



TEST REPORT

Report Reference No.: **TRE17120228** R/C.....: 40515
FCC ID: **2AOIS020816**
Applicant's name: **MESTEL SAFETY SRL**
Address: VIA ARVIGO 2, SANT OLCESSE, 16010 Italy
Manufacturer.....: MESTEL SAFETY SRL
Address.....: VIA ARVIGO 2, SANT OLCESSE, 16010 Italy
Test item description: **SNORKIE-TALKIE**
Trade Mark: -
Model/Type reference: US version
Listed Model(s).....: -
Standard: **FCC CFR Title 47 Part 2**
FCC CFR Title 47 Part 95B
Date of receipt of test sample.....: Dec. 26, 2017
Date of testing.....: Dec. 27, 2017 – May 24, 2018
Date of issue.....: May 24, 2018
Result: **PASS**

Compiled by
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Testing Laboratory Name.....: **Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd.**

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The test report merely correspond to the test sample.

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1 TEST STANDARDS AND REPORT VERSION

1.1. Test Standards

The tests were performed according to following standards:

[FCC Rules Part 2](#): Frequency allocations and radio treaty matters; General rules and regulations

[FCC Part 15 Subpart B](#): Unintentional Radiators.

[FCC Rules Part 95B](#): PERSONAL RADIO SERVICES-Family Radio Service (FRS)

[ANSI C63.10-2013](#): American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices.

[ANSI/TIA-603-E\(2016\)](#): Land Mobile FM or PM Communications Equipment and Performance Standards

[ANSI C63.4-2014](#): American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz

1.2. Report revised information

Revised No.	Date of issued	Description
N/A	2018-05-24	Original

2 TEST DESCRIPTION

Test Item	Section in CFR 47	Result	Test Engineer
Carrier Output Power(ERP)	Part 95.567 Part 2.1046(a)	Pass	Jinquan Wu
99% Occupied Bandwidth & 26dB bandwidth	Part 95.573 Part 2.1049	Pass	Jinquan Wu
Emission Mask	Part 95.579(a)(1)(2)(3) Part 2.1049	Pass	Jinquan Wu
Modulation Limit	Part 95.575 Part 2.1047(b)	Pass	Jinquan Wu
Audio Frequency Response	Part 95.575 Part 2.1047(a)	Pass	Jinquan Wu
Frequency Stability V.S. Temperature	Part 95.565 Part 2.1055	Pass	Jinquan Wu
Frequency Stability V.S. Voltage	Part 95.565 Part 2.1055	Pass	Jinquan Wu
Transmit Radiated Spurious Emission	Part 95.579(a)(3) Part 2.1053	Pass	Hongquan Li
AC Power Line Conducted Emission	Part 15.107	Pass	Alex Guo
Radiated Emission	Part 15.109	Pass	Shower Dai

3 SUMMARY

3.1 Client Information

Applicant:	MESTEL SAFETY SRL
Address:	VIA ARVIGO 2, SANT OLCESE, 16010 Italy
Manufacturer:	MESTEL SAFETY SRL
Address:	VIA ARVIGO 2, SANT OLCESE, 16010 Italy

3.2 Product Description

Name of EUT:	SNORKIE-TALKIE
Trade mark:	-
Model/Type reference:	US version
Listed model(s):	-
Power supply:	DC 5V
Battery information:	Model: FRS 3.7V, 500mAh
Hardware version:	2.0
Software version:	FRS_1.0.10

RF Specification

Support Frequency Range:	From 467.5625MHz to 467.6375MHz
Rated Output Power:	0.5W
Modulation Type:	FM(Analog)
Emission Designator: *1	11K0F3E
Antenna Type:	Integral

Note:

(1) *1 According to FCC Part 2.202 requirements, the Necessary Bandwidth is calculated as follows:

– For FM Voice Modulation

Channel Spacing = 12.5 KHz, D = 2.5 KHz max, K = 1, M = 3 KHz

$B_n = 2M + 2DK = 2*3 + 2*2.5*1 = 11 \text{ KHz}$

Emission designation: 11K0F3E

(2) The device only supports voice communication.

(3) The device has no gain and vertically polarized antenna.

3.3 Test frequency list

According to ANSI C63.10 section 5.6.1:

Measurements of unlicensed wireless devices shall be performed and, if required, reported for each frequency band in which the EUT can be operated with the device at the number of frequencies in each band specified in Table 4.

Frequency range over which EUT operates	Number of frequencies	Location in frequency range of operation
1 MHz or less	1	Middle
1 MHz to 10 MHz	2	1 near top and 1 near bottom
More than 10 MHz	3	1 near top, 1 near middle, and 1 near bottom

Frequency Bands (MHz)	Test Channel	Test Frequency (MHz)
467.5625~467.6375	CH _L	467.5625(CH1)
	CH _H	467.6375(CH4)

The Product channel frequency table:

Channel No.	Center frequency (MHz)
1	467.5625
2	467.5875
3	467.6125
4	467.6375

3.4 Operation mode

Test mode	Transmitting	Receiving	FRS
			12.5kHz (Analog)
TX-FRS	√		√
RX-FRS		√	√

Note:

√: is operation mode.

