



CGISS EME Test Laboratory

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Fort Lauderdale, FL. 33322

S.A.R. EME Compliance Test Report Part 2 of 2

Date of Report: April 20, 2004
Report Revision: Rev. O
Manufacturer: Motorola
Product Description: 1:6, 1:3, 81:120, 1:12 TDM; 64 QAM, 16 QAM & QPSK Modulation; 0.6 W Pulse average
FCC ID: **AZ489FT5835**
Device Model: H81XAH6RR1AN/NUF3847A

Test Period: 4/7/04 – 4/14/04

Technician: Ed Church (EME Technician Electronics II)

Responsible Eng: Stephen Whalen (Sr. EME Eng.)

Author: Michael Sailsman (Global EME Regulatory Affairs Liaison)

Note: Based on the information and the testing results provided herein, the undersigned certifies that when used as stated in the operating instructions supplied, said product complies with the national and international reference standards and guidelines listed in section 2.0 of this report.

Signature on File

4/21/2004

Ken Enger
Senior Resource Manager, Laboratory Director, CGISS EME Lab

Date Approved

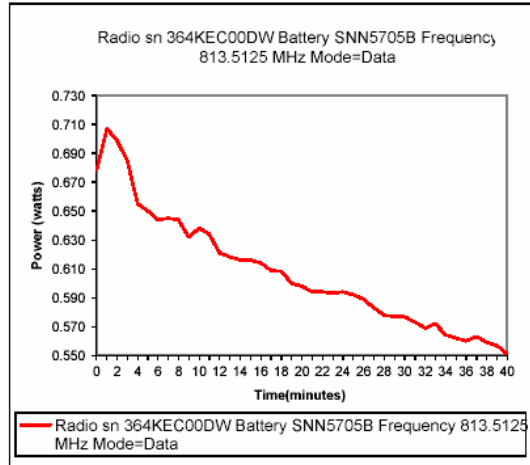
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APPENDIX A

Power Slump Data/Shortened Scan

DUT Power versus time data

Radio sn 364KEC00DW	
Battery SNN5705B	
Frequency 813.5125 MHz	
Mode=Data	
Time(Minutes)	Power(watts)
0	0.678
1	0.707
2	0.699
3	0.685
4	0.655
5	0.650
6	0.644
7	0.645
8	0.644
9	0.632
10	0.638
11	0.634
12	0.621
13	0.618
14	0.616
15	0.616
16	0.614
17	0.609
18	0.608
19	0.600
20	0.598
21	0.594
22	0.594
23	0.593
24	0.594
25	0.592
26	0.589
27	0.583
28	0.578
29	0.577
30	0.577
31	0.573
32	0.569
33	0.572
34	0.564
35	0.562
36	0.560
37	0.563
38	0.559
39	0.557
40	0.551



Shortened Scan Results

FCC ID: AZ489FT5835; Test Date: 4/13/04

Motorola CGISS EME Laboratory

Run #: EC-Ab-R1-040413-15

Model #: H81XAH6RR1AN SN: 364KEC00DW

TX Freq: 813.5125 MHz

Tissue Temp: 20.9 (Celsius)

Start Power: .690 W

Antenna: Fixed - STUBBY

Battery Kit: SNN5705B

Carry Case: Holster NNTN5510A

Audio/Data Acc.: None

Shortened scan reflect highest S.A.R. producing configuration; Run time 8 minutes.

Representative “normal” scan run time was 23 minutes

“Shortened” scan max calculated S.A.R. using S.A.R. drift: 1-g Avg. = 1.46mW/g; 10-g Avg. = 1.04mW/g

“Normal” scan max calculated S.A.R. using S.A.R. drift: 1-g Avg. = 1.57mW/g; 10-g Avg. = 1.13mW/g

(see section 7.1 run # EC-Ab-R1-040413-12)

DUT with carry case against phantom

Flat Phantom; Device Section; Position: (90°,90°);

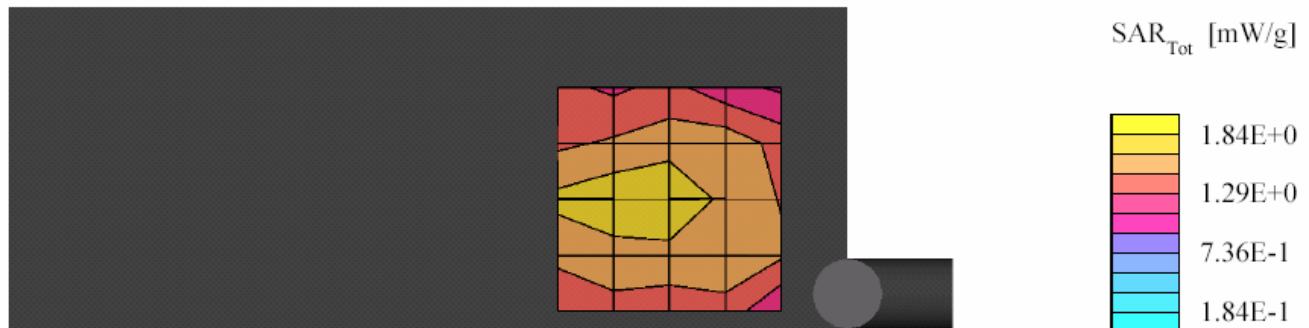
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1384(Cal Date 05-15-2003); ConvF(6.50,6.50,6.50); Probe cal date: 15/05/03; Crest factor: 1.5; FCC

Body 813 MHz: $\sigma = 0.96$ mho/m $\epsilon = 54.7$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³; DAE3: 363V1 DAE Cal Date: 05/13/2003

Cube 5x5x7: SAR (1g): 1.29 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.920 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Cube 5x5x7: Dx = 8.0, Dy = 8.0, Dz = 5.0; SAR (1g): 1.29 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.920 mW/g

Power Drift: -0.46 dB



FCC ID: AZ489FT5835; Test Date: 4/14/04

Motorola CGISS EME Laboratory

Run #: EC- Lear-R1-040414-11

Model #: H81XAH6RR1AN SN: 364KEC00D4

TX Freq: 806.0125 MHZ

Tissue Temp: 20.9 (Celsius)

Start Power: .700 W

Antenna: Fixed - STUBBY

Battery Kit: SNN5705B

Carry Case: None

Audio/Data Acc.: None

Shortened scan reflect highest S.A.R. producing configuration; Run time 8 minutes.

Representative “normal” scan run time was 25 minutes

“Shortened” scan max calculated S.A.R. using S.A.R. drift: 1-g Avg. = 1.41mW/g; 10-g Avg. = 0.96mW/g

“Normal” scan max calculated S.A.R. using S.A.R. drift: 1-g Avg. = 1.41mW/g; 10-g Avg. = 0.98mW/g

(see section 7.1 run # EC-Ab-R1-040407-03)

DUT at the left ear in cheek touch position

SAM Phantom; Left Head Section; Position: (90°,301°);

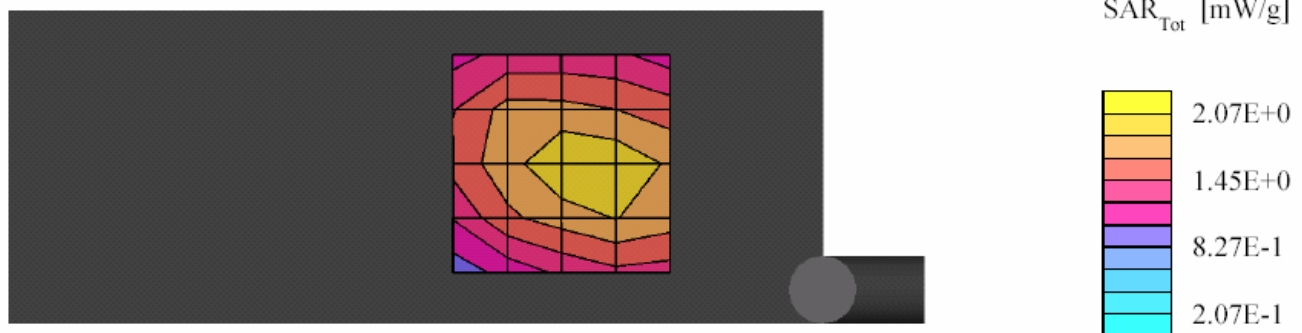
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1384(Cal Date 05-15-2003); ConvF(6.60,6.60,6.60); Probe cal date: 15/05/03; Crest factor: 3.0; IEEE

Head 813 MHz: $\sigma = 0.93$ mho/m $\epsilon = 42.1$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³; DAE3: 363V1 DAE Cal Date: 05/13/2003

Cube 5x5x7: SAR (1g): 1.41 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.960 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Cube 5x5x7: Dx = 8.0, Dy = 8.0, Dz = 5.0; SAR (1g): 1.41 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.960 mW/g

Power Drift: 0.06 dB



APPENDIX B

Data Results

FCC ID: AZ489FT5835; Test Date: 4/7/04

Motorola CGISS EME Laboratory

Run #: EC- Lear-R1-040407-03

Model #: H81XAH6RR1AN SN: 364KEC00D4

TX Freq: 813.5125 MHZ

Tissue Temp: 20.5 (Celsius)

Start Power: .700 W

Antenna: Fixed - STUBBY

Battery Kit: SNN5705B

Carry Case: None

Audio/Data Acc.: None

DUT at left ear in cheek touch position

SAM Phantom; Left Head Section; Position: (90°,59°);

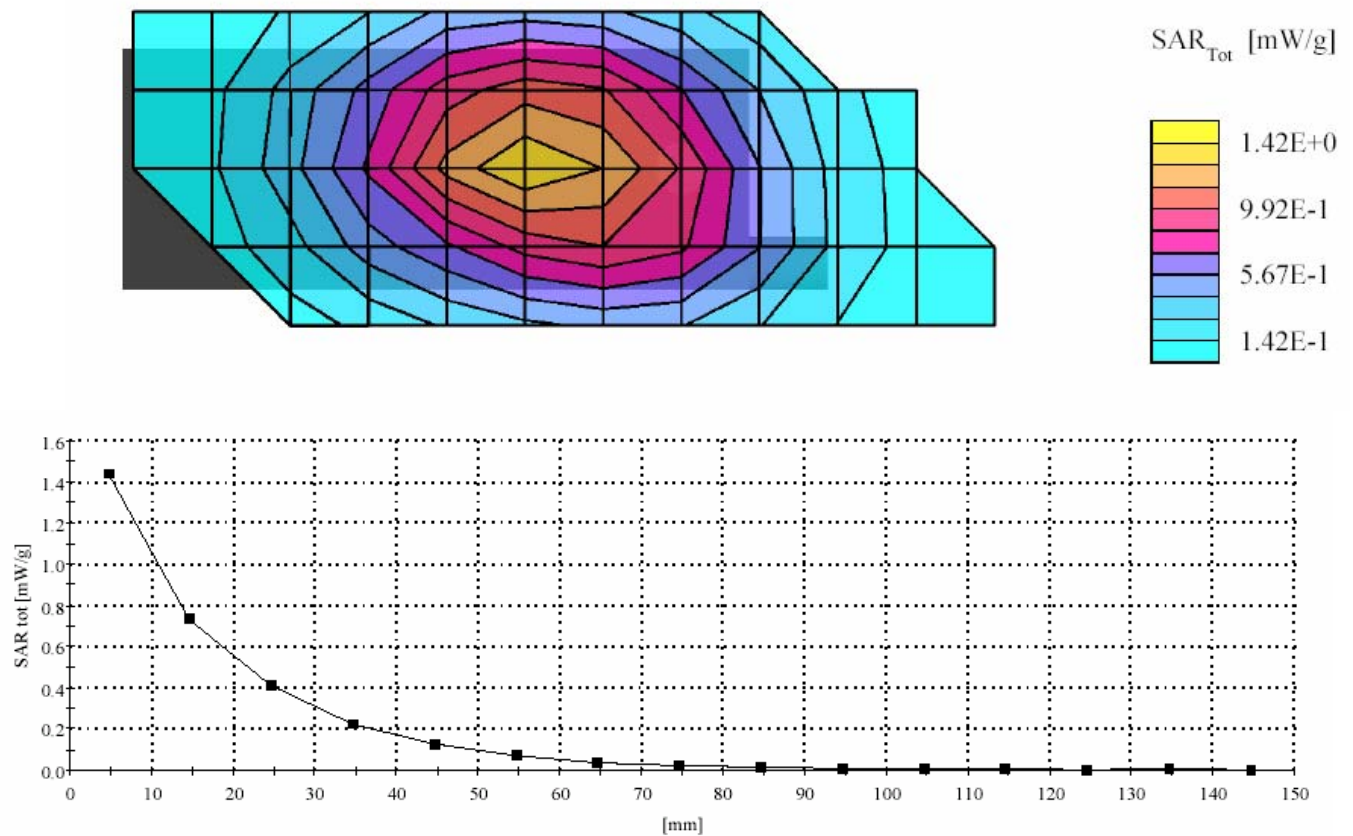
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1384(Cal Date 05-15-2003); ConvF(6.60,6.60,6.60); Probe cal date: 15/05/03; Crest factor: 3.0; IEEE

