



CB2S Module Datasheet

Version: 20240902

Contents

1. Product overview	2
1.1. Features	2
1.2. Applications	2
2. Module interfaces	4
2.1. Dimensions and package	4
2.2. Pin definition	5
3. Electrical parameters	9
3.1. Absolute electrical parameters	9
3.2. Normal working conditions	9
3.3. RF power consumption	10
3.4. Working current	10
4. RF parameters	13
4.1. Basic RF features	13
4.2. Wi-Fi transmission performance	13
4.3. Wi-Fi receiving performance	13
4.4. Bluetooth transmission performance	14
4.5. Bluetooth receiving performance	14
5. Antenna information	16
5.1. Antenna type	16
5.2. Antenna interference reduction	16
6. Packaging information and production instructions	17
6.1. Mechanical dimensions	17
6.2. Production instructions	19
6.3. Recommended oven temperature curve and temperature	21
6.4. Storage conditions	22
7. MOQ and packaging information	24

CB2S is an embedded low-power Wi-Fi module that Tuya has developed. It consists of a highly integrated RF chip BK7231N and a few peripherals. CB2S not only supports the Wi-Fi AP and STA modes, but also supports the Bluetooth LE.

1. Product overview

CB2S is built in with a 32-bit MCU whose running speed can be up to 120 MHz, a 2-MB flash memory, and a 256-KB RAM, so as to support the Tuya IoT cloud connection. The MCU instructions specially extended for signal processing can effectively implement audio encoding and decoding.

Besides, it has rich peripherals, such as PWM and UART. There are 5 channels of 32-bit PWM output, making the chip very suitable for high-quality LED control.

1.1. Features

- Built in with the low-power 32-bit CPU, which can also function as an application processor
- The clock rate: 120 MHz
- Working voltage: 3.0 to 3.6V
- Peripherals: 5 PWMs and 1 UART
- Wi-Fi connectivity
- 802.11 b/g/n
- Channels 1 to 11@2.4 GHz
- Support WEP, WPA/WPA2, WPA/WPA2 PSK (AES), WPA3 security modes
- Up to +13 dBm output power in 802.11b mode
- Support STA/AP/STA+AP working mode
- Support SmartConfig and AP network configuration manners for Android and iOS devices
- Onboard PCB antenna with a gain of 0.13 dBi
- Working temperature: -40°C to 85°C
- Bluetooth connectivity
- Support the Bluetooth LE V5.2
- Support the transmit power of 6 dBm in the Bluetooth mode
- Complete Bluetooth coexistence interface
- Onboard PCB antenna with a gain of 0.13 dBi

