21. System Validation Dipole (D2450V2,S/N: 713)

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client   **UL Japan (PTT)**   Certificate No.: **D2450V2-713_Sep10**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	**D2450V2 - SN: 713**
Calibration procedure(s)	**QA CAL-05.v7** **Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits**
Calibration date:	**September 06, 2010**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086)	Oct-10
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086)	Oct-10
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158)	Mar-11
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162)	Mar-11
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10)	Apr-11
DAE4	SN: 601	10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10)	Jun-11

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-10

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Claudio Leubler	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: September 8, 2010

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Certificate No: D2450V2-713_Sep10   Page 1 of 9

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003

b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.

- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.

- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.

- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.

- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.

- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.

- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Certificate No: D2450V2-713_Sep10   Page 2 of 9

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.0 ± 6 %	1.74 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(21.8 ± 0.2) °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	12.9 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	51.6 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	52.4 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.08 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	24.3 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.4 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.5 ± 6 %	1.95 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.0 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	52.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**51.9 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.04 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	24.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**24.1 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Certificate No: D2450V2-713_Sep10   Page 4 of 9

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.0 Ω + 1.0 jΩ
Return Loss	- 30.4 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.6 Ω + 2.1 jΩ
Return Loss	- 33.5 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.160 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	July 05, 2002

UL Japan, Inc.
Head Office EMC Lab.
4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN
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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 03.09.2010 15:07:26

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:713

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL U12 BB
Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.74 mho/m; ε_r = 39; ρ = 1000 kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.53, 4.53, 4.53); Calibrated: 30.04.2010

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010

- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001

- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0, Version 52.2.0 (163)

- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2, Version 14.2.2 (1685)

Head/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 100.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.050 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.3 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 12.9 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.08 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.2 mW/g

0 dB = 16.2mW/g

Certificate No: D2450V2-713_Sep10   Page 6 of 9

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

3 Sep 2010 09:05:17

CH1 S11   1 U FS   5: 52.951 Ω   0.9531 Ω   61.916 pH   2 450.000 000 MHz

CH2 S11   LOG   5 dB/REF -20 dB   5:-30.417 dB   2 450.000 000 MHz

START 2 250.000 000 MHz   STOP 2 650.000 000 MHz

Certificate No: D2450V2-713_Sep10   Page 7 of 9

Validation Report for Body

Date/Time: 06.09.2010 13:42:13

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:713

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL U12 BB
Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.95 mho/m; ε_r = 52.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.31, 4.31, 4.31); Calibrated: 30.04.2010

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010

- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002

- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0, Version 52.2.0 (163)

- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2, Version 14.2.2 (1685)

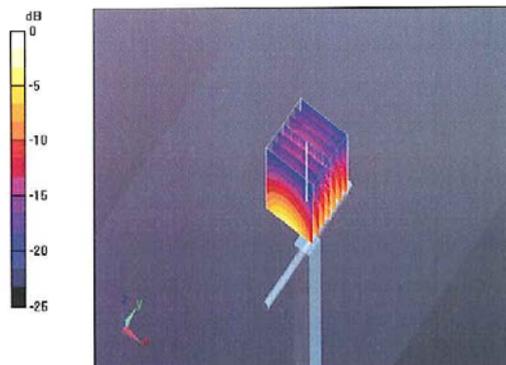**Body/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:**
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
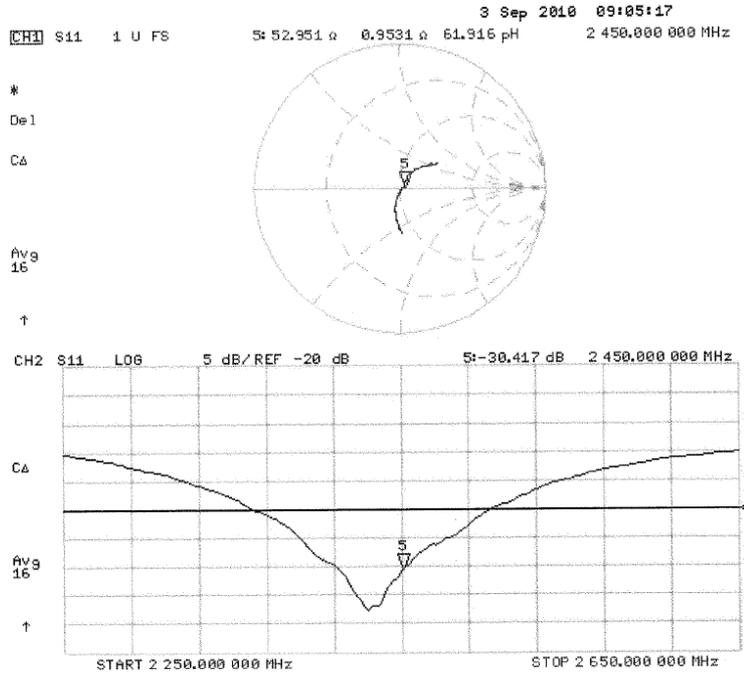Reference Value = 95.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.030 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 13 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.04 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.9 mW/g