Head 813 MHz: $\sigma = 0.93$ mho/m $\epsilon = 41.8$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³; DAE3: 363V1 DAE Cal Date: 05/13/2003

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 1.41 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.976 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0; Max at 90.0, 31.5, 4.7

Power Drift: 0.18 dB



FCC ID: AZ489FT5835; Test Date: 4/8/04

Motorola CGISS EME Laboratory

Run #: EC-Face-R1-040408-20

Model #: H81XAH6RR1AN SN: 364KEC00D4

TX Freq: 806.0125 MHz

Tissue Temp: 20.7 (Celsius)

Start Power: .711 W

Antenna: Fixed - STUBBY

Battery Kit: SNN5705B

Carry Case: None

Audio/Data Acc.: None

DUT front towards phantom w/ 2.5 cm separation

SAM Phantom; Flat Section; Position: (90°,90°);

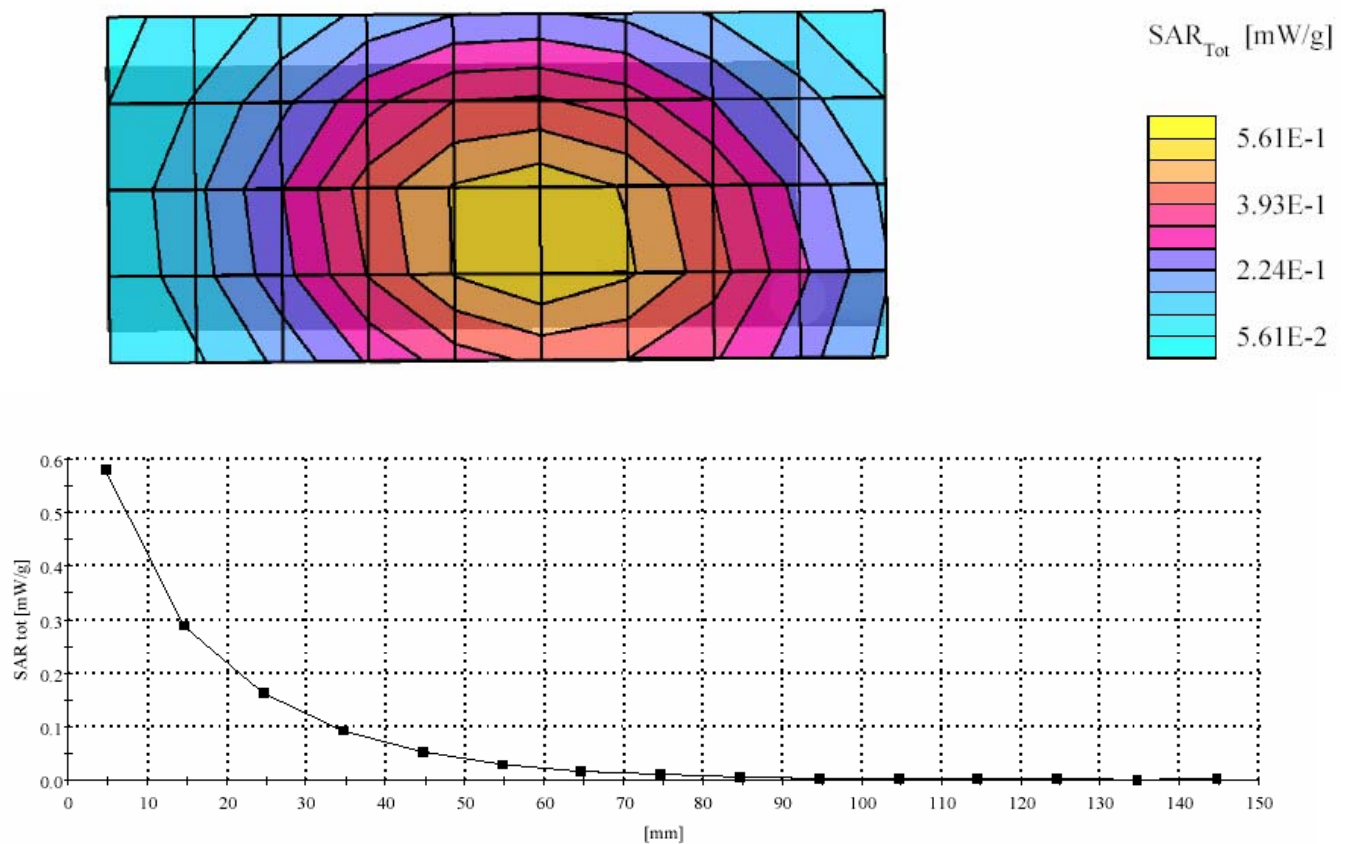
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1384(Cal Date 05-15-2003); ConvF(6.60,6.60,6.60); Probe cal date: 15/05/03; Crest factor: 6.0; IEEE

Head 813 MHz: $\sigma = 0.93$ mho/m $\epsilon = 41.8$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³; DAE3: 363V1 DAE Cal Date: 05/13/2003

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.573 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.402 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0; Max at 39.0, 75.0, 4.7

Power drift: 0.03 dB



FCC ID: AZ489FT5835; Test Date: 4/8/04

Motorola CGISS EME Laboratory

Run #: EC-Lear-R1-040408-14

Model #: H81XAH6RR1AN SN: 364KEC00D4

TX Freq: 896.01875 MHz

Tissue Temp: 20.9 (Celsius)

Start Power: .695 W

Antenna: Fixed - STUBBY

Battery Kit: SNN5705B

Carry Case: None

Audio/Data Acc.: None

DUT at left ear in Cheek Touch position

SAM Phantom; Left Head Section; Position: (90°,59°);

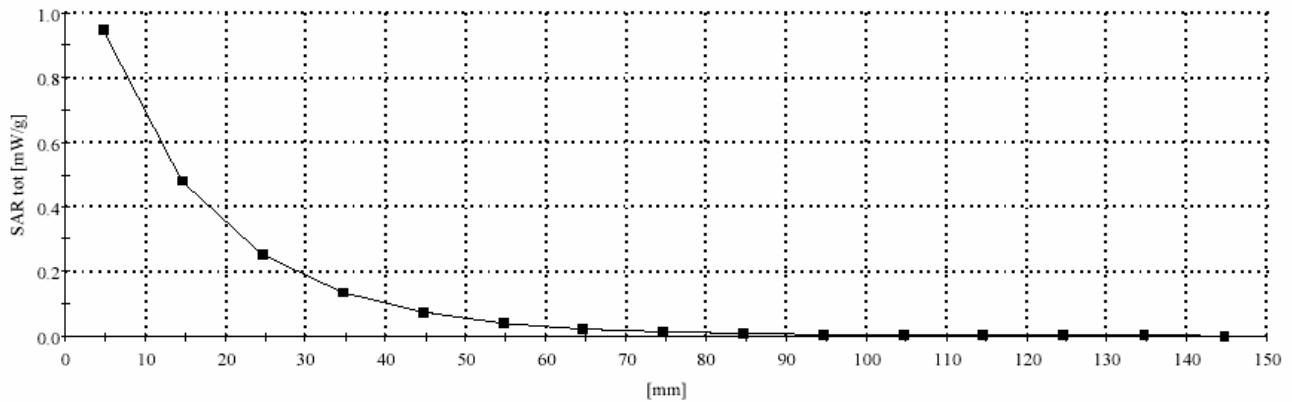
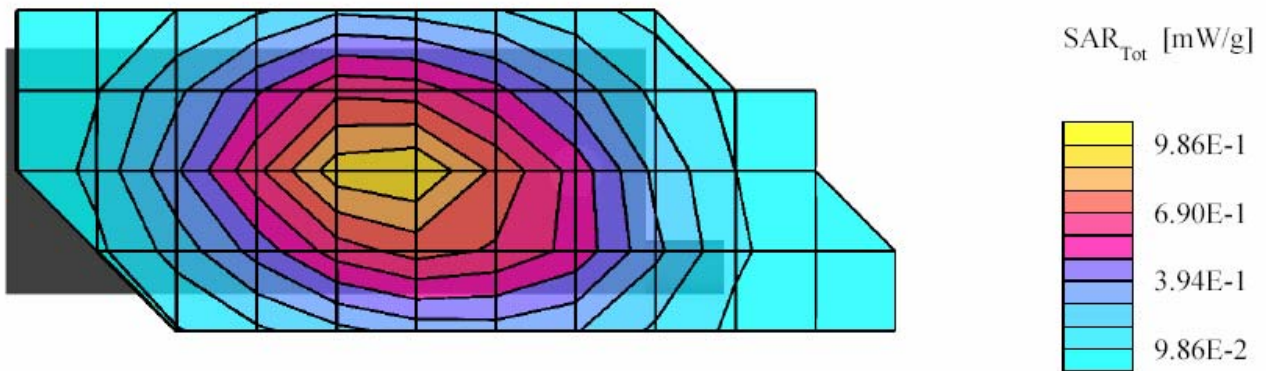
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1384(Cal Date 05-15-2003); ConvF(6.60,6.60,6.60); Probe cal date: 15/05/03; Crest factor: 3.0; IEEE

Head 899 MHz: $\sigma = 1.01$ mho/m $\epsilon = 40.7$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³; DAE3: 363V1 DAE Cal Date: 05/13/2003

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.953 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.638 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0; Max at 84.0, 30.0, 4.7

Power drift: -0.40 dB



FCC ID: AZ489FT5835; Test Date: 4/8/04

Motorola CGISS EME Laboratory

Run #: EC- Face-R1-040408-17

Model #: H81XAH6RR1AN SN: 364KEC00D4

TX Freq: 896.01875 MHz

Tissue Temp: 20.8 (Celsius)

Start Power: .697 W

Antenna: Fixed - STUBBY

Battery Kit: SNN5705B

Carry Case: None

Audio/Data Acc.: None

DUT front towards phantom w/ 2.5 cm separation distance

SAM Phantom; Flat Section; Position: (90°,90°);

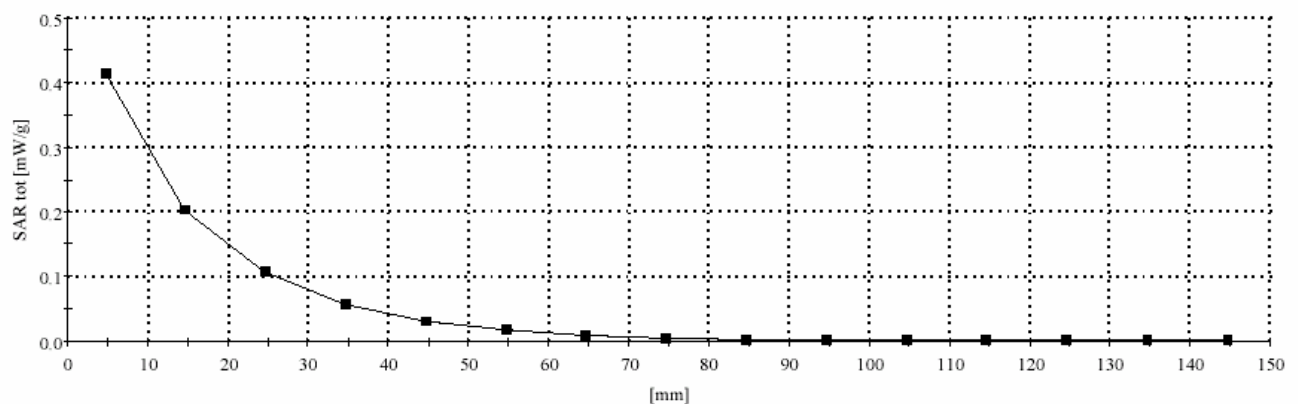
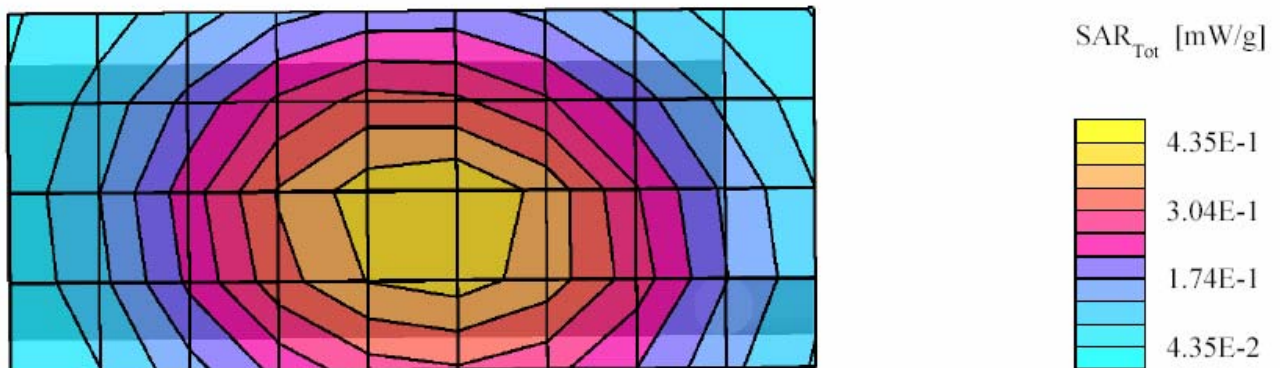
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1384 (Cal Date 05-15-2003); ConvF(6.60,6.60,6.60); Probe cal date: 15/05/03; Crest factor: 6.0; IEEE

