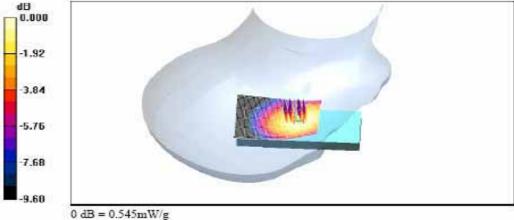
Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1750; ConvF(6.57, 6.57, 6.57); Calibrated: 2006-01-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn551; Calibrated: 2006-04-27
- Phantom: SAM 835MHz; Type: SAM 835MHz; Serial: TP-1262
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161
- . Temperature: 20°C, Humidity: 43%

Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.539 mW/g

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 7.91 V/m; Power Drift = 0.036 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.744 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.512 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.545 mW/g



Date/Time: 2006-08-04 14:26:51

Test Laboratory: ESTECH

CH251 RIGHT TOUCH SLIDE UP

DUT: MG800d; Type: SLIDE TYPE; Serial: NONE

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz; $\sigma = 0.93$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1750; ConvF(6.57, 6.57, 6.57); Calibrated: 2006-01-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn551; Calibrated: 2006-04-27
- Phantom: SAM 835MHz; Type: SAM 835MHz; Serial: TP-1262
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161
- . Temperature: 20°C, Humidity: 41%

Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.458 mW/g

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 7.19 V/m; Power Drift = -0.041 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.648 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.444 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.474 mW/g

-1.93 -3.86 -5.79 -7.72 -9.65

0 dB = 0.474 mW/g

Date/Time: 2006-08-04 13:41:09

Test Laboratory: ESTECH

CH190 LEFT TILT SLIDE UP

DUT: MG800d; Type: SLIDE TYPE; Serial: NONE

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; $\sigma = 0.922$ mho/m; $\epsilon_v = 41$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

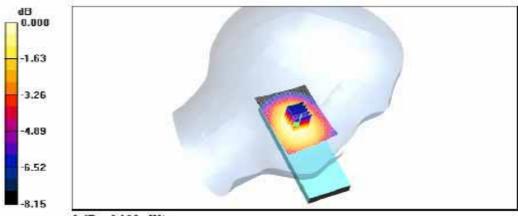
Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1750; ConvF(6.57, 6.57, 6.57); Calibrated: 2006-01-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn551; Calibrated: 2006-04-27
- Phantom: SAM 835MHz; Type: SAM 835MHz; Serial: TP-1262.
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161
- . Temperature: 20°C, Humidity: 42%

Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.198 mW/g

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 9.53 V/m; Power Drift = -0.025 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.239 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.185 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.195 mW/g



0 dB = 0.195 mW/g

Date/Time: 2006-08-04 13:05:09

Test Laboratory: ESTECH

CH190 RIGHT TILT SLIDE UP

DUT: MG800d; Type: SLIDE TYPE; Serial: NONE

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; $\sigma = 0.922$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

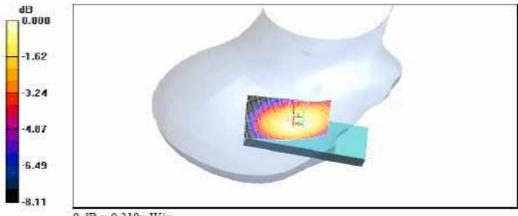
Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1750; ConvF(6.57, 6.57, 6.57); Calibrated: 2006-01-24
- · Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn551; Calibrated: 2006-04-27
- Phantom: SAM 835MHz; Type: SAM 835MHz; Serial: TP-1262
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161
- Temperature : 20℃, Humidity : 42%

Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.212 mW/g

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 9.50 V/m; Power Drift = -0.084 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.259 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.199 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.210 mW/g



0 dB = 0.210 mW/g

Date/Time: 2006-08-04 15:29:52

Test Laboratory: ESTECH

CH190 RIGHT TOUCH SLIDE UP-BT

DUT: MG800d; Type: SLIDE TYPE; Serial: NONE

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; $\sigma = 0.922$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

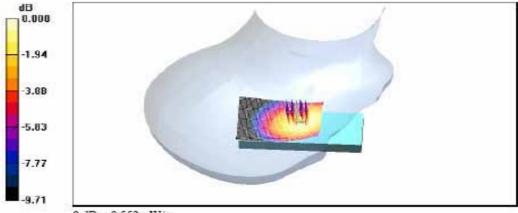
Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1750; ConvF(6.57, 6.57, 6.57); Calibrated: 2006-01-24
- . Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn551; Calibrated: 2006-04-27
- Phantom: SAM 835MHz; Type: SAM 835MHz; Serial: TP-1262
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161
- . Temperature: 20°C, Humidity: 42%

Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.542 mW/g

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 7.90 V/m; Power Drift = -0.032 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.755 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.518 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.552 mW/g



0 dB = 0.552 mW/g

Date/Time: 2006-08-04 15:29:52

Test Laboratory: ESTECH

CH190 RIGHT TOUCH SLIDE UP-BT-ZSCAN

DUT: MG800d; Type: SLIDE TYPE; Serial: NONE

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; $\sigma = 0.922$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1750; ConvF(6.57, 6.57, 6.57); Calibrated: 2006-01-24

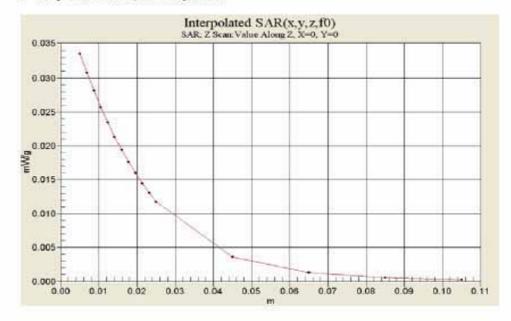
Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn551; Calibrated: 2006-04-27

Phanton: SAM 835MHz; Type: SAM 835MHz; Serial: TP-1262

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161

. Temperature: 20°C, Humidity: 42%



Date/Time: 2006-08-04 16:45:17

Test Laboratory: ESTECH

CH190 BODY SLIDE IN

DUT: MG800d; Type: SLIDE TYPE; Serial: NONE

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; $\sigma = 0.958 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

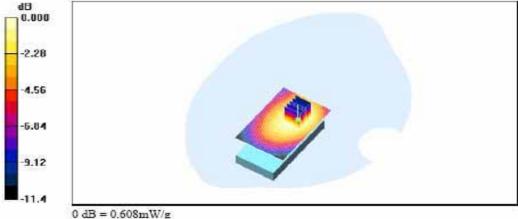
Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1750; ConvF(6.17, 6.17, 6.17); Calibrated: 2006-01-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn551; Calibrated: 2006-04-27
- Phantom: SAM 835MHz; Type: SAM 835MHz; Serial: TP-1262.
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161
- Temperature: 21°C, Humidity: 42%

Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.602 mW/g

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 19.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.013 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.827 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.565 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.608 mW/g



Date/Time: 2006-08-04 17:15:03

Test Laboratory: ESTECH

CH128 BODY SLIDE UP

DUT: MG800d; Type: SLIDE TYPE; Serial: NONE

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 824.2 MHz; $\sigma = 0.944$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.7$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1750; ConvF(6.17, 6.17, 6.17); Calibrated: 2006-01-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn551; Calibrated: 2006-04-27
- Phantom: SAM 835MHz; Type: SAM 835MHz; Serial: TP-1262
 Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161
- Temperature: 20℃, Humidity: 44%

Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.656 mW/g

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 7.53 V/m; Power Drift = -0.099 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.849 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.606 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.654 mW/g

dΒ 0.000 -2.02 4.04 -6.06 -B.0B -10.1 0 dB = 0.654 mW/g

Date/Time: 2006-08-04 16:58:30

Test Laboratory: ESTECH

CH190 BODY SLIDE UP

DUT: MG800d; Type: SLIDE TYPE; Serial: NONE

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; $\sigma = 0.958 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

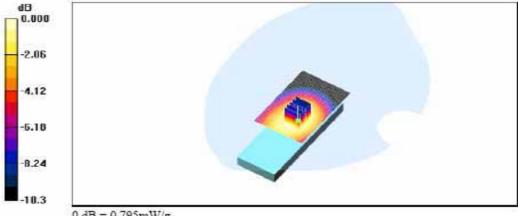
Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1750; ConvF(6.17, 6.17, 6.17); Calibrated: 2006-01-24
 Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn551; Calibrated: 2006-04-27
- Phantom: SAM 835MHz; Type: SAM 835MHz; Serial: TP-1262.
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161
- Temperature: 21°C, Humidity: 43%

Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.797 mW/g

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 8.06 V/m; Power Drift = -0.067 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.03 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.738 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.795 mW/g



0 dB = 0.795 mW/g

Date/Time: 2006-08-04 17:38:14

Test Laboratory: ESTECH

CH251 BODY SLIDE UP

DUT: MG800d; Type: SLIDE TYPE; Serial: NONE

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz; $\sigma = 0.966$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

