

**Report on Test Measurements***Measurements Report*

The measurement report shows compliance information against the pertinent technical standards. Each parameter is measured generally at the low end, middle, and at the high end of the applicable frequency band. Each section of the report contains either verbiage or a graph (or graphs) which show compliance to applicable standards as required, explains testing method used, and indicates what the applicable specification is.

Information and performance relative to 25 kHz 'wideband' operation is included in the report. Although wideband operation in the 150-174 MHz and 421-512 MHz bands is no longer allowable for rule part 90 in the US, it is available for other FCC rule parts and in use in other countries, including Industry Canada.

The time division multiple access (TDMA) mode of operation provides two voice paths in a 12.5 kHz channel bandwidth and a data rate of 9600 bits per second in a channel bandwidth of 12.5 kHz. This is equivalent to one voice path per 6.25 kHz of channel bandwidth and 4800 bits per second or greater in a 6.25 kHz channel bandwidth. The SLR 8000 conforms to the spectrum efficiency requirements of FCC rule § 90.203 (j) (5).

A list of test equipment for all sections, and certification signoff page are included at the end of the measurement report.

## SUBMITTED MEASURED DATA -- INDEX

**EXHIBIT    DESCRIPTION**

|        |                                                                         |
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(Continued)

## Report on Test Measurements

## Measurements Report

## SUBMITTED MEASURED DATA – INDEX (Continued)

**EXHIBIT DESCRIPTION**

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|-----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
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| E1-6.10, 11, 12 | Frequency Transient Behavior, 12.5 kHz Channel De-key                                    |
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| E1-10           | Test Equipment Used                                                                      |
| E1-11           | Statement of Certification                                                               |

## Report on Test Measurements

*RF Power Output Data*

The RF power output was measured with the indicated voltage applied to and current into the final RF amplifying device(s). The DC current indicated is the total for the final RF amplifier stage.

Frequency Modulation and Compatible 4-Level Frequency Modulation Mode:

|                                               | <u>138 MHz</u> | <u>150 MHz</u> | <u>174 MHz</u> |          |
|-----------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------|
| Measured RF output                            | <u>110</u>     | <u>110</u>     | <u>110</u>     | Watts    |
| DC Voltage, final RF amplifier stage/stages   | <u>15.75</u>   | <u>15.75</u>   | <u>15.75</u>   | Volts    |
| DC Current, final RF amplifier stage/stages   | <u>18.4</u>    | <u>17</u>      | <u>16.4</u>    | Amperes  |
| Input power for final RF amplifying device(s) | <u>290</u>     | <u>268</u>     | <u>258</u>     | Watts    |
| Primary Radio Input Supply Voltage            | <u>120</u>     | <u>120</u>     | <u>120</u>     | Volts AC |
| Minimum Measured RF output                    | <u>1</u>       | <u>1</u>       | <u>1</u>       | Watts    |
| DC Voltage, final RF amplifier stage/stages   | <u>15.75</u>   | <u>15.75</u>   | <u>15.75</u>   | Volts    |
| Normal DC Current                             | <u>2.7</u>     | <u>2.6</u>     | <u>2.5</u>     | Amperes  |
| Input power for final RF amplifying device(s) | <u>43</u>      | <u>41</u>      | <u>39</u>      | Watts    |
| Primary Radio Input Supply Voltage            | <u>120</u>     | <u>120</u>     | <u>120</u>     | Volts AC |

Report on Test Measurements

*Occupied Bandwidth – MOTOTRBO™ Digital Modulation, 12.5 kHz Channel Spacing*

MOTOTRBO™ Digital Modulation can be used in a system configuration based upon channel usage as described in Exhibit B. The 'F7E' and 'FXE' emission designators provide usage for telephony, the 'F7D' and 'FXD' designators provide usage for data / telecommand, and the 'F7W' designator provides for usage as a combination of telephony and telecommand. All are spectrally identical. The occupied bandwidth chart references the following setup and specification requirements.

Modulation Type: MOTOTRBO™ Digital Modulation  
Emission Designator: 7K60F7W, 7K60F7D, 7K60F7E, 7K60FXD, 7K60FXE  
Channelization: 12.5 kHz  
Power Setting: 110 Watts

Specification Requirement 47 CFR §90.210(d) and IC RSS-119 section 5.8.3 - Emission Limits – “D-Mask”:

*Emission Mask D.* For transmitters designed to operate with a 12.5 kHz channel bandwidth, any emission must be attenuated below the power (P) of the highest emission contained within the authorized bandwidth as follows:

- (1) On any frequency from the center of the authorized bandwidth ( $f_0$ ) to 5.625 kHz removed from  $f_0$ : *Zero dB*
- (2) On any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth by a displacement frequency ( $f_d$  in kHz) of more than 5.625 kHz but no more than 12.5 kHz: *At least  $7.27 * (f_d - 2.88 \text{ kHz})$  dB*
- (3) On any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth by a displacement frequency ( $f_d$  in kHz) of more than 12.5 kHz: *At least 50 plus  $10 \log_{10}(P)$  dB or 70 dB, whichever is the lesser attenuation.*

(4) The reference level for showing compliance with the emission mask shall be established using a resolution bandwidth sufficiently wide to capture the true peak emission of the equipment under test. In order to show compliance with the emissions mask up to and including 50 kHz removed from the edge of the authorized bandwidth, adjust the resolution bandwidth to 100 Hz with the measuring instrument in a peak hold mode. A sufficient number of sweeps must be measured to ensure that the emission profile is developed.

Necessary Bandwidth Calculation:

The necessary bandwidth of the modulation per the formulas defined in 47 CFR §2.202(g) / TRC-43 section 8 is as follows:

Four Level Frequency Modulation is used to modulate a carrier with a digital bit stream: Data Rate:  $R = 9600$  bps; Bits per Symbol:  $S=2$ ; Modulation rate in baud =  $B = 9600 / 2 = 4800$ ; Max Modulation Frequency =  $M = \frac{1}{2} * B = 2400$  Hz; Deviation at the outer symbols is 1.944 kHz; A square root raised cosine filter is implemented for the modulation low pass filter with the following magnitude response,  $|F(f)|$ :

$$|F(f)| = 1 \text{ for } |f| \leq 1920 \text{ Hz}$$

$$|F(f)| = |\cos(\pi f / 1920)| \text{ for } 1920 \text{ Hz} < |f| < 2880 \text{ Hz}$$

$$|F(f)| = 0 \text{ for } |f| > 2880 \text{ Hz}$$

where  $f$  = frequency in hertz.

| <i>Max Mod Freq, <math>M = \frac{1}{2}B</math></i> | <i>Max Deviation, <math>D</math></i> | <i><math>2M+2DK</math> (<math>K=.72</math>)</i> | <i>Nec BW</i> |
|----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|---------------|
| 2.4 kHz                                            | 1.944 kHz                            | 7.60 kHz                                        | 7K60          |

(Continued)

## Report on Test Measurements

*Occupied Bandwidth – MOTOTRBO™ Digital Modulation, 12.5 kHz Channel Spacing (continued)*Measurement Procedure and Instrument Settings:Emission Measurement Analyzer Settings

|             |                         |                |         |
|-------------|-------------------------|----------------|---------|
| Horizontal: | 12.5 kHz per Division   | Resolution BW: | 100 Hz  |
| Vertical:   | 10 dB per Division      | Video BW:      | 10 kHz  |
| Sweep Time: | 72 Seconds (<2 kHz/Sec) | Span:          | 125 kHz |
| Detector:   | Peak                    |                |         |

Measured Occupied Bandwidth

|                   |          |
|-------------------|----------|
| Resolution BW:    | 100 Hz   |
| Span:             | 125 kHz  |
| Number of Points: | 6401     |
| Integration Time: | 34.16 ms |

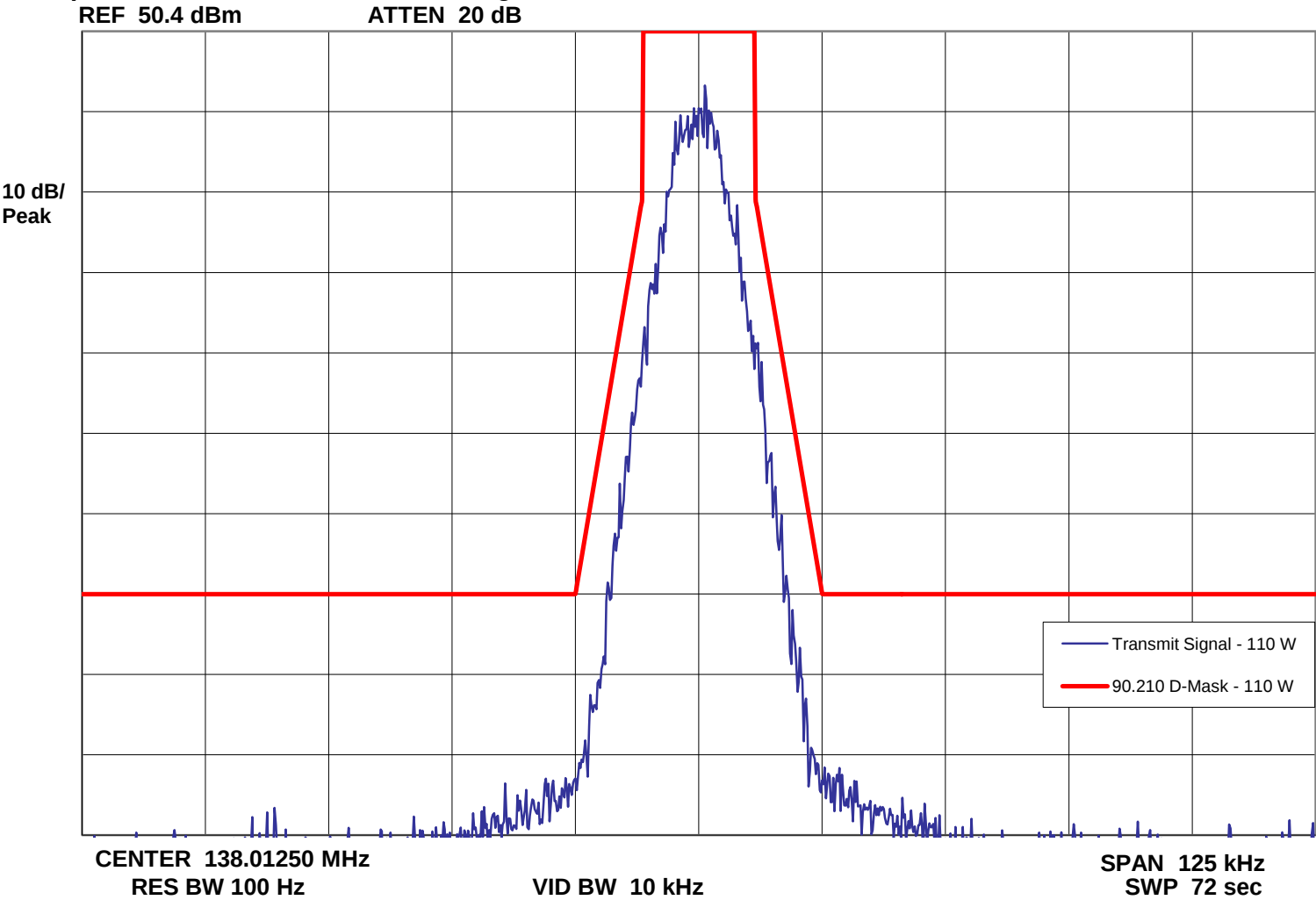
Test Procedure:

- 1) Adjust the spectrum analyzer per the values specified in the Emission Measurement Analyzer Settings.
- 2) Modulate the transmitter with the appropriate signaling pattern, (pseudorandom data) and key the transmitter at the full power rating. Use the analyzer controls to set this signal to the full-scale reference line. Allow the analyzer to sweep fully and store the sweep.
- 3) Use the band power marker function of the spectrum analyzer to measure the power of the carrier.
- 4) Use the carrier power value from the previous step to generate the emission mask limit.
- 5) Plot the resulting analyzer trace and the emission mask limit, add text and labeling as appropriate.
- 6) Adjust the signal analyzer resolution BW and span as indicated above, use the Occupied Bandwidth function to record the value.

| EXHIBIT | DESCRIPTION                                                         | Meas Occ BW |
|---------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| E1-2.1  | Occupied Bandwidth – MOTOTRBO™ Digital Modulation, Low End of Band  | 7.48 kHz    |
| E1-2.2  | Occupied Bandwidth – MOTOTRBO™ Digital Modulation, Middle of Band   | 7.56 kHz    |
| E1-2.3  | Occupied Bandwidth – MOTOTRBO™ Digital Modulation, High End of Band | 7.48 kHz    |

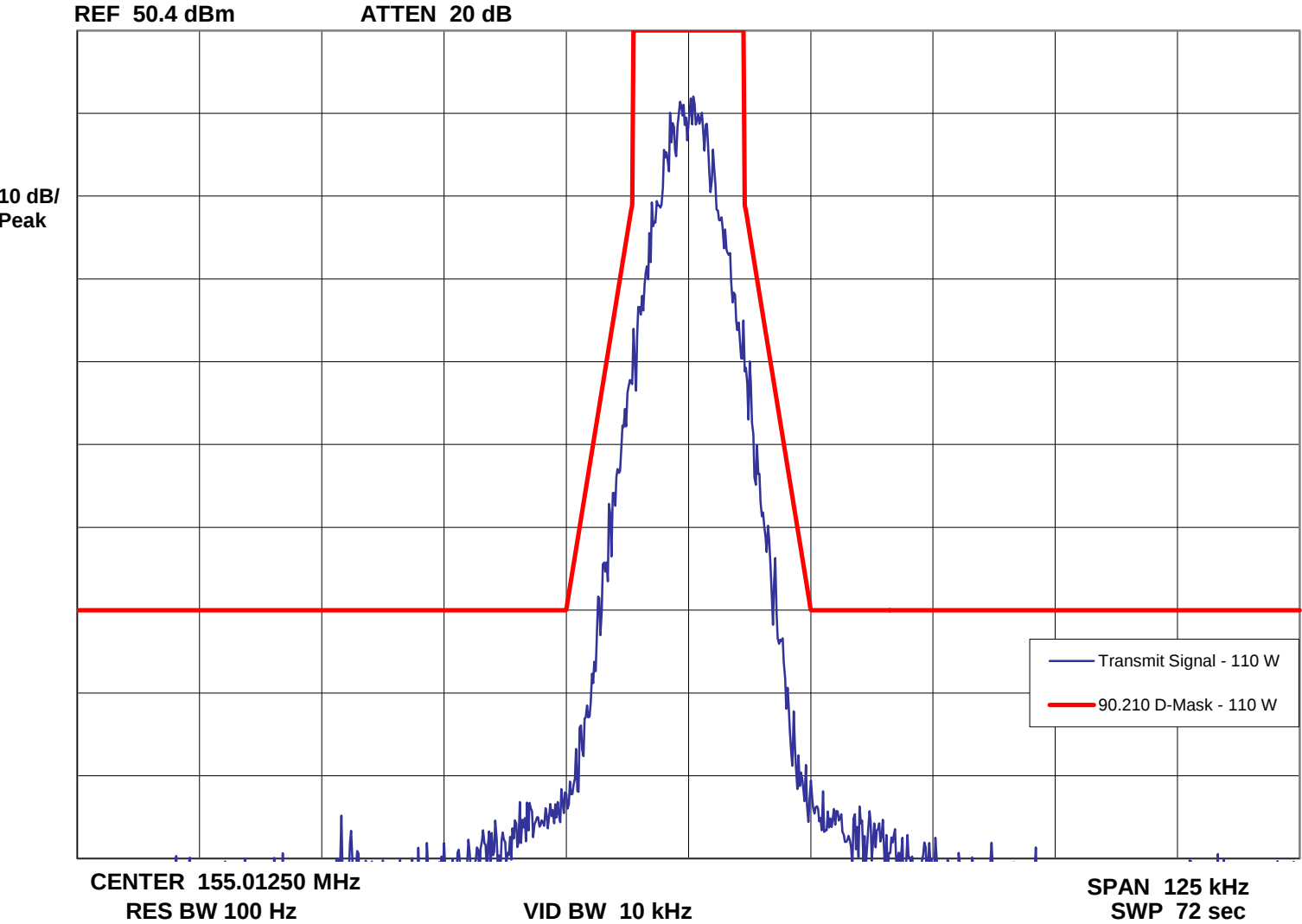
Report on Test Measurements  
 Occupied Bandwidth – MOTOTRBO™ Digital Modulation – Emission Designator: 7K60F7W, 7K60F7D, 7K60F7E, 7K60FXD, 7K60FXE

Occupied Bandwidth -- MOTOTRBO™ Digital Modulation - 110 Watts



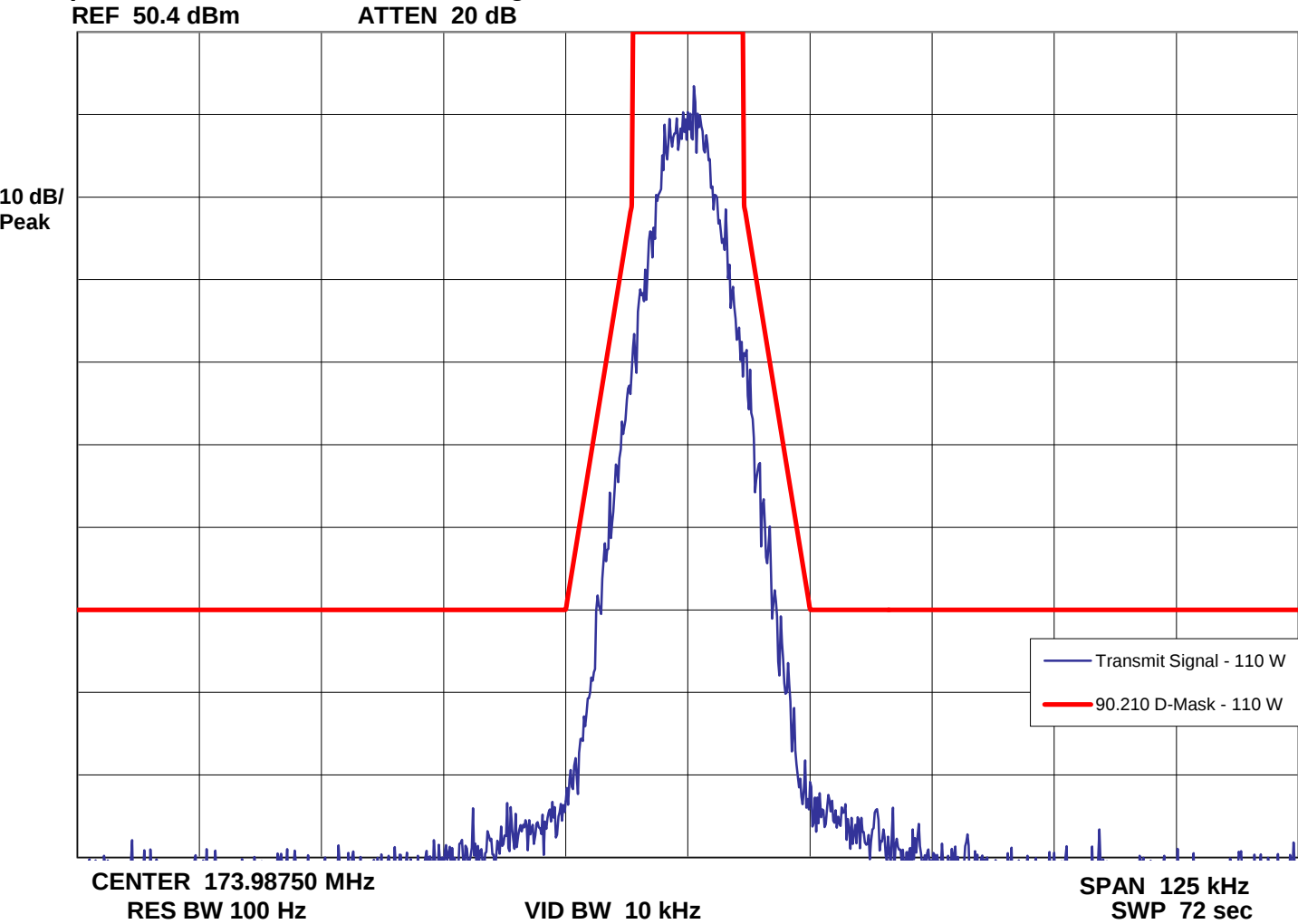
Report on Test Measurements  
 Occupied Bandwidth – MOTOTRBO™ Digital Modulation – Emission Designator: 7K60F7W, 7K60F7D, 7K60F7E, 7K60FXD, 7K60FXE

Occupied Bandwidth -- MOTOTRBO™ Digital Modulation - 110 Watts



Report on Test Measurements  
 Occupied Bandwidth – MOTOTRBO™ Digital Modulation – Emission Designator: 7K60F7W, 7K60F7D, 7K60F7E, 7K60FXD, 7K60FXE

Occupied Bandwidth -- MOTOTRBO™ Digital Modulation - 110 Watts



109AB-99FT3095

**Report on Test Measurements***Conducted Spurious Emissions – Harmonics and Emission Spectrum*Specification Requirement 47 CFR §90.210(b) and IC RSS-119 section 5.8.1 - Emission Limits – “B-Mask”:

For transmitters equipped with an audio low pass filter and designed to operate with a 25 kHz channel spacing (authorized bandwidth 20 kHz), the power of any emission must be below the unmodulated carrier power (P) as follows:

On any frequency removed from the assigned frequency by a displacement frequency ( $F_d$  in kHz) of:

c)  $>50$  kHz *at least  $43+10 * \log_{10}(P)$  dB.*

Specification Requirement 47 CFR §90.210(d) and IC RSS-119 section 5.8.3 - Emission Limits – “D-Mask”:

*Emission Mask D:* For transmitters designed to operate with a 12.5 kHz channel bandwidth, any emission must be attenuated below the power (P) of the highest emission contained within the authorized bandwidth as follows:

(3) On any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth by a displacement frequency ( $f_d$  in kHz) of more than 12.5 kHz: *At least  $50$  plus  $10 \log_{10}(P)$  dB or 70 dB, whichever is the lesser attenuation.*

Modulation: Analog Frequency Modulation – this is also representative of the performance of MOTOTRBO™ Digital Modulation, which is 4-level frequency modulation of the carrier.

Carrier Frequencies: Carrier frequencies of 136.01125, 138.0125, 155.0125, 173.9875 MHz were measured for conducted carrier harmonics.

Carrier frequencies of 138.0125, 155.0125, 173.9875 MHz were measured for conducted spurious emission measurements.

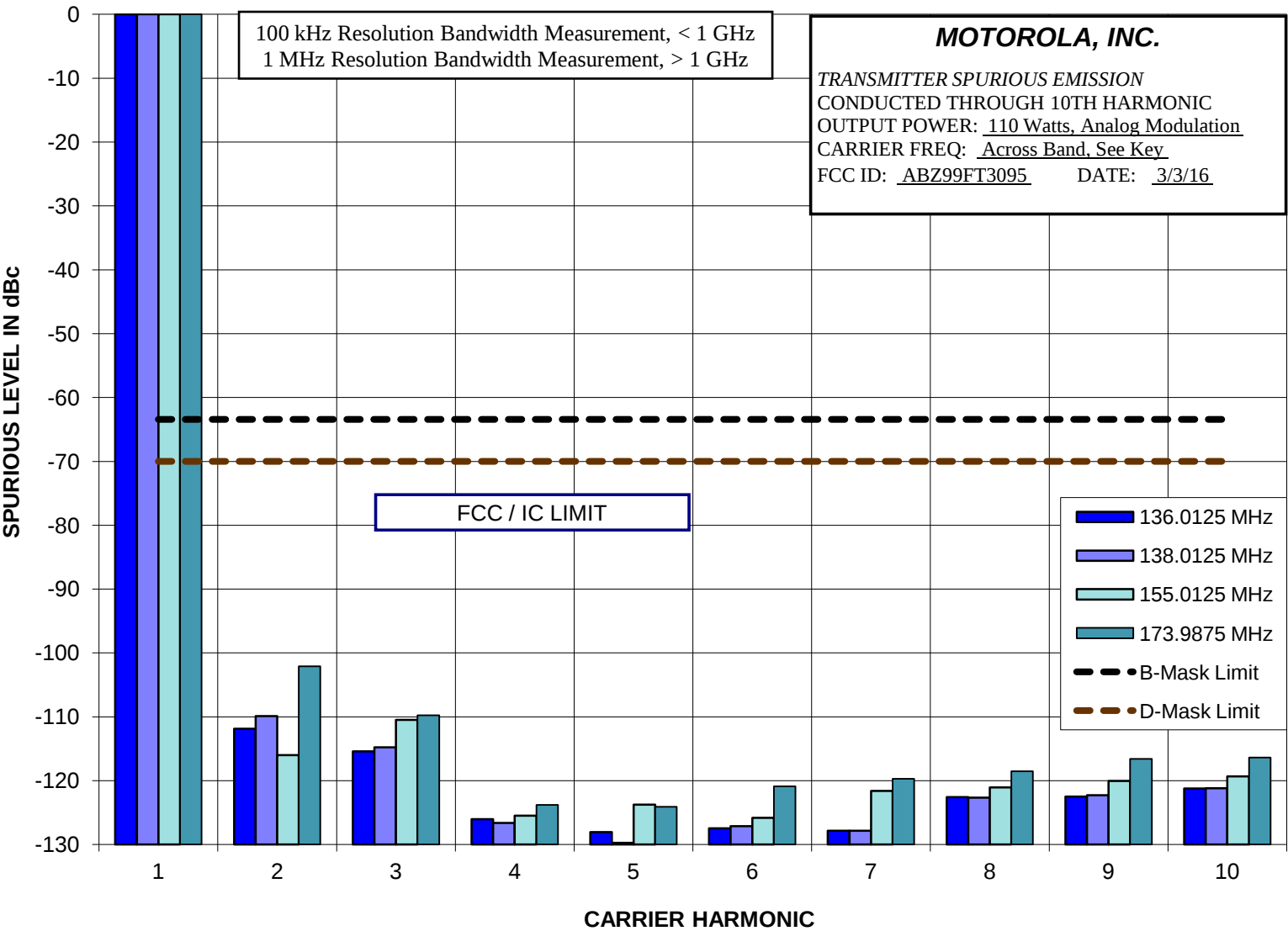
Only the worst case specification limit is shown.

These frequencies represent the low end, center, and high end of the 138-174 MHz band.