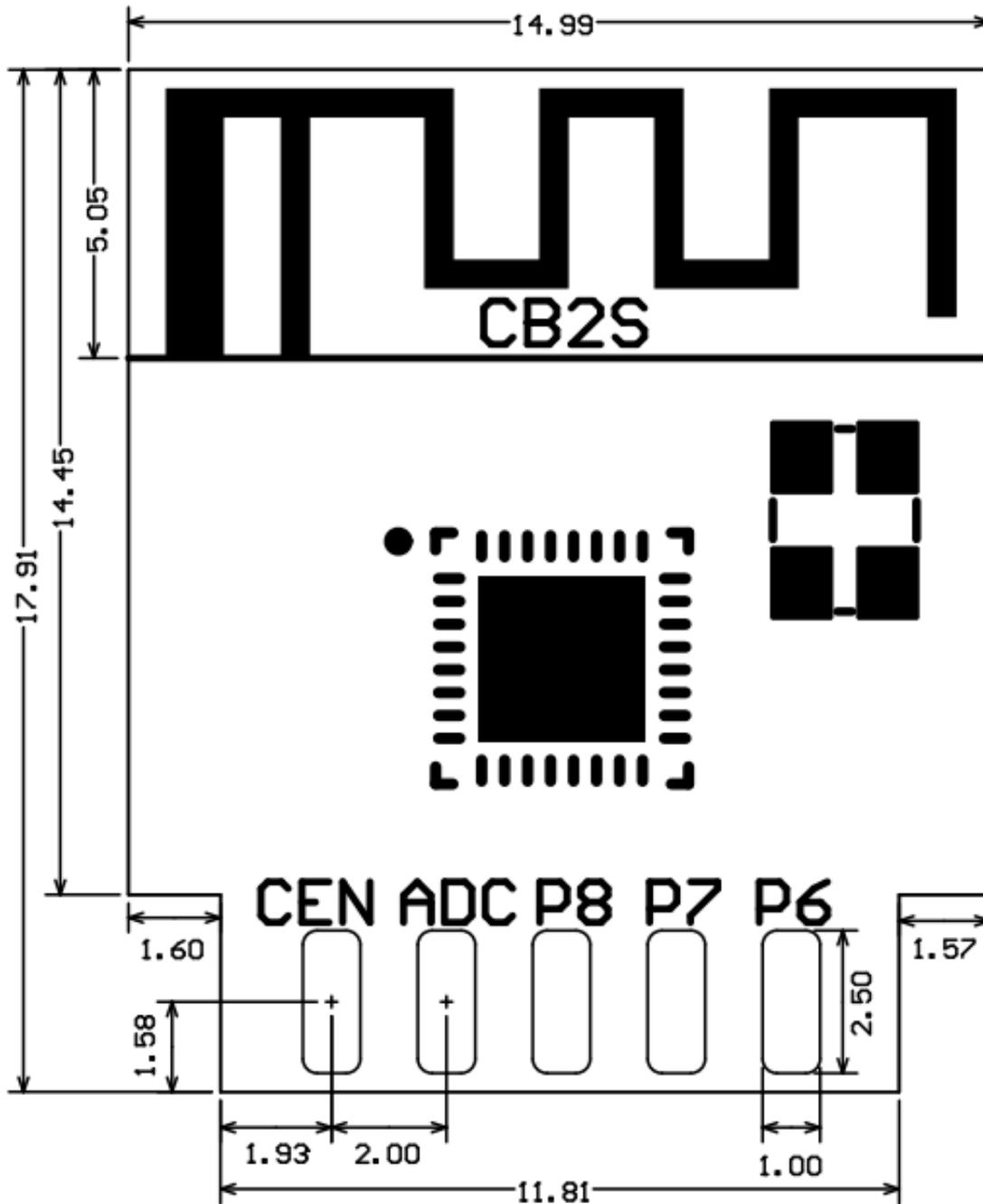
1.2. Applications

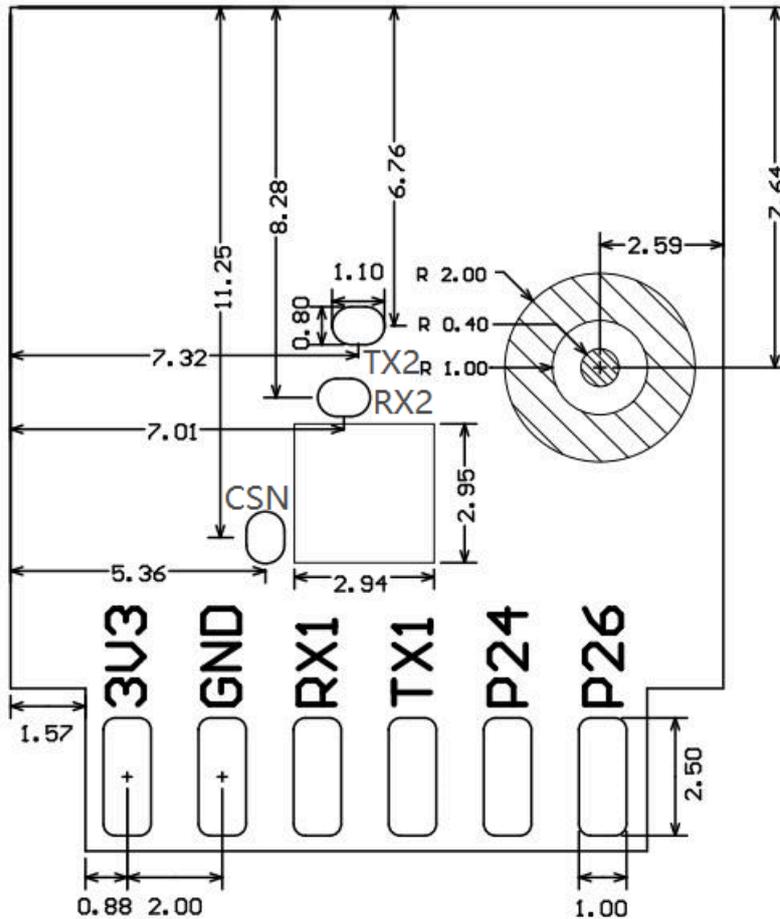
- Intelligent building
- Smart household and home appliances
- Smart socket and light
- Industrial wireless control
- Baby monitor
- Network camera
- Intelligent bus

