

FCC SAR Test Report

: W7L-P21120022SA01 Report No.

Applicant : Chongqing Qianxing Technology Co., Ltd.

Address : No.8 Shuangxing Avenue, Biquan Street, Bishan District, Chongqing

Municipality China

Manufacturer : Chongqing Qianxing Technology Co., Ltd.

Address : No.8 Shuangxing Avenue, Biquan Street, Bishan District, Chongqing

Municipality China

Product : Wireless Earphones

FCC ID : 2AW4L-M2137E1

Brand : Redmi

Model No. : M2137E1

Standards : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093) / IEEE C95.1:1992 / IEEE 1528:2013

KDB 865664 D01 V01R04 / KDB 865664 D02 V01R02 / KDB 447498 D01 V07

Sample Received Date : Jan. 11, 2022

Date of Testing : Jan. 13, 2022 ~ Apr. 14, 2022

FCC Designation No. : CN1171

CERTIFICATION: The above equipment have been tested by BV 7LAYERS COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY (SHENZHEN) CO. LTD., and found compliance with the requirement of the above standards. The test record, data evaluation & Equipment Under Test (EUT) configurations represented herein are true and accurate accounts of the measurements of the sample's SAR characteristics under the conditions specified in this report. It should not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of our laboratory. The client should not use it to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by A2LA or any government agencies.

Prepared By:

and the correctness of the report contents.

Approved By:



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Release Control Record

Report No.	Reason for Change	Date Issued
W7L-P21120022SA01	Initial release	Apr. 14, 2022

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1. Summary of Maximum SAR Value

Equipment Class	Mode	Highest Reported Head SAR _{1g} (0 cm Gap) (W/kg)	
DSS	Bluetooth	0.59	
DTS	BLE	0.28	

Note:

1. The SAR limit (Head & Body: SAR_{1g} 1.6 W/kg, Extremity: SAR_{10g} 4.0 W/kg) for general population / uncontrolled exposure is specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992.

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2. <u>Description of Equipment Under Test</u>

EUT Type	Wireless Earphones
FCC ID	2AW4L-M2137E1
Brand Name	Redmi
Model Name	M2137E1
HW Version	V1.0
SW Version	V1.0
Tx Frequency Bands (Unit: MHz)	Bluetooth : 2402 ~ 2480
	Bluetooth : GFSK, π/4-DQPSK, 8-DPSK
	Bluetouth . Grok, 11/4-DQrok, 6-Drok
Maximum Tune-up Conducted Power (Unit: dBm)	Please refer to section 4.5.1 of this report.
Antenna Type	FPC Antenna
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype

Note:

1. The above EUT information is declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description please refers to the manufacturer's specifications or User's Manual.

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3. SAR Measurement System

3.1 Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (p). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

3.2 SPEAG DASY System

DASY system consists of high precision robot, probe alignment sensor, phantom, robot controller, controlled measurement server and near-field probe. The robot includes six axes that can move to the precision position of the DASY5 software defined. The DASY software can define the area that is detected by the probe. The robot is connected to controlled box. Controlled measurement server is connected to the controlled robot box. The DAE includes amplifier, signal multiplexing, AD converter, offset measurement and surface detection. It is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (ECO). The ECO performs the conversion form the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC.

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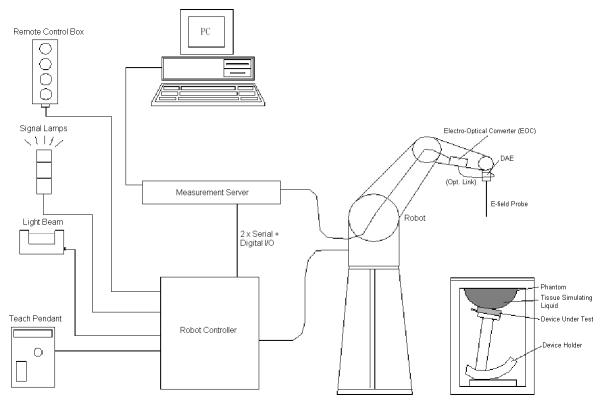


Fig-3.1 DASY System Setup

3.2.1 Robot

The DASY system uses the high precision robots from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability ±0.035 mm)
- · High reliability (industrial design)
- · Jerk-free straight movements
- · Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)



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3.2.2 Probes

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

Model	EX3DV4	_
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE).	
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)	MIII .
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

Model	ES3DV3	
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core. Interleaved sensors. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE).	F
Frequency	10 MHz to 4 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	5 µW/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	AST
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm	

3.2.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

Model	DAE3, DAE4	
Construction	Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic. Serial optical link for communication with DASY embedded system (fully remote controlled). Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop.	
Measurement	-100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4mV,	
Range	400mV)	We died
Input Offset Voltage	< 5μV (with auto zero)	
Input Bias Current	< 50 fA	
Dimensions	60 x 60 x 68 mm	

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3.2.4 Phantoms

Model	Twin SAM	
Construction	The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.	
Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)	
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (6 ± 0.2 mm at ear point)	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm Width: 500 mm Height: adjustable feet	
Filling Volume	approx. 25 liters	



Model	ELI	
Construction	Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.	
Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)	
Shell Thickness	2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate)	
Dimensions	Major axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	
Filling Volume	approx. 30 liters	



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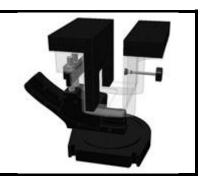


3.2.5 Device Holder

Model	Mounting Device	
Construction	In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom or ELI4, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter device in spherical coordinates. Rotation point is the ear opening point. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat).	
Material	POM	



Model	Laptop Extensions Kit
Construction	Simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for Mounting Device that facilitates the testing of larger devices according to IEC 62209-2 (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.). It is lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner.
Material	POM, Acrylic glass, Foam