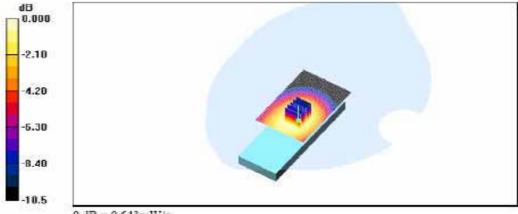
Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1750; ConvF(6.17, 6.17, 6.17); Calibrated: 2006-01-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn551; Calibrated: 2006-04-27
- Phantom: SAM 835MHz; Type: SAM 835MHz; Serial: TP-1262
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161
- . Temperature: 21°C, Humidity: 43%

Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.635 mW/g

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 6.89 V/m; Power Drift = 0.024 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.836 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.595 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.643 mW/g



0 dB = 0.643 mW/g

Date/Time: 2006-08-04 17:51:10

Test Laboratory: ESTECH

CH190 BODY SLIDE UP-GPRS-BT

DUT: MG800d; Type: SLIDE TYPE; Serial: NONE

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; $\sigma = 0.958 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_{\nu} = 53.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

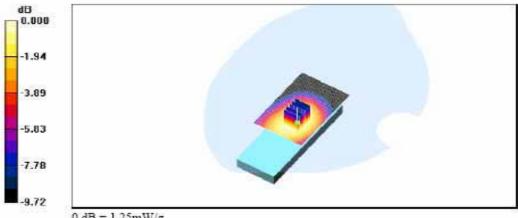
Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1750; ConvF(6.17, 6.17, 6.17); Calibrated: 2006-01-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn551; Calibrated: 2006-04-27
- Phantom: SAM 835MHz; Type: SAM 835MHz; Serial: TP-1262
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161
 Temperature : 21 °C, Humidity : 42%

Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.25 mW/g

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 9.62 V/m; Power Drift = -0.046 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.78 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.18 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.25 mW/g



0 dB = 1.25 mW/g

Date/Time: 2006-08-04 17:51:10

Test Laboratory: ESTECH

CH190 BODY SLIDE UP-GPRS-BT-ZSCAN

DUT: MG800d; Type: SLIDE TYPE; Serial: NONE

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; $\sigma = 0.958 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_{\nu} = 53.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

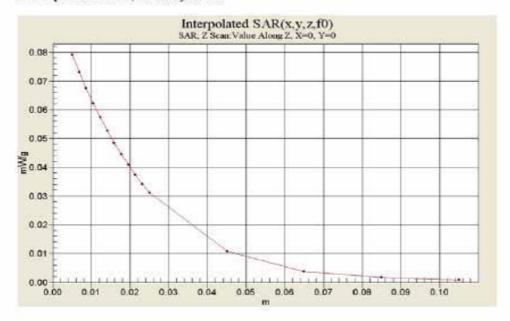
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1750; ConvF(6.17, 6.17, 6.17); Calibrated: 2006-01-24

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn551; Calibrated: 2006-04-27

Phantom: SAM 835MHz; Type: SAM 835MHz; Serial: TP-1262

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161
 Temperature : 21°C, Humidity: 42%





-PCS1900

Date/Time: 2006-08-07 14:34:14

Test Laboratory: ESTECH

CH512 LEFT TOUCH SLIDE IN

DUT: MG800d; Type: SLIDE TYPE; Serial: NONE

Communication System: GSM1900; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1850.2 MHz; $\sigma = 1.38 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.4$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Left Section

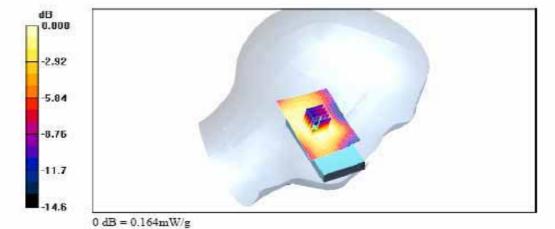
Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1750; ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2006-01-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn551; Calibrated: 2006-04-27
- Phantom: SAM MIC 1800Mhz; Type: SAM MIC 1800MHz; Serial: TP-1263
 Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161
- Temperature : 21℃, Humidity : 49%

Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.168 mW/g

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 7.54 V/m; Power Drift = -0.010 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.254 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.150 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.164 mW/g



Date/Time: 2006-08-07 12:59:56

Test Laboratory: ESTECH

CH661 LEFT TOUCH SLIDE IN

DUT: MG800d; Type: SLIDE TYPE; Serial: NONE

Communication System: GSM1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.4$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

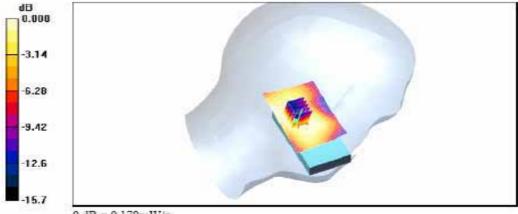
Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1750; ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2006-01-24
- . Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn551; Calibrated: 2006-04-27
- . Phantom: SAM MIC 1800Mhz; Type: SAM MIC 1800MHz; Serial: TP-1263
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161
- . Temperature: 20°C, Humidity: 48%

Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.183 mW/g

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 8.10 V/m; Power Drift = -0.076 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.287 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.166 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.179 mW/g



0 dB = 0.179 mW/g

Date/Time: 2006-08-07 14:45:09

Test Laboratory: ESTECH

CH810 LEFT TOUCH SLIDE IN

DUT: MG800d; Type: SLIDE TYPE; Serial: NONE

Communication System: GSM1900; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; $\sigma = 1.43$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

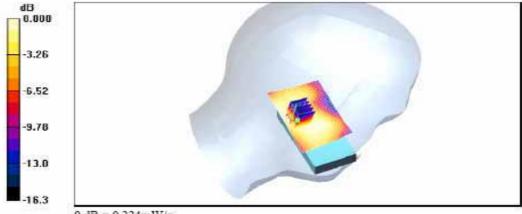
Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1750; ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2006-01-24
- · Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn551; Calibrated: 2006-04-27
- Phantom: SAM MIC 1800Mhz; Type: SAM MIC 1800MHz; Serial: TP-1263
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161
- . Temperature: 21°C, Humidity: 46%

Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.218 mW/g

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 8.61 V/m; Power Drift = -0.131 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.359 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.202 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.224 mW/g



0 dB = 0.224 mW/g

Date/Time: 2006-08-07 15:20:28

Test Laboratory: ESTECH

CH512 RIGHT TOUCH SLIDE IN

DUT: MG800d; Type: SLIDE TYPE; Serial: NONE

Communication System: GSM1900; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1850.2 MHz; $\sigma = 1.38 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.4$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Right Section

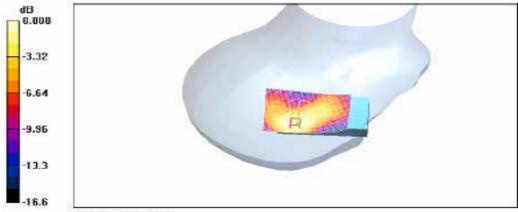
Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1750; ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2006-01-24
- · Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn551; Calibrated: 2006-04-27
- Phantom: SAM MIC 1800Mhz; Type: SAM MIC 1800MHz; Serial: TP-1263
 Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161
- Temperature : 21 ℃, Humidity : 45%

Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.318 mW/g

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 5.52 V/m; Power Drift = -0.034 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.538 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.289 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.315 mW/g



0 dB = 0.315 mW/g

Date/Time: 2006-08-07 13:22:28

Test Laboratory: ESTECH

CH661 RIGHT TOUCH SLIDE IN

DUT: MG800d; Type: SLIDE TYPE; Serial: NONE

Communication System: GSM1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.4 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

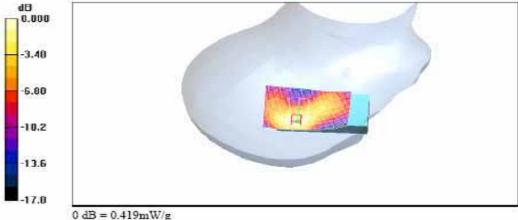
Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1750; ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2006-01-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn551; Calibrated: 2006-04-27
- Phantom: SAM MIC 1800Mhz; Type: SAM MIC 1800MHz; Serial: TP-1263
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161
- . Temperature: 21°C, Humidity: 47%

Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.407 mW/g

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 6.36 V/m; Power Drift = 0.012 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.694 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.368 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.419 mW/g



Date/Time: 2006-08-07 15:08:42

Test Laboratory: ESTECH

CH810 RIGHT TOUCH SLIDE IN

DUT: MG800d; Type: SLIDE TYPE; Serial: NONE

Communication System: GSM1900; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; $\sigma = 1.43 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

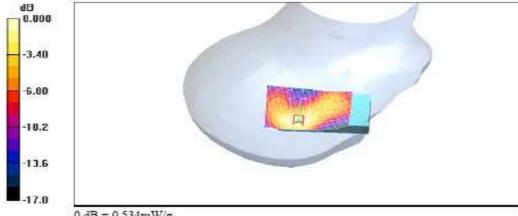
Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1750; ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2006-01-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn551; Calibrated: 2006-04-27
- Phantom: SAM MIC 1800Mhz; Type: SAM MIC 1800MHz; Serial: TP-1263
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161
- Temperature: 21°C, Humidity: 49%

Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.512 mW/g

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 7.45 V/m; Power Drift = -0.068 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.869 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.462 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.534 mW/g