Modulation Type	Description
UM	Un-modulation
AM2	Apply a 1000 Hz tone and adjust the audio frequency generator to produce 20% of the rated system deviation.
AM6	Apply a 1000 Hz modulating signal to the transmitter from the audio frequency generator, and adjust the level to obtain 60% of full rated system deviation, then increase the level from the audio generator by 20 dB
AM5	Modulate the transmitter with a 2500 Hz sine wave at an input level 16 dB greater than that necessary to produce 50% of rated system deviation.

Test item	Modulation Type	Test mode
Output Power(ERP)	UM	TX-FRS
99% Occupied Bandwidth & 26dB bandwidth	AM6	TX-FRS
Emission Mask	AM5	TX-FRS
Modulation Limit	AM6	TX-FRS
Audio Frequency Response	AM2	TX-FRS
Frequency Stability VS Temperature	UM	TX-FRS
Frequency Stability VS Voltage	UM	TX-FRS
Transmit Radiated Spurious Emission	AM5	TX-FRS
AC Power Line Conducted Emission	UM	RX-FRS
Radiated Emission	UM	RX-FRS

3.5 EUT configuration

The following peripheral devices and interface cables were connected during the measurement:

- - supplied by the manufacturer
- - supplied by the lab

○	Switching Power Supply	Manufacturer :	Xiaomi
		Model No. :	CH-P002
○	Multimeter	Manufacturer :	/
		Model No. :	/

4 TEST ENVIRONMENT

4.1 Address of the test laboratory

Laboratory: Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd.

Address: 1/F, Bldg 3, Hongfa Hi-tech Industrial Park, Genyu Road, Tianliao, Gongming, Shenzhen, China

4.2 Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

CNAS-Lab Code: L1225

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been assessed and proved to be in compliance with CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for Testing and Calibration Laboratories (identical to ISO/IEC17025: 2005 General Requirements) for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories.

A2LA-Lab Cert. No. 3902.01

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been accredited by A2LA for technical competence in the field of electrical testing, and proved to be in compliance with ISO/IEC 17025: 2005 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories and any additional program requirements in the identified field of testing.

FCC-Registration No.: 762235

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the FCC (Federal Communications Commission). The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files. Registration 762235.

IC-Registration No.: 5377B-1

Two 3m Alternate Test Site of Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for the performance of radiated measurements with Registration No. 5377B-1.

ACA

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory can also perform testing for the Australian C-Tick mark as a result of our A2LA accreditation.

4.3 Environmental conditions

Atmospheric Contions	
Temperature:	21°C to 25°C
Relative Humidity:	20 % to 75 %.
Atmospheric Pressure:	860 mbar to 1060 mbar
Norminal Test Voltage:	$V_N = \text{DC } 5.0\text{V}$
Extrem Test Voltage @115% V_N :	$V_H = \text{DC } 5.75\text{V}$
Extrem Test Voltage @85% V_N :	$V_L = \text{DC } 4.25\text{V}$

4.4 Statement of the measurement uncertainty

The data and results referenced in this document are true and accurate. The reader is cautioned that there may be errors within the calibration limits of the equipment and facilities. The measurement uncertainty was calculated for all measurements listed in this test report acc. to CISPR 16 - 4 „Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 4: Uncertainty in EMC Measurements“ and is documented in the Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd quality system acc. to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. Furthermore, component and process variability of devices similar to that tested may result in additional deviation. The manufacturer has the sole responsibility of continued compliance of the device.

Hereafter the best measurement capability for Shenzhen Huatongwei laboratory is reported:

Test Items	Measurement Uncertainty	Notes
Frequency stability	25 Hz	(1)
Transmitter power conducted	0.57 dB	(1)
Transmitter power Radiated	2.20 dB	(1)
Conducted spurious emission 9KHz-40 GHz	1.60 dB	(1)
Conducted Emission 9KHz-30MHz	3.39 dB	(1)
Radiated Emission 30~1000MHz	4.65 dB	(1)
Radiated Emission 1~18GHz	5.16 dB	(1)
Radiated Emission 18-40GHz	5.54 dB	(1)
Occupied Bandwidth	35 Hz	(1)
FM deviation	25 Hz	(1)
Audio level	0.62 dB	(1)
Low Pass Filter Response	0.76 dB	(1)
Modulation Limiting	0.42 %	(1)

- (1) This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of $k=1.96$.