System Validation Dipoles 3.2.6

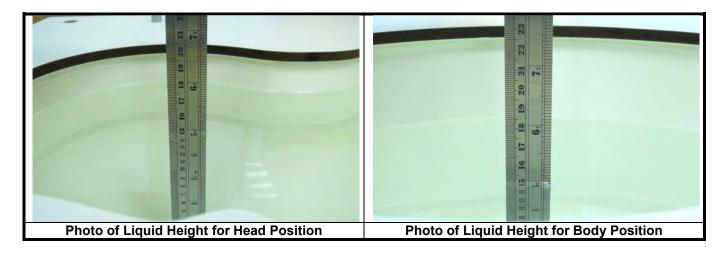
Model	D-Serial	
Construction	Symmetrical dipole with I/4 balun. Enables measurement of feed point impedance with NWA. Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with tissue simulating solutions.	
Frequency	750 MHz to 5800 MHz	
Return Loss	> 20 dB	
Power Capability	> 100 W (f < 1GHz), > 40 W (f > 1GHz)	

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3.2.7 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5% are listed in Table-3.1.



The dielectric properties of the head tissue simulating liquids are defined in IEEE 1528, and KDB 865664 D01 Appendix A. For the body tissue simulating liquids, the dielectric properties are defined in KDB 865664 D01 Appendix A. The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using a dielectric assessment kit and a network analyzer.

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Table-3.1 Targets of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Frequency (MHz)	Target Permittivity	Range of ±5%	Target Conductivity	Range of ±5%
,		For Head	,	
750	41.9	39.8 ~ 44.0	0.89	0.85 ~ 0.93
835	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6	0.90	0.86 ~ 0.95
900	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6	0.97	0.92 ~ 1.02
1450	40.5	38.5 ~ 42.5	1.20	1.14 ~ 1.26
1640	40.3	38.3 ~ 42.3	1.29	1.23 ~ 1.35
1750	40.1	38.1 ~ 42.1	1.37	1.30 ~ 1.44
1800	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
1900	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
2000	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
2300	39.5	37.5 ~ 41.5	1.67	1.59 ~ 1.75
2450	39.2	37.2 ~ 41.2	1.80	1.71 ~ 1.89
2600	39.0	37.1 ~ 41.0	1.96	1.86 ~ 2.06
3500	37.9	36.0 ~ 39.8	2.91	2.76 ~ 3.06
5200	36.0	34.2 ~ 37.8	4.66	4.43 ~ 4.89
5300	35.9	34.1 ~ 37.7	4.76	4.52 ~ 5.00
5500	35.6	33.8 ~ 37.4	4.96	4.71 ~ 5.21
5600	35.5	33.7 ~ 37.3	5.07	4.82 ~ 5.32
5800	35.3	33.5 ~ 37.1	5.27	5.01 ~ 5.53

The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquids.

Table-3.2 Recipes of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Tissue Type	Bactericide	DGBE	HEC	NaCl	Sucrose	Triton X-100	Water	Diethylene Glycol Mono- hexylether
H750	0.2	-	0.2	1.5	56.0	-	42.1	-
H835	0.2	-	0.2	1.5	57.0	-	41.1	-
H900	0.2	-	0.2	1.4	58.0	-	40.2	-
H1450	-	43.3	-	0.6	-	-	56.1	-
H1640	-	45.8	-	0.5	-	-	53.7	-
H1750	-	47.0	-	0.4	-	-	52.6	-
H1800	-	44.5	-	0.3	-	-	55.2	-
H1900	-	44.5	-	0.2	-	-	55.3	-
H2000	-	44.5	-	0.1	-	-	55.4	-
H2300	-	44.9	-	0.1	-	ī	55.0	-
H2450	-	45.0	-	0.1	-	-	54.9	-
H2600	-	45.1	-	0.1	-	-	54.8	-
H3500	-	8.0	-	0.2	-	20.0	71.8	-
H5G	-	-	-	-	-	17.2	65.5	17.3

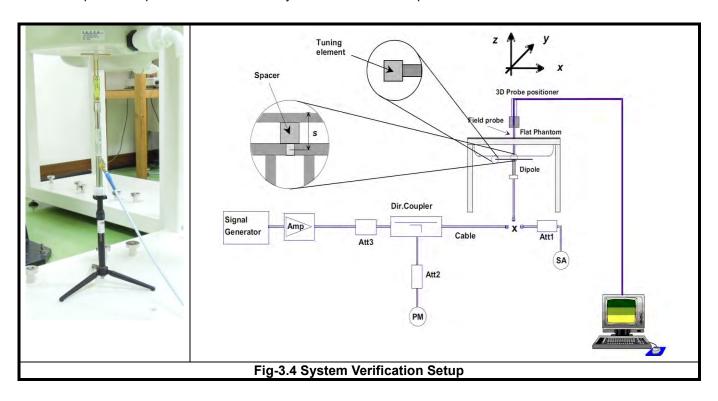
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3.3 SAR System Verification

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It is performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurements in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system verification setup is shown as below.



The validation dipole is placed beneath the flat phantom with the specific spacer in place. The distance spacer is touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The spectrum analyzer measures the forward power at the location of the system check dipole connector. The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power (250 mW is used for 700 MHz to 3 GHz, 100 mW is used for 3.5 GHz to 6 GHz) at the dipole connector and the power meter is read at that level. After connecting the cable to the dipole, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter.

After system check testing, the SAR result will be normalized to 1W forward input power and compared with the reference SAR value derived from validation dipole certificate report. The deviation of system check should be within 10 %.

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3.4 SAR Measurement Procedure

According to the SAR test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

The SAR measurement procedures for each of test conditions are as follows:

- (a) Make EUT to transmit maximum output power
- (b) Measure conducted output power through RF cable
- (c) Place the EUT in the specific position of phantom
- (d) Perform SAR testing steps on the DASY system
- (e) Record the SAR value

3.4.1 Area & Zoom Scan Procedure

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. According to KDB 865664 D01, the resolution for Area and Zoom scan is specified in the table below.

