

## Prediction of MPE at a given distance

### 1. Standard Requirement

#### Portable Device

According to §15.247(i) and §1.1307b(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines. See KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance V6, section 4.3.1.

- a) The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq 50$  mm are determined by:

$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})/(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0 \text{ for 1-g SAR and } \leq 7.5 \text{ for 10-g extremity SAR,}^{16} \text{ where}$$

- $f(\text{GHz})$  is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation<sup>17</sup>
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is  $\leq 50$  mm and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is  $< 5$  mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

- b) For 100 MHz to 6 GHz and test separation distances  $> 50$  mm, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds are determined by the following:

- 1)  $\{[\text{Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in step a)}] + [(\text{test separation distance} - 50 \text{ mm}) \cdot (f(\text{MHz})/150)]\}$  mW, for 100 MHz to 1500 MHz
- 2)  $\{[\text{Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in step a)}] + [(\text{test separation distance} - 50 \text{ mm}) \cdot 10]\}$  mW, for  $> 1500$  MHz and  $\leq 6$  GHz

- c) For frequencies below 100 MHz, the following may be considered for SAR test exclusion:

- 1) For test separation distances  $> 50$  mm and  $< 200$  mm, the power threshold at the corresponding test separation distance at 100 MHz in step b) is multiplied by  $[1 + \log(100/f(\text{MHz}))]$

- 2) For test separation distances  $\leq 50$  mm, the power threshold determined by the equation in c) 1) for 50 mm and 100 MHz is multiplied by  $\frac{1}{2}$

- 3) SAR measurement procedures are not established below 100 MHz.

#### Mobile Device

## (A) Limits for Occupational / Controlled Exposure

Frequency Range	Electric Field	Magnetic Field	Power Density (S)	Averaging Time
0.3-3.0	614	1.63	(100)*	6
3.0-30	1842 / f	4.89 / f	(900 / f)*	6
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300-1500			F/300	6
1500-100,000			5	6

## (B) Limits for General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure

Frequency Range	Electric Field	Magnetic Field	Power Density (S)	Averaging Time
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	(100)*	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	(180/f)*	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500			F/1500	30
1500-100,000			1.0	30

Note: f = frequency in MHz ; \*Plane-wave equivalent power density

## MPE Calculation Method

$$E \text{ (V/m)} = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d}$$

$$\frac{E^2}{377}$$

Power Density: Pd (W/m<sup>2</sup>) =

E = Electric field (V/m)

P = Peak RF output power (W)

G = EUT Antenna numeric gain (numeric)

d = Separation distance between radiator and human body (m)

The formula can be changed to

$$Pd = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{377 \times d^2} \theta \varphi$$

From the peak EUT RF output power, the minimum mobile separation distance, d=0.2m, as well as the gain of the used antenna, the RF power density can be obtained

## Measurement Result

$$E = \text{EIRP} - 20\log D + 104.8$$

where:

E = electric field strength in dB $\mu$ V/m,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.

$$\text{EIRP} = E - 104.8 + 20\log D = 52.38 - 104.8 + 20\log 3 = -61.96 \text{ dBm}$$

Channel Frequency (GHz)	Max Output power (dBm)	Power density at 20cm (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Threshold Value (mW /cm <sup>2</sup> )
0.1356	-61.96	0.000000000201	13.27
927.25	16.713	0.006194840724	0.61
2422	17.88	0.027335696542	1

NFC ANT GAIN: Internal antenna, Maximum Gain is 2dBi, 1.58Numeric

RFID ANT GAIN: Internal Antenna, Maximum Gain is -1.78dBi, 0.66Numeric

2.4G WIFI ANT GAIN: Internal Antenna, Maximum Gain is 3.5dBi, 2.24Numeric

### Simultaneous MPE Result

Max MPE ratio NFC/Limit	Max MPE ratio RFID/Limit	Max MPE ratio 2.4G WIF/Limit	$\Sigma$ MPE ratios	MPE Limits ratio	Test result
1.51469E-11	0.010155477	0.027335697	0.037491173	1	Pass

The SAR measurement is not necessary.