4.5 Equipments Used during the Test

RF Conducted Test						
Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal. (mm-dd-yy)	Next Cal. (mm-dd-yy)
1	Analog communication tester	HP	8920A	3813A10206	11/11/2017	11/10/2018
2	Digital communication tester	Aeroflex	3920B	1001682041	11/11/2017	11/10/2018
3	Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSW26	103440	11/11/2017	11/10/2018
4	Signal Generator	R&S	SML02	100507	11/11/2017	11/10/2018
5	Signal Generator	IFR	2032	203002\100	11/11/2017	11/10/2018
6	RF Cable	Chengdu E-Microwave	----	----	11/11/2017	11/10/2018
7	Attenuator	Chengdu E-Microwave	EMCAXX-10RNZ-3	----	11/11/2017	11/10/2018
8	High-Pass Filter	OCEN	OSP-HPF26300P20-LC	----	11/11/2017	11/10/2018
9	High-Pass Filter	OCEN	OSP-HPF60300P20-LC	----	11/11/2017	11/10/2018
10	RF Control Unit	Tonscend	JS0806-2	N/A	11/11/2017	11/10/2018
11	Climate Chamber	ESPEC	GPL-2	----	11/10/2017	11/09/2018
12	Variable Power Supply	GW INSTRON	GPS-3030D	012578	11/11/2017	11/10/2018

Radiated Emissions						
Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal. (mm-dd-yy)	Next Cal. (mm-dd-yy)
1	EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESCI	101247	11/11/2017	11/10/2018
2	Loop Antenna	R&S	HFH2-Z2	100020	11/20/2017	11/19/2018
3	Ultra-Broadband Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB9163	538	04/05/2017	04/04/2020
4	Preamplifier	SCHWARZBECK	BBV 9743	9743-0022	10/18/2017	10/17/2018
5	RF Connection Cable	HUBER+SUHNER	RE-7-FL	N/A	11/21/2017	11/20/2018
6	EMI Test Software	R&S	ESK1	N/A	N/A	N/A
7	Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSP40	100597	11/11/2017	11/10/2018
8	Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	9120D	1011	03/27/2017	03/26/2020
9	Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9170	25841	03/27/2017	03/26/2020
10	Broadband Preamplifier	SCHWARZBECK	BBV 9718	9718-248	10/18/2017	10/17/2018
11	RF Connection Cable	HUBER+SUHNER	RE-7-FH	N/A	11/21/2017	11/20/2018
12	Signal Generator	Rohde&Schwarz	SMB100A	114360	06/12/2018	06/11/2019
13	High-Pass Filter	OCEN	OSP-HPF26300P20-LC	----	11/11/2017	11/10/2018
14	High-Pass Filter	OCEN	OSP-HPF60300P20-LC	----	11/11/2017	11/10/2018
15	EMI Test Software	Audix	E3	N/A	N/A	N/A
16	Turntable	MATURO	TT2.0	/	N/A	N/A
17	Antenna Mast	MATURO	TAM-4.0-P	/	N/A	N/A

5 TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS

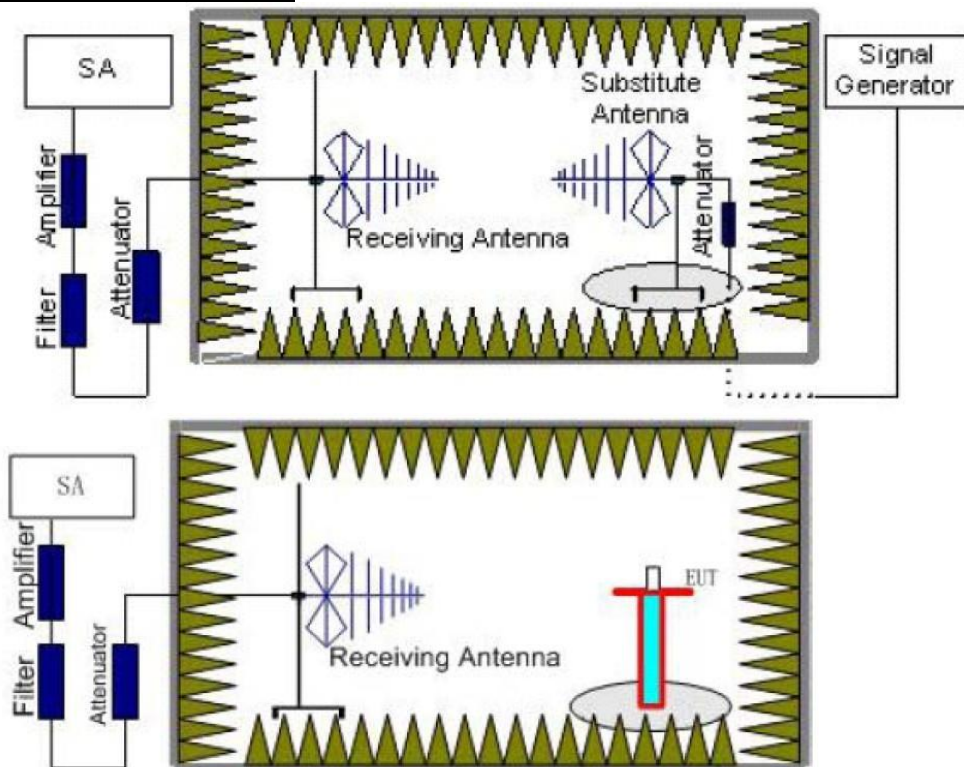
5.1 Carrier Output Power (ERP)

LIMIT

FCC Part FCC Part 95.567, FCC Part 2.1046

Each FRS transmitter type must be designed such that the effective radiated power (ERP) on channels 8 through 14 does not exceed 0.5 Watts and the ERP on channels 1 through 7 and 15 through 22 does not exceed 2.0 Watts. The radio shall be equipped with an integral antenna.

