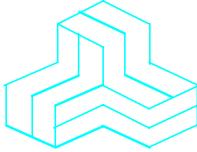


ENGINEERING TEST REPORT



UHF P25 TRUNKING HANDHELD TRANSCEIVERS

Model No.: IC-F9021B, IC-F9021S AND IC-F9021T

FCC ID: AFJ307802

Applicant:

ICOM Incorporated

1-1-32, Kamiminami, Hirano-ku
Osaka
Japan, 547-0003

Tested in Accordance With

Federal Communications Commission (FCC)
47 CFR, Parts 2 and 90 (Subpart I)

UltraTech's File No.: ICOM-204F90

This Test report is Issued under the Authority of
Tri M. Luu, Professional Engineer,
Vice President of Engineering
UltraTech Group of Labs

Date: May 13, 2009



Report Prepared by: JaeWook Choi

Tested by: Wayne Wu

Issued Date: May 13, 2009

Test Dates: March 12, 13, 16 & 17, 2009
April 27 & 28, 2009

- The results in this Test Report apply only to the sample(s) tested, and the sample tested is randomly selected.
- This report must not be used by the client to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the US Government.

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EXHIBIT 1. INTRODUCTION

1.1. SCOPE

| | |
|-------------------------|--|
| Reference: | FCC Parts 2 and 90 |
| Title: | Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Title 47 Telecommunication – Parts 2 & 90 |
| Purpose of Test: | To obtain FCC Certification Authorization for Radio operating in the Frequency Band 450-512 MHz (25 KHz and 12.5 KHz Channel Spacing). |
| Test Procedures: | Both conducted and radiated emissions measurements were conducted in accordance with TIA/EIA Standard TIA/EIA-603 (01-Nov-2002) – Land Mobile FM or PM Communications Equipment Measurement and performance Standards. |

1.2. RELATED SUBMITTAL(S)/GRANT(S)

None.

1.3. NORMATIVE REFERENCES

| Publication | Year | Title |
|----------------------------|------|---|
| FCC CFR Parts 0-19, 80-End | 2008 | Code of Federal Regulations – Telecommunication |
| ANSI C63.4 | 2003 | American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz |
| TIA/EIA 603, Edition C | 2004 | Land Mobile FM or PM Communications Equipment Measurement and Performance Standards |

EXHIBIT 2. PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT

2.1. CLIENT INFORMATION

| APPLICANT | |
|-----------------|--|
| Name: | Icom Incorporated |
| Address: | 1-1-32, Kamiminami, Hirano-ku, Osaka Japan, 547-0003 |
| Contact Person: | Mr. Takayuki Watanabe Phone #: +81-66-793-5302 Fax #: +81-66-793-0013 Email Address: export@icom.co.jp |

| MANUFACTURER | |
|-----------------|--|
| Name: | Icom Incorporated |
| Address: | 1-1-32, Kamiminami,d Hirano-ku, Osaka Japan, 547-0003 |
| Contact Person: | Mr. Takayuki Watanabe Phone #: +81-66-793-5302 Fax #: +81-66-793-0013 Email Address: export@icom.co.jp |

2.2. EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) INFORMATION

The following information (with the exception of the Date of Receipt) has been supplied by the applicant.

| | |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| Brand Name: | ICOM Incorporated |
| Product Name: | UHF P25 TRUNKING HANDHELD TRANSCEIVERS |
| Model Name or Number: | IC-F9021T |
| Serial Number: | 300001 |
| Type of Equipment: | Licensed Non-Broadcast UHF Handheld Transceivers |
| Power Supply Requirement: | 7.5 VDC nominal |
| Transmitting/Receiving Antenna Type: | Non-integral |
| Primary User Functions of EUT: | UHF P25 Trunking Handheld Transceivers |

2.3. EUT'S TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

| TRANSMITTER | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Equipment Type: | Portable |
| Intended Operating Environment: | Commercial, Industrial or Business |
| Power Supply Requirement: | 7.5 VDC nominal |
| RF Output Power Rating: | 5 Watts (High) / 1 Watt (Low) |
| Operating Frequency Range: | 450-512 MHz |
| RF Output Impedance: | 50 Ohms |
| Channel Spacing: | 25 KHz, 12.5 KHz |
| Occupied Bandwidth (99%): | 10.64 kHz (for 25 KHz Channel Spacing) & 8.02 kHz (for 12.5 KHz Channel Spacing) |
| Emission Designation*: | 16K0F3E, 11K0F3E, 8K10F1E, 8K10F1D |
| Antenna Connector Type: | SMA |

* For an average case of commercial telephony, the Necessary Bandwidth is calculated as follows:

For FM Voice Modulation:

Channel Spacing = 25 KHz, D = 5 KHz max, K = 1, M = 3 KHz

$$B_n = 2M + 2DK = 2(3) + 2(5)(1) = \underline{16 \text{ KHz}}$$

Emission designation: 16K0F3E

Channel Spacing = 12.5 KHz, D = 2.5 KHz max, K = 1, M = 3 KHz

$$B_n = 2M + 2DK = 2(3) + 2(2.5)(1) = \underline{11 \text{ KHz}}$$

Emission designation: 11K0F3E

For FM Data Modulation:

Channel Spacing = 12.5 KHz, R = 9600 bps, D = 3111 Hz, S = 4, K = 0.518

$$B_n = (R/\log_2 S) + 2DK = 8023 \cong \underline{8.1 \text{ KHz}}$$

Emission designation: 8K10F1E, 8K10F1D

2.4. LIST OF EUT'S PORTS

| Port Number | EUT's Port Description | Number of Identical Ports | Connector Type | Shielded/Non-shielded |
|-------------|------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|
| 2 | Antenna Connector | 1 | SMA | Shielded |
| 1 | Multi Connector | 1 | Custom connector | N/A |

2.5. General Test Setup

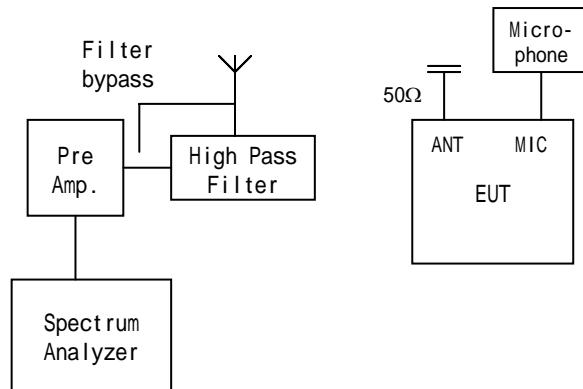


EXHIBIT 3. EUT OPERATING CONDITIONS AND CONFIGURATIONS DURING TESTS

3.1. CLIMATE TEST CONDITIONS

The climate conditions of the test environment are as follows:

| | |
|----------------------------|-----------------|
| Temperature: | 21°C |
| Humidity: | 51% |
| Pressure: | 102 kPa |
| Power Input Source: | 7.5 VDC Nominal |

3.2. OPERATIONAL TEST CONDITIONS & ARRANGEMENT FOR TEST SIGNALS

| | |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Operating Modes: | The transmitter was operated in a continuous transmission mode with the carrier modulated as specified in the Test Data. |
| Special Test Software: | N/A |
| Special Hardware Used: | N/A |
| Transmitter Test Antenna: | The EUT is tested with the antenna port terminated to a 50 Ohms RF Load. |

| Transmitter Test Signals | |
|--|---------------------------------|
| Frequency Band(s): | 450-512 MHz |
| Test Frequencies: (Near lowest, near middle & near highest frequencies in the frequency range of operation.) | 450.1 MHz, 485.1 MHz, 511.9 MHz |
| Transmitter Wanted Output Test Signals: | |
| Transmitter Power (measured maximum output power): | 5 Watts High and 1 Watt Low |
| Normal Test Modulation: | FM Voice |
| Modulating signal source: | External |

EXHIBIT 4. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

4.1. LOCATION OF TESTS

All of the measurements described in this report were performed at Ultratech Group of Labs located in the city of Oakville, Province of Ontario, Canada.

Radiated Emissions were performed at the Ultratech's 3-10 TDK Semi-Anechoic Chamber situated in the Town of Oakville, province of Ontario. This test site been calibrated in accordance with ANSI C63.4, and found to be in compliance with the requirements of Sec. 2.948 of the FCC Rules. The descriptions and site measurement data of the Oakville 3-10 TDK Semi-Anechoic Chamber has been filed with FCC office (FCC File No.: 91038) and Industry Canada office (Industry Canada File No.: 2049A-3). Expiry Date: 2011-05-01.

4.2. APPLICABILITY & SUMMARY OF EMISSION TEST RESULTS

| FCC Section(s) | Test Requirements | Applicability (Yes/No) |
|---------------------------------|--|--|
| 1.1307, 1.1310, 2.1091 & 2.1093 | RF Exposure Limit | Yes, See SAR test report for detail. |
| 2.1046 & 90.205 | RF Power Output | Yes |
| 2.1047(a) & 90.242(b)(8) | Audio Frequency Response | Not applicable to new standard. However, tests are conducted under FCC's recommendation. |
| 2.1047(b) & 90.210 | Modulation Limiting | Yes |
| 2.1049, 90.209 & 90.210 | Emission Limitation & Emission Mask | Yes |
| 2.1051, 2.1057 & 90.210 | Emission Limits - Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal | Yes |
| 2.1053, 2.1057 & 90.210 | Emission Limits - Field Strength of Spurious Emissions | Yes |
| 2.1055 & 90.213 | Frequency Stability | Yes |
| 90.214 | Transient Frequency Behavior | Yes |

Portable UHF P25 TRUNKING HANDHELD TRANSCEIVERS, Model No.: IC-F9021B, IC-F9021S AND IC-F9021T, by **ICOM Incorporated** has also been tested and found to comply with **FCC Part 15, Subpart B - Radio Receivers and Class B Digital Devices**. The engineering test report has been documented and kept on file and it is available upon request.

4.3. MODIFICATIONS INCORPORATED IN THE EUT FOR COMPLIANCE PURPOSES

None.

4.3.1. DEVIATION OF STANDARD TEST PROCEDURES

None.

ULTRATECH GROUP OF LABS

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File #: ICOM-204F90

May 13, 2009

EXHIBIT 5. MEASUREMENTS, EXAMINATIONS & TEST DATA FOR EMC EMISSIONS

5.1. TEST PROCEDURES

This section contains test results only. Details of test methods and procedures can be found in EXHIBIT 8. of this report

5.2. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

The measurement uncertainties stated were calculated in accordance with requirements of UKAS Document NIS 85 with a confidence level of 95%. Please refer to EXHIBIT 7. for Measurement Uncertainties.

5.3. MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

The measurement equipment used complied with the requirements of the Standards referenced in the Methods & Procedures ANSI C63.4 and CISPR 16-1-1.

5.4. ESSENTIAL/PRIMARY FUNCTIONS AS DECLARED BY THE MANUFACTURER

The essential function of the EUT is to communicate to and from radios over RF link.

5.5. RF POWER OUTPUT [§§ 2.1046 & 90.205]

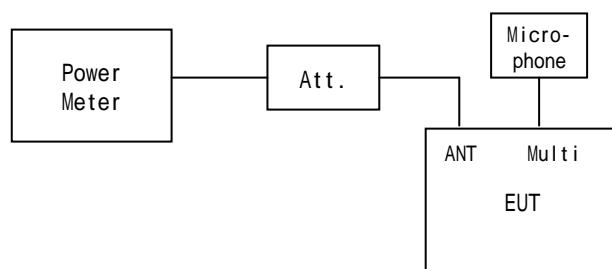
5.5.1. Limits

Please refer to FCC 47 CFR 90.205 for specification details.

5.5.2. Method of Measurements

Refer to Section 8.1 (Conducted) and 8.2 (Radiated) of this report for measurement details

5.5.3. Test Arrangement



5.5.4. Test Data

| Fundamental Frequency (MHz) | Measured (Average) Power (W) | Power Rating (W) |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|------------------|
| High Power Level, 5 Watts | | |
| 450.1 | 4.93 | 5 |
| 485.1 | 5.13 | 5 |
| 511.9 | 5.37 | 5 |
| Low Power Level, 1 Watt | | |
| 450.1 | 1.02 | 1 |
| 485.1 | 1.12 | 1 |
| 511.9 | 1.25 | 1 |

5.6. AUDIO FREQUENCY RESPONSE [§§ 2.1047(a) & 90.242(b)(8)]

5.6.1. Limits

§ 2.1047(a): Voice modulated communication equipment. A curve or equivalent data showing the frequency response of the audio modulating circuit over a range of 100 to 5000 Hz shall be submitted. For equipment required to have an audio low-pass filter, a curve showing the frequency response of the filter or of all circuitry installed between the modulation limiter and the modulated stage shall be submitted.

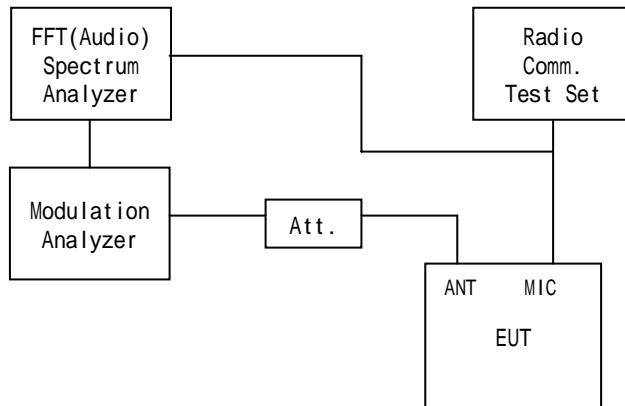
§ 90.242(b)(8): Recommended audio filter attenuation characteristics are given below:

| RF Band | Audio band | Minimum Attenuation Rel. to 1 KHz Attenuation |
|-------------|--------------------------|---|
| 450-512 MHz | 3 –20 KHz 20 – 30 KHz | 60 log ₁₀ (f/3) dB where f is in KHz 50dB |

5.6.2. Method of Measurements

The rated audio input signal was applied to the input of the audio low-pass filter (or of all modulation stages) using an audio oscillator, this input signal level and its corresponding output signal were then measured and recorded using the FFT Digital Spectrum Analyzer. Tests were repeated at different audio signal frequencies from 0 to 50 KHz.

5.6.3. Test Arrangement

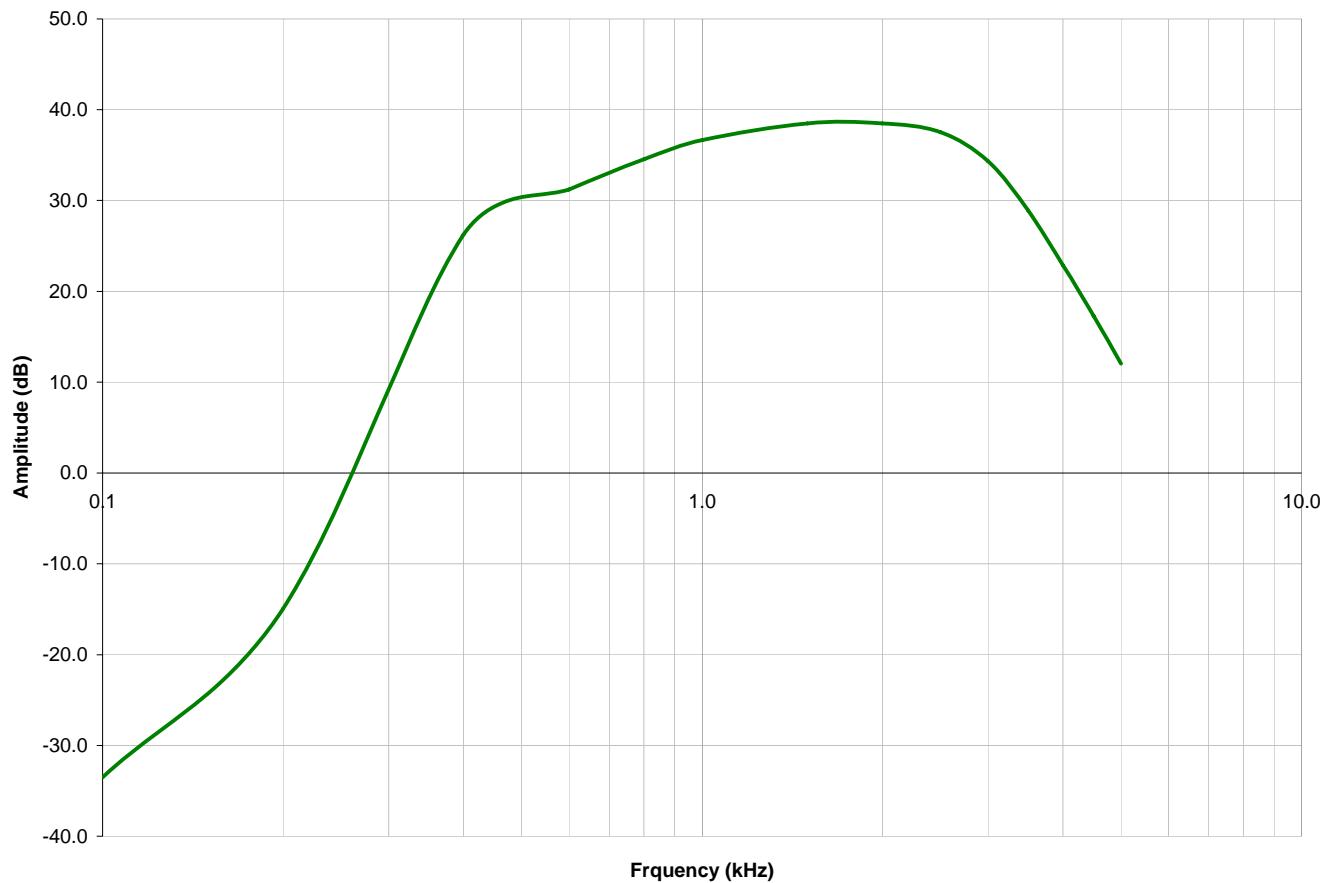


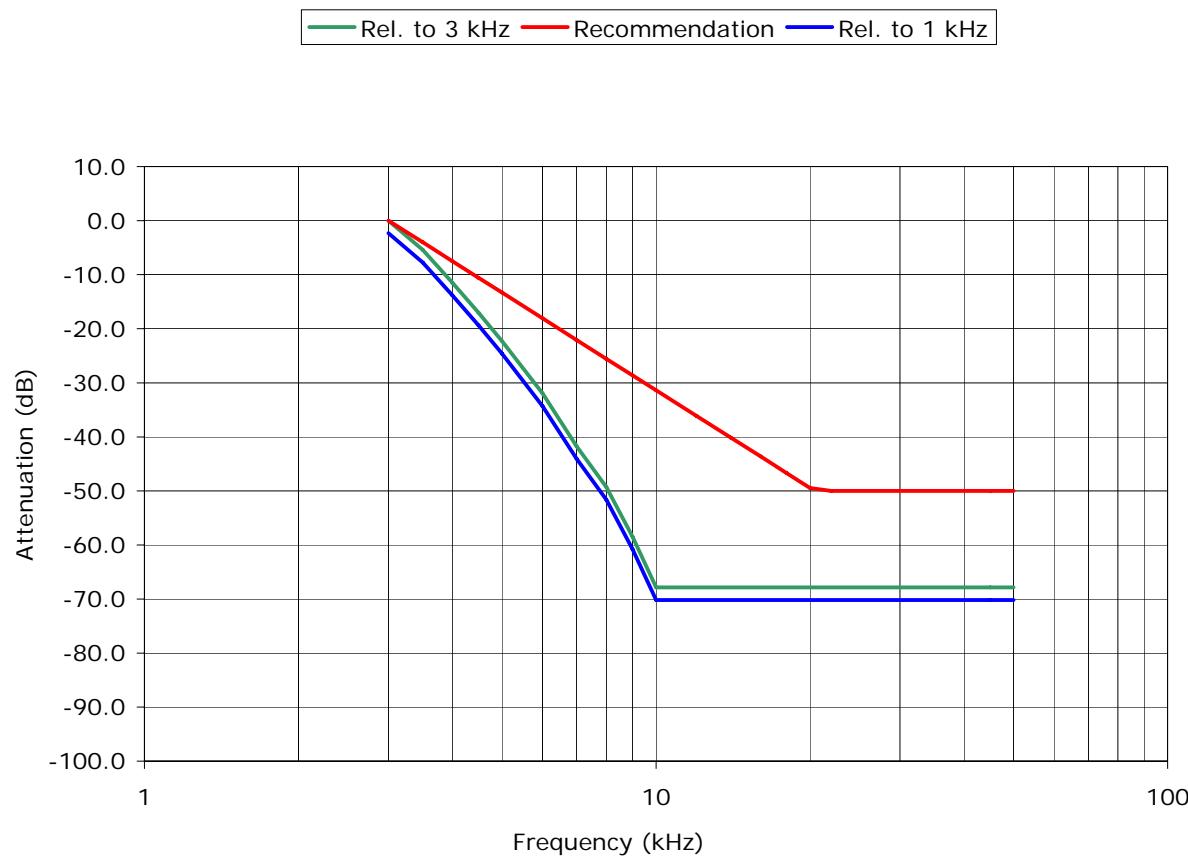
5.6.4. Test Data

5.6.4.1. 12.5 KHz Channel Spacing, F3E, Frequency of All Modulation States

Note: Due to the difficulty of measuring the Frequency Response of the internal low-pass filter, the Frequency Response of All Modulation States is performed to show the roll-off at 3 KHz in comparison with the recommended audio filter attenuation.

| Frequency (KHz) | Audio In (dBV) | Audio Out (dBV) | Attenuation (Out - In) (dB) | Attenuation Rel. to 1 KHz (dB) | Recommended Attenuation (dB) |
|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 0.1 | -36.48 | -70.00 | -33.5 | -67.9 | -- |
| 0.2 | -36.48 | -51.43 | -15.0 | -49.3 | -- |
| 0.4 | -36.48 | -10.20 | 26.3 | -8.1 | -- |
| 0.6 | -36.48 | -5.25 | 31.2 | -3.1 | -- |
| 0.8 | -36.48 | -1.93 | 34.6 | 0.2 | -- |
| 1.0 | -36.48 | 0.18 | 36.7 | 2.3 | -- |
| 1.5 | -36.48 | 2.01 | 38.5 | 4.2 | -- |
| 2.0 | -36.48 | 2.03 | 38.5 | 4.2 | -- |
| 2.5 | -36.48 | 1.05 | 37.5 | 3.2 | -- |
| 3.0 | -36.48 | -2.15 | 34.3 | 0.0 | 0 |
| 3.5 | -36.48 | -7.58 | 28.9 | -5.4 | -4 |
| 4.0 | -36.48 | -13.59 | 22.9 | -11.4 | -7 |
| 4.5 | -36.48 | -19.19 | 17.3 | -17.0 | -11 |
| 5.0 | -36.48 | -24.43 | 12.1 | -22.3 | -13 |
| 6.0 | -36.48 | -34.10 | 2.4 | -32.0 | -18 |
| 7.0 | -36.48 | -43.88 | -7.4 | -41.7 | -22 |
| 8.0 | -36.48 | -51.43 | -15.0 | -49.3 | -26 |
| 9.0 | -36.48 | -60.63 | -24.2 | -58.5 | -29 |
| 10.0 | -36.48 | -70.00 | -33.5 | -67.9 | -31 |
| 12.0 | -36.48 | -70.00 | -33.5 | -67.9 | -36 |
| 14.0 | -36.48 | -70.00 | -33.5 | -67.9 | -40 |
| 16.0 | -36.48 | -70.00 | -33.5 | -67.9 | -44 |
| 18.0 | -36.48 | -70.00 | -33.5 | -67.9 | -47 |
| 20.0 | -36.48 | -70.00 | -33.5 | -67.9 | -49 |
| 22.0 | -36.48 | -70.00 | -33.5 | -67.9 | -50 |
| 25.0 | -36.48 | -70.00 | -33.5 | -67.9 | -50 |
| 30.0 | -36.48 | -70.00 | -33.5 | -67.9 | -50 |
| 35.0 | -36.48 | -70.00 | -33.5 | -67.9 | -50 |
| 40.0 | -36.48 | -70.00 | -33.5 | -67.9 | -50 |
| 45.0 | -36.48 | -70.00 | -33.5 | -67.9 | -50 |
| 50.0 | -36.48 | -70.00 | -33.5 | -67.9 | -50 |