Items	<= 2 GHz	2-3 GHz	3-4 GHz	4-5 GHz	5-6 GHz
Area Scan (Δx, Δy)	<= 15 mm	<= 12 mm	<= 12 mm	<= 10 mm	<= 10 mm
Zoom Scan (Δx, Δy)	<= 8 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 4 mm	<= 4 mm
Zoom Scan (Δz)	<= 5 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 4 mm	<= 3 mm	<= 2 mm
Zoom Ścan Volume	>= 30 mm	>= 30 mm	>= 28 mm	>= 25 mm	>= 22 mm

Note:

When zoom scan is required and report SAR is <= 1.4 W/kg, the zoom scan resolution of $\Delta x / \Delta y$ (2-3GHz: <= 8 mm, 3-4GHz: <= 7 mm, 4-6GHz: <= 5 mm) may be applied.

3.4.2 Volume Scan Procedure

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

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3.4.3 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

3.4.4 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

3.4.5 SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

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4. SAR Measurement Evaluation

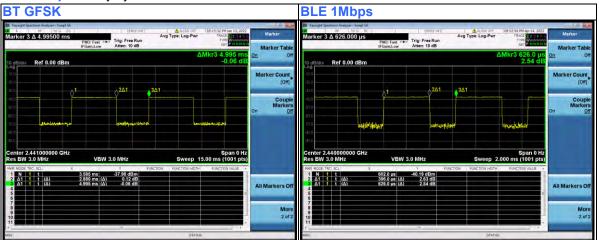
4.1 EUT Configuration and Setting

<Considerations Related to Bluetooth for Setup and Testing>

This device has installed Bluetooth engineering testing software which can provide continuous transmitting RF signal. During Bluetooth SAR testing, this device was operated to transmit continuously at the maximum transmission duty with specified transmission mode, operating frequency, lowest data rate, and maximum output power.

<Duty Cycle of Test Signal>

BT GFSK: Duty cycle = 2.88 / 4.995 = 0.5766 **BLE 1Mbps:** Duty cycle = 396 / 626 = 0.6326



4.2 EUT Testing Position

This EUT was tested for all the Close to the human body of intended use surfaces of the EUT. The separation distance between this EUT and phantom is 0 cm.

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4.3 Tissue Verification

The measuring results for tissue simulating liquid are shown as below.

Test Date	Tissue Type	Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Measured Conductivity (σ)	Measured Permittivity (ε_r)	Target Conductivity (σ)	Target Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Conductivity Deviation (%)	Permittivity Deviation (%)
Jan. 13, 2022	Head	2450	22.3	1.786	39.390	1.80	39.20	-0.78	0.48
Apr. 14, 2022	Head	2450	22.6	1.837	37.891	1.80	39.20	2.06	-3.34

Note:

The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquid must be measured within 24 hours before the SAR testing and within $\pm 5\%$ of the target values. Liquid temperature during the SAR testing must be within ± 2 °C.

4.4 System Verification

The measuring result for system verification is tabulated as below.

Test Date	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	1W Target SAR-1g (W/kg)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Normalized to 1W SAR-1g (W/kg)	Deviation (%)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N
Jan. 13, 2022	Head	2450	53.60	13.30	53.20	-0.75	893	3268	1288
Apr. 14, 2022	Head	2450	53.60	12.80	51.20	-4.48	893	3268	1288

Note:

Comparing to the reference SAR value provided by SPEAG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. The result indicates the system check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

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4.5 Maximum Output Power

4.5.1 Maximum Conducted Power

The maximum conducted average power (Unit: dBm) including tune-up tolerance is shown as below.

	Bluetooth								
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Tune up limit (dBm)						
	0	2402	9.50						
GFSK	39	2441	11.00						
	78	2480	9.50						
	0	2402	9.00						
8-DPSK	39	2441	10.50						
	78	2480	9.00						
	0	2402	7.50						
BLE 1Mbps	19	2440	9.00						
	39	2480	7.50						

4.5.2 Measured Conducted Power Result

The measuring conducted average power (Unit: dBm) is shown as below.

	Blueto	ooth	
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Avg. Power (dBm)
	0	2402	8.78
GFSK	39	2441	10.38
	78	2480	8.64
	0	2402	8.38
8-DPSK	39	2441	10.01
	78	2480	8.41
	0	2402	6.92
BLE 1Mbps	19	2440	8.33
	39	2480	6.91

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4.6 SAR Testing Results

4.6.1 SAR Test Reduction Considerations

<KDB 447498 D01, General RF Exposure Guidance>

Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

- (1) ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
- (2) ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
- (3) ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz

4.6.2 SAR Results for Head Exposure Condition (Separation Distance is 0 cm Gap)

Left Earbud

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Separation Distance (cm)	Ch.	Duty Cycle %	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	BT	GFSK	Test Position 1	0	39	57.66	11.0	10.38	-0.18	0.040	1.73	1.15	0.08
	BT	GFSK	Test Position 2	0	39	57.66	11.0	10.38	0.05	0.013	1.73	1.15	0.03
	BT	GFSK	Test Position 3	0	39	57.66	11.0	10.38	0.06	0.028	1.73	1.15	0.06
	BT	GFSK	Test Position 4	0	39	57.66	11.0	10.38	0	0.001	1.73	1.15	0.00
	BT	GFSK	Test Position 5	0	39	57.66	11.0	10.38	-0.03	0.160	1.73	1.15	0.32
	BT	GFSK	Test Position 6	0	39	57.66	11.0	10.38	-0.19	0.009	1.73	1.15	0.02
	BT	GFSK	Left Cheek	0	39	57.66	11.0	10.38	0.19	0.048	1.73	1.15	0.10
P01	BT	GFSK	Test Position 5	0	0	57.66	9.5	8.78	-0.02	0.245	1.73	1.18	0.50
	BT	GFSK	Test Position 5	0	78	57.66	9.5	8.64	-0.06	0.126	1.73	1.22	0.27
	BLE	1Mbps	Test Position 5	0	19	63.26	9.0	8.33	-0.06	0.077	1.58	1.17	0.14
P02	BLE	1Mbps	Test Position 5	0	0	63.26	7.5	6.92	-0.19	0.103	1.58	1.14	0.19
	BLE	1Mbps	Test Position 5	0	39	63.26	7.5	6.91	-0.08	0.047	1.58	1.15	0.09

