



TEST REPORT

FCC PART 15 SUBPART C 15.247

Test report
On Behalf of
Shenzhen junruicheng electronics co. LTD
For
Speaker microphone
Model No.: K8

FCC ID: 2AWJQ-K8

Prepared for : Shenzhen junruicheng electronics co. LTD
Room 2301, Building 1, Commercial Building, Stylistic Center, TangGang Street,
TangGang Community, ShaJing Town, ShenZhen, China

Prepared By : Shenzhen HUAK Testing Technology Co., Ltd.
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Date of Test: May 28, 2020 ~ Jun. 08, 2020

Date of Report: Jun. 08, 2020

Report Number: HK2006011210-E



TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION

Applicant's name : Shenzhen junruicheng electronics co. LTD

Address : Room 2301, Building 1, Commercial Building, Stylistic Center,
TangGang Street, TangGang Community, ShaJing Town,
ShenZhen, China

Manufacture's Name..... : Shenzhen junruicheng electronics co. LTD

Address : Room 2301, Building 1, Commercial Building, Stylistic Center,
TangGang Street, TangGang Community, ShaJing Town,
ShenZhen, China

Product description

Trade Mark : ZealSound

Product name : Speaker microphone

Model and/or type reference : K8, Q95, K9, K7, K6, K5

Standards : **47 CFR FCC Part 15 Subpart C 15.247**

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Date of Test

Date (s) of performance of tests : May 28, 2020 ~ Jun. 08, 2020

Date of Issue..... : Jun. 08, 2020

Test Result..... : **Pass**

Prepared by:

Gang Qian

Project Engineer

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Approved by:

Jason Zhou

Technical Director



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1. SUMMARY

1.1. TEST STANDARDS

The tests were performed according to following standards:

[FCC Rules Part 15.247](#): Frequency Hopping, Direct Spread Spectrum and Hybrid Systems that are in operation within the bands of 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz

[ANSI C63.10: 2013](#) : American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices

1.2. Test Description

FCC PART 15.247		
FCC Part 15.207	AC Power Conducted Emission	PASS
FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(i)	20dB Bandwidth& 99% Bandwidth	PASS
FCC Part 15.247(d)	Spurious RF Conducted Emission	PASS
FCC Part 15.247(b)	Maximum Peak Output Power	PASS
FCC part 15.247(a)(1)	Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence	PASS
FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)	Number of hopping frequency& Time of Occupancy	PASS
FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)	Frequency Separation	PASS
FCC Part 15.205/15.209	Radiated Emissions	PASS
FCC Part 15.247(d)	Band Edge Compliance of RF Emission	PASS



1.3. Test Facility

1.3.1 Address of the test laboratory

Shenzhen HUAKE Testing Technology Co., Ltd.

Address: 1F, B2 Building, Junfeng Zhongcheng Zhizao Innovation Park, Heping Community, Fuhai Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, China

There is one 3m semi-anechoic chamber and two line conducted labs for final test. The Test Sites meet the requirements in documents CISPR 32/EN 55032 requirements.

1.3.2 Laboratory accreditation

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

IC Registration No.: 21210

The 3m alternate test site of Shenzhen HUAKE Testing Technology Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered by Certification and Engineer Bureau of Industry Canada for the performance of with Registration No.: 21210 on May 24, 2016.

1.4. Statement of the measurement uncertainty

The data and results referenced in this document are true and accurate. The reader is cautioned that there may be errors within the calibration limits of the equipment and facilities. The measurement uncertainty was calculated for all measurements listed in this test report acc. to CISPR 16 - 4 "Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 4: Uncertainty in EMC Measurements" and is documented in the Shenzhen HUAKE Testing Technology Co., Ltd. quality system acc. to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. Furthermore, component and process variability of devices similar to that tested may result in additional deviation. The manufacturer has the sole responsibility of continued compliance of the device.

Hereafter the best measurement capability for HUAKE laboratory is reported:

Test	Measurement Uncertainty	Notes
Transmitter power conducted	±0.57 dB	(1)
Transmitter power Radiated	±2.20 dB	(1)
Conducted spurious emission 9KHz-40 GHz	±2.20 dB	(1)
Occupied Bandwidth	±0.01ppm	(1)
Radiated Emission 30~1000MHz	±4.10dB	(1)
Radiated Emission Above 1GHz	±4.32dB	(1)
Conducted Disturbance 0.15~30MHz	±3.20dB	(1)

- (1) This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.



2. GENERAL INFORMATION

2.1. Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Normal Temperature:	25°C
Relative Humidity:	55 %
Air Pressure:	101 kPa

2.2. General Description of EUT

Product Name	Speaker microphone
Model/Type reference	K8
Serial Model	Q95, K9, K7, K6, K5
Model Difference	All models have the same functionality, software and electronics, only the color, front frame shape and model names may differ. Test sample model: K8
Trade Mark	ZealSound
FCC ID	2AWJQ-K8
Hardware Version	Q68-69258-2019-11-29
Software Version	updata-Q68-6925B-C594-K8
Version	Supported EDR
Modulation	GFSK, $\pi/4$ DQPSK
Operation frequency	2402MHz~2480MHz
Channel number	79CH
Channel separation	1MHz
Antenna type	PCB Antenna
Antenna gain	0 dBi
Power supply	DC 3.7V from battery

Note: 1. For more details, refer to the user's manual of the EUT.



2.3. Description of Test Modes and Test Frequency

The Applicant provides communication tools software to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting and receiving mode for testing.

There are 79 channels provided to the EUT and Channel 00/39/78 was selected for testing.

Operation Frequency :

Channel	Frequency (MHz)
00	2402
01	2403
:	:
38	2440
39	2441
40	2442
:	:
77	2479
78	2480

Note: The line display in grey were the channel selected for testing

Preliminary tests were performed in each mode and packet length of BT, and found worst case as bellow, finally test were conducted at those mode and recorded in this report.

Test Items	Worst case
Conducted Emissions	Charging mode(2DH5)
Radiated Emissions and Band Edge	2DH5
Maximum Conducted Output Power	DH5/2DH5
20dB Bandwidth&99% Bandwidth	DH5/2DH5
Frequency Separation	DH5/2DH5 Middle channel
Number of hopping frequency	DH5/2DH5
Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	DH1/DH3/DH5 Middle channel 2DH1/2DH3/2DH5 Middle channel
Out-of-band Emissions	DH5/2DH5

Note: All tests are based on 3.7V battery test results



2.4. Equipments Used during the Test

Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.	Cal. Interval
1.	L.I.S.N. Artificial Mains Network	R&S	ENV216	HKE-002	Dec. 26, 2019	1 Year
2.	Receiver	R&S	ESCI 7	HKE-010	Dec. 26, 2019	1 Year
3.	RF automatic control unit	Tonscend	JS0806-2	HKE-060	Dec. 26, 2019	1 Year
4.	Spectrum analyzer	R&S	FSP40	HKE-025	Dec. 26, 2019	1 Year
5.	Spectrum analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	HKE-048	Dec. 26, 2019	1 Year
6.	Preamplifier	Schwarzbeck	BBV 9743	HKE-006	Dec. 26, 2019	1 Year
7.	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI 7	HKE-010	Dec. 26, 2019	1 Year
8.	Bilog Broadband Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB9163	HKE-012	Dec. 26, 2019	1 Year
9.	Loop Antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB 1519 B	HKE-014	Dec. 26, 2019	1 Year
10.	Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	9120D	HKE-013	Dec. 26, 2019	1 Year
11.	Pre-amplifier	EMCI	EMC051845 SE	HKE-015	Dec. 26, 2019	1 Year
12.	Pre-amplifier	Agilent	83051A	HKE-016	Dec. 26, 2019	1 Year
13.	EMI Test Software EZ-EMC	Tonscend	JS1120-B Version	HKE-083	Dec. 27, 2018	N/A
14.	Power Sensor	Agilent	E9300A	HKE-086	Dec. 26, 2019	1 Year
15.	Spectrum analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	HKE-048	Dec. 26, 2019	1 Year
16.	Signal generator	Agilent	N5182A	HKE-029	Dec. 26, 2019	1 Year
17.	Signal Generator	Agilent	83630A	HKE-028	Dec. 26, 2019	1 Year
18.	Shielded room	Shiel Hong	4*3*3	HKE-039	Dec. 27, 2017	3 Year
19.	Power Meter	R&S	NRVD	SEL0069	Dec. 26, 2019	1 Year
20.	High Gain Antenna	Schwarzbeck	LB-180400K F	HKE-054	Dec. 26, 2019	1 Year

The calibration interval was one year



2.5. Related Submittal(s) / Grant (s)

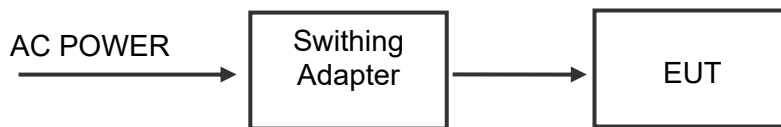
This submittal(s) (test report) is intended to comply with Section 15.247 of the FCC Part 15, Subpart C Rules. RSS Gen and RSS 247 Rules.

2.6. Modifications

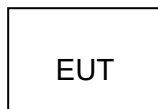
No modifications were implemented to meet testing criteria.

2.7. DESCRIPTION OF TEST SETUP

Operation of EUT during conducted testing:



Operation of EUT during Radiation and Above1GHz Radiation testing:



2.8. Description of Support Units

The EUT has been tested as an independent unit together with other necessary accessories or support units. The following support units or accessories were used to form a representative test configuration during the tests.

Description	Information	Manufacturer	Remark	Certificate
AC-DC adapter	MODEL:SAPA05010US INPUT: 100V~240,50/60Hz,0.6A Max Output: 5.0V 2A	/	Provided by applicant	SDOC
/	/	/	/	/

3. TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS

3.1. Conducted Emissions Test

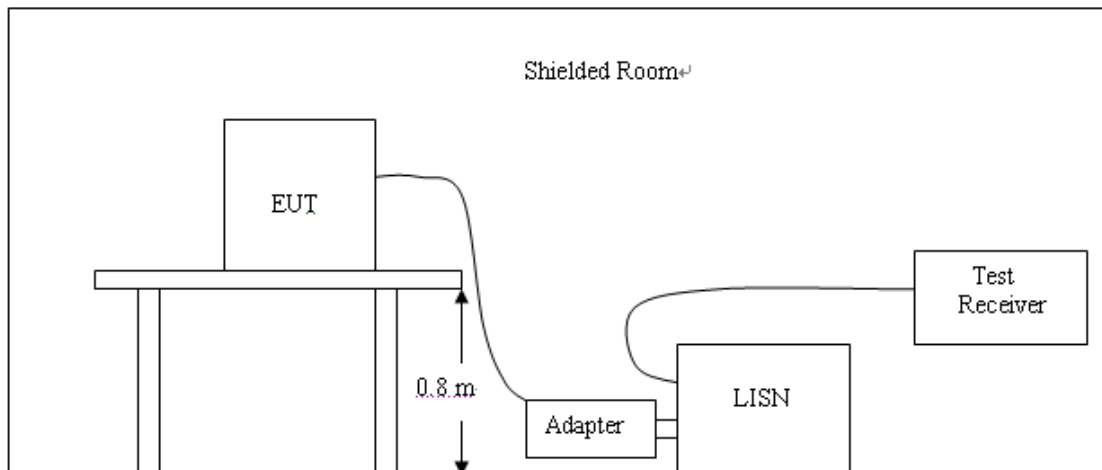
LIMIT

According to FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.207 and RSS Gen 8.8, AC Power Line Conducted Emissions Limits for Licence-Exempt Radio Apparatus as below:

Frequency range (MHz)	Limit (dBuV)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

TEST CONFIGURATION



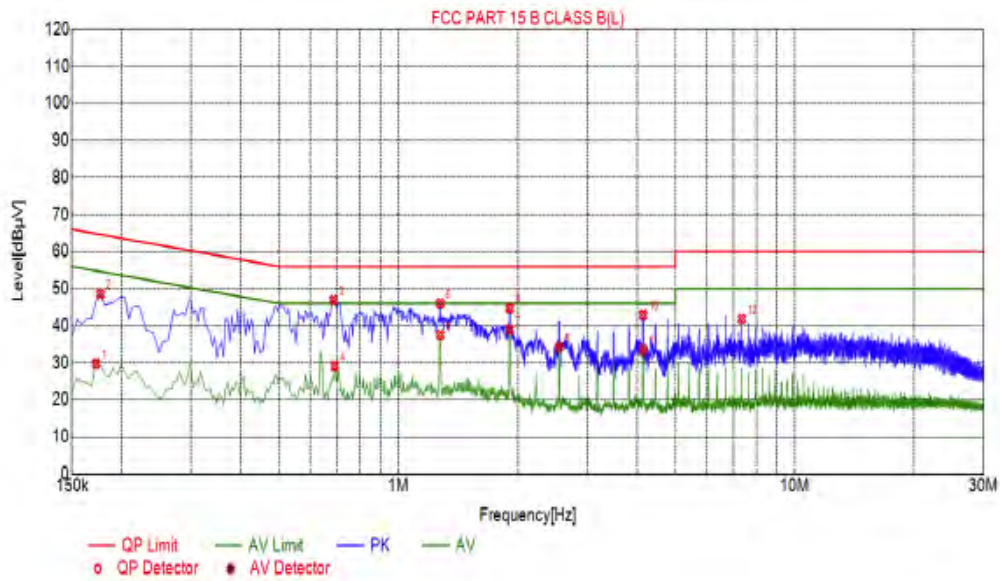
TEST PROCEDURE

1. The equipment was set up as per the test configuration to simulate typical actual usage per the user's manual. The EUT is a tabletop system; a wooden table with a height of 0.8 meters is used and is placed on the ground plane as per ANSI C63.10:2013.
2. Support equipment, if needed, was placed as per ANSI C63.10:2013
3. All I/O cables were positioned to simulate typical actual usage as per ANSI C63.10:2013.
4. The adapter received AC120V/60Hz power through a Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN) which supplied power source and was grounded to the ground plane.
5. All support equipments received AC power from a second LISN, if any.
6. The EUT test program was started. Emissions were measured on each current carrying line of the EUT using a spectrum Analyzer / Receiver connected to the LISN powering the EUT. The LISN has two monitoring points: Line 1 (Hot Side) and Line 2 (Neutral Side). Two scans were taken: one with Line 1 connected to Analyzer / Receiver and Line 2 connected to a 50 ohm load; the second scan had Line 1 connected to a 50 ohm load and Line 2 connected to the Analyzer / Receiver.
7. Analyzer / Receiver scanned from 150 KHz to 30MHz for emissions in each of the test modes.
8. During the above scans, the emissions were maximized by cable manipulation.