0 dB = 16.9mW/g

Certificate No: D2450V2-713_Sep10   Page 8 of 9
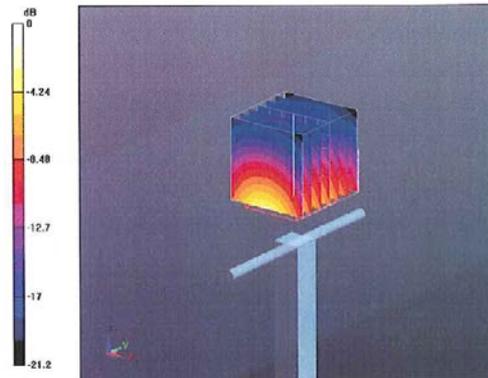
Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

6 Sep 2010 10:42:26

CH1 S11   1 U FS   3: 49.619 Ω   2.0625 Ω   133.98 pH   2 450.000 000 MHz

CH1 Markers
1: 39.088 Ω
   -25.314 Ω
2.25000 GHz

2: 39.088 Ω
   -25.314 Ω
2.25000 GHz

CH2 S11   LOG   5 dB/ REF -20 dB   3: -33.541 dB   2 450.000 000 MHz

CH2 Markers
1: -10.526 dB
2.25000 GHz

2: -10.526 dB
2.25000 GHz

START 2 250.000 000 MHz   STOP 2 650.000 000 MHz

Certificate No: D2450V2-713_Sep10   Page 9 of 9
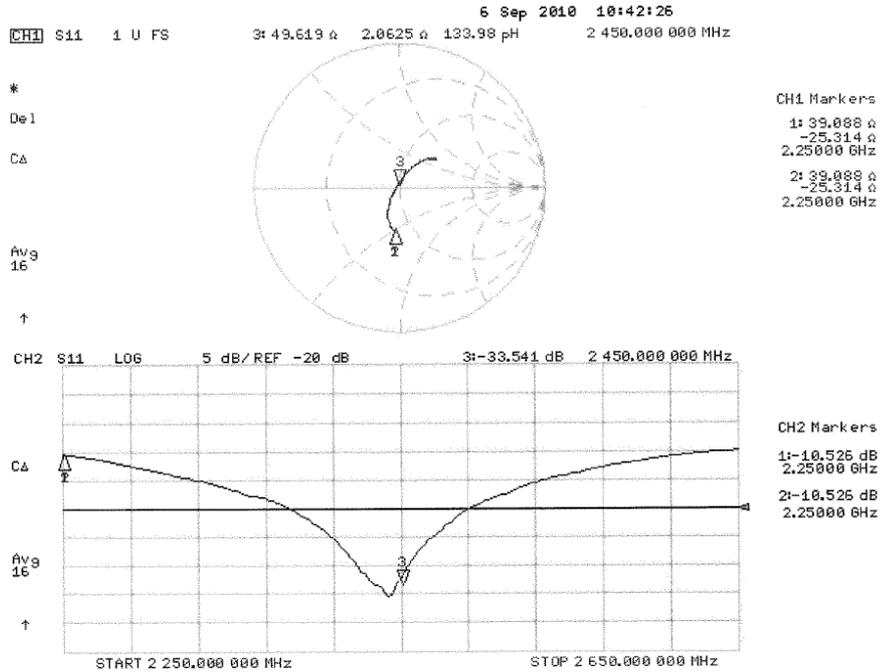
22. Dosimetric E-Field Probe Calibration (EX3DV3,S/N: 3507)