Right Earbud

<u>ixigiit i</u>	Earbuu												
Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Separation Distance (cm)	Ch.	Duty Cycle %	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	BT	GFSK	Test Position 1	0	39	57.66	11.0	10.38	-0.02	0.182	1.73	1.15	0.36
	BT	GFSK	Test Position 2	0	39	57.66	11.0	10.38	0.05	0.089	1.73	1.15	0.18
	BT	GFSK	Test Position 3	0	39	57.66	11.0	10.38	0.17	0.081	1.73	1.15	0.16
	BT	GFSK	Test Position 4	0	39	57.66	11.0	10.38	0.11	0.076	1.73	1.15	0.15
	BT	GFSK	Test Position 5	0	39	57.66	11.0	10.38	-0.1	0.264	1.73	1.15	0.53
	BT	GFSK	Test Position 6	0	39	57.66	11.0	10.38	0	0.011	1.73	1.15	0.02
	BT	GFSK	Right Cheek	0	39	57.66	11.0	10.38	-0.01	0.010	1.73	1.15	0.02
P03	BT	GFSK	Test Position 5	0	0	57.66	9.5	8.78	-0.03	0.290	1.73	1.18	0.59
	BT	GFSK	Test Position 5	0	78	57.66	9.5	8.64	-0.01	0.215	1.73	1.22	0.45
	BLE	1Mbps	Test Position 5	0	19	63.26	9.0	8.33	-0.13	0.103	1.58	1.17	0.19
P04	BLE	1Mbps	Test Position 5	0	0	63.26	7.5	6.92	-0.03	0.155	1.58	1.14	0.28
	BLE	1Mbps	Test Position 5	0	39	63.26	7.5	6.91	-0.02	0.085	1.58	1.15	0.15

Note:

- 1. According to the antenna position, the Left / Right Cheek position cannot be touch the antenna for testing, the more conservative position 1~6 is used instead to test, and verified that Left / Right Cheek position;
- 2. Bluetooth and BLE have the same technology and modulation. Therefore, BLE SAR testing was performed on the worst position from Bluetooth.

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FCC SAR Test Report



4.6.3 SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB 865664 D01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. Alternatively, if the highest measured SAR for both head and body tissue-equivalent media are ≤ 1.45 W/kg and the ratio of these highest SAR values, i.e., largest divided by smallest value, is ≤ 1.10 , the highest SAR configuration for either head or body tissue-equivalent medium may be used to perform the repeated measurement. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

Since all the measured SAR are less than 0.8 W/kg, the repeated measurement is not required.

Test Engineer : Gengdong Deng

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5. Calibration of Test Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	SN	Cal. Date	Cal. Interval
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	893	Sep. 18, 2021	1 Year
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	ES3DV3	3268	Aug. 24, 2021	1 Year
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4	1288	Aug. 20, 2021	1 Year
ENA Series Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	MY46214638	Jun. 03, 2021	1 Year
Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9010A	MY54510355	Jun. 03, 2021	1Year
MXG Analog Signal Generator	KEYSIGHT	N5183A	MY50143024	Feb. 18, 2022	1 Year
Power Meter	Agilent	N1914A	MY52180044	Feb. 19, 2022	1 Year
Power Sensor	Agilent	E9304A H18	MY52050011	Feb. 20, 2022	1 Year
Power Meter	ANRITSU	ML2495A	1506002	Feb. 22, 2022	1 Year
Power Sensor	ANRITSU	MA2411B	1339353	May. 07, 2021	1 Year
Temp. & Humi. Recorder	CLOCK	HTC-1	157248	Jun. 02, 2021	1 Year
Electronic Thermometer	YONGFA	YF-160A	120100323	Jun. 02, 2021	1 Year
Coupler	Woken	0110A056020-10	COM27RW1A3	Jun. 02, 2021	1 Year

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6. Measurement Uncertainty

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability						
			Divisor	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Standard Uncertainty (1g) (±%)	Standard Uncertainty (10g) (±%)	(Vi) Veff
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	6.0	N	1	1	1	6.0	6.0	∞
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	× ×
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9	∞
Boundary Effects	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Linearity	4.7	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6	00
Modulation Response	3.2	R	1.732	1	1	1.8	1.8	∞
Readout Electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Response Time	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Integration Time	2.6	R	1.732	1	1	1.5	1.5	
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
					-			∞
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner	0.4	R	1.732	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning	2.9	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7	œ
Max. SAR Eval.	2.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.2	1.2	œ
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning Device Holder	3.0 3.6	N N	1	1	1	3.0 3.6	3.0 3.6	35 12
Power Drift	5.0	R	1.732	1	1	2.9	2.9	π ∞
Power Scaling	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Phantom and Setup	0.0	I N	1.732			0.0	0.0	
Phantom Uncertainty	6.1	R	1.732	1	1	3.5	3.5	∞
SAR correction	0.0	R	1.732	1	0.84	0.0	0.0	∞
Liquid Conductivity Repeatability	0.2	N	1.702	0.78	0.71	0.1	0.1	5
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.0	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	2.3	2.0	∞
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	2.5	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.1	1.0	∞
Temp. unc Conductivity	3.4	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.5	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity Repeatability	0.15	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0	5
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.0	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.7	0.8	œ
Liquid Permittivity (mea.)	2.5	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.3	0.4	- oo
Temp. unc Permittivity	0.83	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.1	0.1	- oo
	oined Std. Uncerta					11.4%	11.4%	1013
	erage Factor for 95 nded STD Uncerta					K=2 22.9%	K=2 22.7%	

Uncertainty budget for frequency range 30 MHz to 3 GHz

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7. Information on the Testing Laboratories

We, BV 7LAYERS COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY (SHENZHEN) CO. LTD., were founded in 2015 to provide our best service in EMC, Radio, Telecom and Safety consultation. Our laboratories are accredited and approved according to ISO/IEC 17025.