TEST RESULTS

Test Specification: Line

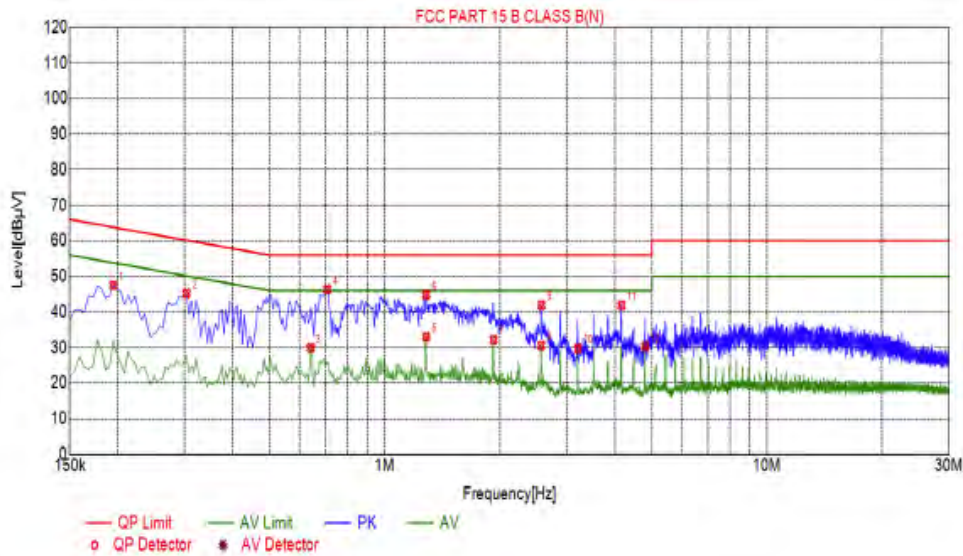


Suspected List								
NO.	Freq. [MHz]	Level [dBµV]	Factor [dB]	Limit [dBµV]	Margin [dB]	Reading [dBµV]	Detector	Type
1	0.1725	29.70	10.04	54.84	25.14	19.66	AV	L
2	0.1770	48.58	10.05	64.63	16.05	38.53	PK	L
3	0.6855	46.91	10.05	56.00	9.09	36.86	PK	L
4	0.6900	29.21	10.05	46.00	16.79	19.18	AV	L
5	1.2750	37.51	10.09	46.00	8.49	27.42	AV	L
6	1.2750	45.99	10.09	56.00	10.01	35.90	PK	L
7	1.9095	38.99	10.14	46.00	7.01	28.85	AV	L
8	1.9095	44.74	10.14	56.00	11.26	34.60	PK	L
9	2.5440	34.21	10.20	46.00	11.79	24.01	AV	L
10	4.1460	42.91	10.25	56.00	13.09	32.66	PK	L
11	4.1505	33.54	10.25	46.00	12.46	23.29	AV	L
12	7.3545	41.89	10.18	60.00	18.11	31.71	PK	L

Remark: Margin = Limit – Level
 Correction factor = Cable lose + LISN insertion loss
 Level=Test receiver reading + correction factor



Test Specification: Neutral



Suspected List								
NO.	Freq. [MHz]	Level [dBµV]	Factor [dB]	Limit [dBµV]	Margin [dB]	Reading [dBµV]	Detector	Type
1	0.1950	47.42	10.03	63.82	16.40	37.39	PK	N
2	0.3030	45.24	10.04	60.16	14.92	35.20	PK	N
3	0.6405	29.91	10.05	46.00	16.09	19.86	AV	N
4	0.7080	46.40	10.05	56.00	9.60	36.35	PK	N
5	1.2840	33.10	10.09	46.00	12.90	23.01	AV	N
6	1.2840	44.86	10.09	56.00	11.14	34.77	PK	N
7	1.9275	32.17	10.14	46.00	13.83	22.03	AV	N
8	2.5665	30.62	10.20	46.00	15.38	20.42	AV	N
9	2.5710	41.98	10.20	56.00	14.02	31.78	PK	N
10	3.2055	29.78	10.23	46.00	16.22	19.55	AV	N
11	4.1640	41.93	10.25	56.00	14.07	31.68	PK	N
12	4.8075	30.28	10.26	46.00	15.72	20.02	AV	N

Remark: Margin = Limit – Level
 Correction factor = Cable lose + LISN insertion loss
 Level=Test receiver reading + correction factor

Notes:

1. An initial pre-scan was performed on the line and neutral lines with peak detector.
 2. Quasi-Peak and Average measurement were performed at the frequencies with maximized peak emission.
 3. Final Level =Receiver Read level + LISN Factor + Cable Loss.
- If the average limit is met when using a quasi-peak detector receiver, the EUT shall be deemed to meet both limits and measurement with the average detector receiver is unnecessary.

3.2. Radiated Emissions and Band Edge

Limit

For intentional device, according to § 15.209(a), the general requirement of field strength of radiated emission out of authorized band shall not exceed the following table at a 3 meters measurement distance.

In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a)

Except when the requirements applicable to a given device state otherwise, emissions from licence-exempt transmitters shall comply with the field strength limits shown in table below.

Additionally, the level of any transmitter emission shall not exceed the level of the transmitter's fundamental emission

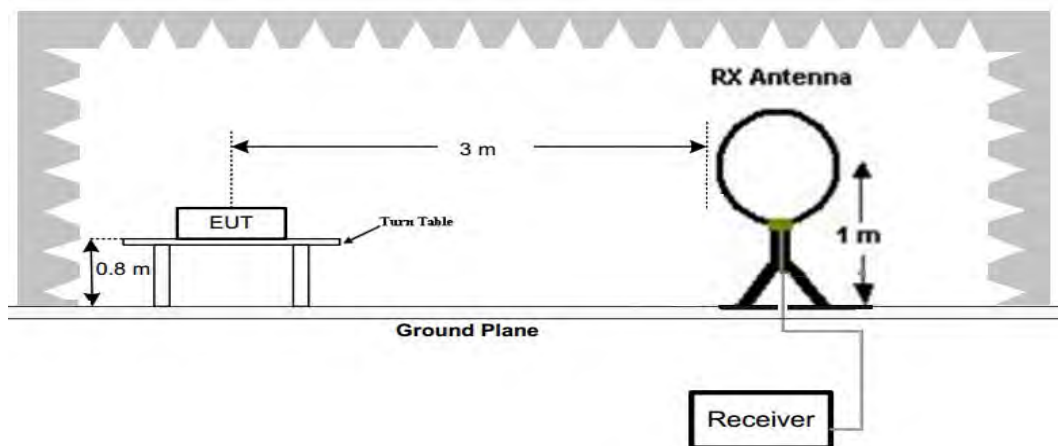
Unwanted emissions that fall into restricted bands shall comply with the limits specified in RSS-Gen; and Unwanted emissions that do not fall within the restricted frequency bands shall comply either with the limits specified in the applicable RSS or with those specified in this RSS-Gen.

Radiated emission limits

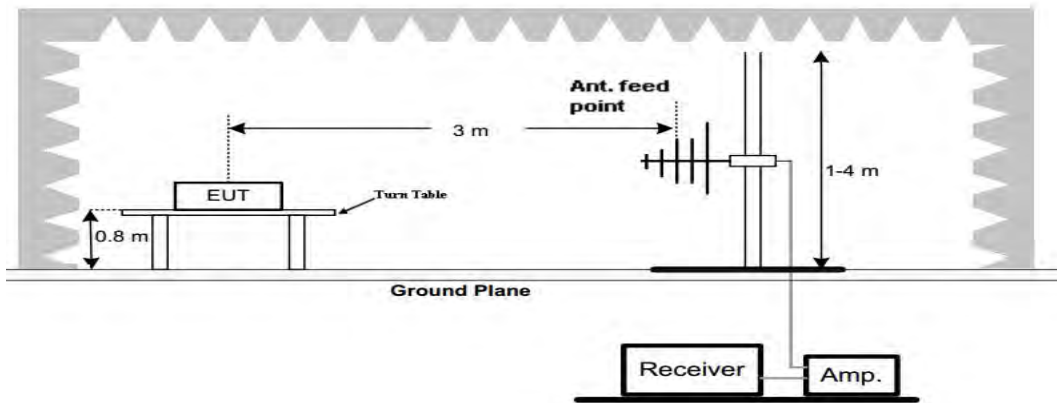
Frequency (MHz)	Distance (Meters)	Radiated (dBµV/m)	Radiated (µV/m)
0.009-0.49	3	$20\log(2400/F(\text{KHz}))+40\log(300/3)$	$2400/F(\text{KHz})$
0.49-1.705	3	$20\log(24000/F(\text{KHz}))+ 40\log(30/3)$	$24000/F(\text{KHz})$
1.705-30	3	$20\log(30)+ 40\log(30/3)$	30
30-88	3	40.0	100
88-216	3	43.5	150
216-960	3	46.0	200
Above 960	3	54.0	500

TEST CONFIGURATION

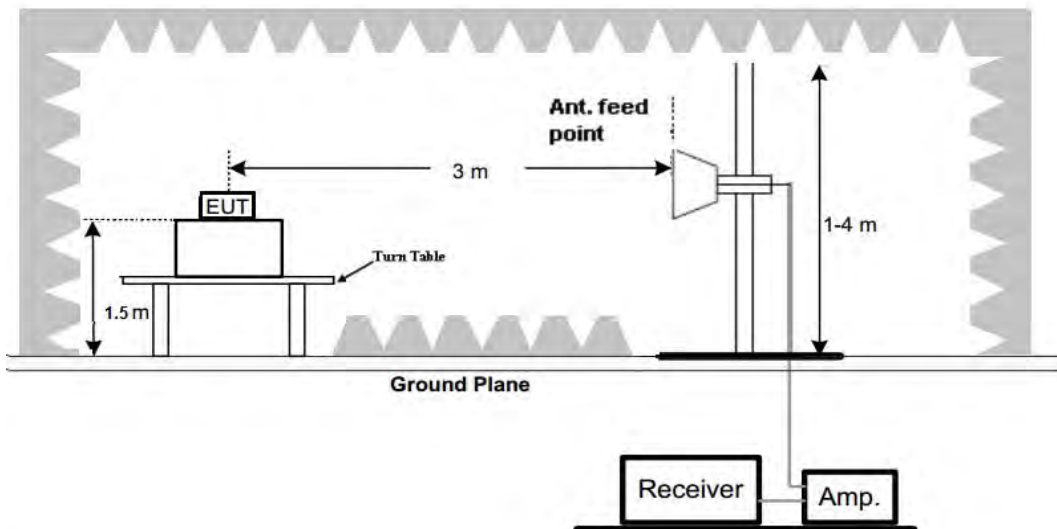
(A) Radiated Emission Test Set-Up, Frequency Below 30MHz



(B) Radiated Emission Test Set-Up, Frequency below 1000MHz



(C) Radiated Emission Test Set-Up, Frequency above 1000MHz



Test Procedure

- 1) Below 1G: The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- 2) Above 1G: The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 1.5 meters above the ground at a 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.

Note: For the radiated emission test above 1GHz: Place the measurement antenna away from each area of the EUT determined to be a source of emissions at the specified measurement distance, while keeping the measurement antenna aimed at the source of emissions at each frequency of significant emissions, with polarization oriented for maximum response. The measurement antenna may have to be higher or lower than the EUT, depending on the radiation pattern of the emission and staying aimed at the emission source for receiving the maximum signal. The final measurement antenna elevation shall be that which maximizes the emissions. The measurement antenna elevation for maximum emissions shall be restricted to a range of heights of from 1 m to 4 m above the ground or reference ground plane.

The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.

The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters (for the test frequency of below 30MHz, the antenna was tuned to heights 1 meter) and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.



If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.

Test the EUT in the lowest channel, the middle channel, the Highest channel

The radiation measurements are performed in X, Y, Z axis positioning for Transmitting mode, and found the X axis positioning which it is the worst case. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured was complete.

TEST RESULTS

Remark:

1. Radiated Emission measured at GFSK, $\pi/4$ DQPSK from 9 KHz to 10th harmonic of fundamental and recorded worst case at $\pi/4$ DQPSK 2DH5 mode.
2. Radiated emission test from 9KHz to 10th harmonic of fundamental was verified, and no emission found except system noise floor (more than 20dB below the limit) in 9KHz to 30MHz and not recorded in this report.
3. For below 1GHz testing recorded worst at $\pi/4$ DQPSK Low channel.