Head 899 MHz: $\sigma = 1.01$ mho/m $\epsilon = 40.7$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³; DAE3: 363V1 DAE Cal Date: 05/13/2003

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.425 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.295 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0; Max at 34.5, 73.5, 4.7

Power Drift: -0.25 dB



FCC ID: AZ489FT5835; Test Date: 4/13/04

Motorola CGISS EME Laboratory

Run #: EC-Ab-R1-040413-12

Model #: H81XAH6RR1AN SN: 364KEC00DW

TX Freq: 813.5125 MHz

Tissue Temp: 20.9 (Celsius)

Start Power: .692 W

Antenna: Fixed - STUBBY

Battery Kit: SNN5705B

Carry Case: Holster NNTN5510A

Audio/Data Acc.: None

DUT with carry case against the phantom

Flat Phantom; Device Section; Position: (90°,90°);

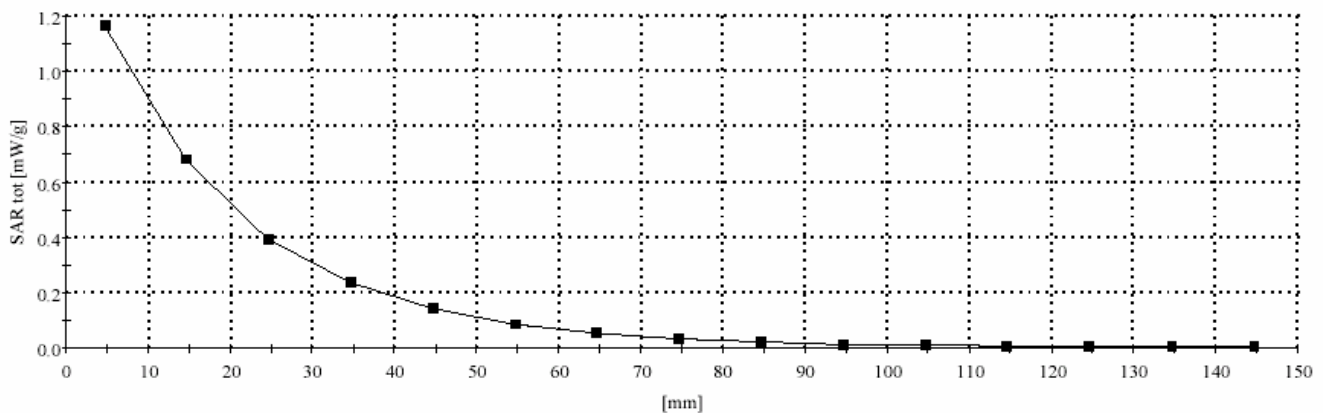
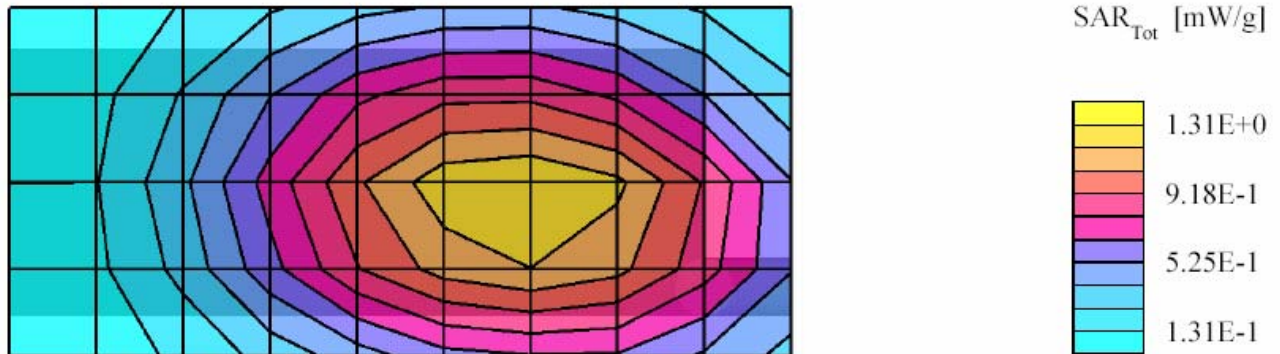
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1384(Cal Date 05-15-2003); ConvF(6.50,6.50,6.50); Probe cal date: 15/05/03; Crest factor: 1.5; FCC

Body 813 MHz: $\sigma = 0.96$ mho/m $\epsilon = 54.7$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³; DAE3: 363V1 DAE Cal Date: 05/13/2003

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 1.24 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.892 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0; Max at 33.0, 87.0, 4.7

Power drift: -0.96 dB



FCC ID: AZ489FT5835; Test Date: 4/13/04

Motorola CGISS EME Laboratory

Run #: EC-Ab-R1-040413-02

Model #: H81XAH6RR1AN SN: 364KEC00D4

TX Freq: 896.01875 MHz

Tissue Temp: 21.1 (Celsius)

Start Power: .688 W

Antenna Fixed - STUBBY

Battery Kit: SNN5705B

Carry: Holster NNTN5510A

Audio/Data Acc.: NNTN5004A

DUT w/ belt clip against the phantom

Flat Phantom; Device Section; Position: (90°,90°);

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1384(Cal Date 05-15-2003); ConvF(6.50,6.50,6.50); Probe cal date: 15/05/03; Crest factor: 3.0; FCC

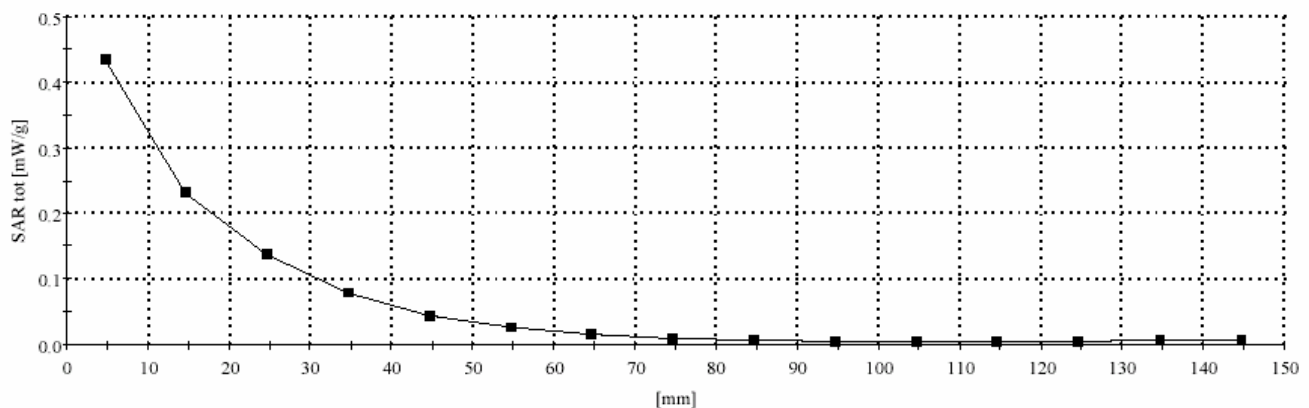
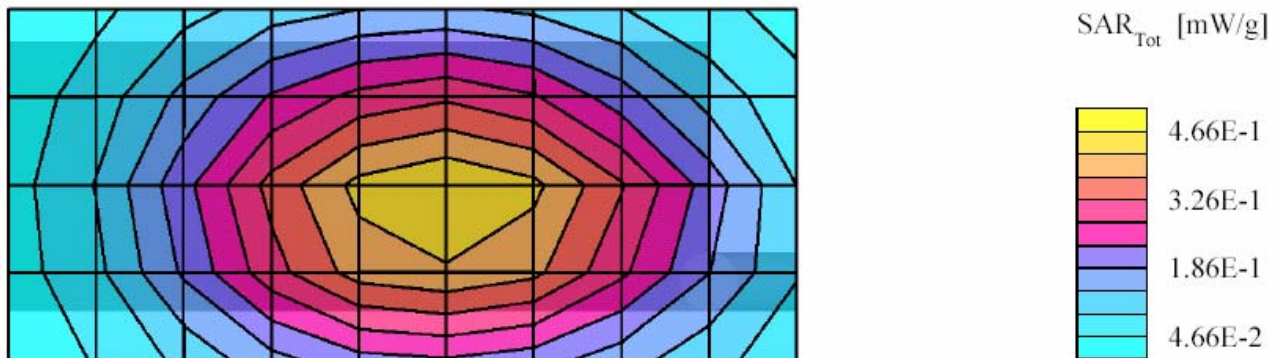
Body 899 MHz: $\sigma = 1.05$ mho/m $\epsilon = 53.8$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³; DAE3: 363V1 DAE Cal Date: 05/13/2003

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.455 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.322 mW/g * Max outside, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0; Max at 33.0, 75.0, 4.7

Power Drift: -0.42 dB

Note: "Max outside" has been identified by SPEAG as an unresolved intermittent occurrence with the DASY 3 application even when the entire peak area is captured.



FCC ID: AZ489FT5835; Test Date:4/13/04

Motorola CGISS EME Laboratory

Run #: EC-Ab-R1-040413-05

Model #: H81XAH6RR1AN SN: 364KEC00D4

TX Freq: 813.5125 MHz

Tissue Temp: 21.0 (Celsius)

Start Power: .685 W

Antenna: Fixed - STUBBY

Battery Kit: SNN5705B

Carry Case: None

Audio/Data Acc.: None

DUT with its' back and antenna separated 2.5cm from phantom

Flat Phantom; Device Section; Position: (90°,90°);

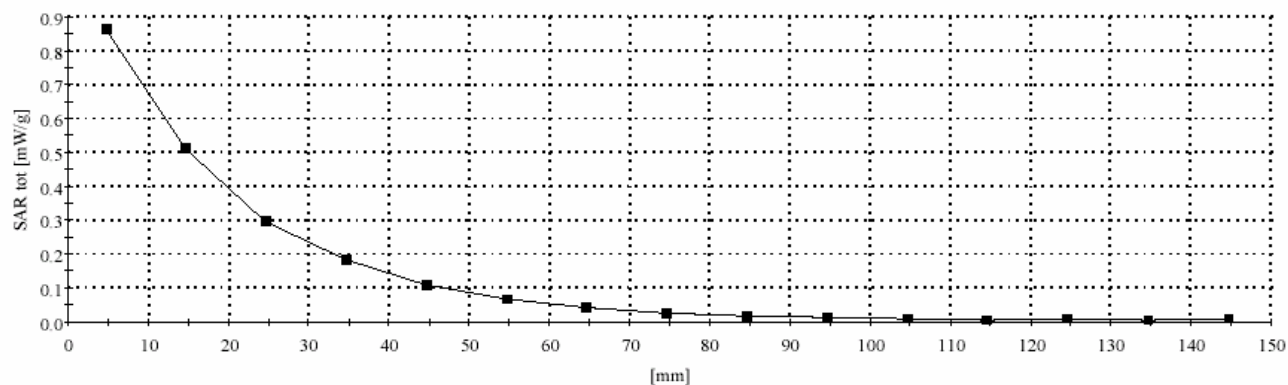
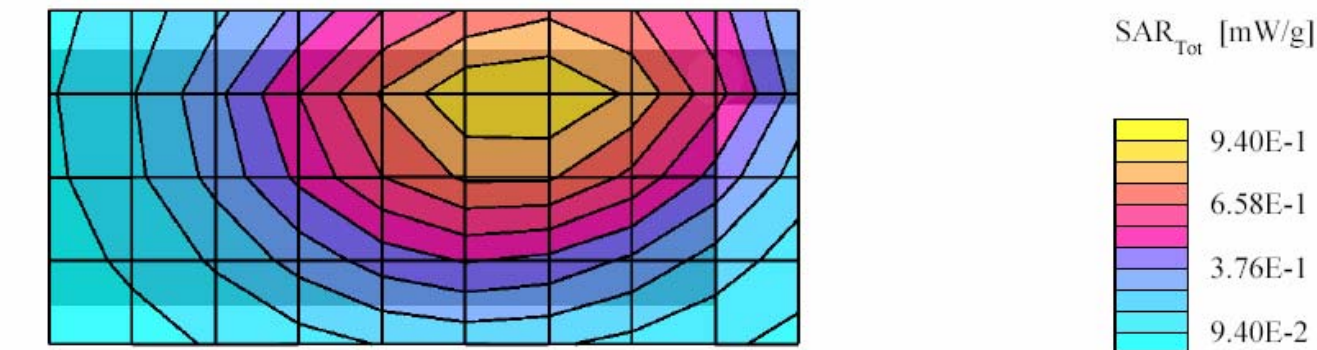
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1384(Cal Date 05-15-2003); ConvF(6.50,6.50,6.50); Probe cal date: 15/05/03; Crest factor: 1.5; FCC

Body 813 MHz: $\sigma = 0.96$ mho/m $\epsilon = 54.7$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³; DAE3: 363V1 DAE Cal Date: 05/13/2003

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.892 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.649 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0; Max at 15.0, 82.5, 4.7

Power Drift: -0.73 dB



APPENDIX C

Dipole System Performance Check Results

Dipole validation scans at the head from SPEAG are provided in APPENDIX D. The CGISS EME lab validated the dipole to the applicable IEEE system performance targets. Within the same day system validation was performed using FCC body tissue parameters to generate the system performance target values for body at the applicable frequency. The results of the CGISS EME system performance validation are provided in this appendix.