If you have any comments, please feel free to contact us at the following:

Add: No. B102, Dazu Chuangxin Mansion, North of Beihuan Avenue, North Area, Hi-Tech Industry Park, Nanshan

District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

Tel: 86-755-8869-6566 Fax: 86-755-8869-6577

Email: customerservice.sw@cn.bureauveritas.com

Web Site: www.bureauveritas.com

The road map of all our labs can be found in our web site also.

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Appendix A. SAR Plots of System Verification

The plots for system verification with largest deviation for each SAR system combination are shown as follows.

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Report No.: W7L-P21120022SA01

System Check_HSL2450_220113

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450 0113 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.786$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.39$; $\rho =$

Date: 2022/1/13

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 23.1°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.3°C

DASY5 Configuration:

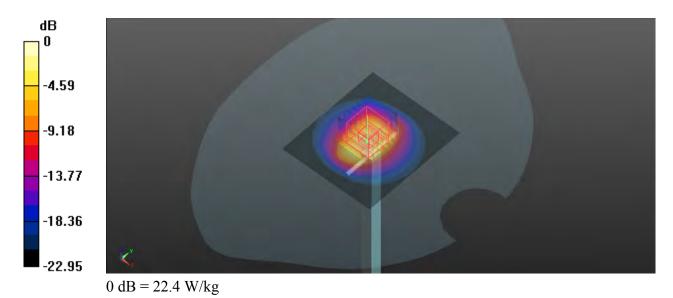
- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3268; ConvF(4.56, 4.56, 4.56); Calibrated: 2021/8/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1288; Calibrated: 2021/8/20
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1610
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 22.7 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 102.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.08 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.4 W/kg



System Check_HSL2450_220414

DUT: Dipole:2450 MHz; Type:D2450V2

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450_0414 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.837$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.891$; $\rho = 1.837$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.891$; $\epsilon_r = 37.891$

Date: 2022/4/14

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 23.5°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6°C

DASY5 Configuration:

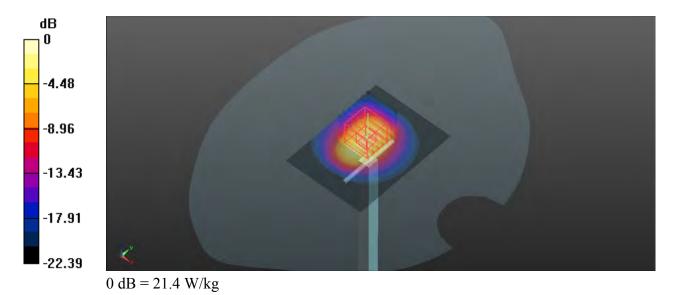
- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3268; ConvF(4.56, 4.56, 4.56); Calibrated: 2021/8/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1288; Calibrated: 2021/8/20
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1610
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 22.5 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 92.18 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.96 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.4 W/kg





Appendix B. SAR Plots of SAR Measurement

The SAR plots for highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination, and measured SAR > 1.5 W/kg are shown as follows.

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P01 BT_GFSK_Test Position 5_0cm_Ch0

Communication System: BT; Frequency: 2402 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.73

Medium: HSL2450_0113 Medium parameters used: f = 2402 MHz; σ = 1.754 S/m; ϵ_r = 39.461; ρ =

Date: 2022/1/13

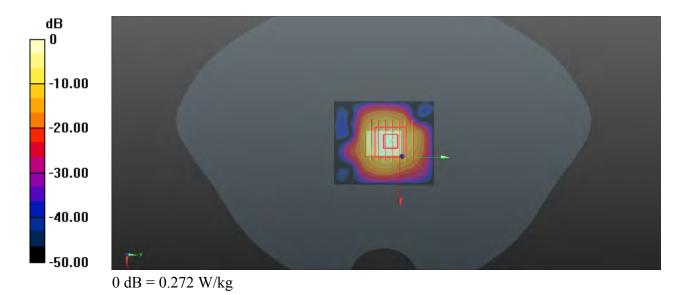
 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 23.5°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3268; ConvF(4.56, 4.56, 4.56); Calibrated: 2021/8/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1288; Calibrated: 2021/8/20
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1610
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- **Area Scan (41x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.237 W/kg
- **Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 9.963 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.889 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.245 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.078 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.272 W/kg



P02 BLE_1Mbps_Test Position 5_0cm_Ch0

Communication System: BT; Frequency: 2402 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.58

Medium: HSL2450_0414 Medium parameters used: f = 2402 MHz; σ = 1.789 S/m; ϵ_r = 38.237; ρ =

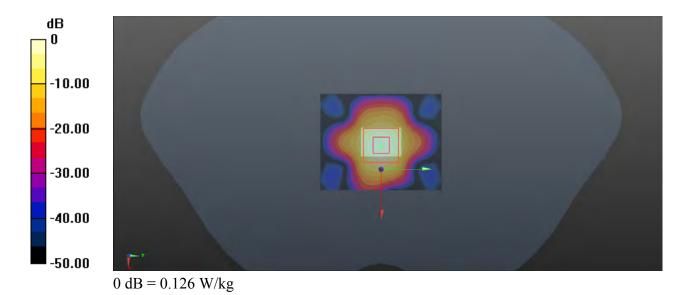
Date: 2022/4/14

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 23.5°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3268; ConvF(4.56, 4.56, 4.56); Calibrated: 2021/8/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1288; Calibrated: 2021/8/20
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1610
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (41x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.149 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 8.128 V/m; Power Drift = -0.19 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.387 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.103 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.031 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.126 W/kg



P03 BT_GFSK_Test Position 5_0cm_Ch0

Communication System: BT; Frequency: 2402 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.73