0 dB = 0.534 mW/g

Date/Time: 2006-08-07 13:11:11

Test Laboratory: ESTECH

CH661 LEFT TILT SLIDE IN

DUT: MG800d; Type: SLIDE TYPE; Serial: NONE

Communication System: GSM1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle; 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.4 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

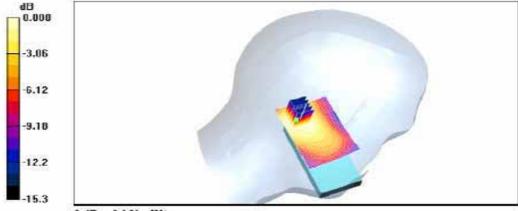
Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1750; ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2006-01-24
 Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn551; Calibrated: 2006-04-27
- Phantom: SAM MIC 1800Mhz; Type: SAM MIC 1800MHz; Serial: TP-1263
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161
- Temperature: 21°C, Humidity: 49%

Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.148 mW/g

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 8.34 V/m; Power Drift = -0.033 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.238 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.137 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.151 mW/g



0 dB = 0.151 mW/g

Date/Time: 2006-08-07 13:34:43

Test Laboratory: ESTECH

CH661 RIGHT TILT SLIDE IN

DUT: MG800d; Type: SLIDE TYPE; Serial: NONE

Communication System: GSM1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.4$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

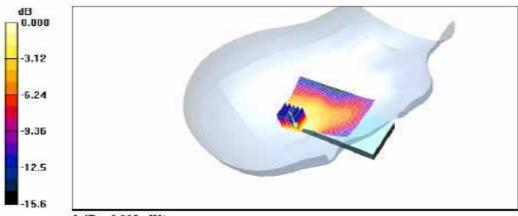
Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1750; ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2006-01-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn551; Calibrated: 2006-04-27
- Phantom: SAM MIC 1800Mhz; Type: SAM MIC 1800MHz; Serial: TP-1263
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161
- Temperature: 21°C, Humidity: 46%

Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.238 mW/g

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 8.06 V/m; Power Drift = 0.012 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.380 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.217 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.238 mW/g



0 dB = 0.238 mW/g

Date/Time: 2006-08-07 14:09:43

Test Laboratory: ESTECH

CH661 LEFT TOUCH SLIDE UP

DUT: MG800d; Type: SLIDE TYPE; Serial: NONE

Communication System: GSM1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.4$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

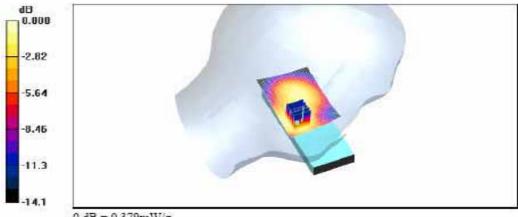
Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1750; ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2006-01-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn551; Calibrated: 2006-04-27
- Phantom: SAM MIC 1800Mhz; Type: SAM MIC 1800MHz; Serial: TP-1263
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161
- Temperature: 21 °C, Humidity: 47%

Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.410 mW/g

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 9.62 V/m; Power Drift = -0.028 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.543 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.350 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.379 mW/g



0 dB = 0.379 mW/g

Date/Time: 2006-08-07 13:45:10

Test Laboratory: ESTECH

CH661 RIGHT TOUCH SLIDE UP

DUT: MG800d; Type: SLIDE TYPE; Serial: NONE

Communication System: GSM1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.4 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1750; ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2006-01-24
- · Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn551; Calibrated: 2006-04-27
- Phantom: SAM MIC 1800Mhz; Type: SAM MIC 1800MHz; Serial: TP-1263
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161
- . Temperature: 21°C, Humidity: 48%

Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.261 mW/g

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 7.87 V/m; Power Drift = 0.012 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.380 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.214 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.242 mW/g



0 dB = 0.242 mW/g

Date/Time: 2006-08-07 14:21:41

Test Laboratory: ESTECH

CH661 LEFT TILT SLIDE UP

DUT: MG800d; Type: SLIDE TYPE; Serial: NONE

Communication System: GSM1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.4$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

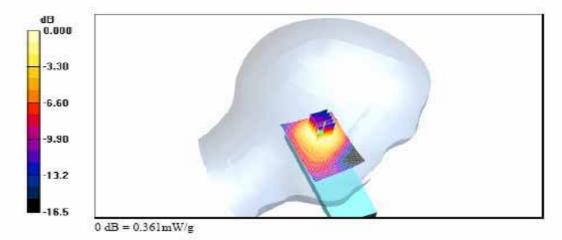
Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1750; ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2006-01-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn551; Calibrated: 2006-04-27
- Phantom: SAM MIC 1800Mhz; Type: SAM MIC 1800MHz; Serial: TP-1263
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161
- . Temperature: 21°C, Humidity: 44%

Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.390 mW/g

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 13.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.013 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.488 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.329 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.361 mW/g



Date/Time: 2006-08-07 13:57:56

Test Laboratory: ESTECH

CH661 RIGHT TILT SLIDE UP

DUT: MG800d; Type: SLIDE TYPE; Serial: NONE

Communication System: GSM1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.4$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

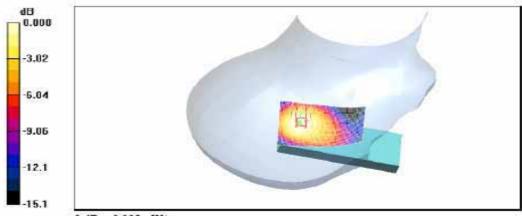
Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1750; ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2006-01-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn551; Calibrated: 2006-04-27
- Phantom: SAM MIC 1800Mhz; Type: SAM MIC 1800MHz; Serial: TP-1263
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161
- . Temperature: 21°C, Humidity: 48%

Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.352 mW/g

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 14.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.025 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.452 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.306 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.338 mW/g



0 dB = 0.338 mW/g

Date/Time: 2006-08-07 16:22:41

Test Laboratory: ESTECH

CH810 RIGHT TOUCH SLIDE IN-BT

DUT: MG800d; Type: SLIDE TYPE; Serial: NONE

Communication System: GSM1900; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; $\sigma = 1.43 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

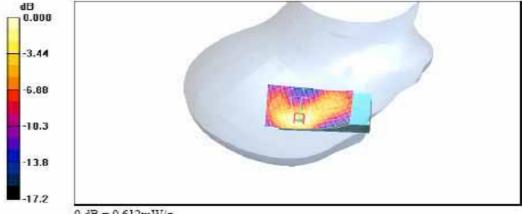
Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1750; ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2006-01-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn551; Calibrated: 2006-04-27
- Phantom: SAM MIC 1800Mhz; Type: SAM MIC 1800MHz; Serial: TP-1263
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161
- . Temperature: 21°C, Humidity: 47%

Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.600 mW/g

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 7.96 V/m; Power Drift = -0.031 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.02 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.534 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.612 mW/g



0 dB = 0.612 mW/g

Date/Time: 2006-08-07 16:22:41

Test Laboratory: ESTECH

CH810 RIGHT TOUCH SLIDE IN-BT-ZSCAN

DUT: MG800d; Type: SLIDE TYPE; Serial: NONE

Communication System: GSM1900; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; $\sigma = 1.43$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1750; ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2006-01-24

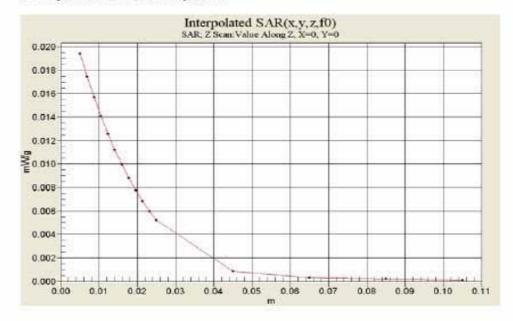
Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn551; Calibrated: 2006-04-27

Phantom: SAM MIC 1800Mhz; Type: SAM MIC 1800MHz; Serial: TP-1263

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161

Temperature: 21°C, Humidity: 47%



Date/Time: 2006-08-07 17:33:16

Test Laboratory: ESTECH

CH661 BODY SLIDE IN

DUT: MG800d; Type: SLIDE TYPE; Serial: NONE

Communication System: GSM1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.51 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

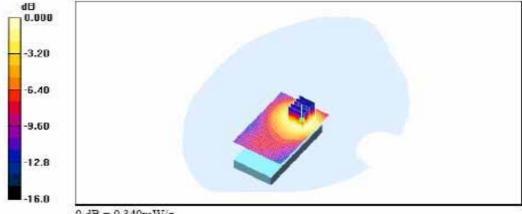
Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1750; ConvF(4.54, 4.54, 4.54); Calibrated: 2006-01-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn551; Calibrated: 2006-04-27
- Phantom: SAM MIC 1800Mhz; Type: SAM MIC 1800MHz; Serial: TP-1263
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161
- Temperature : 21°C, Humidity : 48%

Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.363 mW/g

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 11.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.038 dBPeak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.493 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.312 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.340 mW/g



0 dB = 0.340 mW/g

Date/Time: 2006-08-07 18:26:51

Test Laboratory: ESTECH

CH512 BODY SLIDE UP

DUT: MG800d; Type: SLIDE TYPE; Serial: NONE

Communication System: GSM1900; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1850.2 MHz; $\sigma = 1.5 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