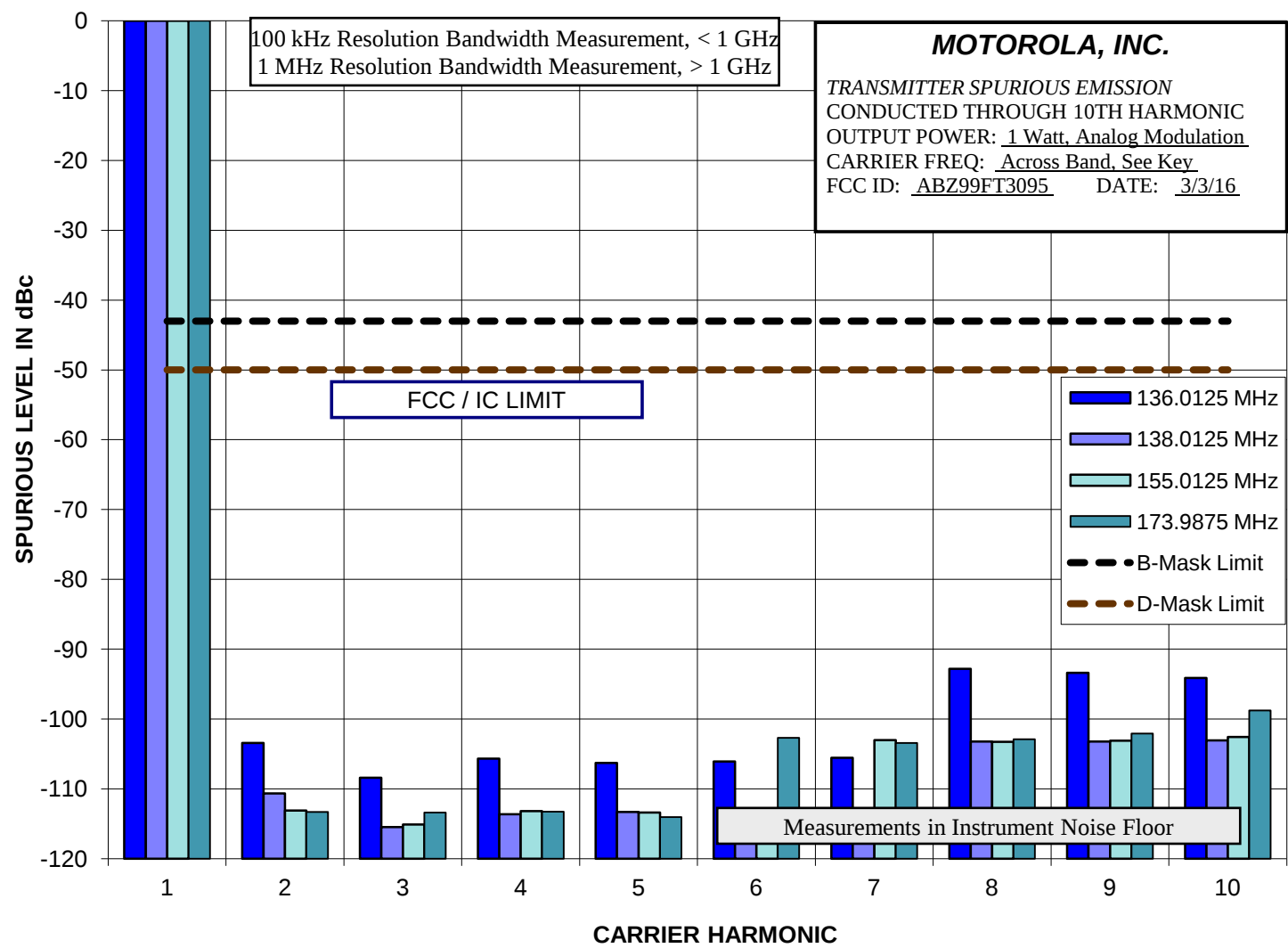
| EXHIBIT | DESCRIPTION                                                                                                                     |
|---------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| E1-3.1  | Conducted Spurious Harmonic Emissions, Power Output 110 Watts<br>The specification limit is -70.0 dBc                           |
| E1-3.2  | Conducted Spurious Harmonic Emissions, Power Output 1 Watt<br>The specification limit is -50.0 dBc                              |
| E1-3.3  | Conducted Spurious Emission Spectrum, 200 MHz Span, Power 110 Watts, Low End of Band                                            |
| E1-3.4  | Conducted Spurious Emission Spectrum, 200 MHz Span, Power 110 Watts, Middle of Band                                             |
| E1-3.5  | Conducted Spurious Emission Spectrum, 200 MHz Span, Power 110 Watts, High End of Band<br><br>The specification limit is -70 dBc |

Report on Test Measurements

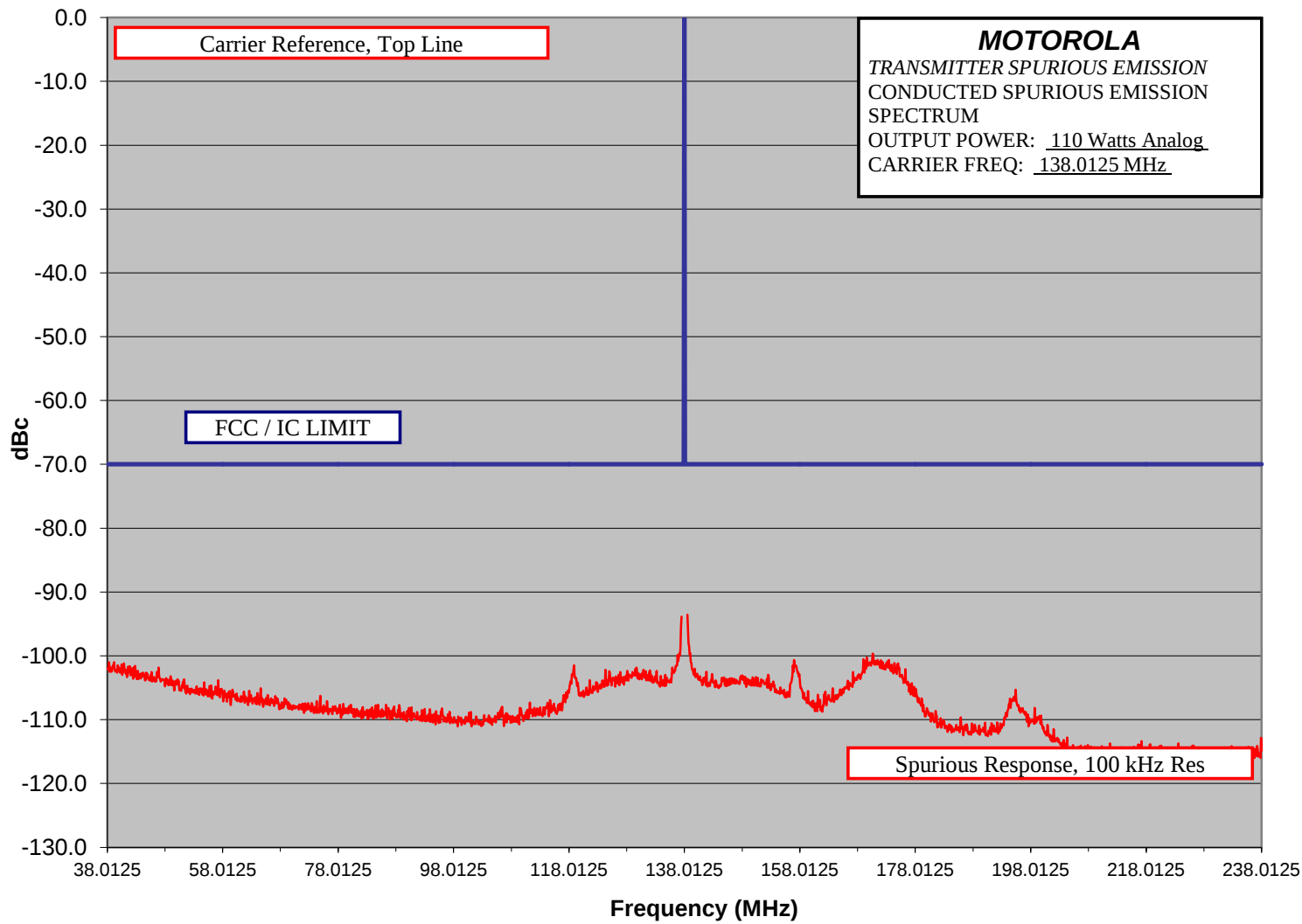
Conducted Spurious Harmonic Emissions – 110 Watts



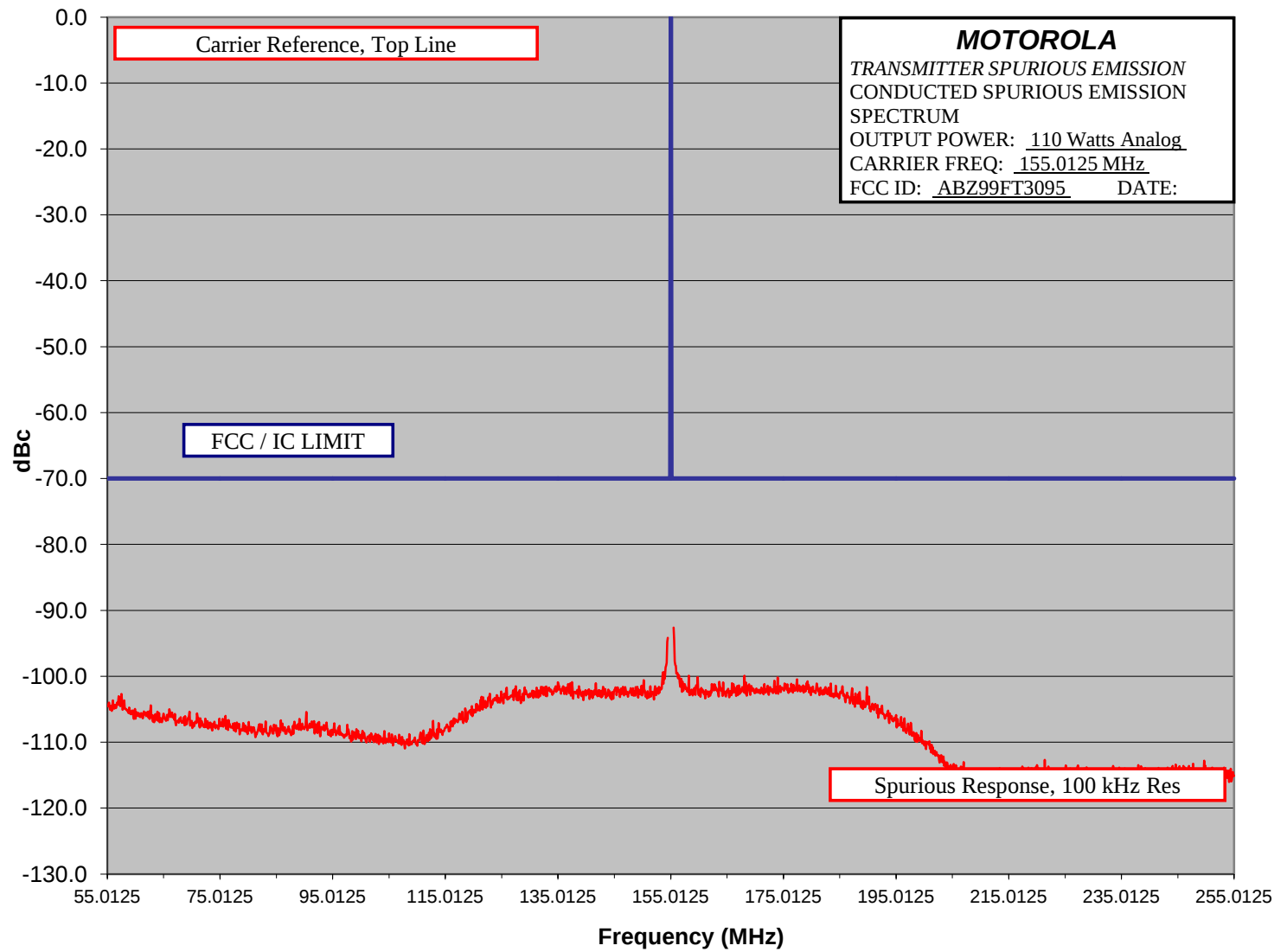
Report on Test Measurements  
 Conducted Spurious Harmonic Emissions – 1 Watt



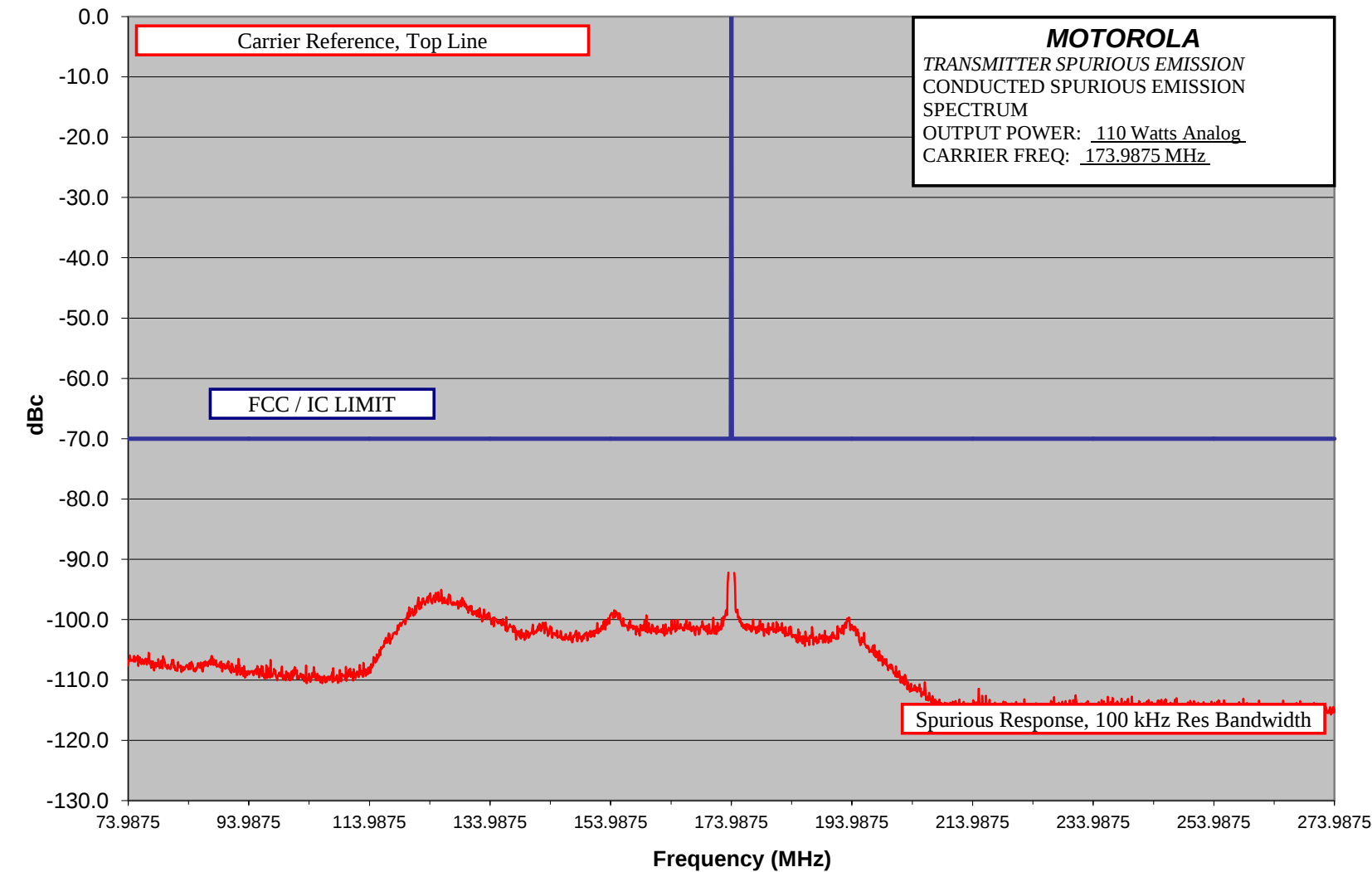
Report on Test Measurements  
 Conducted Spurious Emission Spectrum – 110 Watts – 200 MHz Span – Low End of Band



Report on Test Measurements  
 Conducted Spurious Emission Spectrum – 110 Watts – 200 MHz Span – Middle of Band



Report on Test Measurements  
 Conducted Spurious Emission Spectrum – 110 Watts – 200 MHz Span – High End of Band



# Report on Test Measurements

## Radiated Spurious Emissions, Harmonics

### Specification Requirement 47 CFR §90.210(b) and IC RSS-119 section 5.8.1 - Emission Limits – “B-Mask”:

For transmitters equipped with an audio low pass filter and designed to operate with a 25 kHz channel spacing (authorized bandwidth 20 kHz), the power of any emission must be below the unmodulated carrier power (P) as follows:

On any frequency removed from the assigned frequency by a displacement frequency ( $F_d$  in kHz) of:

- c)  $>50$  kHz *at least  $43+10 * \text{Log}_{10}(P)$  dB.*

### Specification Requirement 47 CFR §90.210(d) and IC RSS-119 section 5.8.3 - Emission Limits – “D-Mask”:

*Emission Mask D:* For transmitters designed to operate with a 12.5 kHz channel bandwidth, any emission must be attenuated below the power (P) of the highest emission contained within the authorized bandwidth as follows:

(3) On any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth by a displacement frequency ( $f_d$  in kHz) of more than 12.5 kHz: *At least 50 plus  $10 \log_{10}(P)$  dB or 70 dB,*

*whichever is the lesser attenuation.*

Modulation: Analog Frequency Modulation – this is also representative of the performance of MOTOTRBO™ Digital Modulation, which is 4-level frequency modulation of the carrier.

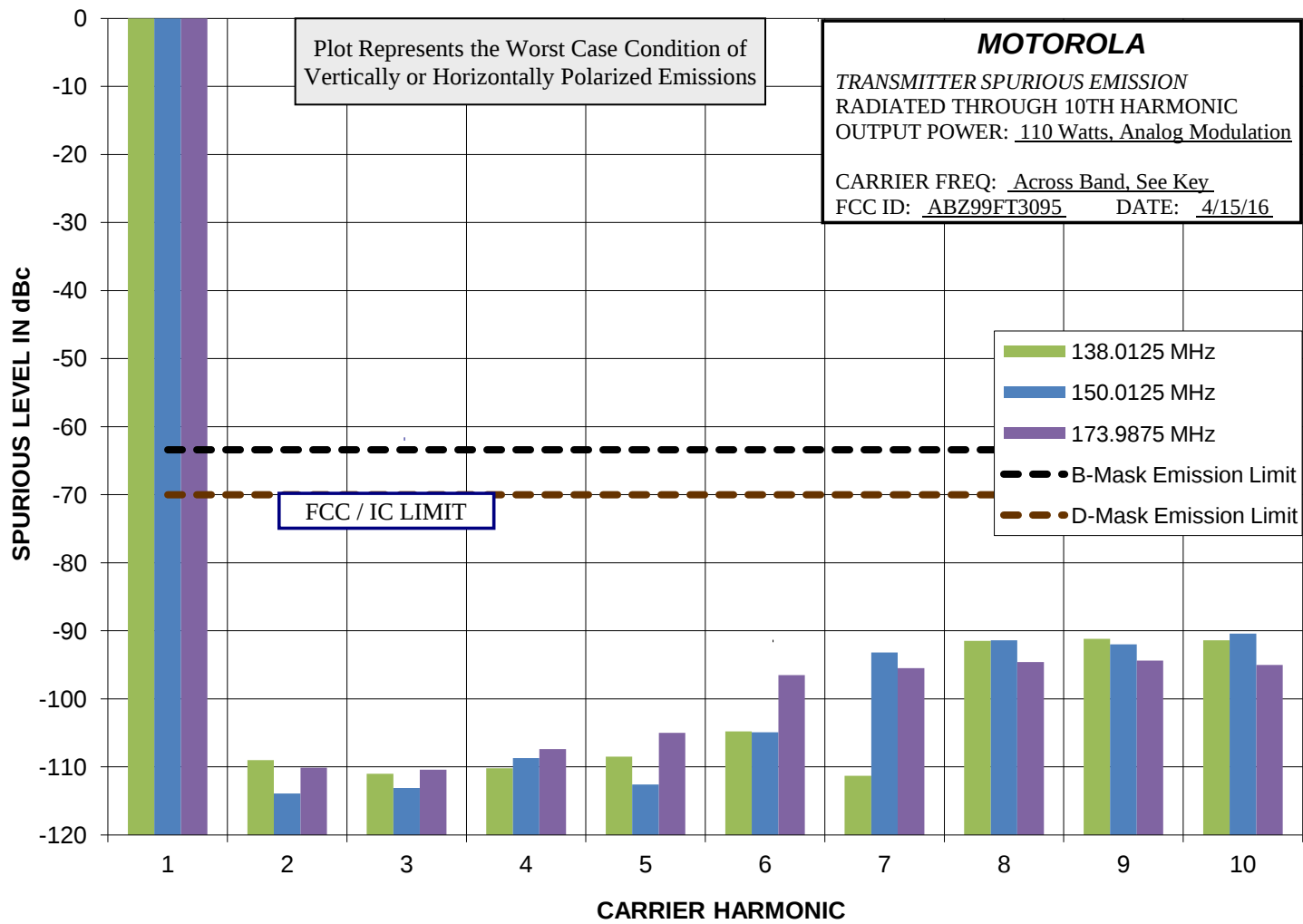
Carrier Frequencies: Carrier frequencies of 138.0125, 150.01525, 173.9875 MHz were measured for radiated carrier harmonics at the high rated power. These frequencies represent the low end, center, and high end of the 138-174 MHz band.

: Carrier frequencies of 138.0125, 150.01525, 173.9875 MHz were measured for radiated carrier harmonics at the low rated power. These frequencies represent the low end, center, and high end of the 138-174 MHz band.

| EXHIBIT | DESCRIPTION                                                                                          |
|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| E1-4.1  | Radiated Spurious Harmonic Emissions, Power Output 110 Watts<br>The specification limit is -70.0 dBc |
| E1-4.2  | Radiated Spurious Harmonic Emissions, Power Output 1 Watt<br>The specification limit is -50.0 dBc    |

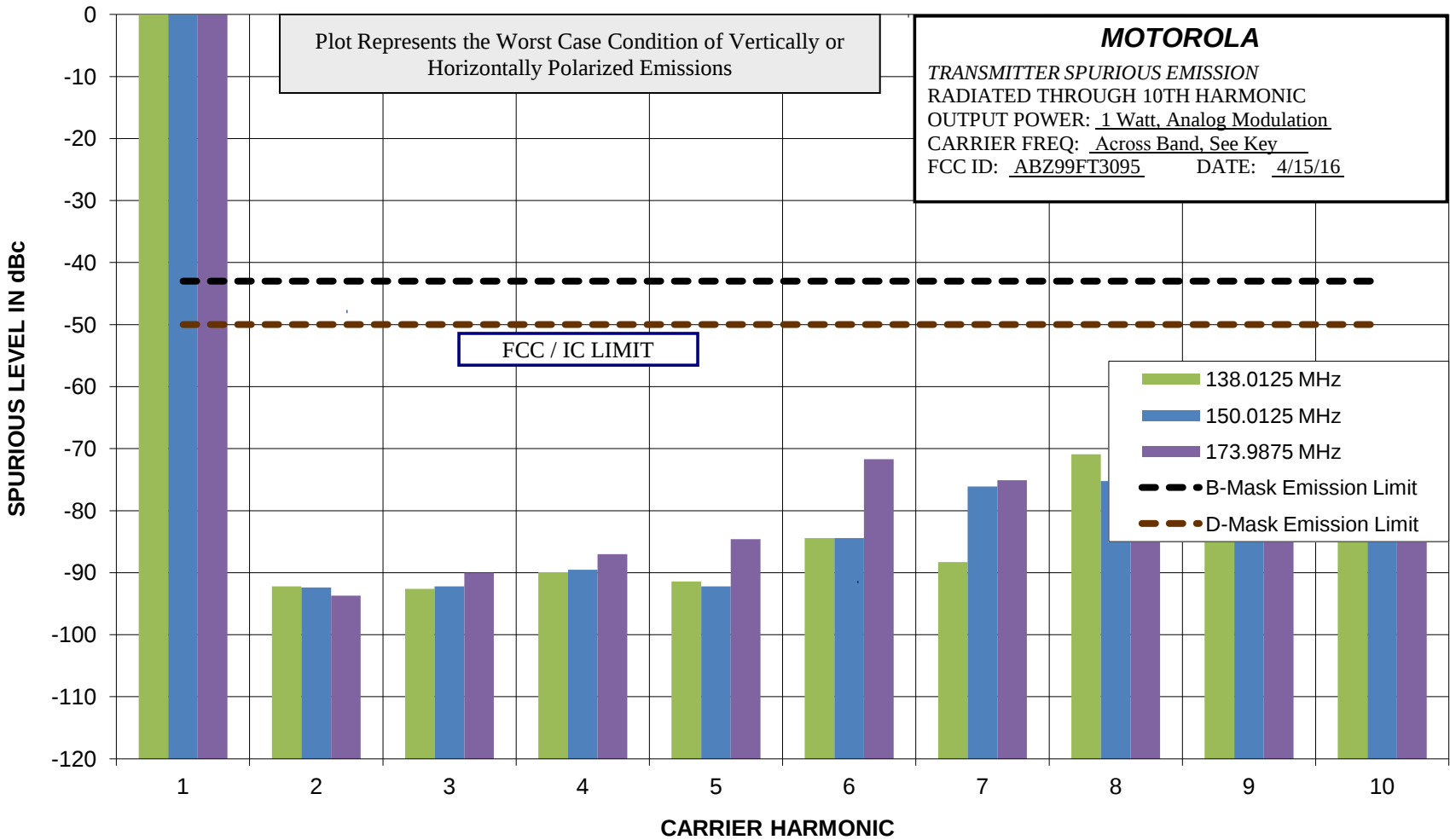
Report on Test Measurements

Radiated Spurious Harmonic Emissions — 110 Watts



Report on Test Measurements

Radiated Spurious Harmonic Emissions — 1 Watt



## Report on Test Measurements

*Oscillator Frequency Stability*

Manufacturer data for the system site frequency standard was used in generation of the following frequency stability exhibits.

Specification Requirement IC RSS-119 section 5.3:

Fixed and Base stations operating at 138-174 MHz and 12.5 kHz channel bandwidth must have a frequency stability of better than +/- 1.5 PPM, and those operating at 25 kHz channel bandwidth must have a frequency stability of better than +/- 2.5 PPM.

Specification Requirement: Reference Part 90.213

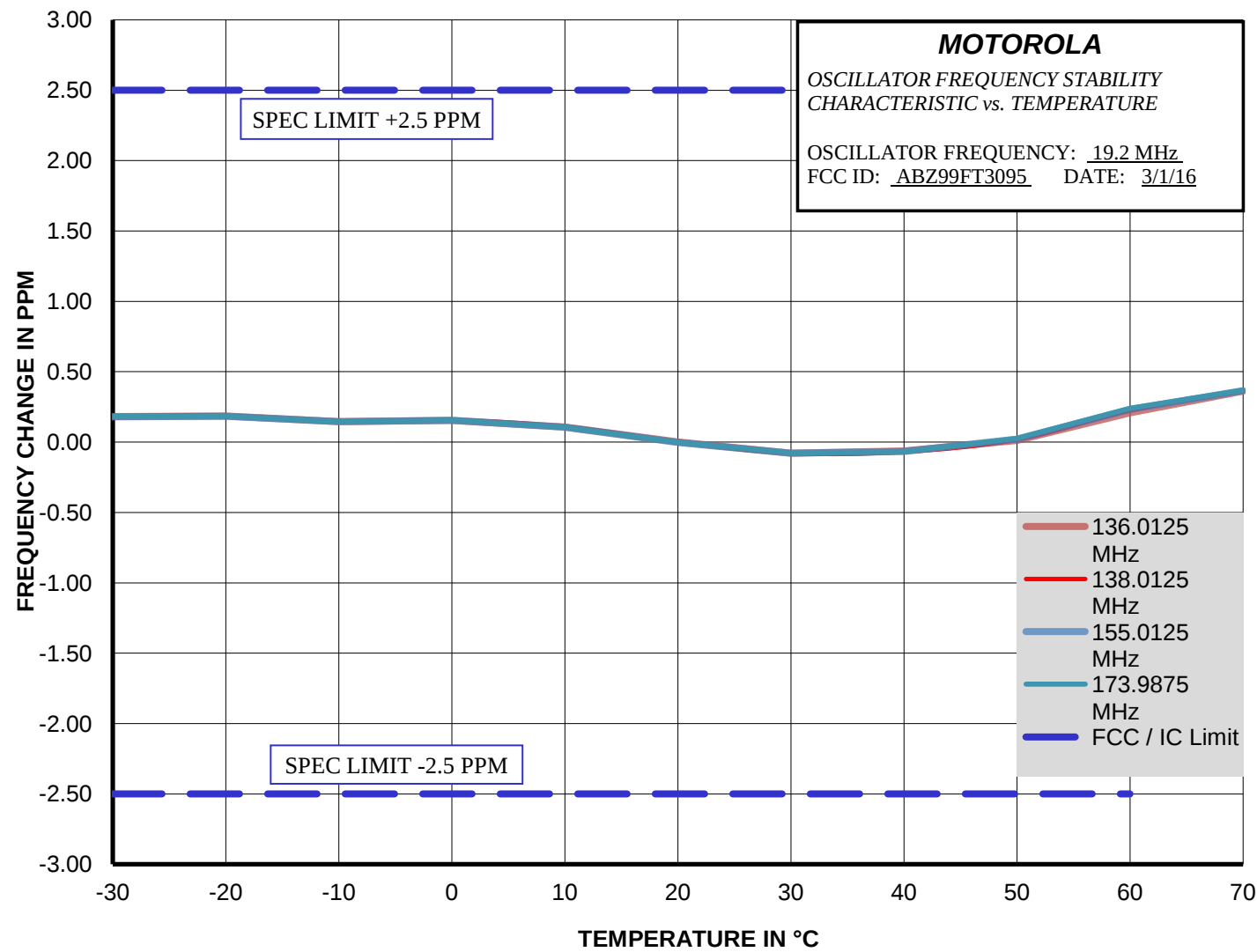
Fixed and Base stations operating at 138-174 MHz and 12.5 kHz channel bandwidth must have a frequency stability of better than +/- 1.5 PPM, and those operating at 25 kHz channel bandwidth must have a frequency stability of better than +/- 2.5 PPM.

Only the more stringent specification limit is shown on the frequency stability exhibits.  
Performance was measured at carrier frequencies across the operating band.

| <b>EXHIBIT</b> | <b>DESCRIPTION</b>                 |
|----------------|------------------------------------|
| E1-5.1         | Frequency Stability Vs Temperature |
| E1-5.2         | Frequency Stability Vs Voltage     |

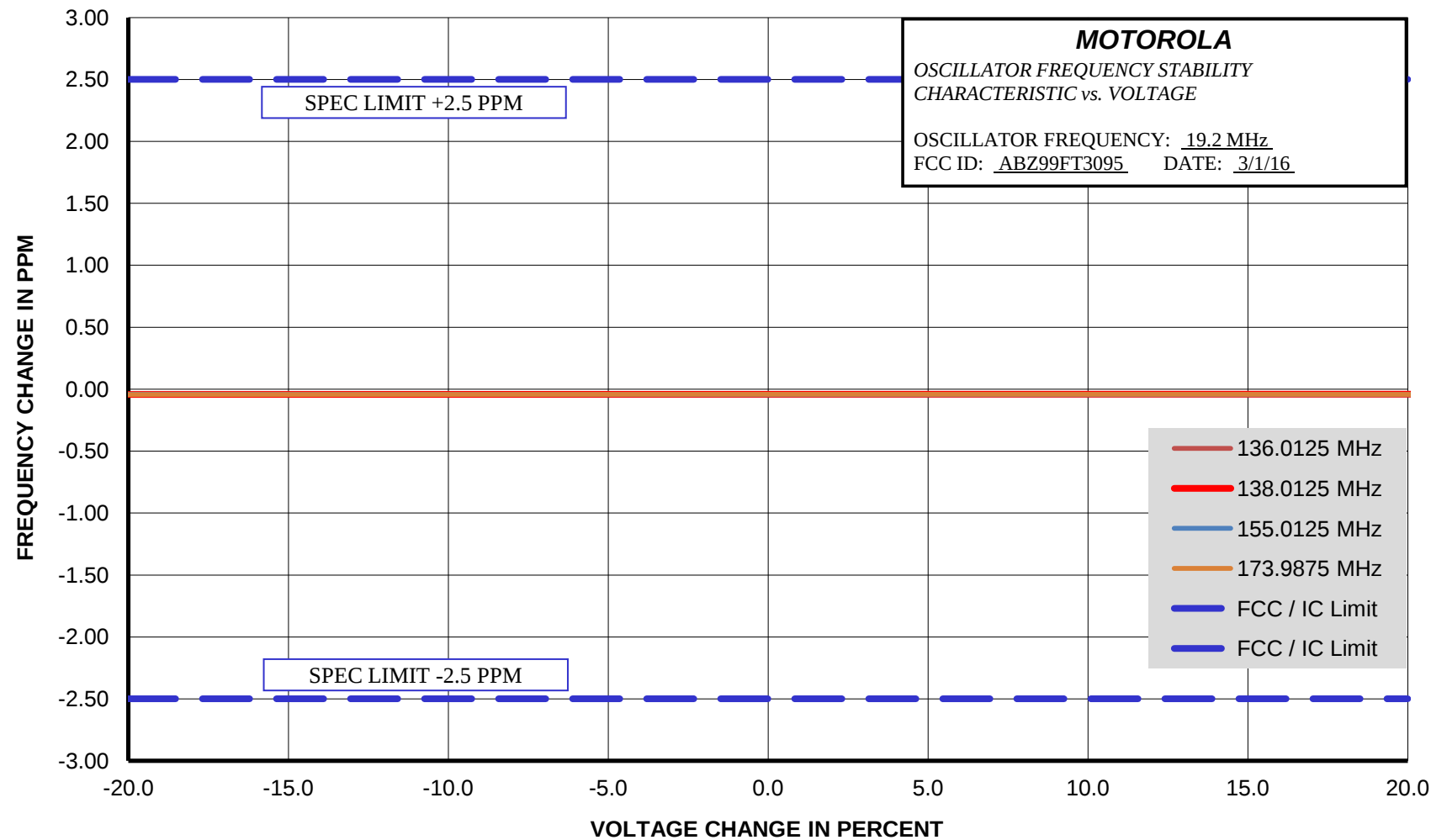
Report on Test Measurements

Frequency Stability Vs Temperature



Report on Test Measurements

Frequency Stability Vs Voltage



## Report on Test Measurements

*Frequency Transient Behavior*

Specification Requirement 47 CFR §90.214 and IC RSS-119 section 5.9:

Transmitters designed to operate in the 406.1-512 MHz (421-512 MHz for FCC) frequency band must maintain transient frequencies within the maximum frequency difference limits during the time intervals indicated below:

Transient Frequency Behavior 25 kHz Channels

For time intervals:

- a.  $t_1 = 10$  ms      Maximum Frequency Difference  $\pm 25$  kHz
- b.  $t_2 = 25$  ms      Maximum Frequency Difference  $\pm 12.5$  kHz
- c.  $t_3 = 10$  ms      Maximum Frequency Difference  $\pm 25$  kHz

Transient Frequency Behavior 12.5 kHz Channels

For time intervals:

- a.  $t_1 = 10$  ms      Maximum Frequency Difference  $\pm 12.5$  kHz
- b.  $t_2 = 25$  ms      Maximum Frequency Difference  $\pm 6.25$  kHz
- c.  $t_3 = 10$  ms      Maximum Frequency Difference  $\pm 12.5$  kHz

Where  $t_1$  and  $t_2$  are times immediately following when the transmitter is turned on, and  $t_3$  is the time from when the transmitter is turned off.