Medium: HSL2450_0113 Medium parameters used: f = 2402 MHz; σ = 1.754 S/m; ϵ_r = 39.461; ρ =

Date: 2022/1/13

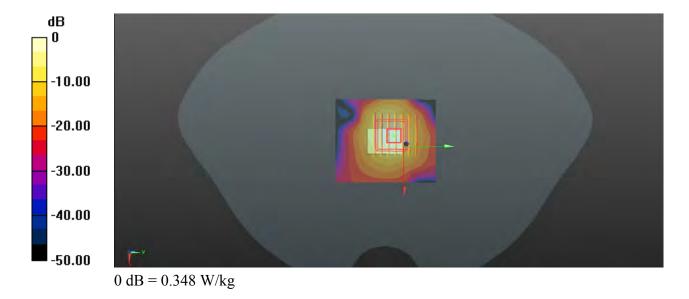
 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 23.5°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3268; ConvF(4.56, 4.56, 4.56); Calibrated: 2021/8/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1288; Calibrated: 2021/8/20
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1610
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- **Area Scan (41x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.305 W/kg
- **Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 12.05 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.07 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.290 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.096 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.348 W/kg



P04 BLE_1Mbps_Test Position 5_0cm_Ch0

Communication System: BT; Frequency: 2402 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.58

Medium: HSL2450_0414 Medium parameters used: f = 2402 MHz; σ = 1.789 S/m; ϵ_r = 38.237; ρ =

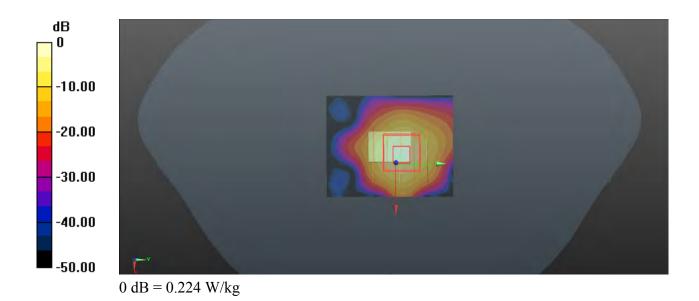
Date: 2022/4/14

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 23.5°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3268; ConvF(4.56, 4.56, 4.56); Calibrated: 2021/8/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1288; Calibrated: 2021/8/20
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1610
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (41x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.136 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 7.998 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.592 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.155 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.047 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.224 W/kg





Appendix C. Calibration Certificate for Probe and Dipole

The SPEAG calibration certificates are shown as follows.

Report Format Version 5.0.0 Issued Date : Apr. 14, 2022

Report No.: W7L-P21120022SA01



Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, Chi Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 http://www.chinattl.cn





Client

B.V.ADT

Certificate No:

Z21-60338

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D2450V2 - SN: 893

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

September 18, 2021

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	106277	23-Sep-20 (CTTL, No.J20X08336)	Sep-21
Power sensor NRP8S	104291	23-Sep-20 (CTTL, No.J20X08336)	Sep-21
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 7517	03-Feb-21(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z21-60001)	Feb-22
DAE4	SN 1556	15-Jan-21(SPEAG,No.DAE4-1556_Jan21)	Jan-22
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	01-Feb-21 (CTTL, No.J21X00593)	Jan-22
NetworkAnalyzer E5071C	MY46110673	14-Jan-21 (CTTL, No.J21X00232)	Jan-22

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	THAS
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	

Issued: September 26, 2021

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: Z21-60338



Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 http://www.chinattl.cn

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013

b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016

c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)". March 2010

d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



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CALIBRATION LABORATORY

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1

DASY Version	DASY52	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	38.9 ± 6 %	1.79 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.4 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	53.6 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.10 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.4 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2)

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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	55.0Ω+ 6.26jΩ	
Return Loss	- 22.4dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.069 ns	
----------------------------------	----------	--

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG

Certificate No: Z21-60338



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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 893

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.79$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.85$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

 Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517; ConvF(7.34, 7.34, 7.34) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 2021-02-03

Date: 09.18.2021

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1556; Calibrated: 2021-01-15
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 108.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

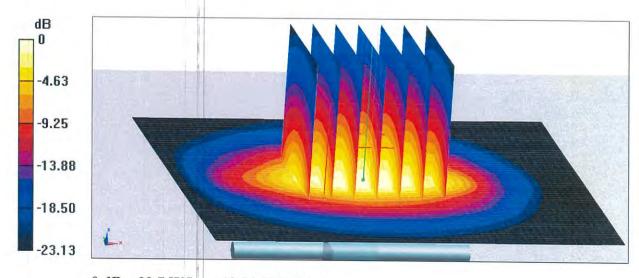
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.1 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 46.9%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.7 W/kg



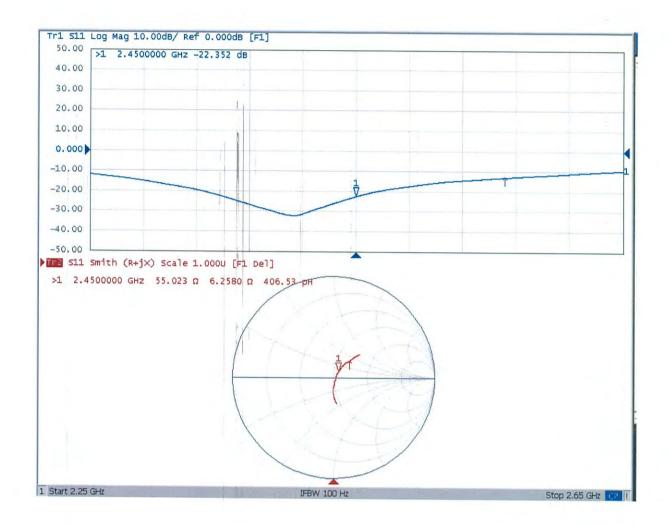
0 dB = 22.7 W/kg = 13.56 dBW/kg

Certificate No: Z21-60338



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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland Phone +41 44 245 9700, Fax +41 44 245 9779 www.speag.swiss, info@speag.swiss

IMPORTANT NOTICE

USAGE OF THE DAE4

The DAE unit is a delicate, high precision instrument and requires careful treatment by the user. There are no serviceable parts inside the DAE. Special attention shall be given to the following points:

Battery Exchange: The battery cover of the DAE4 unit is fixed using a screw, over tightening the screw may cause the threads inside the DAE to wear out.