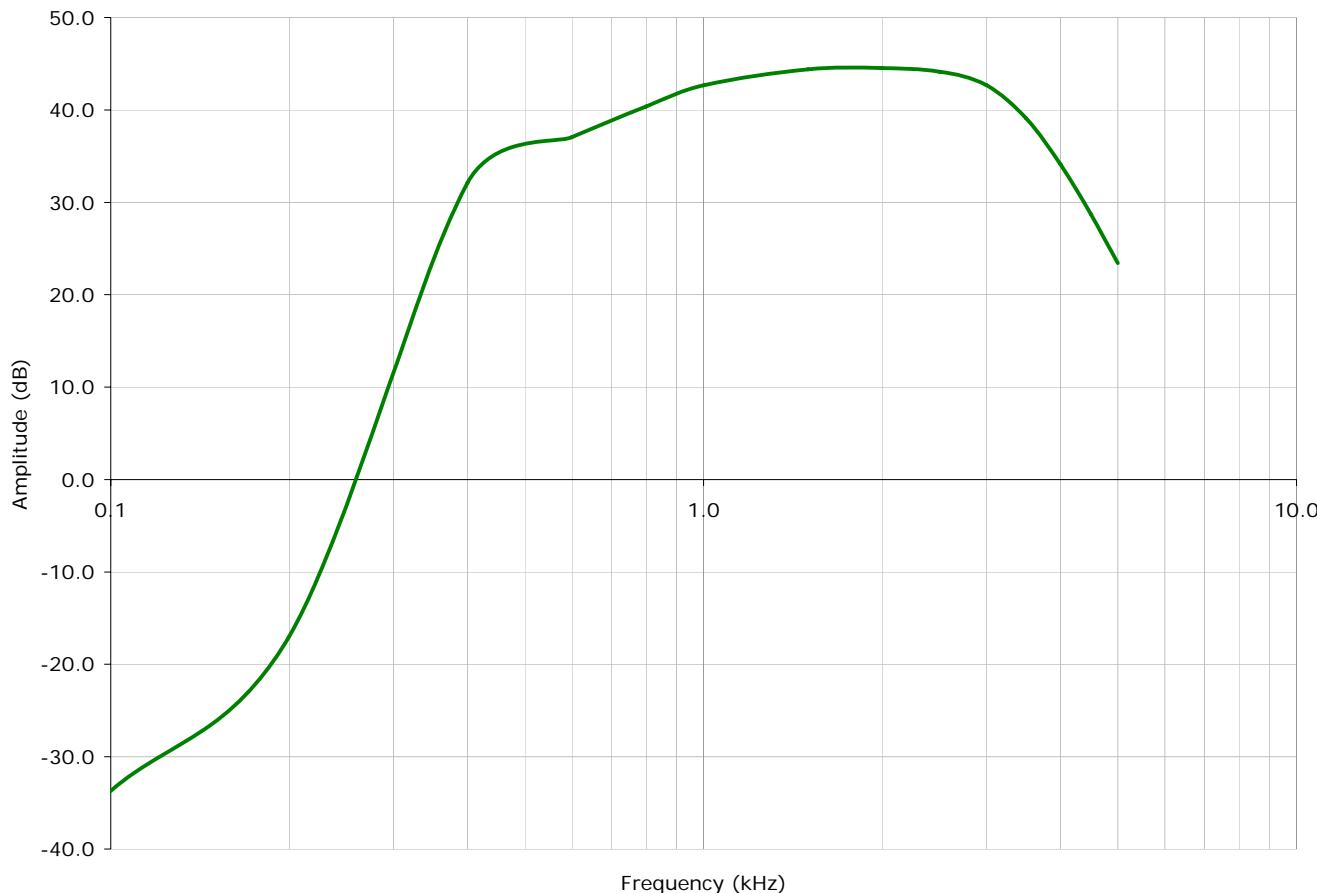


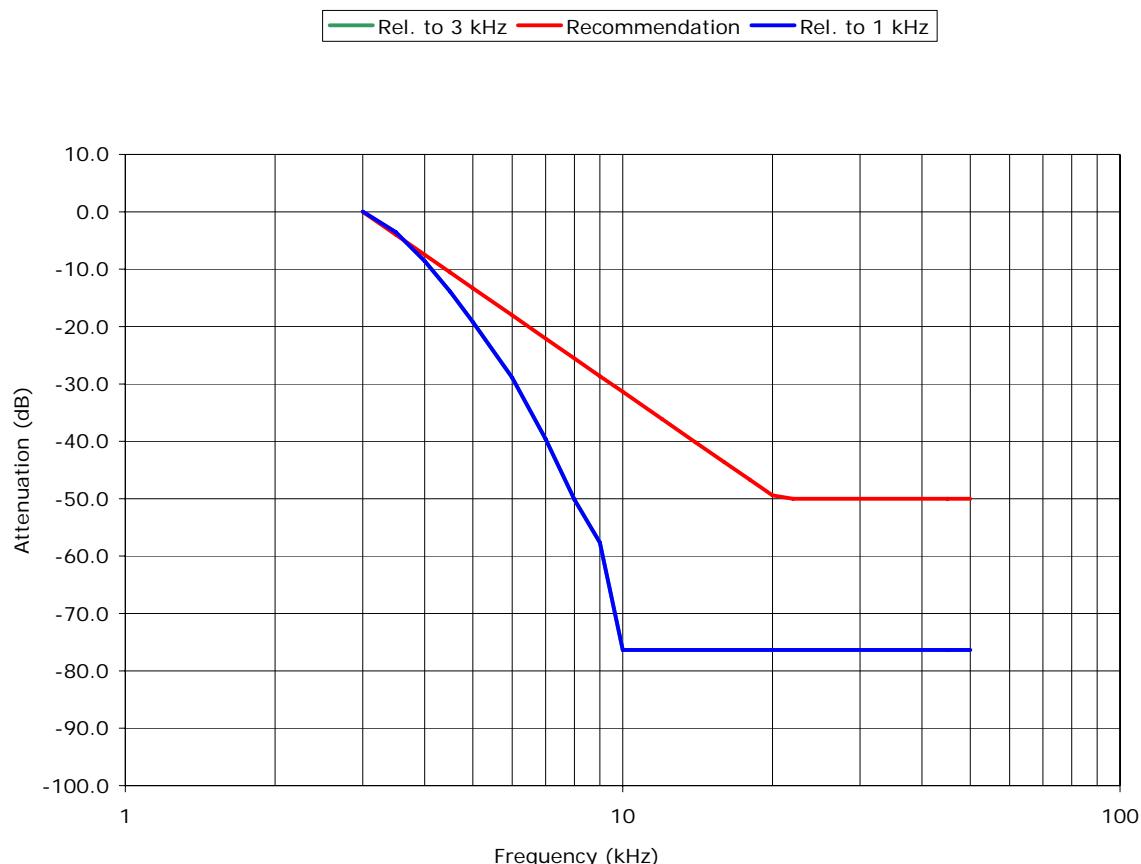


5.6.4.2. 25 KHz Channel Spacing, F3E, Frequency of All Modulation States*

Note: Due to the difficulty of measuring the Frequency Response of the internal low-pass filter, the Frequency Response of All Modulation States is performed to show the roll-off at 3 KHz in comparison with the recommended audio filter attenuation.

| Frequency (KHz) | Audio In (dBV) | Audio Out (dBV) | Attenuation (Out - In) (dB) | Attenuation Rel. to 1 KHz (dB) | Recommended Attenuation (dB) |
|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 0.1 | -36.31 | -70.00 | -33.7 | -76.4 | -- |
| 0.2 | -36.31 | -53.27 | -17.0 | -59.6 | -- |
| 0.4 | -36.31 | -4.18 | 32.1 | -10.5 | -- |
| 0.6 | -36.31 | 0.75 | 37.1 | -5.6 | -- |
| 0.8 | -36.31 | 4.08 | 40.4 | -2.3 | -- |
| 1.0 | -36.31 | 6.35 | 42.7 | 0.0 | -- |
| 1.5 | -36.31 | 8.10 | 44.4 | 1.8 | -- |
| 2.0 | -36.31 | 8.21 | 44.5 | 1.9 | -- |
| 2.5 | -36.31 | 7.84 | 44.2 | 1.5 | -- |
| 3.0 | -36.31 | 6.37 | 42.7 | 0.0 | 0 |
| 3.5 | -36.31 | 2.77 | 39.1 | -3.6 | -4 |
| 4.0 | -36.31 | -2.20 | 34.1 | -8.6 | -7 |
| 4.5 | -36.31 | -7.56 | 28.8 | -13.9 | -11 |
| 5.0 | -36.31 | -12.87 | 23.4 | -19.2 | -13 |
| 6.0 | -36.31 | -22.56 | 13.8 | -28.9 | -18 |
| 7.0 | -36.31 | -33.26 | 3.1 | -39.6 | -22 |
| 8.0 | -36.31 | -43.78 | -7.5 | -50.1 | -26 |
| 9.0 | -36.31 | -51.29 | -15.0 | -57.6 | -29 |
| 10.0 | -36.31 | -70.00 | -33.7 | -76.4 | -31 |
| 12.0 | -36.31 | -70.00 | -33.7 | -76.4 | -36 |
| 14.0 | -36.31 | -70.00 | -33.7 | -76.4 | -40 |
| 16.0 | -36.31 | -70.00 | -33.7 | -76.4 | -44 |
| 18.0 | -36.31 | -70.00 | -33.7 | -76.4 | -47 |
| 20.0 | -36.31 | -70.00 | -33.7 | -76.4 | -49 |
| 22.0 | -36.31 | -70.00 | -33.7 | -76.4 | -50 |
| 25.0 | -36.31 | -70.00 | -33.7 | -76.4 | -50 |
| 30.0 | -36.31 | -70.00 | -33.7 | -76.4 | -50 |
| 35.0 | -36.31 | -70.00 | -33.7 | -76.4 | -50 |
| 40.0 | -36.31 | -70.00 | -33.7 | -76.4 | -50 |
| 45.0 | -36.31 | -70.00 | -33.7 | -76.4 | -50 |
| 50.0 | -36.31 | -70.00 | -33.7 | -76.4 | -50 |





5.7. MODULATION LIMITING [§§ 2.1047 (b) & 90.210]

5.7.1. Limits

§ 2.1047(b): Equipment which employs modulation limiting. A curve or family of curves showing the percentage of modulation versus the modulation input voltage shall be supplied. The information submitted shall be sufficient to show modulation limiting capability throughout the range of modulating frequencies and input modulating signal levels employed.

Recommended frequency deviation characteristics are given below:

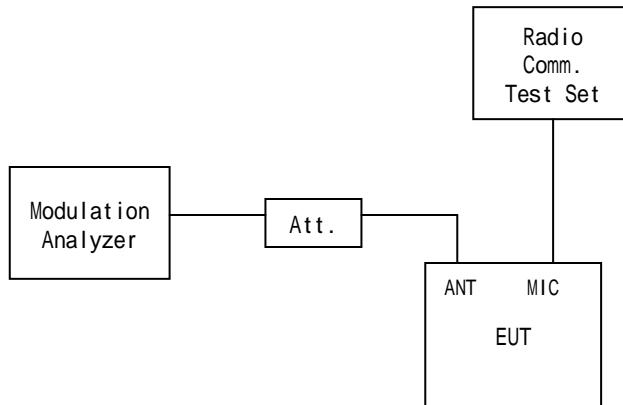
- 2.5 KHz for 12.5 KHz Channel Spacing System
- 5 KHz for 25 KHz Channel Spacing System

5.7.2. Method of Measurements

For Audio Transmitter: The carrier frequency deviation was measured with the tone input signal level varied from 0 Vp to audio input rating level plus 16 dB at frequencies 0.1, 0.5, 1.0, 3.0 and 5.0 KHz. The maximum deviation was recorded at each test condition.

For Data Transmitter with Maximum Frequency Deviation set by Factory: The EUT was set at maximum frequency deviation, and its peak frequency deviation was then measured using EUT's internal random data source.

5.7.3. Test Arrangement



5.7.4. Test Data

5.7.4.1. Voice Modulation Limiting for 12.5 KHz Channel Spacing Operation

| MODULATING SIGNAL LEVEL (mVrms) | PEAK FREQUENCY DEVIATION (KHz) at the following modulating frequency: | | | | | MAXIMUM LIMIT (KHz) |
|------------------------------------|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|------------------------|
| | 0.1 KHz | 0.5 KHz | 1.0 KHz | 3.0 KHz | 5.0 KHz | |
| 2 | 0.06 | 0.14 | 0.24 | 0.32 | 0.07 | 2.5 |
| 4 | 0.06 | 0.21 | 0.43 | 0.57 | 0.08 | 2.5 |
| 6 | 0.06 | 0.29 | 0.64 | 0.84 | 0.10 | 2.5 |
| 8 | 0.06 | 0.37 | 0.84 | 1.03 | 0.12 | 2.5 |
| 10 | 0.06 | 0.44 | 1.02 | 1.09 | 0.13 | 2.5 |
| 15 | 0.06 | 0.64 | 1.50 | 1.14 | 0.14 | 2.5 |
| 20 | 0.06 | 0.84 | 1.78 | 1.17 | 0.14 | 2.5 |
| 25 | 0.06 | 1.03 | 1.86 | 1.18 | 0.16 | 2.5 |
| 30 | 0.06 | 1.23 | 1.92 | 1.18 | 0.16 | 2.5 |
| 35 | 0.06 | 1.42 | 1.96 | 1.18 | 0.16 | 2.5 |
| 40 | 0.06 | 1.62 | 1.97 | 1.18 | 0.18 | 2.5 |
| 45 | 0.06 | 1.68 | 1.99 | 1.19 | 0.19 | 2.5 |
| 50 | 0.06 | 1.70 | 2.01 | 1.19 | 0.20 | 2.5 |
| 60 | 0.06 | 1.74 | 2.02 | 1.20 | 0.21 | 2.5 |
| 70 | 0.06 | 1.78 | 2.06 | 1.21 | 0.22 | 2.5 |
| 80 | 0.06 | 1.91 | 2.06 | 1.22 | 0.23 | 2.5 |
| 90 | 0.06 | 1.99 | 2.06 | 1.24 | 0.23 | 2.5 |
| 100 | 0.06 | 2.01 | 2.06 | 1.25 | 0.23 | 2.5 |
| 150 | 0.06 | 2.01 | 2.06 | 1.25 | 0.24 | 2.5 |
| 200 | 0.06 | 2.01 | 2.06 | 1.25 | 0.24 | 2.5 |

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Voice Signal Input Level} &= \text{STD MOD Level} + 16 \text{ dB} \\ &= 13.52 \text{ dB(mVrms)} + 16 \text{ dB} \\ &= 39.52 \text{ dB(mVrms)} \\ &= 94.64 \text{ mVrms}\end{aligned}$$

| Modulation Frequency (KHz) | Peak Deviation (KHz) | Maximum Limit (KHz) |
|----------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| 0.1 | 0.06 | 2.5 |
| 0.2 | 0.06 | 2.5 |
| 0.4 | 1.69 | 2.5 |
| 0.6 | 1.94 | 2.5 |
| 0.8 | 1.96 | 2.5 |
| 1.0 | 2.01 | 2.5 |
| 1.2 | 1.99 | 2.5 |
| 1.4 | 1.98 | 2.5 |
| 1.6 | 1.99 | 2.5 |
| 1.8 | 1.97 | 2.5 |
| 2.0 | 1.96 | 2.5 |
| 2.5 | 1.75 | 2.5 |
| 3.0 | 1.24 | 2.5 |
| 3.5 | 0.70 | 2.5 |
| 4.0 | 0.42 | 2.5 |
| 4.5 | 0.30 | 2.5 |
| 5.0 | 0.23 | 2.5 |
| 6.0 | 0.13 | 2.5 |
| 7.0 | 0.07 | 2.5 |
| 8.0 | 0.17 | 2.5 |
| 9.0 | 0.07 | 2.5 |
| 10.0 | 0.06 | 2.5 |

5.7.4.2. Voice Modulation Limiting for 25 KHz Channel Spacing Operation

| MODULATING SIGNAL LEVEL (mVrms) | PEAK FREQUENCY DEVIATION (KHz) at the following modulating frequency: | | | | | MAXIMUM LIMIT (KHz) |
|--|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------------------------|
| | 0.1 KHz | 0.5 KHz | 1.0 KHz | 3.0 KHz | 5.0 KHz | |
| 2 | 0.08 | 0.21 | 0.43 | 0.80 | 0.12 | 5.0 |
| 4 | 0.08 | 0.36 | 0.84 | 1.47 | 0.18 | 5.0 |
| 6 | 0.08 | 0.52 | 1.21 | 2.18 | 0.23 | 5.0 |
| 8 | 0.08 | 0.70 | 1.62 | 2.70 | 0.29 | 5.0 |
| 10 | 0.08 | 0.82 | 1.98 | 2.85 | 0.34 | 5.0 |
| 15 | 0.08 | 1.22 | 2.92 | 3.01 | 0.39 | 5.0 |
| 20 | 0.08 | 1.61 | 3.43 | 3.05 | 0.44 | 5.0 |
| 25 | 0.08 | 2.01 | 3.58 | 3.11 | 0.42 | 5.0 |
| 30 | 0.08 | 2.38 | 3.71 | 3.11 | 0.40 | 5.0 |
| 35 | 0.08 | 2.76 | 3.79 | 3.11 | 0.44 | 5.0 |
| 40 | 0.08 | 3.15 | 3.84 | 3.11 | 0.47 | 5.0 |
| 45 | 0.08 | 3.25 | 3.89 | 3.11 | 0.50 | 5.0 |
| 50 | 0.08 | 3.32 | 3.91 | 3.11 | 0.55 | 5.0 |
| 60 | 0.08 | 3.39 | 3.97 | 3.14 | 0.57 | 5.0 |
| 70 | 0.08 | 3.49 | 4.02 | 3.16 | 0.57 | 5.0 |
| 80 | 0.08 | 3.71 | 4.03 | 3.20 | 0.58 | 5.0 |
| 90 | 0.08 | 3.90 | 3.93 | 3.21 | 0.58 | 5.0 |
| 100 | 0.08 | 3.95 | 3.94 | 3.22 | 0.58 | 5.0 |
| 150 | 0.08 | 3.91 | 3.95 | 3.22 | 0.59 | 5.0 |
| 200 | 0.08 | 3.91 | 3.95 | 3.22 | 0.59 | 5.0 |

Voice Signal Input Level = STD MOD Level + 16 dB
= 13.69 dB(mVrms) + 16 dB
= 39.69 dB(mVrms)
= 96.54 mVrms

| Modulation Frequency (KHz) | Peak Deviation (KHz) | Maximum Limit (KHz) |
|----------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| 0.1 | 0.08 | 5.0 |
| 0.2 | 0.08 | 5.0 |
| 0.4 | 3.27 | 5.0 |
| 0.6 | 3.88 | 5.0 |
| 0.8 | 3.87 | 5.0 |
| 1.0 | 3.94 | 5.0 |
| 1.2 | 3.93 | 5.0 |
| 1.4 | 3.90 | 5.0 |
| 1.6 | 3.98 | 5.0 |
| 1.8 | 3.86 | 5.0 |
| 2.0 | 3.86 | 5.0 |
| 2.5 | 3.72 | 5.0 |
| 3.0 | 3.17 | 5.0 |
| 3.5 | 2.15 | 5.0 |
| 4.0 | 1.30 | 5.0 |
| 4.5 | 0.82 | 5.0 |
| 5.0 | 0.58 | 5.0 |
| 6.0 | 0.28 | 5.0 |
| 7.0 | 0.13 | 5.0 |
| 8.0 | 0.32 | 5.0 |
| 9.0 | 0.07 | 5.0 |
| 10.0 | 0.07 | 5.0 |

5.8. OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH & EMISSION MASK [§§ 2.1049, 90.209 & 90.210]

5.8.1. Limits

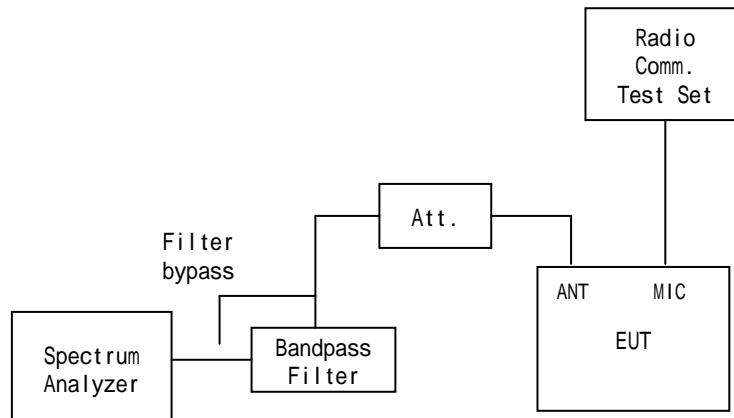
Emissions shall be attenuated below the mean output power of the transmitter as follows:

| Frequency Range (MHz) | Maximum Authorized BW (KHz) | Channel Spacing (KHz) | Recommended Frequency Deviation (KHz) | FCC Applicable Mask |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 150-174, 421-512 | 20.0 | 25 | 5.0 | Mask B – Voice Mask C – Data |
| 156-174, 421-512 | 11.25 | 12.5 | 2.5 | Mask D – Voice & Data |
| 150-174, 421-512 | 6 | 6.25 | 1.25 | Mask E – Voice & Data |

5.8.2. Method of Measurements

Refer to Section 8.4 of this report for measurement details and TIA-102.CAAA-B.

5.8.3. Test Arrangement



5.8.4. Test Data

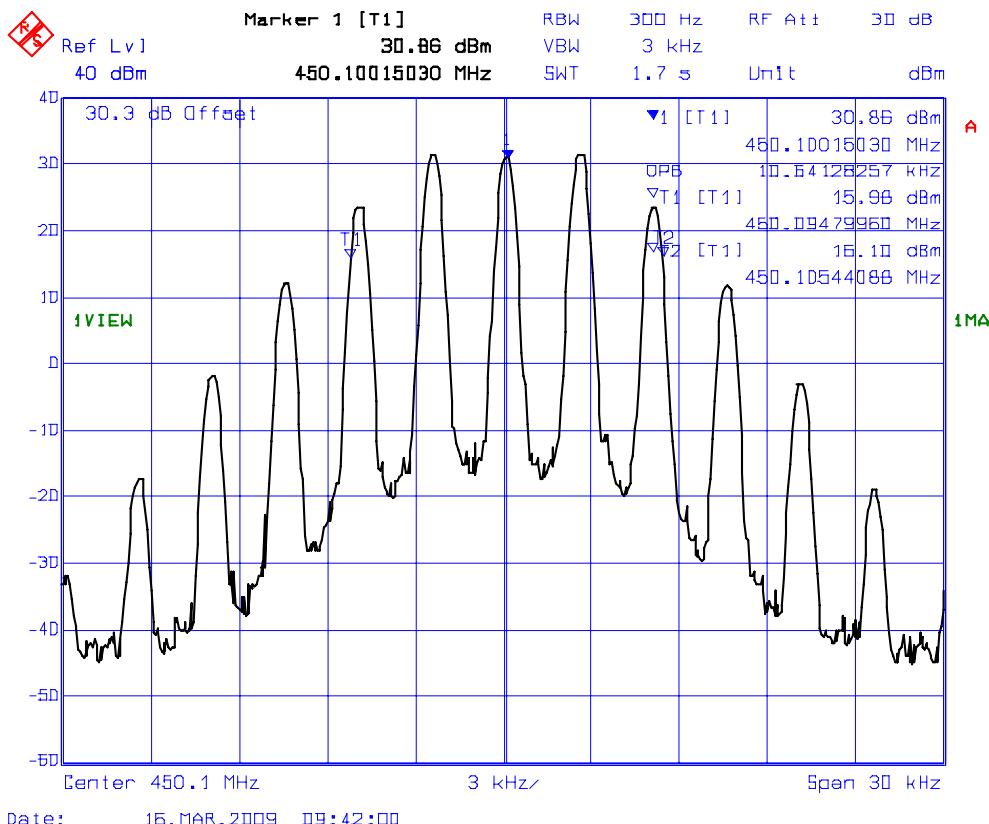
5.8.4.1. 99% Occupied Bandwidth

| Frequency (MHz) | Channel Spacing (KHz) | Modulation | *Measured 99% OBW at Maximum Freq. Deviation (KHz) | Maximum Authorized Bandwidth (KHz) |
|-----------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|
| 450.1 | 25 | FM with 2.5 KHz sine wave signal | 10.64 | 20.0 |
| 485.1 | 25 | FM with 2.5 KHz sine wave signal | 10.64 | 20.0 |
| 511.9 | 25 | FM with 2.5 KHz sine wave signal | 10.64 | 20.0 |
| 450.1 | 12.5 | FM with 2.5 KHz sine wave signal | 5.61 | 11.25 |
| 485.1 | 12.5 | FM with 2.5 KHz sine wave signal | 5.61 | 11.25 |
| 511.9 | 12.5 | FM with 2.5 KHz sine wave signal | 5.61 | 11.25 |
| 450.1 | 12.5 | Digital | 7.98 | 11.25 |
| 485.1 | 12.5 | Digital | 8.02 | 11.25 |
| 511.9 | 12.5 | Digital | 8.02 | 11.25 |

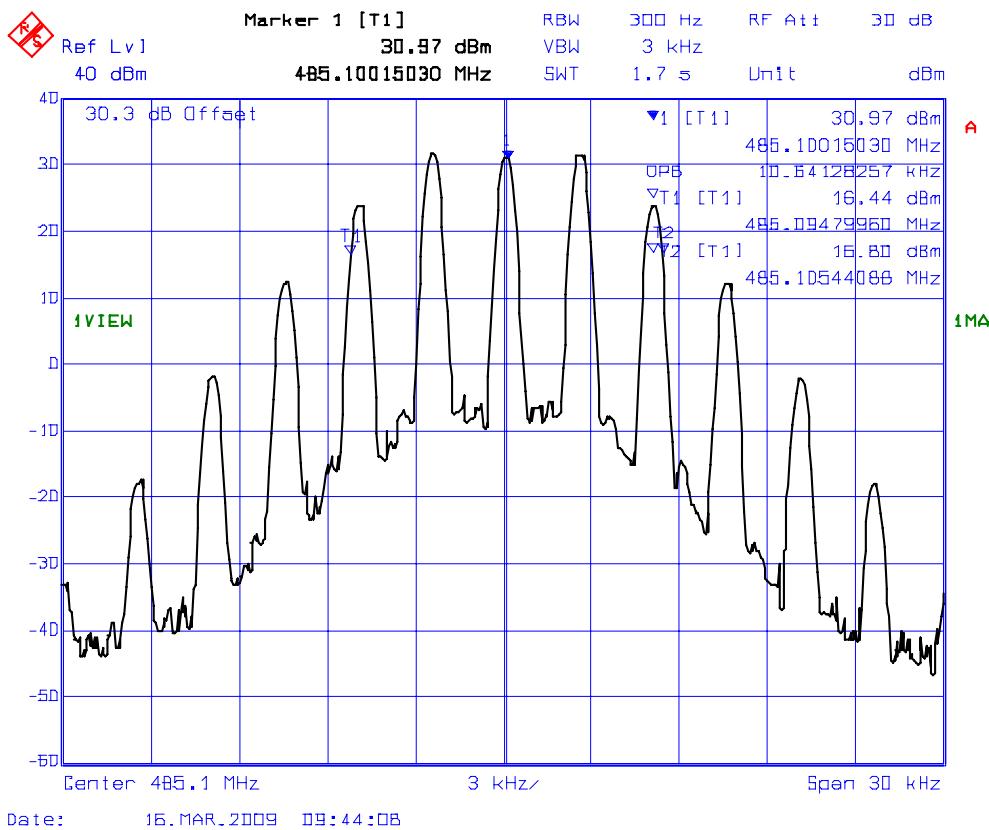
Note: 99% Occupied Bandwidth measurements were done using the built-in auto function of the analyzer.

*Refer to the following test data plots (1 through 9) for details.