2. Module interfaces

2.1. Dimensions and package

The dimensions of CB2S are 14.99 ± 0.35 mm (W) \times 17.91 ± 0.35 mm (L) \times 2.8 ± 0.15 mm (H). The dimensions of CB2S are as follows:





2.2. Pin definition

Pin number	Symbol	I/O type	Function
1	3V3	P	Power supply 3V3 Support hardware
2	P6	I/O	PWM and correspond to P6 of the IC
3	GND	P	Power supply reference ground Support hardware
4	P7	I/O	PWM and correspond to P7 of the IC

Pin number	Symbol	I/O type	Function
5	RX1	I/O	UART_RX1 , which is used for receiving user data and corresponds to P10 of the IC. Do not pull it up. By default, the MCU serial port should be in low-level or high-impedance state.
6	P8	I/O	Support hardware PWM and correspond to P8 of the IC
7	TX1	I/O	UART_TX1 , which is used for transmitting user data and corresponds to P11 of the IC. Do not pull it up. By default, the MCU serial port should be in low-level or high-impedance state.
8	ADC	I/O	ADC, which corresponds to P23 of the IC

Pin number	Symbol	I/O type	Function
9	P24	I/O	Support hardware PWM and correspond to P24 of the IC
10	CEN	I/O	Reset pin
11	P26	I/O	Support hardware PWM and correspond to P26 of the IC
Test point	RX2	I/O	UART_RX2 , which corresponds to P1 of the IC. This pin is not allowed to use.
Test point	TX2	I/O	UART_TX2 , which is used for outputting logs and corresponds to P0 of the IC

Pin number	Symbol	I/O type	Function
Test point	CSN	I/O	Mode selection pin. If it is connected to the ground before being powered on, enter the firmware test mode. If it is not connected or connected to VCC before being powered on, enter the firmware application mode. It corresponds to P21 of the IC.

Note:

- P indicates a power supply pin and I/O indicates an input/output pin.
- For the MCU solution, see [CBx Module](#) .

3. Electrical parameters

3.1. Absolute electrical parameters

Parameter	Description	Minimum value	Maximum value	Unit
Ts	Storage temperature	-55	125	°C
VBAT	Power supply voltage	-0.3	3.9	V
	Static electricity discharge voltage (human body model)			
	TAMB-25°C	-4	4	KV
	Static electricity discharge voltage (machine model)			
	TAMB-25°C	-200	200	V

3.2. Normal working conditions

Parameter	Description	Minimum value	Typical value	Maximum value	Unit
Ta	Working temperature	-40	-	85	°C
VBAT	Power supply voltage	3	3.3	3.6	V

Parameter	Description	Minimum value	Typical value	Maximum value	Unit
VOL	I/O low level output	VSS	-	VSS+0.3	V
VOH	I/O high level output	VBAT-0.3	-	VBAT	V
I _{max}	I/O drive current	-	6	20	mA
θ	Power supply slope	100	-	-	mV/ms

3.3. RF power consumption

Working status	Mode	Rate	Transmit power/ receive	Average value	Peak value (Typical value))	Unit
Transmit	11b	11Mbps	+16dBm	81	240	mA
Transmit	11g	54Mbps	+15dBm	82	238	mA
Transmit	11n	MCS7	+14dBm	85	234	mA
Receive	11b	11Mbps	Constantly receive	73	82	mA
Receive	11g	54Mbps	Constantly receive	75	82	mA
Receive	11n	MCS7	Constantly receive	75	82	mA

3.4. Working current

Working mode	Working status, Ta = 25°C	Average value	Maximum value (Typical value)	Unit
Quick network connection state (Bluetooth)	The module is in the fast network connection state and the Wi-Fi indicator flashes fast	63	245	mA
Quick network connection state (AP)	The module is in the hotspot network connection state and the Wi-Fi indicator flashes slowly	80	270	mA
Quick network connection state (EZ)	The module is in the fast network connection state and the Wi-Fi indicator flashes fast	78	246	mA
Network connected state	The module is connected to the network and the Wi-Fi indicator is always on	25	342	mA

Network disconnected state	The module is disconnected and the Wi-Fi indicator is always off	63	242	mA
Module disabled	The CEN pin of the module is connected to the ground.	330	-	μA