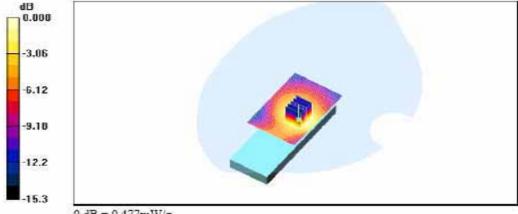
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1750; ConvF(4.54, 4.54, 4.54); Calibrated: 2006-01-24
 Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn551; Calibrated: 2006-04-27
- Phantom: SAM MIC 1800Mhz; Type: SAM MIC 1800MHz; Serial: TP-1263
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161
- Temperature: 21°C, Humidity: 44%

Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.498 mW/g

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 7.57 V/m; Power Drift = 0.004 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.674 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.431 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.477 mW/g



0 dB = 0.477 mW/g

Date/Time: 2006-08-07 17:55:10

Test Laboratory: ESTECH

CH661 BODY SLIDE UP

DUT: MG800d; Type: SLIDE TYPE; Serial: NONE

Communication System: GSM1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.51 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

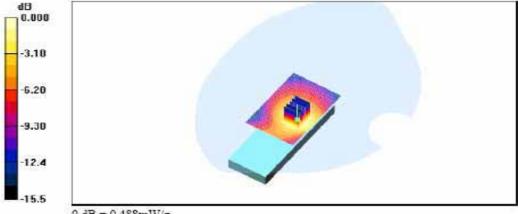
Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1750; ConvF(4.54, 4.54, 4.54); Calibrated: 2006-01-24
 Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn551; Calibrated: 2006-04-27
- Phantom: SAM MIC 1800Mhz; Type: SAM MIC 1800MHz; Serial: TP-1263
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161
- Temperature: 21°C, Humidity: 47%

Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.498 mW/g

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 7.02 V/m; Power Drift = 0.025 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.702 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.437 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.488 mW/g



0 dB = 0.488 mW/g

Date/Time: 2006-08-07 18:48:56

Test Laboratory: ESTECH

CH810 BODY SLIDE UP

DUT: MG800d; Type: SLIDE TYPE; Serial: NONE

Communication System: GSM1900; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; $\sigma = 1.55$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

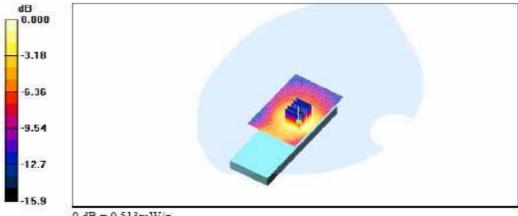
Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1750; ConvF(4.54, 4.54, 4.54); Calibrated: 2006-01-24
- · Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn551; Calibrated: 2006-04-27
- Phantom: SAM MIC 1800Mhz; Type: SAM MIC 1800MHz; Serial: TP-1263
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161
- Temperature: 21°C, Humidity: 43%

Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.522 mW/g

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 6.67 V/m; Power Drift = 0.057 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.751 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.465 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.513 mW/g



0 dB = 0.513 mW/g

Date/Time: 2006-08-07 19:44:37

Test Laboratory: ESTECH

CH810 BODY SLIDE UP GPRS-BT

DUT: MG800d; Type: SLIDE TYPE; Serial: NONE

Communication System: GSM1900; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15 Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; $\sigma = 1.55$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

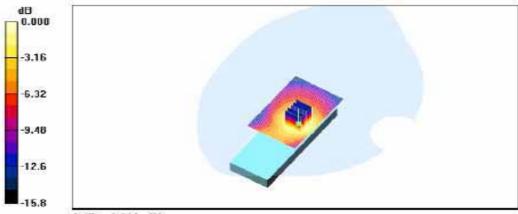
Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1750; ConvF(4.54, 4.54, 4.54); Calibrated: 2006-01-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn551; Calibrated: 2006-04-27
- Phantom: SAM MIC 1800Mhz; Type: SAM MIC 1800MHz; Serial: TP-1263
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161
- Temperature: 21°C, Humidity: 45%

Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.00 mW/g

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 9.27 V/m; Power Drift = -0.006 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.46 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.893 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.990 mW/g



0 dB = 0.990 mW/g

Date/Time: 2006-08-07 19:44:37

Test Laboratory: ESTECH

CH810 BODY SLIDE UP GPRS-BT-ZSCAN

DUT: MG800d; Type: SLIDE TYPE; Serial: NONE

Communication System: GSM1900; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15 Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; $\sigma = 1.55$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1750; ConvF(4.54, 4.54, 4.54); Calibrated: 2006-01-24