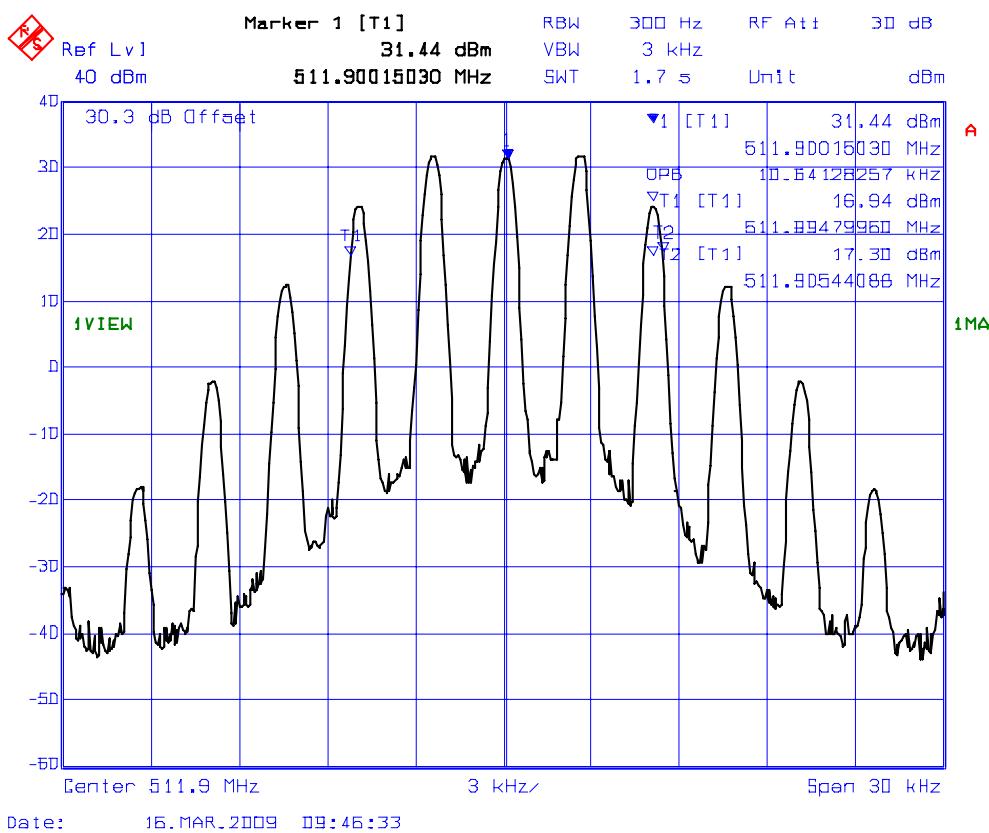
Plot # 1.:
 Occupied Bandwidth
 Carrier Frequency: 450.1 MHz
 Channel Spacing: 25.0 KHz
 Power: 5 W
 Modulation: FM with 2.5 KHz sine wave signal



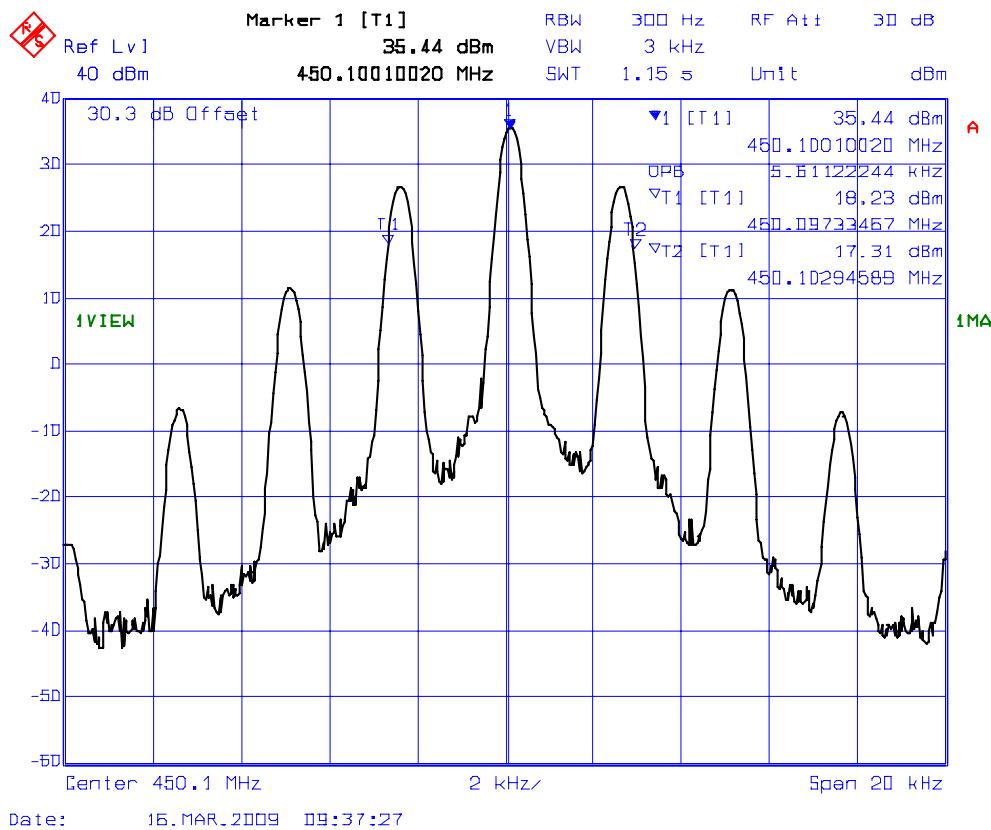
Plot # 2.:
 Occupied Bandwidth
 Carrier Frequency: 485.1 MHz
 Channel Spacing: 25.0 KHz
 Power: 5 W
 Modulation: FM with 2.5 KHz sine wave signal



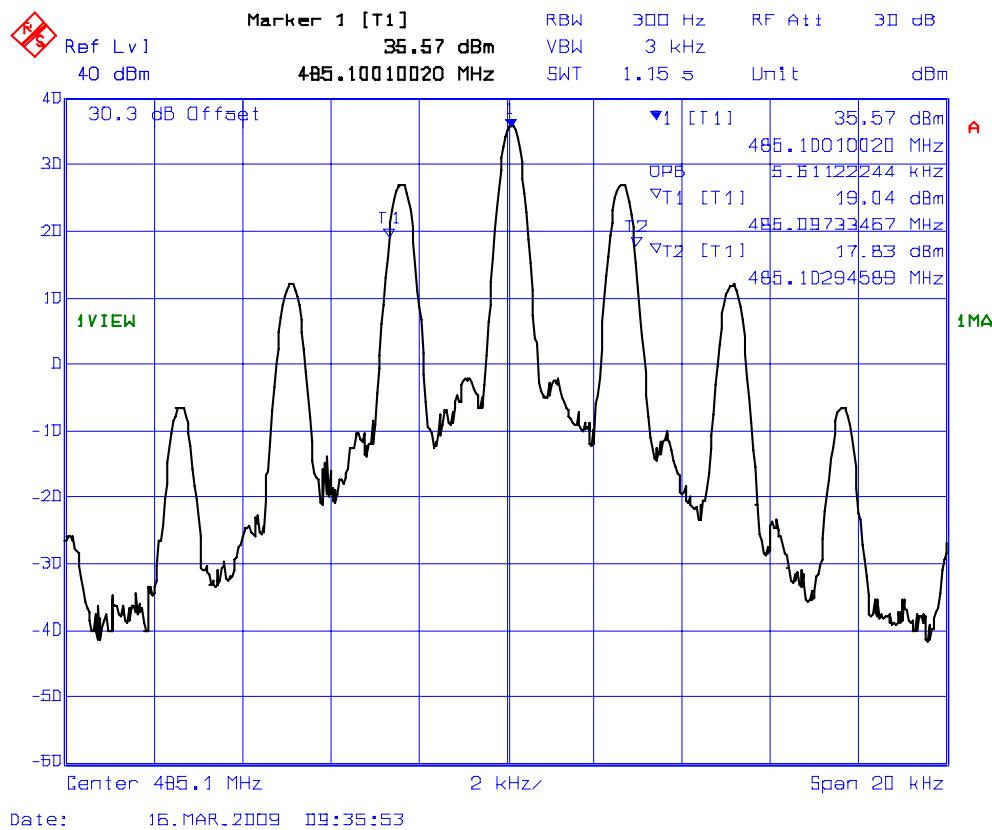
Plot # 3.:
Occupied Bandwidth
Carrier Frequency: 511.9 MHz
Channel Spacing: 25.0 KHz
Power: 5 W
Modulation: FM with 2.5 KHz sine wave signal



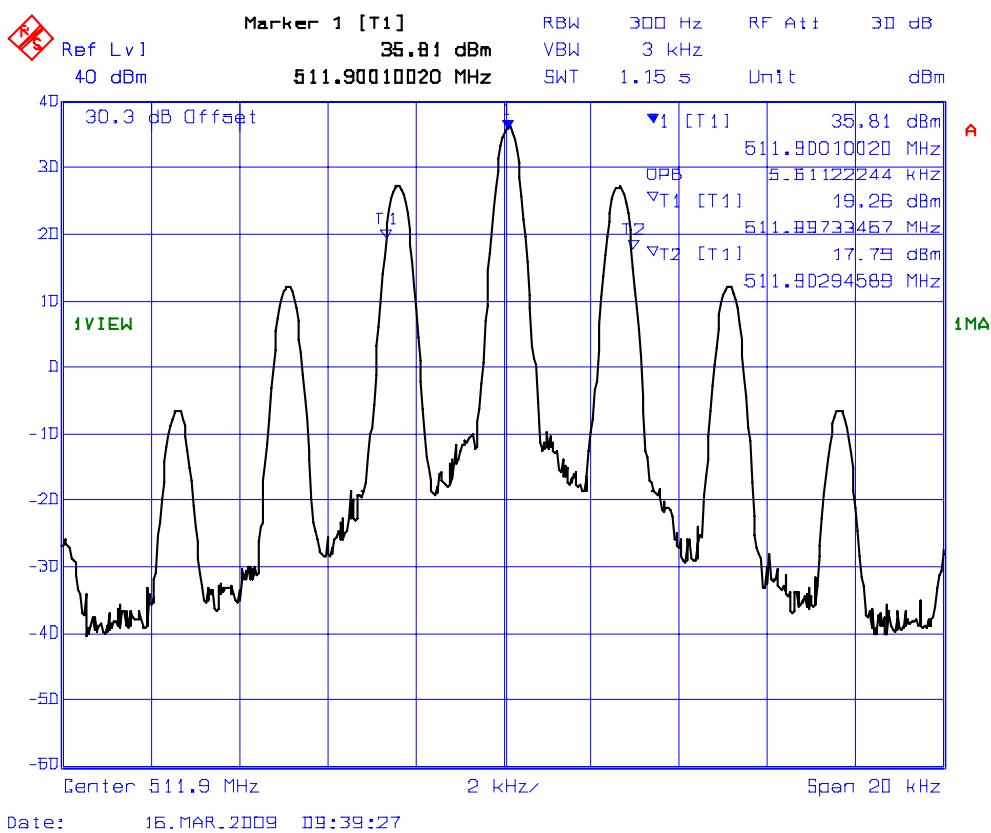
Plot # 4.:
Occupied Bandwidth
Carrier Frequency: 450.1 MHz
Channel Spacing: 12.5 KHz
Power: 5 W
Modulation: FM with 2.5 KHz sine wave signal



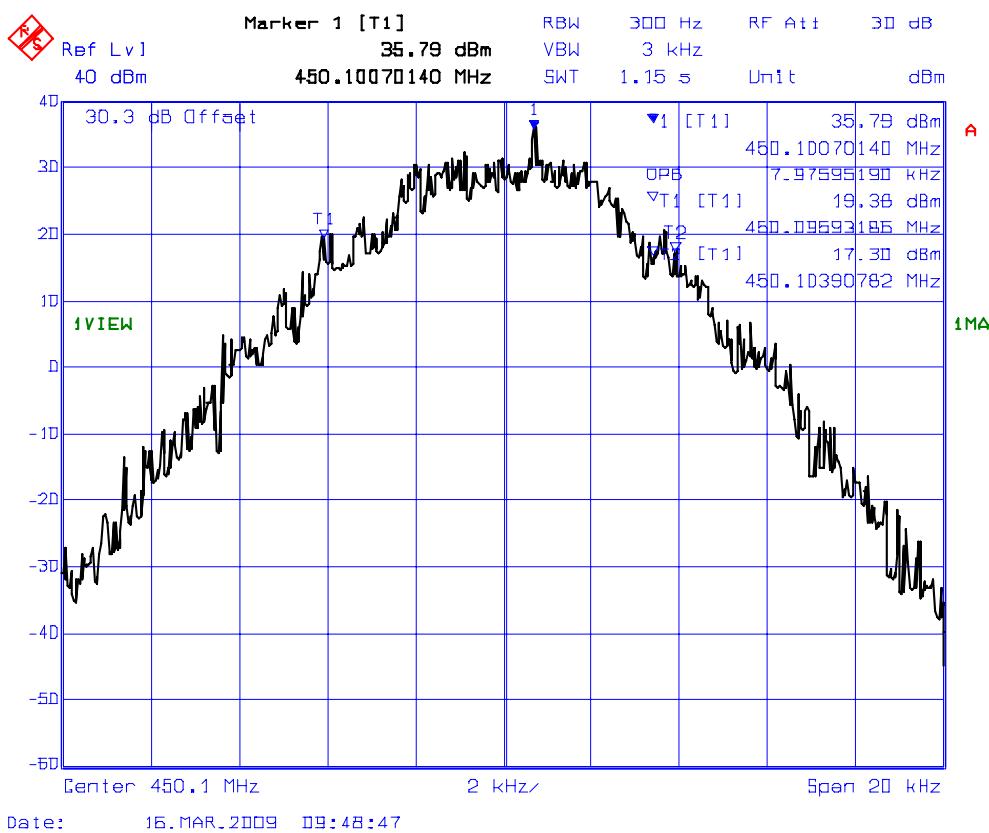
Plot # 5.:
 Occupied Bandwidth
 Carrier Frequency: 485.1 MHz
 Channel Spacing: 12.5 KHz
 Power: 5 W
 Modulation: FM with 2.5 KHz sine wave signal



Plot # 6.:
Occupied Bandwidth
Carrier Frequency: 511.9 MHz
Channel Spacing: 12.5 KHz
Power: 5 W
Modulation: FM with 2.5 KHz sine wave signal



Plot # 7.:
Occupied Bandwidth
Carrier Frequency: 450.1 MHz
Channel Spacing: 12.5 KHz
Power: 5 W
Modulation: Digital



Plot # 8.:

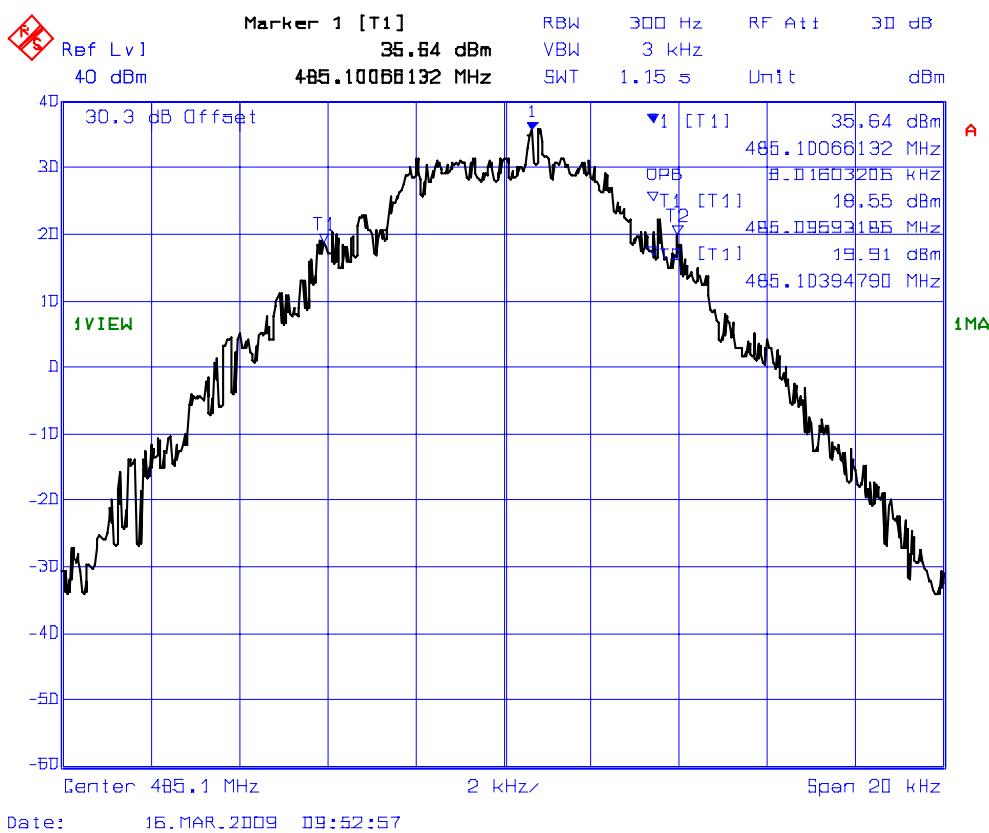
Occupied Bandwidth

Carrier Frequency: 485.1 MHz

Channel Spacing: 12.5 KHz

Power: 5 W

Modulation: Digital



Plot # 9.:

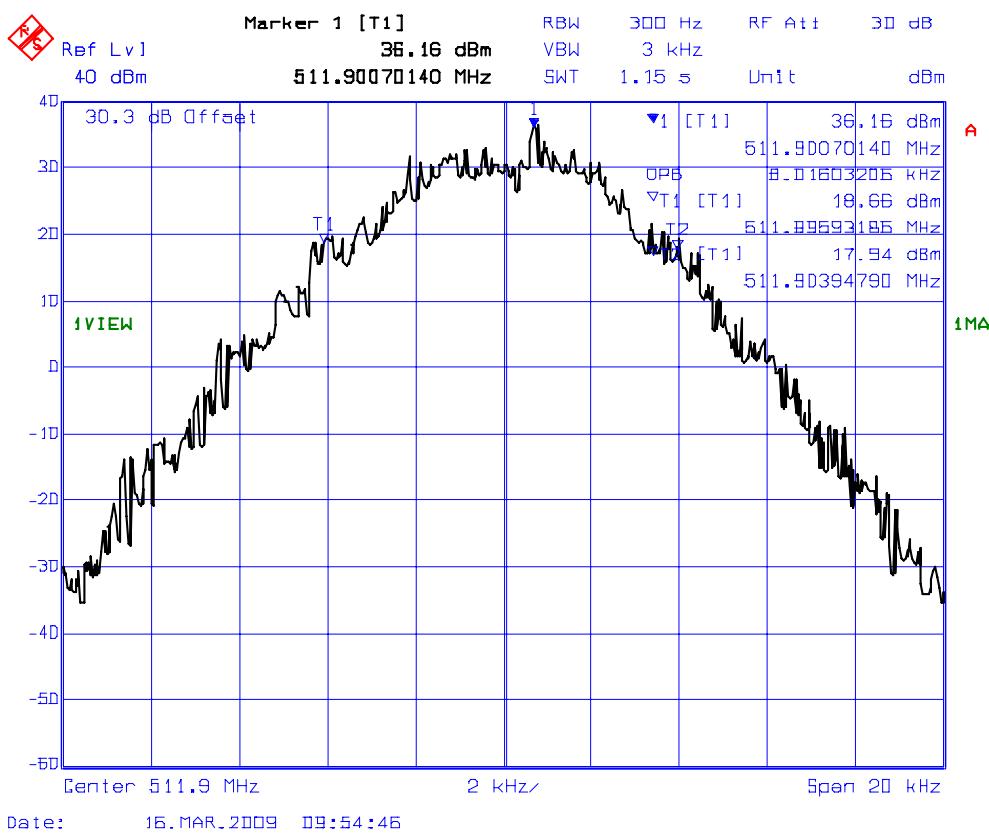
Occupied Bandwidth

Carrier Frequency: 511.95 MHz

Channel Spacing: 12.5 KHz

Power: 5 W

Modulation: Digital



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File #: ICOM-204F90

May 13, 2009

All test results contained in this engineering test report are traceable to National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST)

5.8.4.2. Emission Masks

Conform. See the following test data plots (10 through 27) for details.

Plot # 10.:

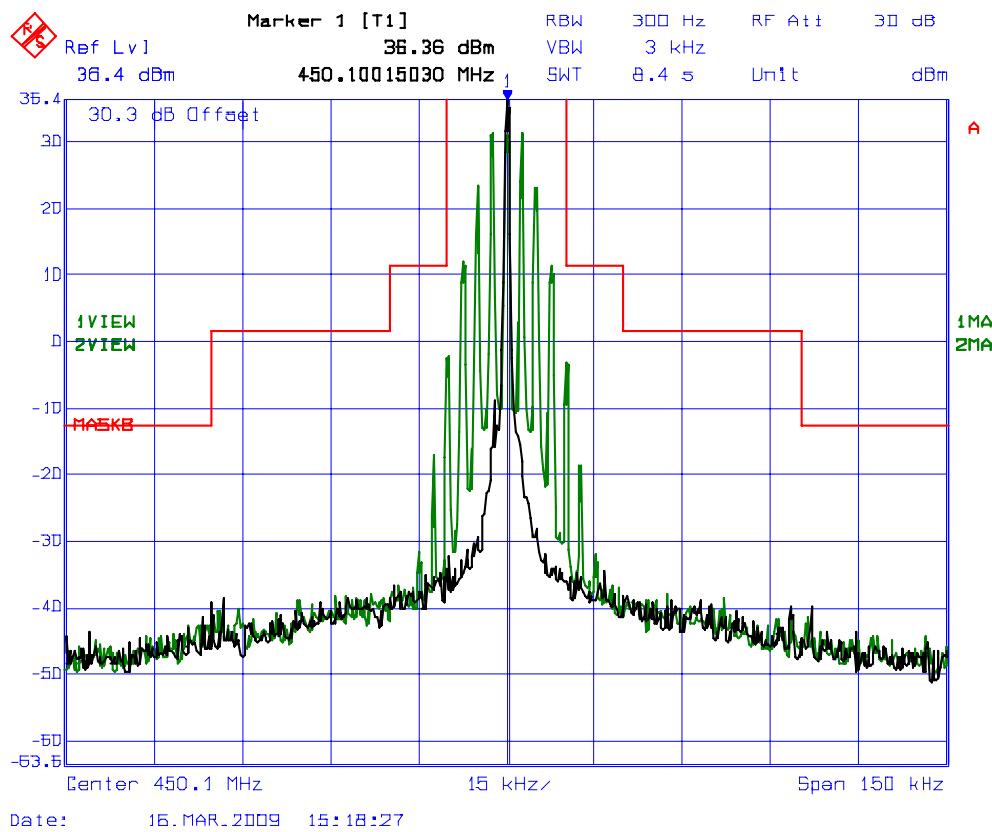
Emission Mask B

Carrier Frequency: 450.1 MHz

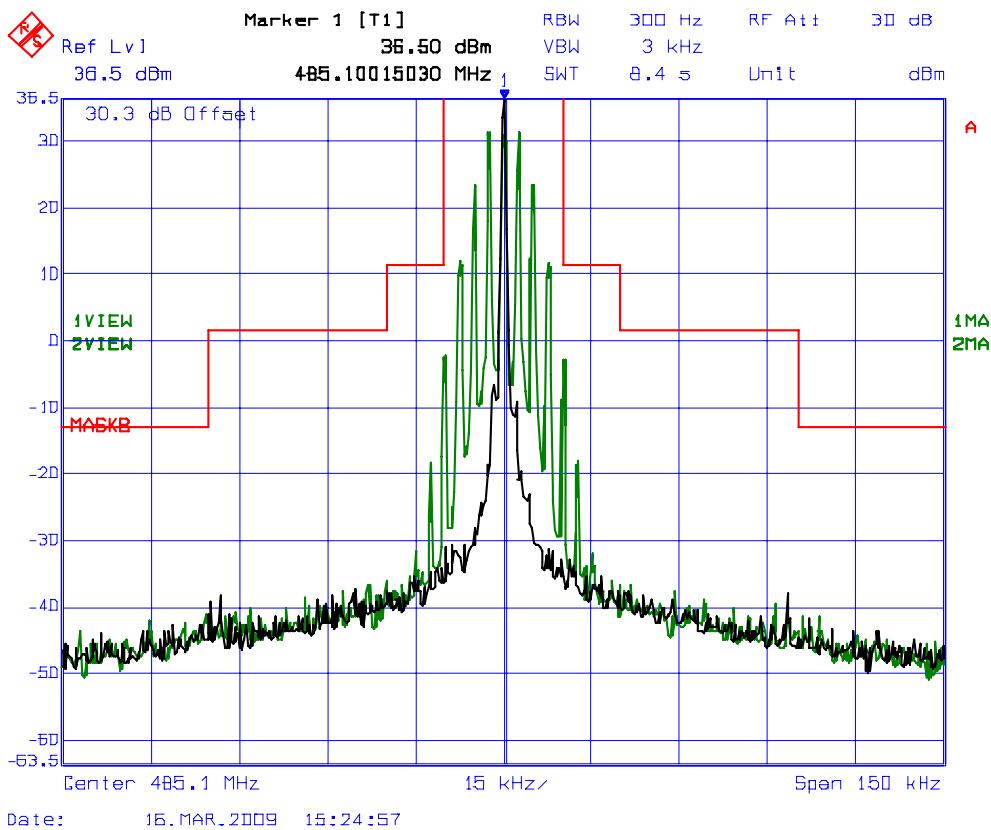
Channel Spacing: 25 KHz

Power: 5 W

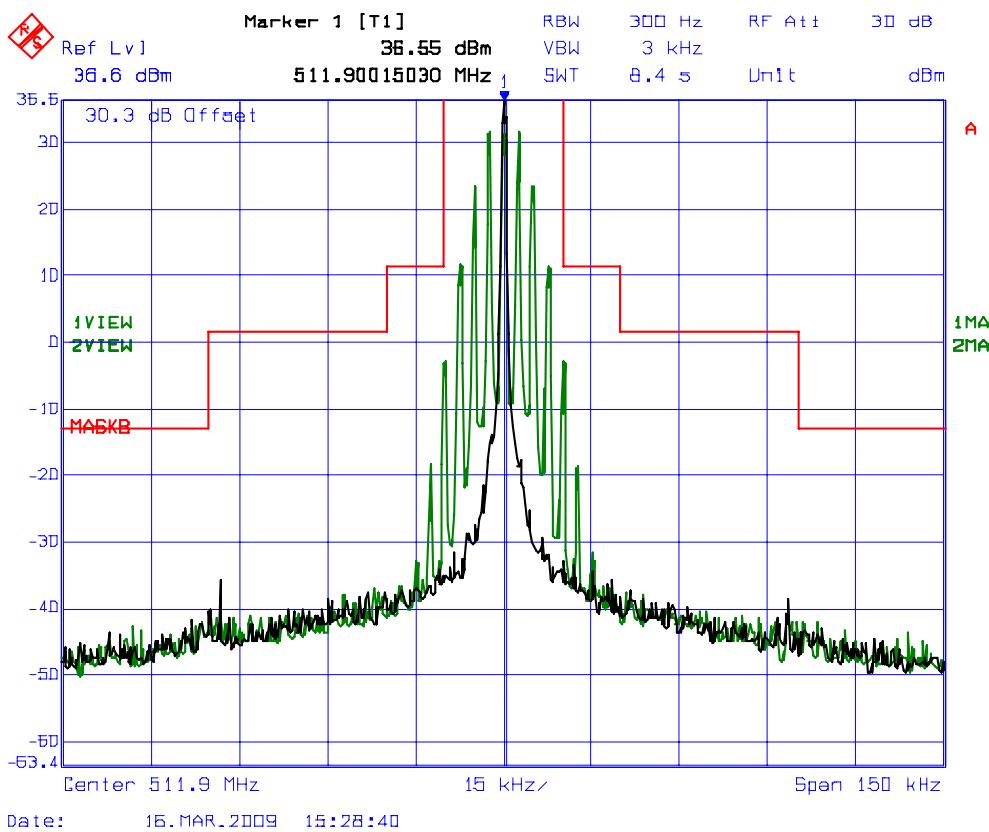
Modulation: FM with 2.5KHz sine wave



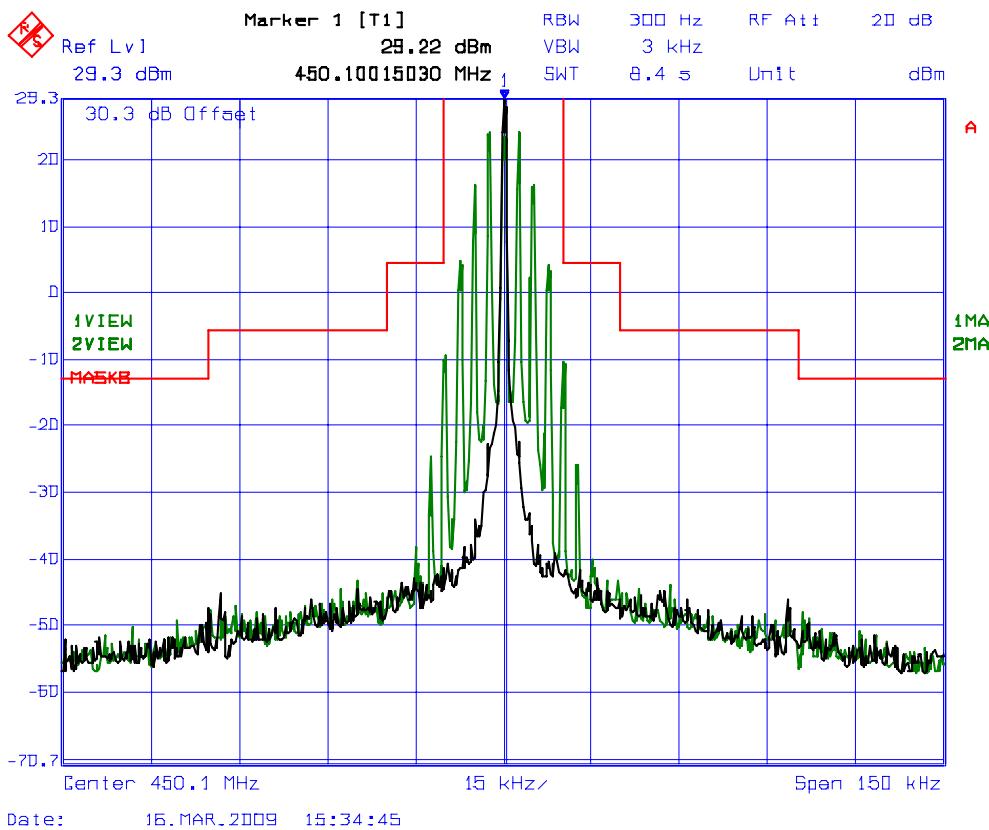
Plot # 11.:
Emission Mask B
Carrier Frequency: 485.1 MHz
Channel Spacing: 25 KHz
Power: 5 W
Modulation: FM with 2.5KHz sine wave