4. RF parameters

4.1. Basic RF features

Parameter	Description
Working frequency	2.412 to 2.464 GHz
Wi-Fi standard	IEEE 802.11 b/g/n (channels 1 to 14)
Data transmission rate	11b: 1, 2, 5.5, 11 (Mbps) 11g: 6, 9, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48, 54 (Mbps) 11n: HT20 MCS 0 to 7 11n: HT40 MCS 0 to 7
Antenna type	PCB antenna

4.2. Wi-Fi transmission performance

Parameter	Minimum value	Typical value	Maximum value	Unit
Average RF output power, 802.11b CCK Mode 11M	-	12	-	dBm
Average RF output power, 802.11g OFDM Mode 54M	-	12	-	dBm
Average RF output power, 802.11n OFDM Mode MCS7	-	13	-	dBm
Frequency error	-20	-	20	ppm

4.3. Wi-Fi receiving performance

Parameter	Minimum value	Typical value	Maximum value	Unit
PER<8%, RX sensitivity, 802.11b DSSS Mode 11M	-	-88	-	dBm
PER<10%, RX sensitivity, 802.11g OFDM Mode 54M	-	-74	-	dBm
PER<10%, RX sensitivity, 802.11n OFDM Mode MCS7	-	-73	-	dBm
PER<10%, RX sensitivity, Bluetooth LE 1M	-	-96	-	dBm

4.4. Bluetooth transmission performance

Parameter	Minimum value	Typical value	Maximum value	Unit
Working frequency	2402	-	2480	MHz
Air rate	-	1	-	Mbps
Transmit power	-20	2	20	dBm
Frequency error	-150	-	150	KHz

4.5. Bluetooth receiving performance

Parameter	Minimum value	Typical value	Maximum value	Unit
RX sensitivity	-	-96	-	dBm
Maximum RF signal input	-10	-	-	dBm
Inter-modulation	-	-	-23	dBm
Co-channel suppression ratio	-	10	-	dB

5. Antenna information

5.1. Antenna type

CB2S uses the PCB antenna.

5.2. Antenna interference reduction

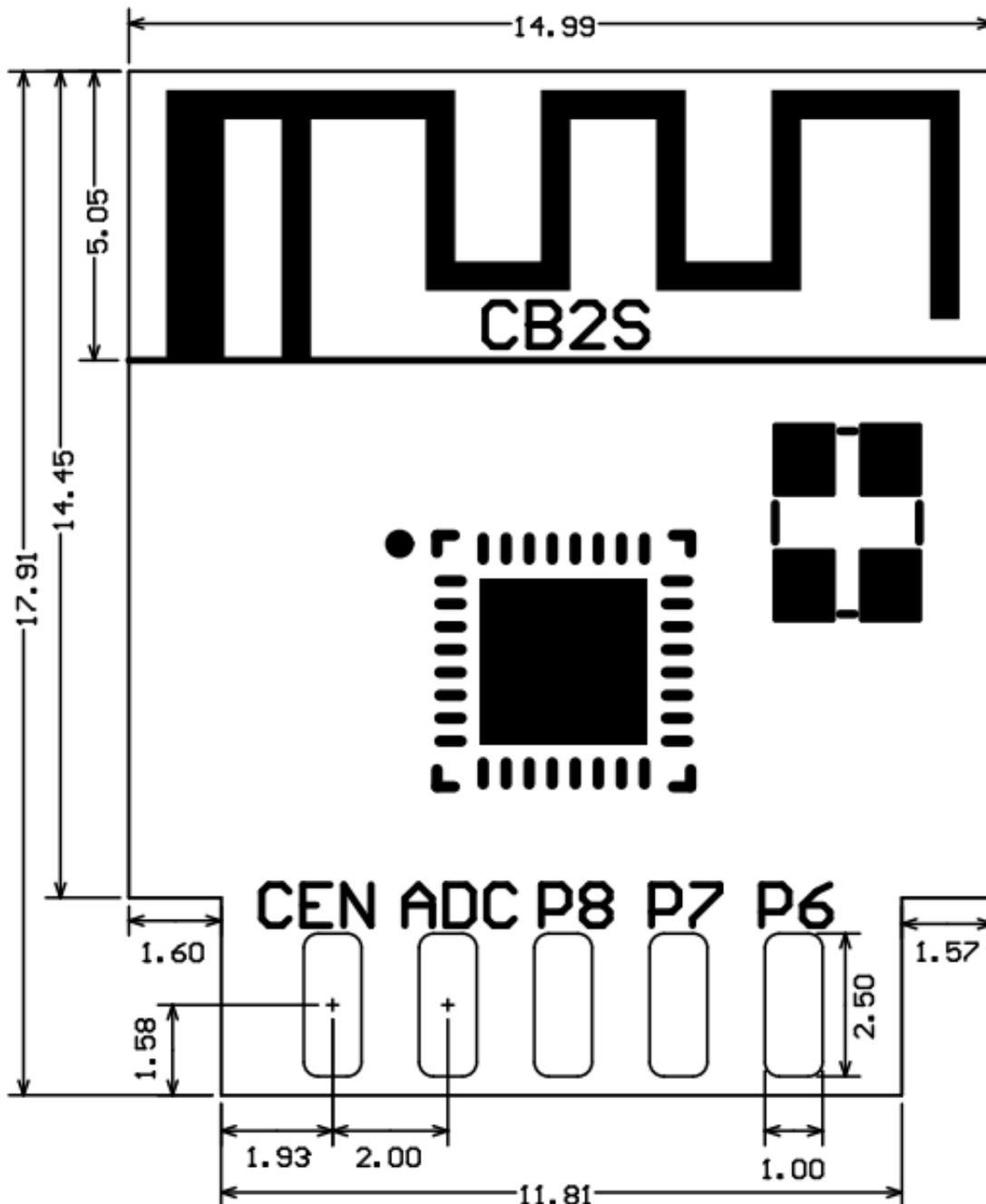
To ensure optimal Wi-Fi performance when the Wi-Fi module uses an onboard PCB antenna, it is recommended that the antenna be at least 15 mm away from other metal parts.