Calibration Laboratory of
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Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **UL Japan (PTT)**

Certificate No: **EX3-3507_Mar11**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	EX3DV3 - SN:3507
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-01.v7, QA CAL-14.v3, QA CAL-23.v4, QA CAL-25.v3 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes
Calibration date:	March 16, 2011

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	01-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136)	Apr-11
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	01-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136)	Apr-11
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	01-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136)	Apr-11
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159)	Mar-11
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161)	Mar-11
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01160)	Mar-11
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	29-Dec-10 (No. ES3-3013_Dec10)	Dec-11
DAE4	SN: 654	23-Apr-10 (No. DAE4-654_Apr10)	Apr-11

Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	
Approved by:	Fin Bomholt	R&D Director	

Issued: March 16, 2011

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Certificate No: EX3-3507_Mar11   Page 1 of 11

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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., ϑ = 0 is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003

b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *NORMx,y,z:* Assessed for E-field polarization ϑ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).

- *NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.

- *DCPx,y,z:* DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.

- *PAR:* PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics

- *Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z* are numerical linearization parameters in dB assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media.

- *VR:* VR is the validity range of the calibration related to the average diode voltage or DAE voltage in mV.

- *ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters:* Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to *NORMx,y,z * ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.

- *Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy):* in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.

- *Sensor Offset:* The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Certificate No: EX3-3507_Mar11   Page 2 of 11

EX3DV3 – SN:3507

March 16, 2011

Probe EX3DV3

SN:3507

Manufactured:	December 15, 2003
Calibrated:	March 16, 2011

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

EX3DV3– SN:3507   March 16, 2011

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV3 - SN:3507

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (μV/(V/m)^2)^A	0.68	0.76	0.68	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV)^B	101.3	100.9	100.1	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dB	C dB	VR mV	Unc^E (k=2)
10000	CW	0.00	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	106.0	±1.7 %
			Y	0.00	0.00	1.00	135.2	
			Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	107.9	

> The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^{A} The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).
^{B} Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
^{E} Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

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EX3DV3– SN:3507   March 16, 2011

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV3 - SN:3507

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) [c]	Relative Permittivity [F]	Conductivity (S/m) [F]	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
835	41.5	0.90	10.35	10.35	10.35	0.50	0.79	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	10.15	10.15	10.15	0.59	0.76	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	9.14	9.14	9.14	0.80	0.50	± 12.0 %
1810	40.0	1.40	8.87	8.87	8.87	0.80	0.50	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	8.78	8.78	8.78	0.80	0.50	± 12.0 %
2000	40.0	1.40	8.71	8.71	8.71	0.80	0.54	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.88	7.88	7.88	0.60	0.64	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.67	7.67	7.67	0.50	0.75	± 12.0 %
5200	36.0	4.66	4.95	4.95	4.95	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5300	35.9	4.76	4.59	4.59	4.59	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	4.34	4.34	4.34	0.42	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.07	4.07	4.07	0.42	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.29	4.29	4.29	0.42	1.80	± 13.1 %

[c] Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.
[F] At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

EX3DV3– SN:3507   March 16, 2011

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV3- SN:3507

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) [C]	Relative Permittivity [F]	Conductivity (S/m) [F]	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
835	55.2	0.97	10.49	10.49	10.49	0.77	0.60	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	10.18	10.18	10.18	0.69	0.65	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	8.56	8.56	8.56	0.63	0.66	± 12.0 %
1810	53.3	1.52	8.25	8.25	8.25	0.61	0.67	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	8.09	8.09	8.09	0.70	0.63	± 12.0 %
2000	53.3	1.52	8.21	8.21	8.21	0.56	0.68	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	7.61	7.61	7.61	0.73	0.55	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	7.44	7.44	7.44	0.80	0.50	± 12.0 %
5200	49.0	5.30	4.36	4.36	4.36	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5300	48.9	5.42	4.17	4.17	4.17	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5500	48.6	5.65	3.70	3.70	3.70	0.55	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	3.50	3.50	3.50	0.60	1.90	± 13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	3.69	3.69	3.69	0.60	1.90	± 13.1 %