TEST CONFIGURATION



TEST PROCEDURE

1. EUT was placed on a 0.8 meter high non-conductive stand at a 3 meter test distance from the receive antenna. A receiving antenna was placed on the antenna mast 3 meters from the EUT for emission measurements. The height of receiving antenna is 1.0 m. Detected emissions were maximized at each frequency by rotating the EUT through 360° and adjusting the receiving antenna polarization. The radiated emission measurements of all transmit frequencies in six channels were measured with peak detector.
2. A log-periodic antenna or double-ridged waveguide horn antenna shall be substituted in place of the EUT. The log-periodic antenna will be driven by a signal generator and the level will be adjusted till the same power value on the spectrum analyzer or receiver. The level of the spurious emissions can be calculated through the level of the signal generator, cable loss, the gain of the substitution antenna and the reading of the spectrum analyzer or receiver.
3. The EUT is then put into continuously transmitting mode at its maximum power level during the test. Set Test Receiver or Spectrum RBW=100kHz, VBW=300kHz for 30MHz to 1GHz, And the maximum value of the receiver should be recorded as (Pr).
4. The EUT shall be replaced by a substitution antenna. In the chamber, an substitution antenna for the frequency band of interest is placed at the reference point of the chamber. An RF Signal source for the frequency band of interest is connected to the substitution antenna with a cable that has been constructed to not interfere with the radiation pattern of the antenna. A power (PMea) is applied to the input of the substitution antenna, and adjust the level of the signal generator output until the value of the receiver reach the previously recorded (Pr). The power of signal source (PMea) is recorded. The test should be performed by rotating the test item and adjusting the receiving antenna polarization.

5. A amplifier should be connected to the Signal Source output port. And the cable should be connect between the Amplifier and the Substitution Antenna. The cable loss (Pcl) ,the Substitution Antenna Gain (Ga) and the Amplifier Gain (PAg) should be recorded after test.
The measurement results are obtained as described below:
Power(EIRP)=PMea- PAg - Pcl - Ga
We used SMF100A micowave signal generator which signal level can up to 33dBm,so we not used power Amplifier for substitution test; The measurement results are amend as described below:
Power(EIRP)=PMea- Pcl - Ga
6. This value is EIRP since the measurement is calibrated using an antenna of known gain (2.15 dBi) and known input power.
7. ERP can be calculated from EIRP by subtracting the gain of the dipole, ERP = EIRP-2.15dBi.

TEST MODE

Please reference to the section 3.4

TEST RESULTS

☒ Passed ☐ Not Applicable

Operation Mode	Test Channel	Measured ERP (dBm)	Measured ERP (W)	Limit (W)	Result
TX-FRS	CH _L	25.32	0.34	0.5	Pass
	CH _H	24.56	0.29	0.5	

5.2 99% Occupied Bandwidth & 26dB Bandwidth

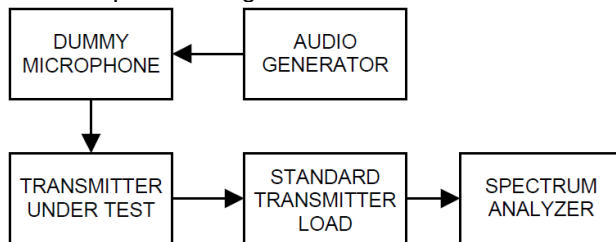
LIMIT

FCC Part 95.573, FCC Part 2.1049

Each FRS transmitter type must be designed such that the occupied bandwidth does not exceed 12.5 kHz.

TEST CONFIGURATION

Test setup for Analog:



TEST PROCEDURE

- (1) Connect the equipment as illustrated
- (2) Spectrum set as follow:
Centre frequency = the nominal EUT channel center frequency,
The frequency span for the spectrum analyzer shall be set wide enough to capture all modulation products including the emission skirts (typically a span of $1.5 \times \text{OBW}$ is sufficient)
RBW = 1% to 5% of the anticipated OBW, VBW $\geq 3 \times \text{RBW}$, Sweep = auto,
Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold
- (3) Set 99% Occupied Bandwidth and 26dB Bandwidth
- (4) Measure and record the results in the test report.

TEST MODE

Please reference to the section 3.4

TEST RESULTS

☒ Passed ☐ Not Applicable

Please refer to appendix A on the section 8 appendix report

5.3 Emission Mask

LIMIT

FCC Part 95.579(a)(1)(2)(3), FCC Part 2.1049

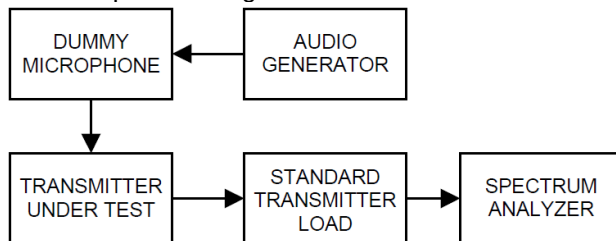
Each FRS transmitter type must be designed to satisfy the applicable unwanted emissions limits in this paragraph.