SPEAG 900 MHz Dipole; Model D900V2, SN 085; Test Date: 4/7/04

Motorola CGISS EME Lab

Run #: Sys Perf-R1-040407-01

TX Freq: 900 MHz

Sim Tissue Temp: 20.5 (Celsius)

Start Power; 250mW

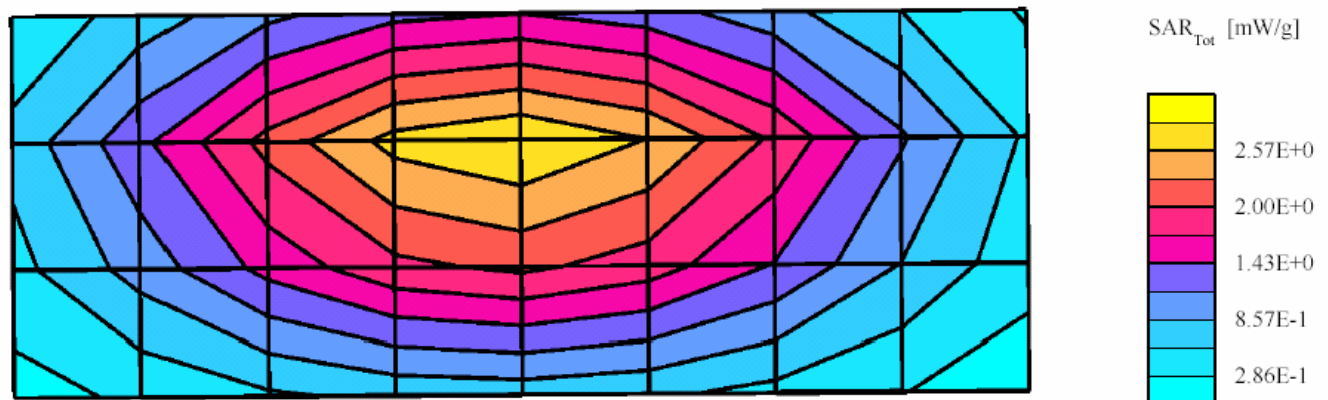
SAR target at 1W is 12.00 mW/g (1g avg, including drift)

SAR target at 1W is 7.52 mW/g (10g avg, including drift)

SAR calculated at 1W is 11.64 mW/g (1g avg). Percent from target (including drift) is - 3.00 %

SAR calculated at 1W is 7.28 mW/g (10g avg). Percent from target (including drift) is - 3.19 %

SAM - Expanded; Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1384(Cal Date 05-15-2003);Probe Cal Date: 15/05/03ConvF(6.60,6.60,6.60); Crest factor: 1.0; IEEE Head 900 MHz : $\sigma = 1.01$ mho/m $\epsilon = 40.7$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³; DAE3: SN363-V1 DAE Cal Date: 05/13/2003 Cubes (2): Peak: 4.66 mW/g ± 0.02 dB, SAR (1g): 2.91 mW/g ± 0.02 dB, SAR (10g): 1.82 mW/g ± 0.01 dB, (Worst-case extrapolation) Penetration depth: 11.3 (10.5, 12.4) [mm]
Power drift: 0.00 dB



SPEAG 900 MHz Dipole; Model D900V2, SN 085; Test Date: 4/8/04

Motorola CGISS EME Lab

Run #: Sys Perf-R1-040408-01

TX Freq: 900 MHz

Sim Tissue Temp: 21.1 (Celsius)

Start Power: 250mW

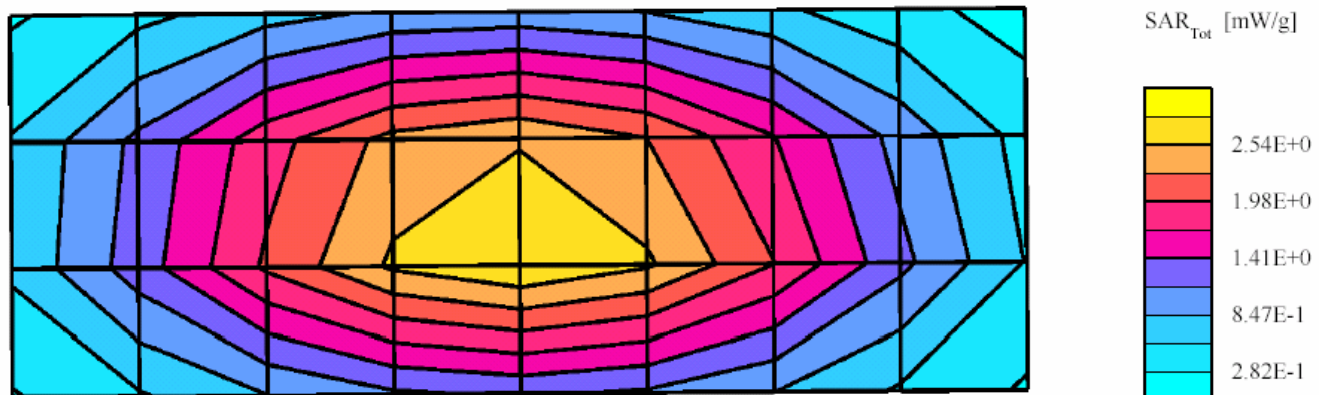
SAR target at 1W is 12.00 mW/g (1g avg, including drift)

SAR target at 1W is 7.52 mW/g (10g avg, including drift)

SAR calculated at 1W is 12.14 mW/g (1g avg). Percent from target (including drift) is 1.16 %

SAR calculated at 1W is 7.55 mW/g (10g avg). Percent from target (including drift) is 0.43 %

SAM - Expanded; Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1384(Cal Date 05-15-2003);Probe Cal Date: 15/05/03ConvF(6.60,6.60,6.60); Crest factor: 1.0; IEEE Head 900 MHz : $\sigma = 1.01 \text{ mho/m}$ $\epsilon = 40.7$ $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$; DAE3: SN363-V1 DAE Cal Date: 05/13/2003
Cubes (2): Peak: 4.92 mW/g $\pm 0.01 \text{ dB}$, SAR (1g): 3.07 mW/g $\pm 0.00 \text{ dB}$, SAR (10g): 1.91 mW/g $\pm 0.00 \text{ dB}$, (Worst-case extrapolation) Penetration depth: 11.1 (10.4, 12.2) [mm]
Power drift: 0.05 dB



SPEAG 900 MHz Dipole; Model D900V2, SN 085; Test Date: 4/9/04

Motorola CGISS EME Lab

Run #: Sys Perf-R1-040409-01

TX Freq: 900 MHz

Sim Tissue Temp: 21.9 (Celsius)

Start Power; 250mW

SAR target at 1W is 11.17 mW/g (1g avg, including drift)

SAR target at 1W is 7.11 mW/g (10g avg, including drift)

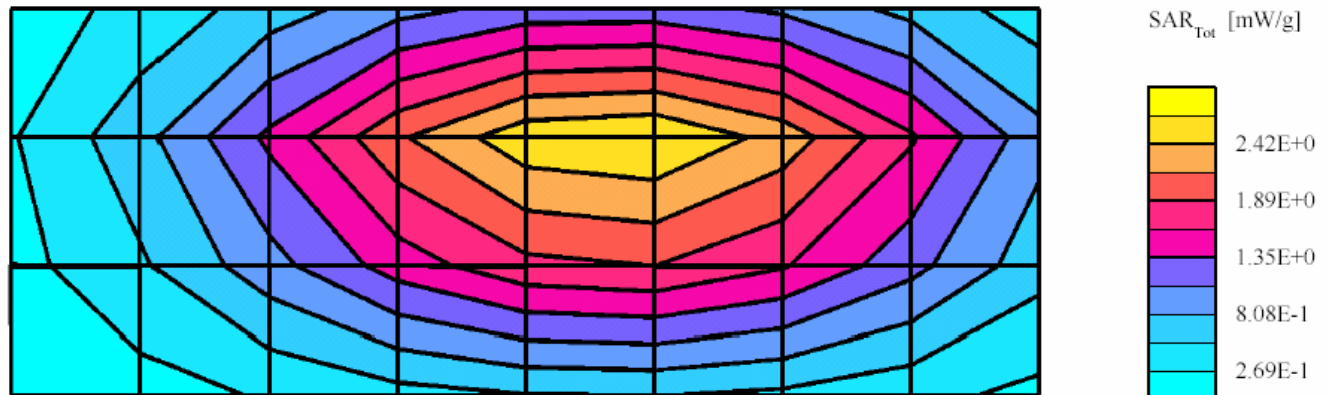
SAR calculated at 1W is 10.92 mW/g (1g avg). Percent from target (including drift) is - 2.24 %

SAR calculated at 1W is 6.92 mW/g (10g avg). Percent from target (including drift) is - 2.67 %

Flat Phantom; Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1384(Cal Date 05-15-2003);Probe Cal Date: 15/05/03ConvF(6.50,6.50,6.50); Crest factor: 1.0; FCC Body 900 MHz: $\sigma = 1.04$ mho/m $\epsilon = 52.9$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³; DAE3: SN363-V1 DAE Cal Date: 05/13/2003

Cubes (2): Peak: 4.29 mW/g $\pm$ 0.02 dB, SAR (1g): 2.73 mW/g $\pm$ 0.03 dB, SAR (10g): 1.73 mW/g $\pm$ 0.04 dB, (Worst-case extrapolation) Penetration depth: 12.2 (11.2, 13.5) [mm]

Power drift: 0.00 dB



SPEAG 900 MHz Dipole; Model D900V2, SN 085; Test Date: 4/12/04

Motorola CGISS EME Lab

Run #: Sys Perf-R1-040412-01

TX Freq: 900 MHz

Sim Tissue Temp: 21.5 (Celsius)

Start Power; 250mW

SAR target at 1W is 11.17 mW/g (1g avg, including drift)

SAR target at 1W is 7.11 mW/g (10g avg, including drift)

SAR calculated at 1W is 10.34 mW/g (1g avg). Percent from target (including drift) is - 7.39 %

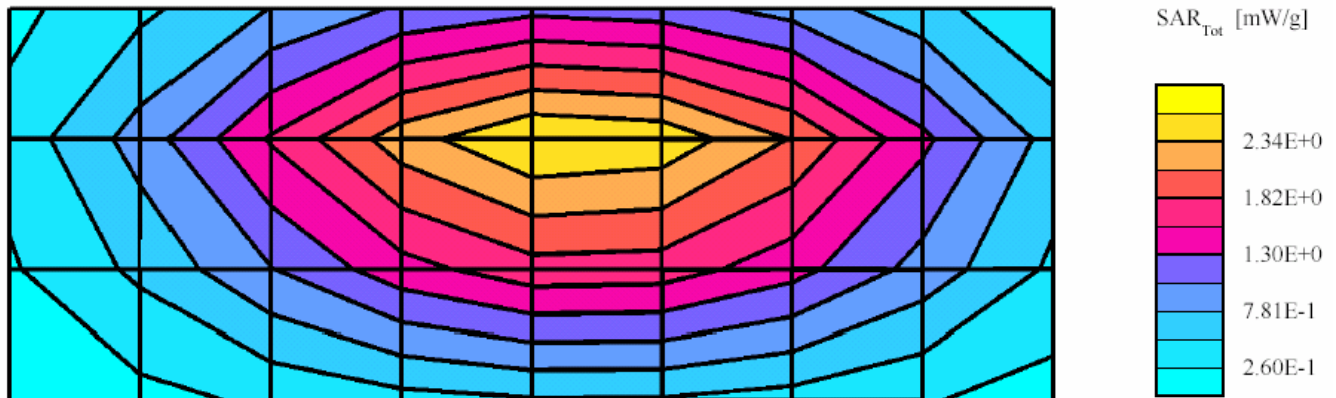
SAR calculated at 1W is 6.54 mW/g (10g avg). Percent from target (including drift) is - 8.02 %