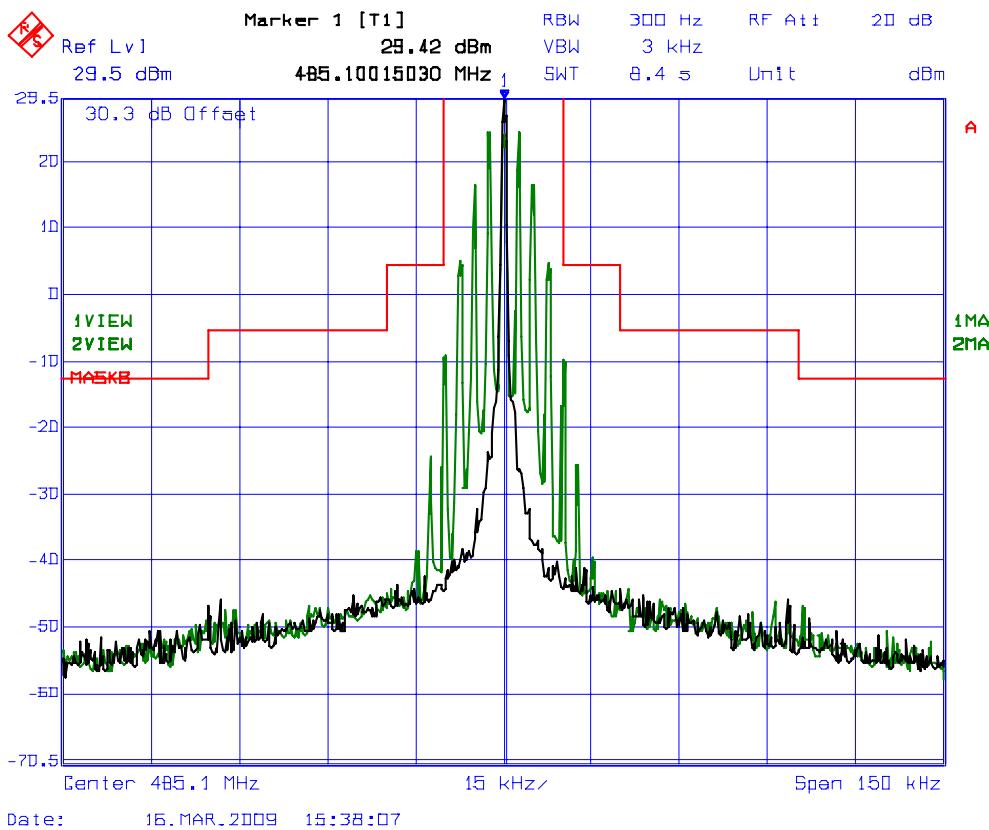
Plot # 12.:
Emission Mask B
Carrier Frequency: 511.95 MHz
Channel Spacing: 25 KHz
Power: 5 W
Modulation: FM with 2.5KHz sine wave



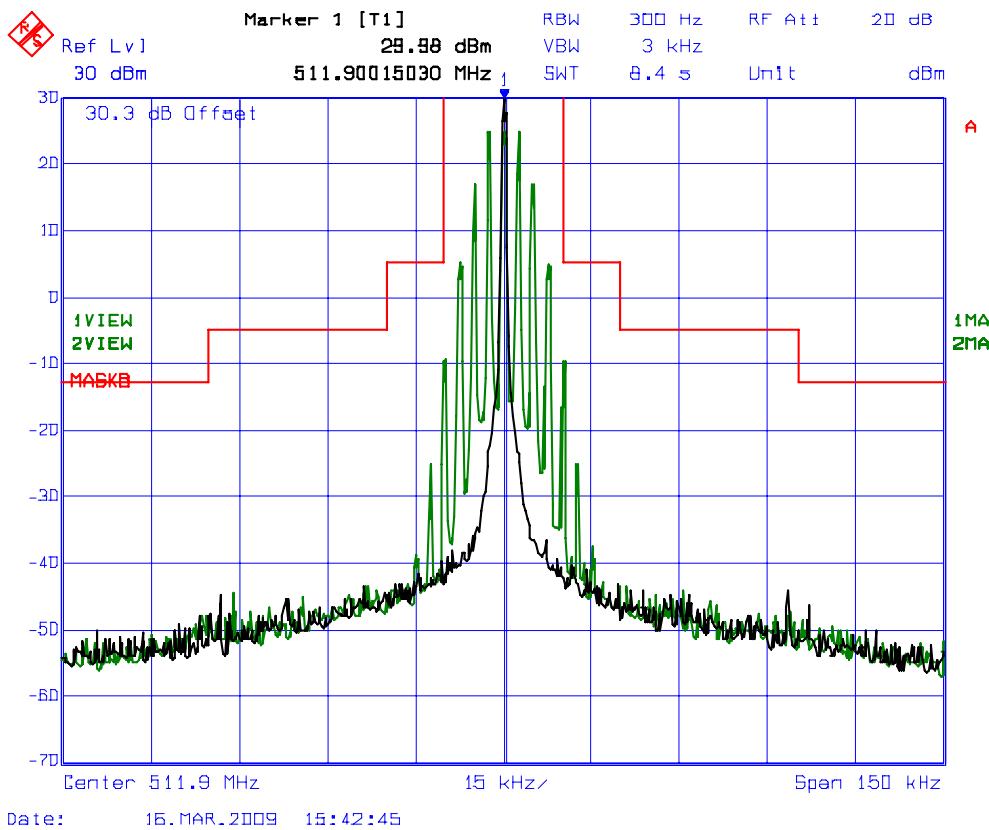
Plot # 13.:
Emission Mask B
Carrier Frequency: 450.1 MHz
Channel Spacing: 25 KHz
Power: 1 W
Modulation: FM with 2.5KHz sine wave



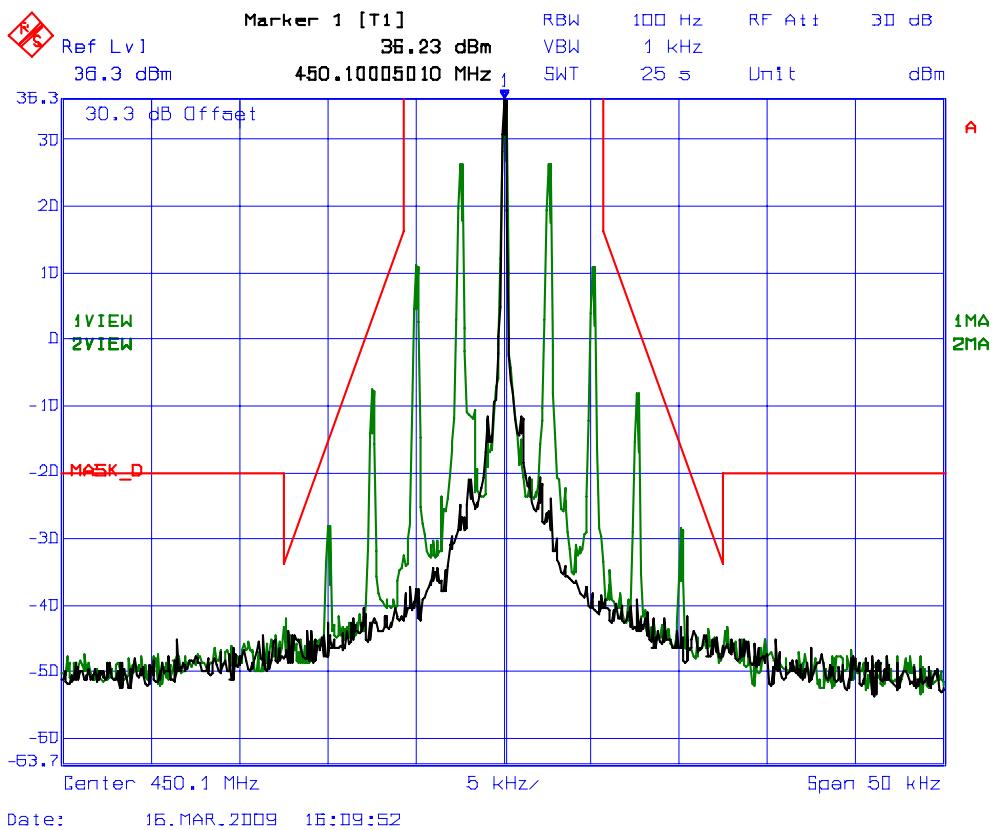
Plot # 14.:
Emission Mask B
Carrier Frequency: 485.1 MHz
Channel Spacing: 25 KHz
Power: 1 W
Modulation: FM with 2.5KHz sine wave



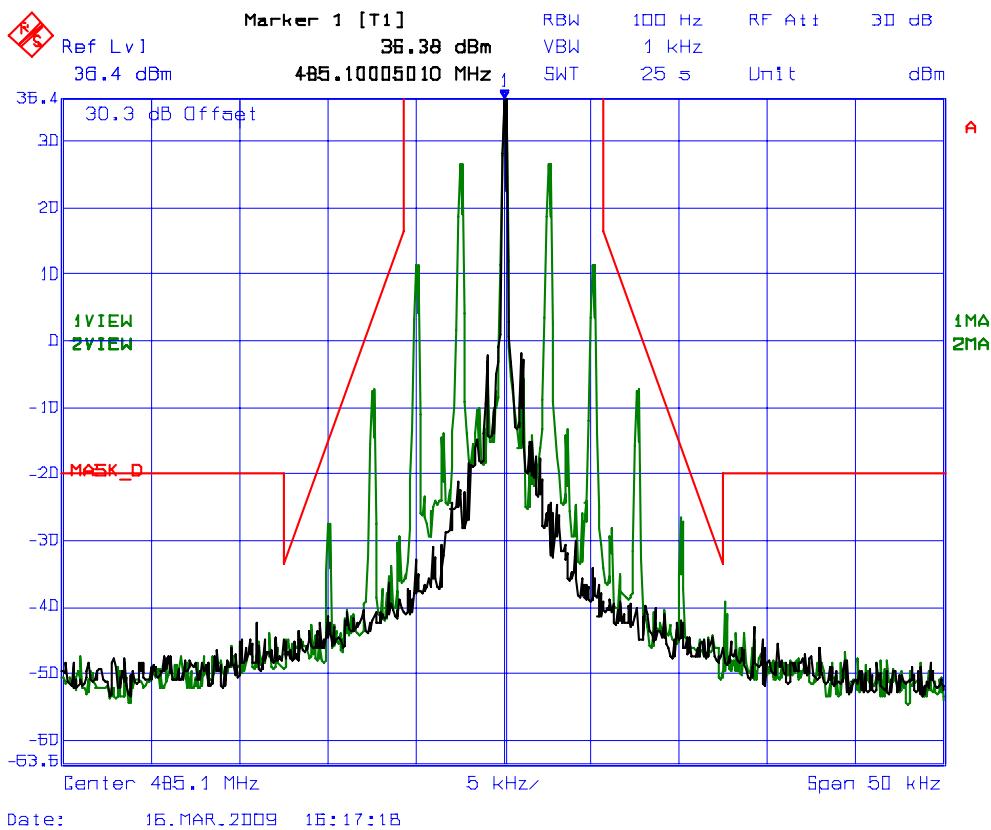
Plot # 15.:
Emission Mask B
Carrier Frequency: 511.95 MHz
Channel Spacing: 25 KHz
Power: 1 W
Modulation: FM with 2.5KHz sine wave



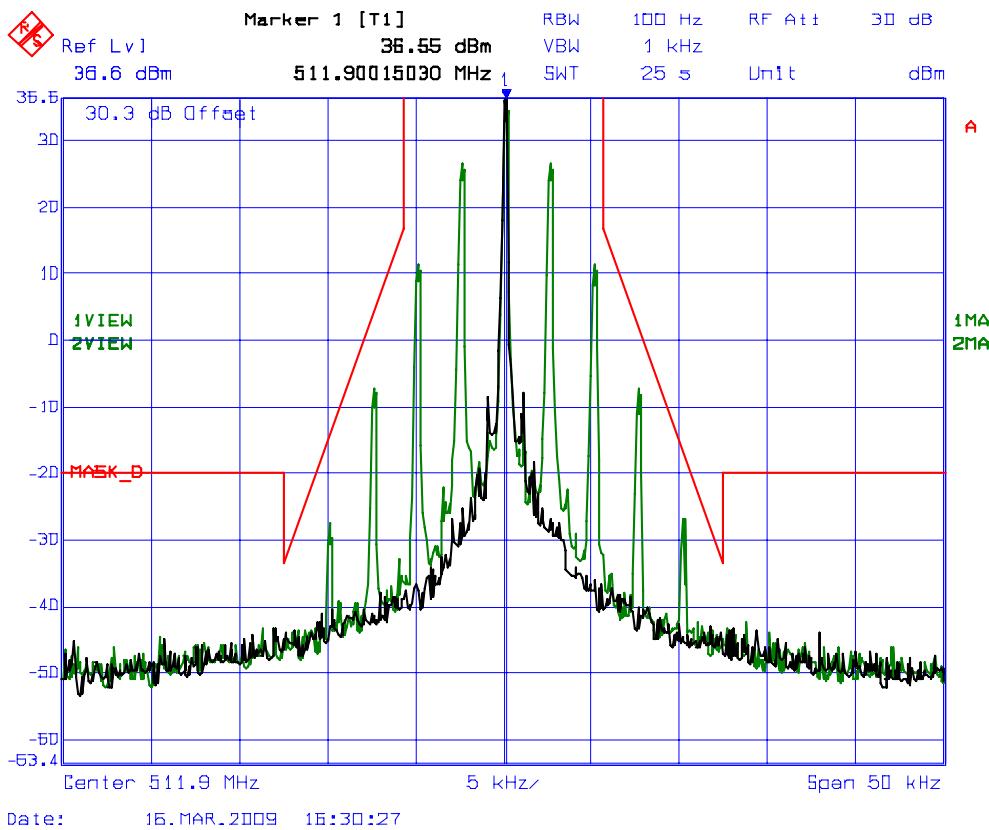
Plot # 16.:
Emission Mask D
Carrier Frequency: 450.1 MHz
Channel Spacing: 12.5 KHz
Power: 5 W
Modulation: FM with 2.5KHz sine wave



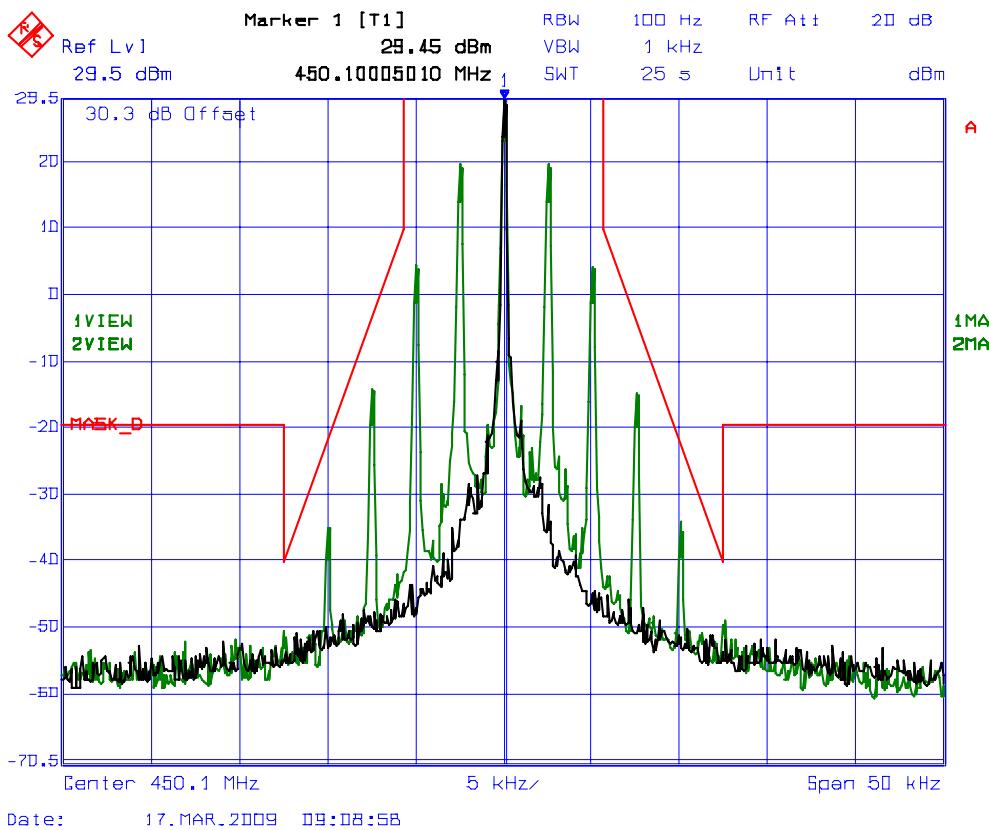
Plot # 17.:
Emission Mask D
Carrier Frequency: 485.1 MHz
Channel Spacing: 12.5 KHz
Power: 5 W
Modulation: FM with 2.5KHz sine wave



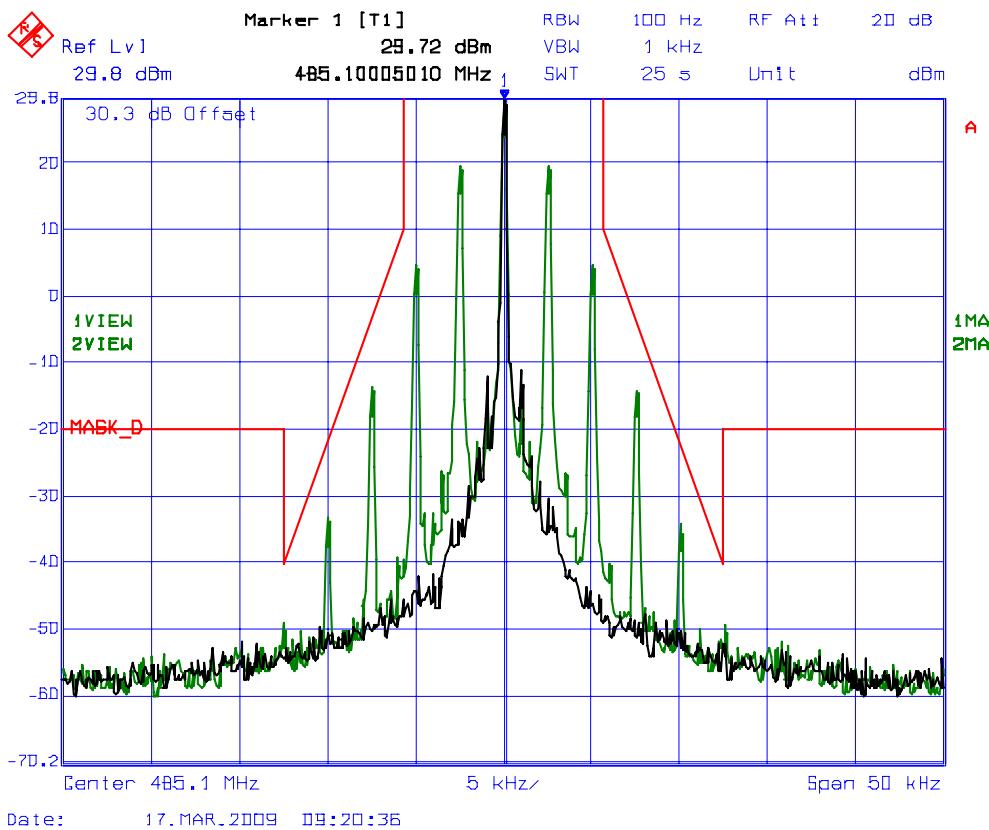
Plot # 18.:
Emission Mask D
Carrier Frequency: 511.95 MHz
Channel Spacing: 12.5 KHz
Power: 5 W
Modulation: FM with 2.5KHz sine wave



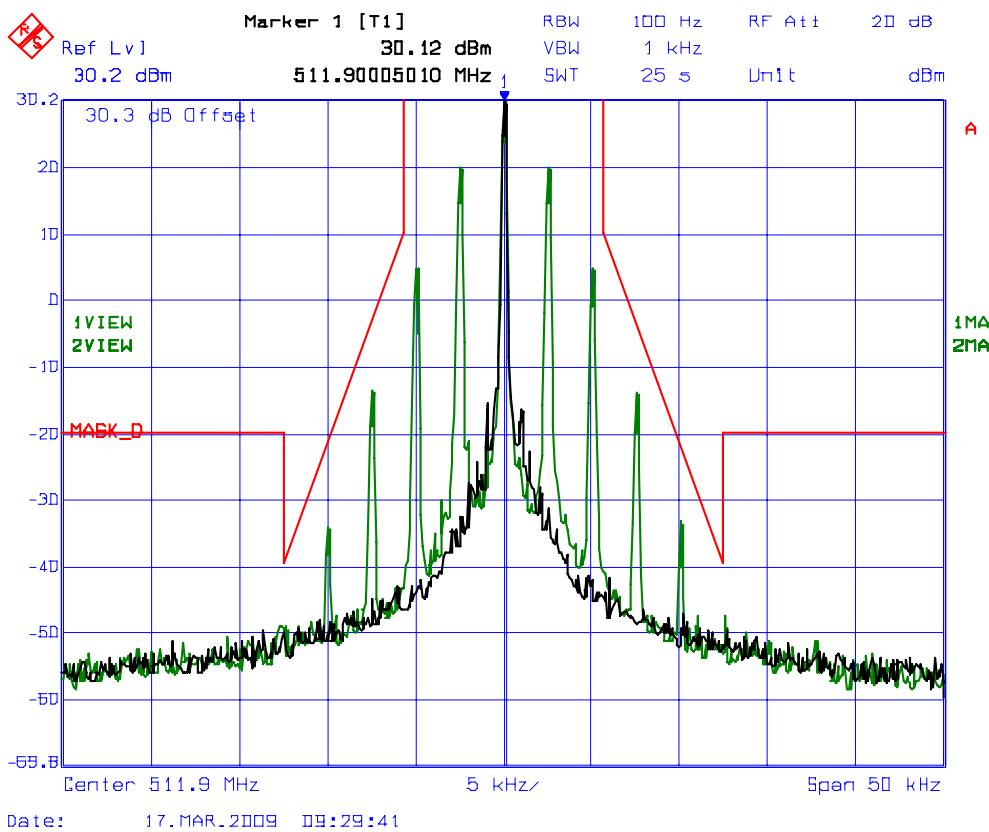
Plot # 19.:
Emission Mask D
Carrier Frequency: 450.1 MHz
Channel Spacing: 12.5 KHz
Power: 1 W
Modulation: FM with 2.5KHz sine wave