During the time from the end of  $t_2$  to the beginning of  $t_3$ , the frequency difference must not exceed the limits specified in §90.213 / RSS-119 section 5.3.

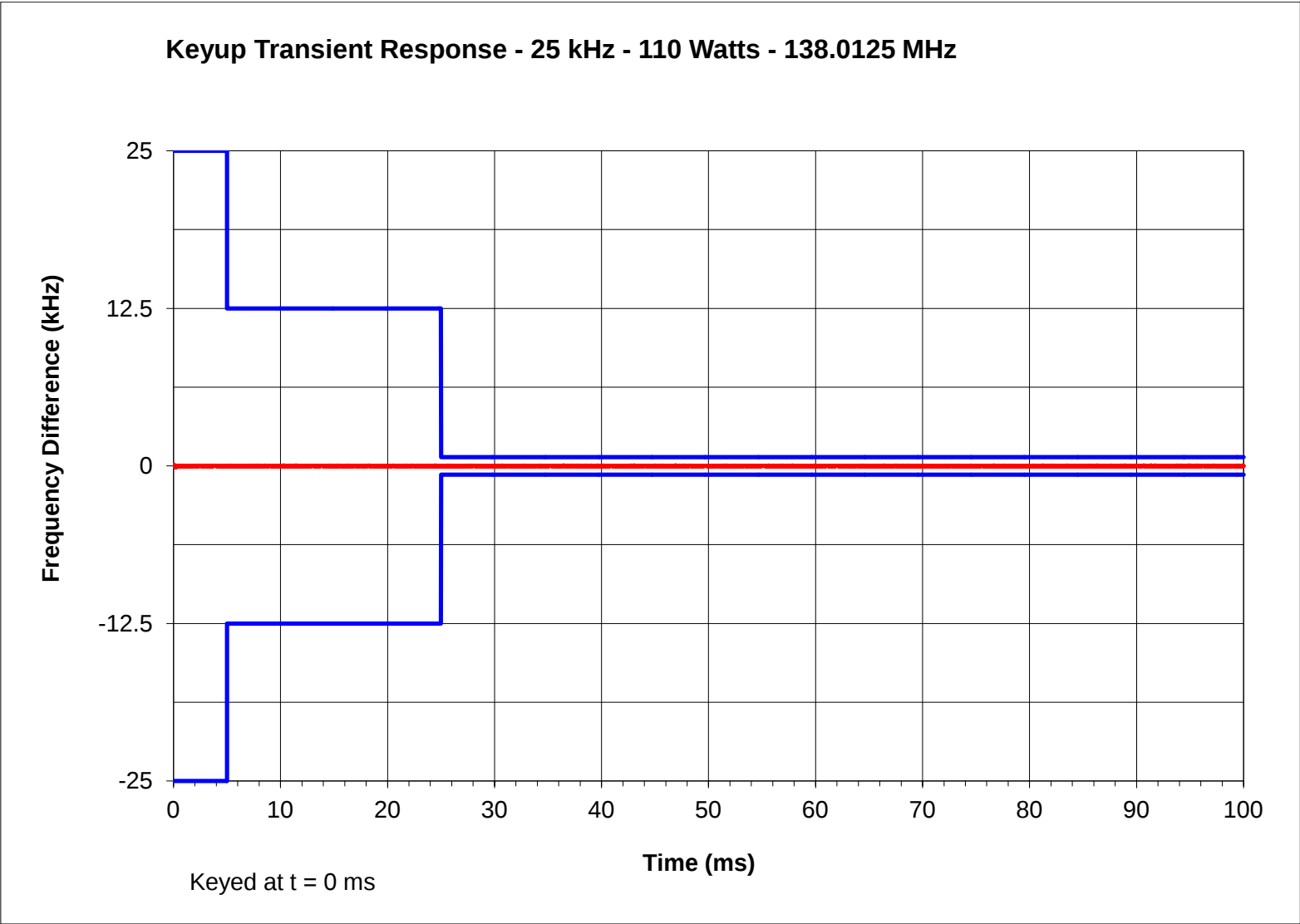
Modulation:      Analog Mode Frequency Modulation

Carrier Frequencies: Performance was measured at carrier frequencies at the low end, middle, and high end of the operating band.

| <b>EXHIBIT</b>  | <b>DESCRIPTION</b>                                    |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------------------------|
| E1-6.1, 2, 3    | Frequency Transient Behavior, 25 kHz Channel Key-Up   |
| E1-6.4, 5, 6    | Frequency Transient Behavior, 25 kHz Channel De-Key   |
| E1-6.7, 8, 9    | Frequency Transient Behavior, 12.5 kHz Channel Key-Up |
| E1-6.10, 11, 12 | Frequency Transient Behavior, 12.5 kHz Channel De-key |

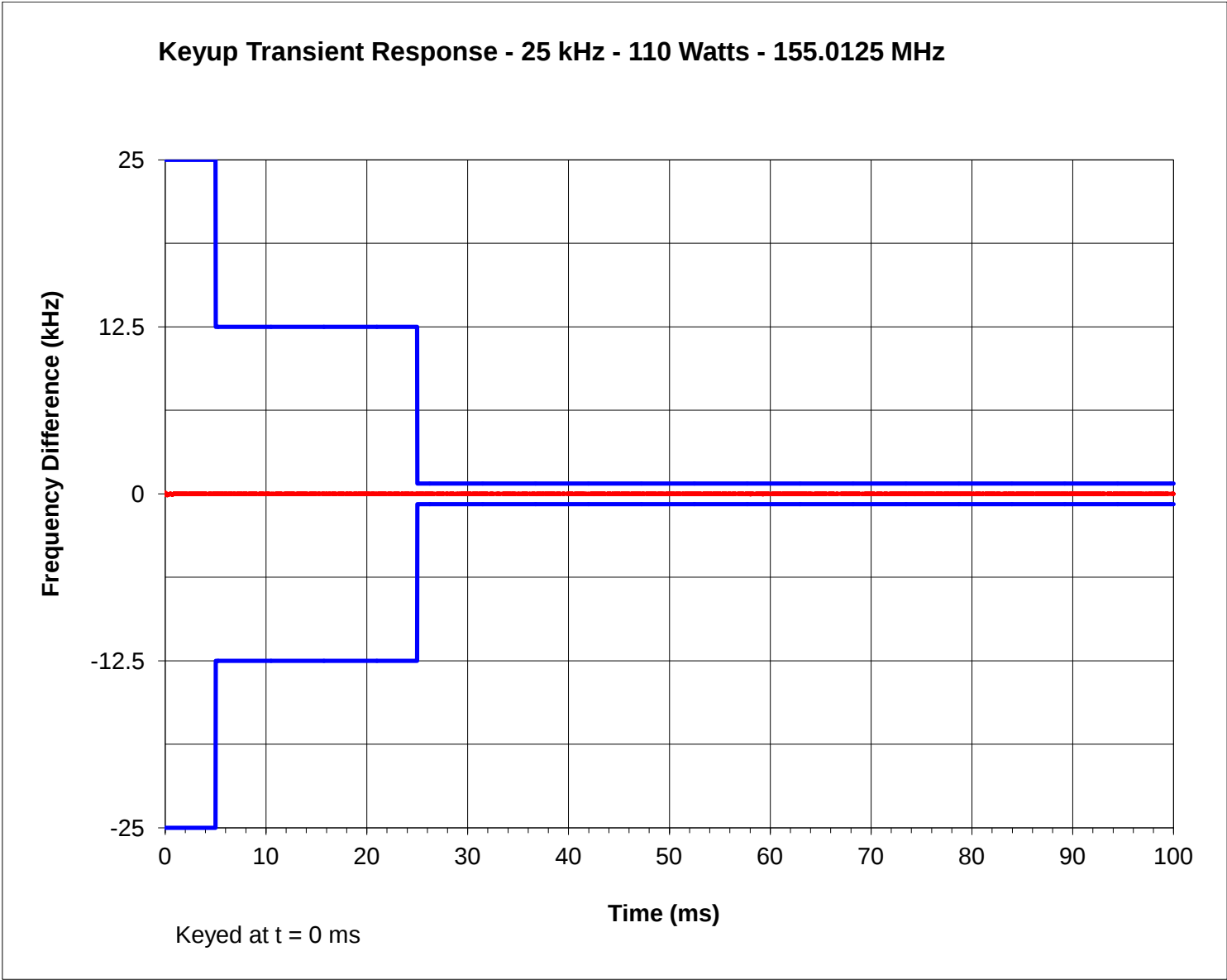
Report on Test Measurements

Frequency Transient – Key-Up – 25 kHz Channels – Low End of Band



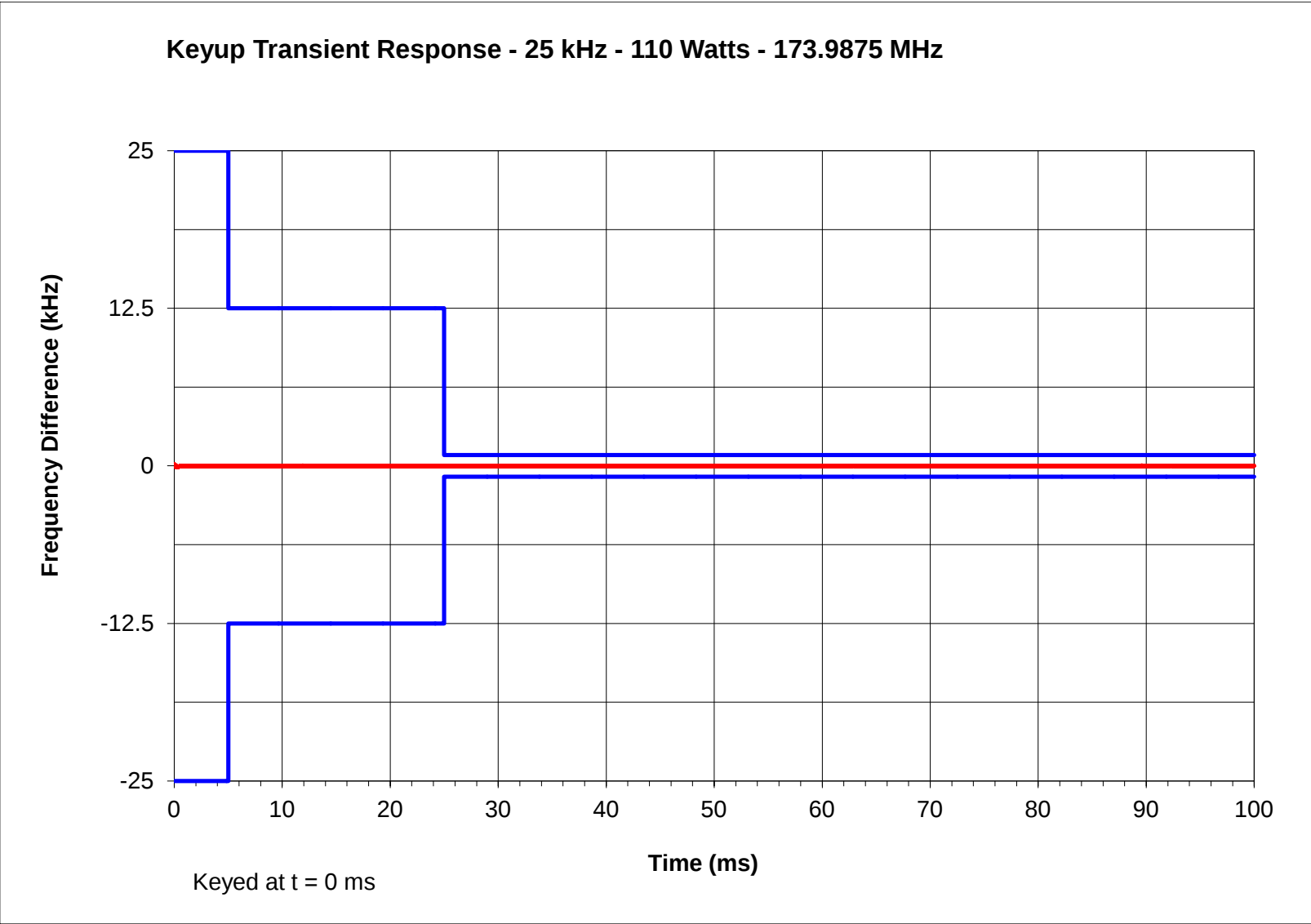
Report on Test Measurements

Frequency Transient – Key-Up – 25 kHz Channels – Middle of Band



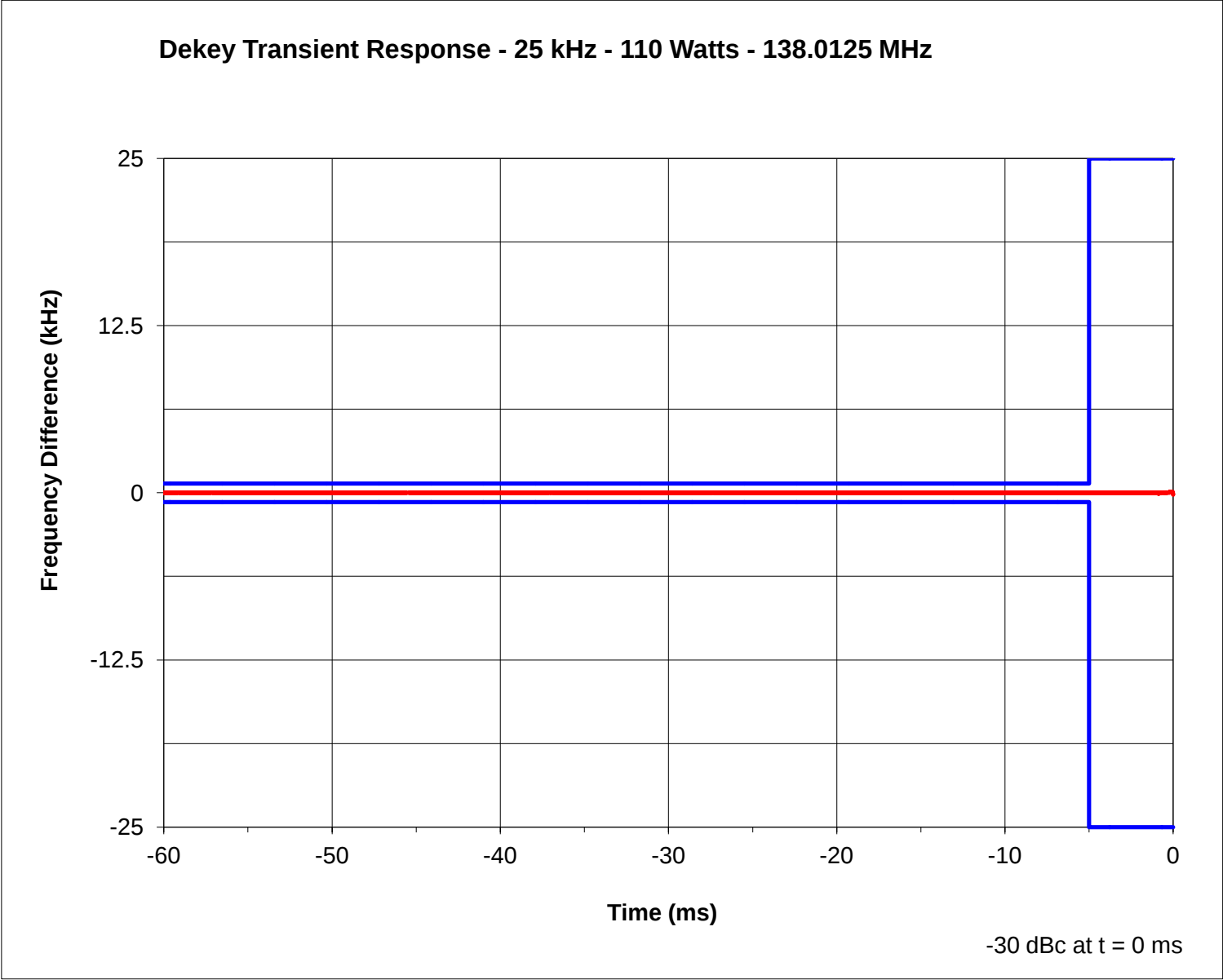
Report on Test Measurements

Frequency Transient – Key-Up – 25 kHz Channels – High End of Band



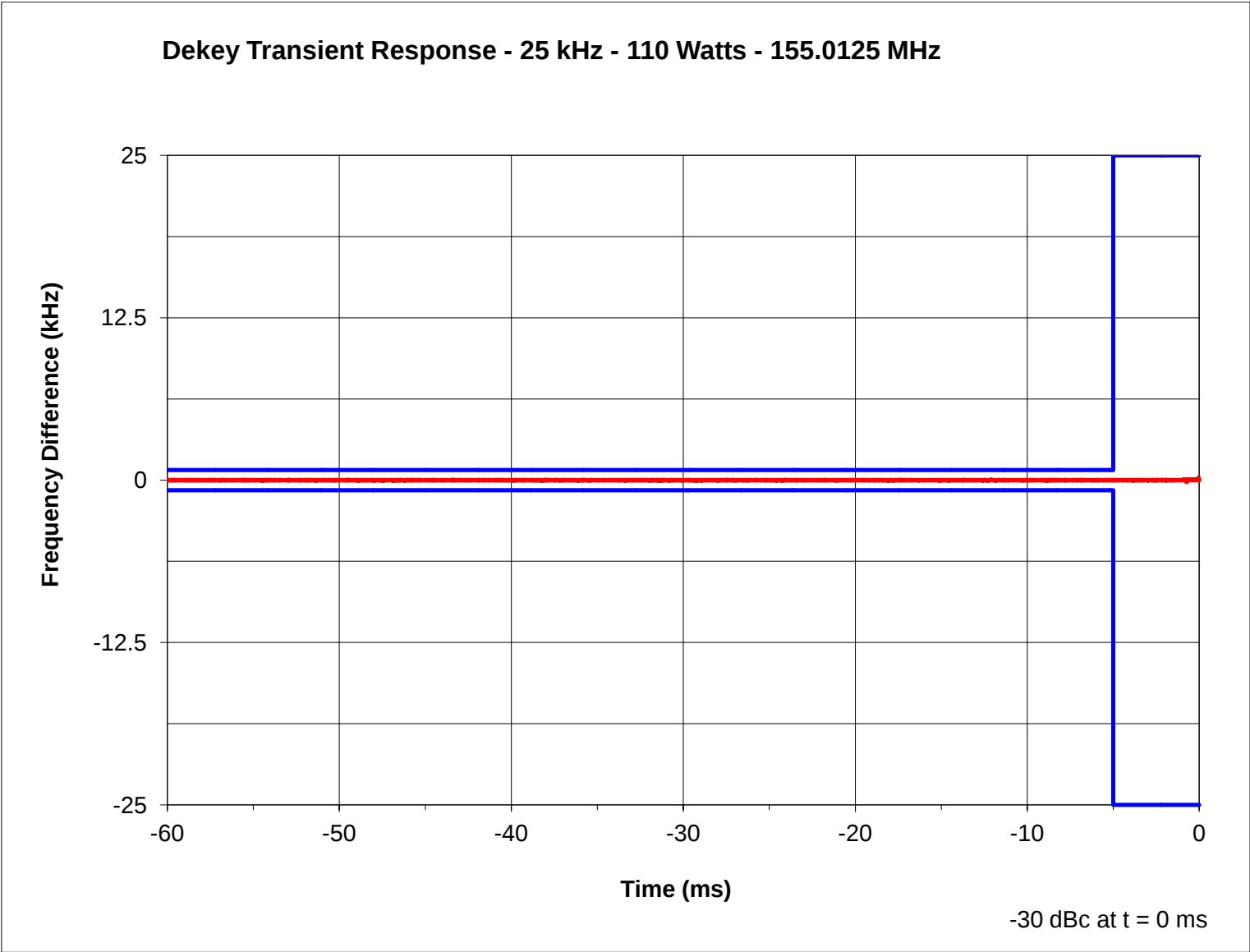
Report on Test Measurements

Frequency Transient – De-Key – 25 kHz Channels – Low End of Band

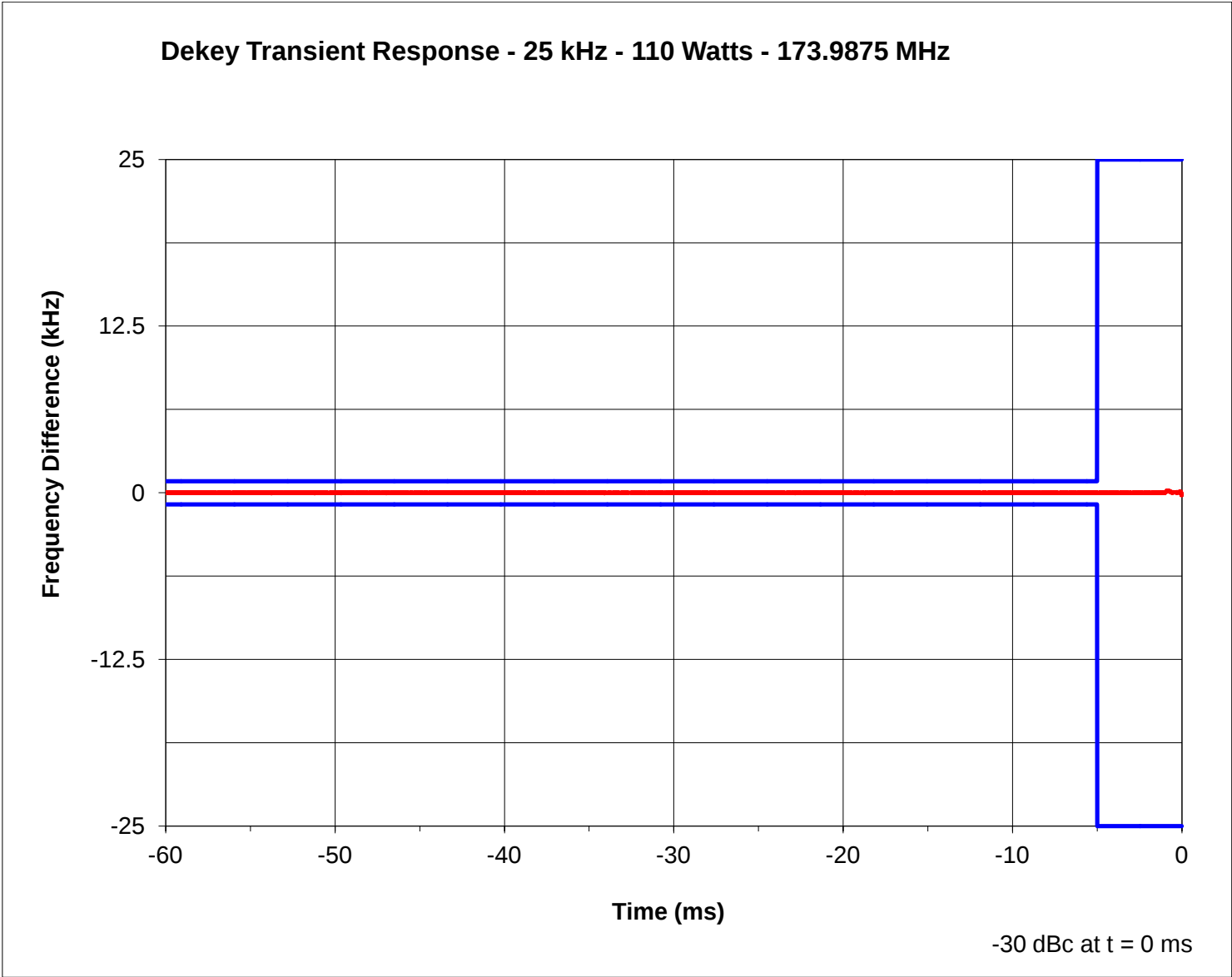


Report on Test Measurements

Frequency Transient – De-Key – 25 kHz Channels – Middle of Band

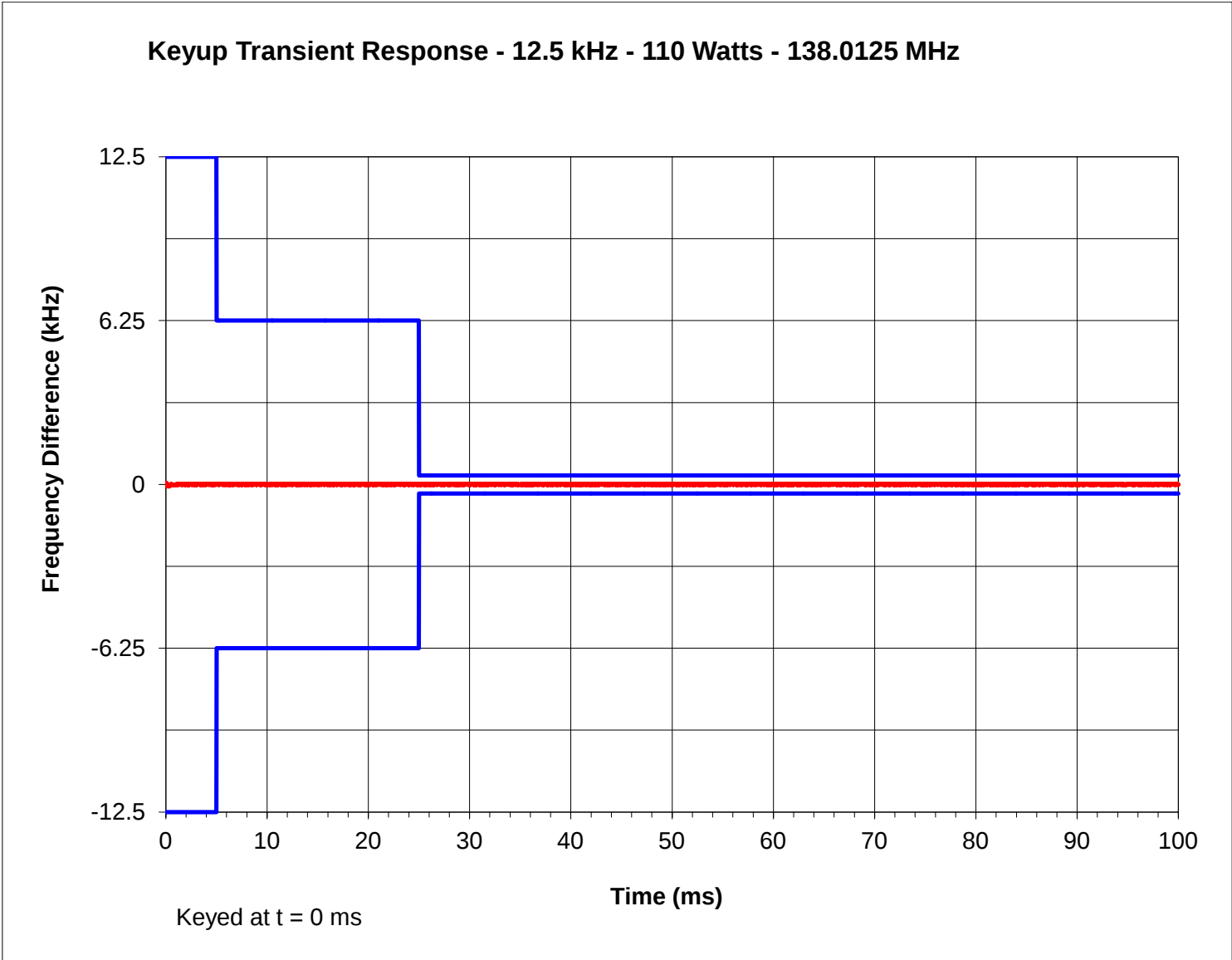


Report on Test Measurements  
*Frequency Transient – De-Key – 25 kHz Channels – High End of Band*