[C] Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.
[F] At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

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Head Office EMC Lab.
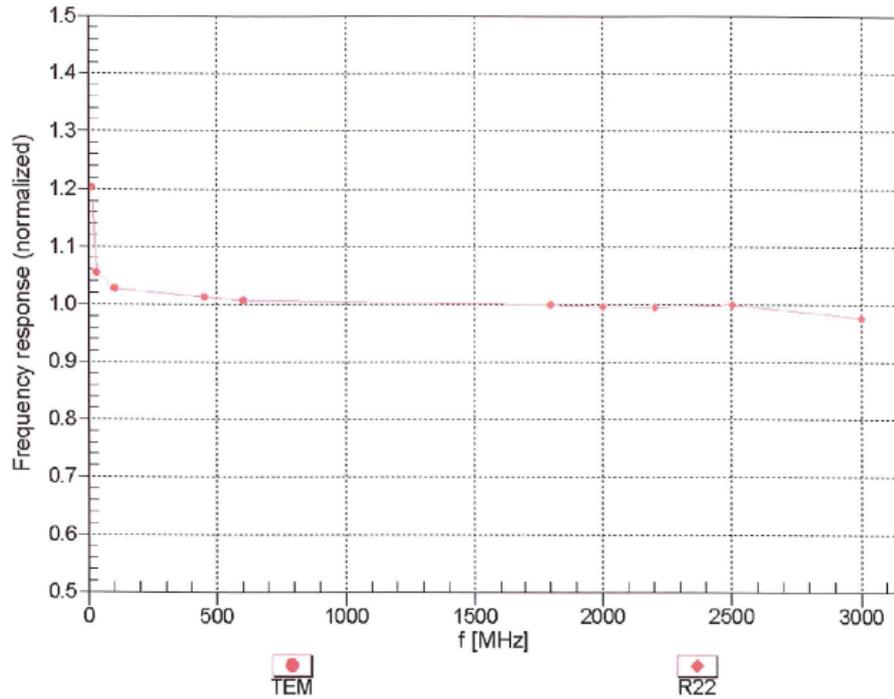4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN
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EX3DV3– SN:3507

March 16, 2011

Frequency Response of E-Field
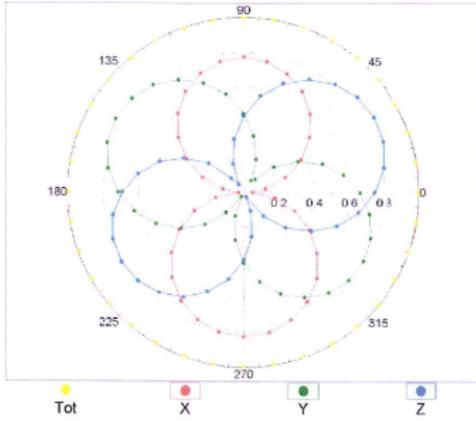### (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

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Receiving Pattern (φ), ϑ = 0°

