

# 1. RF Exposure Requirements

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## 1.1 General Information

### Client Information

Applicant:	Portable Multimedia Limited
Address of applicant:	Unit 2, Caerphilly Business Park, Caerphilly, Mid Glamorgan CF83 3ED United Kingdom
Manufacturer:	Shenzhen Samoon Technology Co.,Ltd
Address of manufacturer:	9th Floor, Block 7, Zhongyuntai Industrial Park, SongbaiRoad, ShiyanTown, Bao' anDistrict, Shenzhen, China.

### General Description of EUT:

Product Name:	Dash Cam
Trade Name	Nextbase
Model No.:	NBPICO1
Adding Model(s):	NBPIQO1, NBPICO1-32, NBPICO1-64, NBPICO1-128, NBPICO1-256, NBPICO1-PP, NBPICO1-CLC, NBPICO1-PIC, NBPICO1-QIC, NBPICO1-32PP, NBPICO1-64PP, NBPICO1-128PP, NBPICO1-256PP, NBPICO1-32PPQIC, NBPICO1-64PPQIC, NBPICO1-32PPPIC, NBPICO1-64PPPIC
Rated Voltage:	Car charger power 5V 1.8A Input: 12-24Vdc
Power Adapter:	Output1: 5V 1.8A MAX Output2: 5V 1.8A MAX
FCC ID:	2AOT9-NBPICO1
Equipment Type:	Mobile device

### Technical Characteristics of EUT:

#### Bluetooth(LE mode)

Bluetooth Version:	V5.2(LE mode)
Frequency Range:	2402-2480MHz
RF Output Power:	5.56dBm (Conducted)
Data Rate:	1Mbps
Modulation:	GFSK
Quantity of Channels:	40
Channel Separation:	2MHz
Type of Antenna:	FPC antenna
Antenna Gain:	2.34dBi

#### Bluetooth (BR/EDR mode)

Bluetooth Version:	V5.2 (BR/EDR mode)
Frequency Range:	2402-2480MHz
RF Output Power:	7.64dBm (Conducted)

Data Rate:	1Mbps, 2Mbps, 3Mbps
Modulation:	GFSK, $\pi/4$ DQPSK, 8DPSK
Quantity of Channels:	79
Channel Separation:	1MHz
Type of Antenna:	FPC antenna
Antenna Gain:	2.34dBi

#### **Wi-Fi**

Support Standards:	802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n
Frequency Range:	2412-2462MHz for 802.11b/g/n(HT20)
RF Output Power:	18.39dBm (Conducted)
Type of Modulation:	CCK, OFDM, QPSK, BPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM
Quantity of Channels:	11 for 802.11b/g/n(HT20)
Channel Separation:	5MHz
Type of Antenna:	FPC antenna
Antenna Gain:	2.34dBi

## **1.2 RF Exposure Exemption**

According to §1.1307(b)(3) and KDB 447498 D04 Interim General RF Exposure Guidance v01, system operating under the provisions of this section shall be operating in a manner that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess limit for maximum permissible exposure.

**Option A:** FCC Rule Part 1.1307 (b)(3)(i)(A): The available maximum time-averaged power is no more than 1mW, regardless of separation distance.

**Option B:** FCC Rule Part 1.1307 (b)(3)(i)(B): The available maximum time-averaged power or effective radiated power (ERP), whichever is greater, is less than or equal to the threshold  $P_{th}$  (mW) described in the following formula.  $P_{th}$  is given by:

$$P_{th} \text{ (mW)} = \begin{cases} ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} (d/20 \text{ cm})^x & d \leq 20 \text{ cm} \\ ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} & 20 \text{ cm} < d \leq 40 \text{ cm} \end{cases}$$

Where

$$x = -\log_{10} \left( \frac{60}{ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} \sqrt{f}} \right) \text{ and } f \text{ is in GHz;}$$

and

$$ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} \text{ (mW)} = \begin{cases} 2040f & 0.3 \text{ GHz} \leq f < 1.5 \text{ GHz} \\ 3060 & 1.5 \text{ GHz} \leq f \leq 6 \text{ GHz} \end{cases}$$

$d$  = the separation distance (cm);

**Option C:** FCC Rule Part 1.1307 (b)(3)(i)(C): The minimum separation distance (R in meters) from the body of a nearby person for the frequency (f in MHz) at which the source operates, the ERP (watts) is no more than the calculated value prescribed for that frequency. R must be at least  $\lambda/2\pi$ , where  $\lambda$  is the free-space operating wavelength in meters.

Single RF Sources Subject to Routine Environmental Evaluation	
RF Source frequency (MHz)	Threshold ERP (watts)
0.3-1.34	$1,920 R^2$
1.34-30	$3,450 R^2/f^2$
30-300	$3.83 R^2$
300-1,500	$0.0128 R^2 f$
1,500-100,000	$19.2 R^2$

**For Multiple RF sources:** FCC Rule Part 1.1307(b)(3)(ii):

- (A) The available maximum time-averaged power of each source is no more than 1 mW and there is a separation distance of two centimeters between any portion of a radiating structure operating and the nearest portion of any other radiating structure in the same device, except if the sum of multiple sources is less than 1 mW during the time-averaging period, in which case they may be treated as a single source (separation is not required).
- (B) In the case of fixed RF sources operating in the same time-averaging period, or of multiple mobile or portable RF sources within a device operating in the same time averaging period, if the sum of the fractional contributions to the applicable thresholds is less than or equal to 1 as indicated in the following equation.

$$\sum_{i=1}^a \frac{P_i}{P_{th,i}} + \sum_{j=1}^b \frac{ERP_j}{ERP_{th,j}} + \sum_{k=1}^c \frac{Evaluated_k}{Exposure Limit_k} \leq 1$$

### 1.3 Calculated Result

Radio Access Technology	Prediction Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Duty Cycle (%)	Tune-Up Time-Averaged Power (dBm)	ERP (dBm)
Bluetooth	2402	7.64	2.34	100	8.00	8.19
Wi-Fi	2412	18.39	2.34	100	19.00	19.19

Frequency (MHz)	Option	Min. Distance (cm)	Max. Power (dBm) (mW)		Exposure Limit (mW)	Ratio	Result Pass/Fail
2402	C	20.00	8.19	6.59	768.00	0.01	Pass
2412	C	20.00	19.19	82.99	768.00	0.11	Pass

Note: 1. Time-Averaged Power=Output Power \* Duty Cycle; ERP= Time-Averaged Power+ Antenna gain-2.15dB

2. Option A, B and C refers as clause 1.2.

3. For option B, Max (time-averaged power, effective radiated power (ERP)) converts to Max. Power. For option C, ERP converts to Max. Power;

4. For option B,  $P_{th}$  (mW) converts to Exposure Limit (mW); For option C, ERP (W) converts to Exposure Limit (mW).

5. Ratio= Tune-Up ERP (mW)/ Exposure Limit (mW)

#### Mode for Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission:

Radio Access Technology	Ratio 1	Ratio 2	Simultaneous Ratio	Limit	Result Pass/Fail
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Note: Bluetooth and Wi-Fi can't transmit at the same time.

Result: Pass