Flat Phantom; Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1384(Cal Date 05-15-2003);Probe Cal Date: 15/05/03ConvF(6.50,6.50,6.50); Crest factor:

1.0; FCC Body 900 MHz: $\sigma = 1.04$ mho/m $\epsilon = 52.4$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³; DAE3: SN363-V1 DAE Cal Date: 05/13/2003

Cubes (2): Peak: 4.12 mW/g ± 0.02 dB, SAR (1g): 2.61 mW/g ± 0.03 dB, SAR (10g): 1.65 mW/g ± 0.03 dB, (Worst-case extrapolation) Penetration depth: 12.1 (11.1, 13.4) [mm]

Power drift: 0.04 dB



SPEAG 900 MHz Dipole; Model D900V2, SN 085; Test Date: 4/13/04

Motorola CGISS EME Lab

Run #: Sys Perf-R1-040413-01

TX Freq: 900 MHz

Sim Tissue Temp: 21.5 (Celsius)

Start Power; 250mW

SAR target at 1W is 11.17 mW/g (1g avg, including drift)

SAR target at 1W is 7.11 mW/g (10g avg, including drift)

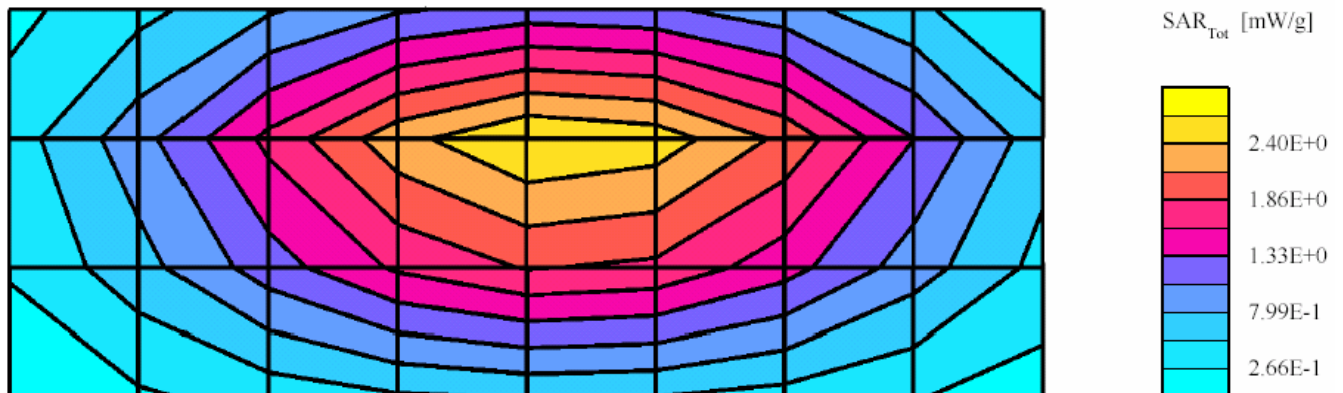
SAR calculated at 1W is 10.34 mW/g (1g avg). Percent from target (including drift) is - 7.39 %

SAR calculated at 1W is 6.54 mW/g (10g avg). Percent from target (including drift) is - 8.02 %

Flat Phantom; Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1384(Cal Date 05-15-2003);Probe Cal Date: 15/05/03ConvF(6.50,6.50,6.50); Crest factor: 1.0; FCC Body 900 MHz: $\sigma = 1.05$ mho/m $\epsilon = 53.8$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³; DAE3: SN363-V1 DAE Cal Date: 05/13/2003

Cubes (2): Peak: 4.24 mW/g $\pm$ 0.03 dB, SAR (1g): 2.70 mW/g $\pm$ 0.03 dB, SAR (10g): 1.71 mW/g $\pm$ 0.04 dB, (Worst-case extrapolation)Penetration depth: 12.2 (11.2, 13.5) [mm]

Power drift: 0.01 dB



SPEAG 900 MHz Dipole; Model D900V2, SN 085; Test Date: 4/14/04

Motorola CGISS EME Lab

Run #: Sys Perf-R1-040414-01

TX Freq: 900 MHz

Sim Tissue Temp: 21.5 (Celsius)

Start Power; 250mW

SAR target at 1W is 12.00 mW/g (1g avg, including drift)

SAR target at 1W is 7.52 mW/g (10g avg, including drift)

SAR calculated at 1W is 11.75 mW/g (1g avg). Percent from target (including drift) is -2.11 %

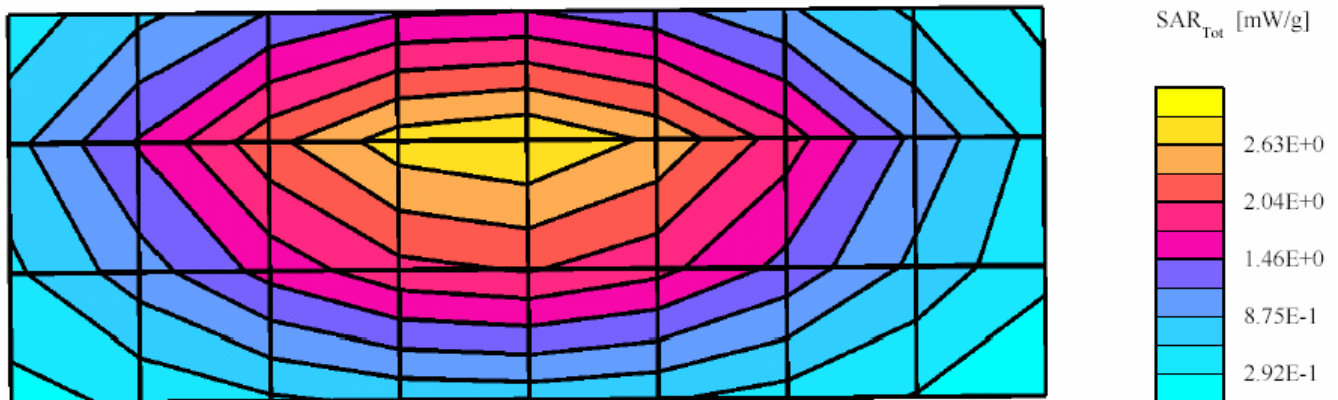
SAR calculated at 1W is 7.34 mW/g (10g avg). Percent from target (including drift) is -2.44 %

SAM - Expanded; Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1384(Cal Date 05-15-2003);Probe Cal Date: 15/05/03ConvF(6.60,6.60,6.60); Crest

factor: 1.0; IEEE Head 900 MHz : $\sigma = 1.01$ mho/m $\epsilon = 40.9$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³; DAE3: SN363-V1 DAE Cal Date: 05/13/2003

Cubes (2): Peak: 4.69 mW/g ± 0.02 dB, SAR (1g): 2.93 mW/g ± 0.02 dB, SAR (10g): 1.83 mW/g ± 0.03 dB, (Worst-case extrapolation) Penetration depth: 11.3 (10.5, 12.4) [mm]

Power drift: -0.01 dB



SYSTEM VALIDATION

Date:	<u>12/16/2003</u>	Frequency (MHz):	<u>900</u>
Lab Location:	<u>CGISS</u>	Mixture Type:	<u>IEEE Head</u>
Robot System:	<u>CGISS-3</u>	Ambient Temp.(°C):	<u>22.8</u>
Probe Serial #:	<u>ET3DV6-1393</u>	Tissue Temp.(°C):	<u>20.9</u>
DAE Serial #:	<u>406</u>		

Tissue Characteristics

Permittivity:	<u>41.5</u>	Phantom Type/SN:	<u>SAMTP1208</u>
Conductivity:	<u>1.00</u>	Distance (mm):	<u>15 (tissue/dipole cnt)</u>

Reference Source:	<u>900V2</u>	(Dipole)
Reference SN:	<u>85</u>	

Power to Dipole:	<u>250</u>	mW
Power Output (radio	<u>NA</u>	mW

Target SAR Value:	<u>10.8</u>	mW/g,	<u>6.9</u>	mW/g (10g avg.)
(normalized to 1.0 W)				

Measured SAR Value:	<u>3</u>	mW/g,	<u>1.88</u>	mW/g (10g avg.)
Power Drift:	<u>0</u>	dB		

Measured SAR Value:	<u>12.00</u>	mW/g,	<u>7.52</u>	mW/g (10g avg.)
(normalized to 1.0 W, including drift)				

Percent Difference From Target (MUST be within System Uncertainty):	<u>11.11</u>	% (1g ave)
	<u>8.99</u>	% (10g ave)

Test performed by:	<u>Edward R. Church</u>	Initial:	<u>EC</u>
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SPEAG DIPOLE D900V2; Test date:12/16/03

Run #: Sys Val-R3-031216-03

Phantom #:SAMTP1208

Model #: D900V2

SN: 085

Robot: CGISS-3

Tester: E. Church

TX Freq: 900 MHz

Sim Tissue Temp: 20.9 (Celsius)

Start Power: 250mW

DAE3: SN: 406

DAE Cal Date: 11/20/03

- Comments-

IEEE 1528 Target at 1W is 10.04 mW/g (1g) and 6.9 mW/g (10g avg.)

SAR calculated 1g is 11.96 mW/g percent from target (including drift) + 10.74 %

SAR Calculated 10g is 7.52 mW/g Percent from target (including drift) is + 8.99 %

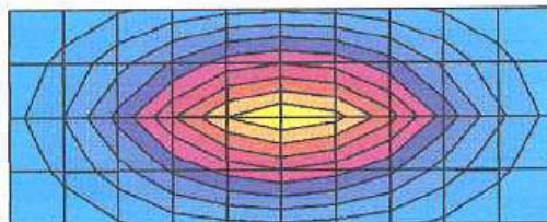
SAM; Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1393 (Cal Date 16 April 2003) ; ConvF(7.00,7.00,7.00); Crest factor: 1.0; IEEE

Head 900 MHz: $\sigma = 1.00$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 41.5$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

Cubes (2): Peak: 4.78 mW/g ± 0.04 dB, SAR (1g): 3.00 mW/g ± 0.04 dB, SAR (10g): 1.88 mW/g ± 0.05 dB, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Penetration depth: 11.2 (10.5, 12.3) [mm]

Powerdrift: 0.00 dB



SAR_{Tot} [mW/g]

3.00E-1

SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK TARGET SAR

Date:	<u>12/16/2003</u>	Frequency (MHz):	<u>900</u>
Lab Location:	<u>CGISS</u>	Mixture Type:	<u>FCC Body</u>
Robot System:	<u>CGISS-3</u>	Ambient Temp.(°C):	<u>22.7</u>
Probe Serial #:	<u>ET3DV6-1393</u>	Tissue Temp.(°C):	<u>21</u>
DAE Serial #:	<u>406</u>		

Tissue Characteristics

Permittivity:	<u>52.6</u>	Phantom Type/SN:	<u>80302002A-S8</u>
Conductivity:	<u>1.03</u>	Distance (mm):	<u>15 (tissue/dipole cnt)</u>

Reference Source:	<u>900</u>	(Dipole)
Reference SN:	<u>85</u>	

Power to Dipole: 250 mW

Measured SAR Value:	<u>2.78</u> mW/g,	<u>1.77</u> mW/g (10g avg.)
Power Drift:	<u>-0.02</u> dB	

New Target/Measured

SAR Value:	<u>11.17</u> mW/g,	<u>7.11</u> mW/g (10g avg.)
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(normalized to 1.0 W, including drift)

Test performed by: Edward R. Church Initial: ERC

SPEAG DIPOLE D900V2; Test date:12/16/03

Run #: Sys Perf-R3-031216-06

Phantom #: 80302002A-S8

Model #: D900V2

SN: 085

Robot: CGISS-3

Tester: E. Church

TX Freq: 900 MHz

Sim Tissue Temp: 21.0 (Celsius)

Start Power: 250mW

DAE3: SN: 406

DAE Cal Date: 11/20/03

- Comments-

New Target at 1W is calc SAR values 11.17 mW/g (1g) and 7.11 mW/g (10g avg.)