(a) Attenuation requirements. The power of unwanted emissions must be attenuated below the carrier power output in Watts (P) by at least:

- (1) 25 dB (decibels) in the frequency band 6.25 kHz to 12.5 kHz removed from the channel center frequency.
- (2) 35 dB in the frequency band 12.5 kHz to 31.25 kHz removed from the channel center frequency.
- (3) $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB in any frequency band removed from the channel center frequency by more than 31.25 kHz.

TEST CONFIGURATION

Test setup for Analog:



TEST PROCEDURE

- 1) Connect the equipment as illustrated.
- 2) Spectrum set as follow:
Centre frequency = fundamental frequency, span=120kHz for 12.5kHz channel spacing,
RBW=100Hz, VBW=1000Hz, Sweep = auto,
Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold
- 3) Key the transmitter, and set the level of the unmodulated carrier to a full scale reference line. This is the 0dB reference for the measurement.
- 4) Apply Input Modulation Signal to EUT according to Section 3.4
- 5) Measure and record the results in the test report.

TEST MODE

Please reference to the section 3.4

TEST RESULTS

☒ Passed ☐ Not Applicable

Please refer to appendix B on the section 8 appendix report

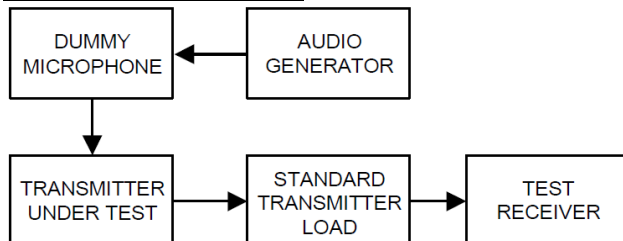
5.4 Modulation Limit

LIMIT

FCC Part 95.575, FCC Part 2.1047(b)

Each FRS transmitter type must be designed such that the peak frequency deviation does not exceed 2.5 kHz, and the highest audio frequency contributing substantially to modulation must not exceed 3.125 kHz.

TEST CONFIGURATION



TEST PROCEDURE

- 1) Connect the equipment as illustrated.
- 2) Adjust the transmitter per the manufacturer's procedure for full rated system deviation.
- 3) Set the test receiver to measure peak positive deviation. Set the audio bandwidth for ≤ 0.25 Hz to $\geq 15,000$ Hz. Turn the de-emphasis function off.
- 4) Apply Input Modulation Signal to EUT according to Section 3.4 and vary the input level from -20 to $+20$ dB.
- 5) Measure both the instantaneous and steady-state deviation at and after the time of increasing the audio input level
- 6) Repeat step 4-5 with input frequency changing to 300Hz, 1004Hz, 1500Hz and 2500Hz in sequence.

TEST MODE

Please reference to the section 3.4

TEST RESULTS

☒ Passed ☐ Not Applicable

Please refer to appendix C on the section 8 appendix report

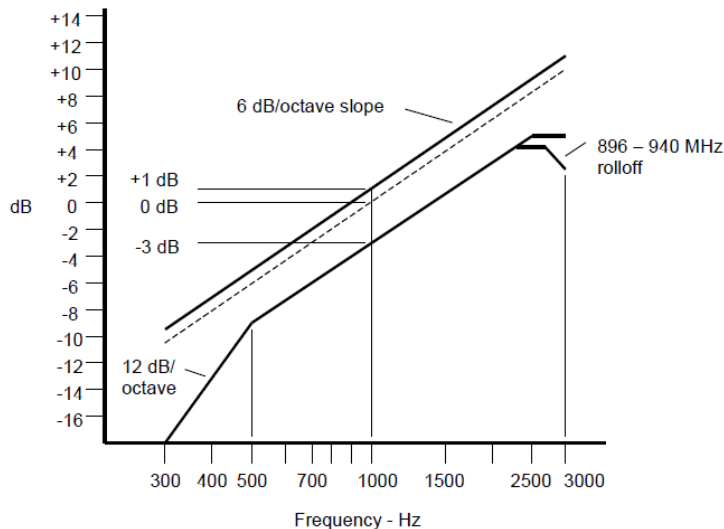
5.5 Audio Frequency Response

LIMIT

FCC Part 95.575), FCC Part 2.1047(a):

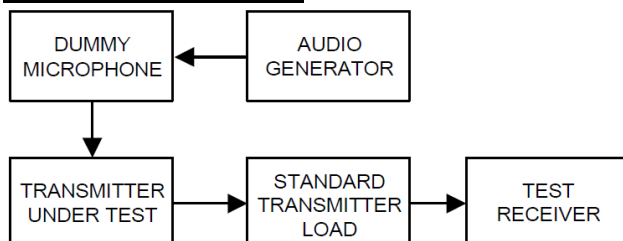
Each FRS transmitter type must be designed such that the peak frequency deviation does not exceed 2.5 kHz, and the highest audio frequency contributing substantially to modulation must not exceed 3.125 kHz.

Voice modulated communication equipment. A curve or equivalent data showing the frequency response of the audio modulating circuit over a range of 100 to 5000 Hz shall be submitted.