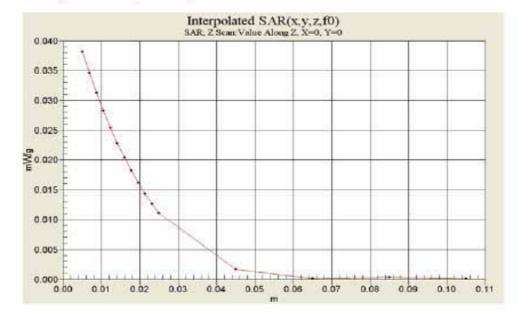
· Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn551; Calibrated: 2006-04-27

Phantom: SAM MIC 1800Mhz; Type: SAM MIC 1800MHz; Serial: TP-1263

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161

Temperature: 21°C, Humidity: 45%





APPENDIX D: Calibration Certificates

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client

Estech (Dymstec)

Certificate No: D835V2-475_Feb05

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D835V2 - SN: 475

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v6

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: February 24, 2005

Condition of the calibrated item In Tolerance

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).

The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM E442	GB37480704	12-Oct-04 (METAS, No. 251-00412)	Oct-05
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	12-Oct-04 (METAS, No. 251-00412)	Oct-05
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	10-Aug-04 (METAS, No 251-00402)	Aug-05
Reference 10 dB Attenuator	SN: 5047.2 (10r)	10-Aug-04 (METAS, No 251-00402)	Aug-05
Reference Probe ET3DV6	SN 1507	26-Oct-04 (SPEAG, No. ET3-1507_Oct04)	Oct-05
DAE4	SN 601	07-Jan-05 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-601_Jan05)	Jan-06
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (In house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-03)	In house check: Oct-05
RF generator R&S SML-03	100698	27-Mar-02 (SPEAG, in house check Dec-03)	In house check: Dec-05
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-04)	In house check: Nov-05
	Name	Function	Signature
	Name	+ Oriobori	
Calibrated by:	Name Miko Moili	Laboratory Technician	Miketelli

Issued: February 25, 2005

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF N/A

sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

 a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003

 b) CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz), July 2001

c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields, Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axls.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY4	V4.5
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V4.9	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Area Scan resolution	dx, dy = 15 mm	
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	42.2 ± 6 %	0.91 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	-	200

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.25 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	9.00 mW/g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters 1	normalized to 1W	9.02 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.48 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	5.92 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters 1	normalized to 1W	5.93 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

¹ Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.4 Ω - 2.4 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 29.7 dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.384 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	November 15, 2002

DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 24.02.2005 12:21:57

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN475

Communication System: CW-835; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 900 MHz;

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.91$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 42.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1507; ConvF(6.24, 6.24, 6.24); Calibrated: 26.10.2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 07.01.2005
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 17; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 144

Pin = 250 mW; d = 15 mm/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.43 mW/g

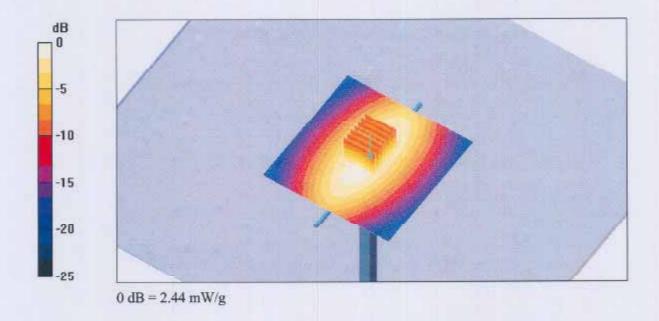
Pin = 250 mW; d = 15 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

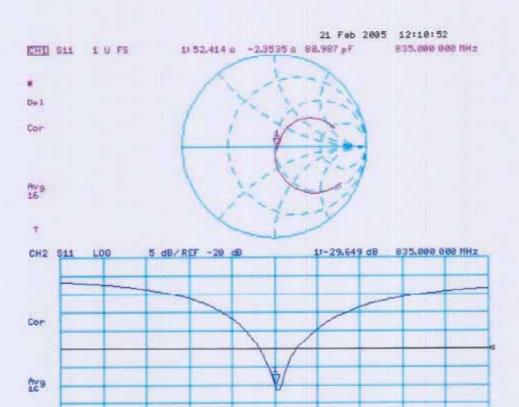
Reference Value = 54.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.011 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.27 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.25 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.48 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.44 mW/g





CENTER 835,000 000 MHz

SPAN 488,888 888 MHz

Zeughausstresse 40, 0004 Zurich, Switzerland Phone +41 1 245 9700, Fax +41 1 245 9779 info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

IMPORTANT NOTICE

DIPOLE TRANSPORTATION CASE

Important Note:

Please use only this suitcase for any future dipole transportation!

s p e a g

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Schmid & Partner Engineering AG