SAR calculated 1g is 11.17 mW/g percent from target (including drift) 0 %

SAR Calculated 10g is 7.11 mW/g Percent from target (including drift) is 0 %

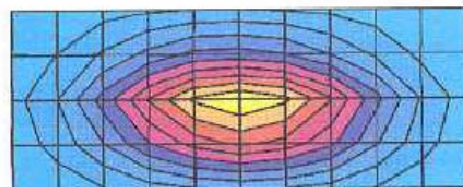
Flat; Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1393 (Cal Date 16 April 2003) ; ConvF(6.80,6.80,6.80); Crest factor: 1.0; FCC

Body 900MHz: $\sigma = 1.03$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 52.6$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

Cubes (2): Peak: 4.34 mW/g ± 0.03 dB, SAR (1g): 2.78 mW/g ± 0.03 dB, SAR (10g): 1.77 mW/g ± 0.03 dB, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Penetration depth: 12.1 (11.2, 13.3) [mm]

Powerdrift: -0.02 dB



SAR_{Tot} [mW/g]



APPENDIX D

Probe/Dipole Calibration Certificates

Client

Motorola CGISS

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object(s) ET3DV6 - SN:1384

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v2
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: May 15, 2003

Condition of the calibrated item In Tolerance (according to the specific calibration document)

This calibration statement documents traceability of M&TE used in the calibration procedures and conformity of the procedures with the ISO/IEC 17025 international standard.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature 22 +/- 2 degrees Celsius and humidity < 75%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Model Type	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
RF generator HP 8684C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Aug-02)	In house check: Aug-05
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	2-Apr-03 (METAS, No 252-0250)	Apr-04
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092180	18-Sep-02 (Agilent, No. 20020918)	Sep-03
Power meter EPM E4419B	GB41293874	2-Apr-03 (METAS, No 252-0250)	Apr-04
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US38432426	3-May-00 (Agilent, No. 8702K064602)	In house check: May 03
Fluke Process Calibrator Type 702	SN: 6295803	3-Sep-01 (ELCAL, No.2360)	Sep-03

Calibrated by: Nico Vetterli
Name: Nico Vetterli
Function: Technician
Signature: 

Approved by: Katja Pokorny
Name: Katja Pokorny
Function: Laboratory Director
Signature: 

Date issued: May 15, 2003

This calibration certificate is issued as an intermediate solution until the accreditation process (based on ISO/IEC 17025 International Standard) for Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG is completed.

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1384**Sensitivity in Free Space****Diode Compression**

NormX	$1.76 \mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$	DCP X	92	mV
NormY	$1.72 \mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$	DCP Y	92	mV
NormZ	$1.89 \mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$	DCP Z	92	mV

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid

Head 900 MHz $\epsilon_r = 41.5 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 0.97 \pm 5\%$ mho/m

Valid for f=800-1000 MHz with Head Tissue Simulating Liquid according to EN 50361, P1528-200X

ConvF X	$6.6 \pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
ConvF Y	$6.6 \pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Alpha	0.45
ConvF Z	$6.6 \pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Depth	2.42

Head 1800 MHz $\epsilon_r = 40.0 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 1.40 \pm 5\%$ mho/m

Valid for f=1710-1910 MHz with Head Tissue Simulating Liquid according to EN 50361, P1528-200X

ConvF X	$5.4 \pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
ConvF Y	$5.4 \pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Alpha	0.55
ConvF Z	$5.4 \pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Depth	2.56

Boundary Effect

Head 900 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm

Probe Tip to Boundary		1 mm	2 mm
SAR _{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	11.4	6.3
SAR _{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.4	0.7

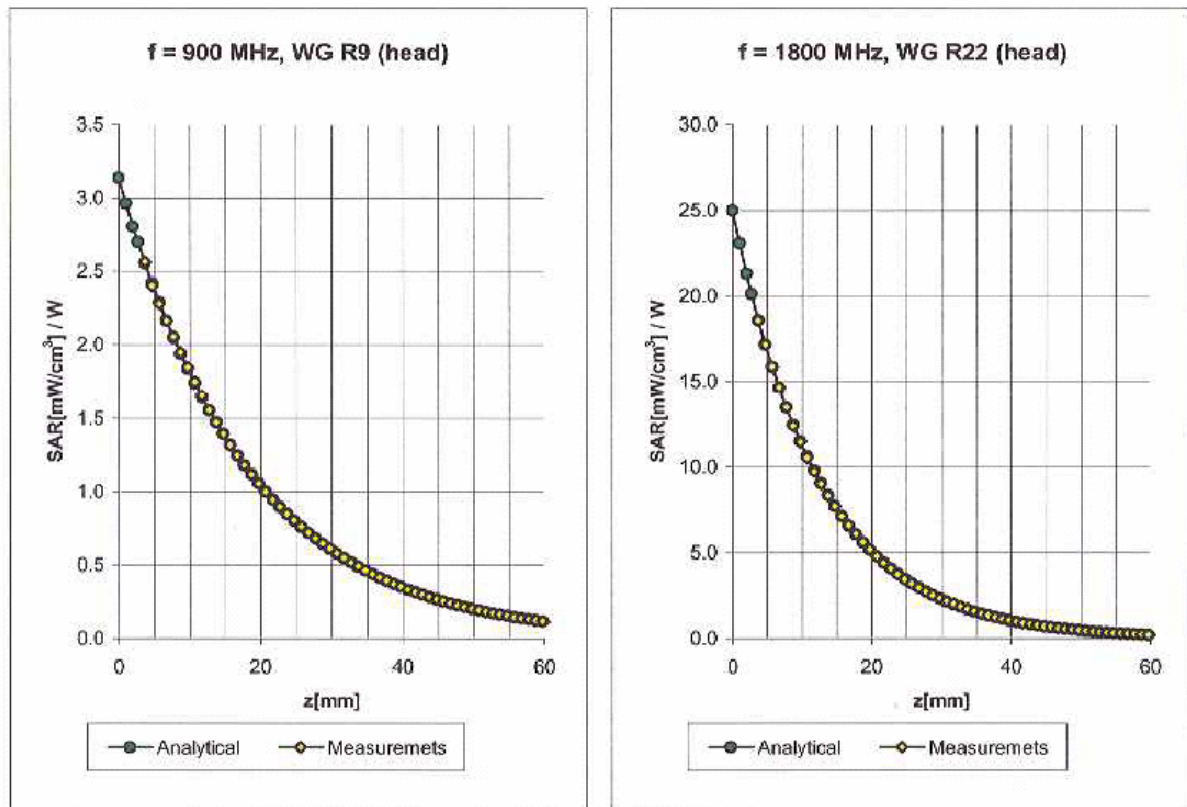
Head 1800 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm

Probe Tip to Boundary		1 mm	2 mm
SAR _{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	14.7	9.5
SAR _{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.1	0.0

Sensor Offset

Probe Tip to Sensor Center	2.7	mm
Optical Surface Detection	1.5 ± 0.2	mm

Conversion Factor Assessment



Head 900 MHz $\epsilon_r = 41.5 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 0.97 \pm 5\%$ mho/m

Valid for f=800-1000 MHz with Head Tissue Simulating Liquid according to EN 50361, P1528-200X

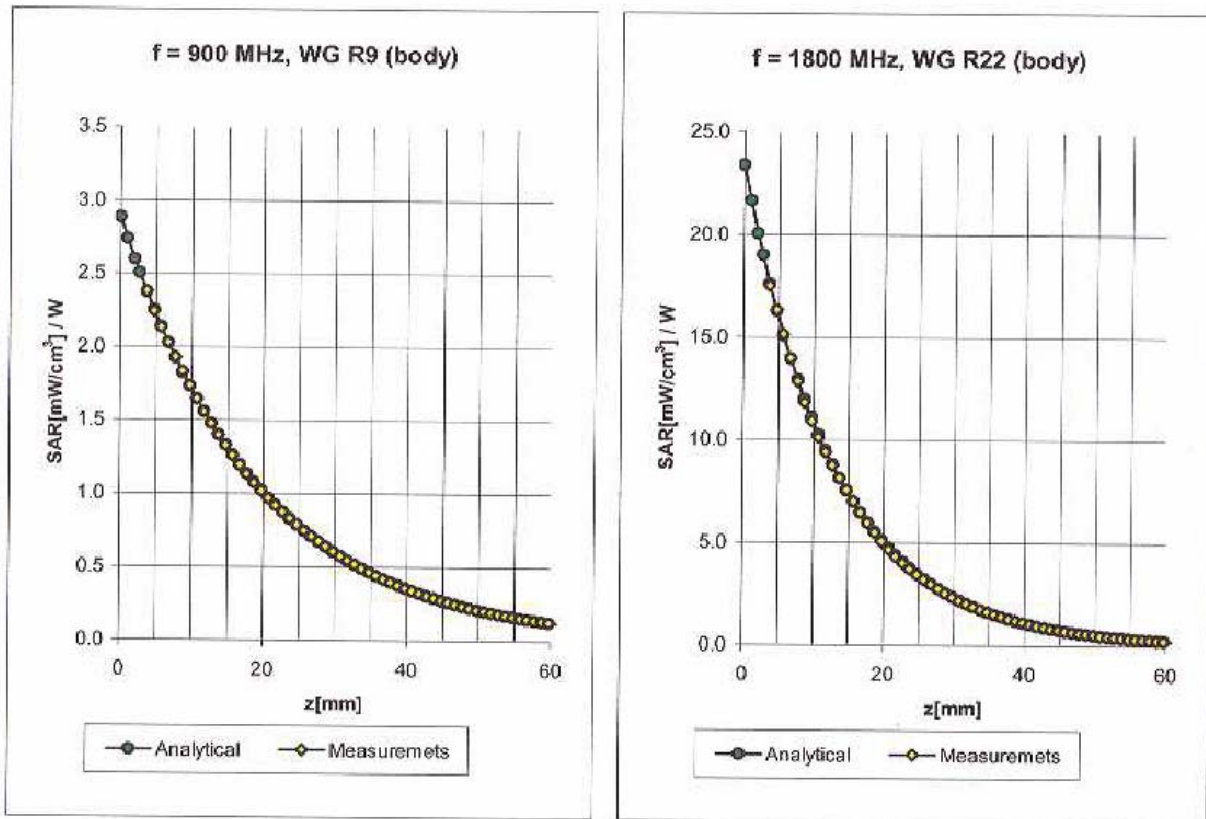
ConvF X	$6.6 \pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
ConvF Y	$6.6 \pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Alpha	0.45
ConvF Z	$6.6 \pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Depth	2.42

Head 1800 MHz $\epsilon_r = 40.0 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 1.40 \pm 5\%$ mho/m

Valid for f=1710-1910 MHz with Head Tissue Simulating Liquid according to EN 50361, P1528-200X

ConvF X	$5.4 \pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
ConvF Y	$5.4 \pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Alpha	0.55
ConvF Z	$5.4 \pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Depth	2.56

Conversion Factor Assessment



Body 900 MHz $\epsilon_r = 55.0 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 1.05 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$

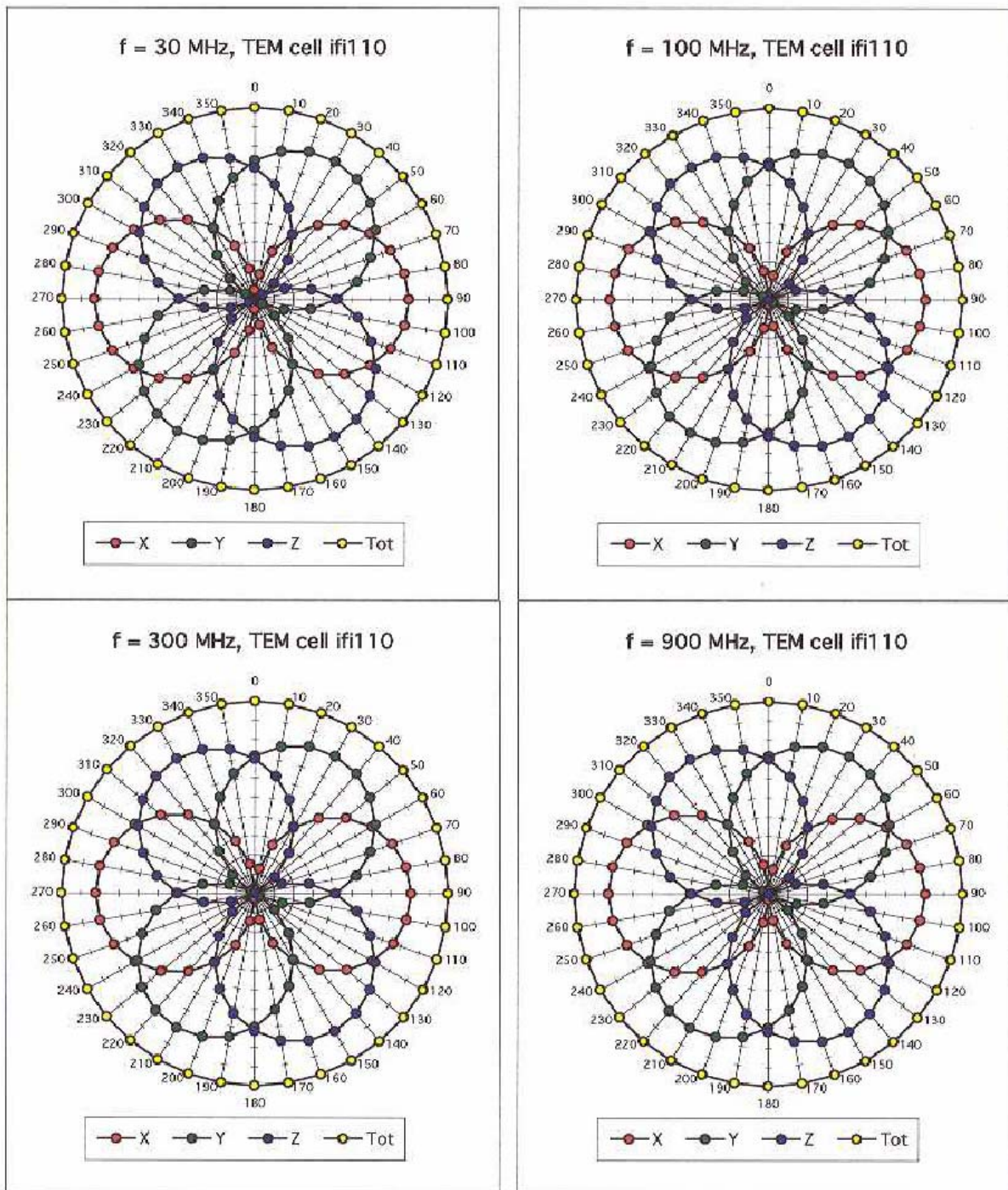
Valid for f=800-1000 MHz with Body Tissue Simulating Liquid according to OET 65 Suppl. C

