

Attachment 3 - Dosimetric E-Field Probe - ET3DV6, S/N: 1700 Calibration Data

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Client

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Certificate No: ET3-1700 Oct08 CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE ET3DV6 - SN:1700 Object QA CAL-01.v6 and QA CAL-23.v3 Calibration procedure(s) Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes October 21, 2008 Calibration date: Condition of the calibrated item In Tolerance This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Scheduled Calibration Primary Standards ID# Cal Date (Certificate No.) Power meter E4419B GB41293874 1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788) Apr-09 MY41495277 Apr-09 Power sensor E4412A 1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788) MY41498087 Apr-09 Power sensor E4412A 1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788) Jul-09 Reference 3 dB Attenuator SN: S5054 (3c) 1-Jul-08 (No. 217-00865) Apr-09 Reference 20 dB Attenuator SN: S5086 (20b) 31-Mar-08 (No. 217-00787) Reference 30 dB Attenuator SN: S5129 (30b) 1-Jul-08 (No. 217-00866) Jul-09 SN: 3013 2-Jan-08 (No. ES3-3013 Jan08) Jan-09 Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 SN: 660 9-Sep-08 (No. DAE4-660_Sep08) Sep-09 ID# Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check Secondary Standards 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07) RF generator HP 8648C US3642U01700 In house check: Oct-09 In house check: Oct-08 Network Analyzer HP 8753E US37390585 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-07) Signature Function Marcel Fehr Laboratory Technician Calibrated by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager Approved by:

Issued: October 21, 2008

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point
Polarization φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at

measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

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Probe ET3DV6

SN:1700

Manufactured: June 24, 2002

Last calibrated: November 15, 2007 Repaired: October 16, 2008

Recalibrated: October 21, 2008

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1700

Sensitivity in Fre	Diode Compression ^B			
NormX	1.71 ± 10.1%	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$	DCP X	89 mV
NormY	2.01 ± 10.1%	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$	DCP Y	91 mV
NormZ	1.64 ± 10.1%	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$	DCP Z	94 mV

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

Boundary Effect

TSL 900 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm

Sensor Cente	3.7 mm	4.7 mm	
SAR _{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	11.0	7.2
SAR _{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.8	0.4

TSL 1810 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm

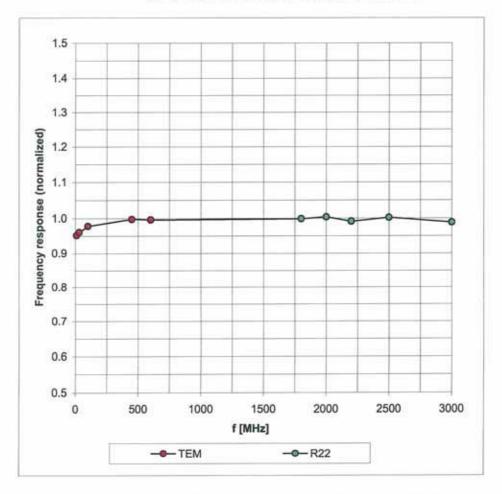
Sensor Cente	3.7 mm	4.7 mm	
SAR _{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	12.3	8.7
SAR _{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.7	0.3

Sensor Offset

Probe Tip to Sensor Center 2.7 mm

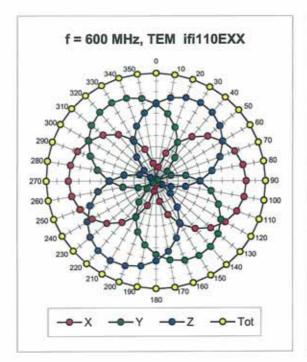
Frequency Response of E-Field

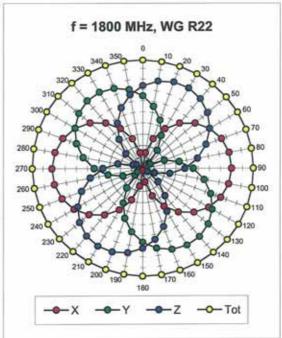
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