Below 1GHz Test Results:

Antenna polarity: H

Test Graph



Suspected List

Suspected List									
NO.	Freq. [MHz]	Factor [dB]	Reading [dBµV/m]	Level [dBµV/m]	Limit [dBµV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
1	115.4454	-16.34	39.45	23.11	43.50	20.39	100	187	Horizontal
2	206.7167	-14.89	46.51	31.62	43.50	11.88	100	117	Horizontal
3	287.3073	-12.95	48.00	35.05	46.00	10.95	100	69	Horizontal
4	378.5786	-10.85	42.93	32.08	46.00	13.92	100	258	Horizontal
5	479.5596	-8.44	35.64	27.20	46.00	18.80	100	248	Horizontal
6	701.9119	-5.03	28.93	23.90	46.00	22.10	100	280	Horizontal

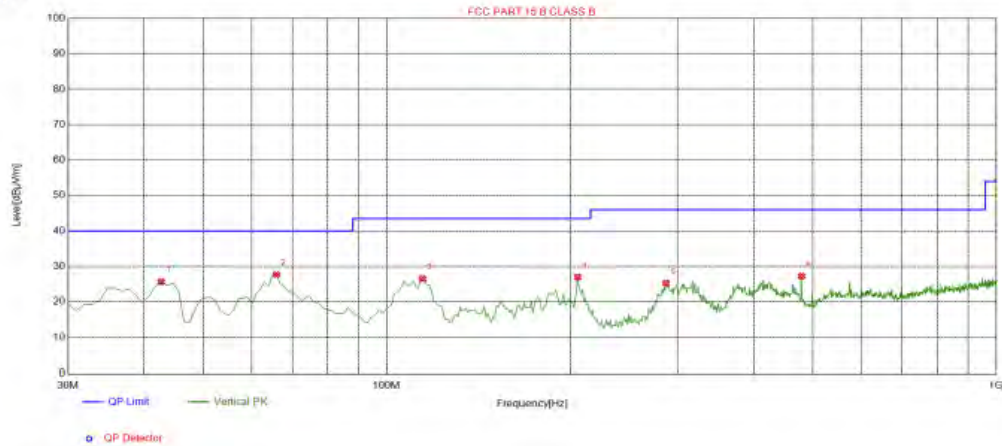
Remark: Margin = Limit – Level

Correction Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable loss – Pre-amplifier

Level=Test receiver reading + correction factor



Antenna polarity: V
 Test Graph



Suspected List

Suspected List									
NO.	Freq. [MHz]	Factor [dB]	Reading [dBµV/m]	Level [dBµV/m]	Limit [dBµV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
1	42.6226	-14.07	39.71	25.64	40.00	14.36	100	93	Vertical
2	65.9259	-16.65	44.41	27.76	40.00	12.24	100	144	Vertical
3	114.4745	-16.18	42.69	26.51	43.50	16.99	100	311	Vertical
4	205.7457	-14.91	41.89	26.98	43.50	16.52	100	244	Vertical
5	287.3073	-12.95	38.21	25.26	46.00	20.74	100	192	Vertical
6	479.5596	-8.44	35.68	27.24	46.00	18.76	100	358	Vertical

Remark: Margin = Limit – Level
 Correction Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable loss – Pre-amplifier
 Level=Test receiver reading + correction factor

**For 1GHz to 25GHz**

Worst case:

2DH5--CH Low (2402MHz)

Horizontal:

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dB μ V)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dB μ V/m)	Limits (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Type
4804.00	58.19	-3.65	54.54	74.00	-19.46	Peak
4804.00	45.25	-3.65	41.60	54.00	-12.40	AVG
7206.00	57.22	-0.95	56.27	74.00	-17.73	Peak
7206.00	44.62	-0.95	43.67	54.00	-10.33	AVG

Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier

Vertical:

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dB μ V)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dB μ V/m)	Limits (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Type
4804.00	57.54	-3.65	53.89	74.00	-20.11	Peak
4804.00	45.62	-3.65	41.97	54.00	-12.03	AVG
7206.00	57.08	-0.95	56.13	74.00	-17.87	Peak
7206.00	44.87	-0.95	43.92	54.00	-10.08	AVG

Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier



2DH5--CH Middle (2441MHz)

Horizontal:

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dB μ V)	(dB)	(dB μ V/m)	(dB μ V/m)	(dB)	
4882.00	58.22	-3.54	54.68	74.00	-19.32	Peak
4882.00	45.27	-3.54	41.73	54.00	-12.27	AVG
7323.00	57.91	-0.81	57.10	74.00	-16.90	Peak
7323.00	44.21	-0.81	43.40	54.00	-10.60	AVG

Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier

Vertical:

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dB μ V)	(dB)	(dB μ V/m)	(dB μ V/m)	(dB)	
4882.00	58.02	-3.54	54.48	74.00	-19.52	Peak
4882.00	45.31	-3.54	41.77	54.00	-12.23	AVG
7323.00	57.75	-0.81	56.94	74.00	-17.06	Peak
7323.00	44.23	-0.81	43.40	54.00	-10.58	AVG

Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier



2DH5--CH High (2480MHz)

Horizontal:

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dB μ V)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dB μ V/m)	Limits (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Type
4960.00	57.92	-3.43	54.49	74.00	-19.51	Peak
4960.00	44.05	-3.43	40.62	54.00	-13.38	AVG
7440.00	57.02	-0.77	56.25	74.00	-17.75	Peak
7440.00	44.11	-0.77	43.34	54.00	-10.66	AVG

Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier

Vertical:

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dB μ V)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dB μ V/m)	Limits (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Type
4960.00	57.03	-3.43	53.60	74.00	-20.40	Peak
4960.00	44.05	-3.43	40.62	54.00	-13.38	AVG
7440.00	55.49	-0.77	54.72	74.00	-19.28	Peak
7440.00	43.24	-0.77	42.47	54.00	-11.53	AVG

Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier

Remark :

- (1) Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 25 GHz.
- (2) "F" denotes fundamental frequency; "H" denotes spurious frequency. "E" denotes band edge frequency.
- (3) * denotes emission frequency which appearing within the Restricted Bands specified in provision of 15.205, then the general radiated emission limits in 15.209 apply.
- (4) Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- (5) The IF bandwidth of EMI Test Receiver between 30MHz to 1GHz was 120KHz, 1 MHz for measuring above 1 GHz, below 30MHz was 10KHz. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1MHz and video bandwidth is 3MHz for peak measurement with peak detector at frequency above 1GHz. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1MHz and video bandwidth is 10Hz for Average measurement with peak detection at frequency above 1GHz.
- (6) When the test results of Peak Detected below the limits of Average Detected, the Average Detected is not need completed. For example: Top Channel at Fundamental 73.16dBuV/m(PK Value) <93.98(AV Limit), at harmonic 53.20 dBuV/m(PK Value) <54 dBuV/m(AV Limit), the Average Detected not need to completed.
- (7) All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case emissions are reported.

**Radiated Band Edge Test:**

Hopping

Operation Mode: TX CH Low (2402MHz)

Horizontal (Worst case: 2DH5)

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dB μ V)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dB μ V/m)	Limits (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Type
2310	61.28	-5.81	55.47	74.00	-18.53	Peak
2310	44.74	-5.81	38.93	54.00	-15.07	AVG
2390	60.45	-5.84	54.61	74.00	-19.39	Peak
2390	47.46	-5.84	41.62	54.00	-12.38	AVG

Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier

Vertical:

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dB μ V)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dB μ V/m)	Limits (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Type
2310	60.55	-5.81	54.74	74.00	-19.26	Peak
2310	44.12	-5.81	38.31	54.00	-15.69	AVG
2390	60.27	-5.84	54.43	74.00	-19.57	Peak
2390	47.98	-5.84	42.14	54.00	-11.86	AVG

Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier



Operation Mode: TX CH High (2480MHz)

Horizontal (Worst case: 2DH5)

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dB μ V)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dB μ V/m)	Limits (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Type
2483.5	59.78	-6.04	53.74	74.00	-20.26	Peak
2483.5	47.33	-6.04	41.29	54.00	-12.71	AVG
2500	59.12	-6.06	53.06	74.00	-20.94	Peak
2500	47.12	-6.06	41.06	54.00	-12.94	AVG
Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier						

Vertical:

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dB μ V)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dB μ V/m)	Limits (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Type
2483.5	58.79	-6.04	52.75	74.00	-21.25	Peak
2483.5	48.11	-6.04	42.07	54.00	-11.93	AVG
2500	58.67	-6.06	52.61	74.00	-21.39	Peak
2500	46.81	-6.06	40.75	54.00	-13.25	AVG
Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier						



NO hopping

Operation Mode: TX CH Low (2402MHz)

Horizontal (Worst case: 2DH5)

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dB μ V)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dB μ V/m)	Limits (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Type
2310	61.27	-5.81	55.46	74.00	-18.54	Peak
2310	45.11	-5.81	39.30	54.00	-14.70	AVG
2390	59.61	-5.84	53.77	74.00	-20.23	Peak
2390	47.21	-5.84	41.37	54.00	-12.63	AVG
2400	60.18	-5.84	54.34	74.00	-19.66	PK
2400	47.61	-5.84	41.77	54.00	-12.23	AV

Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier

Vertical:

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dB μ V)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dB μ V/m)	Limits (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Type
2310	59.39	-5.81	53.58	74.00	-20.42	Peak
2310	45.06	-5.81	39.25	54.00	-14.75	AVG
2390	59.41	-5.84	53.57	74.00	-20.43	Peak
2390	48.13	-5.84	42.29	54.00	-11.71	AVG
2400	59.66	-5.84	53.82	74.00	-20.18	Peak
2400	47.08	-5.84	41.24	54.00	-12.76	AVG

Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier



Operation Mode: TX CH High (2480MHz)

Horizontal (Worst case: 2DH5)

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dB μ V)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dB μ V/m)	Limits (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Type
2483.5	58.34	-6.04	52.30	74.00	-21.70	Peak
2483.5	48.13	-6.04	42.09	54.00	-11.91	AVG
2500	58.06	-6.06	52.00	74.00	-22.00	Peak
2500	47.82	-6.06	41.76	54.00	-12.24	AVG

Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier

Vertical:

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dB μ V)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dB μ V/m)	Limits (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Type
2483.5	58.22	-6.04	52.18	74.00	-21.82	Peak
2483.5	48.19	-6.04	42.15	54.00	-11.85	AVG
2500	57.92	-6.06	51.86	74.00	-22.14	Peak
2500	47.56	-6.06	41.50	54.00	-12.50	AVG

Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier



3.3. Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power

Limit

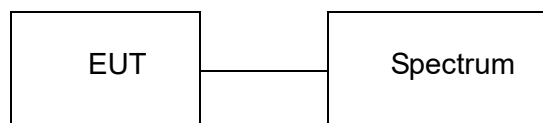
For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt.

For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

Test Procedure

Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the Spectrum.

Test Configuration



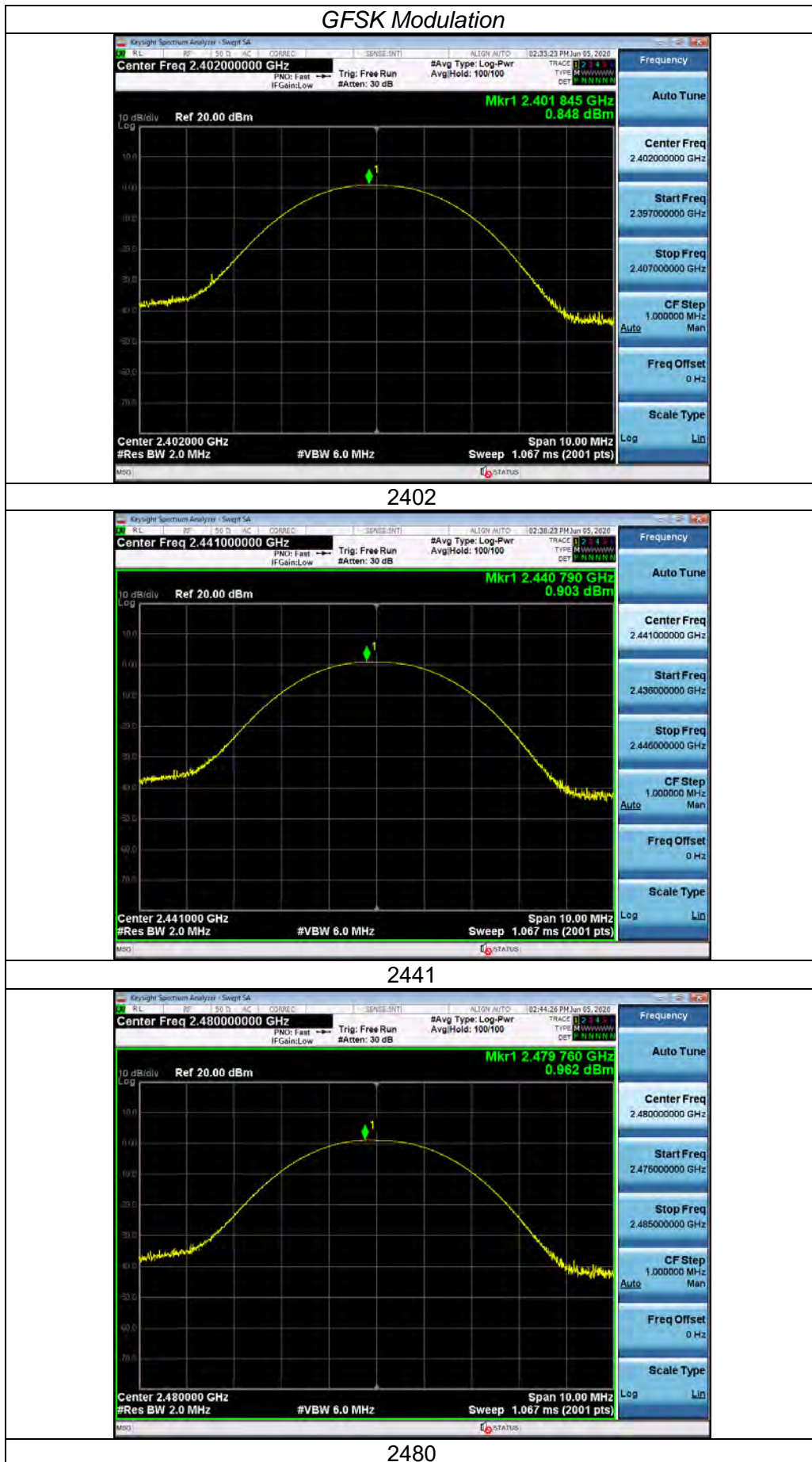
Test Results

Type	Channel	Output power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
GFSK	00	0.848	21	Pass
	39	0.903		
	78	0.962		
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	00	1.603	21	Pass
	39	1.642		
	78	1.645		

Note: 1.The test results including the cable lose.