f=600 MHz,TEM   f=1800 MHz,R22
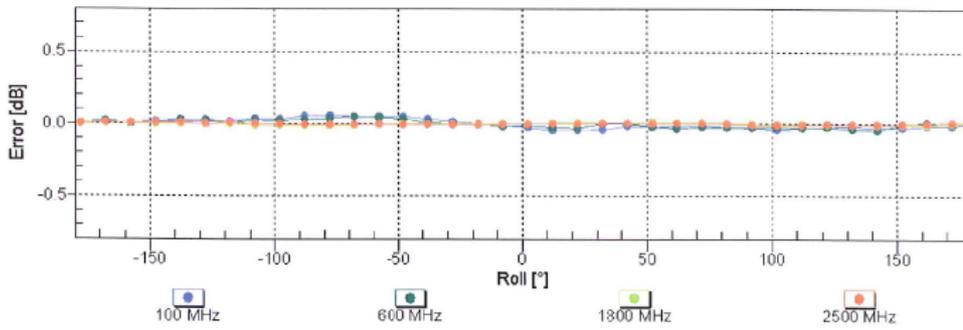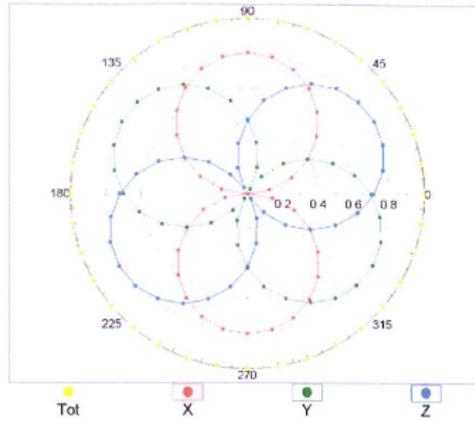
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

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Dynamic Range f(SAR$_{head}$)
(TEM cell , f = 900 MHz)
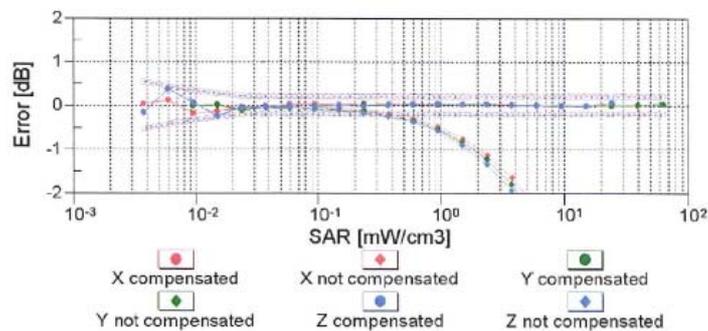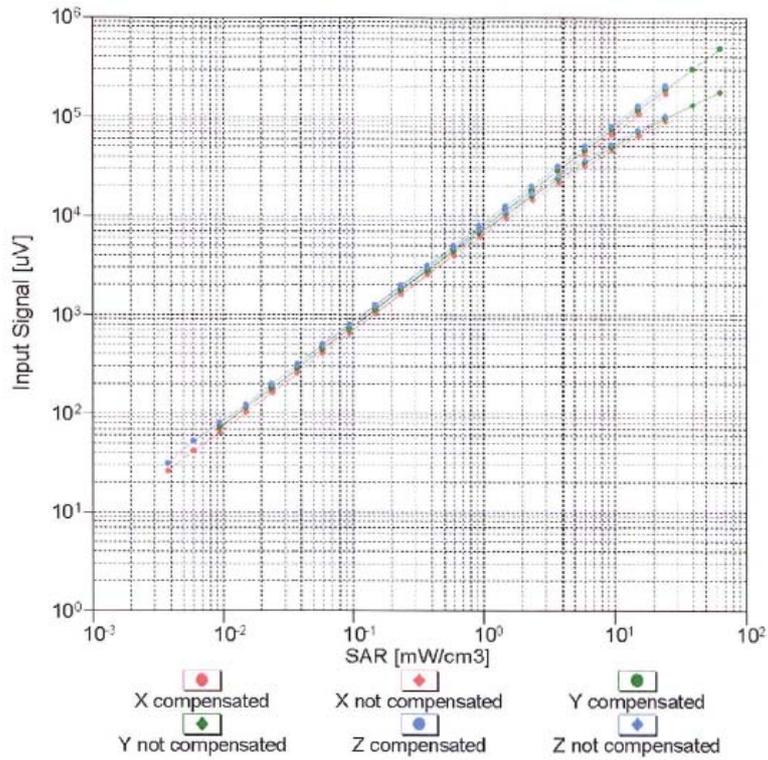
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