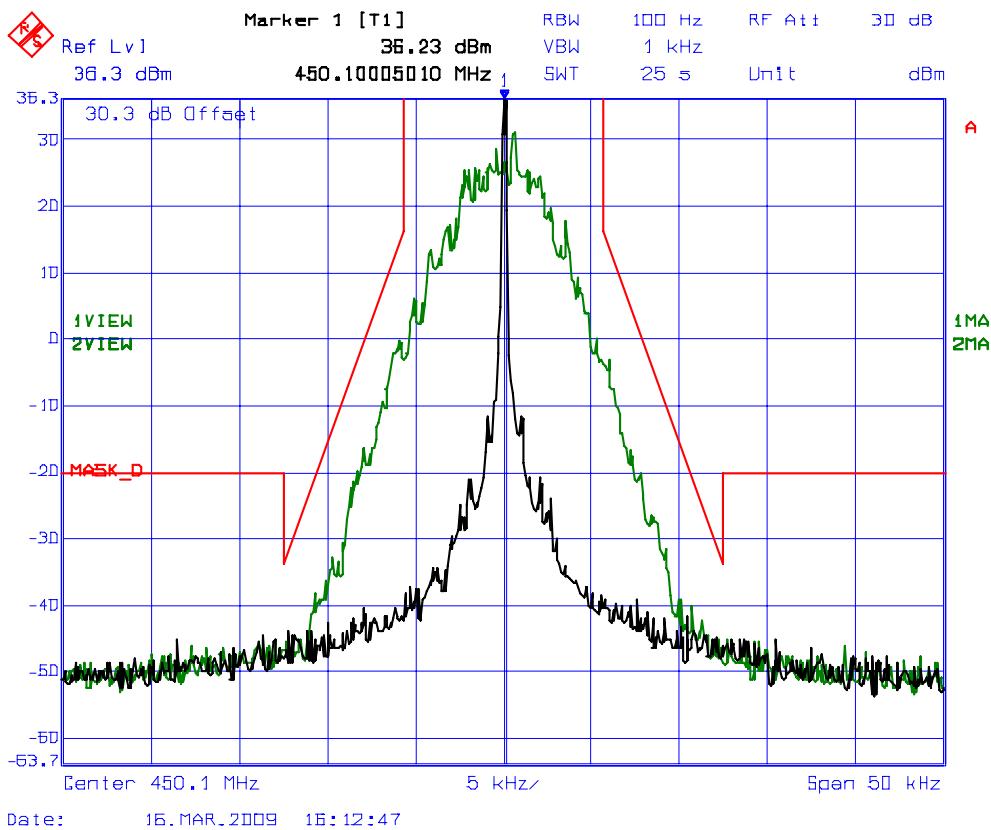
Plot # 20.:
Emission Mask D
Carrier Frequency: 485.1 MHz
Channel Spacing: 12.5 KHz
Power: 1 W
Modulation: FM with 2.5KHz sine wave



Plot # 21.:
Emission Mask D
Carrier Frequency: 511.95 MHz
Channel Spacing: 12.5 KHz
Power: 1 W
Modulation: FM with 2.5KHz sine wave



Plot # 22.:
Emission Mask D
Carrier Frequency: 450.1 MHz
Channel Spacing: 12.5 KHz
Power: 5 W
Modulation: Digital



Plot # 23.:

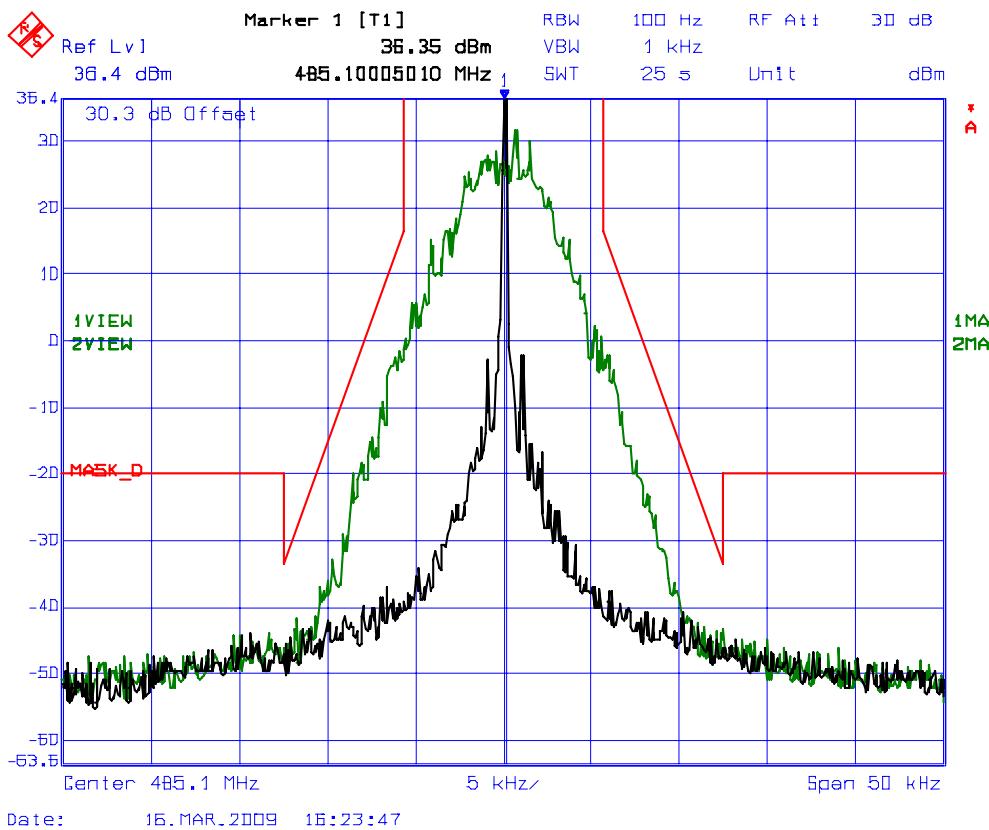
Emission Mask D

Carrier Frequency: 485.1 MHz

Channel Spacing: 12.5 KHz

Power: 5 W

Modulation: Digital



Plot # 24.:

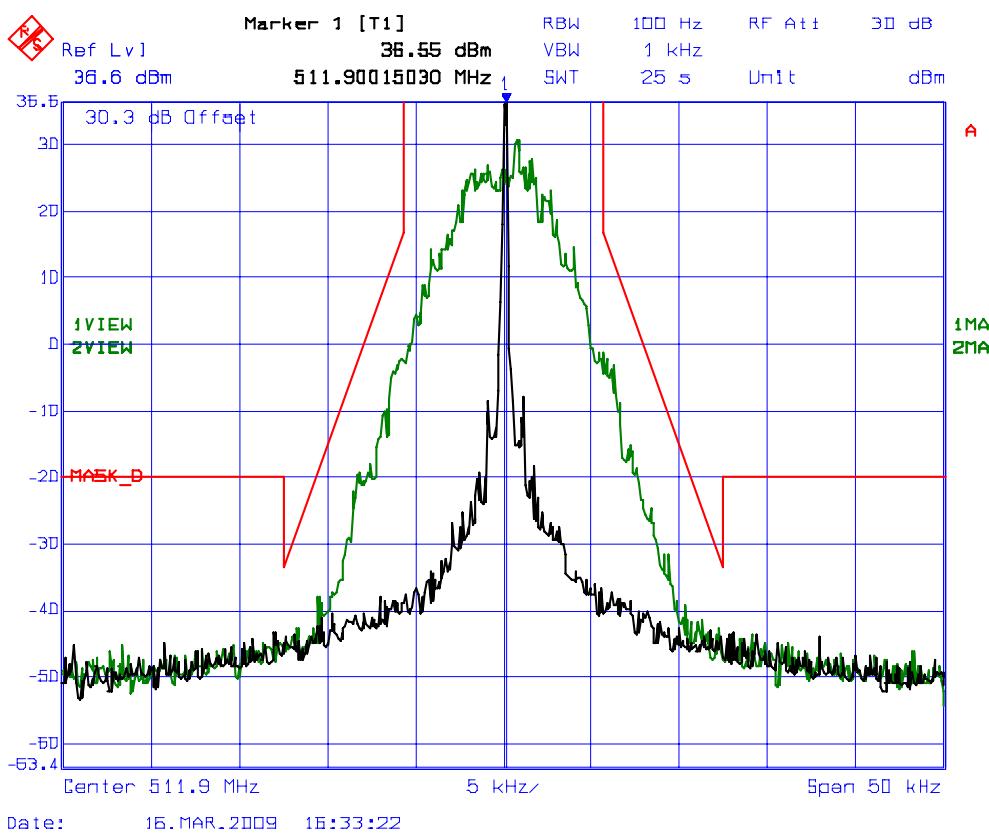
Emission Mask D

Carrier Frequency: 511.95 MHz

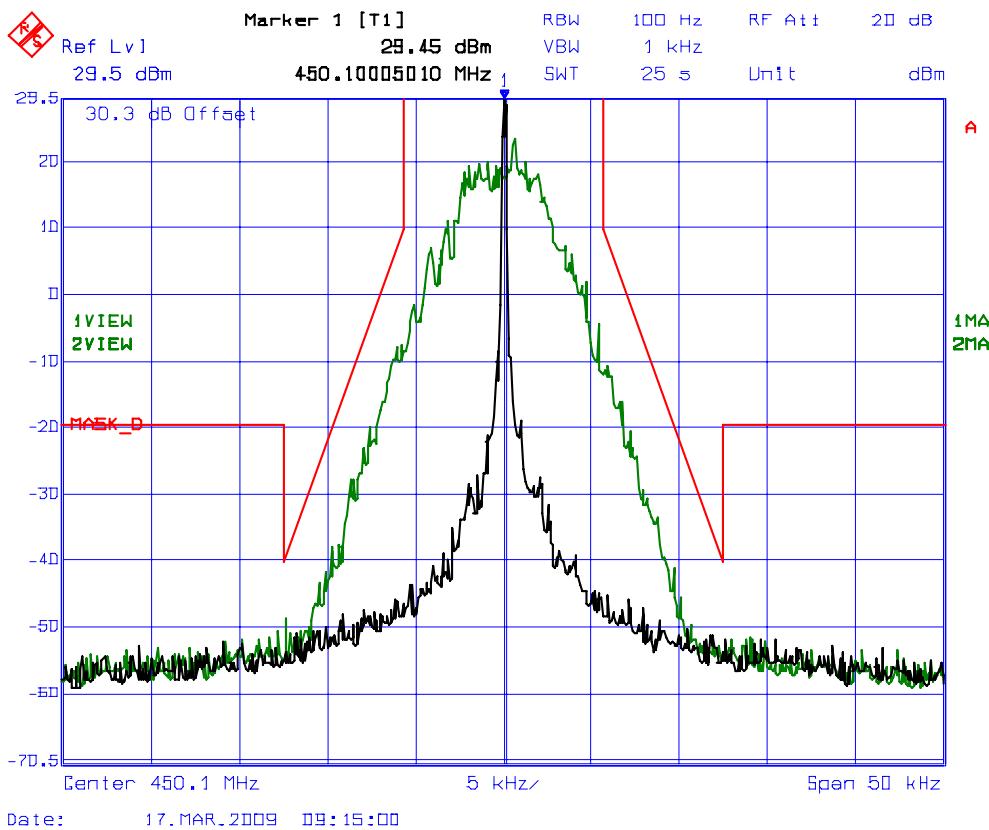
Channel Spacing: 12.5 KHz

Power: 5 W

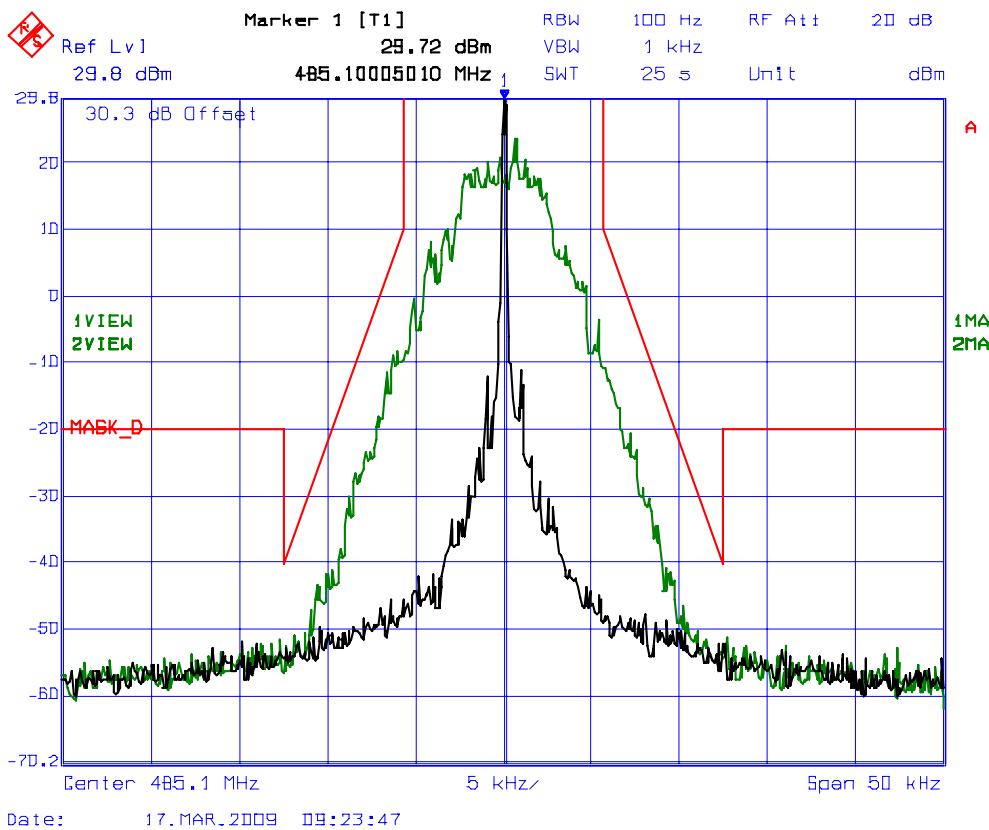
Modulation: Digital



Plot # 25.:
Emission Mask D
Carrier Frequency: 450.1 MHz
Channel Spacing: 12.5 KHz
Power: 1 W
Modulation: Digital



Plot # 26.:
Emission Mask D
Carrier Frequency: 485.1 MHz
Channel Spacing: 12.5 KHz
Power: 1 W
Modulation: Digital



Plot # 27.:

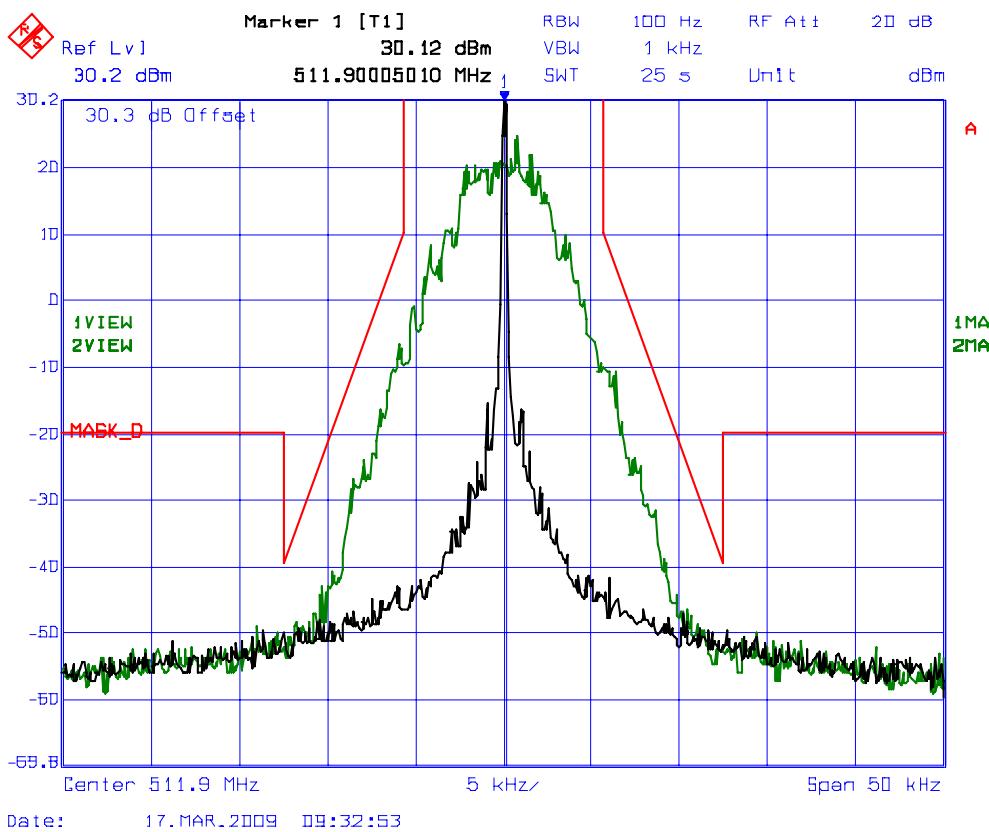
Emission Mask D

Carrier Frequency: 511.95 MHz

Channel Spacing: 12.5 KHz

Power: 1 W

Modulation: Digital



5.9. TRANSMITTER ANTENNA POWER SPURIOUS/HARMONIC CONDUCTED EMISSIONS [§§ 2.1051, 2.1057 & 90.210]

5.9.1. Limits

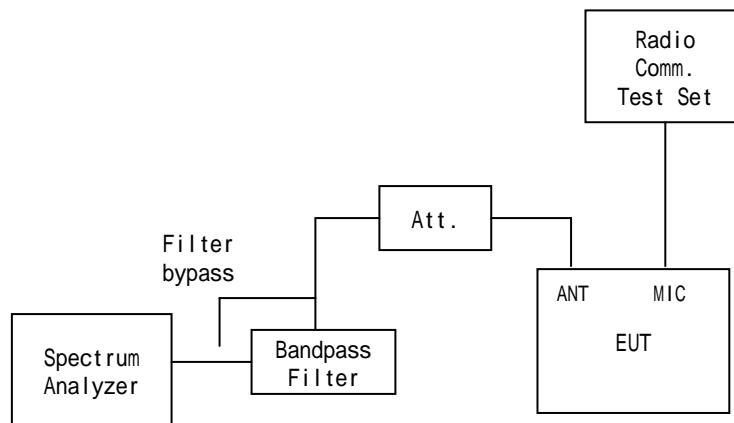
Emissions shall be attenuated below the mean output power of the transmitter as follows:

| FCC Rules | Frequency Range | Attenuation Limit (dBc) |
|-------------|--|--|
| § 90.210(b) | 10 MHz to Lowest frequency of the radio to 10 th harmonic of the highest frequency of the radio | At least 43 + 10 log(P) or -13 dBm |
| § 90.210(d) | 10 MHz to Lowest frequency of the radio to 10 th harmonic of the highest frequency of the radio | At least 50 + 10 log (P) dB or 70 dB, whichever is the lesser attenuation. |
| § 90.210(e) | 10 MHz to Lowest frequency of the radio to 10 th harmonic of the highest frequency of the radio | At least 55 + 10 log (P) or 65 dB, whichever is the lesser attenuation. |

5.9.2. Method of Measurements

Refer to Section 8.5 of this report for measurement details

5.9.3. Test Arrangement



5.9.4. Test Data

Note: There was no difference in spurious/harmonic emissions on the pre-scans for different channel spacing and modulation types. Therefore, the rf spurious/harmonic emissions in this section would be performed for 12.5 KHz channel spacing and the more stringent limit of $50 + 10 \log(P)$ would be applied for worst case.

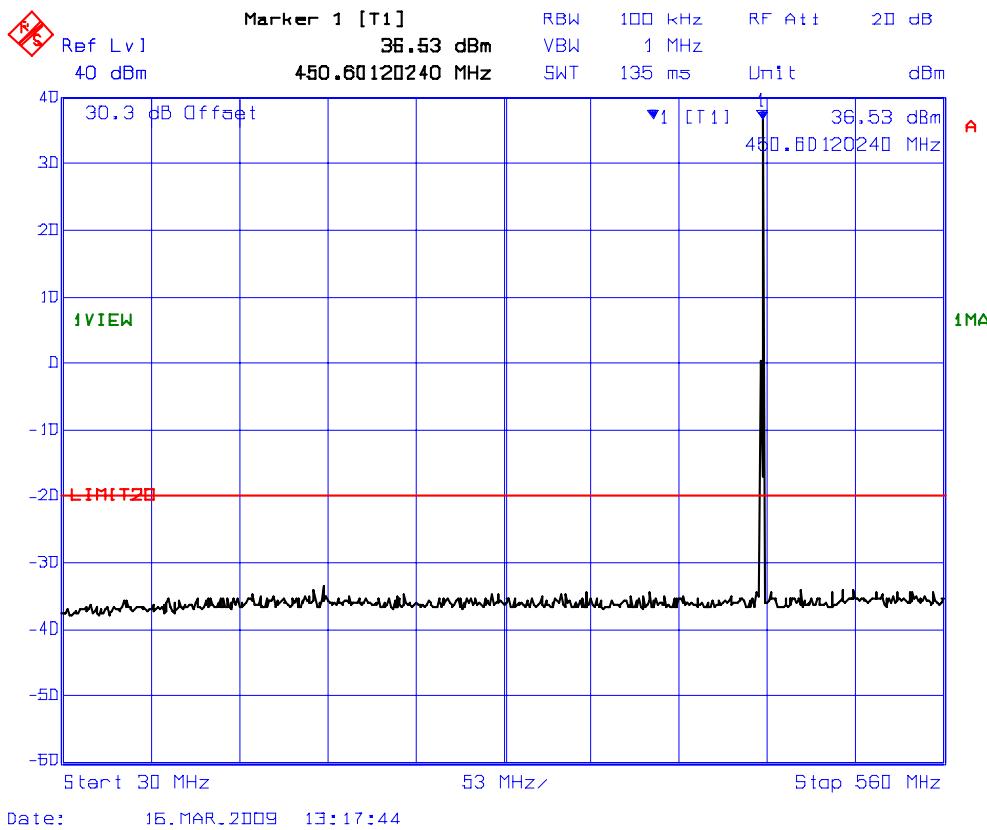
5.9.4.1. Near Lowest Frequency (450.1 MHz)

Plot # 28.:

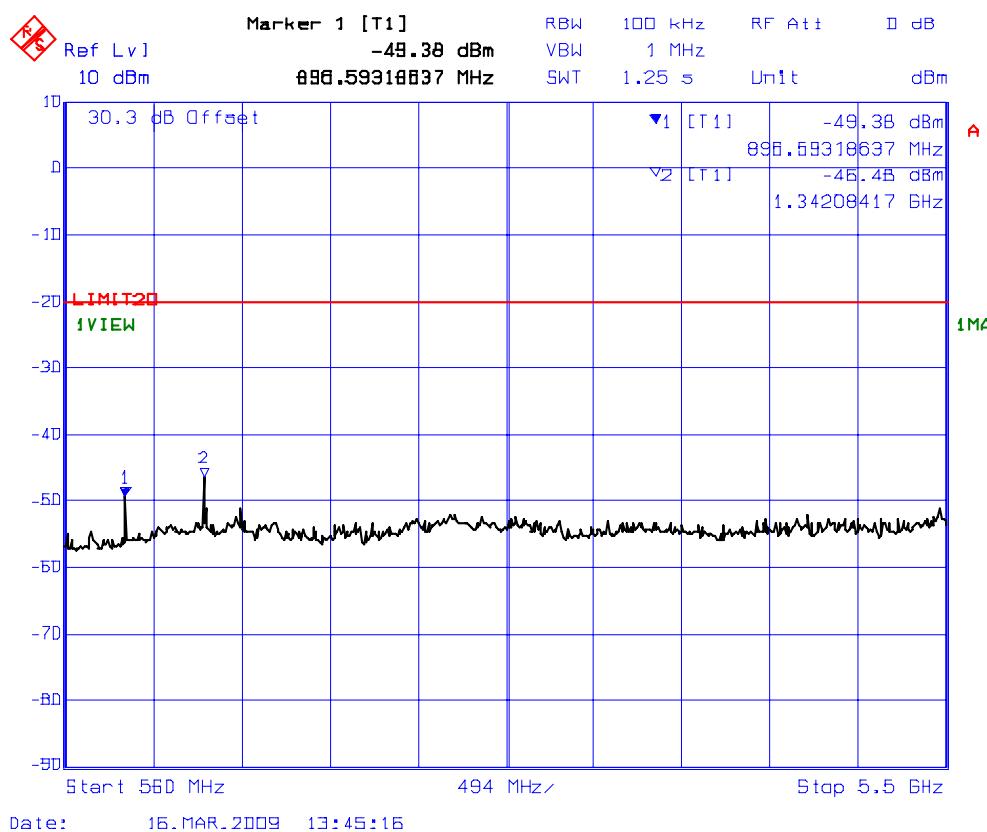
Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals

Carrier Frequency: 450.1 MHz

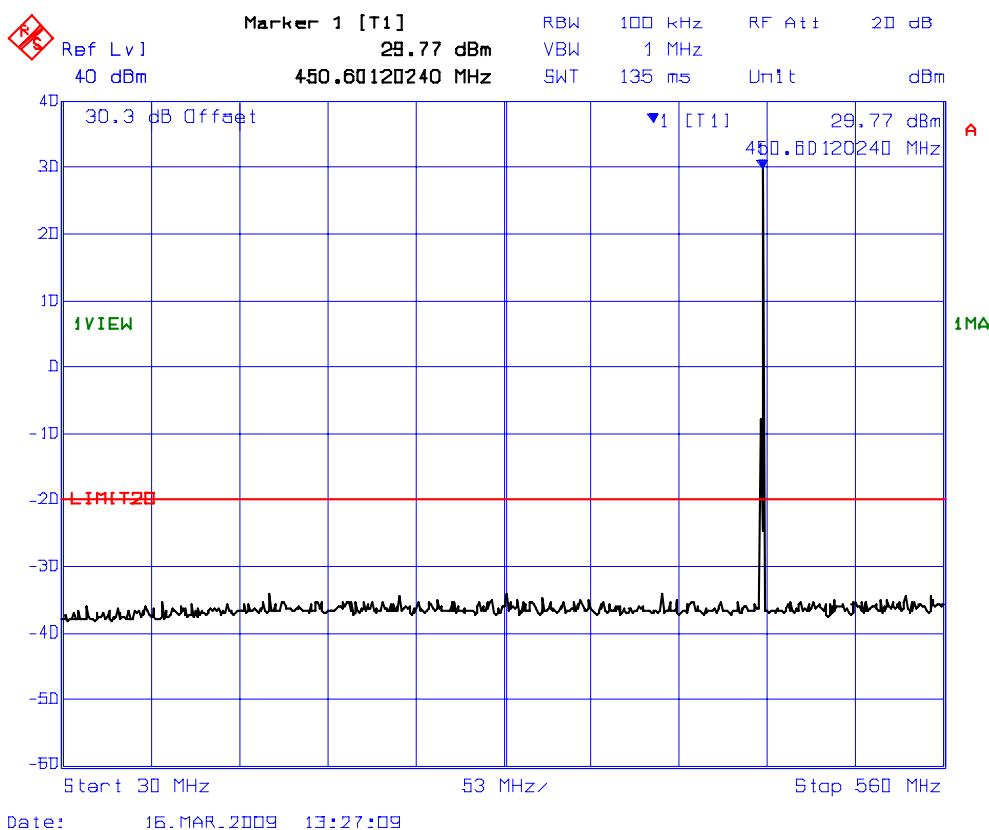
Channel Spacing: 12.5 KHz Power: 5 W Modulation: analog