Refer to the figure below:





$\pi/4$ DQPSK Modulation



2402



2441



2480



3.4. 20dB Bandwidth

Limit

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

Test Procedure

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured by spectrum analyzer with RBW (1% to 5% of the OBW) and VBW is 3 X RBW.

The 20dB bandwidth is defined as the total spectrum the power of which is higher than peak power minus 20dB.

The occupied bandwidth is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power of the given emission. The following procedure shall be used for measuring 99% power bandwidth:

RBW=1% to 5% of the OBW

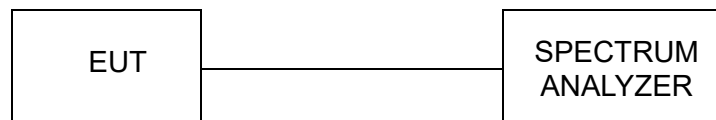
VBW=approximately 3 X RBW

Detector=Peak

Trace Mode: Max Hold

Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument to measure the Occupied Bandwidth and recorded.

Test Configuration



Test Results

Modulation	Channel	20dB bandwidth (MHz)	Result
GFSK	CH00	0.8875	Pass
	CH39	0.8874	
	CH78	0.8881	
π/4DQPSK	CH00	1.283	
	CH39	1.283	
	CH78	1.306	



Test plot as follows:

GFSK Modulation



CH00



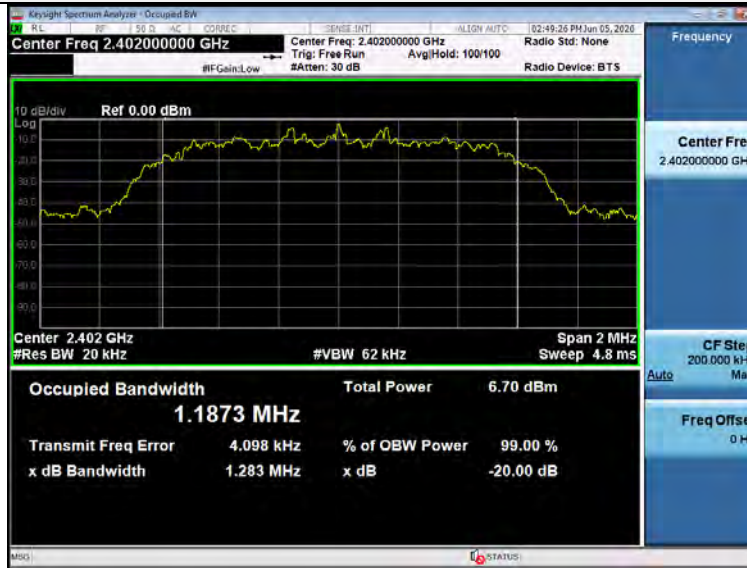
CH39



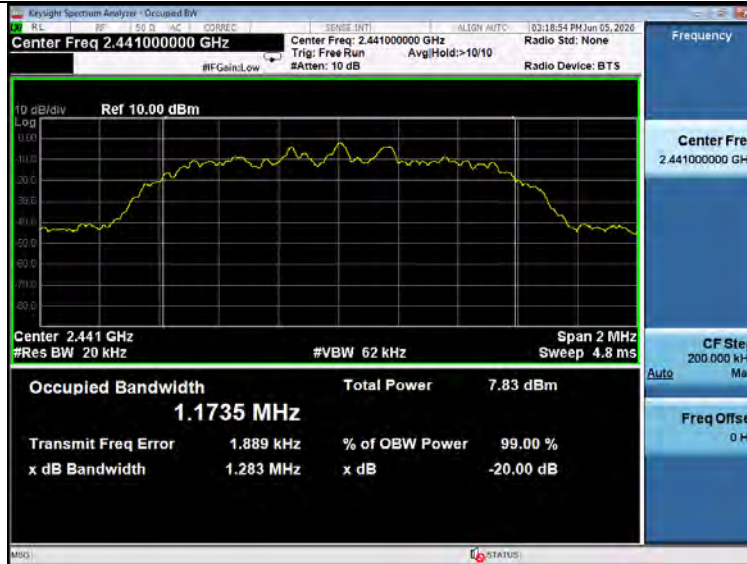
CH78



$\pi/4$ DQPSK Modulation



CH00



CH39



CH78



3.5. Frequency Separation

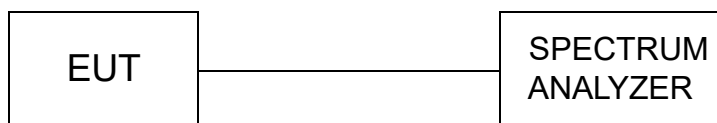
LIMIT

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by minimum of 25KHz or the $2/3 \times 20\text{dB}$ bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured by spectrum analyzer with 30 KHz RBW and 100 KHz VBW.

TEST CONFIGURATION

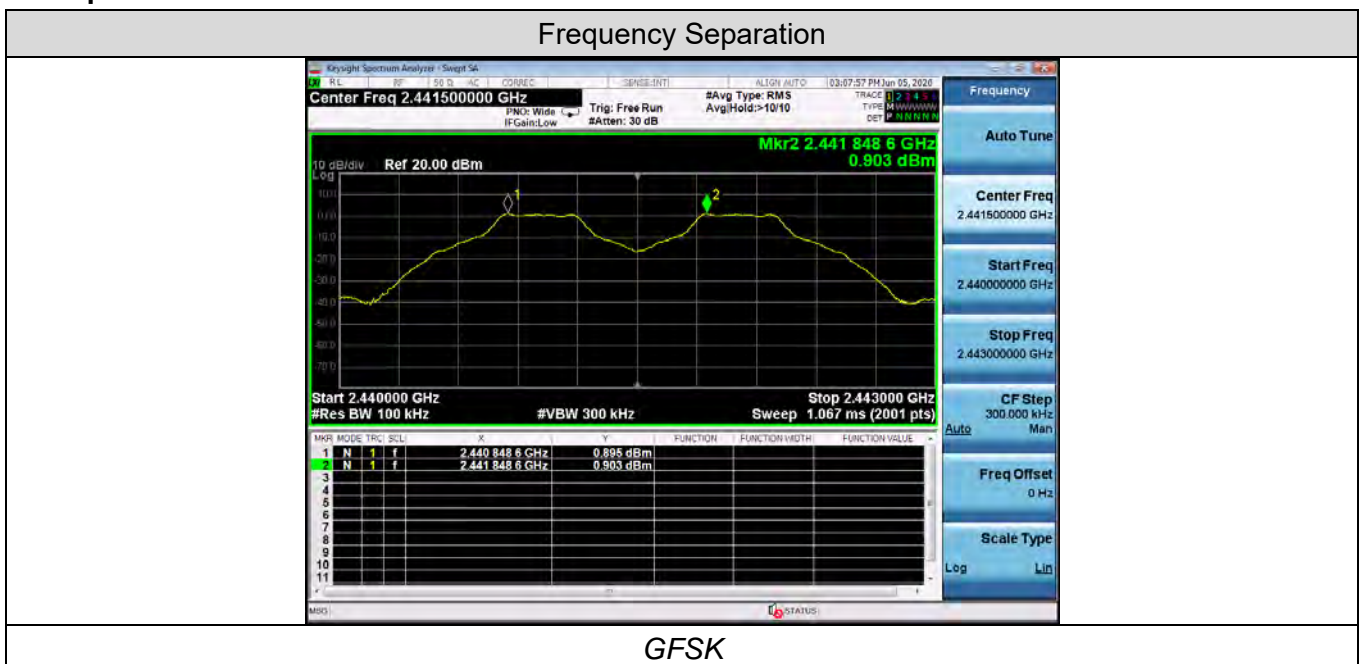


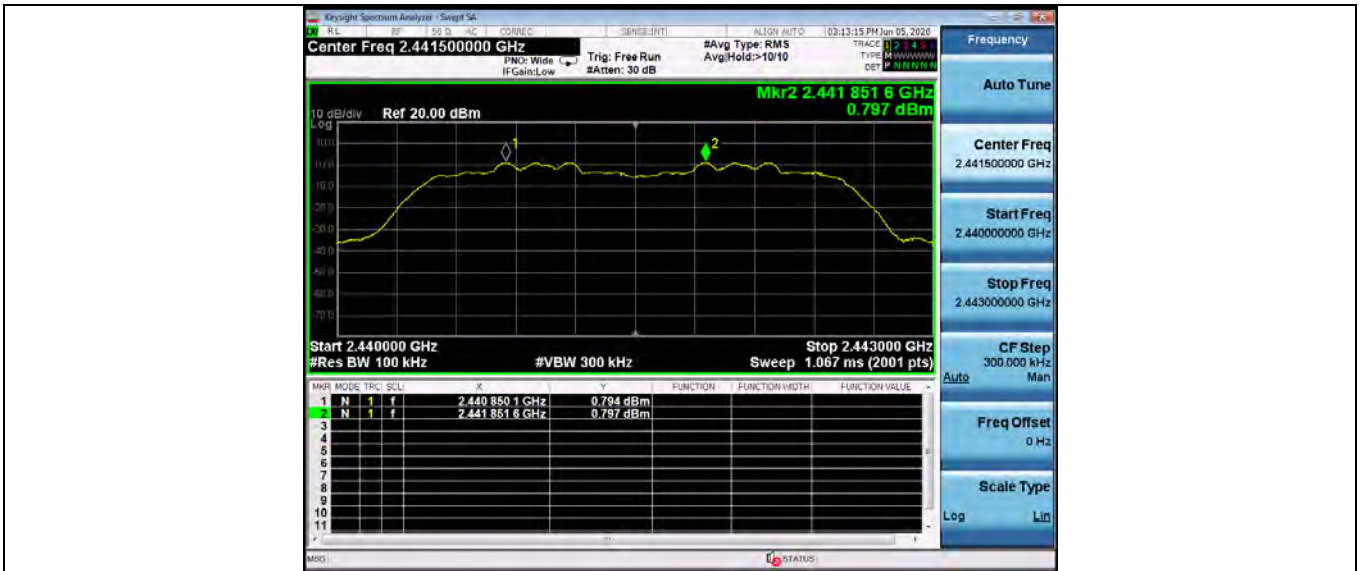
TEST RESULTS

Modulation	Channel	Channel Separation (MHz)	Limit(MHz)	Result
GFSK	CH39	1.0000	2/3*20dB bandwidth	Pass
	CH40			
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	CH39	1.0051	2/3*20dB bandwidth	Pass
	CH40			

Note: We have tested all mode at high, middle and low channel, and recorded worst case

Test plot as follows:





$\pi/4$ DQPSK



3.6. Number of hopping frequency

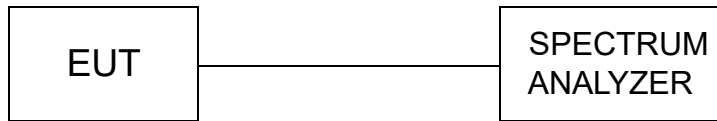
Limit

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

Test Procedure

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator. Set spectrum analyzer start 2400MHz to 2483.5MHz.

Test Configuration



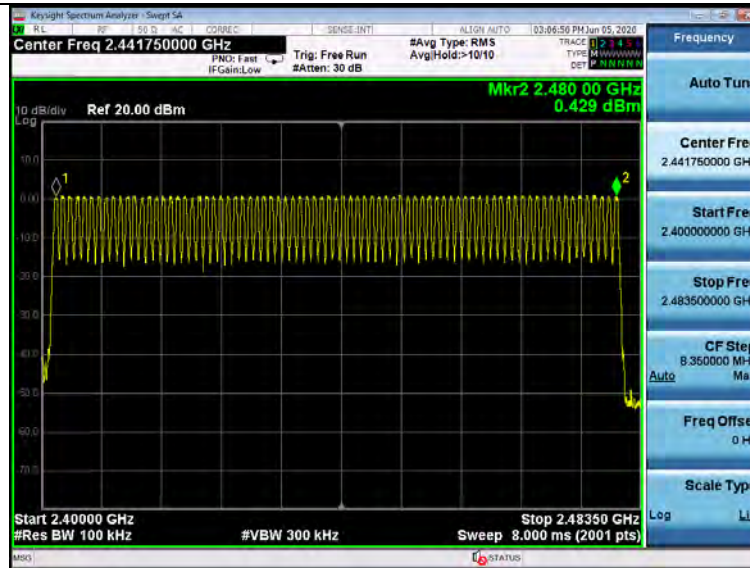
Test Results

Modulation	Number of Hopping Channel	Limit	Result
GFSK	79	≥15	Pass
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	79		

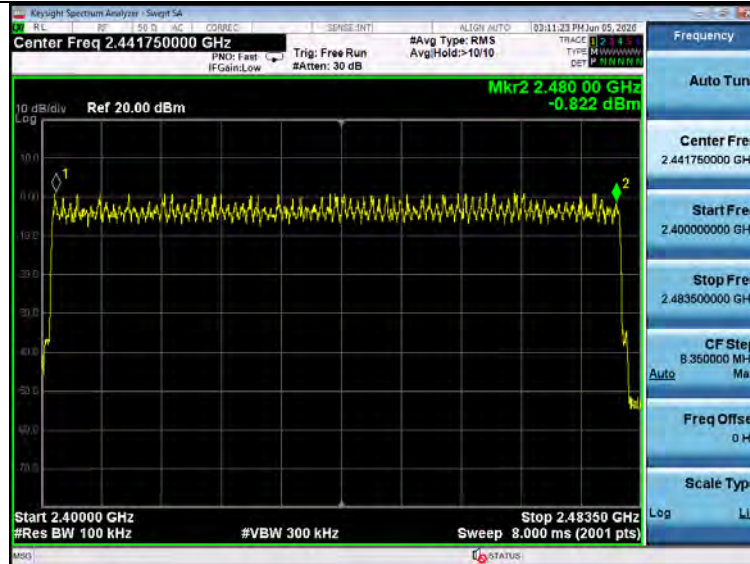


Test plot as follows:

GFSK Modulation



$\pi/4$ DQPSK Modulation





3.7. Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)

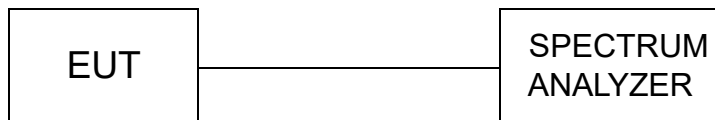
Limit

The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

Test Procedure

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator. Set center frequency of spectrum analyzer=operating frequency with 1MHz RBW and 3MHz VBW, Span 0Hz.