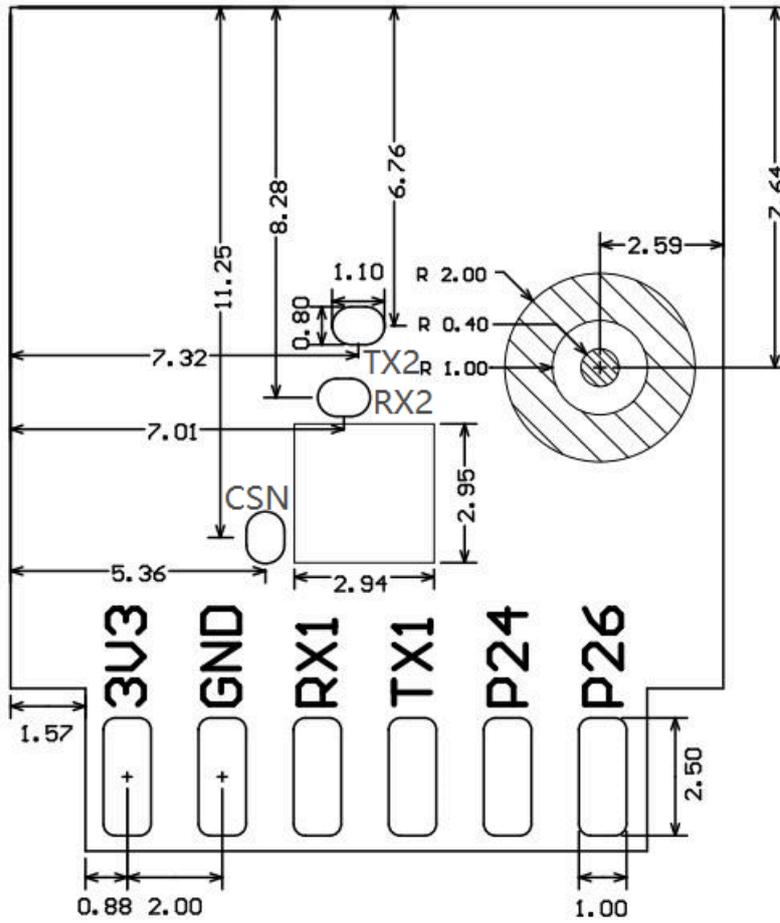
To prevent adverse impact on the antenna radiation performance, avoid copper or traces within the antenna area on the PCB.