Shipping of the DAE: Before shipping the DAE to SPEAG for calibration, remove the batteries and pack the DAE in an antistatic bag. This antistatic bag shall then be packed into a larger box or container which protects the DAE from impacts during transportation. The package shall be marked to indicate that a fragile instrument is inside.

E-Stop Failures: Touch detection may be malfunctioning due to broken magnets in the E-stop. Rough handling of the E-stop may lead to damage of these magnets. Touch and collision errors are often caused by dust and dirt accumulated in the E-stop. To prevent E-stop failure, the customer shall always mount the probe to the DAE carefully and keep the DAE unit in a non-dusty environment if not used for measurements.

Repair: Minor repairs are performed at no extra cost during the annual calibration. However, SPEAG reserves the right to charge for any repair especially if rough unprofessional handling caused the defect.

DASY Configuration Files: Since the exact values of the DAE input resistances, as measured during the calibration procedure of a DAE unit, are not used by the DASY software, a nominal value of 200 MOhm is given in the corresponding configuration file.

Important Note:

Warranty and calibration is void if the DAE unit is disassembled partly or fully by the Customer.

Important Note:

Never attempt to grease or oil the E-stop assembly. Cleaning and readjusting of the E-stop assembly is allowed by certified SPEAG personnel only and is part of the annual calibration procedure.

Important Note:

To prevent damage of the DAE probe connector pins, use great care when installing the probe to the DAE. Carefully connect the probe with the connector notch oriented in the mating position. Avoid any rotational movement of the probe body versus the DAE while turning the locking nut of the connector. The same care shall be used when disconnecting the probe from the DAE.

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Client

ADT-CN (Auden)

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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Certificate No: DAE4-1288 Aug21

CAL	IBRA	TION	CERT	IFICA	TE
					A 10 1000

Object DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BO - SN: 1288

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-06.v30

Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)

Calibration date: August 20, 2021

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) °C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
SN: 0810278	07-Sep-20 (No:28647)	Sep-21
ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
SE UWS 053 AA 1001	07-Jan-21 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-22
SETIME DOG AA 1000	07 Jan 01 (in house shoots)	In house check: Jan-22
	SN: 0810278 ID # SE UWS 053 AA 1001	SN: 0810278 07-Sep-20 (No:28647)

Name

Function

Signature

Calibrated by:

Dominique Steffen

Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Sven Kühn

Deputy Manager

Issued: August 20, 2021

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: DAE4-1288_Aug21

Page 1 of 5

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG
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Glossary

DAE

data acquisition electronics

Connector angle

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot

coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
 - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
 - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
 - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
 - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
 - Input Offset Measurement. Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
 - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
 - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
 - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
 - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

Certificate No: DAE4-1288_Aug21

Page 2 of 5

DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

Calibration Factors	Х	Υ	Z
High Range	403.981 ± 0.02% (k=2)	404.169 ± 0.02% (k=2)	404.190 ± 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	3.97870 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.98516 ± 1.50% (k=2)	

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	107.5 ° ± 1 °
---	---------------

Certificate No: DAE4-1288_Aug21 Page 3 of 5

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range	Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	200039.24	2.17	0.00
Channel X + Input	20007.43	1.26	0.01
Channel X - Input	-20003.73	2.14	-0.01
Channel Y + Input	200036.65	-0.33	-0.00
Channel Y + Input	20003.55	-2.58	-0.01
Channel Y - Input	-20006.54	-0.51	0.00
Channel Z + Input	200037.39	0.55	0.00
Channel Z + Input	20003.51	-2.55	-0.01
Channel Z - Input	-20006.03	0.05	-0.00

Low Range	Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	2001.25	-0.21	-0.01
Channel X + Input	201.51	0.09	0.04
Channel X - Input	-198.20	0.25	-0.13
Channel Y + Input	2002.07	0.77	0.04
Channel Y + Input	200.13	-1.17	-0.58
Channel Y - Input	-199.60	-0.95	0.48
Channel Z + Input	2002.18	0.87	0.04
Channel Z + Input	200.69	-0.61	-0.30
Channel Z - Input	-198.64	0.01	-0.01

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	16.12	14.85
	- 200	-14.52	-15.42
Channel Y	200	-0.47	-1.20
	- 200	-1.23	-1.31
Channel Z	200	6.17	5.57
	- 200	-7.79	-7.55

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (μV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200	-	3.70	-1.66
Channel Y	200	8.17	2	6.02
Channel Z	200	8.58	6.51	74

Certificate No: DAE4-1288_Aug21

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	16428	17241
Channel Y	15821	15998
Channel Z	15505	16397

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input 10MΩ

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (μV)
Channel X	-0.40	-1.69	0.99	0.56
Channel Y	0.15	-0.87	1.38	0.48
Channel Z	-0.75	-2.56	1.20	0.69

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)	
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9	
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6	

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)	
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14	
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9	

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Client

ADT-CN (Auden)

Certificate No: ES3-3268_Aug21

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

ES3DV3 - SN:3268

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v7
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

August 24, 2021

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292)	Apr-21
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291)	Apr-21
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03292)	Apr-21
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: CC2552 (20x)	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343)	Apr-21
DAE4	SN: 660	23-Dec-20 (No. DAE4-660 Dec20)	Dec-21
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-20 (No. ES3-3013_Dec20)	Dec-21
Secondary Standards	ID.	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-21

Calibrated by:

Name
Function
Signature
Leif Klysner
Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Niels Kuster
Technical Manager

Issued: September 7, 2021

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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NOR

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices -Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.

b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
 NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
 implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
 in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: ES3-3268_Aug21

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3268

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	1.12	1.22	1.16	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	103.9	105.4	102.0	2 10.1 70

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X 0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	196.6	± 3.0 %	± 4.7 %	
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		213.9		
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		204.7		

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5).