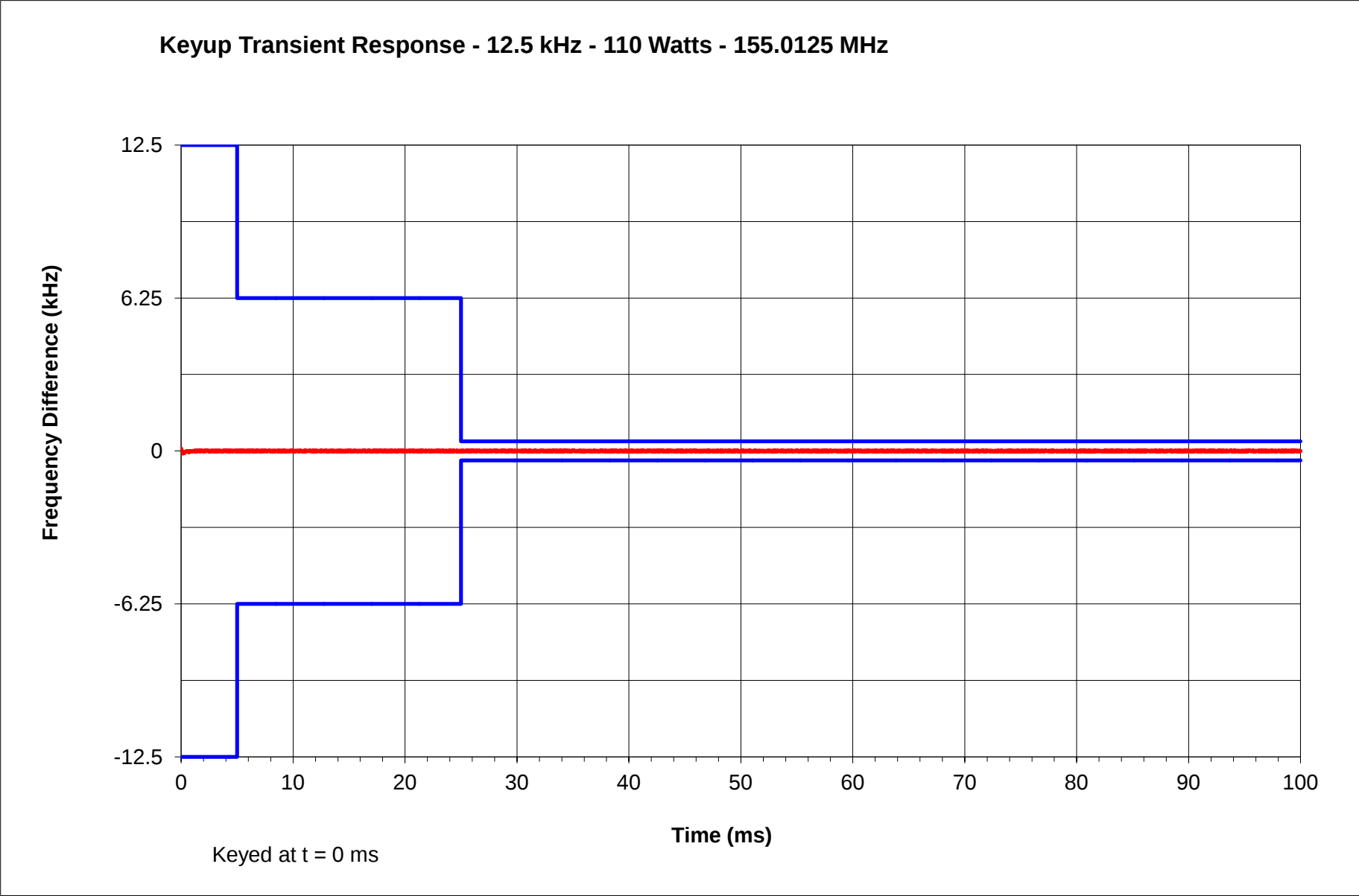


Report on Test Measurements

Frequency Transient – Key-Up – 12.5 kHz Channels – Low End of Band

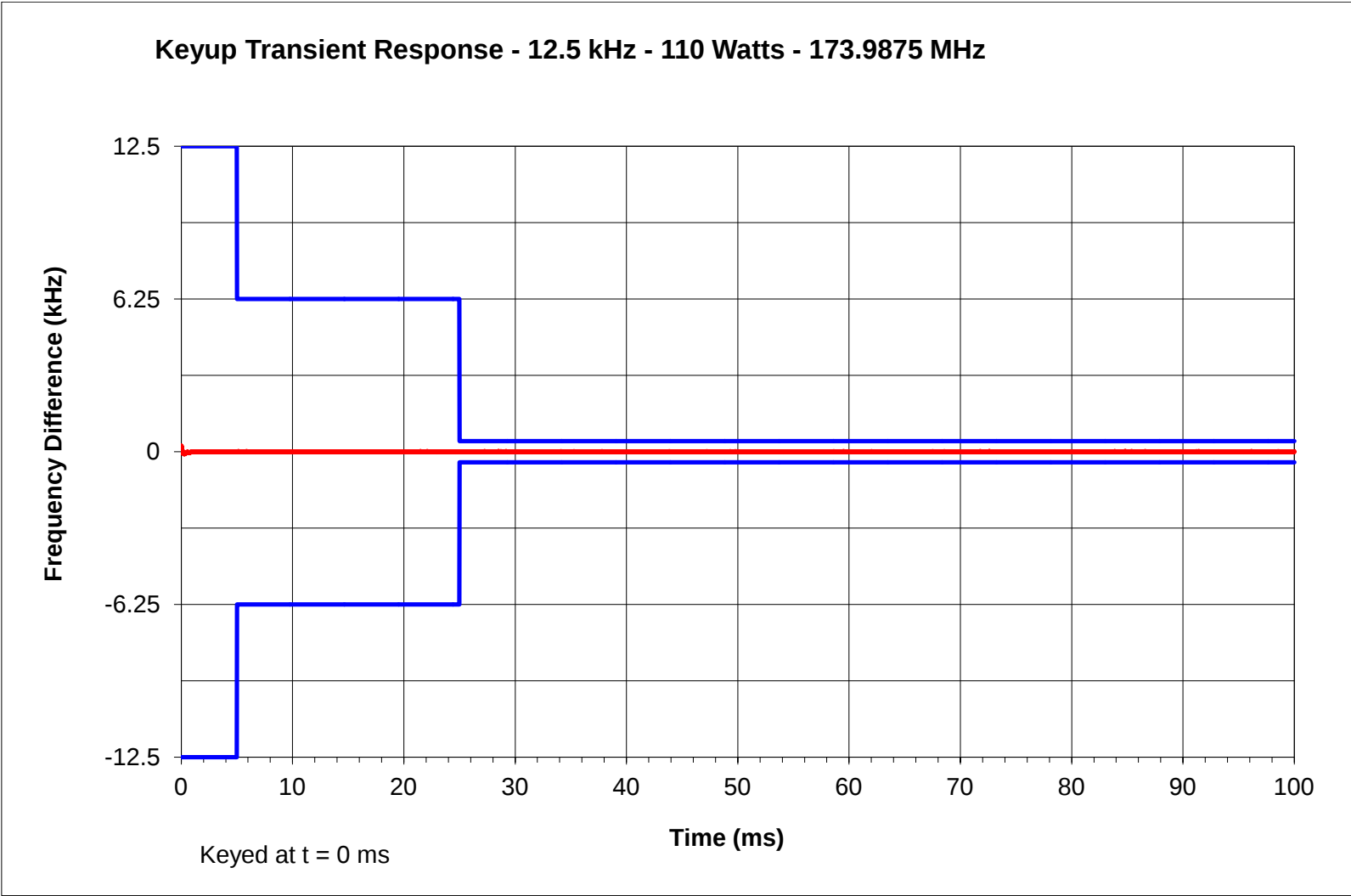


Report on Test Measurements  
*Frequency Transient – Key-Up – 12.5 kHz Channels – Middle of Band*



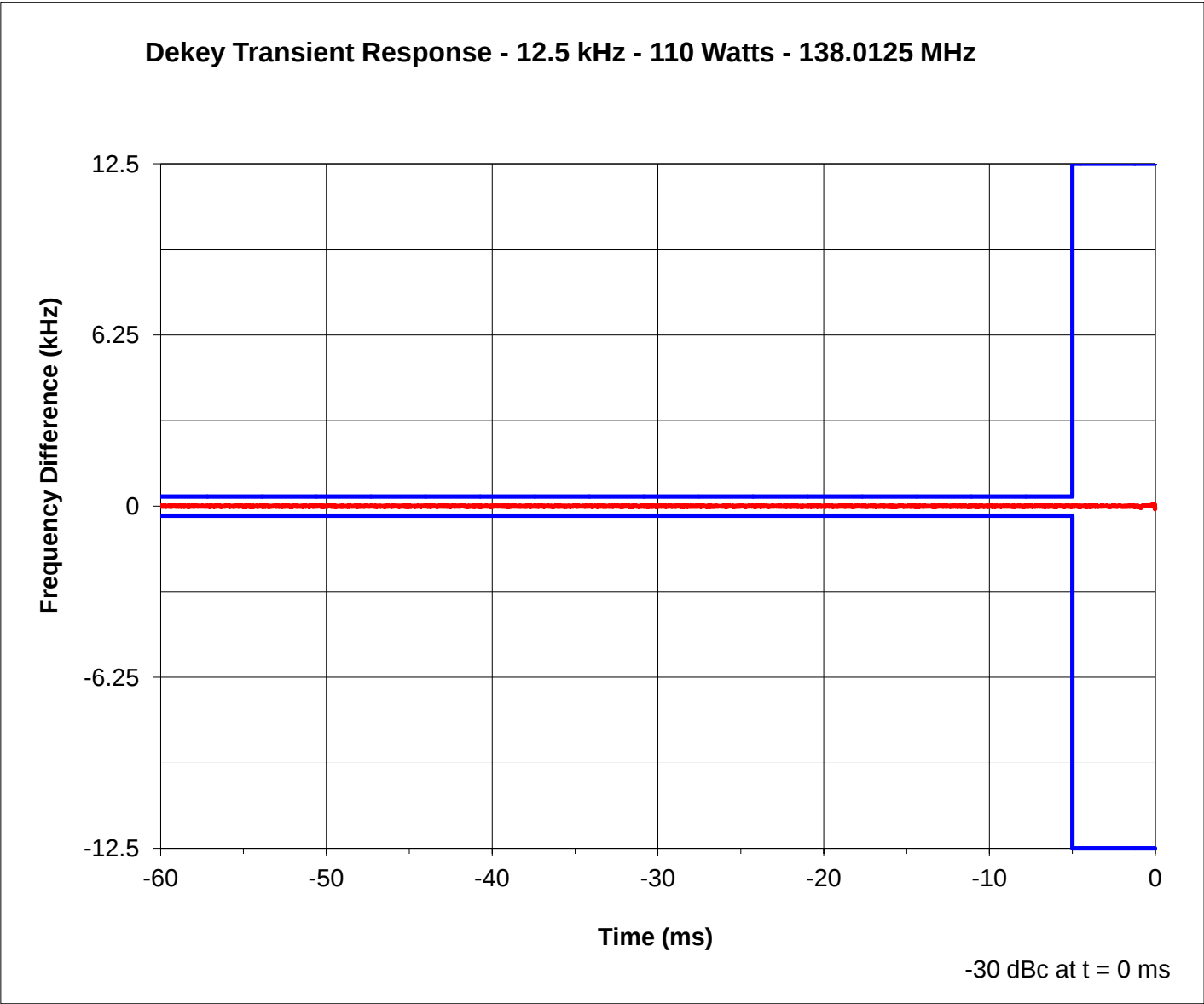
Band

Report on Test Measurements  
 Frequency Transient – Key-Up – 12.5 kHz Channels – High End of Band

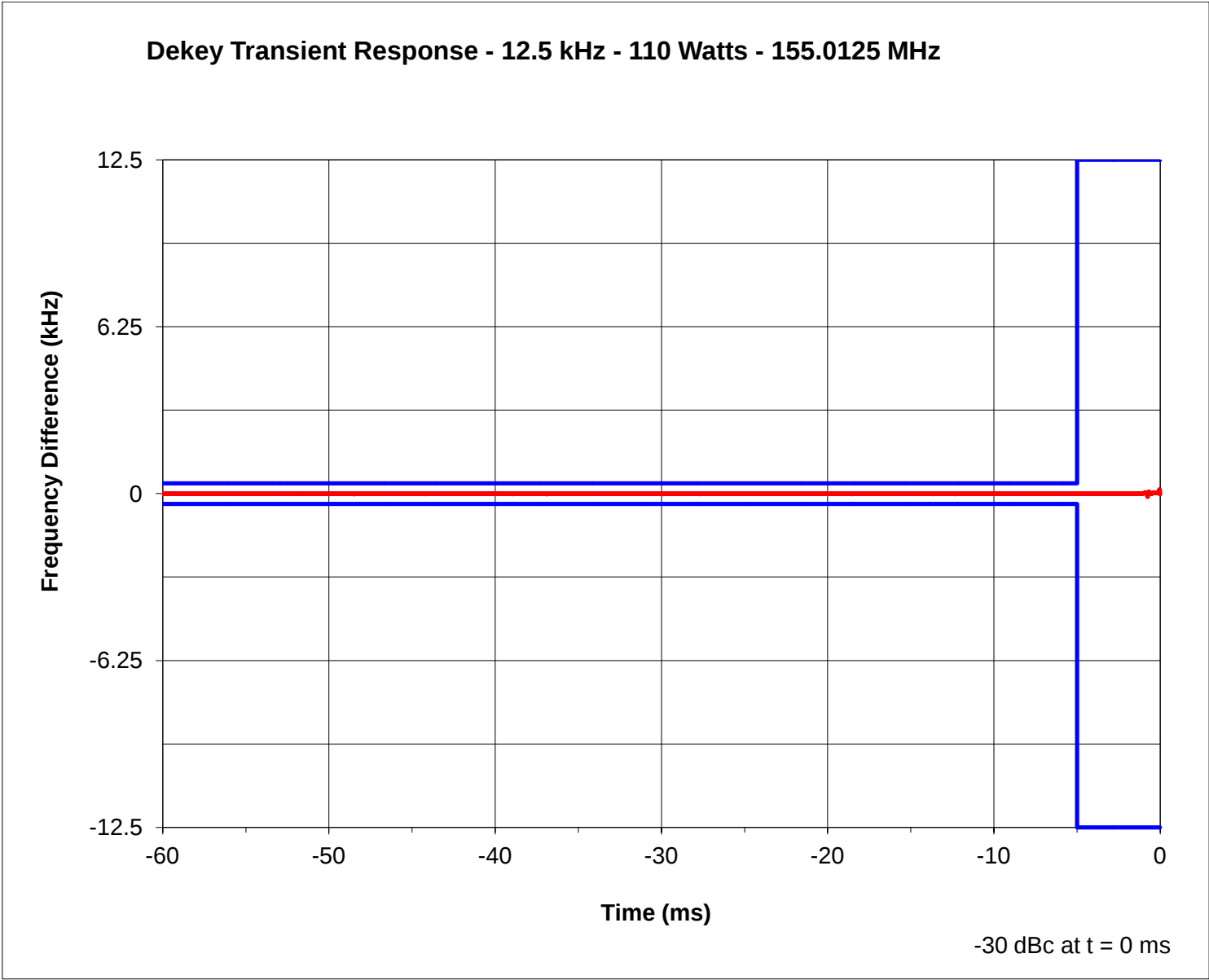


Report on Test Measurements

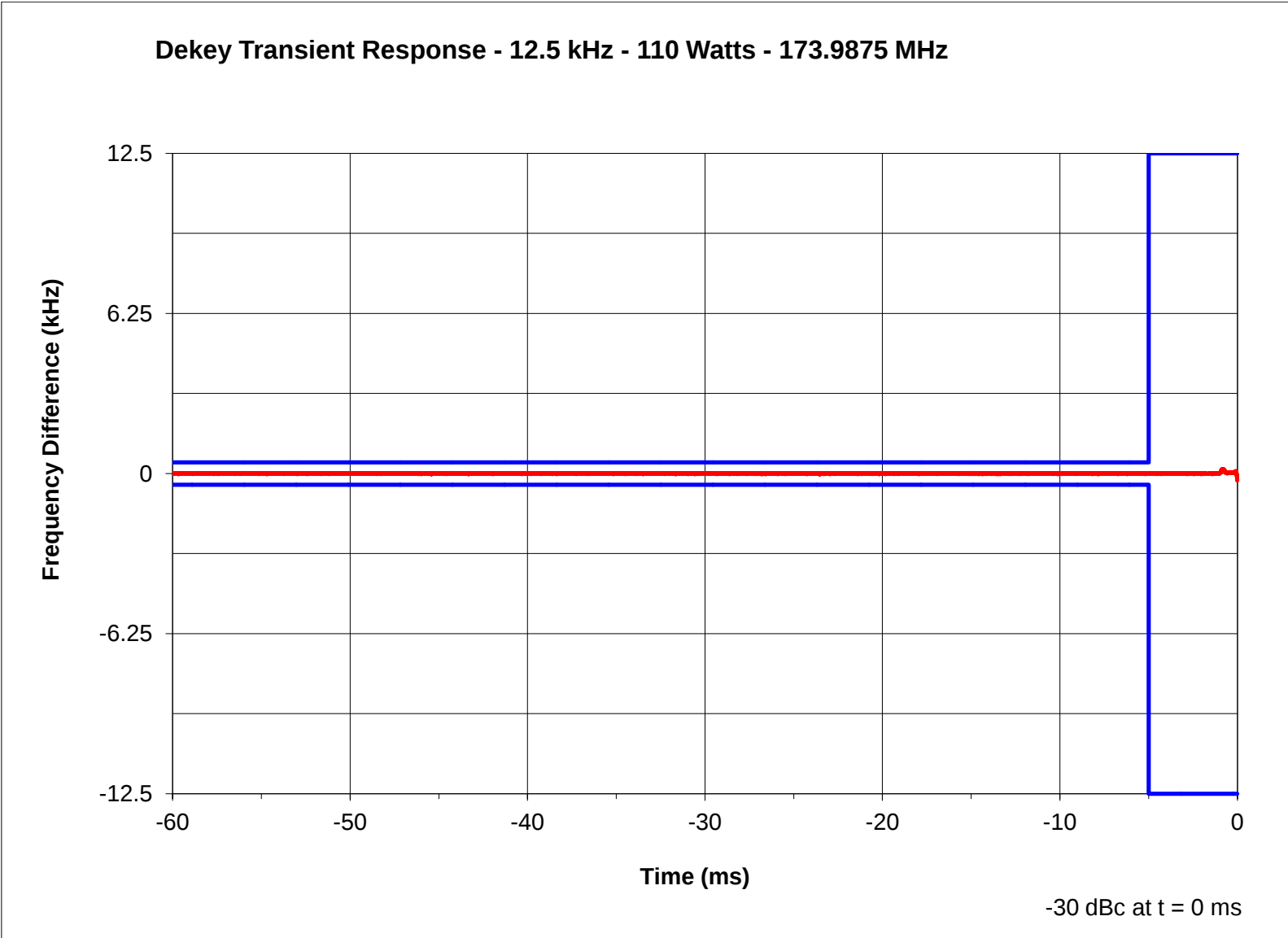
Frequency Transient – De-Key – 12.5 kHz Channels – Low End of Band



Report on Test Measurements  
 Frequency Transient – De-Key – 12.5 kHz Channels – Middle of MHz Band



Report on Test Measurements  
 Frequency Transient – De-Key – 12.5 kHz Channels – High End of Band



## Report on Test Measurements

*Audio Frequency Response*Specification Requirement per TIA 603:

Audio Frequency Response, 25 kHz Channels: The audio frequency response from 300 Hz to 3000 Hz shall not vary more than +1 dB or -3 dB from a true 6 dB per octave pre-emphasis characteristic as referenced to the 1000 Hz level, with an additional 6 dB per octave attenuation allowed from 500 Hz to 300 Hz, and an additional 6 dB per octave attenuation is allowed from 2500 Hz to 3000 Hz in equipment operating in the 25 MHz to 869 MHz range.

Audio Frequency Response, 12.5 kHz Channels: The audio frequency response from 300 Hz to 3000 Hz shall not vary more than +1 dB or -3 dB from a true 6 dB per octave pre-emphasis characteristic as referenced to the 1000 Hz level, with an additional 6 dB per octave attenuation allowed from 500 Hz to 300 Hz. An additional 6 dB per octave rolloff is allowed from 2300 Hz to 2700 Hz, and an additional 12 dB per octave is allowed from 2700 Hz to 3000 Hz in equipment operating in the 896 MHz to 940 MHz range or for 12.5 kHz channel operation.

Modulation: Audio Test Tone

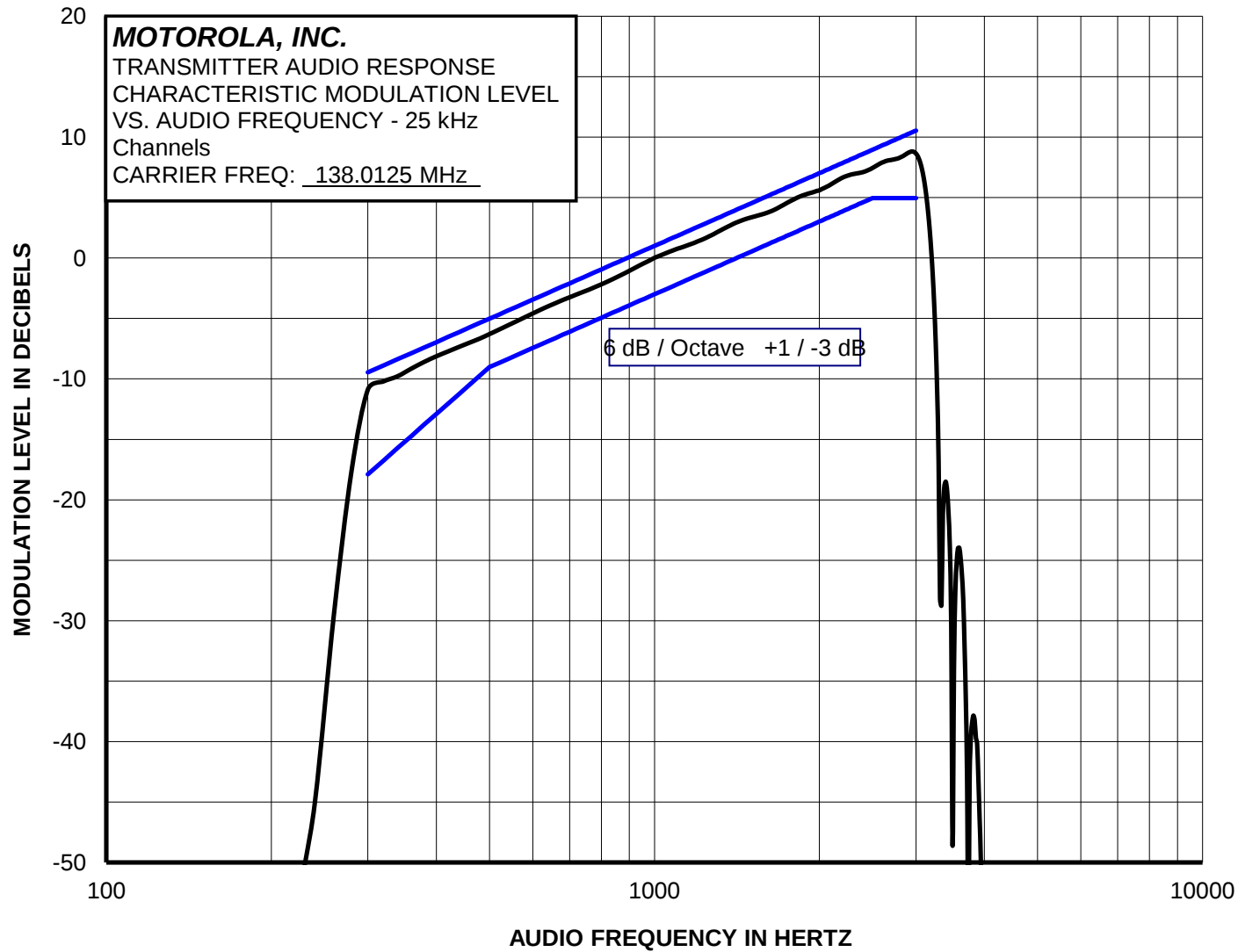
Carrier Frequency: Performance was measured at carrier frequencies at the low end, middle, and high end of the operating band.

Specification: The specification limit is shown on the response plots

| EXHIBIT | DESCRIPTION                                                                                 |
|---------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| E1-7.1  | Audio Frequency Response – Modulation Characteristics, 25 kHz Channels – Low End of Band    |
| E1-7.2  | Audio Frequency Response – Modulation Characteristics, 25 kHz Channels – Middle of Band     |
| E1-7.3  | Audio Frequency Response – Modulation Characteristics, 25 kHz Channels – High End of Band   |
| E1-7.4  | Audio Frequency Response – Modulation Characteristics, 12.5 kHz Channels – Low End of Band  |
| E1-7.5  | Audio Frequency Response – Modulation Characteristics, 12.5 kHz Channels – Middle of Band   |
| E1-7.6  | Audio Frequency Response – Modulation Characteristics, 12.5 kHz Channels – High End of Band |