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Conversion Factor Assessment

f = 1750 MHz,WGLS R22 (H_convF)

f = 835 MHz,WGLS R9 (H_convF)
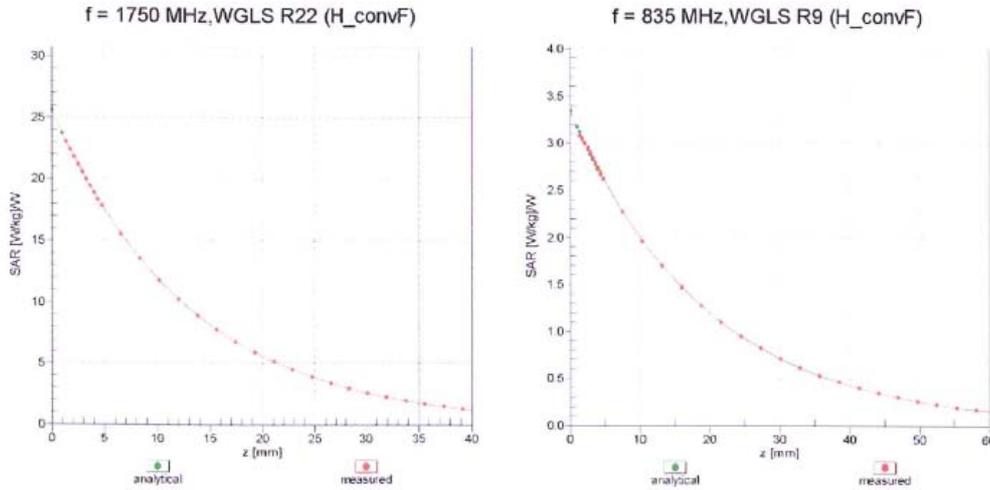
Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid
Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz

Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

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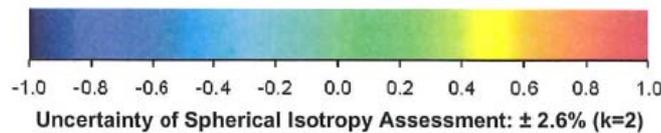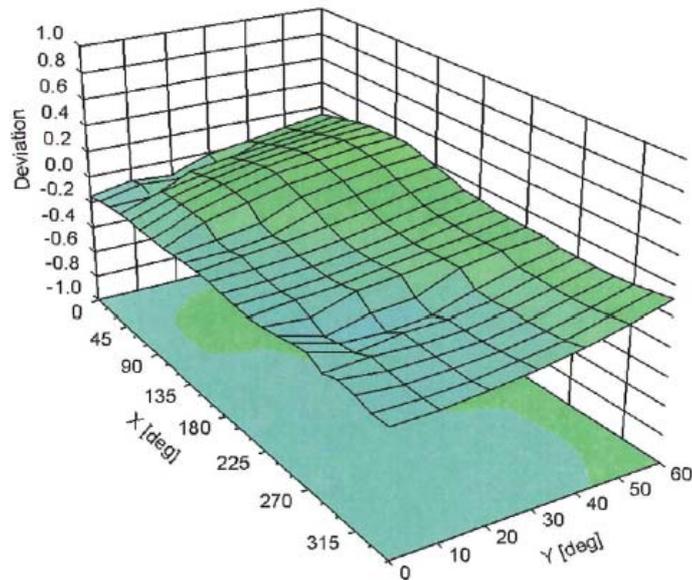
EX3DV3– SN:3507   March 16, 2011

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV3 - SN:3507

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	Not applicable
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	2 mm

23. References

[1]ANSI, ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human
   Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz, The Institute of
   Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., New York, NY 10017, 1992.

[2] Katja Pokovic, Thomas Schmid, and Niels Kuster, "Robust setup for precise calibration of E-field
    probes in tissue simulating liquids at mobile communications frequencies", in ICECOM '97,
    Dubrovnik, October 15-17, 1997, pp. 120-124.

[3] Katja Pokovic, Thomas Schmid, and Niels Kuster, "E-_field probe with improved isotropy in brain
     simulating liquids", in Proceedings of the ELMAR, Zadar, Croatia, 23-25 June, 1996, pp.172-175.