B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the

ES3DV3- SN:3268 August 24, 2021

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3268

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular		
Connector Angle (°)	-146		
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled		
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled		
Probe Overall Length	337 mm		
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm		
Tip Length	10 mm		
Tip Diameter	4 mm		
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2 mm		
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2 mm		
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2 mm		
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3 mm		

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Note: Measurement distance from surface can be increased to 3-4 mm for an Area Scan job.

Certificate No: ES3-3268_Aug21

ES3DV3- SN:3268 August 24, 2021

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3268

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	6.60	6.60	6.60	0.57	1.39	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	6.04	6.04	6.04	0.61	1.34	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	6.20	6.20	6.20	0.75	1.21	± 12.0 %
1450	40.5	1.20	5.59	5.59	5.59	0.64	1.23	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	5.43	5.43	5.43	0.73	1.20	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	5.19	5.19	5.19	0.66	1.29	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	4.86	4.86	4.86	0.56	1.49	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.56	4.56	4.56	0.80	1.25	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	4.42	4.42	4.42	0.76	1.36	± 12.0 %

 $^{^{\}circ}$ Frequency validity above 300 MHz of \pm 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to \pm 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is \pm 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to \pm 110 MHz.

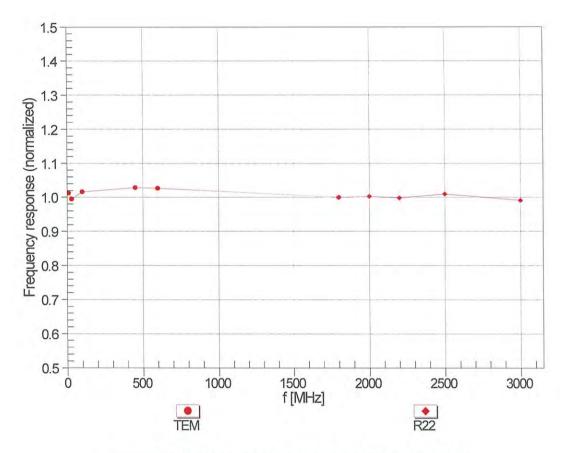
F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is

⁶ Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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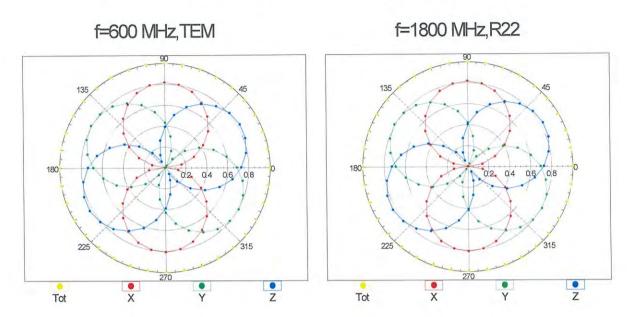
Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

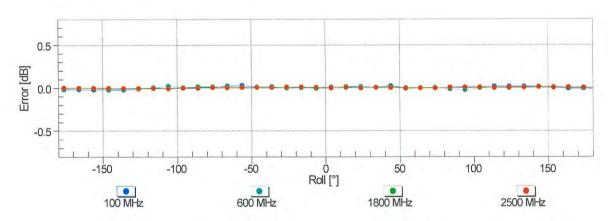


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

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Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

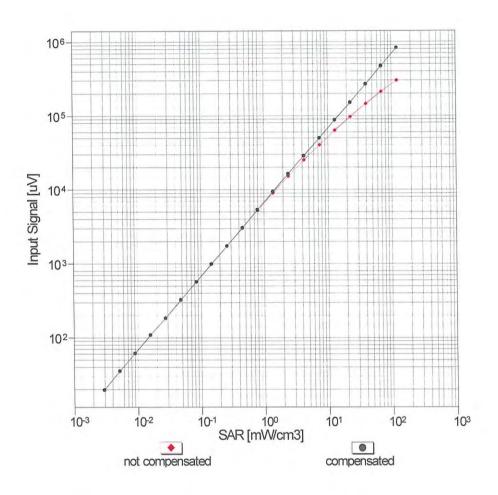


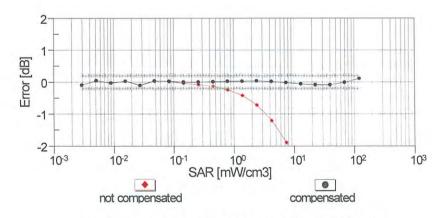


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

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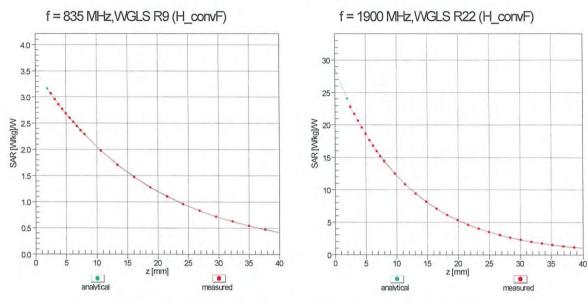
Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)



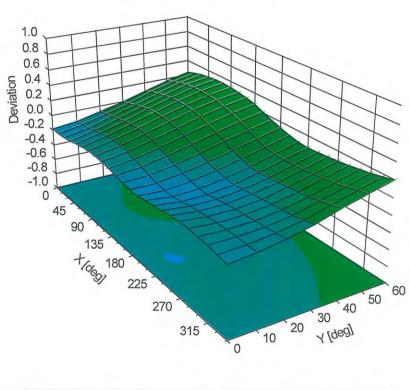


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz





Appendix D. Photographs of EUT and Setup

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