6. Packaging information and production instructions

6.1. Mechanical dimensions

The dimensions of CB2S are 14.99 ± 0.35 mm (W) \times 17.91 ± 0.35 mm (L) \times 0.8 ± 0.1 mm (H)







Side View

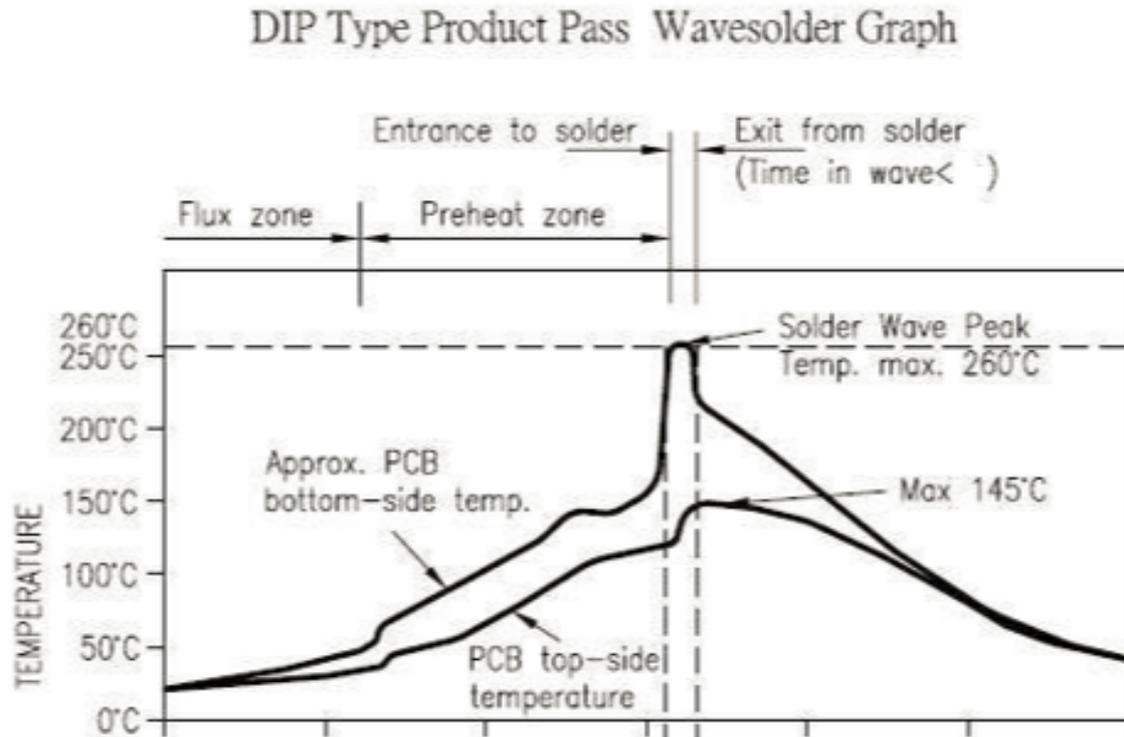
6.2. Production instructions

1. For the Tuya in-line module, wave soldering is most preferred and manual soldering is less preferred. After being unpacked, the module must be soldered within 24 hours. Otherwise, it must be put into the drying cupboard where the RH is not greater than 10%; or it needs to be packaged under vacuum again and record the exposure time (the total exposure time cannot exceed 168 hours).
2. Wave soldering devices and materials:
 - Wave soldering equipment
 - Wave soldering fixture
 - Constant-temperature soldering iron
 - Tin bar, tin wire, and flux
 - Thermal profiler
3. Baking devices:

- Cabinet oven
 - Anti-electrostatic and heat-resistant trays
 - Anti-electrostatic and heat-resistant gloves
4. The module needs to be baked in the following cases:
 - The packaging bag is damaged before unpacking.
 - There is no humidity indicator card (HIC) in the packaging bag.
 - After unpacking, circles of 10% and above on the HIC become pink.
 - The total exposure time has lasted for over 168 hours since unpacking.
 - More than 12 months have passed since the sealing of the bag.
 5. Baking settings:
 - Temperature: 40°C and $\leq 5\%$ RH for reel package and 125°C and $\leq 5\%$ RH for tray package (please use the heat-resistant tray rather than a plastic container).
 - Time: 168 hours for reel package and 12 hours for tray package.
 - Alarm temperature: 50°C for reel package and 135°C for tray package.
 - Production-ready temperature after natural cooling: $< 36^\circ\text{C}$.
 - Re-baking situation: If a module remains unused for over 168 hours after being baked, it needs to be baked again.
 - If a batch of modules is not baked within 168 hours, do not use the wave soldering to solder them. Because these modules are Level-3 moisture-sensitive devices, they are very likely to get damp when exposed beyond the allowable time. In this case, if they are soldered at high temperatures, it may result in device failure or poor soldering.
 6. In the whole production process, take electrostatic discharge (ESD) protective measures.
 7. To guarantee the quality of products, you must pay attention to the following items: The amount of soldering flux, the height of the wave peak, whether the tin slag and copper content in the wave soldering tank exceed standards, whether the window and thickness of the wave soldering fixture are appropriate, and whether the wave soldering oven temperature curve is appropriate.