Test Configuration



Test Results

Modulation	Packet	Pulse time (ms)	Dwell time (ms)	Limit (ms)	Result
GFSK	DH1	0.379	121.280	400	Pass
	DH3	1.635	261.600		
	DH5	2.887	307.947		
π/4DQPSK	2-DH1	0.389	124.512	400	Pass
	2-DH3	1.644	263.040		
	2-DH5	2.891	308.373		

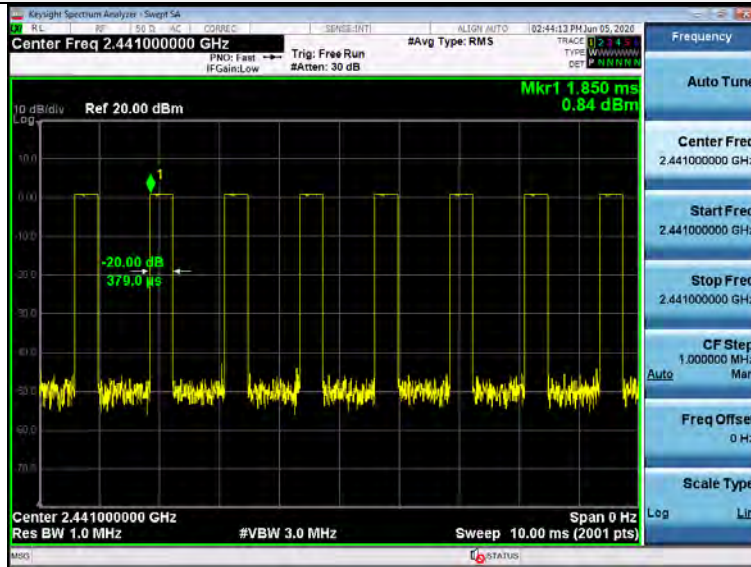
Note:

1. We have tested all mode at high,middle and low channel,and recoreded worst case at middle channel.
2. Dwell time=Pulse time (ms) × (1600 ÷ 2 ÷ 79) ×31.6 Second for DH1, 2-DH1, 3DH1
Dwell time=Pulse time (ms) × (1600 ÷ 4 ÷ 79) ×31.6 Second for DH3, 2-DH3, 3DH3
Dwell time=Pulse time (ms) × (1600 ÷ 6 ÷ 79) ×31.6 Second for DH5, 2-DH5, 3DH5



Test plot as follows:

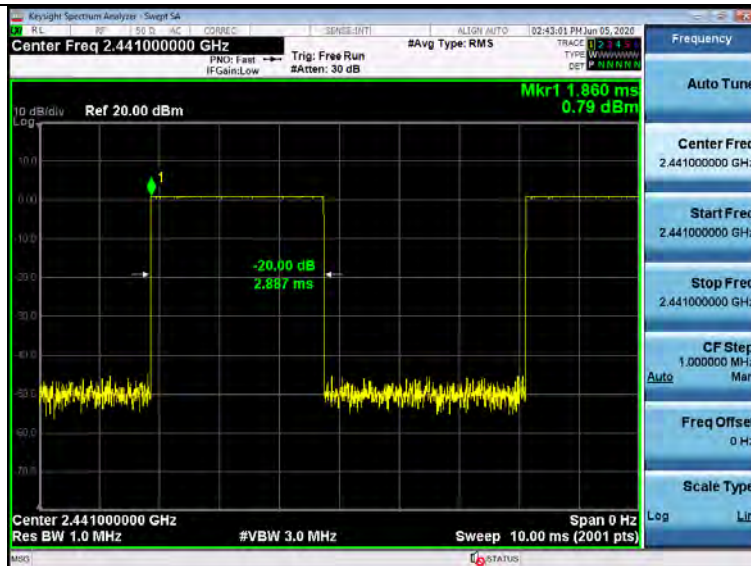
GFSK Modulation



DH1



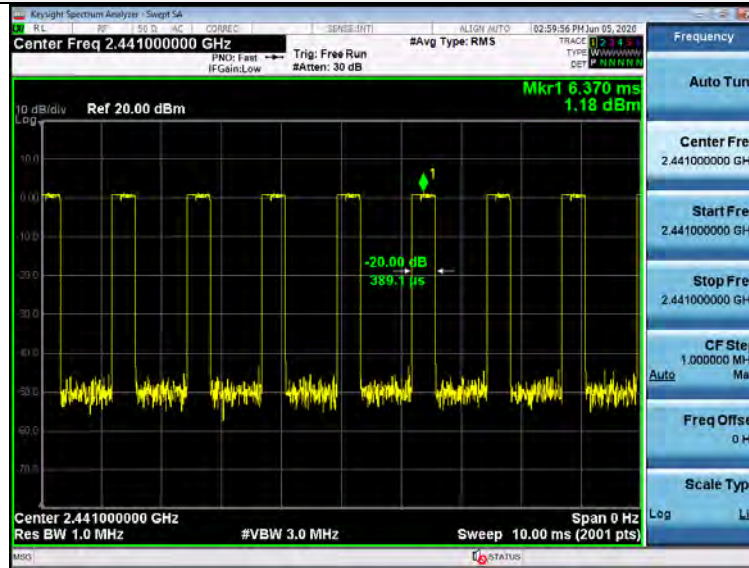
DH3



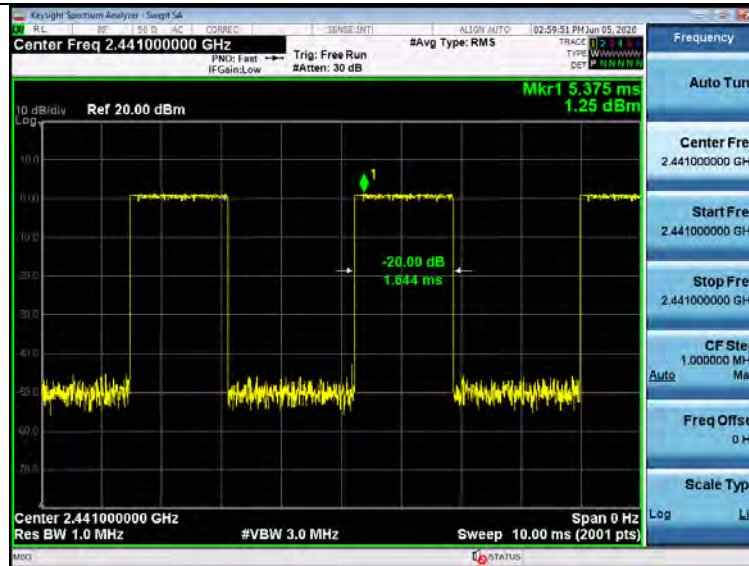
DH5



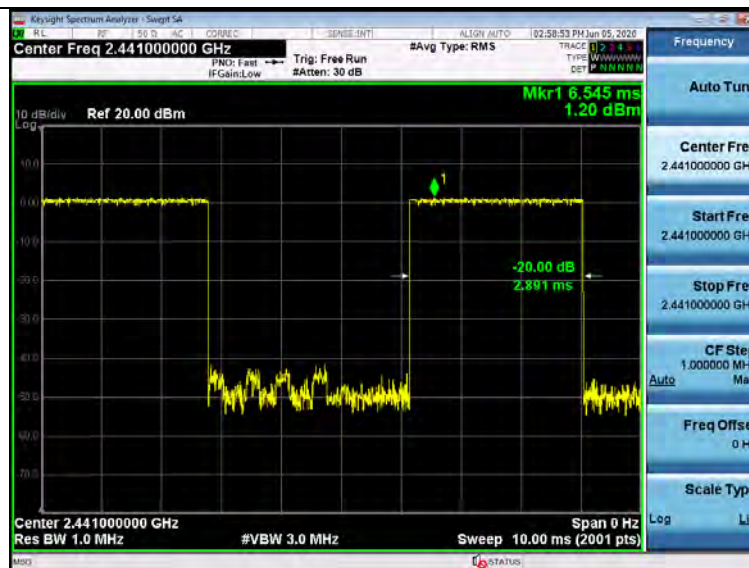
$\pi/4$ DQPSK Modulation



2-DH1



2-DH3



2-DH5



3.8. Out-of-band Emissions

Limit

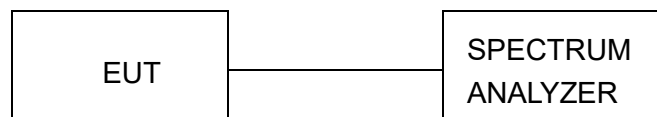
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required.

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under Section 5.4(4), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required.

Test Procedure

Connect the transmitter output to spectrum analyzer using a low loss RF cable, and set the spectrum analyzer to RBW=100 kHz, VBW= 300 kHz, peak detector, and max hold. Measurements utilizing these settings are made of the in-band reference level, band-edge and out-of-band emissions.

Test Configuration

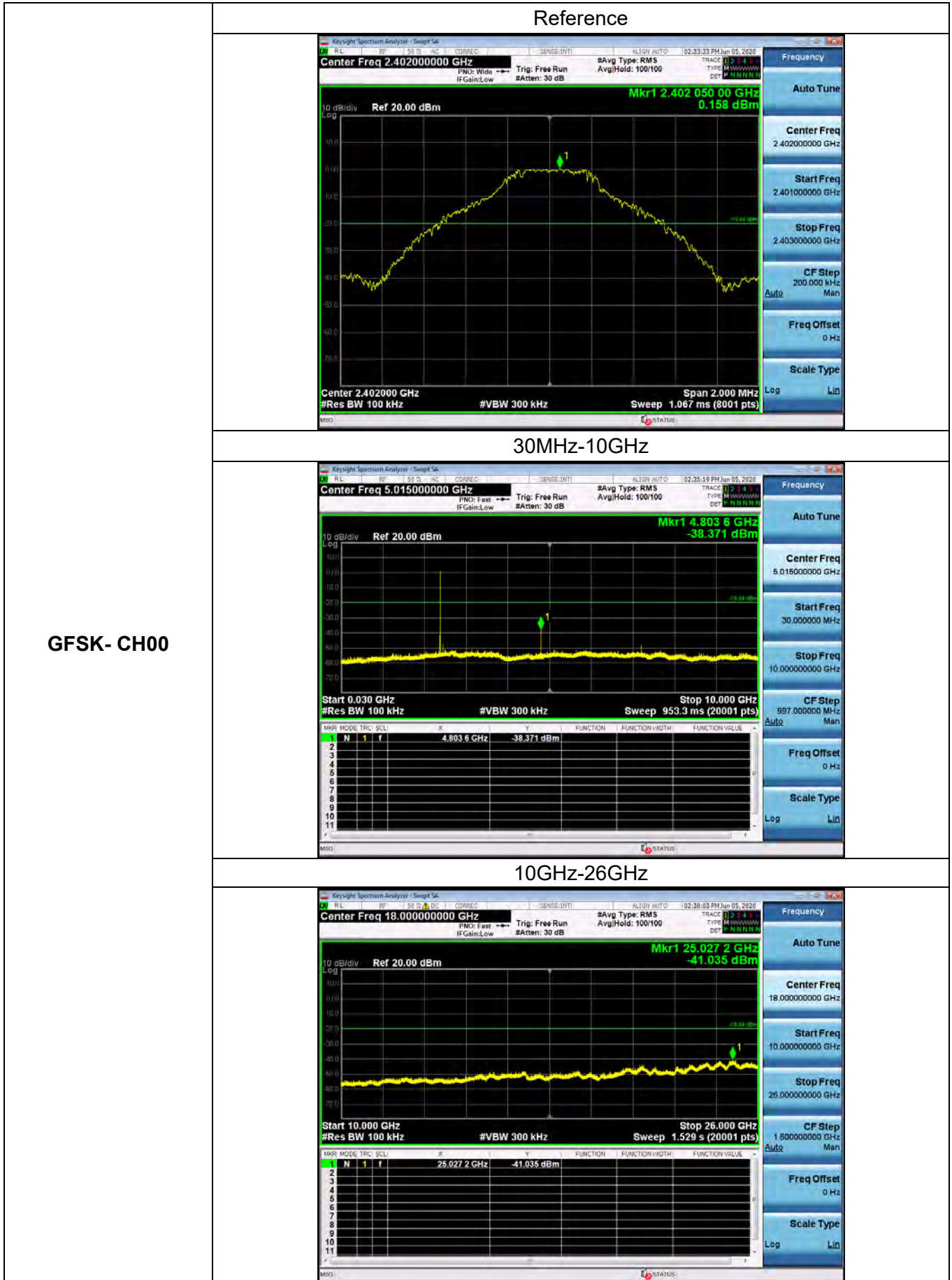


Test Results

Remark: The measurement frequency range is from 30MHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The lowest, middle and highest channels are tested to verify the spurious emissions and band-edge measurement data.