An additional 6 dB per octave attenuation is allowed from 2500 Hz to 3000 Hz in equipment operating in the 25 MHz to 869 MHz range.

TEST CONFIGURATION



TEST PROCEDURE

- 1) Connect the equipment as illustrated.
- 2) Set the test receiver to measure peak positive deviation. Set the audio bandwidth for 50 Hz to 15,000 Hz. Turn the de-emphasis function off.
- 3) Set the DMM to measure rms voltage.
- 4) Adjust the transmitter per the manufacturer's procedure for full rated system deviation.
- 5) Apply Input Modulation Signal to EUT according to Section 3.4
- 6) Set the test receiver to measure rms deviation and record the deviation reading.
- 7) Record the DMM reading as V_{REF} .
- 8) Set the audio frequency generator to the desired test frequency between 300 Hz and 3000 Hz.
- 9) Vary the audio frequency generator output level until the deviation reading that was recorded in step 6) is obtained.
- 10) Record the DMM reading as V_{FREQ}
- 11) Calculate the audio frequency response at the present frequency as:
audio frequency response = $20 \log_{10} (V_{FREQ}/V_{REF})$.
- 12) Repeat steps 8) through 11) for all the desired test frequencies

TEST MODE

Please reference to the section 3.4

TEST RESULTS

☒ **Passed** ☐ **Not Applicable**

Please refer to appendix D on the section 8 appendix report

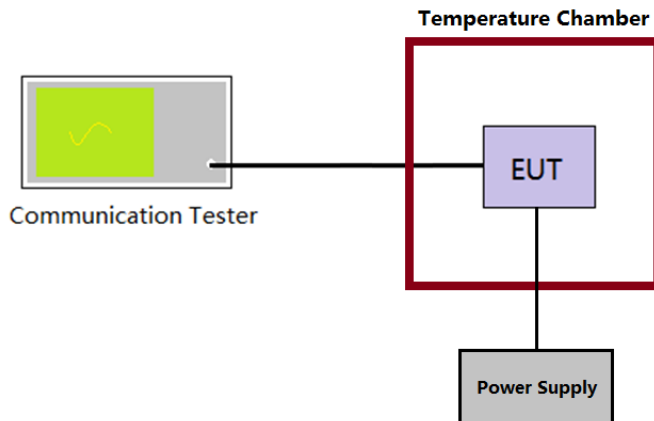
5.6 Frequency stability VS Temperature

LIMIT

FCC Part 95.565:

Each FRS transmitter type must be designed such that the carrier frequencies remain within ± 2.5 parts-per-million of the channel center frequencies specified in §95.563 during normal operating conditions.

TEST CONFIGURATION



TEST PROCEDURE

- 1) The EUT output port was connected to communication tester.
- 2) The EUT was placed inside the temperature chamber.
- 3) Turn EUT off and set the chamber temperature to -30°C . After the temperature stabilized for approximately 30 minutes recorded the frequency as MCF_{MHz} .
- 4) Calculate the ppm frequency error by the following:
$$\text{ppm error} = (MCF_{\text{MHz}} / ACF_{\text{MHz}} - 1) * 10^6$$

where
 MCF_{MHz} is the Measured Carrier Frequency in MHz
 ACF_{MHz} is the Assigned Carrier Frequency in MHz
- 5) Repeat step 3 measure with 10°C increased per stage until the highest temperature of $+50^{\circ}\text{C}$ reached.

TEST MODE

Please reference to the section 3.4

TEST RESULTS

☒ Passed ☐ Not Applicable

Please refer to appendix E on the section 8 appendix report

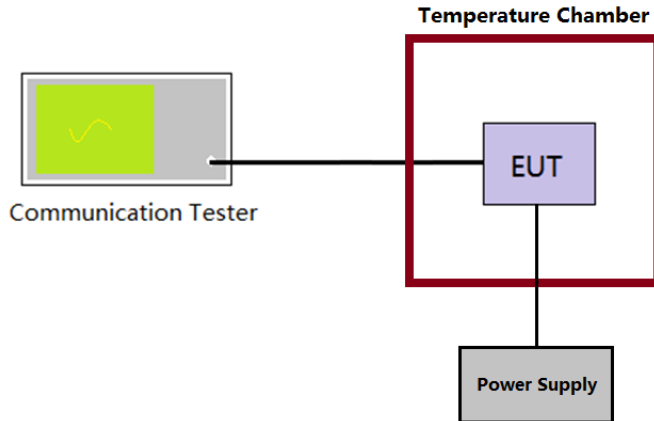
5.7 Frequency stability VS Voltage

LIMIT

FCC Part 95.565:

Each FRS transmitter type must be designed such that the carrier frequencies remain within ± 2.5 parts-per-million of the channel center frequencies specified in §95.563 during normal operating conditions.