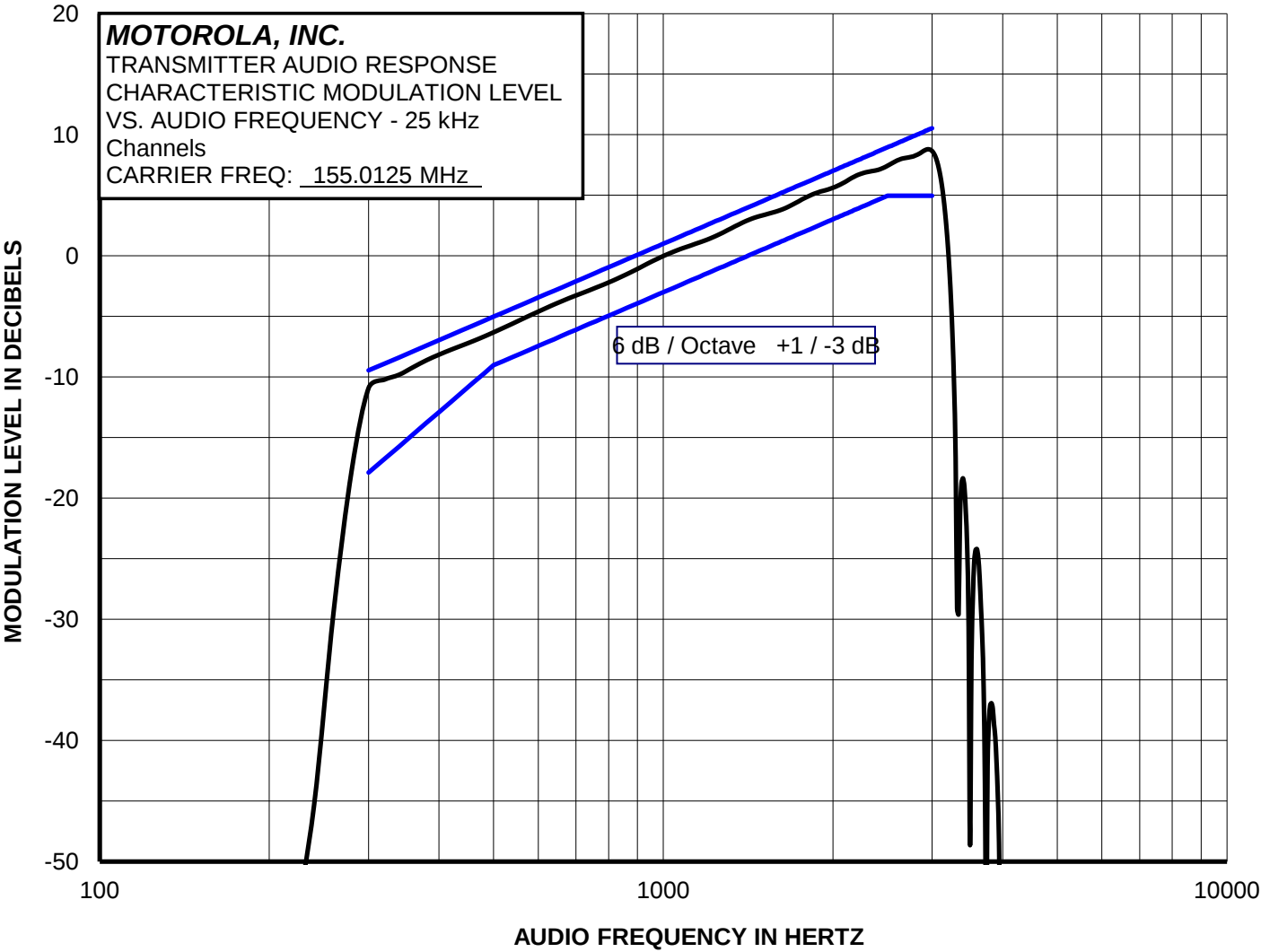
Report on Test Measurements

Audio Frequency Response – 25 kHz Channels



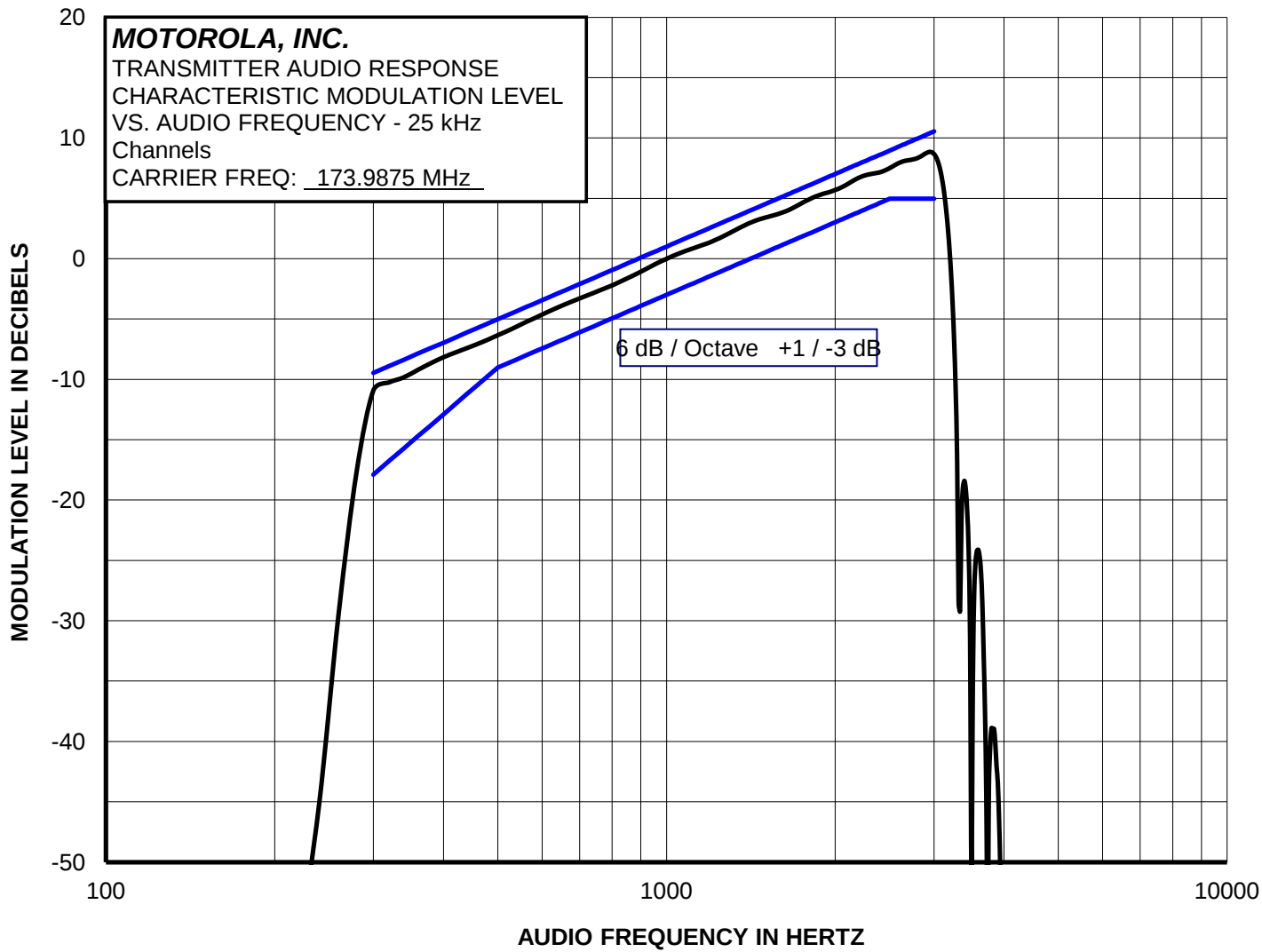
Report on Test Measurements

Audio Frequency Response – 25 kHz Channels



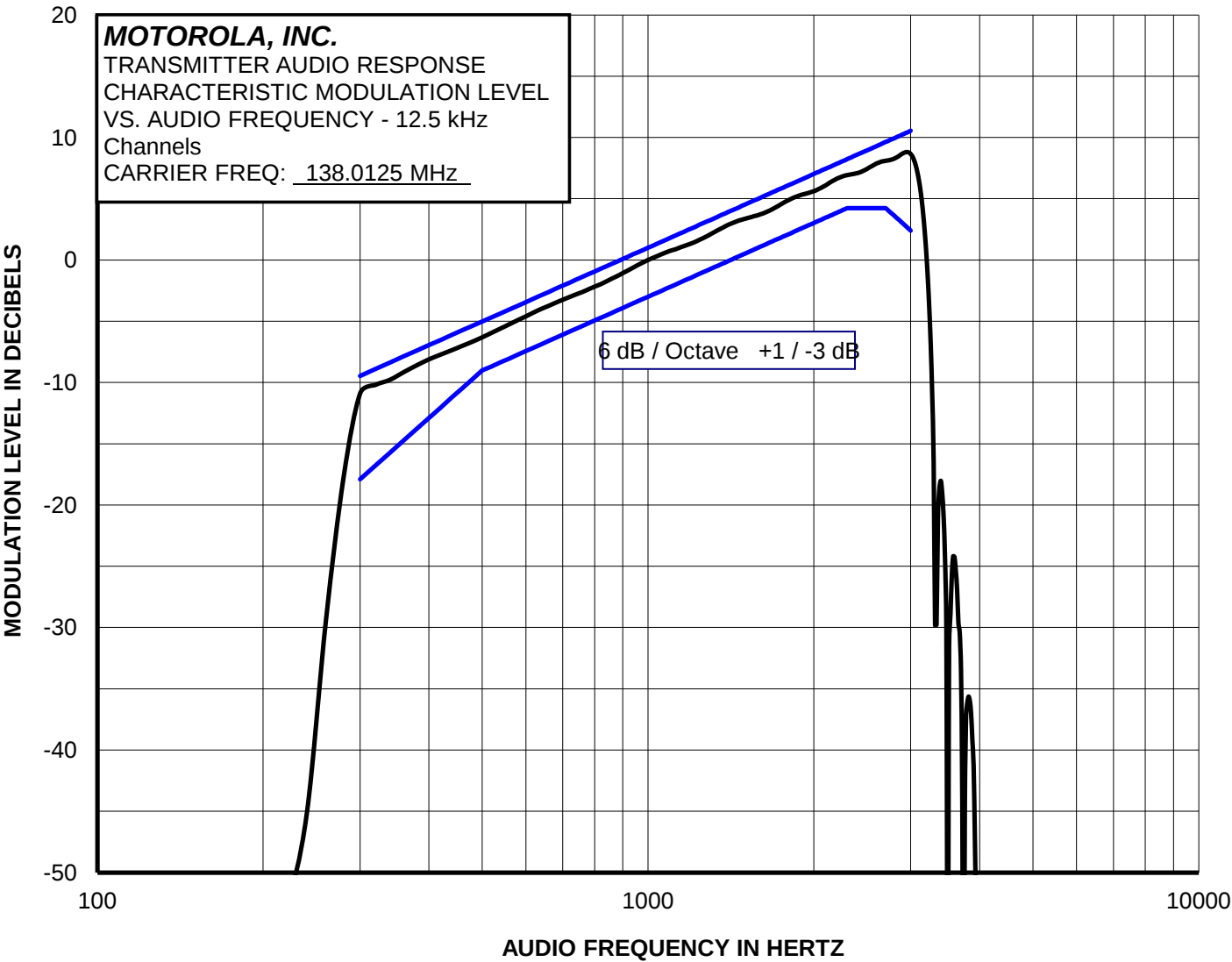
Report on Test Measurements

Audio Frequency Response – 25 kHz Channels



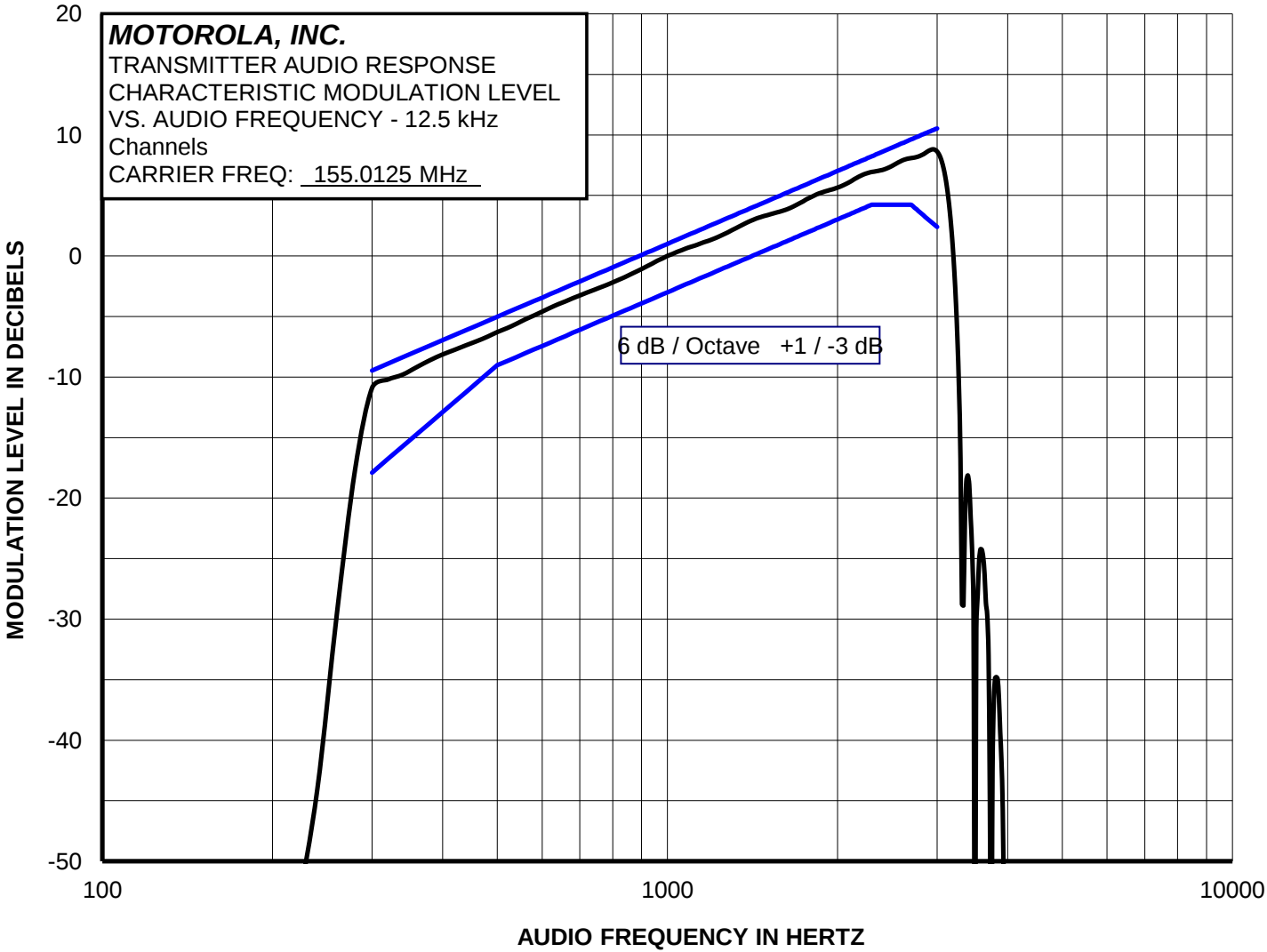
Report on Test Measurements

Audio Frequency Response – 12.5 kHz Channels



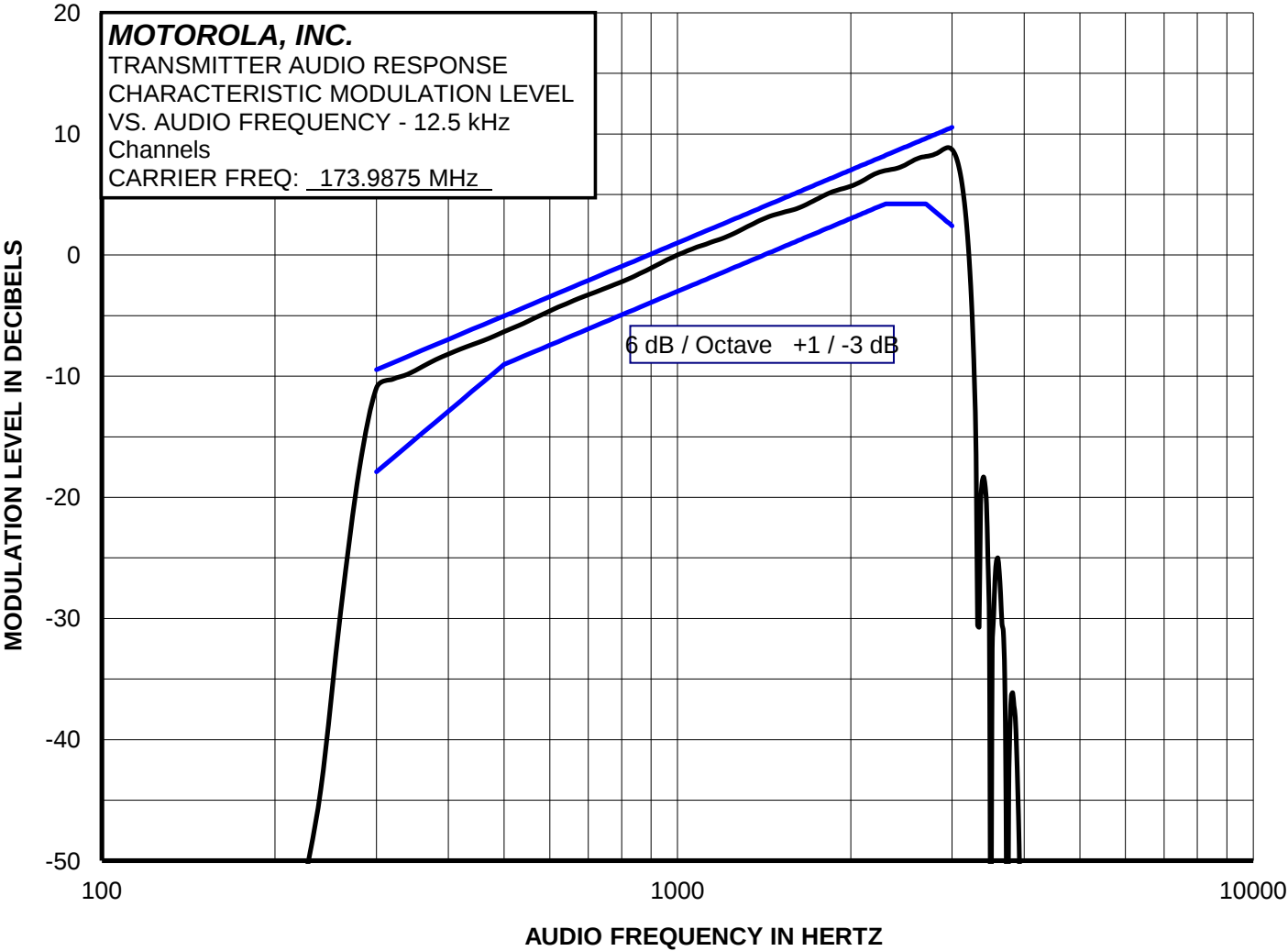
Report on Test Measurements

Audio Frequency Response – 12.5 kHz Channels



Report on Test Measurements

Audio Frequency Response – 12.5 kHz Channels



## Report on Test Measurements

*Modulation Limiting*Specification Requirement per TIA 603:

Modulation Limiting, 25 kHz Channels: The maximum instantaneous peak and steady state deviations shall not exceed the rated system deviation of +/- 5 kHz at any audio frequency or change in level as specified in the method of measurement.

The minimum value of modulation limiting shall be at least 60% of the rated system deviation, or 3 kHz.

Modulation Limiting, 12.5 kHz Channels: The maximum instantaneous peak and steady state deviations shall not exceed the rated system deviation of +/- 2.5 kHz at any audio frequency or change in level as specified in the method of measurement.

The minimum value of modulation limiting shall be at least 60% of the rated system deviation, or 1.5 kHz.

Modulation: Audio Test Tone, Varying Frequency between 300 Hz and 3000 Hz

Carrier Frequency: Performance was measured at carrier frequencies at the low end, middle, and high end of the operating band.

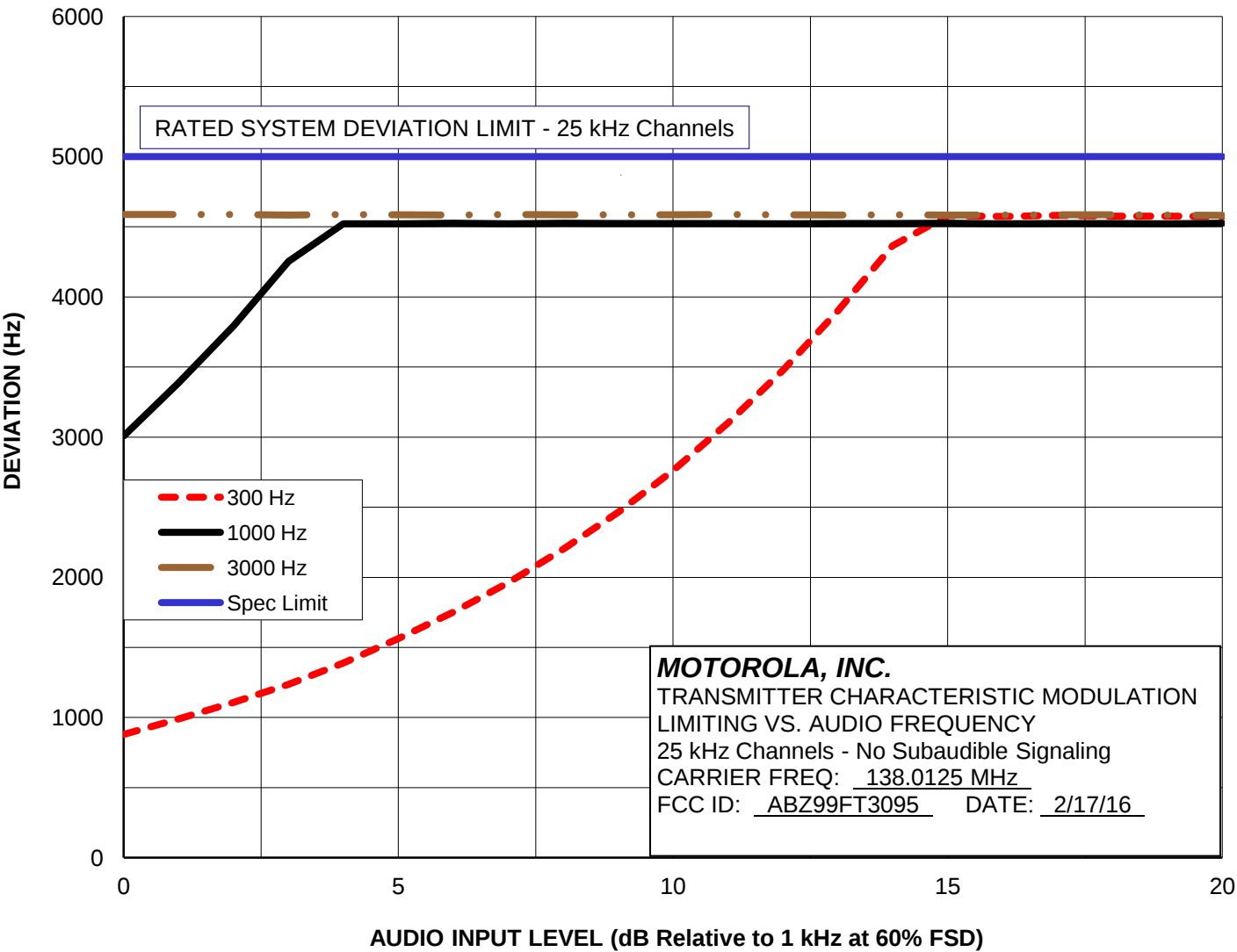
Specification: 5 kHz max for 25 kHz channels, 2.5 kHz max for 12.5 kHz channels as shown on charts

**Modulation Limiting Response Plots:****EXHIBIT      DESCRIPTION**

|        |                                                                                              |
|--------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| E1-8.1 | Audio Modulation Limiting – Modulation Characteristics, 25 kHz Channels – Low End of Band    |
| E1-8.2 | Audio Modulation Limiting – Modulation Characteristics, 25 kHz Channels – Middle of Band     |
| E1-8.3 | Audio Modulation Limiting – Modulation Characteristics, 25 kHz Channels – High End of Band   |
| E1-8.4 | Audio Modulation Limiting – Modulation Characteristics, 12.5 kHz Channels – Low End of Band  |
| E1-8.5 | Audio Modulation Limiting – Modulation Characteristics, 12.5 kHz Channels – Middle of Band   |
| E1-8.6 | Audio Modulation Limiting – Modulation Characteristics, 12.5 kHz Channels – High End of Band |