Test plot as follows:



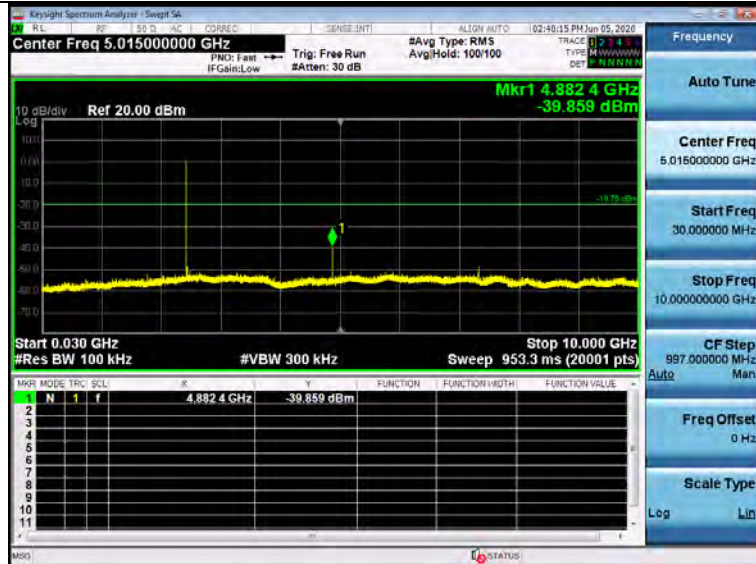


GFSK- CH39

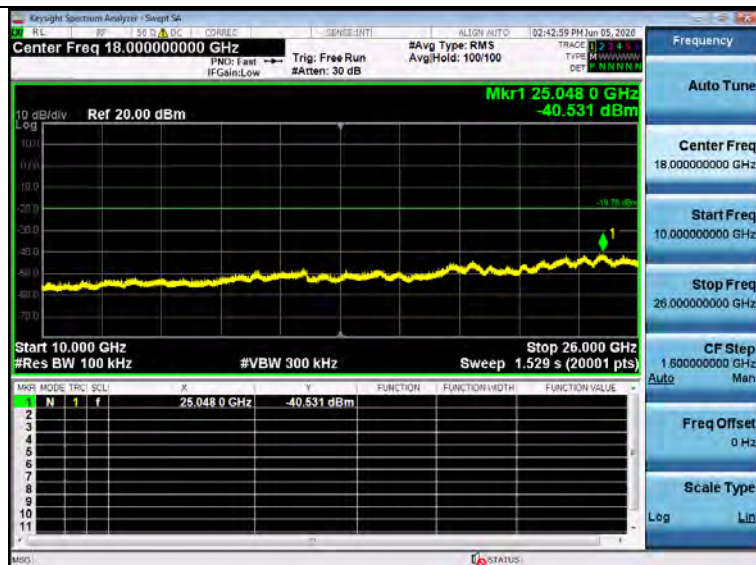
Reference



30MHz-10GHz

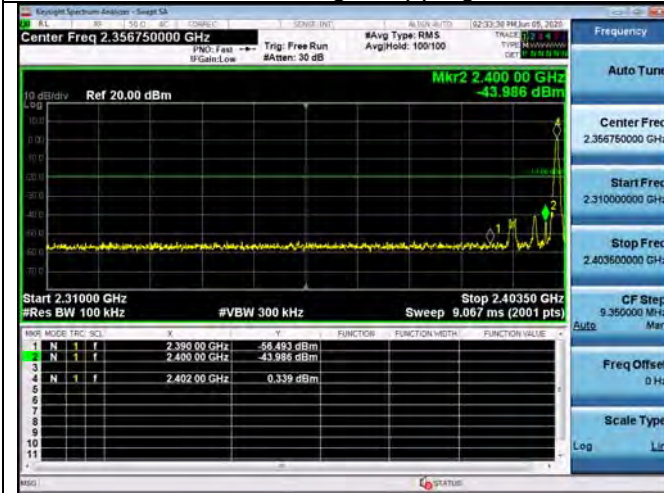


10GHz-26GHz

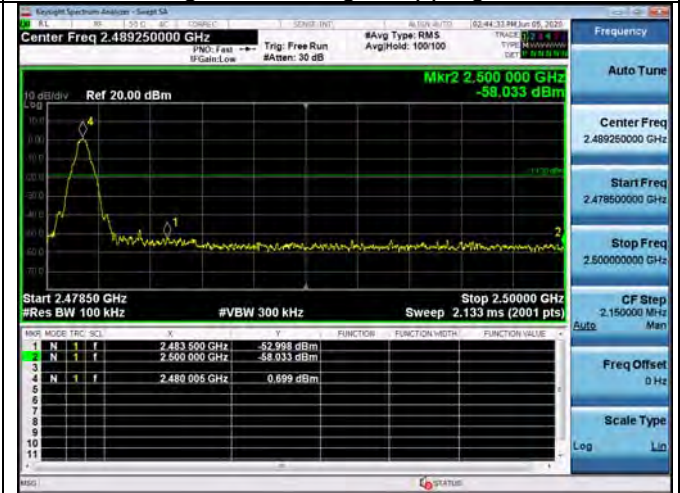




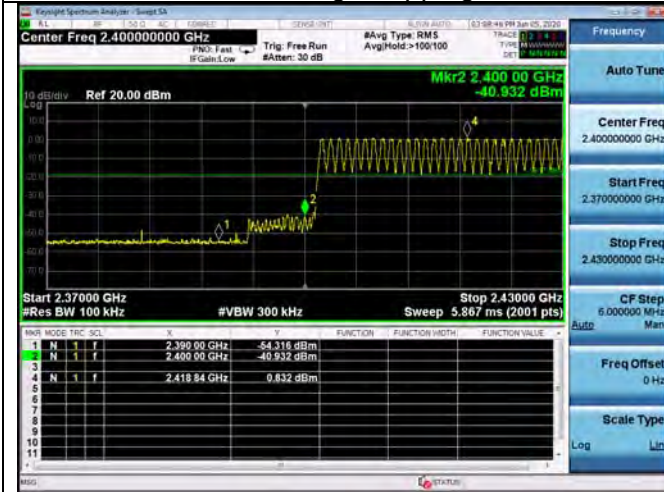
Left Band edge hopping off



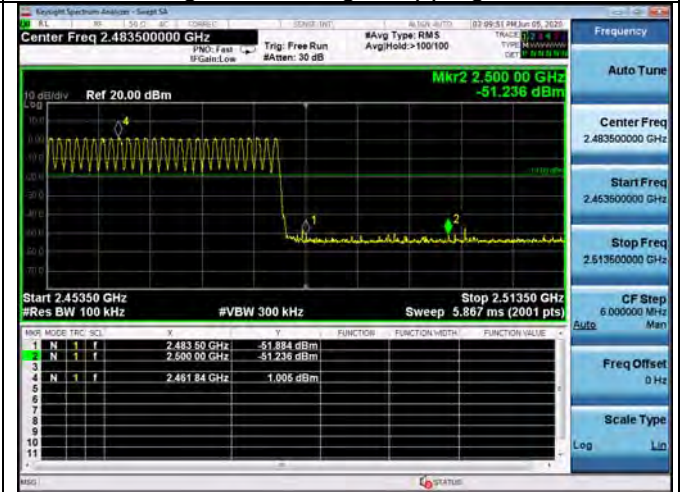
Right Band edge hopping off



Left Band edge hopping on



Right Band edge hopping on

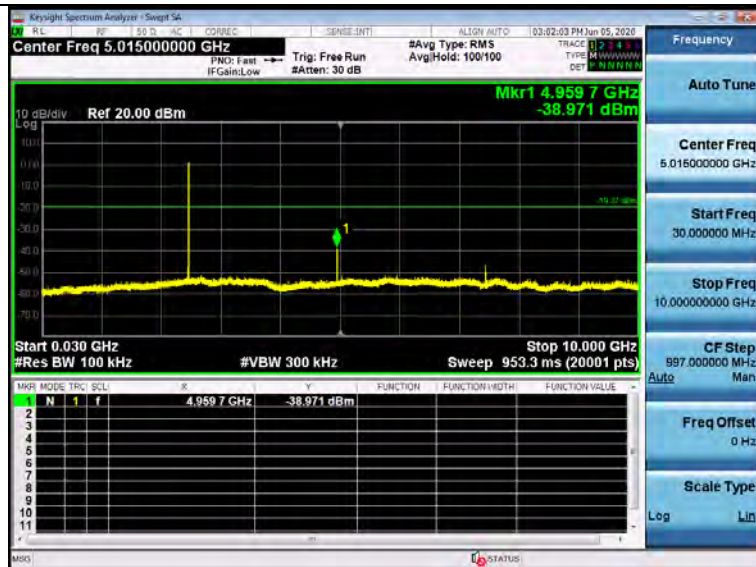




Reference

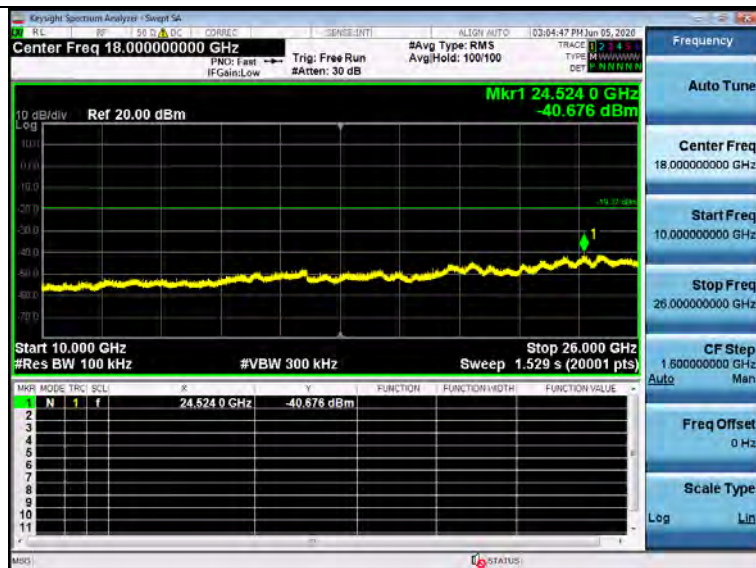


30MHz-10GHz



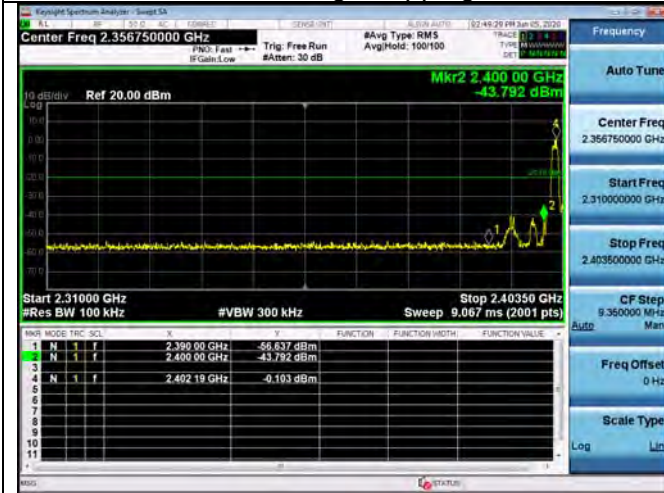
π /4DQPSK – CH78

10GHz-26GHz

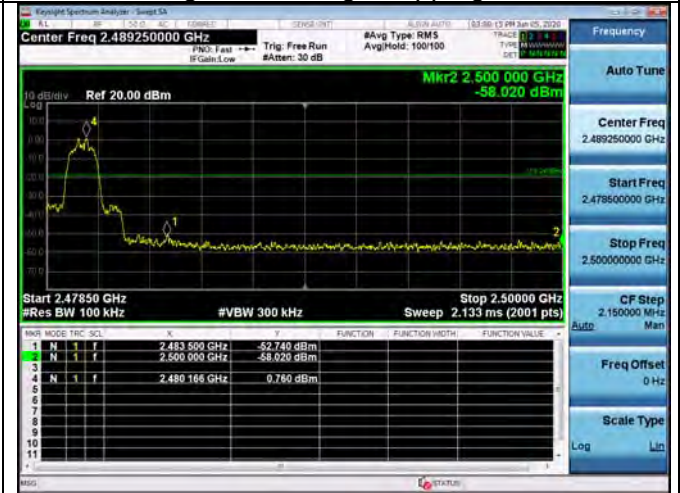




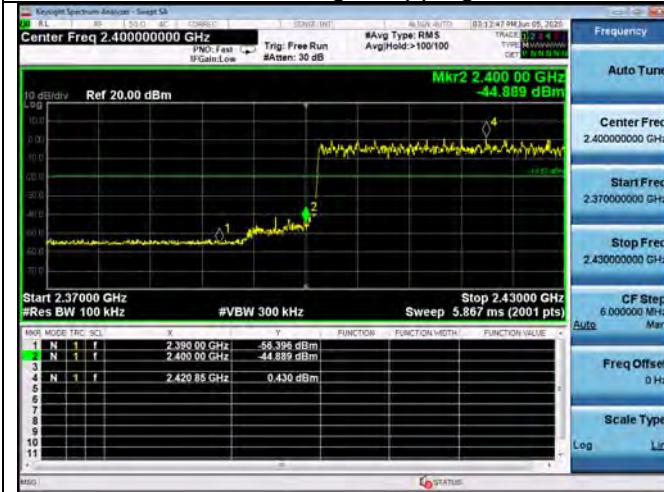
Left Band edge hopping off



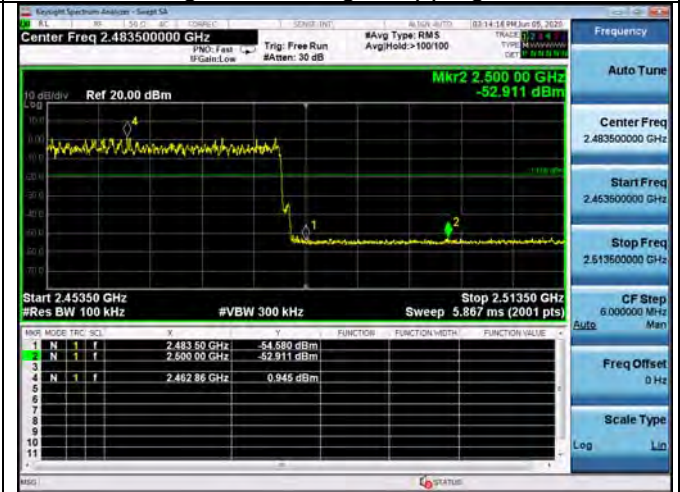
Right Band edge hopping off



Left Band edge hopping on



Right Band edge hopping on



3.9. Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

TEST APPLICABLE

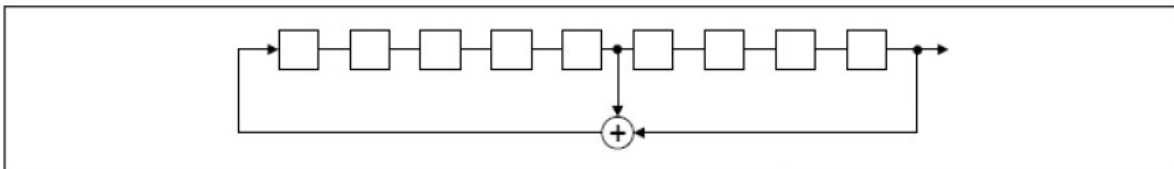
For 47 CFR Part 15C section 15.247 (a) (1):

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hop-ping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW. The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hop-ping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

EUT Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence Requirement

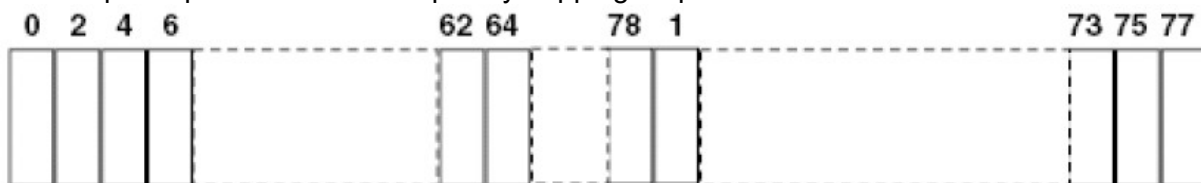
The pseudorandom frequency hopping sequence may be generated in a nine-stage shift register whose 5th and 9th stage outputs are added in a modulo-two addition stage. And the result is fed back to the input of the first stage. The sequence begins with the first one of 9 consecutive ones, for example: the shift register is initialized with nine ones.

