FCC ID: 2AU36TS200



Radio Frequency Exposure Evaluation

Standard Applicable

According to KDB 447498 Section: 4.3.1. Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations a)For 100 MHz to 6 GHz and test separation distances \leq 50 mm, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds are determined by the following:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}]$

 \leq 3.0 for 1-g SAR, and \leq 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- The values 3.0 and 7.5 are referred to as numeric thresholds in step b) below

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is ≤ 50 mm, and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is ≤ 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according to 4.1 f) is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

SAR Exclusion Calculation Table

Frequency (MHz)	Max	Antenna Gain (dBi)	EIRP	tune-up	Max	Min		Limit
	power		Power	tolerance	power	Distance	Result	(3.0 @ 1g
	(dBm)		(dBm)	(dB)	(mW)	(mm)		SAR)
2402	5.49	-0.64	4.85	1	3.845918	5.00	1.192	3.0