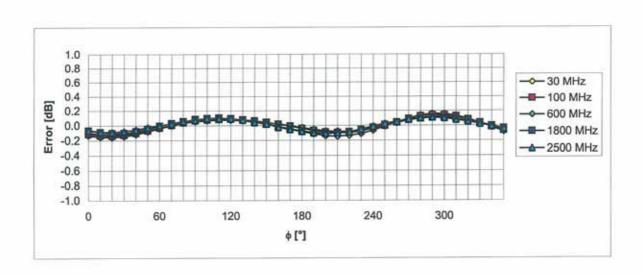


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



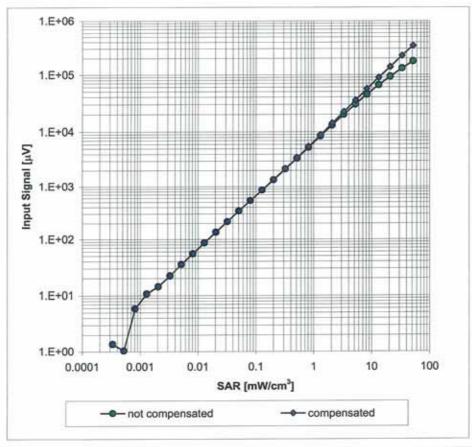


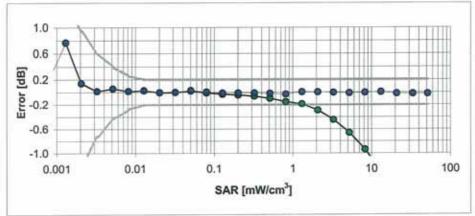


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})

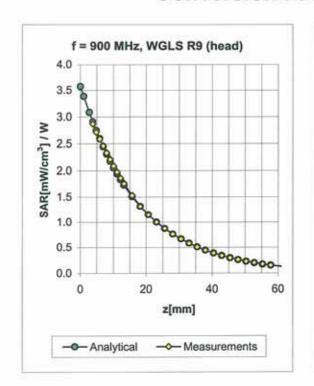
(Waveguide R22, f = 1800 MHz)

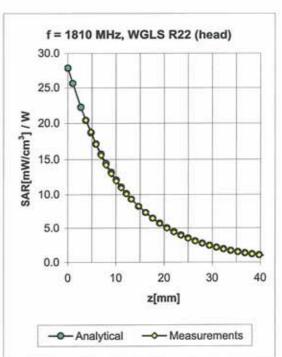




Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment



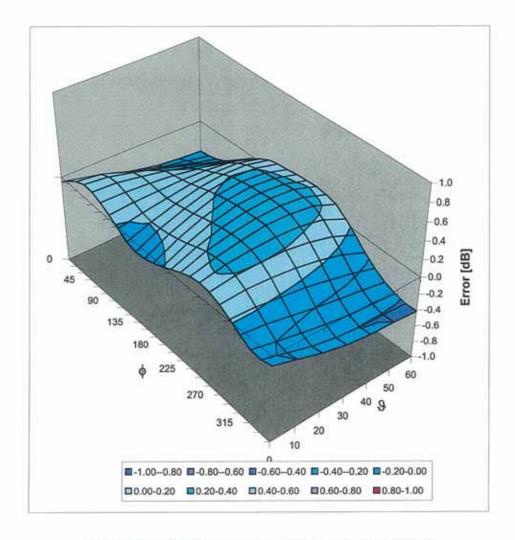


f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^c	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF Uncertainty
900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.39	2.98	6.27 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.5 ± 5%	1.20 ± 5%	0.39	3.63	5.24 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	±50/±100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.54	2.34	5.22 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.61	2.13	4.99 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	0.85	1.65	4.53 ± 11.0% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	0.46	2.83	6.05 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	54.0 ± 5%	1.30 ± 5%	0.52	2.53	4.94 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.72	2.02	4.67 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.76	1.90	4.56 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	±50/±100	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	0.97	1.54	3.78 ± 11.0% (k=2)

^C The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)