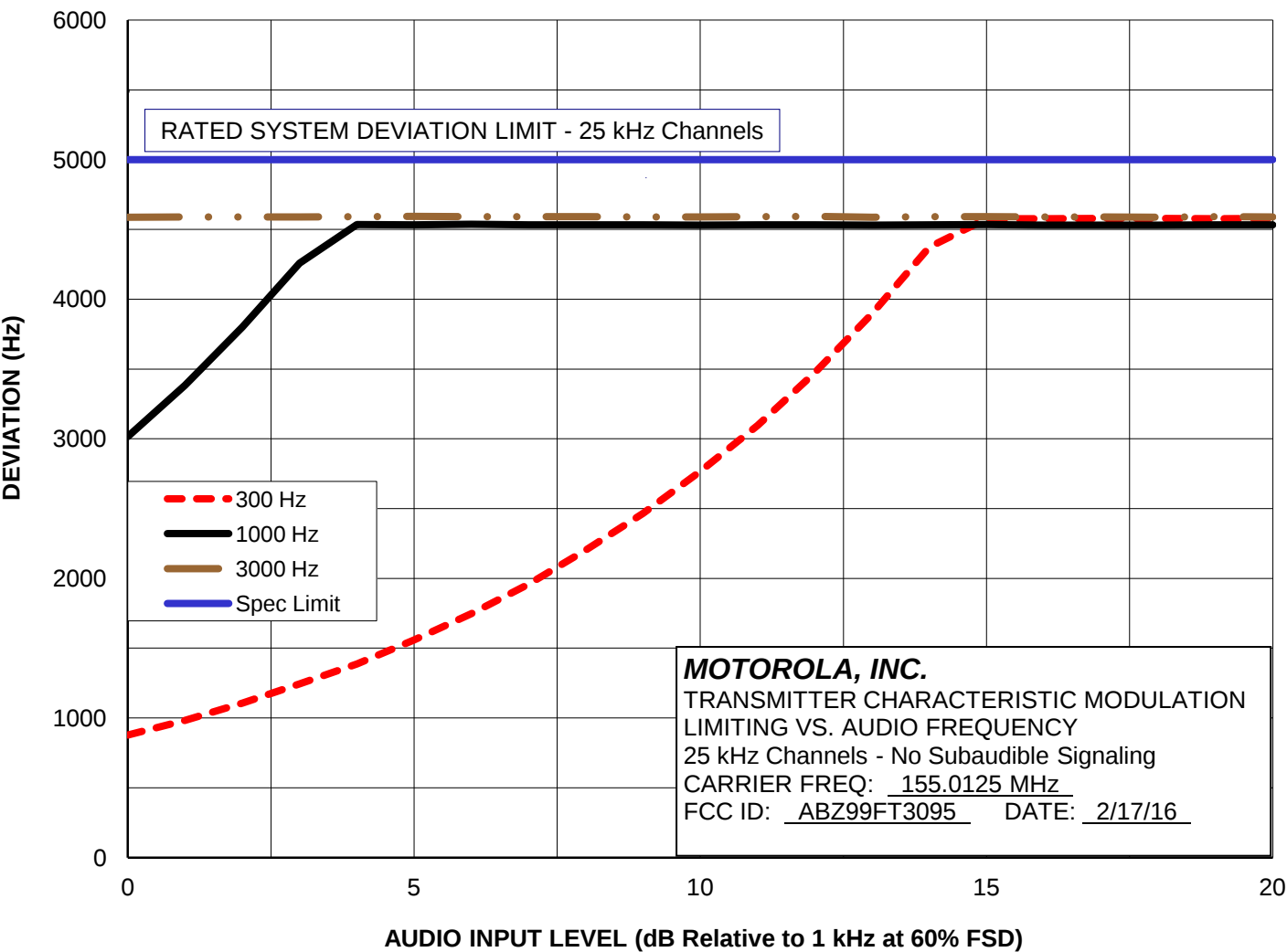
Report on Test Measurements

Modulation Limiting – 25 kHz Channels



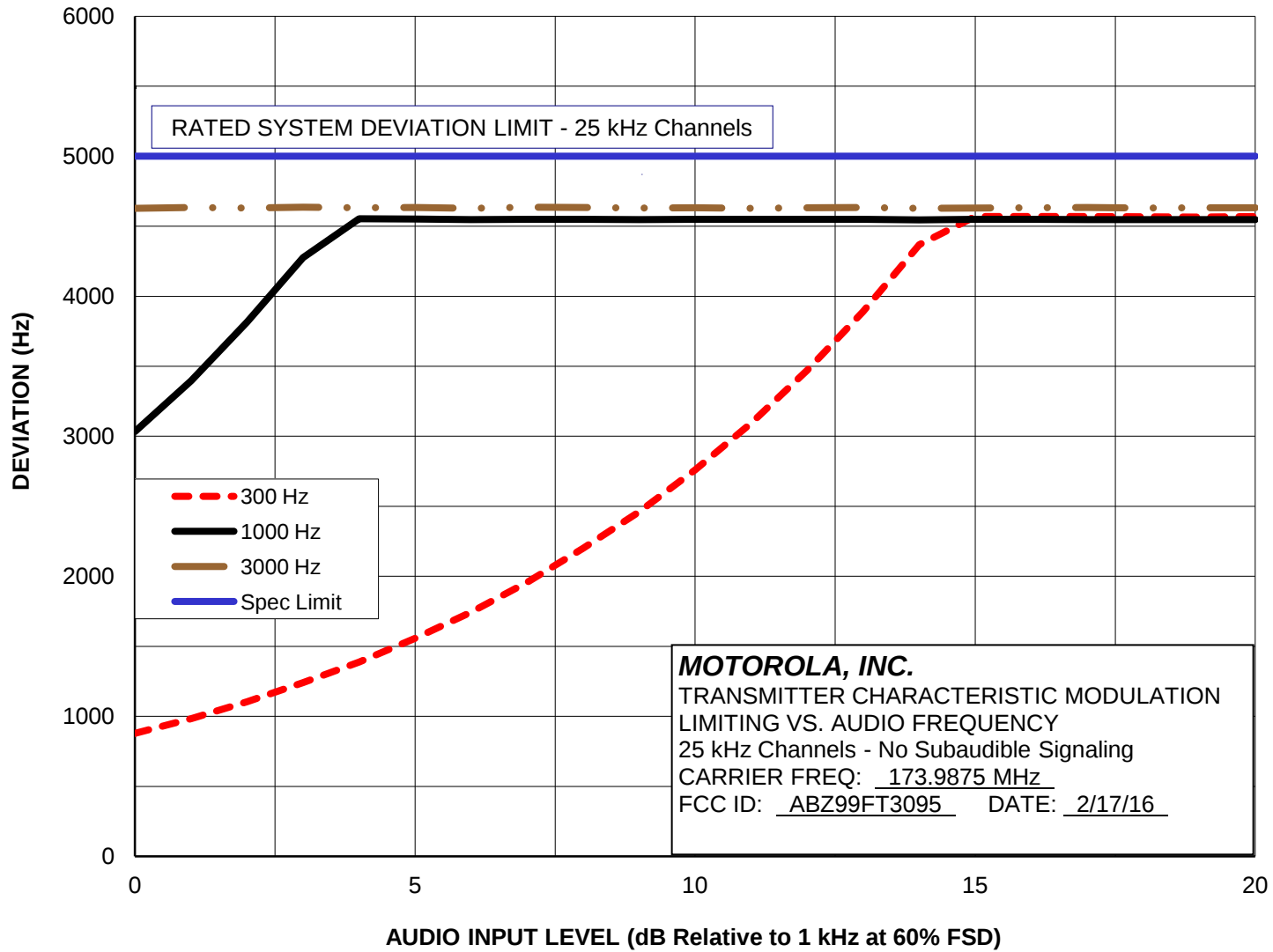
Report on Test Measurements

Modulation Limiting – 25 kHz Channels



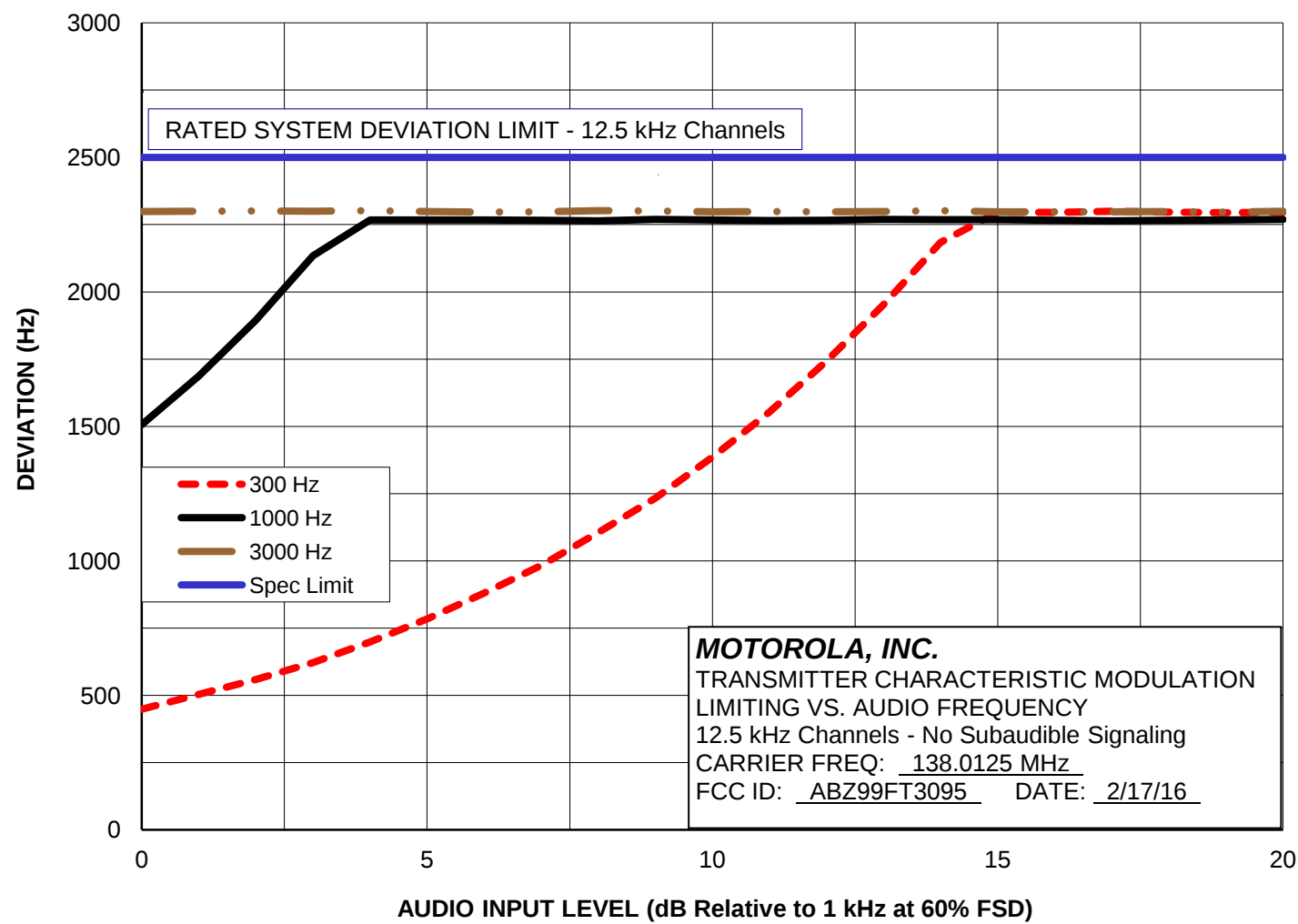
Report on Test Measurements

Modulation Limiting – 25 kHz Channels



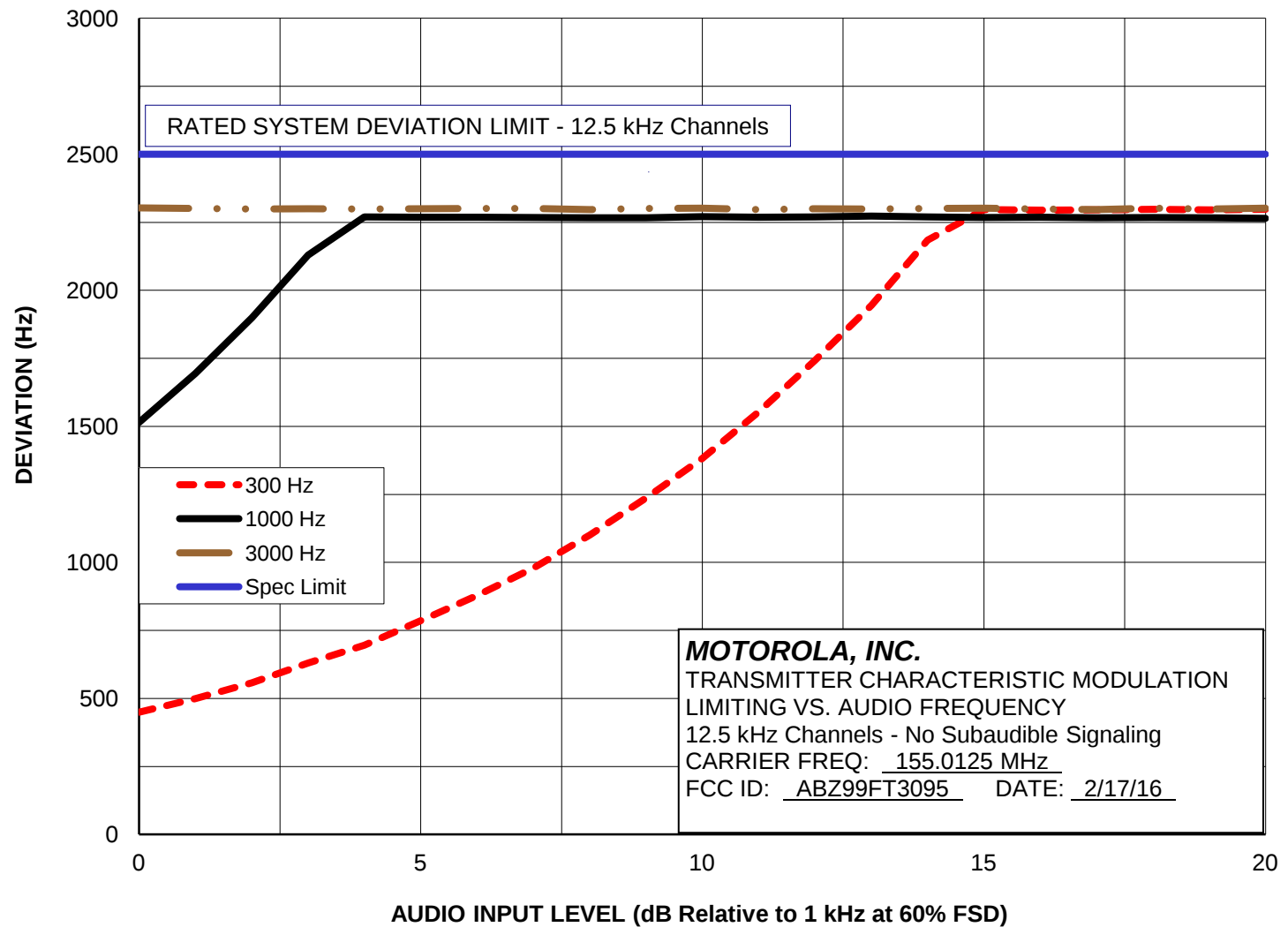
Report on Test Measurements

Modulation Limiting – 12.5 kHz Channels



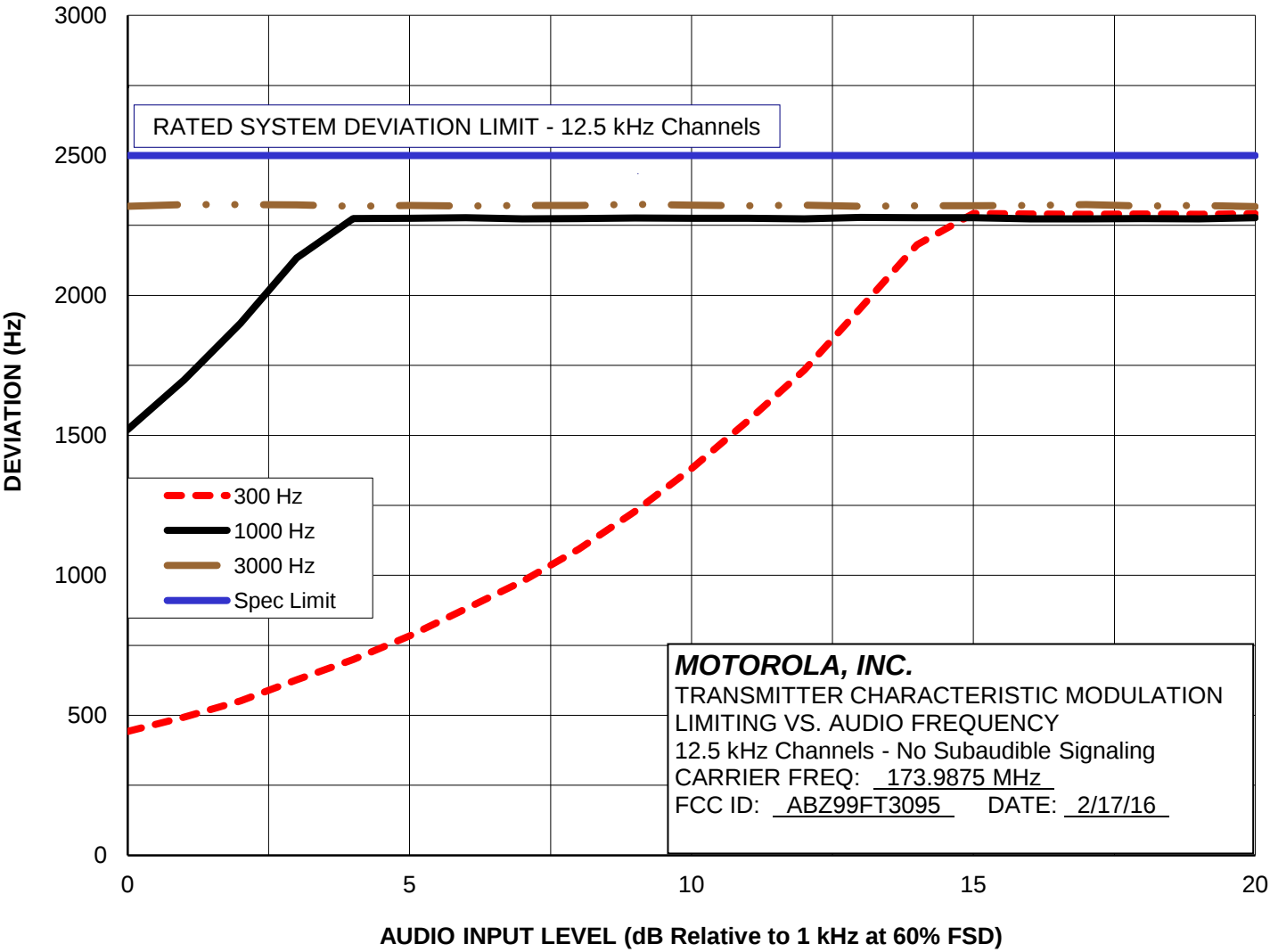
Report on Test Measurements

Modulation Limiting – 12.5 kHz Channels



Report on Test Measurements

Modulation Limiting – 12.5 kHz Channels



## Report on Test Measurements

*Occupied Bandwidth – Analog Voice Frequency Modulation, 25 kHz Channel Spacing*

The exhibits in this section show occupied bandwidth plots for analog voice modulation. Data is shown with the modulating audio tone itself, the tone plus Private Line (PL) sub-audible tone signaling, and tone plus Digital Private Line (DPL) sub-audible signaling. PL is a Continuous Tone Coded Squelch System (CTCSS), a method of using low frequency sub audible tones to share a single radio channel among multiple users. DPL is a digital version of Private Line.

The occupied bandwidth charts reference the following setup and specification requirements.

Modulation Type: Analog Voice  
Emission Designator: 16K0F3E  
Channelization: 25 kHz  
Deviation Limit:  $\pm 5.0$  kHz Max  
Power Setting: 110 Watts

Specification Requirement 47 CFR §90.210(b) and IC RSS-119 section 5.8.1 - Emission Limits – “B-Mask”:

For transmitters equipped with an audio low pass filter and designed to operate with a 25 kHz channel spacing (authorized bandwidth 20 kHz), the power of any emission must be below the unmodulated carrier power (P) as follows:

On any frequency removed from the assigned frequency by a displacement frequency ( $F_d$  in kHz) of:

- |                                       |                                     |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| a) >10 kHz up to and including 20 kHz | At least 25 dB;                     |
| b) >20 kHz up to and including 50 kHz | At least 35 dB;                     |
| c) >50 kHz                            | at least $43+10 * \log_{10}(P)$ dB. |

Necessary Bandwidth Calculation:

The necessary bandwidth of the modulation per the formulas defined in 47 CFR §2.202(g) / TRC-43 section 8 is as follows:

| Max Mod Freq, M | Max Deviation, D | $2*(M+D)$ | Nec BW |
|-----------------|------------------|-----------|--------|
| 3 kHz           | 5 kHz            | 16 kHz    | 16K0   |

Measurement Procedure and Instrument Settings:

| Emission Measurement Analyzer Settings |                         |                |         | Measured Occupied Bandwidth |        |
|----------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|---------|-----------------------------|--------|
| Horizontal:                            | 12.5 kHz per Division   | Resolution BW: | 300 Hz  | Resolution BW:              | 300 Hz |
| Vertical:                              | 10 dB per Division      | Video BW:      | 10 kHz  | Span:                       | 30 kHz |
| Sweep Time:                            | 72 Seconds (<2 kHz/Sec) | Span:          | 125 kHz | Number of Points:           | 1601   |
| Detector:                              | Peak                    |                |         | Integration Time:           | 7.4 ms |

Test Procedure:

- 1) Key the station with no modulation to obtain the unmodulated carrier reference level on the analyzer. Use the analyzer controls to set this reference to a full-scale reference line. Store this analyzer trace in trace A.
- 2) Modulate the transmitter with a 2500 Hz sine wave at an input level 16 dB greater than that necessary to produce 50% of rated system deviation.
- 3) Allow the analyzer to sweep, and record the resultant emission levels in trace B.
- 4) Plot the resulting analyzer trace. The occupied bandwidth mask is then added along with additional labeling as appropriate.
- 5) Adjust the signal analyzer resolution BW and span as indicated above, use the Occupied Bandwidth function to record the value.

| EXHIBIT      | DESCRIPTION                                                   | Meas Occ BW: No PL      | PL | DPL |
|--------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|----|-----|
| E1-9.1, 2, 3 | Occupied Bandwidth, Analog, 25 kHz Channels, Low End of Band  | 15.06, 13.15, 13.23 kHz |    |     |
| E1-9.4, 5, 6 | Occupied Bandwidth, Analog, 25 kHz Channels, Middle of Band   | 15.06, 13.34, 13.25 kHz |    |     |
| E1-9.7, 8, 9 | Occupied Bandwidth, Analog, 25 kHz Channels, High End of Band | 15.07, 13.62, 13.46 kHz |    |     |

## Report on Test Measurements

*Occupied Bandwidth – Analog Voice Frequency Modulation, 12.5 kHz Channel Spacing*

The exhibits in this section show occupied bandwidth plots for analog voice modulation. Data is shown with the modulating audio tone itself, the tone plus Private Line (PL) sub-audible tone signaling, and tone plus Digital Private Line (DPL) sub-audible signaling. PL is a Continuous Tone Coded Squelch System (CTCSS), a method of using low frequency sub audible tones to share a single radio channel among multiple users. DPL is a digital version of Private Line.

The occupied bandwidth charts reference the following setup and specification requirements.

Modulation Type: Analog Voice  
Emission Designator: 11K0F3E  
Channelization: 12.5 kHz  
Deviation Limit:  $\pm 2.5$  kHz Max  
Power Setting: 110 Watts

Specification Requirement 47 CFR §90.210(d) and IC RSS-119 section 5.8.3 - Emission Limits – “D-Mask”:

*Emission Mask D.* For transmitters designed to operate with a 12.5 kHz channel bandwidth, any emission must be attenuated below the power (P) of the highest emission contained within the authorized bandwidth as follows:

- (1) On any frequency from the center of the authorized bandwidth ( $f_0$ ) to 5.625 kHz removed from  $f_0$ : *Zero dB*
- (2) On any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth by a displacement frequency ( $f_d$  in kHz) of more than 5.625 kHz but no more than 12.5 kHz: *At least  $7.27 * (f_d - 2.88 \text{ kHz})$  dB*
- (3) On any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth by a displacement frequency ( $f_d$  in kHz) of more than 12.5 kHz: *At least 50 plus  $10 \log_{10}(P)$  dB or 70 dB, whichever is the lesser attenuation.*

(4) The reference level for showing compliance with the emission mask shall be established using a resolution bandwidth sufficiently wide to capture the true peak emission of the equipment under test. In order to show compliance with the emissions mask up to and including 50 kHz removed from the edge of the authorized bandwidth, adjust the resolution bandwidth to 100 Hz with the measuring instrument in a peak hold mode. A sufficient number of sweeps must be measured to ensure that the emission profile is developed.

Necessary Bandwidth Calculation (Analog Emission):

The necessary bandwidth of the modulation signal per the formulas defined in 47 CFR 2.202 (b) is as follows:

| <i>Max Mod Freq, M</i> | <i>Max Deviation, D</i> | <i><math>2*(M+D)</math></i> | <i>Nec BW</i> |
|------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|
| 3 kHz                  | 2.5 kHz                 | 11 kHz                      | 11K0          |

Measurement Procedure and Instrument Settings:Emission Measurement Analyzer Settings

|                                     |                       |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Horizontal: 12.5 kHz per Division   | Resolution BW: 100 Hz |
| Vertical: 10 dB per Division        | Video BW: 10 kHz      |
| Sweep Time: 72 Seconds (<2 kHz/Sec) | Span: 125 kHz         |
| Detector: Peak                      |                       |

Measured Occupied Bandwidth

|                           |
|---------------------------|
| Resolution BW: 150 Hz     |
| Span: 15 kHz              |
| Number of Points: 1601    |
| Integration Time: 14.8 ms |

(continued next page)

## Report on Test Measurements

*Occupied Bandwidth –12.5 kHz Channel Spacing (continued)*Test Procedure (Analog Voice):

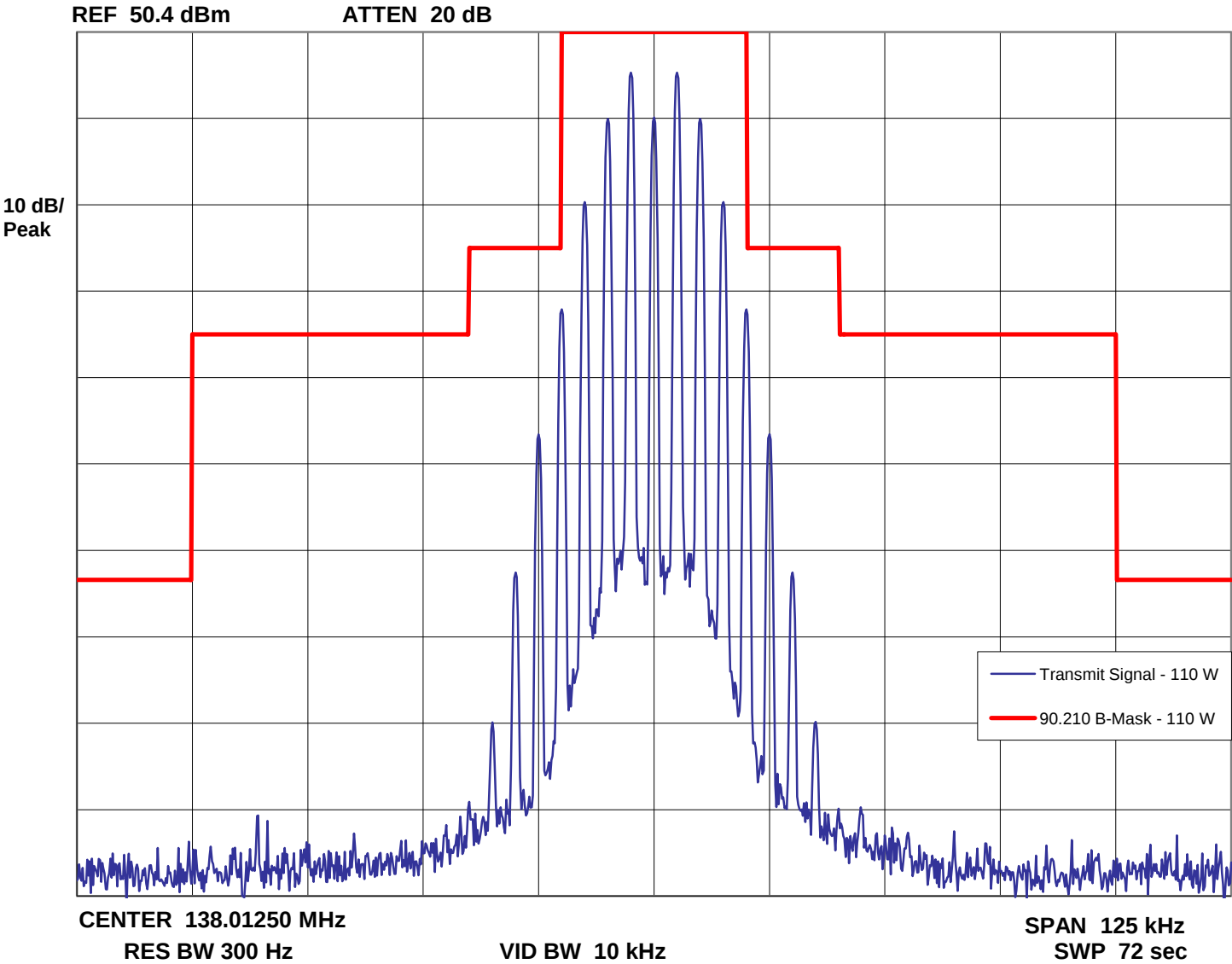
- 1) Key the station with no modulation to obtain the unmodulated carrier reference level on the analyzer. Use the analyzer controls to set this reference to a full-scale reference line. Store this analyzer trace in trace A.
- 2) Modulate the transmitter with a 2500 Hz sine wave at an input level 16 dB greater than that necessary to produce 50% of rated system deviation.
- 3) Allow the analyzer to sweep, and record the resultant emission levels in trace B.
- 4) Plot the resulting analyzer trace. The occupied bandwidth mask is then added along with additional labeling as appropriate.
- 5) Adjust the signal analyzer resolution BW and span as indicated above, use the Occupied Bandwidth function to record the value.

| EXHIBIT         | DESCRIPTION                                                     | Meas Occ BW: No PL PL DPL |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| E1-9.10, 11, 12 | Occupied Bandwidth, Analog, 12.5 kHz Channels, Low End of Band  | 10.00, 9.28, 9.18 kHz     |
| E1-9.13, 14, 15 | Occupied Bandwidth, Analog, 12.5 kHz Channels, Middle of Band   | 10.00, 9.29, 9.18 kHz     |
| E1-9.16, 17, 18 | Occupied Bandwidth, Analog, 12.5 kHz Channels, High End of Band | 10.00, 9.35, 9.20 kHz     |

Report on Test Measurements

Occupied Bandwidth – Carrier with 2500 Hz Audio Tone, 25 kHz Channels – Emission Designator: 16K0F3E

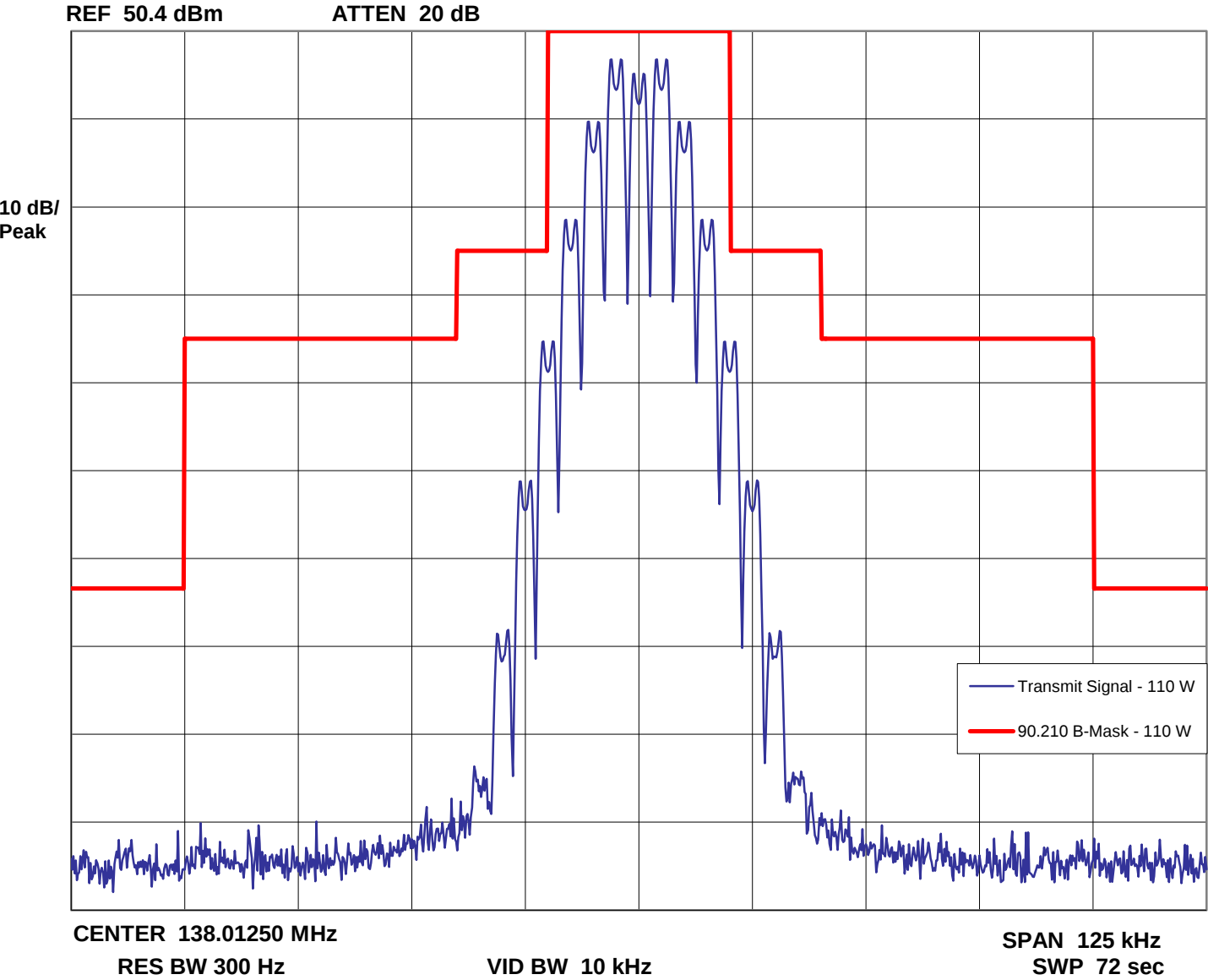
Occupied Bandwidth - 25 kHz Channels - Carrier with 2500 Hz Audio Tone



Report on Test Measurements

Occupied Bandwidth – Carrier with 2500 Hz Audio Tone and Private Line (PL) Signaling, 25 kHz Channels – Emission Designator: 16K0F3E

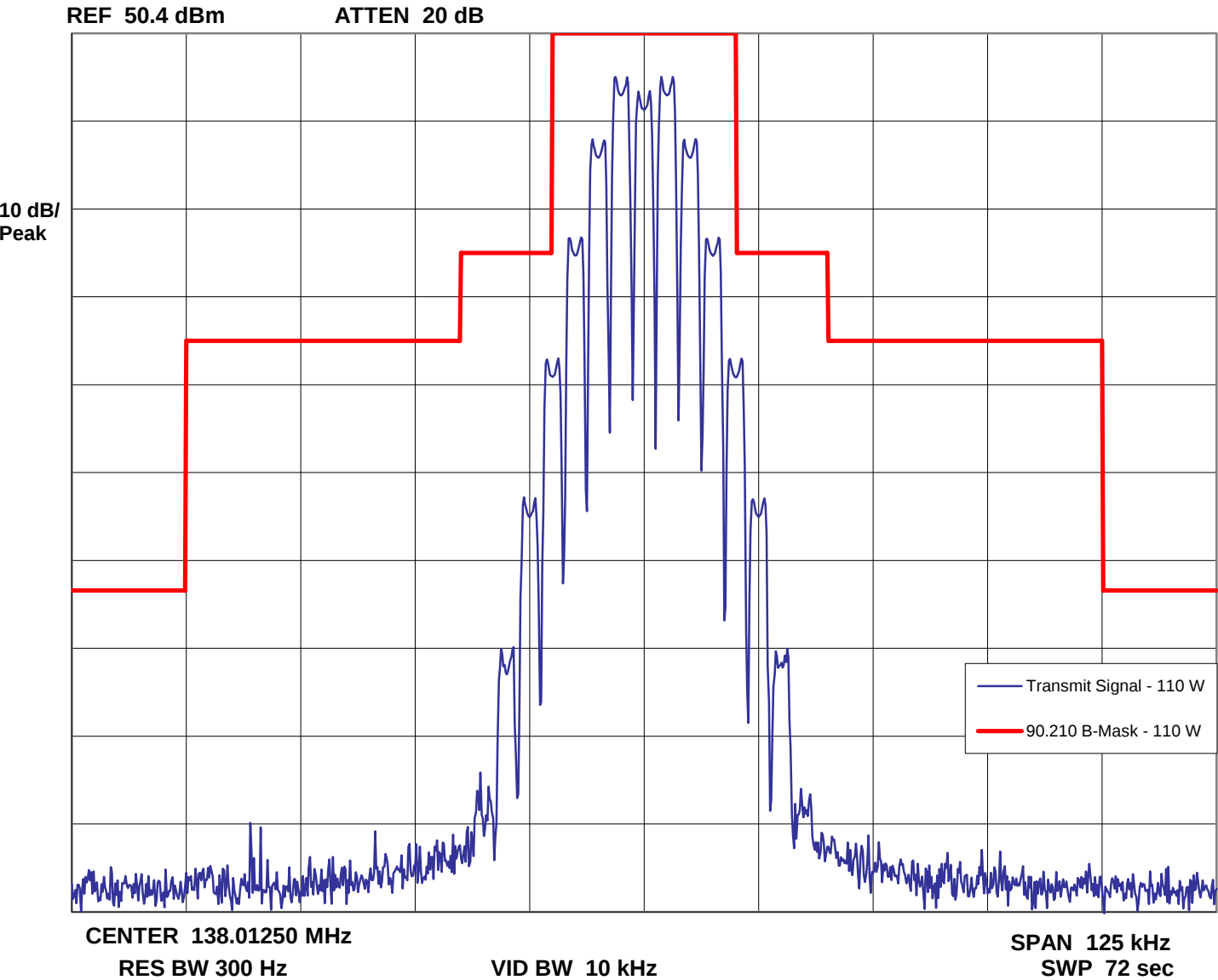
Occupied Bandwidth - 25 kHz Channels - Carrier with 2500 Hz Audio and 123 Hz PL



Report on Test Measurements

Occupied Bandwidth – Carrier with 2500 Hz Tone and Digital Private Line (DPL) Signaling, 25 kHz Channels – Emission Designator: 16K0F3E

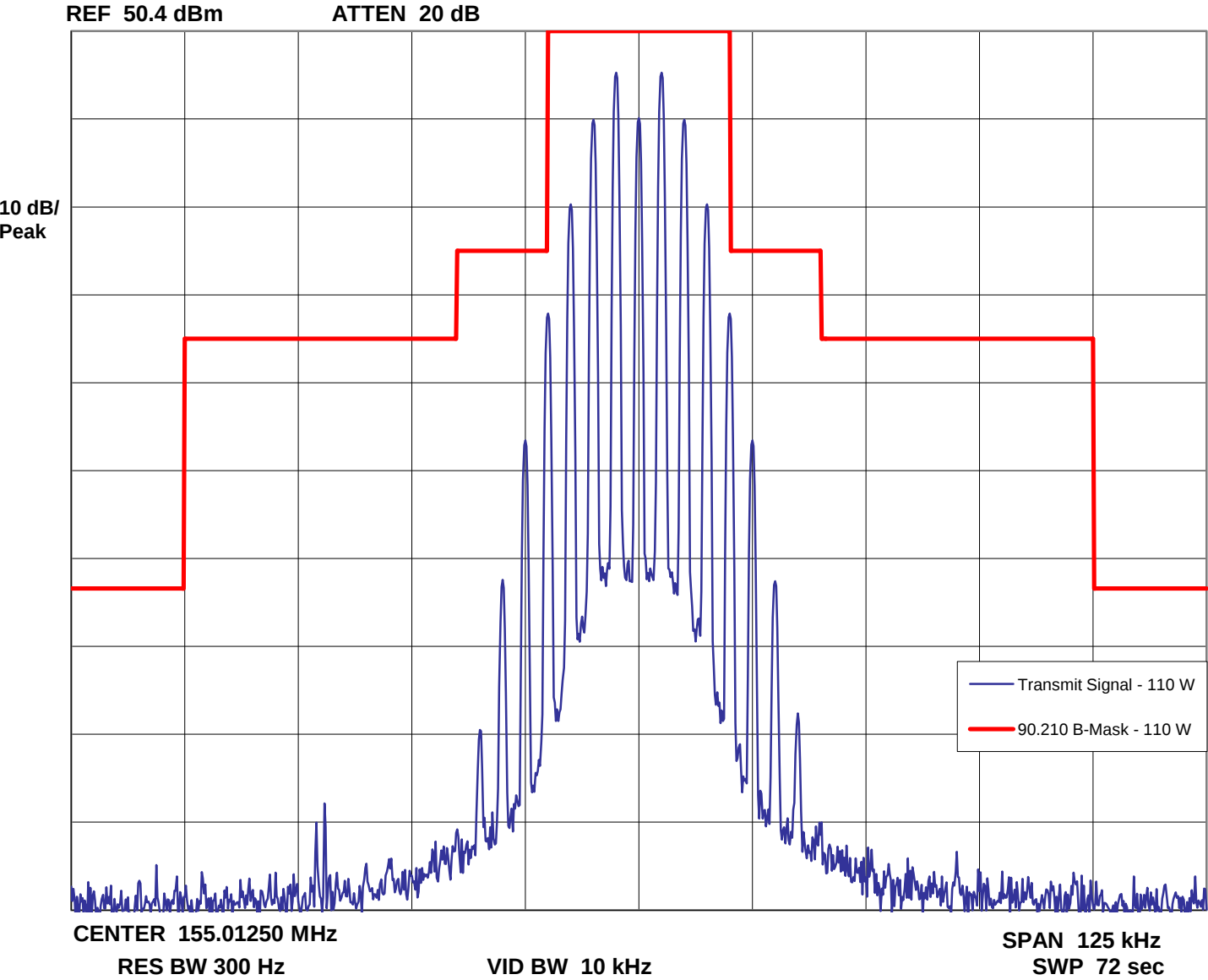
Occupied Bandwidth - 25 kHz Channels - Carrier with 2500 Hz Audio and 627 DPL



Report on Test Measurements

Occupied Bandwidth – Carrier with 2500 Hz Audio Tone, 25 kHz Channels – Emission Designator: 16K0F3E