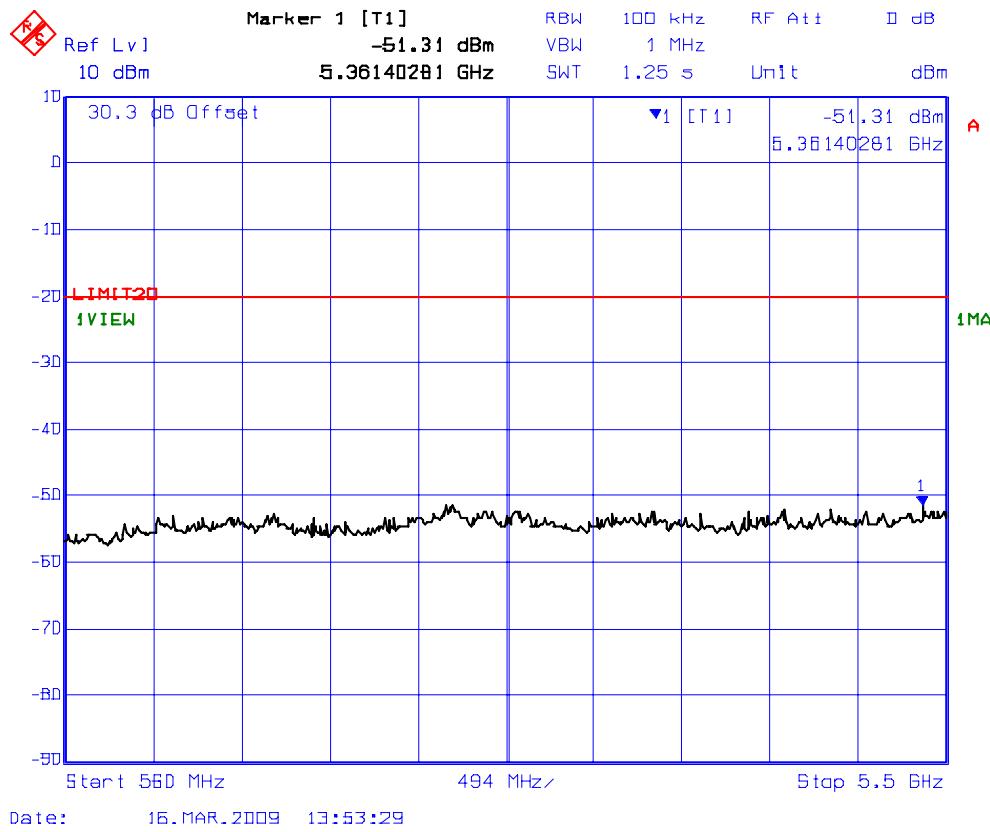
Plot # 29.:
Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals
Carrier Frequency: 450.1 MHz
Channel Spacing: 12.5 KHz Power: 5 W Modulation: analog
High Pass Filter



Plot # 30.:
Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals
Carrier Frequency: 450.1 MHz
Channel Spacing: 12.5 KHz Power: 1 W Modulation: analog



Plot # 31.:
Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals
Carrier Frequency: 450.1 MHz
Channel Spacing: 12.5 KHz Power: 1 W Modulation: analog
High Pass Filter



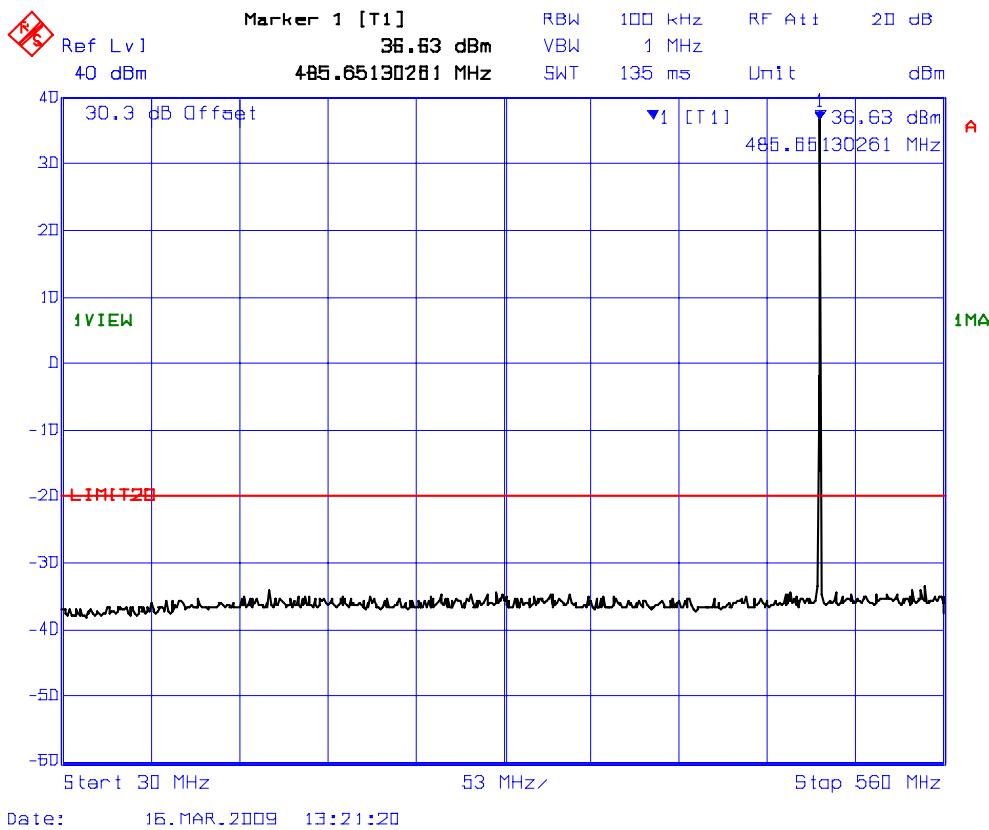
5.9.4.2. Near Middle Frequency (485.1 MHz)

Plot # 32.:

Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals

Carrier Frequency: 485.1 MHz

Channel Spacing: 12.5 KHz Power: 5 W Modulation: analog



Date: 15.MAR.2009 13:21:20

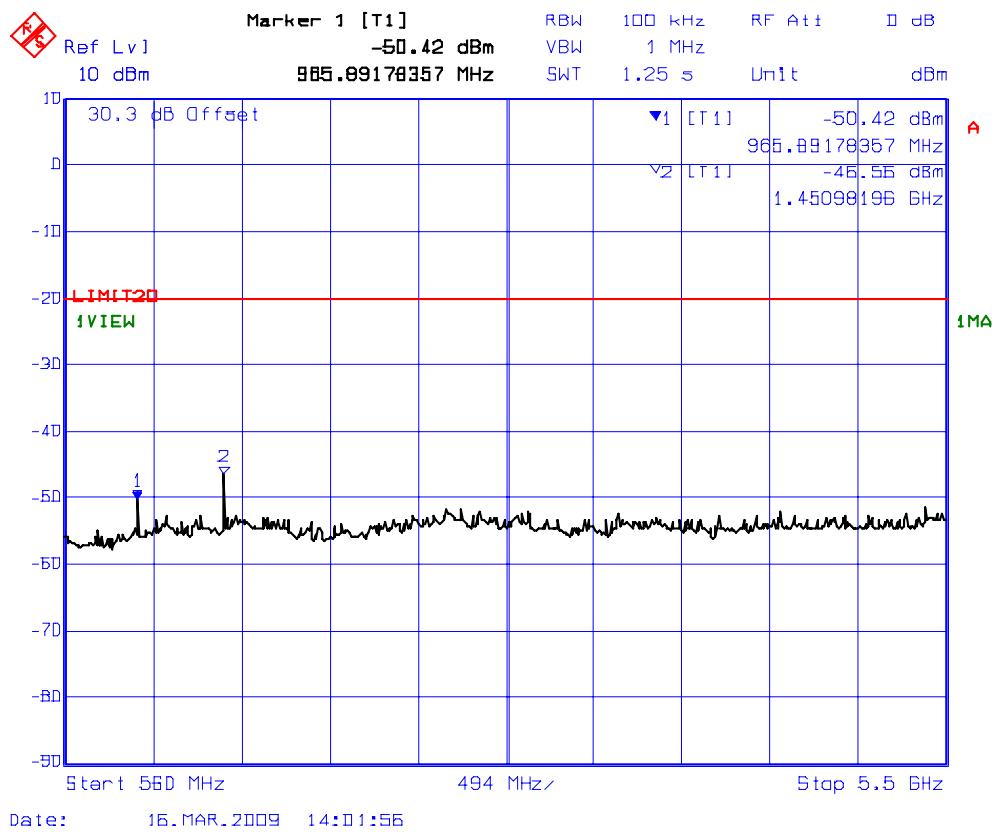
Plot # 33.:

Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals

Carrier Frequency: 485.1 MHz

Channel Spacing: 12.5 KHz Power: 5 W Modulation: analog

High Pass Filter

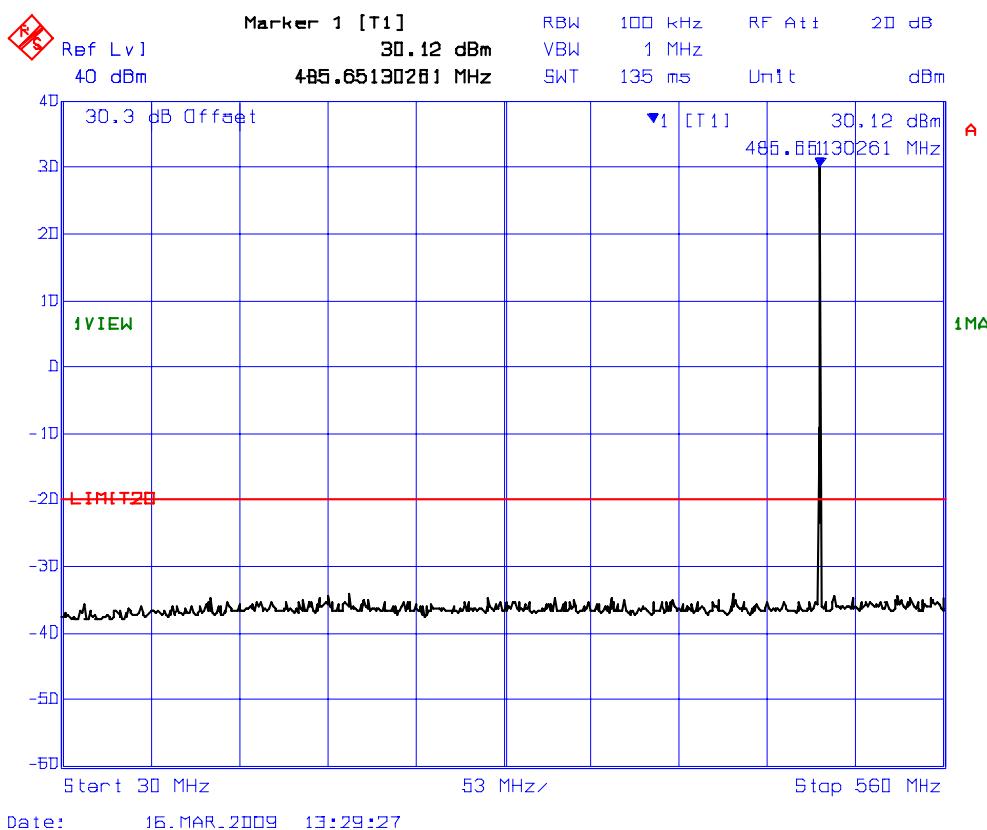


Plot # 34.:

Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals

Carrier Frequency: 485.1 MHz

Channel Spacing: 12.5 KHz Power: 1 W Modulation: analog



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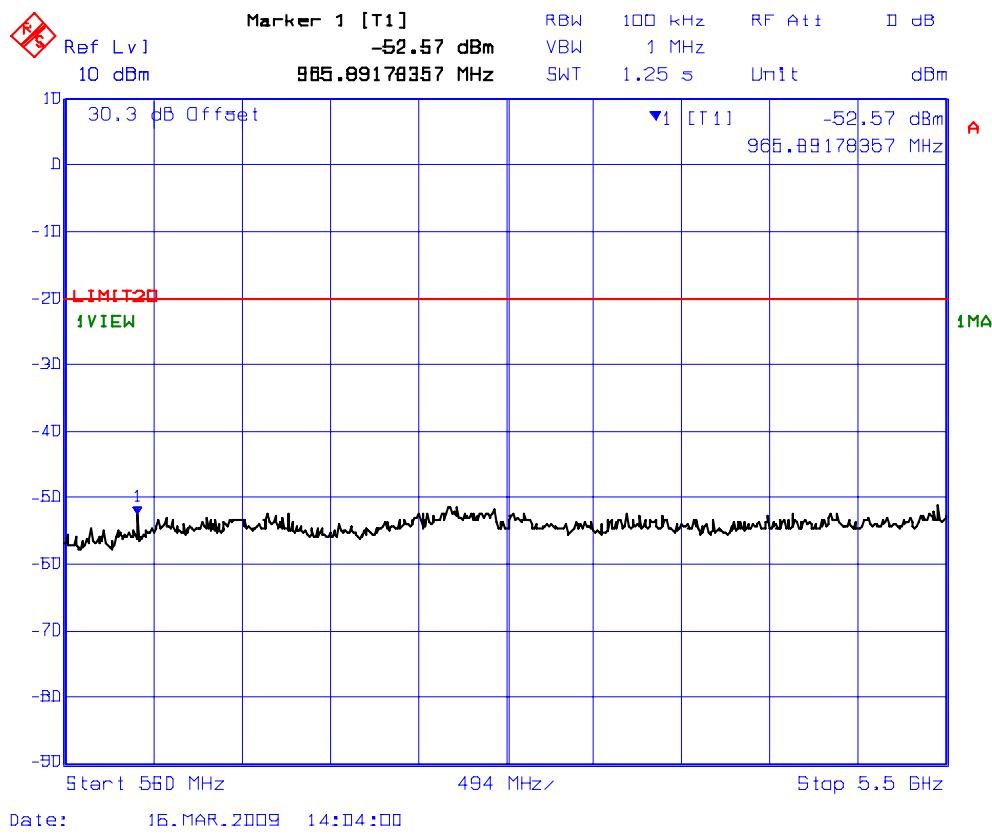
Tel. #: 905-829-1570, Fax. #: 905-829-8050, Email: vic@ultratech-labs.com, Website: <http://www.ultratech-labs.com>

File #: ICOM-204F90

May 13, 2009

All test results contained in this engineering test report are traceable to National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST)

Plot # 35.:
Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals
Carrier Frequency: 485.1 MHz
Channel Spacing: 12.5 KHz Power: 1 W Modulation: analog
High Pass Filter



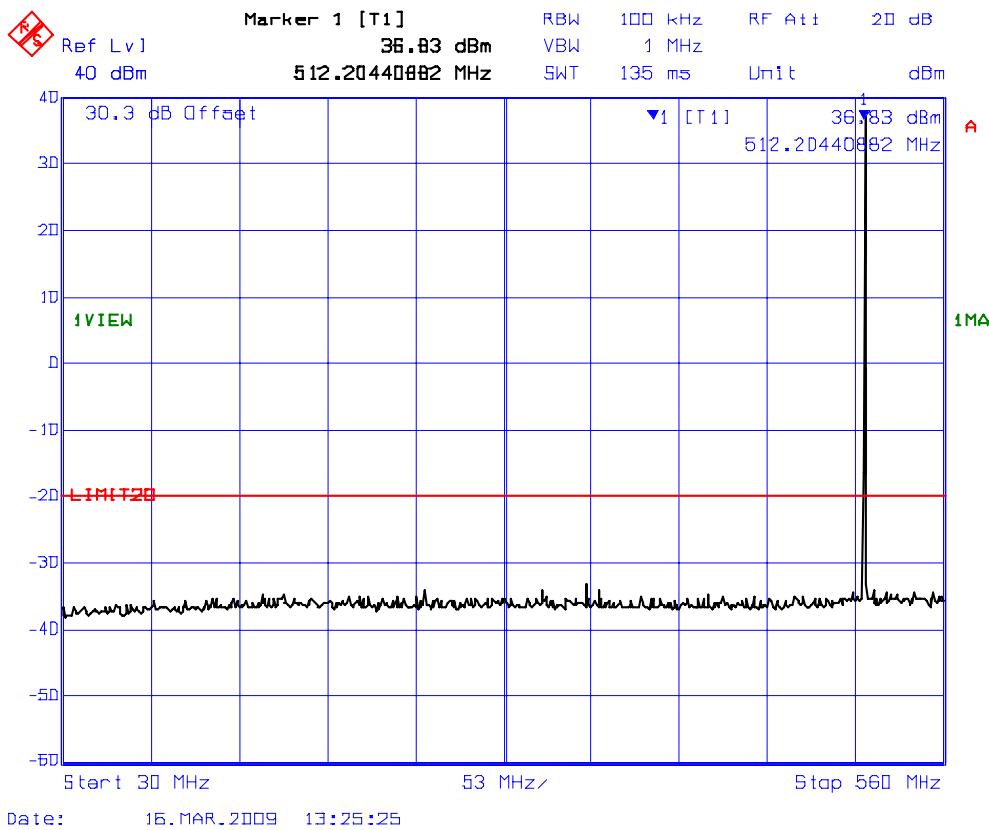
5.9.4.3. Near Highest Frequency (511.9 MHz)

Plot # 36.:

Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals

Carrier Frequency: 511.9 MHz

Channel Spacing: 12.5 KHz Power: 5 W Modulation: analog



Date: 16.MAR.2009 13:25:25

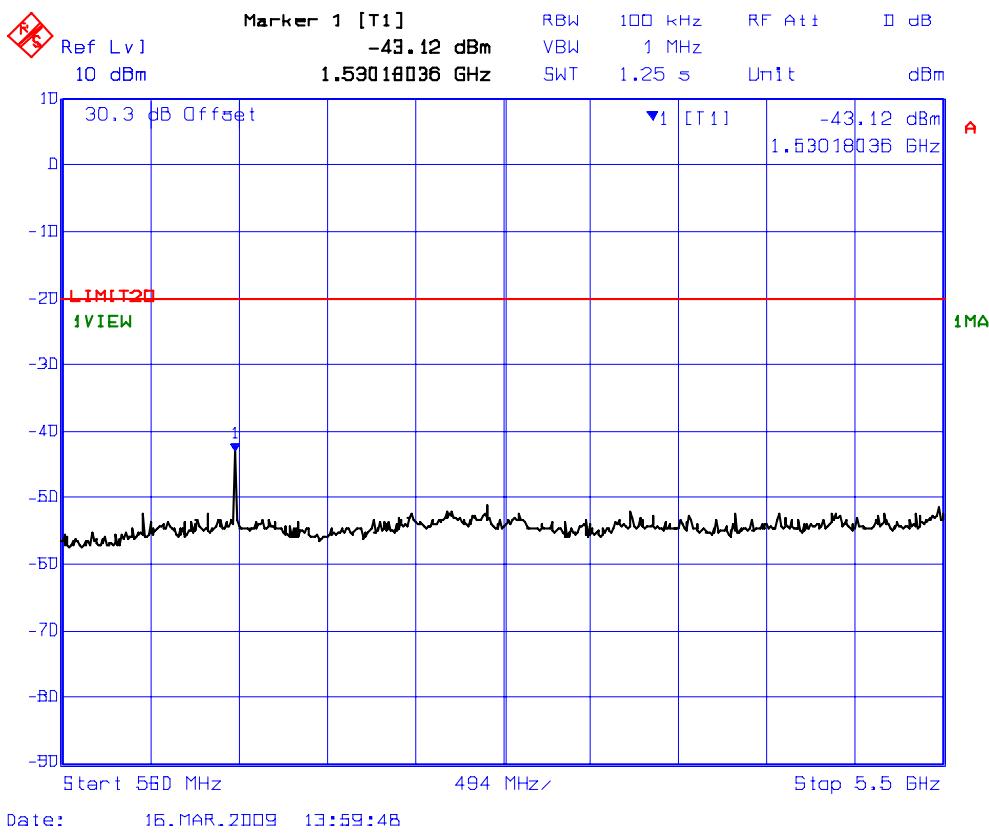
Plot # 37.:

Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals

Carrier Frequency: 511.9 MHz

Channel Spacing: 12.5 KHz Power: 5 W Modulation: analog

High Pass Filter



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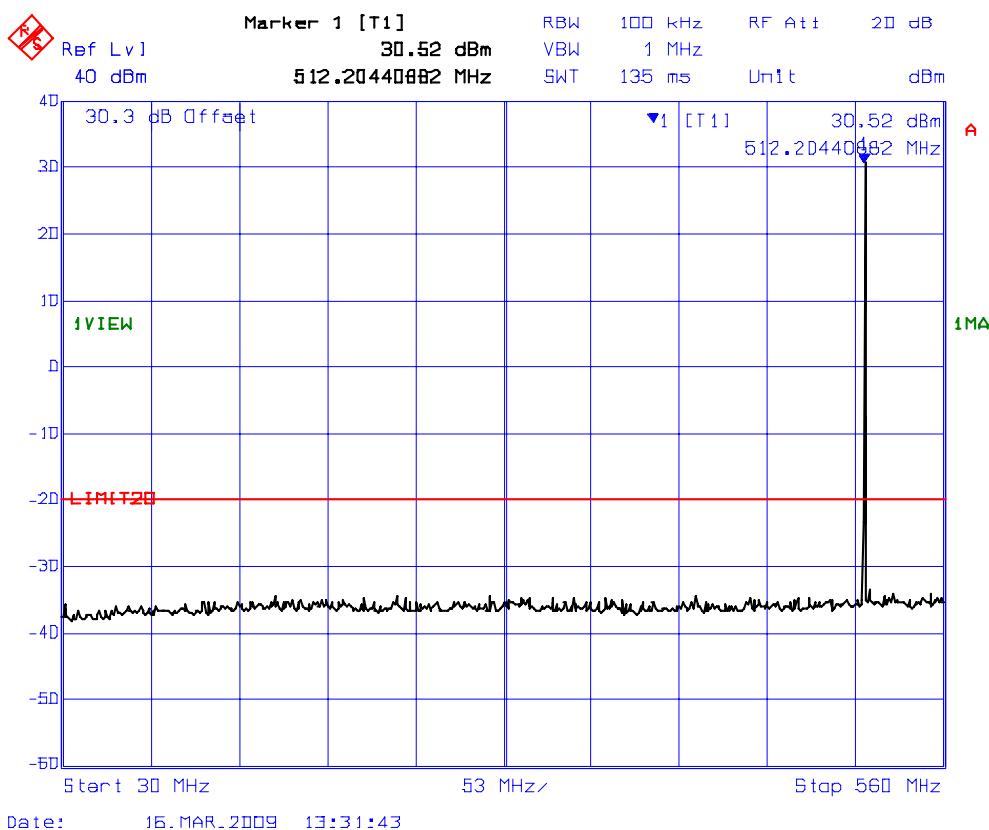
All test results contained in this engineering test report are traceable to National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST)

Plot # 38.:

Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals

Carrier Frequency: 511.9 MHz

Channel Spacing: 12.5 KHz Power: 1 W Modulation: analog



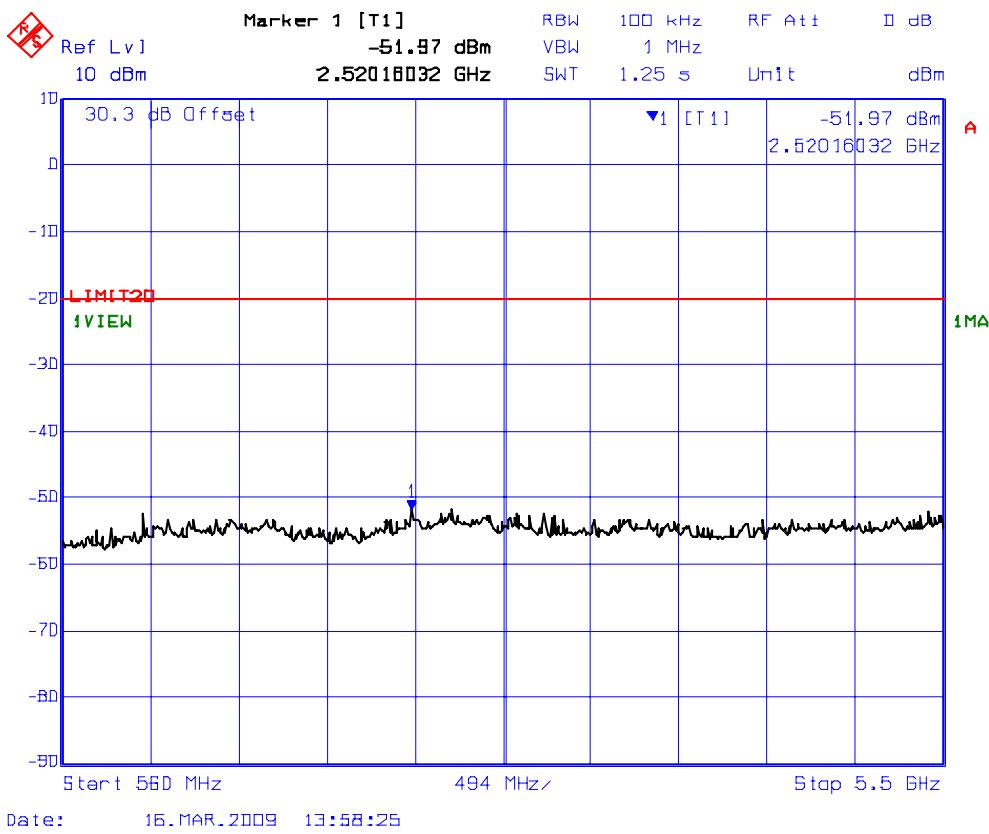
Plot # 39.:

Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals

Carrier Frequency: 511.9 MHz

Channel Spacing: 12.5 KHz Power: 1 W Modulation: analog

High Pass Filter



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All test results contained in this engineering test report are traceable to National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST)

5.10. TRANSMITTER SPURIOUS/HARMONIC RADIATED EMISSIONS [§§ 2.1053, 2.1057 & 90.210]

5.10.1. Limits

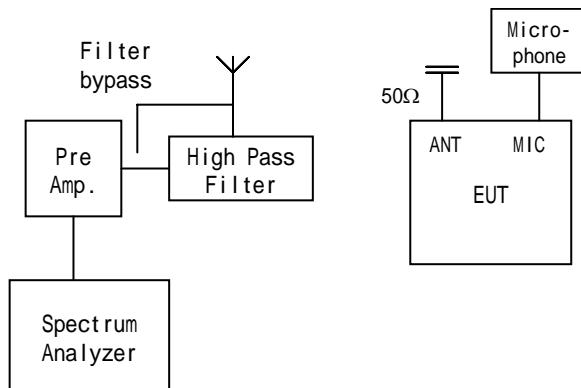
Emissions shall be attenuated below the mean output power of the transmitter as follows:

| FCC Rules | Frequency Range | Attenuation Limit (dBc) |
|-------------|--|--|
| § 90.210(b) | 10 MHz to Lowest frequency of the radio to 10 th harmonic of the highest frequency of the radio | At least 43 + 10 log(P) or -13 dBm |
| § 90.210(d) | 10 MHz to Lowest frequency of the radio to 10 th harmonic of the highest frequency of the radio | At least 50 + 10 log (P) dB or 70 dB, whichever is the lesser attenuation. |
| § 90.210(e) | 10 MHz to Lowest frequency of the radio to 10 th harmonic of the highest frequency of the radio | At least 55 + 10 log (P) or 65 dB, whichever is the lesser attenuation. |

5.10.2. Method of Measurements

The spurious/harmonic ERP measurements are using substitution method specified in Section 8.2 of this report.