[4] W. Gander, Computermathematik, Birkhaeuser, Basel, 1992.

[5] W. H. Press, S. A. Teukolsky,W. T. Vetterling, and B. P. Flannery, Numerical Recepies in C,
     The Art of Scientific Computing, Second Edition, Cambridge University Press, 1992.

[6]SPEAG uncertainty document (AN 15-7/AN19-17) for DASY 5 System from SPEAG (Shimid & Partner Engineering
AG).

APPENDIX 4 :   Test configuration for HSPA device

1. Explanation of theWCDMA HSDPA/HSPA Power measurement mode

3GPP TS 34.121 defines test requirements and procedures for testing all variations of WCDMA. 3GPP TS 34.121 defines 4 HSDPA testconfigurations and 5 HSUPA test configurations ("Subtests") for various RF Conformance tests. And also FCC KDB941225 D01 is referencing 3GPP Subtest configurations for FCC Type Approval Testing. The Following table shows Release 6 HSPA Subtest Configurations per 3GPP TS 34.121.

[HSDPA]

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} (Note1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note 1: Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 30/15 with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, Δ_{ACK} and Δ_{NACK} = 30/15 with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$, and Δ_{CQI} = 24/15 with $\beta_{hs} = 24/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 3: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c=24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 11/15 and β_d = 15/15.

[HSUPA]

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} (Note1)	β_{ec}	β_{ed} (Note 5) (Note 6)	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 6)	E-TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/225	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β_{ed}1: 47/15 β_{ed}2: 47/15	4 4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	15/15 (Note 4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 30/15 with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c=24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 10/15 and β_d = 15/15.

Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 14/15 and β_d = 15/15.

Note 5: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 6: β_{ed} can not be set directly, it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

2. Maximum Output Power Verification

[HSDPA]

Maximum output power was verified on High, Middle anb Low channels according to the Release 6 procedures described in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using an FRC with H-set 1 and 12.2kbps RMC with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1's". Output power was measured according requirements for HS-DPCCH Sub-test 1-4.

[HSUPA]

Maximum output power was verified on the High, Middle and Low channels according to Release 6 procedures in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC, FRC and E-DCH configurations. When E-DCH was active, inner loop power control with power control algorithm 2 was used to maintain E-TFCI requirements. Output power for the applicable HSPA modes was measured for E-DCH Sub-test 1-5.

3. SAR Measurements for Head

Condition that 12.2 kbps AMR Mode measurement is necessary

SAR for head exposure configurations in voice mode is measure using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's". SAR in AMR configurations is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel for 12.2 kbps AMR is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured in 12.2 kbps RMC.

Measurement configurations for 12.2 kbps AMR

SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in 12.2 kbps AMR with a 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR in 12.2 kbps RMC for that RF channel.

4. SAR Measurements for Body

Condition that Body SAR measurement is necessary

[HSDPA]

Body SAR is required for HSDPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSDPA active is at least ¼ dB higher than that measured without HSDPA using 12.2 kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC was above 75% of the SAR limit.

[HSPA]

Body SAR is required for HSPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSPA active is at least ¼ dB higher than that measured without HSPA using 12.2 kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is above 75% of the SAR limit.

Measurement configurations for Body SAR

[HSDPA]

Body SAR for HSDPA is measured using FRC with H-Set 1 in Sub-test 1 and 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1, using the highest body SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSDPA. SAR for body exposure configurations in data modes is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".

[HSUPA]

Body SAR for HSUPA is measured with E-DCH Sub-test 5, using H-Set 1 and HPSK for FRC and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1 with power control algorithm 2, according to the highest body SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSPA. Inner loop power control with power control algorithm 2 is required to maintain E-TFCI requirements.

5. Test Equipment Setting Summary Table

The following table is the key parameters that was configured in test equipment.