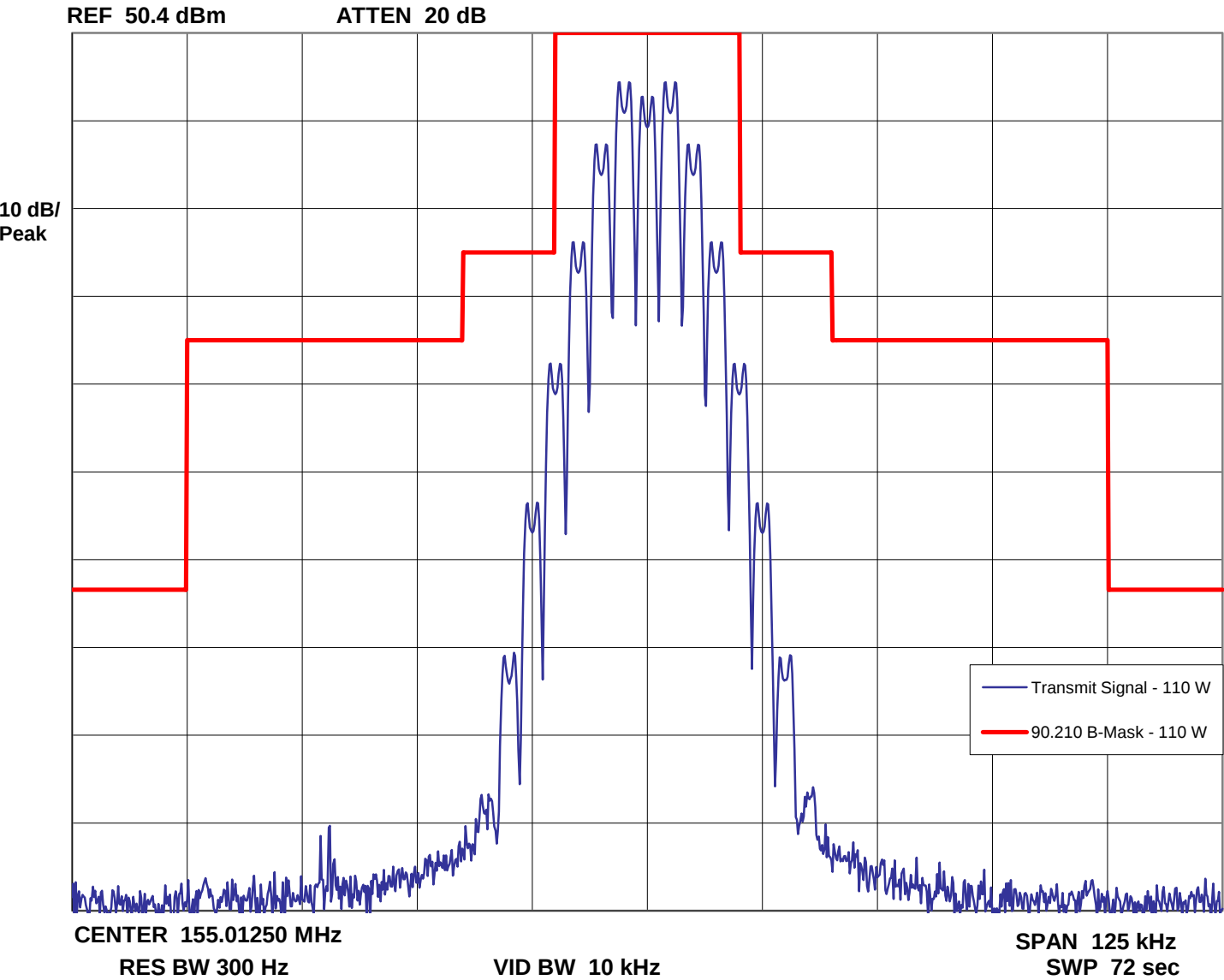
Occupied Bandwidth - 25 kHz Channels - Carrier with 2500 Hz Audio Tone



Report on Test Measurements

Occupied Bandwidth – Carrier with 2500 Hz Audio Tone and Private Line (PL) Signaling, 25 kHz Channels – Emission Designator: 16K0F3E

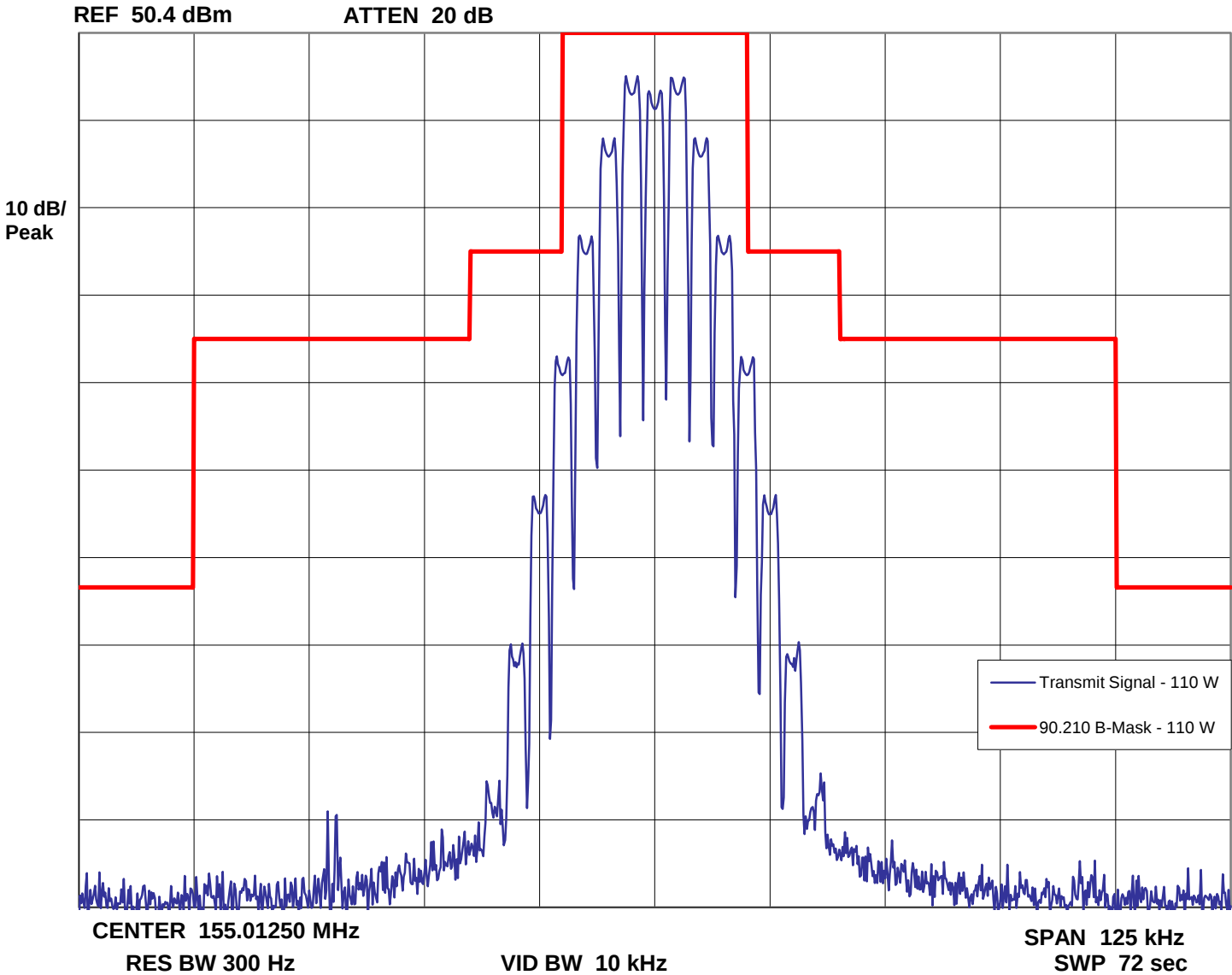
Occupied Bandwidth - 25 kHz Channels - Carrier with 2500 Hz Audio and 123 Hz PL



Report on Test Measurements

Occupied Bandwidth – Carrier with 2500 Hz Tone and Digital Private Line (DPL) Signaling, 25 kHz Channels – Emission Designator: 16K0F3E

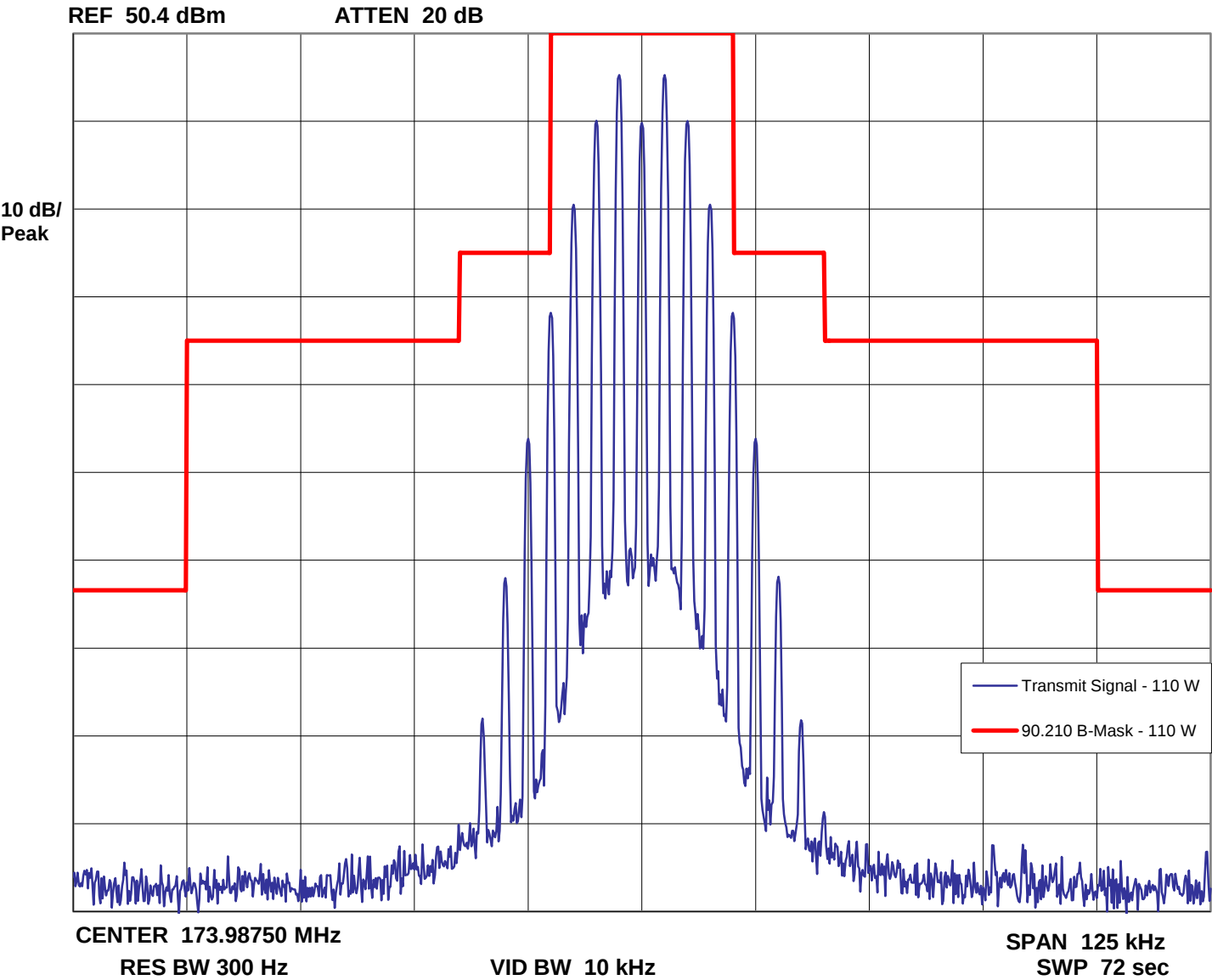
Occupied Bandwidth - 25 kHz Channels - Carrier with 2500 Hz Audio and 627 DPL



Report on Test Measurements

Occupied Bandwidth – Carrier with 2500 Hz Audio Tone, 25 kHz Channels – Emission Designator: 16K0F3E

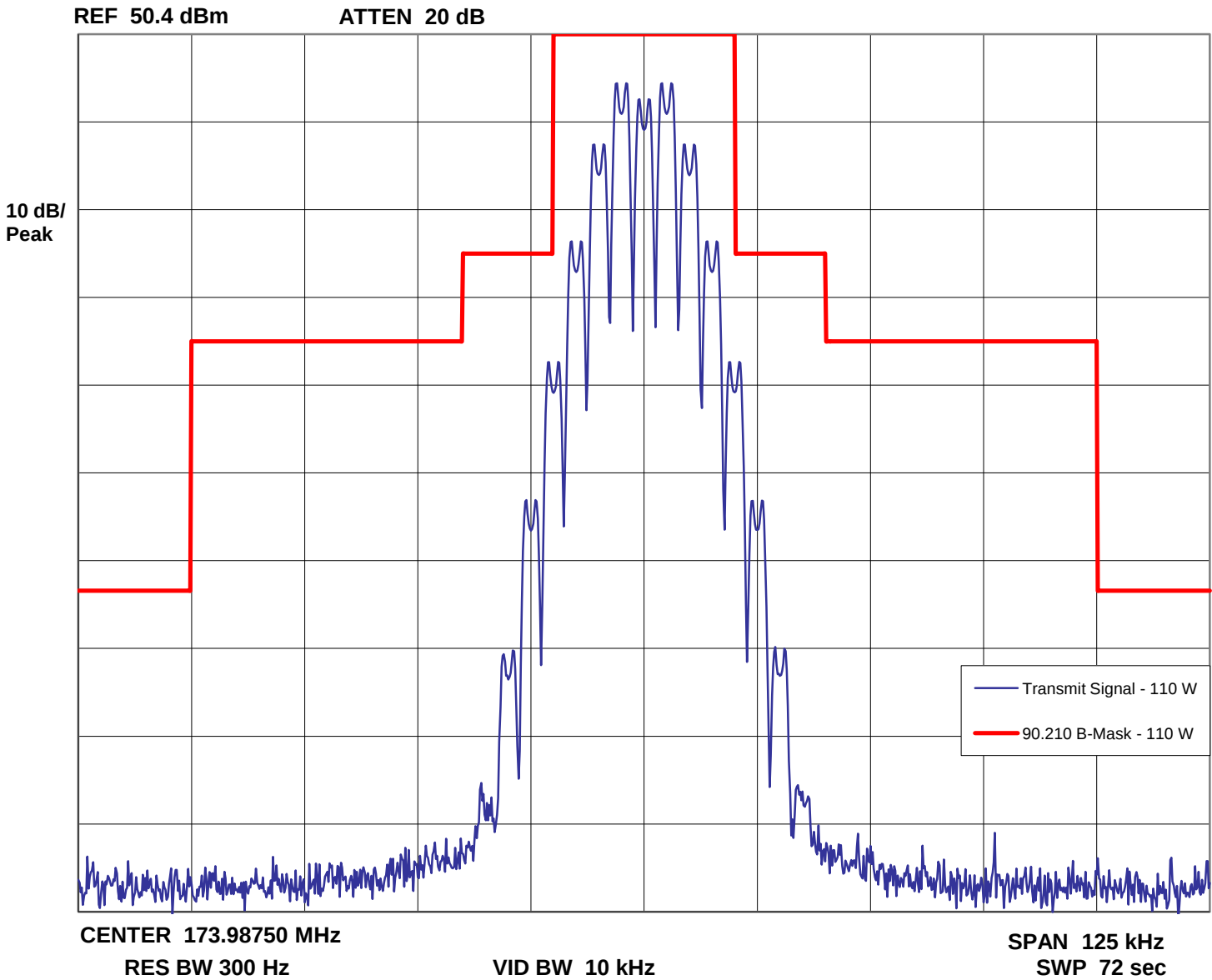
Occupied Bandwidth - 25 kHz Channels - Carrier with 2500 Hz Audio Tone



Report on Test Measurements

Occupied Bandwidth – Carrier with 2500 Hz Audio Tone and Private Line (PL) Signaling, 25 kHz Channels – Emission Designator: 16K0F3E

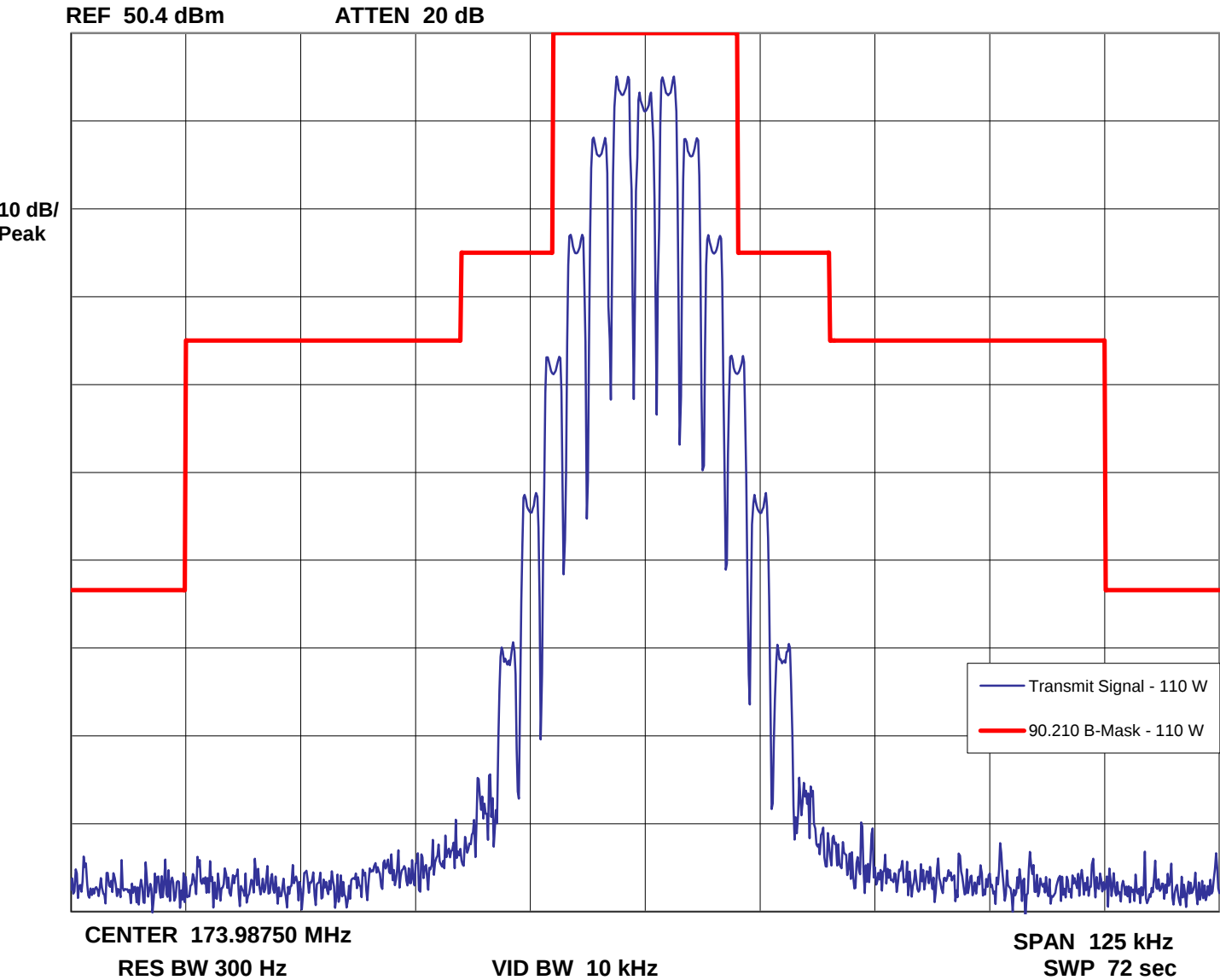
Occupied Bandwidth - 25 kHz Channels - Carrier with 2500 Hz Audio and 123 Hz PL



Report on Test Measurements

Occupied Bandwidth – Carrier with 2500 Hz Tone and Digital Private Line (DPL) Signaling, 25 kHz Channels – Emission Designator: 16K0F3E

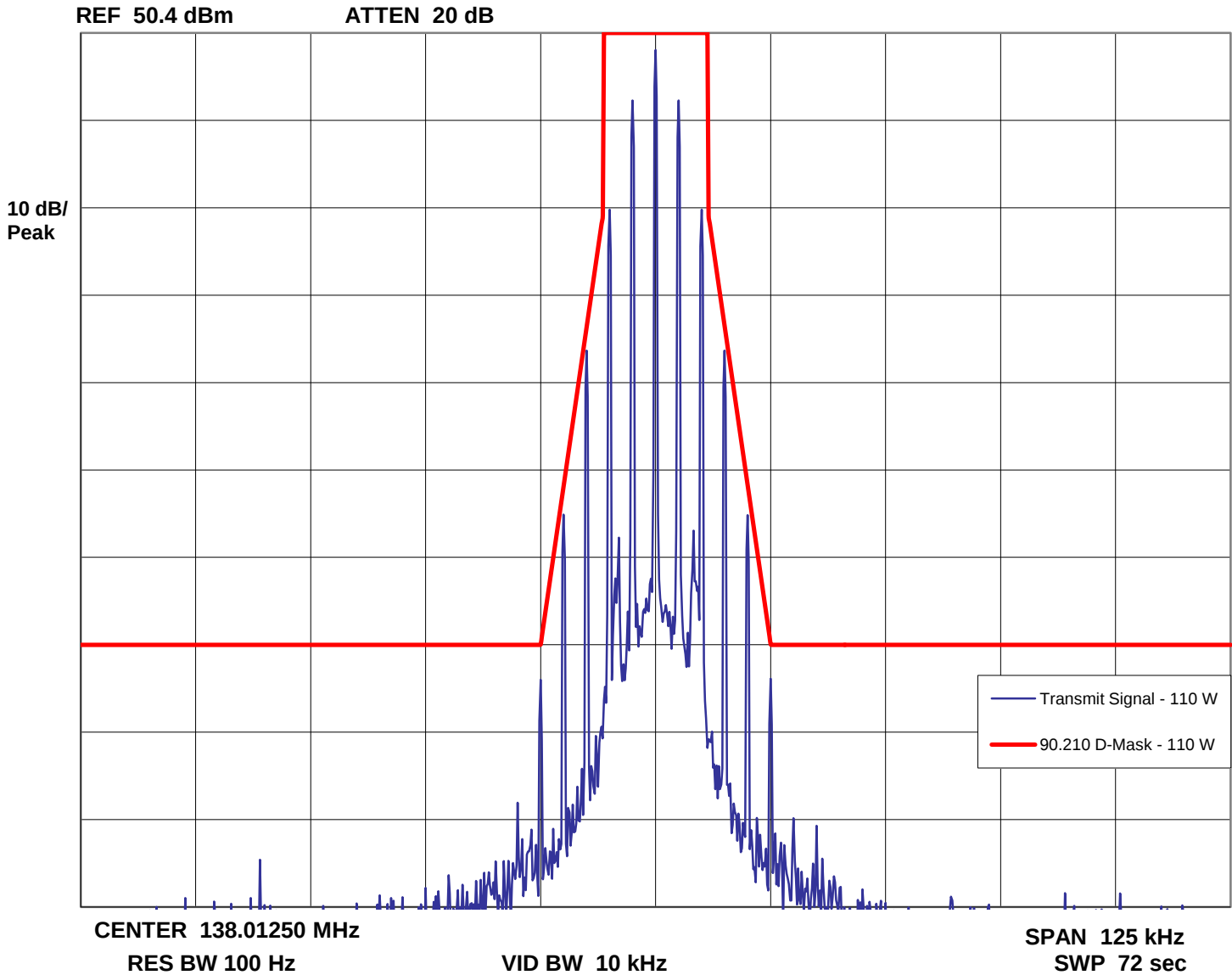
Occupied Bandwidth - 25 kHz Channels - Carrier with 2500 Hz Audio and 627 DPL



Report on Test Measurements

Occupied Bandwidth – Carrier with 2500 Hz Audio Tone, 12.5 kHz Channels – Emission Designator: 11K0F3E

Occupied Bandwidth - 12.5 kHz Channels - Carrier with 2500 Hz Audio Tone

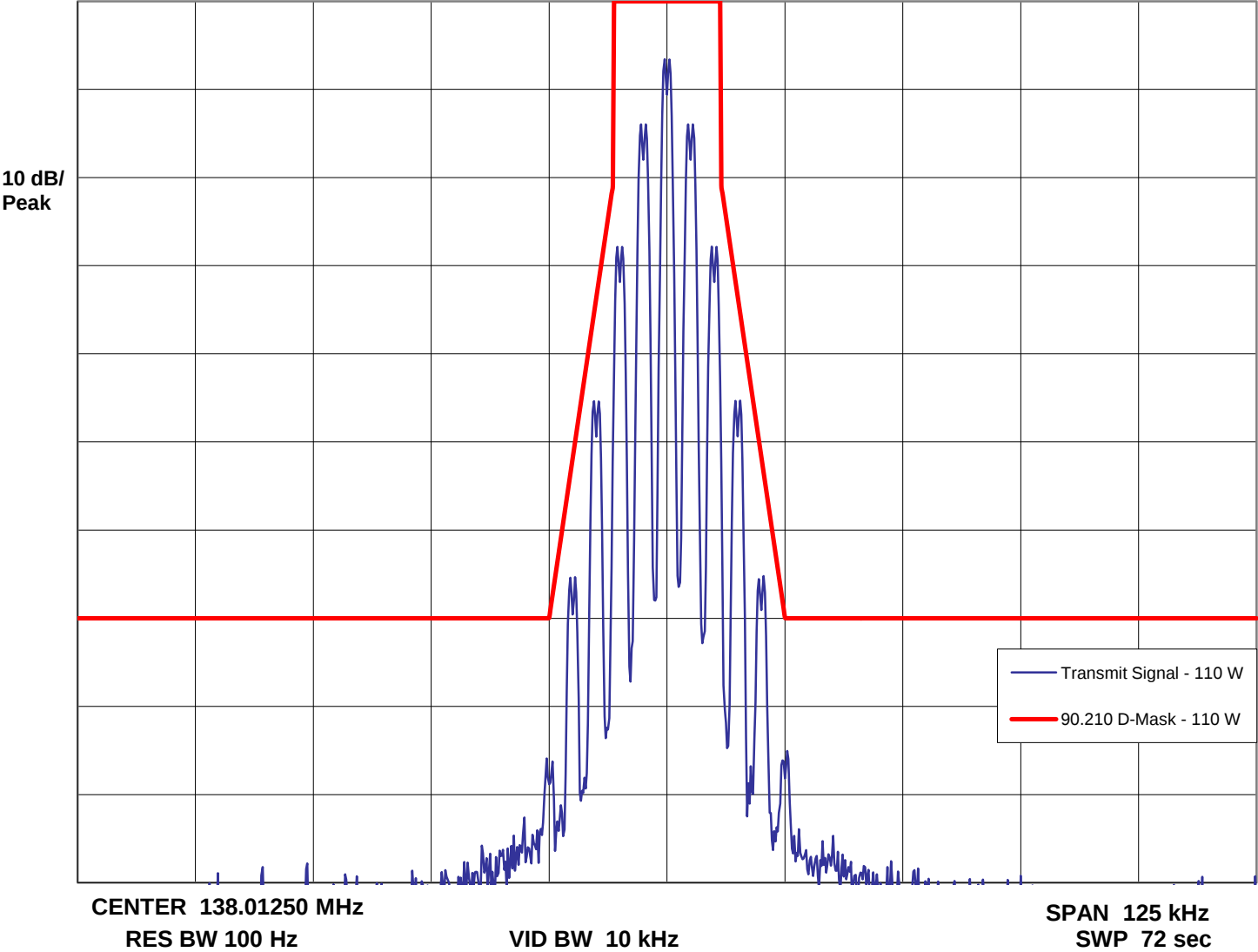


Report on Test Measurements

Occupied Bandwidth – Carrier with 2500 Hz Audio Tone and Private Line (PL) Signaling, 12.5 kHz Channels – Emission Designator: 11K0F3E

Occupied Bandwidth - 12.5 kHz Channels - Carrier with 2500 Hz Audio and 123 Hz

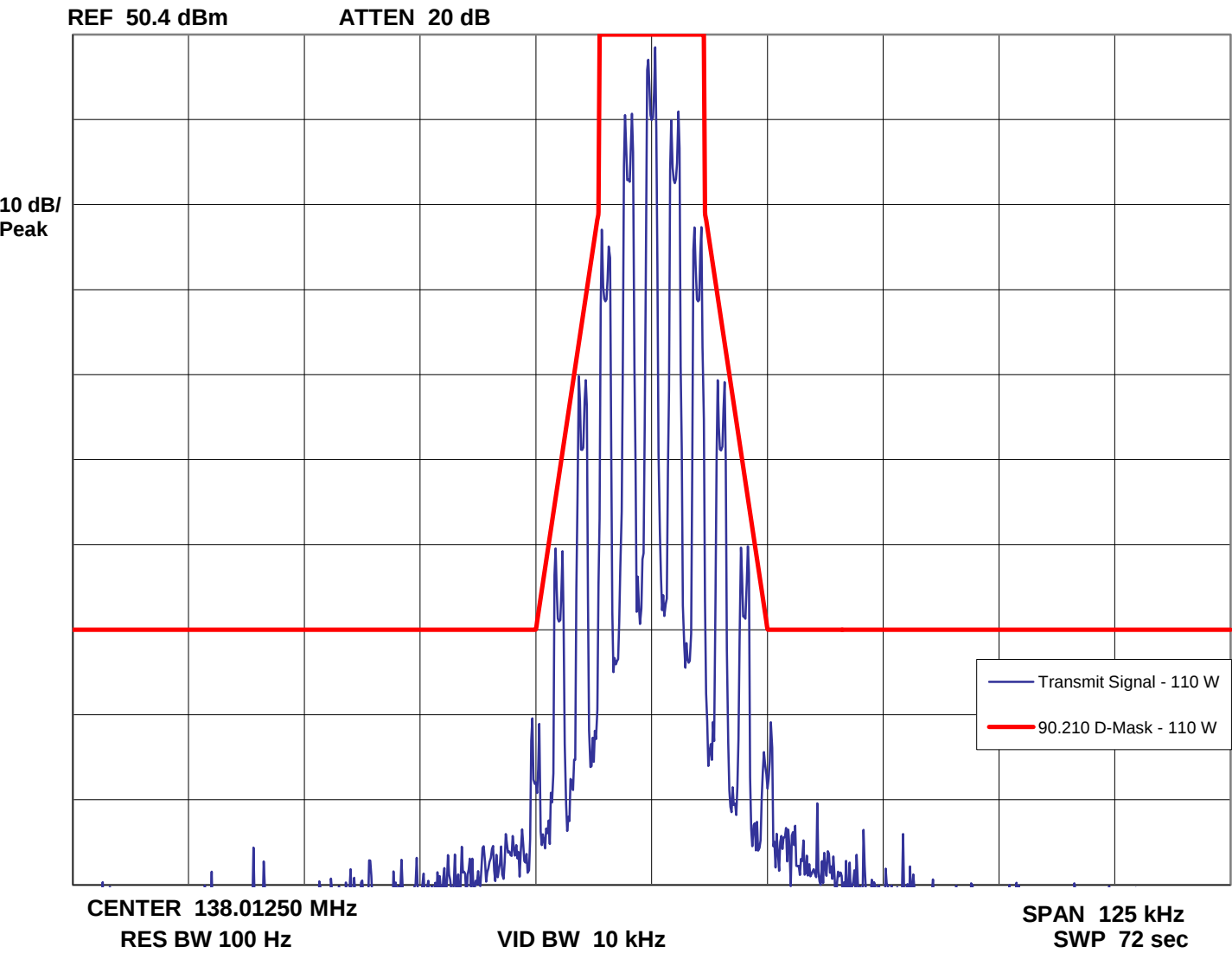
PL REF 50.4 dBm      ATTEN 20 dB



Report on Test Measurements

Occupied Bandwidth – Carrier with 2500 Hz Tone and Digital Private Line (DPL) Signaling, 12.5 kHz Channels – Emission Designator: 11K0F3E