6.3. Recommended oven temperature curve and temperature

Set oven temperatures according to the following temperature curve of wave soldering. The peak temperature is $260^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$.



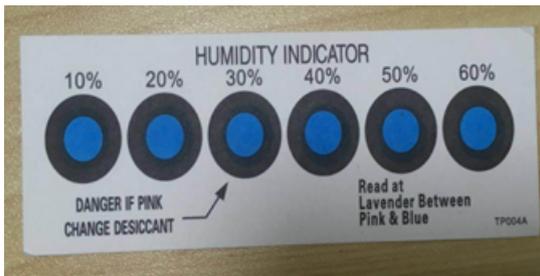
Recommended soldering temperature:

Suggestions on oven temperature curve of wave soldering		Suggestions on manual soldering temperature	
Preheat temperature	80 to 130°C	Soldering temperature	$360 \pm 20^{\circ}\text{C}$
Preheat time	75 to 100s	Soldering time	<3s/point
Peak contact time	3 to 5s	NA	NA
Temperature of tin cylinder	$260 \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$	NA	NA
Ramp-up slope	$\leq 2^{\circ}\text{C/s}$	NA	NA
Ramp-down slope	$\leq 6^{\circ}\text{C/s}$	NA	NA

6.4. Storage conditions

Storage conditions for a delivered module:

- The moisture-proof bag is placed in an environment where the temperature is below 40°C and the relative humidity is lower than 90%.
- The shelf life of a dry-packaged product is 12 months from the date when the product is packaged and sealed.
- There is a humidity indicator card (HIC) in the packaging bag.



	<p style="text-align: center;">Caution This bag contains MOISTURE-SENSITIVE DEVICES</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">LEVEL 3</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">If blank, see adjacent bar code label</p>		
<p>1. Calculated shelf life in sealed bag: 12 months at <math><40^{\circ}\text{C}</math> and <math><90\%</math> relative humidity (RH)</p>		
<p>2. Peak package body temperature: <u>260</u> °C If blank, see adjacent bar code label</p>		
<p>3. After bag is opened, devices that will be subjected to reflow solder or other high temperature process must be</p>		
<p>a) Mounted within: <u>168</u> hours of factory conditions If blank, see adjacent bar code label ≤30°C/60% RH, or</p>		
<p>b) Stored per J-STD-033</p>		
<p>4. Devices require bake, before mounting, if:</p>		
<p>a) Humidity Indicator Card reads >10% for level 2a - 5a devices or >60% for level 2 devices when read at $23 \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$</p>		
<p>b) 3a or 3b are not met</p>		
<p>5. If baking is required, refer to IPC/JEDEC J-STD-033 for bake procedure</p>		
<p>Bag Seal Date: <u>See Production Date</u> If blank, see adjacent bar code label</p>		
<p>Note: Level and body temperature defined by IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020</p>		

7. MOQ and packaging information

Product number	MOQ (pcs)	Shipping packaging method	The number of modules per reel	The number of reels per carton
CB2S	4400	Tape reel	1100	4

Integration instructions for host product manufacturers according to KDB 996369 D03 OEMManual v01

Conditions on using Shenzhen Linktop IOT Co., Ltd regulatory approvals:

- A. Customer must ensure that its product (The "WIFI/Bluetooth MODULE") is electrically identical to Shenzhen Linktop IOT Co., Ltd reference designs. Customer acknowledges that any modifications to Shenzhen Linktop IOT Co., Ltd reference designs may invalidate regulatory approvals in relation to the CUSTOMER Product, or may necessitate notifications to the relevant regulatory authorities.
- B. Customer is responsible for ensuring that antennas used with the product are of the same type, with same or lower gains as approved and providing antenna reports to Shenzhen Linktop IOT Co., Ltd.
- C. Customer is responsible for regression testing to accommodate changes to Shenzhen Linktop IOT Co., Ltd reference designs, new antennas, and portable RF exposure safety testing/approvals.
- D. Appropriate labels must be affixed to the CUSTOMER Product that comply with applicable regulations in all respects.
- E. A user's manual or instruction manual must be included with the customer product that contains the text as required by applicable law. Without limitation of the foregoing, an example (for illustration purposes only) of possible text to include is set forth below:

2.2 List of applicable FCC rules

FCC Part 15 Subpart C 15.247

2.3 Specific operational use conditions

Radio Technology: Bluetooth BLE
Operation frequency: 2402-2480MHz
Channel No.: 40 channels
Data rate: 1Mbps
Channel Separation: 2MHz
Modulation: GFSK
Antenna Type: PCB antenna, max gain 0.13dBi.

Radio Technology: 2.4G WIFI
Operation frequency: 2412MHz-2462MHz for IEEE 802.11 b, g, n/HT20
Channel No.: 802.11b/802.11g /802.11n (HT20): 11
Modulation type: IEEE 802.11b: DSSS (CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK)
IEEE 802.11g: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK)
IEEE 802.11n: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK)
Antenna Type: PCB antenna, max gain 0.13dBi.

The module can be used for mobile or portable applications with a maximum 0.13dBi antenna. The host manufacturer installing this module into their product must ensure that the final composite product complies with the FCC requirements by a technical assessment or evaluation to the FCC rules, including the transmitter operation. The host manufacturer has to be aware not to provide information to the end user regarding how to install or remove this RF module in the user's manual of the end product which integrates this module. The end user manual shall include all required regulatory information/warning as shown in this manual.

2.4 Limited module procedures

Not applicable. The module is a Single module and complies with the requirement of FCC Part 15.212.

2.5 Trace antenna designs

The antenna used is the PCB antenna on the module.

2.6 RF exposure considerations

The device can be used in portable exposure condition without restriction and if RF exposure statement or module layout is changed, then the host product

manufacturer required to take responsibility of the module through a change in FCC ID or new application. The FCC ID of the module cannot be used on the final product. In these circumstances, the host manufacturer will be responsible for re-evaluating the end product (including the transmitter) and obtaining a separate FCC authorization.

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation. Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/ TV technician for help.

The antennas used for this transmitter must be installed to provide a separation distance of at least 20cm from all persons and must not be located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

2.7 Antennas

Antenna Specification are as follows:

Antenna Type: PCB antenna

Antenna Gain(Peak):0.13 dBi (Provided by customer)

This device is intended only for host manufacturers under the following conditions:

The transmitter module may not be co-located with any other transmitter or antenna;

As long as the conditions above are met, further transmitter test will not be required. However, the host manufacturer is still responsible for testing their end-product for any additional compliance requirements required with this module installed (for example, digital device emissions, PC peripheral requirements, etc.).

2.8 Label and compliance information

Host product manufacturers need to provide a physical or e-label stating "Contains FCC ID: 2BCSG-BZBK002" With their finished product.

2.9 Information on test modes and additional testing requirements

Radio Technology: Bluetooth BLE

Operation frequency: 2402-2480MHz

Channel No.: 40 channels

Data rate: 1Mbps

Channel Separation: 2MHz

Modulation: GFSK

Antenna Type: PCB antenna, max gain 0.13dBi.

Radio Technology: 2.4G WIFI

Operation frequency: 2412MHz-2462MHz for IEEE 802.11 b, g, n/HT20

Channel No.: 802.11b/802.11g /802.11n (HT20): 11

Modulation type: IEEE 802.11b: DSSS (CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK)
IEEE 802.11g: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK)
IEEE 802.11n: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK)
Antenna Type: PCB antenna, max gain 0.13dBi.

Host manufacturer must perform test of radiated & conducted emission and spurious emission, etc according to the actual test modes for a stand-alone modular transmitter in a host, as well as for multiple simultaneously transmitting modules or other transmitters in a host product.

Only when all the test results of test modes comply with FCC requirements, then the end product can be sold legally.

2.10 Additional testing, Part 15 Subpart B disclaimer

The modular transmitter is only FCC authorized for FCC Part 15 Subpart C 15.247 that the host product manufacturer is responsible for compliance to any other FCC rules that apply to the host not covered by the modular transmitter grant of certification. If the grantee markets their product as being Part 15 Subpart B compliant (when it also contains unintentional-radiator digital circuitry), then the grantee shall provide a notice stating that the final host product still requires Part 15 Subpart B compliance testing with the modular transmitter installed.