- Number of shift register stages:9
- Length of pseudo-random sequence:29-1=511 bits
- Longest sequence of zeros:8(non-inverted signal)



Linear Feedback Shift Register for Generation of the PRBS sequence

An example of pseudorandom frequency hopping sequence as follows:



Each frequency used equally one the average by each transmitter.

The system receiver have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitter and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

3.10. ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

Standard Applicable

For intentional device, according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. And according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.247, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

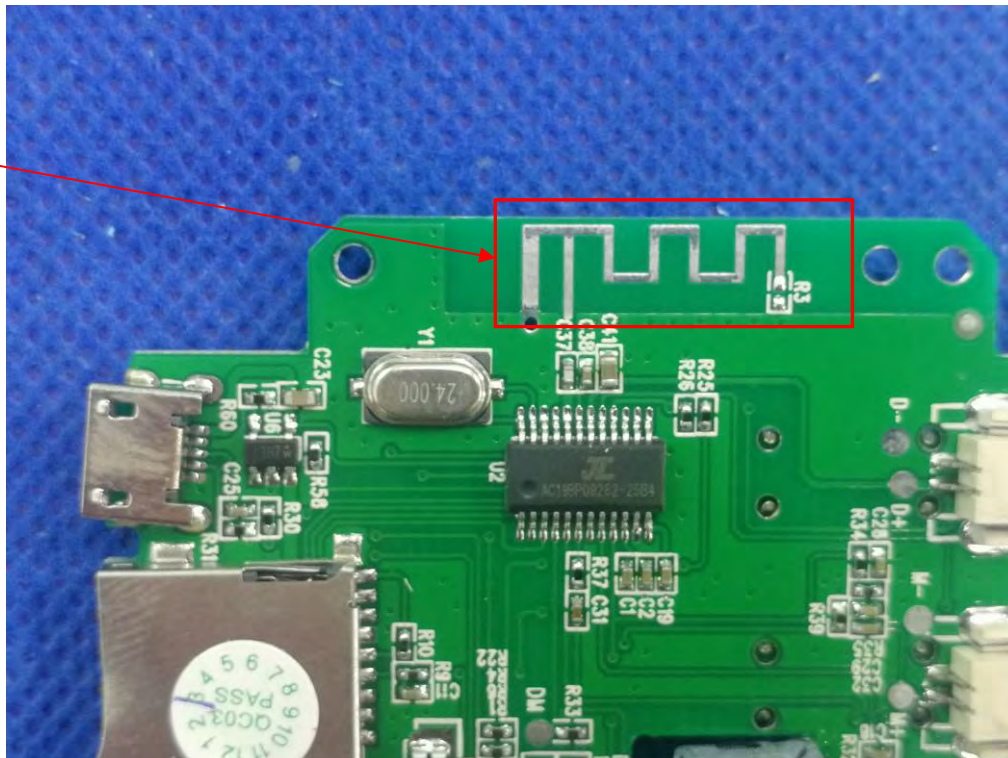
Refer to statement below for compliance.

The manufacturer may design the unit so that the user can replace a broken antenna, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed.

Antenna Connected Construction

The PCB antenna used in the product is a permanently connected antenna that complies with the provisions of part 15.203 requirement in this section. The antenna used in this product is a PCB Antenna, The directional gains of antenna used for transmitting is 0 dBi.

BT Antenna



4. Test Setup Photos of the EUT

30MHz-1000MHz



Above 1000MHz





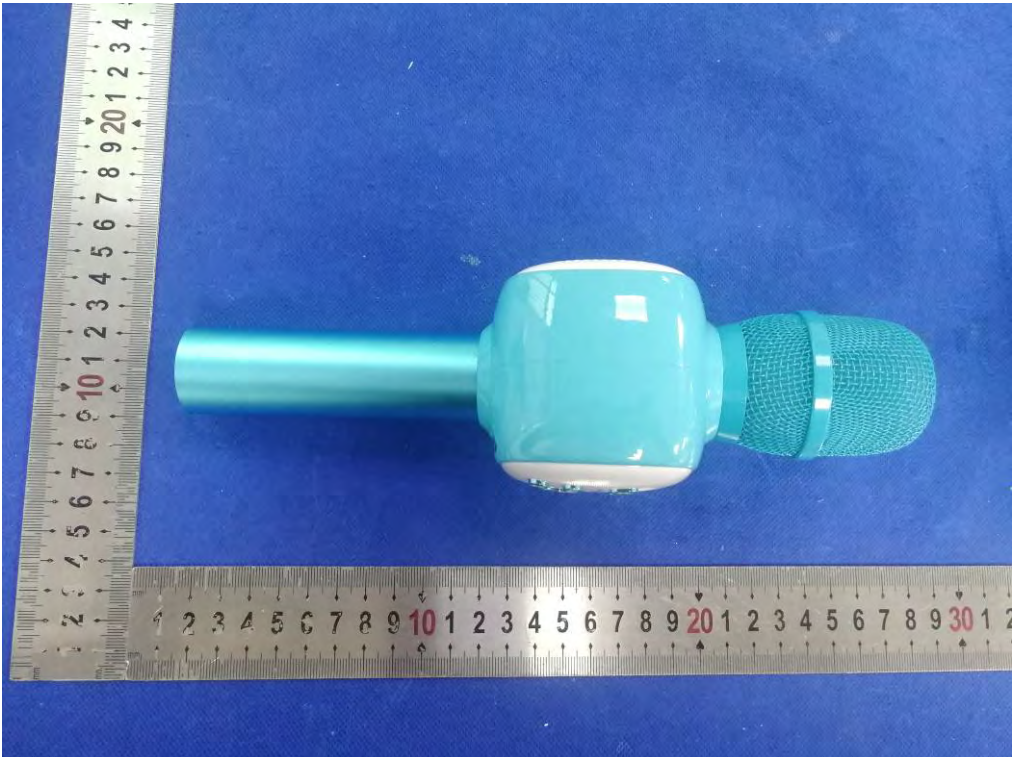
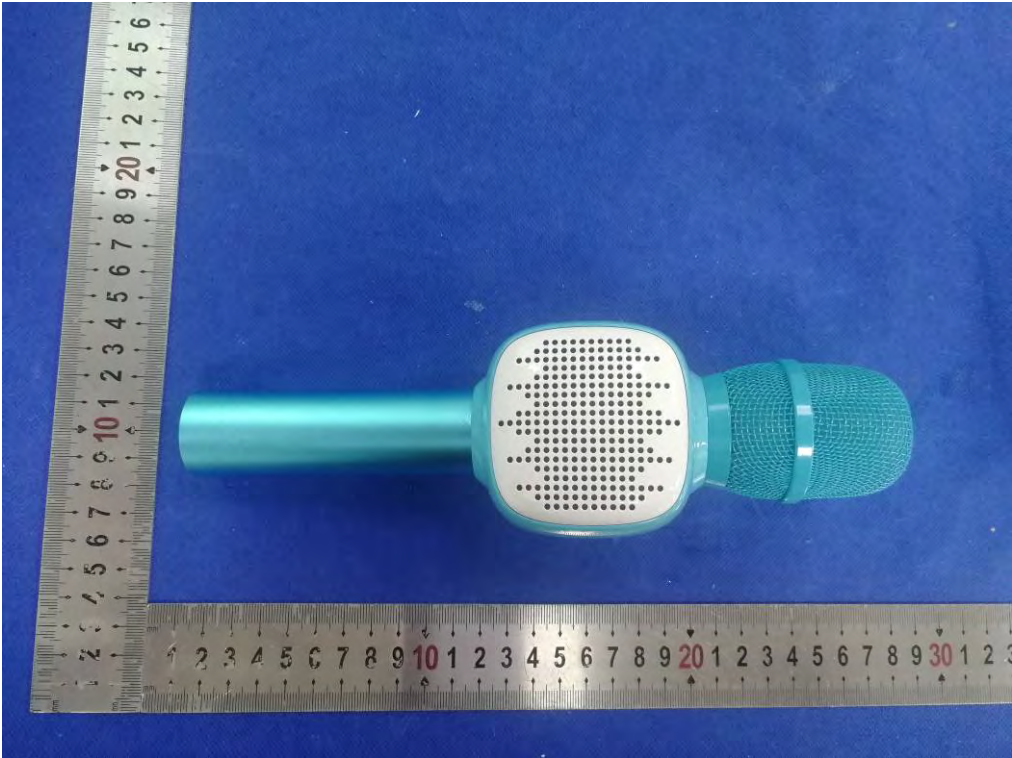
Conducted Emission