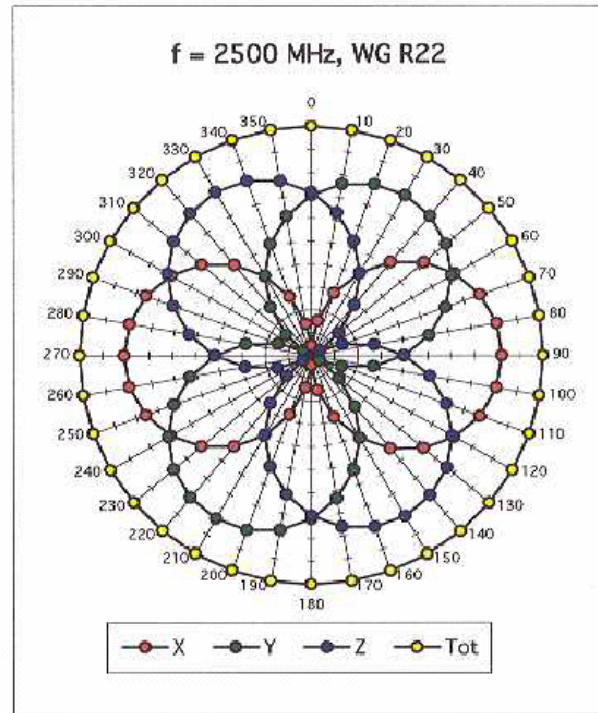
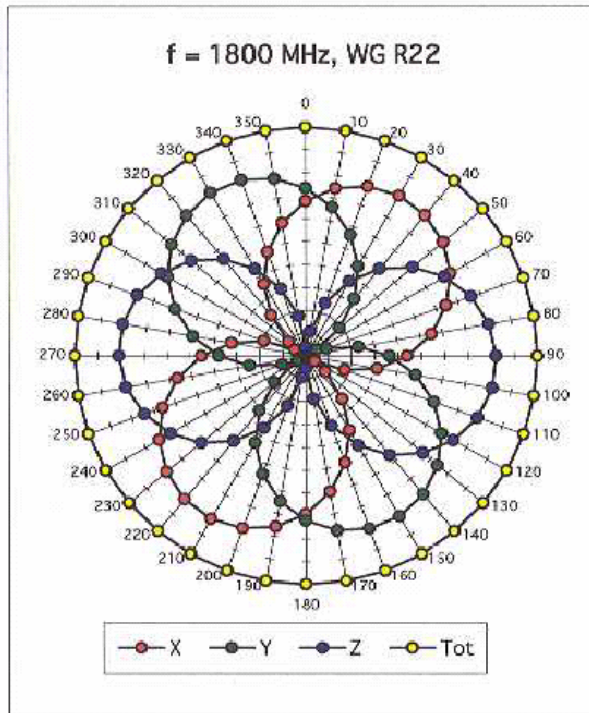
ConvF X	$6.5 \pm 9.5\% (k=2)$	Boundary effect:	
ConvF Y	$6.5 \pm 9.5\% (k=2)$	Alpha	0.44
ConvF Z	$6.5 \pm 9.5\% (k=2)$	Depth	2.51

Body 1800 MHz $\epsilon_r = 53.3 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 1.52 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$

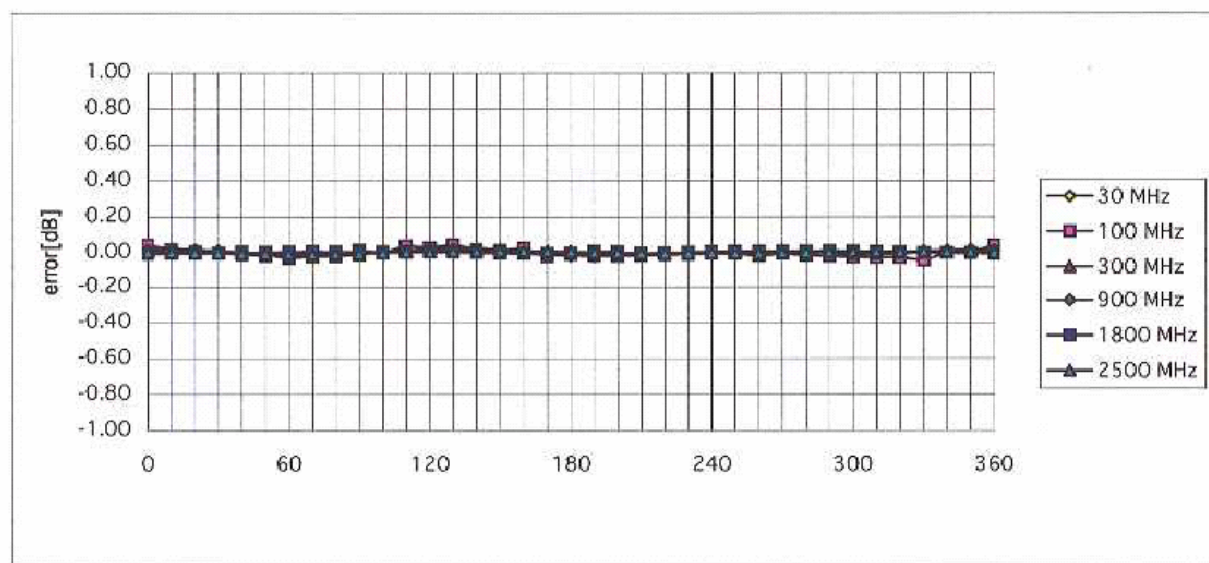
Valid for f=1710-1910 MHz with Body Tissue Simulating Liquid according to OET 65 Suppl. C

ConvF X	$5.0 \pm 9.5\% (k=2)$	Boundary effect:	
ConvF Y	$5.0 \pm 9.5\% (k=2)$	Alpha	0.64
ConvF Z	$5.0 \pm 9.5\% (k=2)$	Depth	2.49

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\theta = 0^\circ$ 

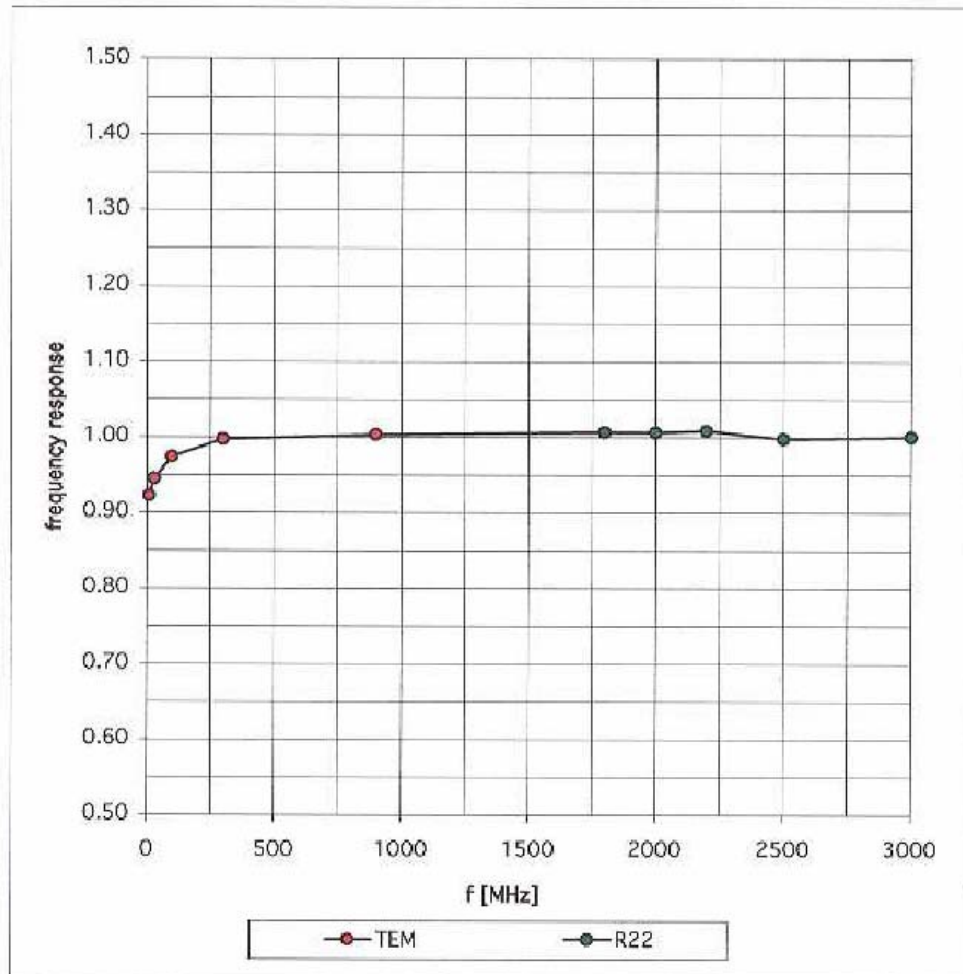


Isotropy Error (ϕ), $\theta = 0^\circ$



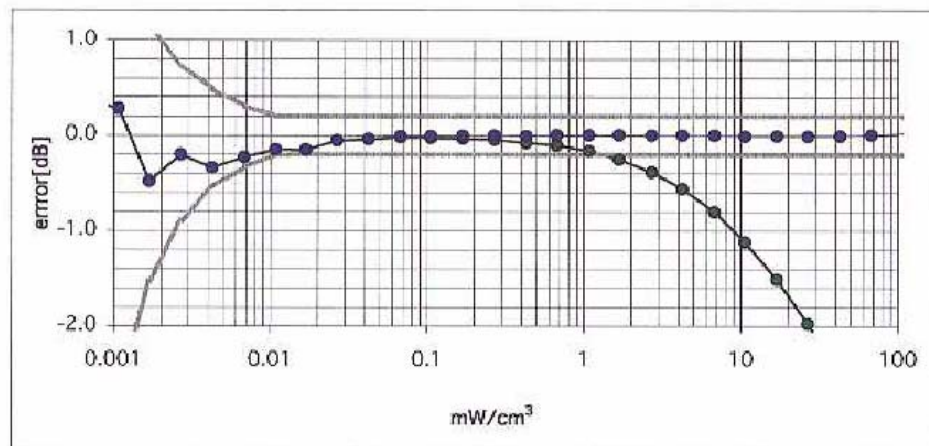
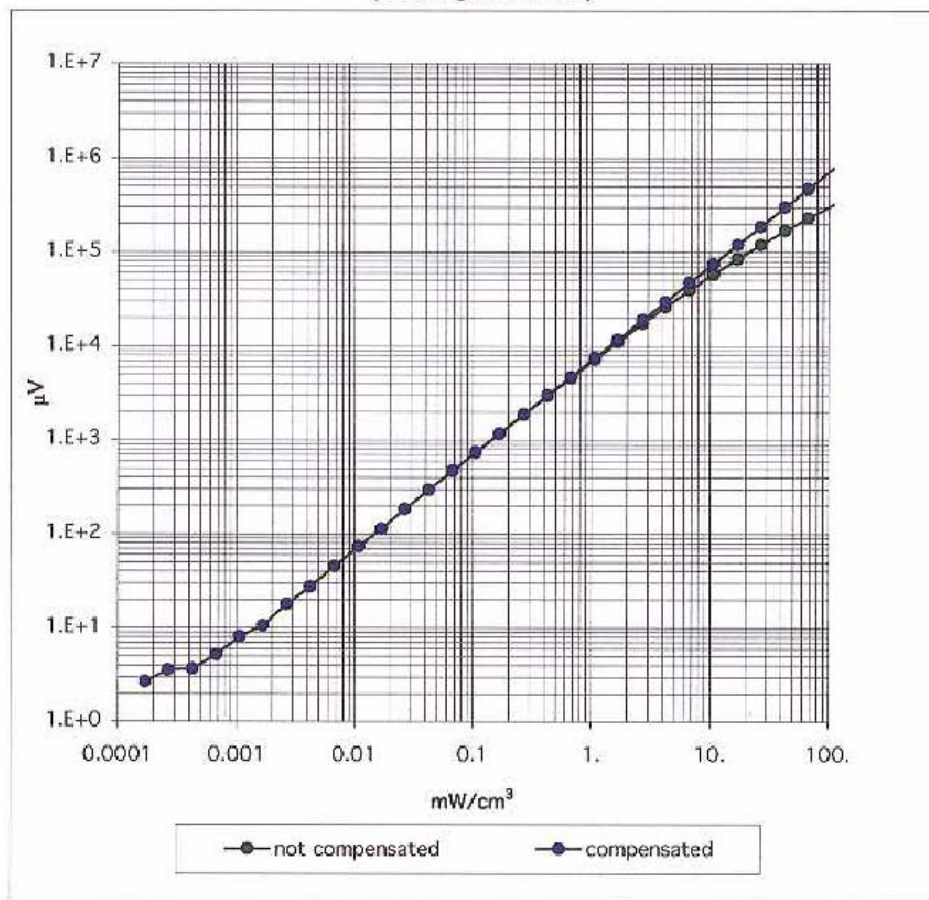
Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110, Waveguide R22)



