

# FCC RF Exposure

EUT Description: 1 to 125 alloy light spray climbing car

Model No.: 689s-104

FCC ID: **2BOXH-689S-104**

## 1. Limits

According to KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06 The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq 50$  mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})/(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\leq 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR,

Where:

Result =  $P/D \cdot \sqrt{F}$

F = the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

P = Maximum turn-up power in mw

D = Min. test separation distance in mm

## 2. Test Result of RF Exposure Evaluation

EIRP(dBm) = 95.08(dBuV/m) - 95.2 = -0.12(dBm)

Frequency (MHz)	Output power (dBm)	Tune Up Power (dBm)	Max Tune Up power (dBm/mW)	Min test separation distance (mm)	Result	Limit (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	SAR Test Exclusion
2475	-0.12	0±1	1/1.259	5	0.396	3.0	Pass
Note: PK Output power = conducted power. Conducted power see the test report <b>HK2504031680-E</b> , antenna gain = -0.603dBi							

Per KDB 447498 D01, when the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine RF Exposure test exclusion. The test exclusion threshold is 0.396 which is  $\leq 3$ , RF Exposure testing is not required.

Note: Exclusion Thresholds Results =  $[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})/(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}]$

$f(\text{GHz})$  is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

Distance = 5mm