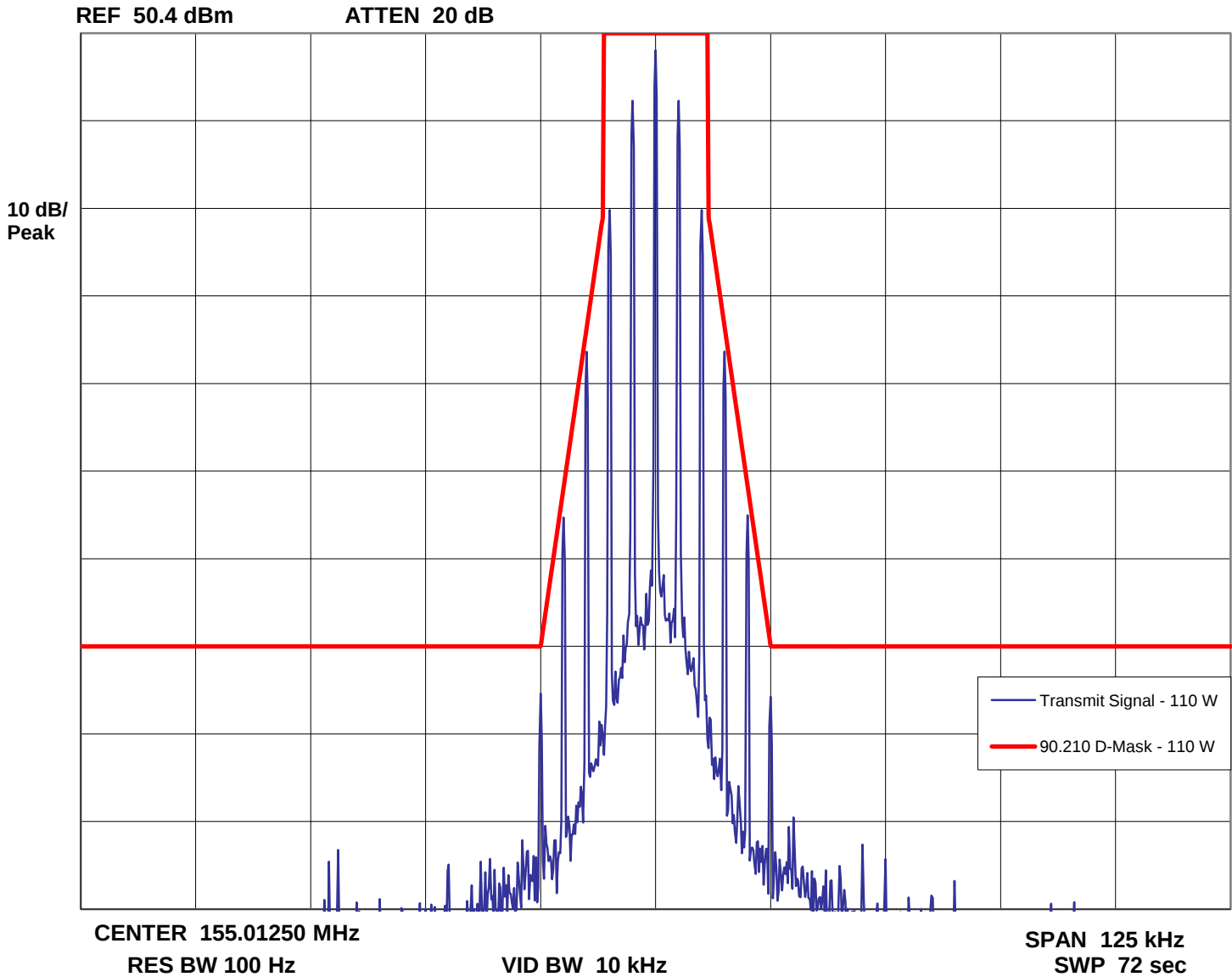
Occupied Bandwidth - 12.5 kHz Channels - Carrier with 2500 Hz Audio and 627 DPL



Report on Test Measurements

Occupied Bandwidth – Carrier with 2500 Hz Audio Tone, 12.5 kHz Channels – Emission Designator: 11K0F3E

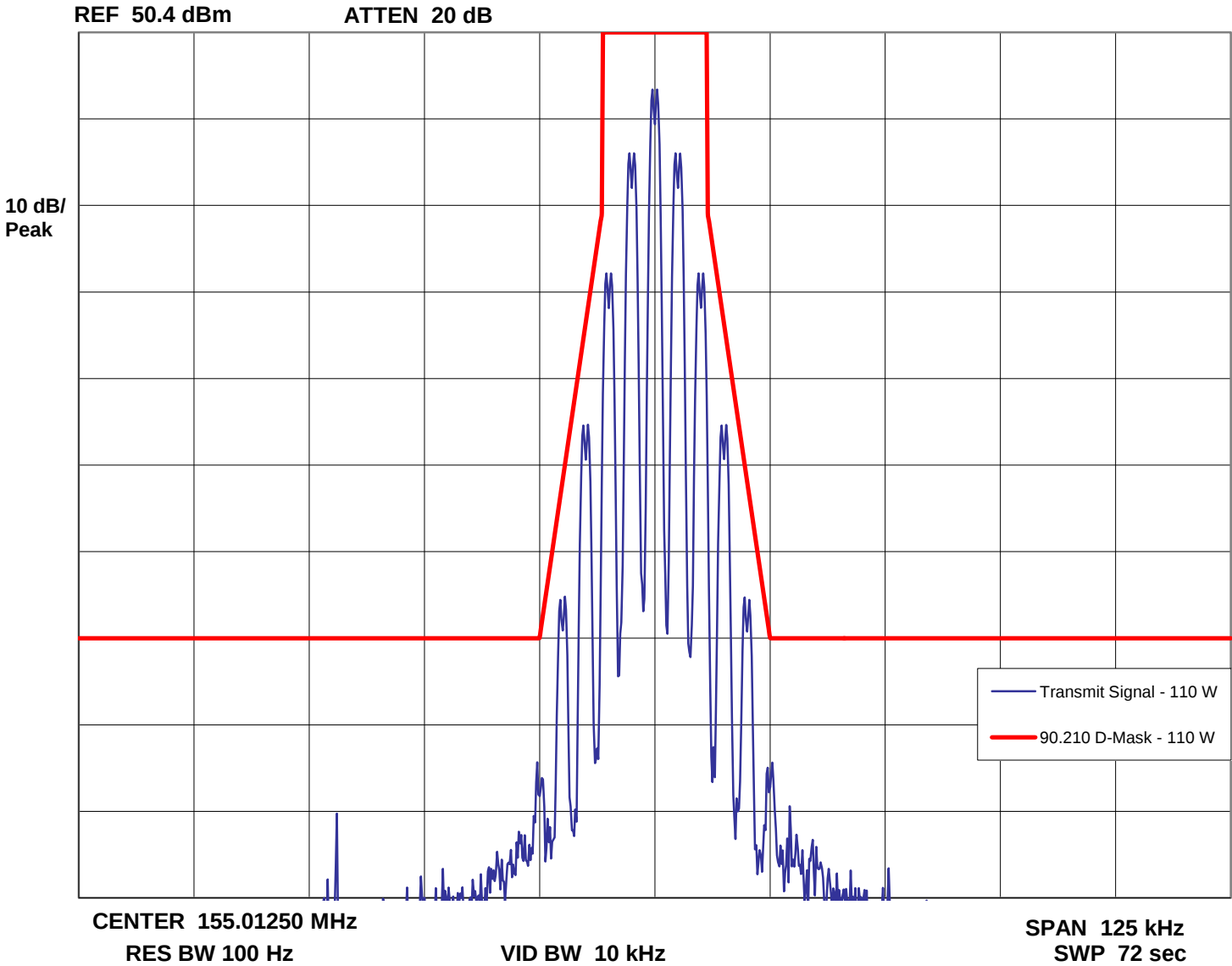
Occupied Bandwidth - 12.5 kHz Channels - Carrier with 2500 Hz Audio Tone



Report on Test Measurements

Occupied Bandwidth – Carrier with 2500 Hz Audio Tone and Private Line (PL) Signaling, 12.5 kHz Channels – Emission Designator: 11K0F3E

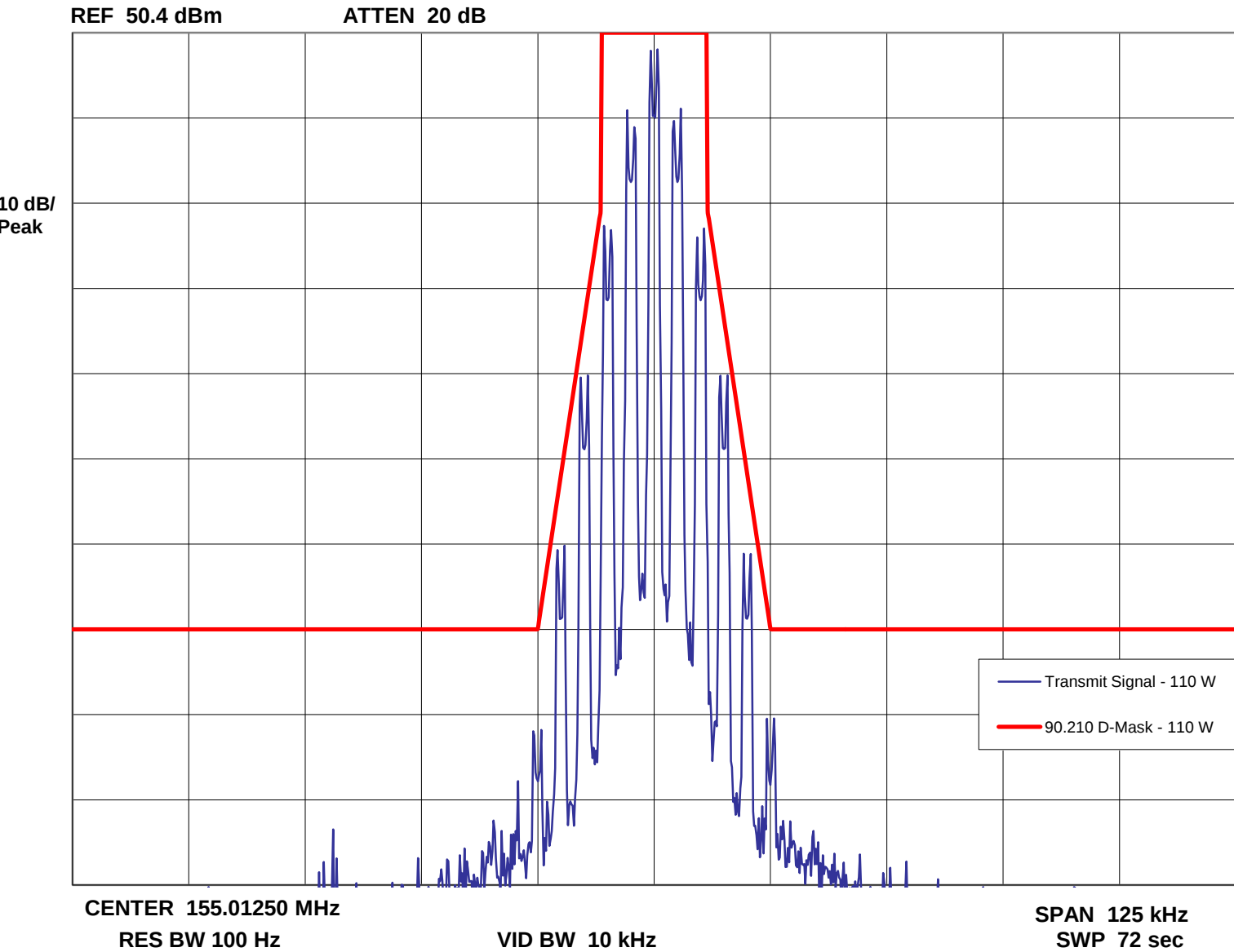
Occupied Bandwidth - 12.5 kHz Channels - Carrier with 2500 Hz Audio and 123 Hz PL



Report on Test Measurements

Occupied Bandwidth – Carrier with 2500 Hz Tone and Digital Private Line (DPL) Signaling, 12.5 kHz Channels – Emission Designator: 11K0F3E

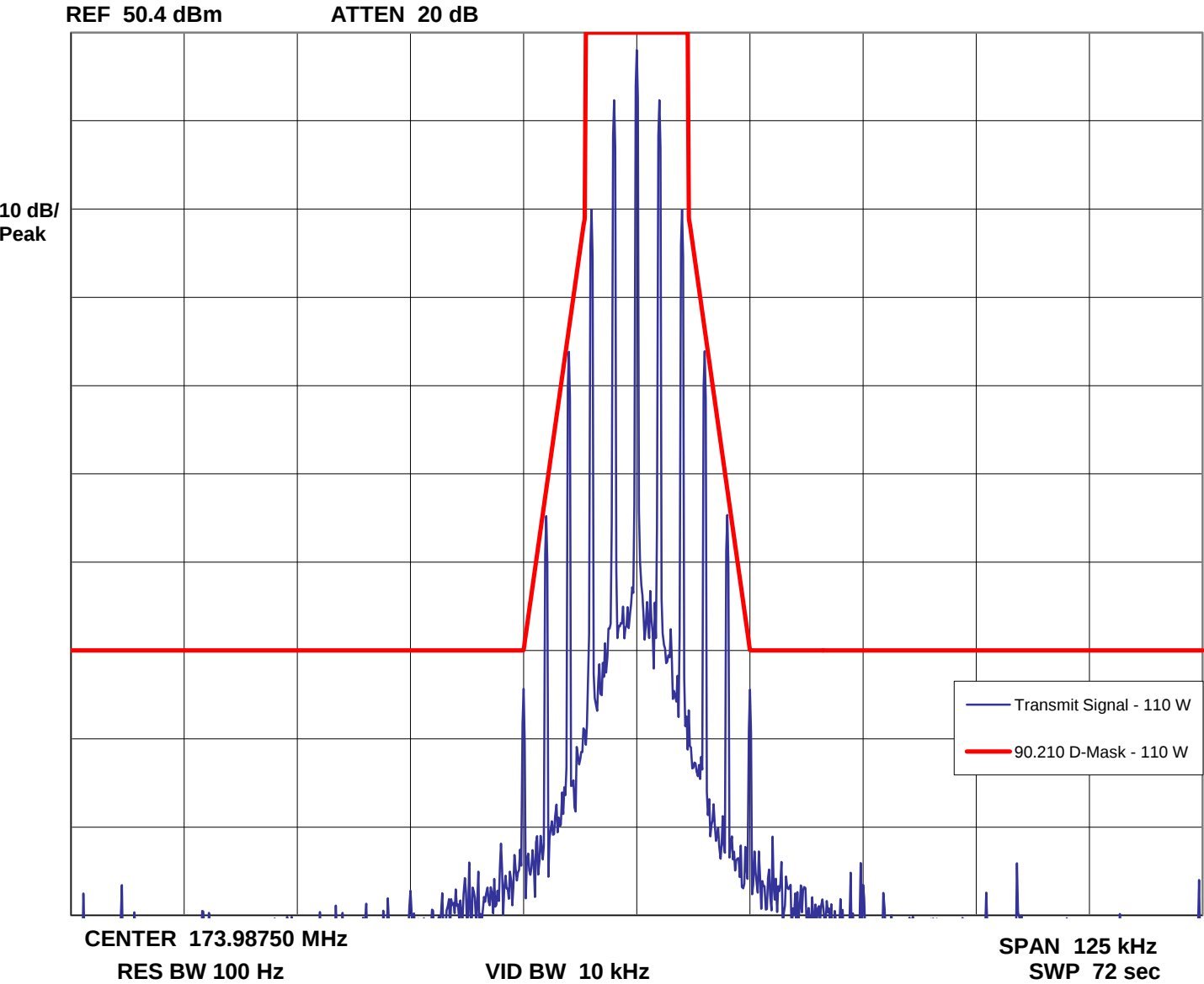
Occupied Bandwidth - 12.5 kHz Channels - Carrier with 2500 Hz Audio and 627 DPL



Report on Test Measurements

Occupied Bandwidth – Carrier with 2500 Hz Audio Tone, 12.5 kHz Channels – Emission Designator: 11K0F3E

Occupied Bandwidth - 12.5 kHz Channels - Carrier with 2500 Hz Audio Tone

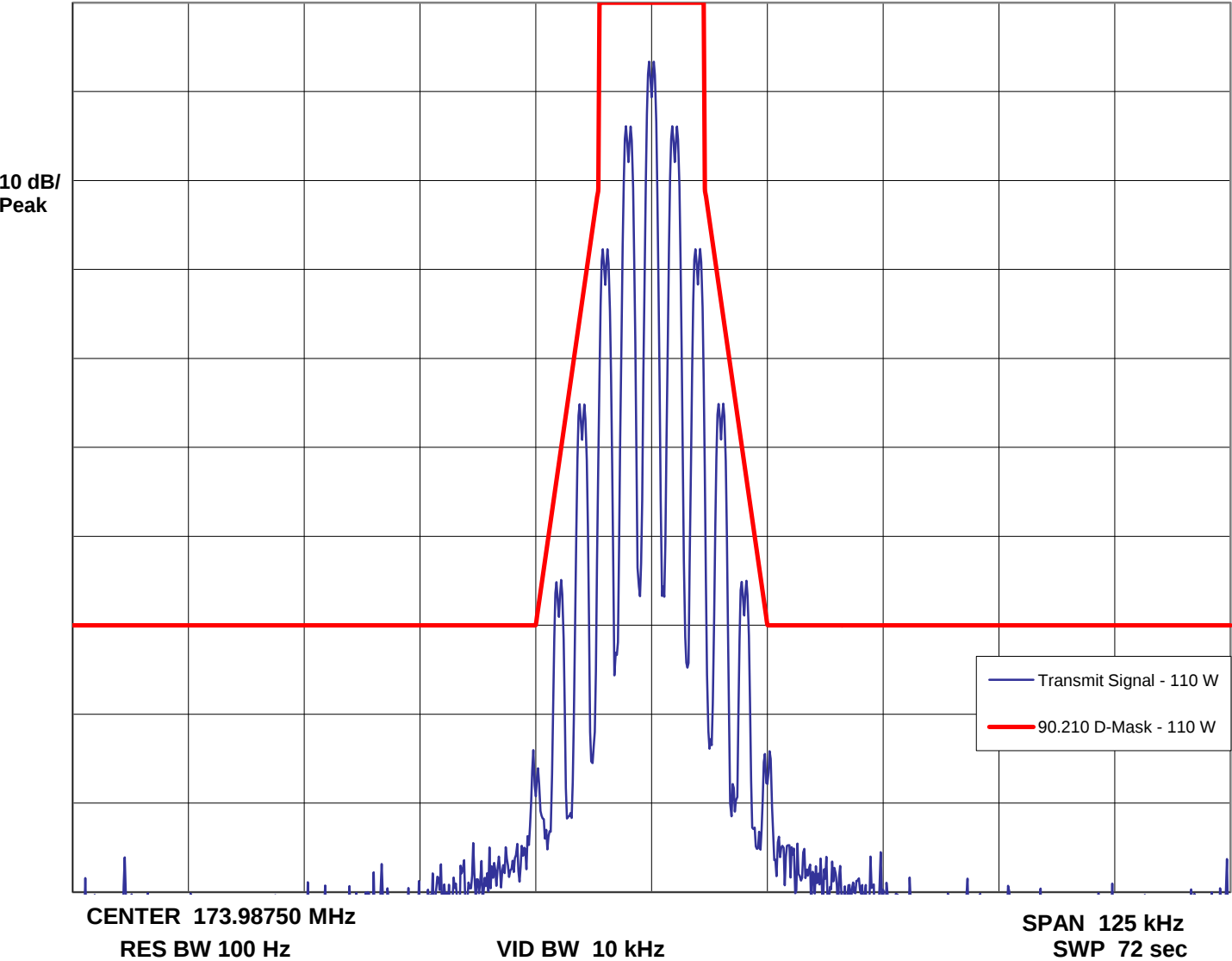


Report on Test Measurements

Occupied Bandwidth – Carrier with 2500 Hz Audio Tone and Private Line (PL) Signaling, 12.5 kHz Channels – Emission Designator: 11K0F3E

Occupied Bandwidth - 12.5 kHz Channels - Carrier with 2500 Hz Audio and 123 Hz

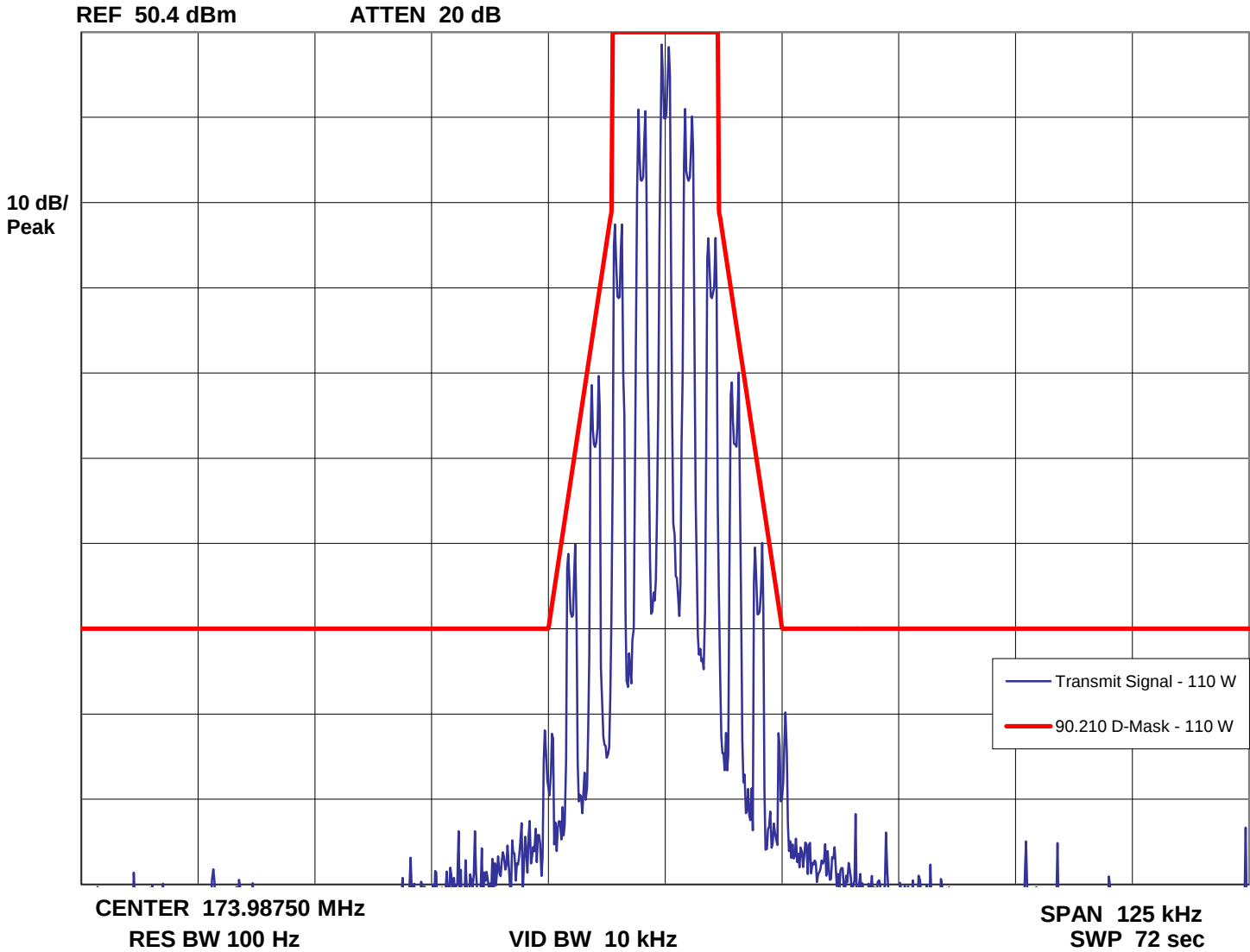
PL REF 50.4 dBm      ATTEN 20 dB



Report on Test Measurements

Occupied Bandwidth – Carrier with 2500 Hz Tone and Digital Private Line (DPL) Signaling, 12.5 kHz Channels – Emission Designator: 11K0F3E

Occupied Bandwidth - 12.5 kHz Channels - Carrier with 2500 Hz Audio and 627 DPL



## Report on Test Measurements

## Test Equipment List

| MODEL | MANUFACTURER | DESCRIPTION | Serial No. | Last Cal | Next Cal |
|-------|--------------|-------------|------------|----------|----------|
|-------|--------------|-------------|------------|----------|----------|

*Conducted Harmonics / Conducted Spurious Emission Spectrum*

|        |                 |                   |            |          |          |
|--------|-----------------|-------------------|------------|----------|----------|
| E4440A | Agilent         | Spectrum Analyzer | MY46185813 | 09/04/15 | 09/04/18 |
| 438A   | Hewlett Packard | Power Meter       | 3048U02488 | 05/07/14 | 05/07/16 |
| 8482A  | Hewlett Packard | Power Sensor      | GG00004032 | 05/14/14 | 05/14/17 |

*Frequency Stability*

|        |                 |                        |            |                       |          |
|--------|-----------------|------------------------|------------|-----------------------|----------|
| N9020A | Agilent         | Spectrum Analyzer      | MY51110030 | 09/01/15              | 09/01/18 |
| 6032A  | Hewlett Packard | DC Power Supply        | US38321104 | Correlated to DMM (*) |          |
| 34401A | Hewlett Packard | Digital Multimeter (*) | 3146A59752 | 10/01/14              | 10/31/17 |
| 6813B  | Hewlett Packard | AC Power Supply        | MY41000529 | Correlated to DMM (*) |          |

*Occupied Bandwidth / Modulation Limiting / Audio Frequency Response / Frequency Transients*

|        |         |                   |            |          |          |
|--------|---------|-------------------|------------|----------|----------|
| N9030A | Agilent | Spectrum Analyzer | MY49432180 | 10/01/14 | 10/01/17 |
| U8903A | Agilent | Audio Analyzer    | MY49420007 | 09/17/14 | 09/17/17 |

*Radiated and Power Supply Conducted Emissions*

| Eq ID | Equipment Description             | Manufacturer         | Model No.     | Serial No.     | Frequency Range | Cal Date   | Due Date   |
|-------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|------------|------------|
| ACX2  | 1000W AMPLIFIER                   | AMPLIFIER RESEARCH   | 1000W1000D    | 0341248        | 80-1000MHZ      | NOTE 1     |            |
| ADC1  | RF AMPLIFIER-150W                 | AMPLIFIER RESEARCH   | 150A100A      | 25536          | 0.01-100MHZ     | NOTE 1     |            |
| GBN2  | SIGNAL GENERATOR                  | ROHDE & SCHWARZ      | SMY 02        | DE14046        | 9KHZ-2.080GHZ   | 2/17/2016  | 2/17/2017  |
| GUR1  | BURST TESTER                      | HAEFELY              | PEFT-JUNIOR   | 083485-13      | 1HZ-1MHZ        | 12/3/2015  | 12/3/2016  |
| GUW0  | IMPULSE TESTER (SWC)              | HAEFELY              | P3            | 081577-04      | 1MHZ            | NOTE 1     |            |
| MSW0  | DIGITAL OSCILLOSCOPE              | LECROY               | WR606ZI       | LCRY3203N56983 | ---             | 10/23/2015 | 10/23/2016 |
| NSA7  | LOG PERIODIC ANTENNA              | AMPLIFIER RESEARCH   | AT1080        | 14239          | 80-1000MHZ      | NOTE 1     |            |
| PIE6  | BULK INJECTION PROBE              | ETS-LINDGREN         | 95236-1       | 00126264       | .004-100MHz     | NOTE 1     |            |
| RAB3  | SPECTRUM ANALYZER                 | HEWLETT PACKARD      | 8568B         | 2330A02784     | 0.0001-1500MHZ  | 2/18/2016  | 2/18/2017  |
| XDN8  | 50DB, 1500W BIDIRECTIONAL COUPLER | AMPLIFIER RESEARCH   | DC6580AM1     | 0464604        | 80-1000MHZ      | 5/12/2015  | 5/12/2016  |
| XFA3  | RF CURRENT CALIBRATION FIXTURE    | TEGAM                | 95241         | 12048          | .01-450MHZ      | 4/5/2016   | 4/5/2017   |
| XNH2  | COUPLING/DECOUPLING NETWK         | FISCHER CUSTOM COMM. | FCC-801-M3-25 | 9723           | 0.15-230MHZ     | 2/2/2016   | 2/2/2017   |
| XPP1  | COUPLING FILTER                   | HAEFELY              | FP16/3-1      | 082 529-14     | 0.1-300MHZ      | NOTE 1     |            |
| XZR6  | VHF COAXIAL SWITCH (PROGRAMMABLE) | HEWLETT PACKARD      | 59307A        | 1920A05071     | ---             | NOTE 1     |            |

Report on Test Measurements

*Statement of Certification*

The technical data supplied with this application, having been taken under my supervision is hereby duly certified. The following is a statement of my qualifications:

College Degree: BSEE, University of Illinois, Urbana-Champaign, Illinois, USA

30 years of Design and Development experience in the field of two-way radio communication.

NAME: Robert Sarocka

SIGNATURE: 

DATE: May 9, 2016

POSITION: Technical Manager

I hereby certify that the above application was prepared under my direction and that to the best of my knowledge and belief, the facts set forth in the application and accompanying technical data are true and correct:

NAME: Jerry Flondro

SIGNATURE: 

DATE: May 9, 2016

POSITION: Senior Resource Manager