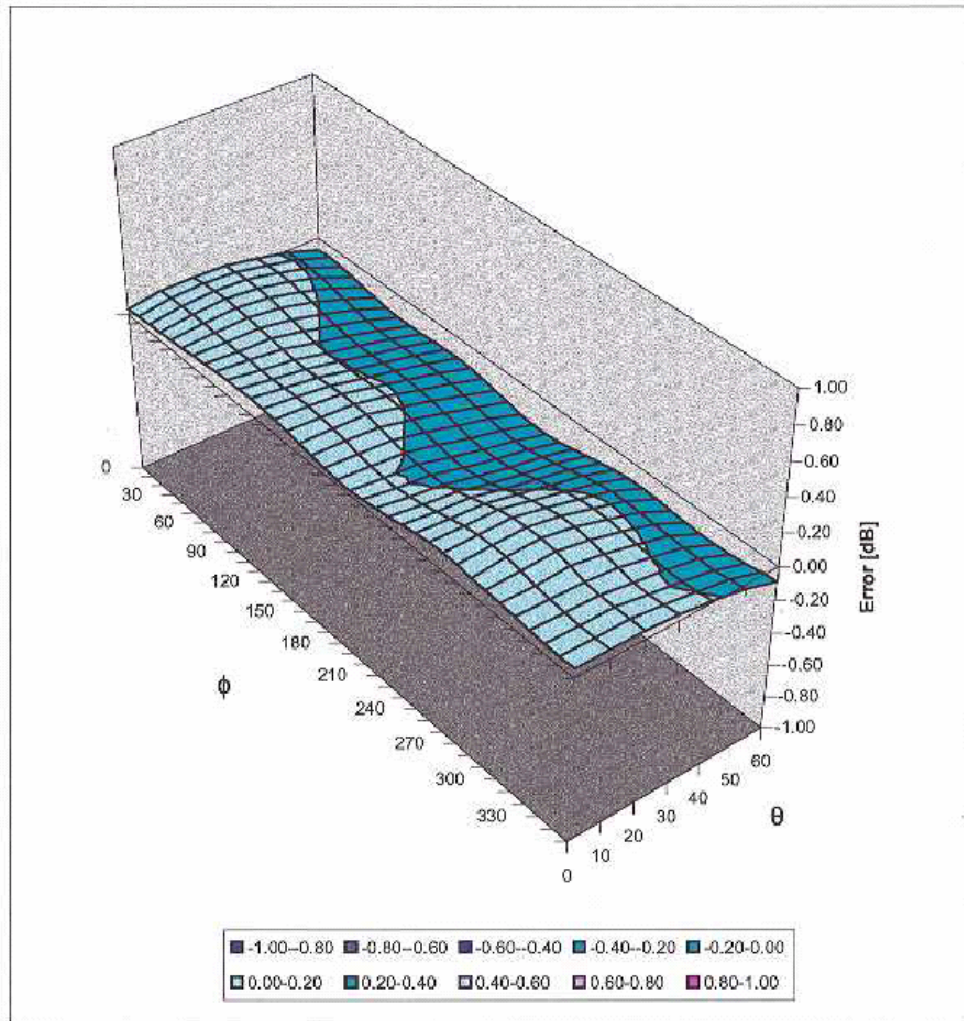
Dynamic Range f(SAR_{brain})

(Waveguide R22)



Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (θ, ϕ), $f = 900$ MHz



Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland, Phone +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79

Calibration Certificate

900 MHz System Validation Dipole

Type:

D900V2

Serial Number:

085

Place of Calibration:

Zurich

Date of Calibration:

August 27, 2002

Calibration Interval:

24 months

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG hereby certifies, that this device has been calibrated on the date indicated above. The calibration was performed in accordance with specifications and procedures of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG.

Wherever applicable, the standards used in the calibration process are traceable to international standards. In all other cases the standards of the Laboratory for EMF and Microwave Electronics at the Swiss Federal Institute of Technology (ETH) in Zurich, Switzerland have been applied.

Calibrated by:

D. Vetter

Approved by:

Thomas Klatzer

1. Measurement Conditions

The measurements were performed in the flat section of the new generic twin phantom filled with head simulating solution of the following electrical parameters at 900 MHz:

Relative Dielectricity	41.7	± 5%
Conductivity	0.97 mho/m	± 5%

The DASY System with a dosimetric E-field probe ET3DV6 (SN:1507, Conversion factor 6.5 at 900 MHz) was used for the measurements.

The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feedpoint was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 15mm from dipole center to the solution surface. The included distance holder was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 20mm was aligned with the dipole. The 5x5x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration. Probe isotropy errors were cancelled by measuring the SAR with normal and 90° turned probe orientations and averaging.

The dipole input power (forward power) was 250mW ± 3 %. The results are normalized to 1W input power.

2.1. SAR Measurement with DASY3 System

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 1. The results (see figure supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6 SN:1507 and applying the worst-case extrapolation are:

averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of tissue:	11.0 mW/g
averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of tissue:	6.92 mW/g

2.2 SAR Measurement with DASY4 System

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 1. The results (see figure supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6 SN:1507 and applying the advanced extrapolation are:

averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of tissue:	10.3 mW/g
averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of tissue:	6.64 mW/g

3. Dipole Impedance and Return Loss

The impedance was measured at the SMA-connector with a network analyzer and numerically transformed to the dipole feedpoint. The transformation parameters from the SMA-connector to the dipole feedpoint are:

Electrical delay:	1.389 ns	(one direction)
Transmission factor:	0.991	(voltage transmission, one direction)

The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to section 1 and the distance holder was in place during impedance measurements.

Feedpoint impedance at 900 MHz:	$\text{Re}\{Z\} = \mathbf{50.1\ \Omega}$
	$\text{Im}\{Z\} = \mathbf{-3.9\ \Omega}$
Return Loss at 900 MHz	-28.3 dB

4. Handling

Do not apply excessive force to the dipole arms, because they might bend. Bending of the dipole arms stresses the soldered connections near the feedpoint leading to a damage of the dipole.

5. Design

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

6. Power Test

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Validation Dipole D900V2 SN:085, d=15 mm

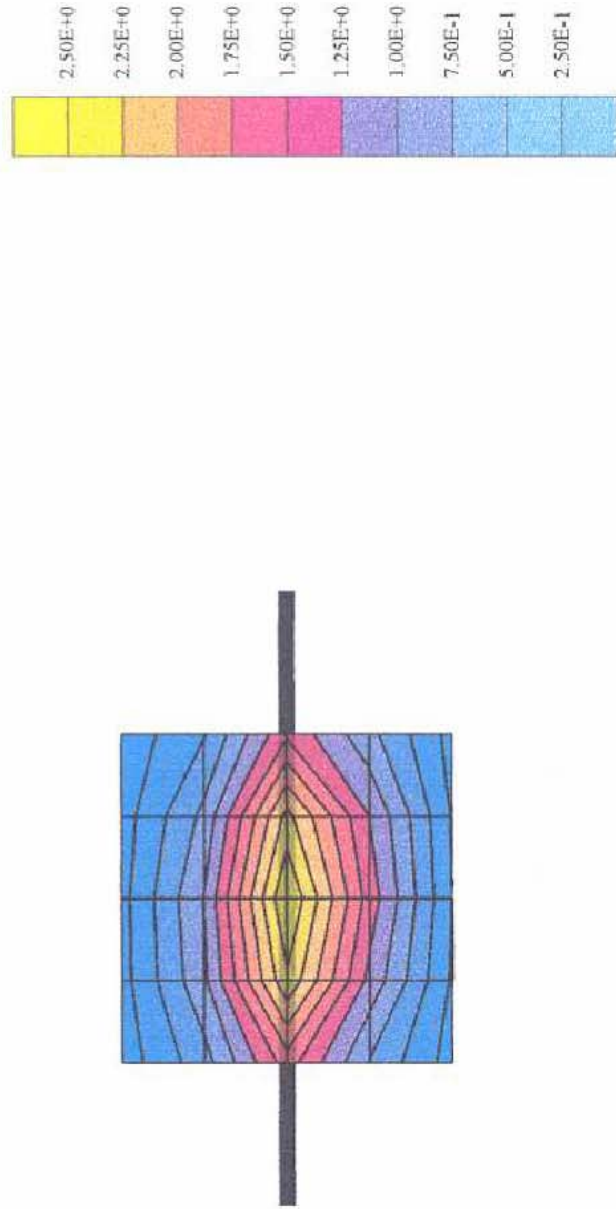
Frequency: 900 MHz, Antenna Input Power: 250 [mW]
SAM Phantom, Flat Section, Grid Spacing: Dx = 20.0, Dy = 20.0, Dz = 10.0
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507; ConvF(6.50,6.50) at 900 MHz; IEEE 1528 900 MHz: $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 41.7$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³
Cubes (2): Peak: 4.34 mW/g ± 0.01 dB, SAR (1g): 2.74 mW/g ± 0.01 dB, SAR (10g): 1.73 mW/g ± 0.02 dB, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Penetration depth: 11.6 (10.8, 12.8) [mm]
Powerdrift: -0.00 dB



08/27/02

Validation Dipole D900V2 SN:085, d=15 mm

Frequency: 900 MHz, Antenna Input Power: 250 [mW]
SAM Phantom, Flat Section, Grid Spacing: Dx = 20.0, Dy = 20.0, Dz = 10.0
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507, ConvF(6.50,6.50,6.50) at 900 MHz, IEEE 1528 900 MHz: $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 41.7$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³
Cubes (2), Peak: 3.85 mW/g ± 0.01 dB, SAR (1g): 2.57 mW/g ± 0.01 dB, SAR (10g): 1.66 mW/g ± 0.02 dB, (Advanced extrapolation)
Penetration depth: 12.6 (12.4, 12.9) [mm]
Powerdrift: -0.00 dB



Schmid & Partner Engineering AG, Zurich, Switzerland

APPENDIX E
Illustration of Body-Worn Accessories

The purpose of this appendix is to illustrate the body-worn carry accessories for FCC ID: AZ489FT5835. The sample that was used in the following photos represents the product used to obtain the results presented herein and was used in this section to demonstrate the different body-worn accessories.



Photo 1.
Model NNTN4747A
Back View



Photo 2.
Model NNTN4747A
Side View



Photo 3.
Model NNTN5510A
Back View



Photo 4.
Model NNTN5510A
Front View



Photo 5.
Model NNTN5510A
Side View

Appendix F

Accessories and options test status and separation distances

The following table summarizes the test status and separation distance provided by each of the body-worn accessories:

Carry Case Models	Tested ?	Separation distances between DUT antenna and phantom surface. (mm)	Comments
NNTN4747A	Yes	22-24	NA
NNTN5510A	Yes	35-36	NA

Audio Acc. Models	Tested ?	Separation distances between DUT antenna and phantom surface. (mm)	Comments
NNTN4620A	Yes	NA	NA
SYN8146C	Yes	NA	NA
SYN7875C	Yes	NA	NA
NTN8496A	Yes	NA	NA
NTN8513B	Yes	NA	NA
SYN8390B	Yes	NA	NA
NNTN4033A	Yes	NA	NA
NSN6066A	Yes	NA	NA
NNTN5004A	Yes	NA	NA
NNTN5005A	Yes	NA	NA
NNTN5006A	Yes	NA	NA
NNTN5330A	Yes	NA	NA
NNTN5211A	Yes	NA	NA

Data cables Models	Tested ?	Separation distances between DUT antenna and phantom surface. (mm)	Comments
NKN6560A	Yes	NA	NA
NKN6559A	Yes	NA	NA