Subtest	Mode	Loopback Mode	Rel99 RMC	HSDPA FRC	HSUPA Test	Common Setting βc	βd	βc/βd	MPR	Power Class 3 limit
	Rel99	Test Mode 1	12.2kbps RMC	-	-			8/15		24(+1.7/-3.7dB)
1	Rel6 HSDPA	Test Mode 1	12.2kbps RMC	H-Set 1 (HPSK)	-	2/15	15/15	2/15	0	24(+1.7/-3.7dB)
2	Rel6 HSDPA	Test Mode 1	12.2kbps RMC	H-Set 1 (HPSK)	-	12/15	15/15	12/15	0	24(+1.7/-3.7dB)
3	Rel6 HSDPA	Test Mode 1	12.2kbps RMC	H-Set 1 (HPSK)	-	15/15	8/15	15/8	0.5	23.5(+2.2/-3.7dB)
4	Rel6 HSDPA	Test Mode 1	12.2kbps RMC	H-Set 1 (HPSK)	-	15/15	4/15	15/4	0.5	23.5(+2.2/-3.7dB)
1	Rel6 HSUPA	Test Mode 1	12.2kbps RMC	H-Set 1 (HPSK)	HSUPA Loopback	11/15	15/15	11/15	0	24(+1.7/-3.7dB)
2	Rel6 HSUPA	Test Mode 1	12.2kbps RMC	H-Set 1 (HPSK)	HSUPA Loopback	6/15	15/15	6/15	2	22(+3.7/-3.7dB)
3	Rel6 HSUPA	Test Mode 1	12.2kbps RMC	H-Set 1 (HPSK)	HSUPA Loopback	15/15	9/15	15/9	1	23(+2.7/-3.7dB)
4	Rel6 HSUPA	Test Mode 1	12.2kbps RMC	H-Set 1 (HPSK)	HSUPA Loopback	2/15	15/15	2/15	2	22(+3.7/-3.7dB)
5	Rel6 HSUPA	Test Mode 1	12.2kbps RMC	H-Set 1 (HPSK)	HSUPA Loopback	15/15	15/15	15/15	0	24(+1.7/-3.7dB)

Subtest	HSDPA Specific Settings						
	ΔACK	ΔNACK	ΔCQI	Ack-Nack repetition factor	CQI Feedback	CQI Repetition Factor	Ahs=βhs/βc
Rel 6 HSDPA							
1	8	8	8	3	4ms	2	30/15
2	8	8	8	3	4ms	2	30/15
3	8	8	8	3	4ms	2	30/15
4	8	8	8	3	4ms	2	30/15

Subtest	HSDPA Specific Settings							HSUPA Specific Settings			HSUPA Additional Info	
	ΔACK	ΔNACK	ΔCQI	Ack-Nack repetition factor	CQI Feedback	CQI Repetition Factor	Ahs=βhs/βc	ΔE-DPCCH	ΔHARQ	AG Index	ETFCI(form TS34.121 Table C.11.1.3)	Associated Max UL Data Rate kbps
Rel 6 HSUPA												
1	8	8	8	3	4ms	2	30/15	6	0	20	75	242.1
2	8	8	8	3	4ms	2	30/15	8	0	12	67	174.9
3	8	8	8	3	4ms	2	30/15	8	0	15	92	482.8
4	8	8	8	3	4ms	2	30/15	5	0	17	71	205.8
5	8	8	8	3	4ms	2	30/15	7	0	21	81	308.9

HSUPA Reference E-TFCI Parameters
[Subtest 1,2,4,5]

Information Element	Value/Remark
E-DCH info	Uplink DPCH info
- E-DPDCH info	
- Reference E-TFCIs	5 E-TFCIs
- Reference E-TFCI	11
- Reference E-TFCI PO	4
- Reference E-TFCI	67
- Reference E-TFCI PO	18
- Reference E-TFCI	71
- Reference E-TFCI PO	23
- Reference E-TFCI	75
- Reference E-TFCI PO	26
- Reference E-TFCI	81
- Reference E-TFCI PO	27

[Subtest 3]gyuz

Information Element	Value/Remark
E-DCH info	Uplink DPCH info
- E-DPDCH info	
- Reference E-TFCIs	2 E-TFCIs
- Reference E-TFCI	11
- Reference E-TFCI PO	4
- Reference E-TFCI	92
- Reference E-TFCI PO	18