5.10.3. Test Arrangement



5.10.4. Test Data

Remarks:

- The RF spurious/harmonic emission characteristics for different channel spacing are indistinguishable. Therefore, the following radiated emissions were performed at 12.5 KHz channel spacing operation, and the results were compared with the more stringent limit of $50+10\log(P$ in Watts) for the worst-case.
- The radiated emissions were performed with high power setting (5 Watts) at 3 meters distance to represents the worst-case test configuration.
- The emissions were scanned from 30 MHz to 10th harmonics; all emissions within 20 dB below the limits were recorded.

5.10.4.1. Near Lowest Frequency (450.1 MHz)

Carrier Frequency (MHz): 450.1

Power conducted (dBm): 36.93

Limit (dBm): -20

| Frequency (MHz) | E-Field (dB μ V/m) | EMI Detector (Peak/QP) | Antenna Polarization (H/V) | ERP measured (dBm) | Limit (dBm) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|-------------|
| 450.1 | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| 450.1 | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| 900.2 | 59.38 | Peak | V | -42.48 | -20.00 | -22.48 |
| 900.2 | 52.64 | Peak | H | -49.22 | -20.00 | -29.22 |
| 1350.3 | 75.03 | Peak | V | -27.51 | -20.00 | -7.51 |
| 1350.3 | 72.75 | Peak | H | -29.79 | -20.00 | -9.79 |
| 1800.4 | 53.69 | Peak | V | -48.88 | -20.00 | -28.88 |
| 1800.4 | 58.73 | Peak | H | -43.84 | -20.00 | -23.84 |
| 2250.5 | 43.67 | Peak | V | -58.75 | -20.00 | -38.75 |
| 2250.5 | 47.84 | Peak | H | -54.58 | -20.00 | -34.58 |
| 2700.6 | 54.38 | Peak | V | -47.25 | -20.00 | -27.25 |
| 2700.6 | 58.06 | Peak | H | -43.57 | -20.00 | -23.57 |
| 3150.7 | 60.15 | Peak | V | -43.03 | -20.00 | -23.03 |
| 3150.7 | 68.87 | Peak | H | -34.31 | -20.00 | -14.31 |
| 3600.8 | 62.48 | Peak | V | -40.41 | -20.00 | -20.41 |
| 3600.8 | 68.05 | Peak | H | -34.84 | -20.00 | -14.84 |
| 4050.9 | 54.18 | Peak | V | -49.94 | -20.00 | -29.94 |
| 4050.9 | 63.54 | Peak | H | -40.58 | -20.00 | -20.58 |
| 4501.0 | 50.71 | Peak | V | -53.33 | -20.00 | -33.33 |
| 4501.0 | 54.15 | Peak | H | -49.41 | -20.00 | -29.41 |

5.10.4.2. Near Middle Frequency (485.1 MHz)

Carrier Frequency (MHz): 485.1

Power conducted (dBm): 37.10

Limit (dBm): -20

| Frequency (MHz) | E-Field (dB μ V/m) | EMI Detector (Peak/QP) | Antenna Polarization (H/V) | ERP measured (dBm) | Limit (dBm) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|-------------|
| 485.1 | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| 485.1 | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| 970.2 | 63.15 | Peak | V | -39.96 | -20.00 | -19.96 |
| 970.2 | 58.38 | Peak | H | -44.73 | -20.00 | -24.73 |
| 1455.3 | 58.32 | Peak | V | -47.63 | -20.00 | -27.63 |
| 1455.3 | 57.92 | Peak | H | -48.03 | -20.00 | -28.03 |
| 1940.4 | 57.97 | Peak | V | -44.40 | -20.00 | -24.40 |
| 1940.4 | 55.53 | Peak | H | -46.84 | -20.00 | -26.84 |
| 2425.5 | 49.07 | Peak | V | -52.89 | -20.00 | -32.89 |
| 2425.5 | 56.82 | Peak | H | -45.14 | -20.00 | -25.14 |
| 2910.6 | 51.26 | Peak | V | -50.56 | -20.00 | -30.56 |
| 2910.6 | 54.85 | Peak | H | -46.97 | -20.00 | -26.97 |
| 3395.7 | 66.67 | Peak | V | -37.93 | -20.00 | -17.93 |
| 3395.7 | 72.58 | Peak | H | -32.02 | -20.00 | -12.02 |
| 3880.8 | 53.07 | Peak | V | -50.60 | -20.00 | -30.60 |
| 3880.8 | 59.14 | Peak | H | -44.53 | -20.00 | -24.53 |
| 4365.9 | 54.33 | Peak | V | -48.45 | -20.00 | -28.45 |
| 4365.9 | 54.98 | Peak | H | -47.80 | -20.00 | -27.80 |
| 4851.0 | 54.00 | Peak | V | -49.56 | -20.00 | -29.56 |
| 4851.0 | 60.02 | Peak | H | -43.54 | -20.00 | -23.54 |

5.10.4.3. Near Highest Frequency (511.9 MHz)

Carrier Frequency (MHz): 511.9

Power conducted (dBm): 37.30

Limit (dBm): -20

| Frequency (MHz) | E-Field (dB μ V/m) | EMI Detector (Peak/QP) | Antenna Polarization (H/V) | ERP measured (dBm) | Limit (dBm) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|-------------|
| 511.9 | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| 511.9 | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| 1023.8 | 71.38 | Peak | V | -31.75 | -20.00 | -11.75 |
| 1023.8 | 62.30 | Peak | H | -40.83 | -20.00 | -20.83 |
| 1535.7 | 60.64 | Peak | V | -41.86 | -20.00 | -21.86 |
| 1535.7 | 60.36 | Peak | H | -42.14 | -20.00 | -22.14 |
| 2047.6 | 54.94 | Peak | V | -48.05 | -20.00 | -28.05 |
| 2047.6 | 53.62 | Peak | H | -49.37 | -20.00 | -29.37 |
| 2559.5 | 54.57 | Peak | V | -48.43 | -20.00 | -28.43 |
| 2559.5 | 59.66 | Peak | H | -43.34 | -20.00 | -23.34 |
| 3071.4 | 56.18 | Peak | V | -45.18 | -20.00 | -25.18 |
| 3071.4 | 62.05 | Peak | H | -39.31 | -20.00 | -19.31 |
| 3583.3 | 58.93 | Peak | V | -42.51 | -20.00 | -22.51 |
| 3583.3 | 66.28 | Peak | H | -35.16 | -20.00 | -15.16 |
| 4095.2 | 57.78 | Peak | V | -44.61 | -20.00 | -24.61 |
| 4095.2 | 56.03 | Peak | H | -46.36 | -20.00 | -26.36 |
| 4607.1 | 53.39 | Peak | V | -52.24 | -20.00 | -32.24 |
| 4607.1 | 54.07 | Peak | H | -51.56 | -20.00 | -31.56 |
| 5119.0 | 61.68 | Peak | V | -41.17 | -20.00 | -21.17 |
| 5119.0 | 61.80 | Peak | H | -41.05 | -20.00 | -21.05 |

5.11. FREQUENCY STABILITY [§§ 2.1055 & 90.213]

5.11.1. Limits

§ 90.213 Transmitters used must have a minimum frequency stability as specified in the following table.

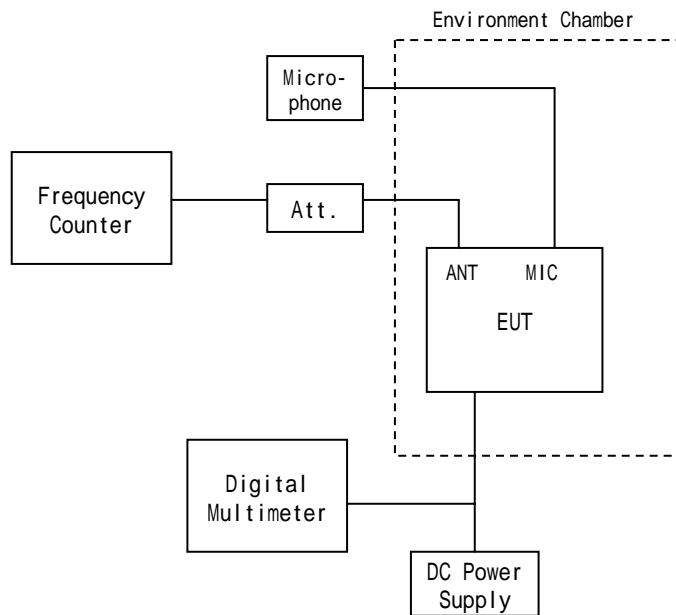
| Frequency Range (MHz) | Channel Bandwidth (KHz) | Frequency Tolerance (ppm) | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|-------|-------|
| | | Mobile Stations | | |
| | | > 2 W | ≤ 2 W | |
| 150-174 MHz | 6.25 | 1.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 |
| | 12.5 | 2.5 | 5.0 | 5.0 |
| | 25 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 50.0* |
| 421-512 MHz | 6.25 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| | 12.5 | 1.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 |
| | 25 | 2.5 | 5.0 | 5.0 |

- Stations operating in the 154.45 to 154.49 MHz or the 173.2 to 173.4 MHz bands must have a frequency stability of 5 ppm.
- Paging transmitters operating on paging-only frequencies must operate with frequency stability of 5 ppm in the 150-174 MHz band and 2.5 ppm in the 421-512 MHz band.

5.11.2. Method of Measurements

Refer to Section 8.3 of this report for measurement details

5.11.3. Test Arrangement



5.11.4. Test Data

| | |
|---|--|
| Product Name: Model No.: | UHF P25 TRUNKING HANDHELD TRANSCEIVERS IC-F9021B, IC-F9021S AND IC-F9021T |
| Center Frequency: | 450.1 MHz |
| Full Power Level: | 36.93 dBm |
| Frequency Tolerance Limit: | ± 1 ppm or ± 450.1 Hz |
| Max. Frequency Tolerance Measured: | -268 Hz or -0.60 ppm |
| Input Voltage Rating: | 7.5 VDC (nominal) |

| Ambient Temperature (°C) | CENTER FREQUENCY & RF POWER OUTPUT VARIATION | | |
|--------------------------|--|--|--|
| | Supply Voltage (Nominal) 7.5 VDC | Supply Voltage (Battery End Point) 5.60 Vdc | Supply Voltage (Battery Fully Charged) 8.63 Vdc |
| | Hz | Hz | Hz |
| -30 | -268 | N/A | N/A |
| -20 | -222 | N/A | N/A |
| -10 | -163 | N/A | N/A |
| 0 | -143 | N/A | N/A |
| +10 | -44 | N/A | N/A |
| +20 | 42 | -30 | 45 |
| +30 | 113 | N/A | N/A |
| +40 | 175 | N/A | N/A |
| +50 | 176 | N/A | N/A |
| +60 | 181 | N/A | N/A |

5.12. TRANSIENT FREQUENCY BEHAVIOR [§ 90.214]

5.12.1. Limits

Transient frequencies must be within the maximum frequency difference limits during the time intervals indicated:

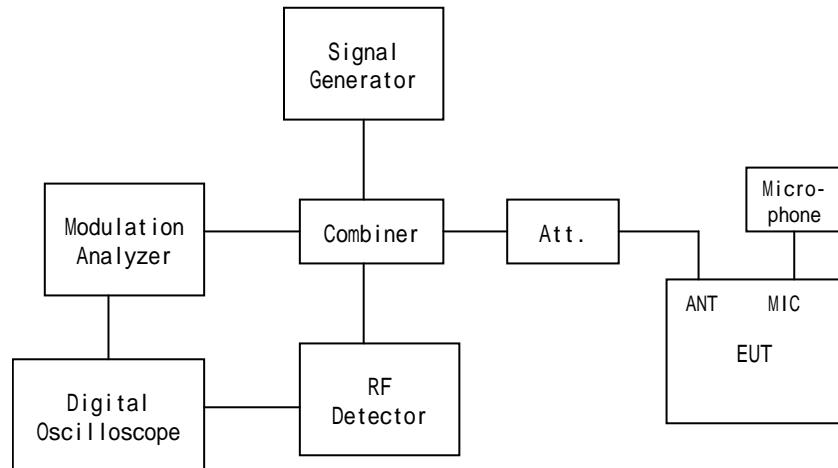
| Time intervals ^{1, 2} | Maximum frequency difference ³ | All equipment | |
|---|---|----------------|---------------|
| | | 150 to 174 MHz | 421 to 512MHz |
| Transient Frequency Behavior for Equipment Designed to Operate on 25 KHz Channels | | | |
| t_1 ⁴ | ± 25.0 KHz | 5.0 ms | 10.0 ms |
| t_2 | ± 12.5 KHz | 20.0 ms | 25.0 ms |
| t_3 ⁴ | ± 25.0 KHz | 5.0 ms | 10.0 ms |
| Transient Frequency Behavior for Equipment Designed to Operate on 12.5 KHz Channels | | | |
| t_1 ⁴ | ± 12.5 KHz | 5.0 ms | 10.0 ms |
| t_2 | ± 6.25 KHz | 20.0 ms | 25.0 ms |
| t_3 ⁴ | ± 12.5 KHz | 5.0 ms | 10.0 ms |
| Transient Frequency Behavior for Equipment Designed to Operate on 6.25 KHz Channels | | | |
| t_1 ⁴ | ±6.25 KHz | 5.0 ms | 10.0 ms |
| t_2 | ±3.125 KHz | 20.0 ms | 25.0 ms |
| t_3 ⁴ | ±6.25 KHz | 5.0 ms | 10.0 ms |

1. t_{on} is the instant when a 1 KHz test signal is completely suppressed, including any capture time due to phasing.
 t_1 is the time period immediately following t_{on} .
 t_2 is the time period immediately following t_1 .
 t_3 is the time period from the instant when the transmitter is turned off until t_{off} .
 t_{off} is the instant when the 1 KHz test signal starts to rise.
2. During the time from the end of t_2 to the beginning of t_3 , the frequency difference must not exceed the limits specified in § 90.213.
3. Difference between the actual transmitter frequency and the assigned transmitter frequency.
4. If the transmitter carrier output power rating is 6 Watts or less, the frequency difference during this time period may exceed the maximum frequency difference for this time period.

5.12.2. Method of Measurements

Refer to Section 8.6 of this test report and ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-B-2002, Section 2.2.19.

5.12.3. Test Arrangement



5.12.4. Test Data

5.12.4.1. Transient Frequency Behavior for 25 KHz Channel Spacing

Plot # 40.:

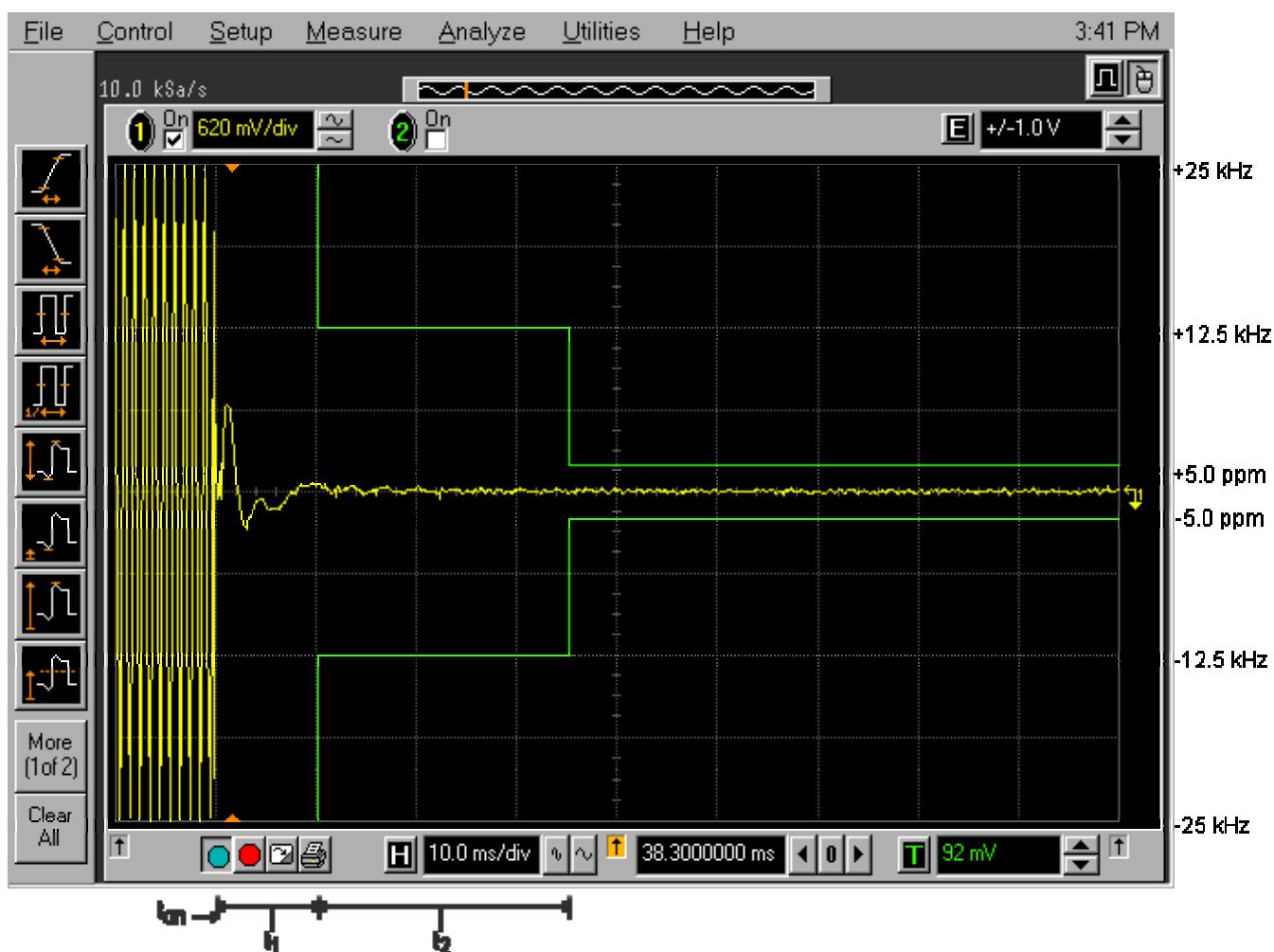
Transient Frequency Behavior

Carrier Frequency: 450.1 MHz

Channel Spacing: 25 KHz

Power: 5 W

Description: Switch on condition t_{on} , t_1 , and t_2



Plot # 41.:

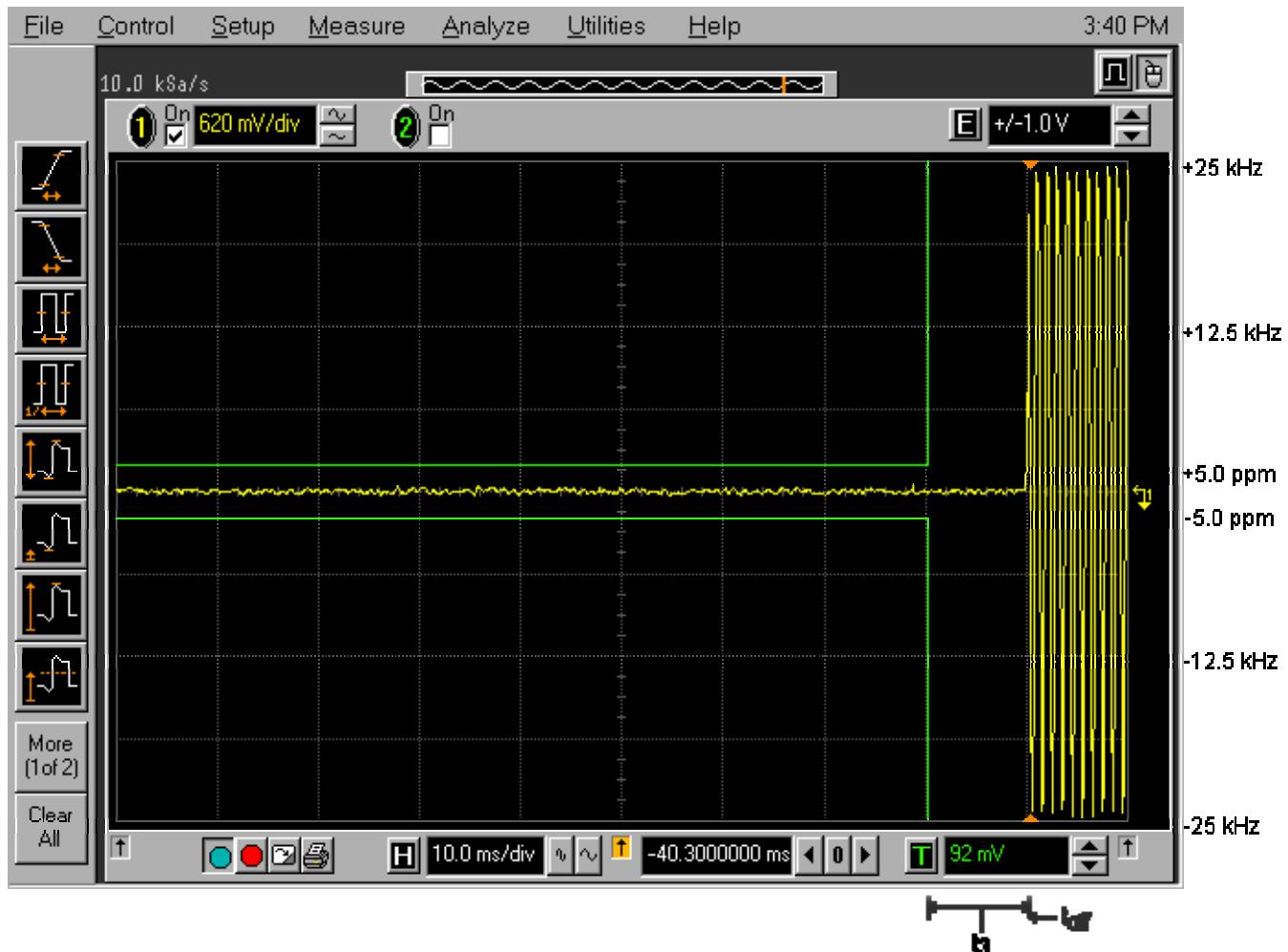
Transient Frequency Behavior

Carrier Frequency: 450.1 MHz

Channel Spacing: 25 KHz

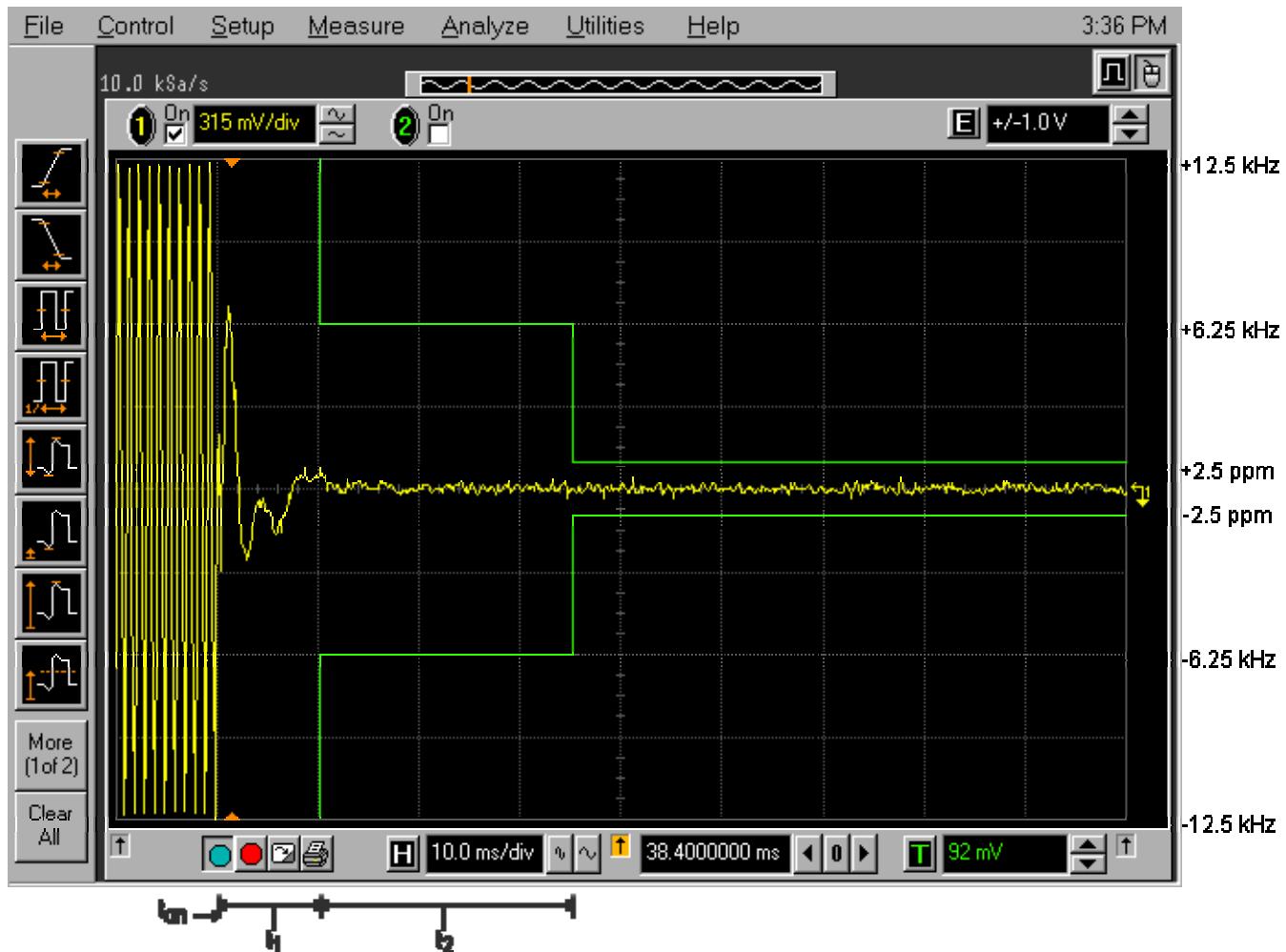
Power: 5 W

Description: Switch off condition t_3 , t_{off}



5.12.4.2. Transient Frequency Behavior for 12.5 KHz Channel Spacing

Plot # 42.:
Transient Frequency Behavior
Carrier Frequency: 450.1 MHz
Channel Spacing: 12.5 KHz
Power: 5 W
Description: Switch on condition t_{on} , t_1 , and t_2