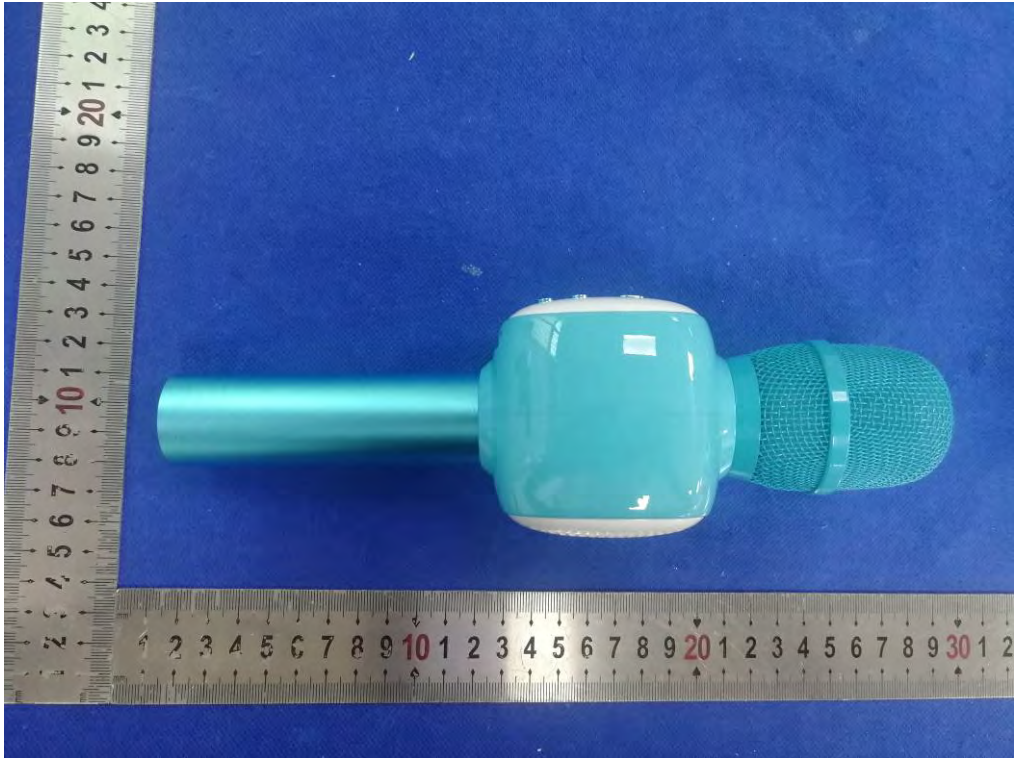


5. PHOTOS OF THE EUT

External photos







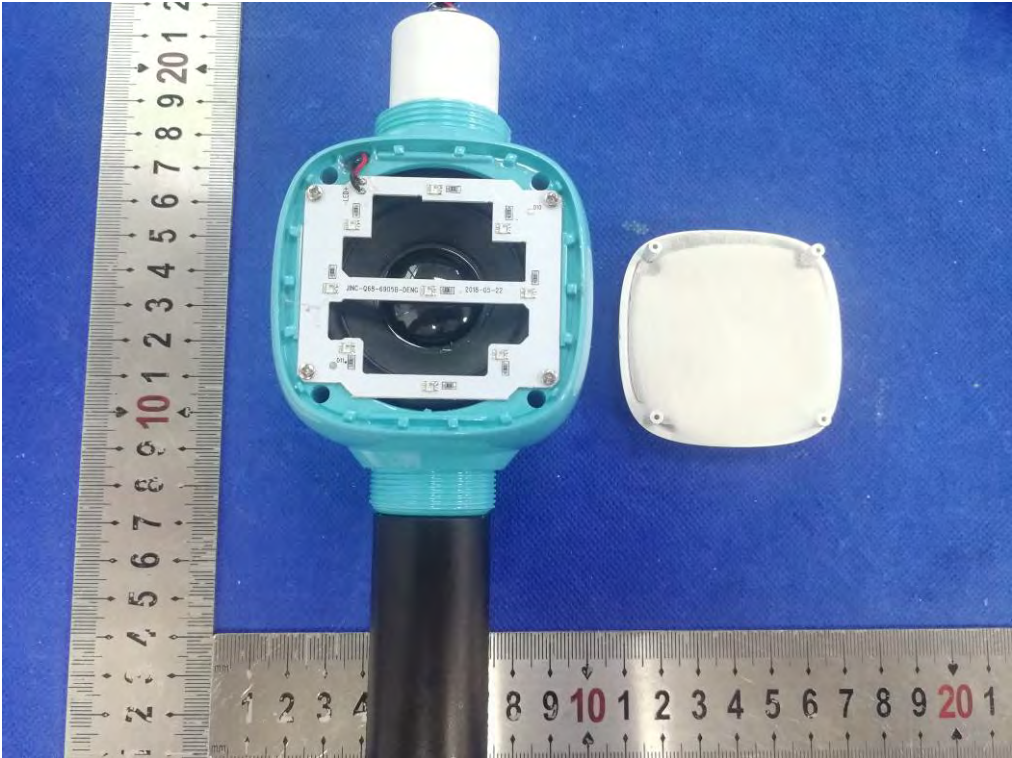


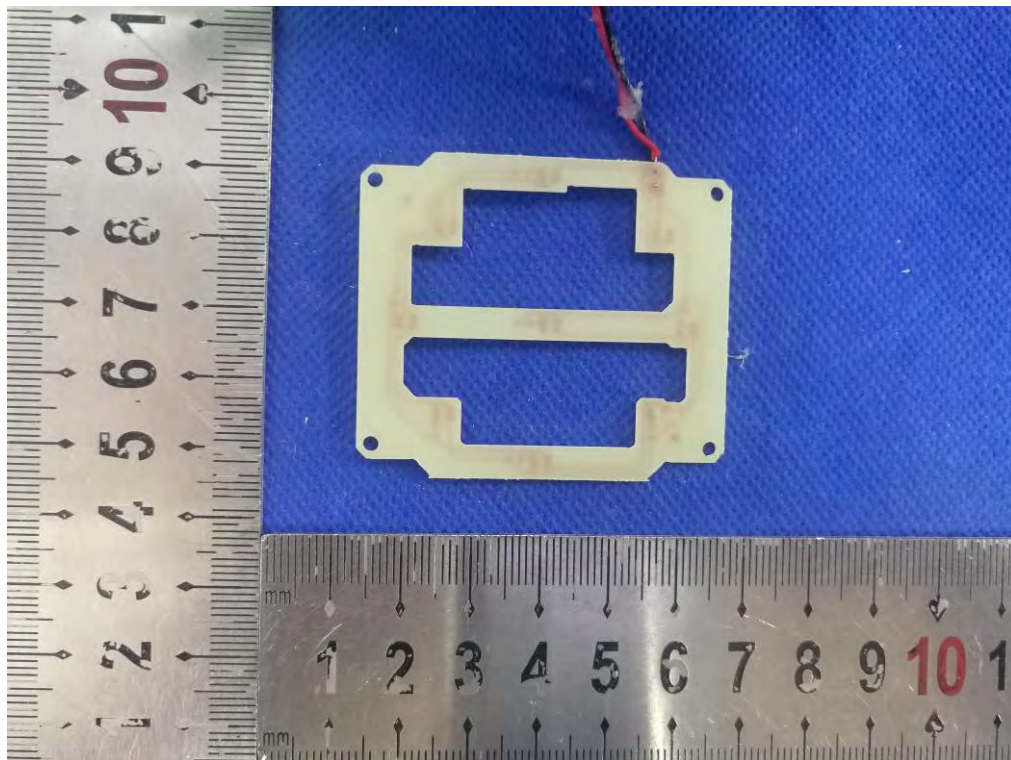
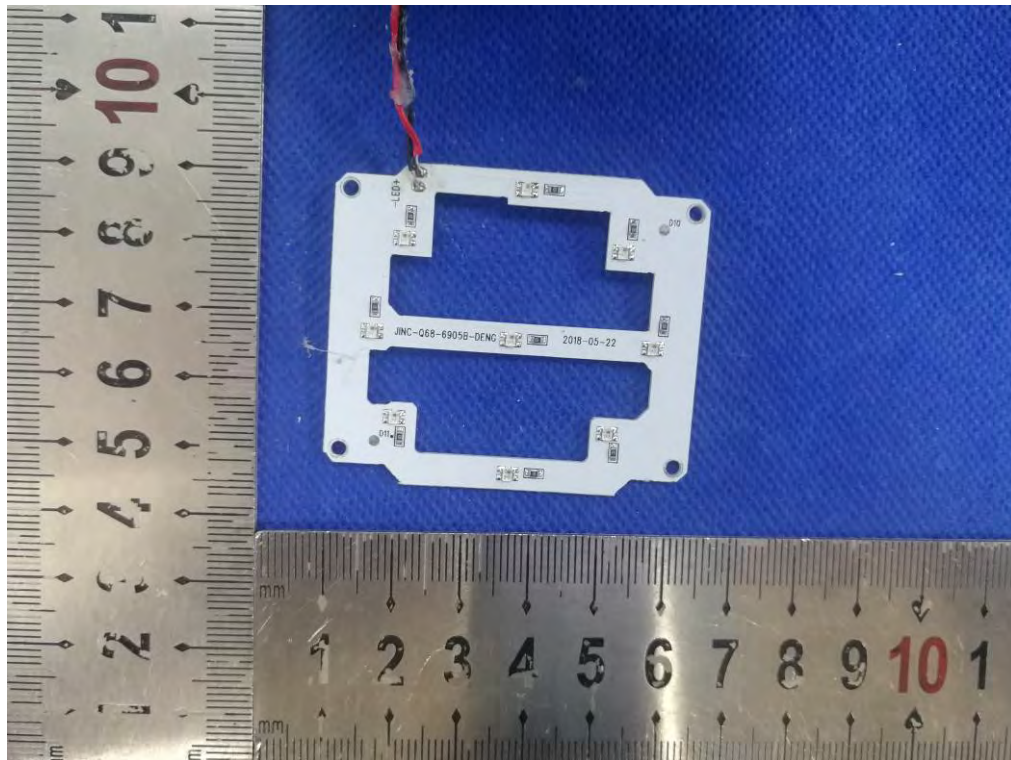
Internal photos

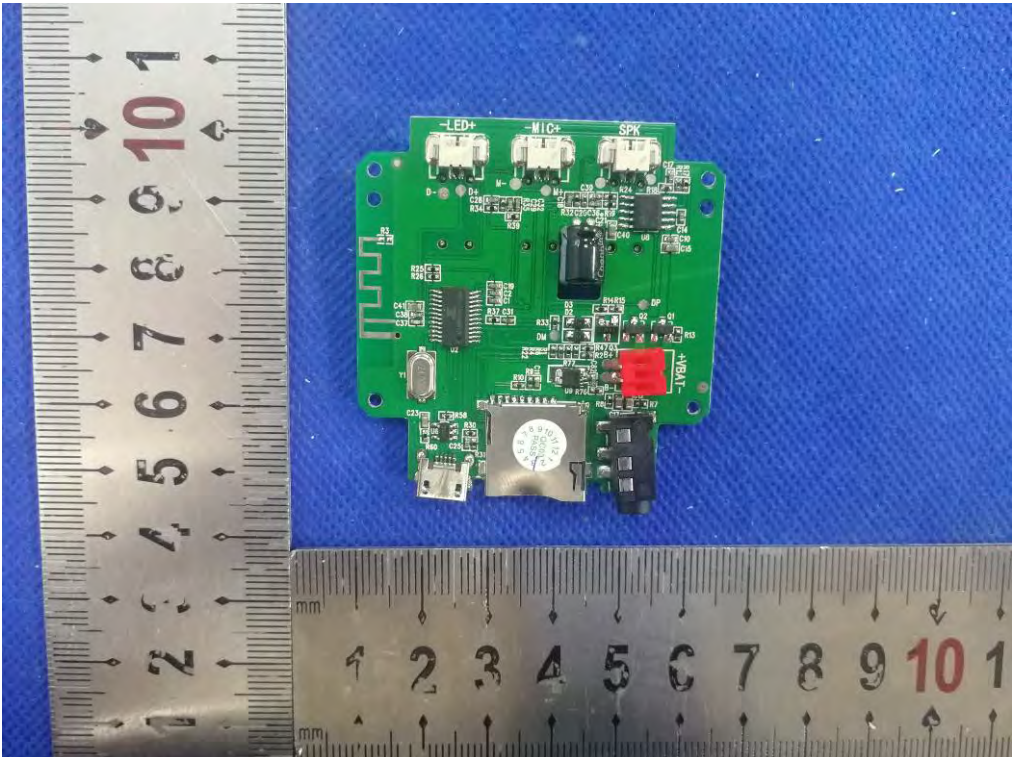


Battery

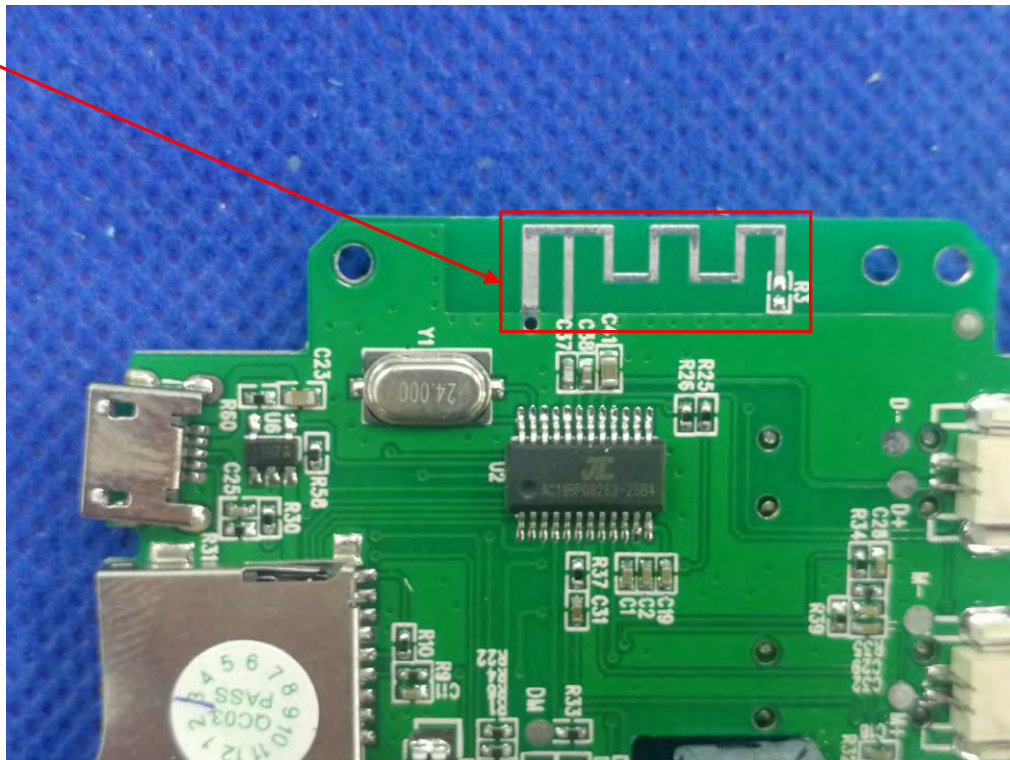








BT antenna



*****END*****