Plot # 43.:

Transient Frequency Behavior

Carrier Frequency: 450.1 MHz

Channel Spacing: 12.5 KHz

Power: 5 W

Description: Switch off condition t_3 , t_{off}

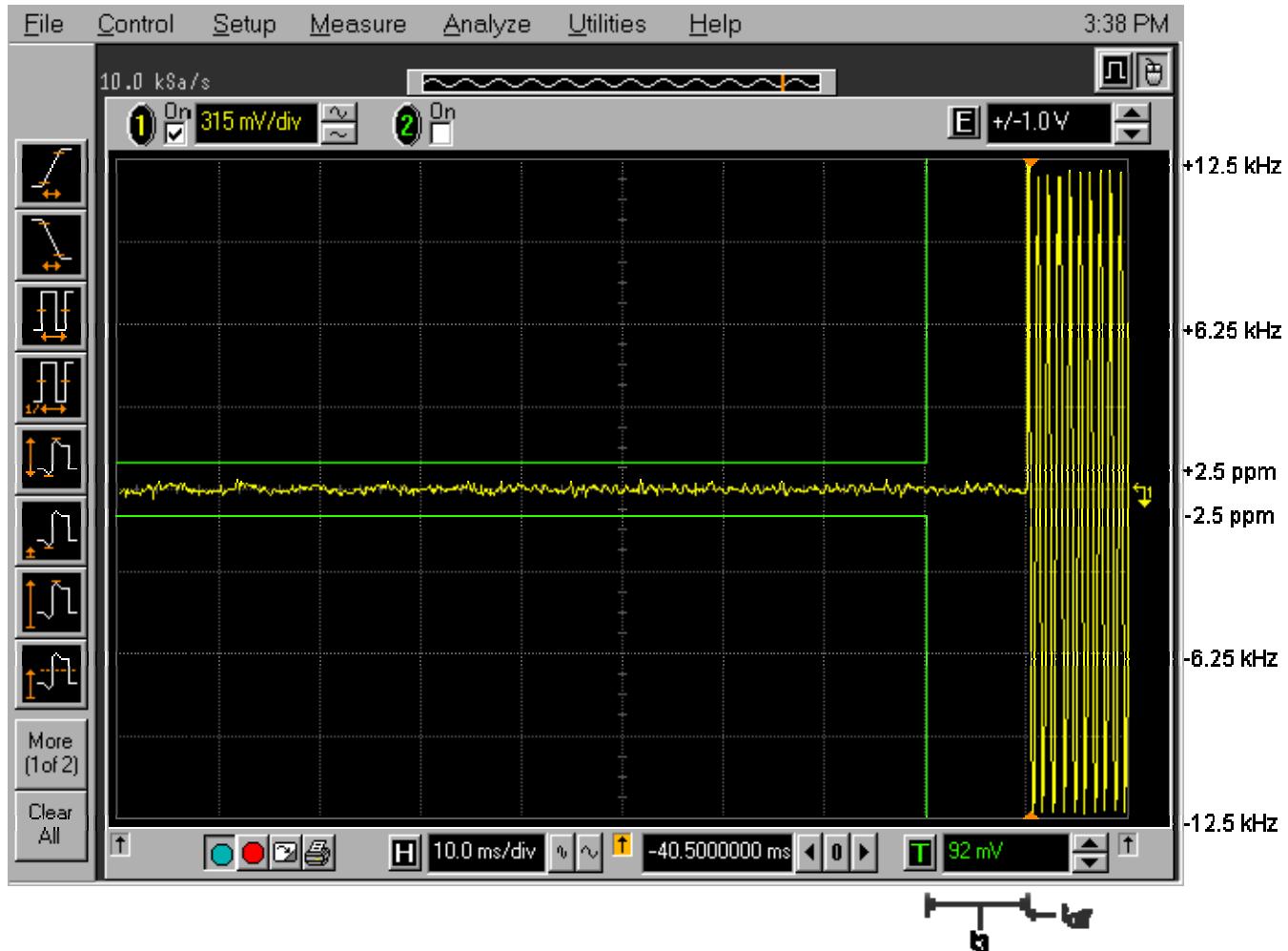


EXHIBIT 6. Test Equipments List

| Test Instruments | Manufacturer | Model No. | Serial No. | Operating Range |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|------------|---|
| Attenuator | Weinschel | 46-20-34 | BM1347 | DC – 18 GHz |
| Attenuator | Weinschel | 46-30-34 | BM5354 | DC – 18 GHz |
| BiConiLog Antenna | Emco | 3142 | 10005 | 0.03 – 2 GHz |
| BiConiLog Antenna | ETS-Lindgren | 3142B | 1575 | 26 MHz – 2 GHz |
| Communication test set | Hewlett Packard | 8920B | US39064699 | AF SG DC – 20 kHz |
| EMC Analyzer | Hewlett Packard | 8593EM | ... | 9kHz – 22 GHz |
| FFT (audio) EMI Receiver | Advantest | R9211E | 82020336 | 10 mHz – 100 kHz, 1 MHz Input Impedance |
| High Pass Filter | Mini-Circuits | SHP-250 | 9027-12 | Cut off 230 MHz |
| High Pass Filter | Mini-Circuits | SHP-300 | 10427 | Cut off 230 MHz |
| High Pass Filter | Mini-Circuits | SHP-600 | 19949 | Cut off 560 MHz |
| High Pass Filter | Mini-Circuits | SHP-800 | 15542 | Cut off 800 MHz |
| Horn Antenna | Emco | 3155 | 9701-5061 | 1 – 18 GHz |
| Horn Antenna | Emco | 3155 | 9911-5955 | 1 – 18 GHz |
| Infinium Oscilloscope | Hewlett Packard | 54810A | US38380192 | 500 MHz, 1 GSa/s |
| Log periodic Antenna | EMCO | 3148 | 00023845 | 200MHz – 2GHz |
| Low Pass Filter | Mini-Circuits | BLP-100 | 15542 | Cut off 98 MHz |
| Notch Filter | K & L | 3TNF-100/200-N | UW316-1 | 100-200 MHz |
| Notch Filter | K & L | 3TNF-250/500-N | UU041-1 | 250-500 MHz |
| Notch Filter | K & L | 3TNF-500-1000-N/N | 470 | 500-1000 MHz |
| Microwave Frequency Counter | EIP | 545A | 2683 | 10 Hz – 18 GHz |
| Modulation Analyzer | Hewlett Packard | 8910B | 3226A04606 | 150 kHz – 1300 MHz |
| Power Divider | Mini-Circuits | 15542 | 105 | 1 MHz – 1 GHz |

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| | | | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|------------|---|
| Power Meter | Hewlett Packard | 437B | 3.13E+09 | 10 kHz – 50 GHz |
| Power Sensor | Hewlett Packard | 8481A | 1150A15143 | 9 kHz – 26.5 GHz |
| Preselector | Advantest | R3551 | 92970002 | 9 kHz – 1GHz |
| RF Amplifier | Com-Power | PA-103 | | 1 MHz – 1 GHz |
| RF Amplifier | Hewlett Packard | 84498 | 3008A00769 | 1 – 26.5 GHz |
| Signal Generator | Hewlett Packard | 83752B | 3610A00457 | 0.01- 20 GHz |
| Spectrum Analyzer | Rohde & Schwarz | FSEK20/B4/B21 | 834157/005 | 9 kHz – 40 GHz |
| Spectrum Analyzer | Rohde & Schwarz | FSEK30 | 100077 | 20 Hz – 40 GHz |
| Spectrum Analyzer | Advantest | R3271 | 15050203 | 100 Hz – 26.5 GHz |
| Spectrum Analyzer / EMI Receiver | Hewlett Packard | 8546A | 3650A00371 | 9 kHz – 6.5 GHz Built-in amplifier 30dB |
| Temperature & Humidity Chamber | Tenney | T5 | 9723B | -40 °C – +80 °C range |

EXHIBIT 7. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The measurement uncertainties stated were calculated in accordance with the requirements of NIST Technical Note 1297 and NIS 81 (1994).

7.1. RADIATED EMISSION MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

| CONTRIBUTION (Radiated Emissions) | PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTION | UNCERTAINTY (+ dB) | |
|--|-----------------------------|--------------------|---------------|
| | | 3 m | 10 m |
| Antenna Factor Calibration | Normal (k=2) | <u>+1.0</u> | <u>+1.0</u> |
| Cable Loss Calibration | Normal (k=2) | <u>+0.3</u> | <u>+0.5</u> |
| EMI Receiver specification | Rectangular | <u>+1.5</u> | <u>+1.5</u> |
| Antenna Directivity | Rectangular | <u>+0.5</u> | <u>+0.5</u> |
| Antenna factor variation with height | Rectangular | <u>+2.0</u> | <u>+0.5</u> |
| Antenna phase center variation | Rectangular | 0.0 | <u>+0.2</u> |
| Antenna factor frequency interpolation | Rectangular | <u>+0.25</u> | <u>+0.25</u> |
| Measurement distance variation | Rectangular | <u>+0.6</u> | <u>+0.4</u> |
| Site imperfections | Rectangular | <u>+2.0</u> | <u>+2.0</u> |
| Mismatch: Receiver VRC $\Gamma_1 = 0.2$ Antenna VRC $\Gamma_R = 0.67(Bi)$ 0.3 (Lp) Uncertainty limits $20\log(1+\Gamma_1\Gamma_R)$ | U-Shaped | +1.1 -1.25 | <u>+0.5</u> |
| System repeatability | Std. Deviation | <u>+0.5</u> | <u>+0.5</u> |
| Repeatability of EUT | | - | - |
| Combined standard uncertainty | Normal | +2.19 / -2.21 | +1.74 / -1.72 |
| Expanded uncertainty U | Normal (k=2) | +4.38 / -4.42 | +3.48 / -3.44 |

Calculation for maximum uncertainty when 3m biconical antenna including a factor of k = 2 is used:

$$U = 2u_c(y) = 2x(+2.19) = +4.38 \text{ dB} \quad \text{And} \quad U = 2u_c(y) = 2x(-2.21) = -4.42 \text{ dB}$$

EXHIBIT 8. MEASUREMENT METHODS

8.1. CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENTS

- The following shall be applied to the combination(s) of the radio device and its intended antenna(e).
- If the RF level is user adjustable, all measurements shall be made with the highest power level available to the user for that combination.
- The following method of measurement shall apply to both conducted and radiated measurements.
- The radiated measurements are performed at the Ultratech Calibrated Open Field Test Site.
- The measurement shall be performed using normal operation of the equipment with modulation.

Test procedure shall be as follows:

Step 1: Duty Cycle measurements if the transmitter's transmission is transient

- Using a EMI Receiver with the frequency span set to 0 Hz and the sweep time set at a suitable value to capture the envelope peaks and the duty cycle of the transmitter output signal;
- The duty cycle of the transmitter, $x = \text{Tx on} / (\text{Tx on} + \text{Tx off})$ with $0 < x < 1$, is measured and recorded in the test report. For the purpose of testing, the equipment shall be operated with a duty cycle that is equal or more than 0.1.

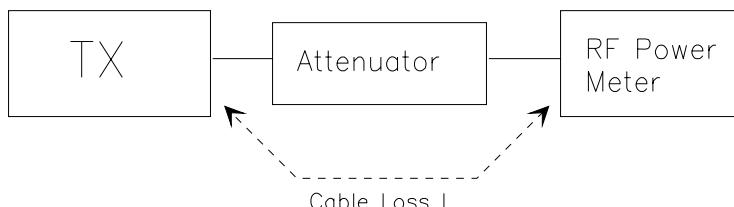
Step 2: Calculation of Average EIRP. See Figure 1

- The average output power of the transmitter shall be determined using a wideband, calibrated RF average power meter with the power sensor with an integration period that exceeds the repetition period of the transmitter by a factor 5 or more. The observed value shall be recorded as "A" (in dBm);
- The e.i.r.p. shall be calculated from the above measured power output "A", the observed duty cycle x, and the applicable antenna assembly gain "G" in dBi, according to the formula:

$$\text{EIRP} = A + G + 10\log(1/x)$$

{ $X = 1$ for continuous transmission $\Rightarrow 10\log(1/x) = 0$ dB}

Figure 1.



8.2. RADIATED POWER MEASUREMENTS (ERP & EIRP) USING SUBSTITUTION METHOD

8.2.1. MAXIMIZING RF EMISSION LEVEL (E-FIELD)

- (a) The measurements were performed with full rf output power and modulation.
- (b) Test was performed at listed 3m open area test site (listed with FCC, IC, ITI, NVLAP, ACA & VCCI).
- (c) The transmitter under test was placed at the specified height on a non-conducting turntable (80 cm height)
- (d) The BICONILOG antenna (20 MHz to 1 GHz) or HORN antenna (1 GHz to 18 GHz) was used for measuring.
- (e) Load an appropriate correction factors file in EMI Receiver for correcting the field strength reading level

Total Correction Factor recorded in the EMI Receiver = Cable Loss + Antenna Factor

$E \text{ (dB}\mu\text{V/m)} = \text{Reading (dB}\mu\text{V)} + \text{Total Correction Factor (dB/m)}$

- (f) Set the EMI Receiver and #2 as follows:

Center Frequency: test frequency

Resolution BW: 100 KHz

Video BW: same

Detector Mode: positive

Average: off

Span: 3 x the signal bandwidth

- (g) The test antenna was lowered or raised from 1 to 4 meters until the maximum signal level was detected.
- (h) The transmitter was rotated through 360° about a vertical axis until a higher maximum signal was received.
- (i) The test antenna was lowered or raised again from 1 to 4 meters until a maximum was obtained. This level was recorded.
- (j) The recorded reading was corrected to the true field strength level by adding the antenna factor, cable loss and subtracting the pre-amplifier gain.
- (k) The above steps were repeated with both transmitters' antenna and test receiving antenna placed in vertical and horizontal polarization. Both readings with the antennas placed in vertical and horizontal polarization shall be recorded.
- (l) Repeat for all different test signal frequencies.

8.2.2. Measuring the EIRP of Spurious/Harmonic Emissions using Substitution Method

(a) Set the EMI Receiver (for measuring E-Field) and Receiver #2 (for measuring EIRP) as follows:

Center Frequency: equal to the signal source
Resolution BW: 100 KHz
Video BW: VBW > RBW
Detector Mode: positive
Average: off
Span: 3 x the signal bandwidth

(b) Load an appropriate correction factors file in EMI Receiver for correcting the field strength reading level

Total Correction Factor recorded in the EMI Receiver = Cable Loss + Antenna Factor
E (dBuV/m) = Reading (dBuV) + Total Correction Factor (dB/m)

(c) Select the frequency and E-field levels obtained in the Section 8.2.1 for ERP/EIRP measurements.
(d) Substitute the EUT by a signal generator and one of the following transmitting antenna (substitution antenna):
◆ DIPOLE antenna for frequency from 30-1000 MHz or
◆ HORN antenna for frequency above 1 GHz }.
(e) Mount the transmitting antenna at 1.5 meter high from the ground plane.
(f) Use one of the following antenna as a receiving antenna:
◆ DIPOLE antenna for frequency from 30-1000 MHz or
◆ HORN antenna for frequency above 1 GHz }.
(g) If the DIPOLE antenna is used, tune it's elements to the frequency as specified in the calibration manual.
(h) Adjust both transmitting and receiving antenna in a VERTICAL polarization.
(i) Tune the EMI Receivers to the test frequency.
(j) Lower or raise the test antenna from 1 to 4 meters until the maximum signal level was detected.
(k) The transmitter was rotated through 360° about a vertical axis until a higher maximum signal was received.
(l) Lower or raise the test antenna from 1 to 4 meters until the maximum signal level was detected.
(m) Adjust input signal to the substitution antenna until an equal or a known related level to that detected from the transmitter was obtained in the test receiver.
(n) Record the power level read from the Average Power Meter and calculate the ERP/EIRP as follows:

$$P = P1 - L1 = (P2 + L2) - L1 = P3 + A + L2 - L1$$

$$EIRP = P + G1 = P3 + L2 - L1 + A + G1$$

$$ERP = EIRP - 2.15 \text{ dB}$$

Total Correction factor in EMI Receiver # 2 = L2 - L1 + G1

Where: P: Actual RF Power fed into the substitution antenna port after corrected.

P1: Power output from the signal generator

P2: Power measured at attenuator A input

P3: Power reading on the Average Power Meter

EIRP: EIRP after correction

ERP: ERP after correction

(o) Adjust both transmitting and receiving antenna in a HORIZONTAL polarization, then repeat step (k) to (o)
(p) Repeat step (d) to (o) for different test frequency
(q) Repeat steps (c) to (j) with the substitution antenna oriented in horizontal polarization.
(r) Actual gain of the EUT's antenna is the difference of the measured EIRP and measured RF power at the RF port. Correct the antenna gain if necessary.

Figure 2

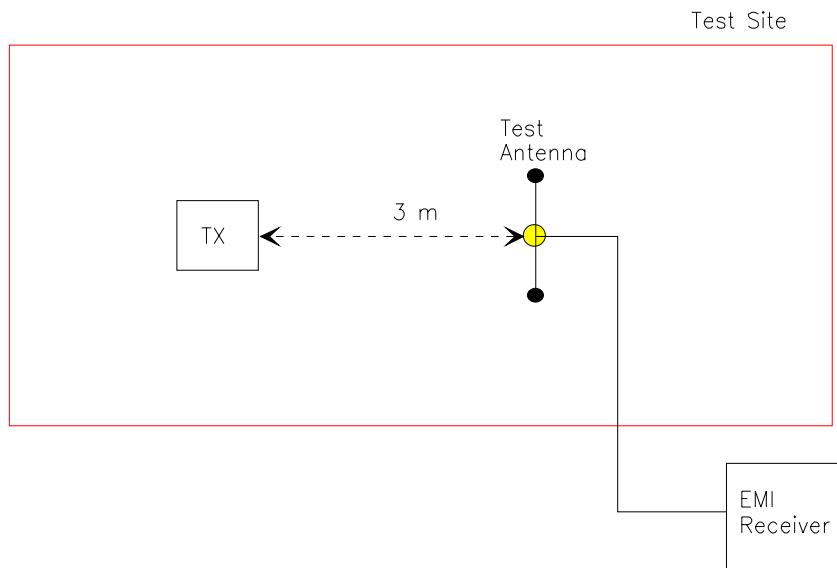
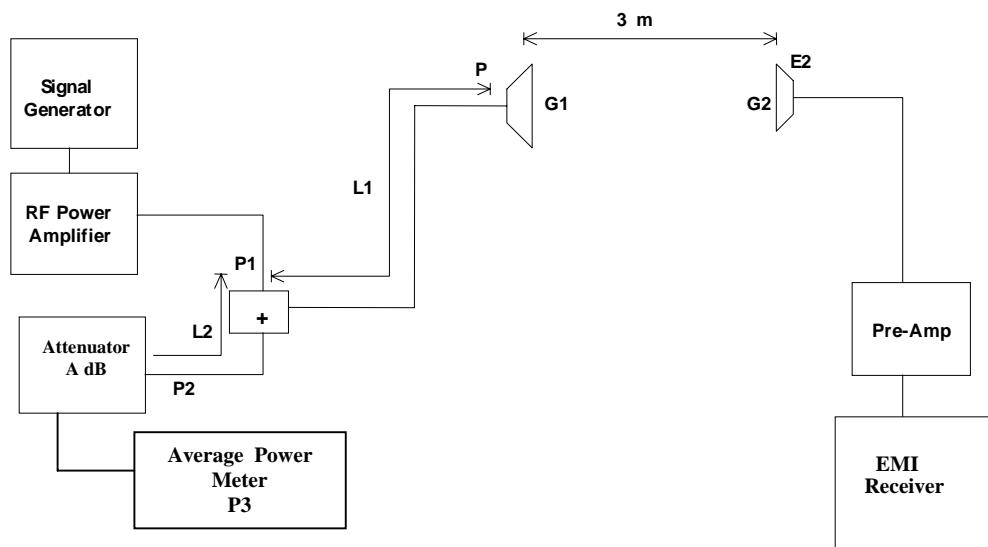


Figure 3



8.3. FREQUENCY STABILITY

Refer to FCC @ 2.1055.

- (a) The frequency stability shall be measured with variation of ambient temperature as follows: From -30 to +50 centigrade except that specified in subparagraph (2) & (3) of this paragraph.
- (b) Frequency measurements shall be made at extremes of the specified temperature range and at intervals of not more than 10 centigrade through the range. A period of time sufficient to stabilize all of the components of the oscillator circuit at each temperature level shall be allowed prior to frequency measurement. The short-term transient effects on the frequency of the transmitter due to keying (except for broadcast transmitters) and any heating element cycling normally occurring at each ambient temperature level also shall be shown. Only the portion or portions of the transmitter containing the frequency determining and stability circuitry need be subjected to the temperature variation test.
- (d) The frequency stability supply shall be measured with variation of primary supply voltage as follows:
 - (1) Vary primary supply voltage from 85 to 115 percent of the nominal value for other than hand carried battery equipment.
 - (2) For hand carried, battery powered equipment, reduce primary supply voltage to the battery operating end point which shall be specified by the manufacturer.
 - (3) The supply voltage shall be measured at the input to the cable normally provided with the equipment, or at the power supply terminals if cables are not normally provided. Effects on frequency of transmitter keying (except for broadcast transmitters) and any heating element cycling at the nominal supply voltage and at each extreme also shall be shown.
- (e) When deemed necessary, the Commission may require tests of frequency stability under conditions in addition to those specifically set out in paragraphs (a), (b), (c) and (d) of this section. (For example, measurements showing the effect of proximity to large metal objects, or of various types of antennas, may be required for portable equipment).

8.4. EMISSION MASK

Voice or Digital Modulation Through a Voice Input Port @ 2.1049(c)(i): The transmitter was modulated by a 2.5 KHz tone signal at an input level 16 dB greater than that required to produce 50% modulation (e.g.: ± 2.5 KHz peak deviation at 1 KHz modulating frequency). The input level was established at the frequency of maximum response of the audio modulating circuit.

Digital Modulation Through a Data Input Port @ 2.1049(h): Transmitters employing digital modulation techniques - when modulated by an input signal such that its amplitude and symbol rate represent the maximum rated conditions under which the equipment will be operated. The signal shall be applied through any filter networks, pseudo-random generators or other devices required in normal service. Additionally, the Emission Masks shall be shown for operation with any devices used for modifying the spectrum when such devices are operational at the discretion of the user.

The following EMI Receiver bandwidth shall be used for measurement of Emission Mask/Out-of-Band Emission Measurements:

- (1) For 25 KHz Channel Spacing: RBW = 300 Hz
- (2) For 12.5 KHz or 6.25 KHz Channel Spacings: RBW = 100 Hz

In all cases the Video Bandwidth shall be equal or greater than the measuring bandwidth.

8.5. SPURIOUS EMISSIONS (CONDUCTED)

With transmitter modulation characteristics described in Out-of-Band Emissions measurements @ 2.1049, the transmitter spurious and harmonic emissions were scanned. The spurious and harmonic emissions were measured with the EMI Receiver controls set as RBW = 30 KHz minimum, VBW \geq RBW and SWEEP TIME = AUTO). The transmitter was operated at a full rated power output, and modulated as follows:

FCC 47 CFR 2.1057 - Frequency spectrum to be investigated: The spectrum was investigated from the lowest radio generated in the equipment up to at least the 10th harmonic of the carrier frequency or to the highest frequency practicable in the present state of the art of measuring techniques, whichever is lower. Particular attention should be paid to harmonics and subharmonics of the carrier frequency. Radiation at the frequencies of multiplier stages should be checked. The amplitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be reported.

FCC 47 CFR 2.1051 - Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal: The radio frequency voltage or powers generated within the equipment and appearing on a spurious frequency shall be checked at the equipment output terminals when properly loaded with a suitable artificial antenna. Curves or equivalent data shall show the magnitude of the harmonic and other spurious emission that can be detected when the equipment is operated under the conditions specified in 2.1049 as appropriate. The magnitude of spurious emissions, which are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value, need not be specified.

8.6. TRANSIENT FREQUENCY BEHAVIOR

1. Connect the transmitter under tests as shown in the above block diagram
2. Set the signal generator to the assigned frequency and modulate with a 1 KHz tone at ± 12.5 KHz deviation and its output level to be 50 dB below the transmitter rf output at the test receiver end.
3. Set the horizontal sweep rate on the storage scope to 10 milliseconds per division and adjust the display to continuously view the 1000 Hz tone from the Demodulator Output Port (DOP) of the Test Receiver. Adjust the vertical scale amplitude control of the scope to display the 1000 Hz at ± 4 divisions vertical Center at the display.
4. Adjust the scope so it will trigger on an increasing magnitude from the RF trigger signal of the transmitter under test when the transmitter was turned on. Set the controls to store the display.
5. The output at the DOP, due to the change in the ratio of the power between the signal generator input power and transmitter output power will, because of the capture effect of the test receiver, produce a change in display: For the first part of the sweep it will show the 1 KHz test signal. Then once the receiver's demodulator has been captured by the transmitter power, the display will show the frequency difference from the assigned frequency to the actual transmitter frequency versus time. The instant when the 1 KHz test signal is completely suppressed (including any capture time due to phasing) is considered to be t_{on} . The trace should be maintained within the allowed divisions during the period t_1 and t_2 .
6. During the time from the end of t_2 to the beginning of t_3 the frequency difference should not exceed the limits set by the FCC in Part 90.214 and the outlined in the Carrier Frequency Stability sections. The allowed limit is equal to FCC frequency tolerance limits specified in FCC 90.213.
7. Repeat the above steps when the transmitter was turned off for measuring t_3 .