TEST CONFIGURATION



TEST PROCEDURE

- 1) The EUT output port was connected to communication tester.
- 2) The EUT was placed inside the temperature chamber at 25°C
- 3) Record the carrier frequency of the transmitter as MCF_{MHz}
- 4) Calculate the ppm frequency error by the following:
$$ppm\ error = (MCF_{MHz} / ACF_{MHz} - 1) * 10^6$$

where
 MCF_{MHz} is the Measured Carrier Frequency in MHz
 ACF_{MHz} is the Assigned Carrier Frequency in MHz
- 5) Repeat step 3 measure with varied $\pm 15\%$ of the nominal value measured at the input to the EUT

TEST MODE

Please reference to the section 3.4

TEST RESULTS

☒ Passed ☐ Not Applicable

Please refer to appendix F on the section 8 appendix report

5.8 Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emission

LIMIT

FCC Part 95.579(a)(3):

$43 + 10 \log (P_{\text{watts}})$

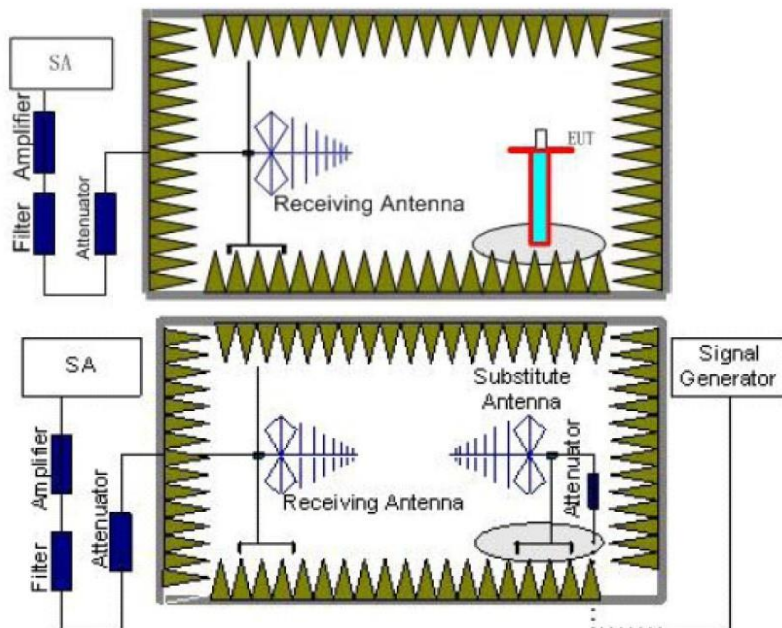
Calculation: Limit (dBm) = EL - 43 - 10 log₁₀ (TP)

Notes: EL is the emission level of the Output Power expressed in dBm,
In this application, the EL is P (dBm).

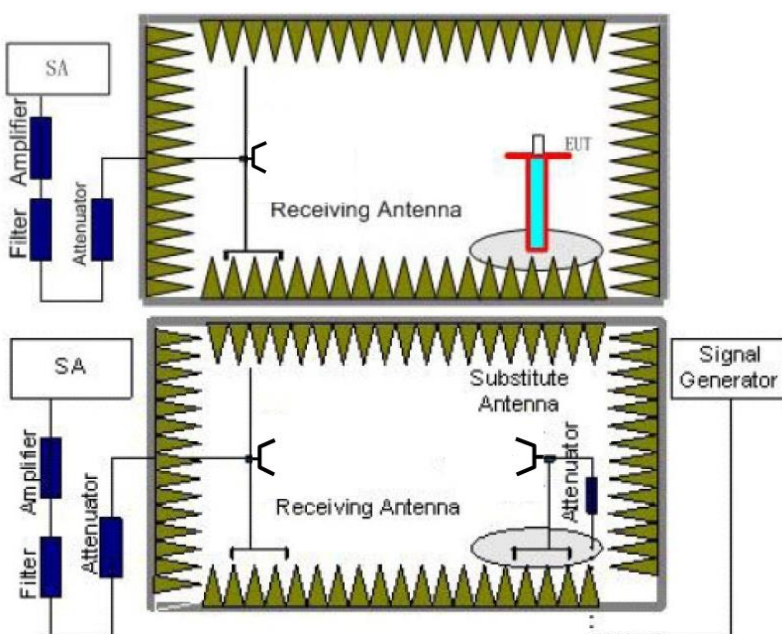
Limit (dBm) = P (dBm) - 43 - 10 log (Pwatts) = -13 dBm

TEST CONFIGURATION

Below 1GHz:



Above 1GHz:



TEST PROCEDURE

8. Standard Transmitter Load with a 50Ω input impedance and an output impedance matched to the test equipment.
9. EUT was placed on a 0.8 meter high non-conductive stand at a 3 meter test distance from the receive antenna. A receiving antenna was placed on the antenna mast 3 meters from the EUT for emission measurements. The height of receiving antenna is 1.0 m. Detected emissions were maximized at each frequency by rotating the EUT through 360° and adjusting the receiving antenna polarization. The radiated emission measurements of all transmit frequencies in six channels were measured with peak detector.
10. A log-periodic antenna or double-ridged waveguide horn antenna shall be substituted in place of the EUT. The log-periodic antenna will be driven by a signal generator and the level will be adjusted till the same power value on the spectrum analyzer or receiver. The level of the spurious emissions can be calculated through the level of the signal generator, cable loss, the gain of the substitution antenna and the reading of the spectrum analyzer or receiver.
11. The EUT is then put into continuously transmitting mode at its maximum power level during the test. Set Test Receiver or Spectrum RBW=1MHz, VBW=3MHz for above 1GHz and RBW=100kHz, VBW=300kHz for 30MHz to 1GHz, And the maximum value of the receiver should be recorded as (Pr).
12. The EUT shall be replaced by a substitution antenna. In the chamber, a substitution antenna for the frequency band of interest is placed at the reference point of the chamber. An RF Signal source for the frequency band of interest is connected to the substitution antenna with a cable that has been constructed to not interfere with the radiation pattern of the antenna. A power (PMea) is applied to the input of the substitution antenna, and adjust the level of the signal generator output until the value of the receiver reach the previously recorded (Pr). The power of signal source (PMea) is recorded. The test should be performed by rotating the test item and adjusting the receiving antenna polarization.
13. A amplifier should be connected to the Signal Source output port. And the cable should be connect between the Amplifier and the Substitution Antenna. The cable loss (Pcl), the Substitution Antenna Gain (Ga) and the Amplifier Gain (PAg) should be recorded after test.
The measurement results are obtained as described below:
 $\text{Power(EIRP)} = \text{PMea} - \text{PAg} - \text{Pcl} - \text{Ga}$
We used SMF100A microwave signal generator which signal level can up to 33dBm, so we not used power Amplifier for substitution test; The measurement results are amend as described below:
 $\text{Power(EIRP)} = \text{PMea} - \text{Pcl} - \text{Ga}$
14. This value is EIRP since the measurement is calibrated using an antenna of known gain (2.15 dBi) and known input power.
15. ERP can be calculated from EIRP by subtracting the gain of the dipole, $\text{ERP} = \text{EIRP} - 2.15\text{dBi}$.

TEST MODE

Please reference to the section 3.4

TEST RESULTS

☒ Passed ☐ Not Applicable

TEST MODE TX-FRS					Test Channel: CH _L			
Frequency (MHz)	Polarity (H/V)	S.A. Reading (dBμV)	S.G.Level (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBd/dBi)	Cable Loss (dB)	Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
938.100	H	74.6	-23.94	7.0	3.77	-20.71	-13.00	7.71
938.100	V	63.0	-35.54	7.0	3.77	-32.31	-13.00	19.31
2805.690	H	61.3	-37.25	11.3	7.92	-33.91	-13.00	20.91
2805.690	V	55.2	-43.35	11.3	7.92	-40.01	-13.00	27.01
3742.450	H	58.9	-35.66	12.7	10.50	-33.47	-13.00	20.47
3742.450	V	69.7	-24.86	12.7	10.50	-22.67	-13.00	9.67
TEST MODE TX-FRS					Test Channel: CH _H			
Frequency (MHz)	Polarity (H/V)	S.A. Reading (dBμV)	S.G.Level (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBd/dBi)	Cable Loss (dB)	Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
938.100	H	64.4	-34.14	7.0	3.77	-30.91	-13.00	17.91
938.100	V	73.7	-24.84	7.0	3.77	-21.61	-13.00	8.61
2805.690	H	56.8	-41.75	11.3	7.92	-38.41	-13.00	25.41
2805.690	V	60.0	-38.55	11.3	7.92	-35.21	-13.00	22.21
3742.450	H	59.3	-35.26	12.7	10.50	-33.07	-13.00	20.07
3742.450	V	72.4	-22.16	12.7	10.50	-19.97	-13.00	6.97

Note: Absolute Level=SG Level-Cable loss+Antenna Gain

5.9 AC Power Line Conducted Emission

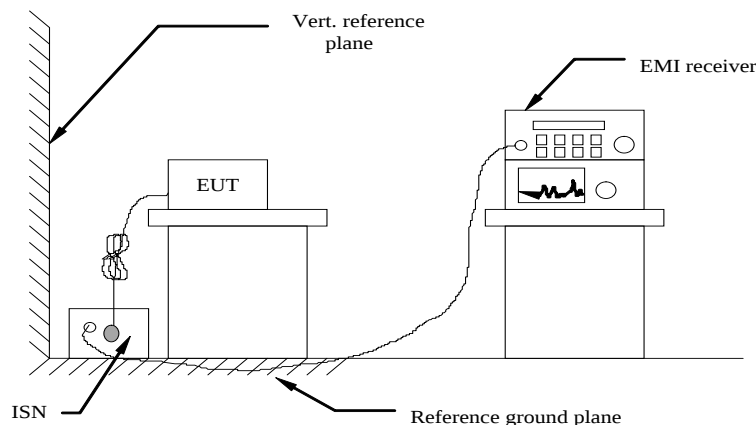
The frequency spectrum from 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz was investigated. The LISN used was 50 ohm / 50 u Henry as specified by section 5.1 of ANSI C63.4. Cables and peripherals were moved to find the maximum emission levels for each frequency.

Limit

FCC part 15.107(a)

Frequency of emission (MHz)	Conducted limit (dBμV)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

TEST CONFIGURATION



TEST PROCEDURE

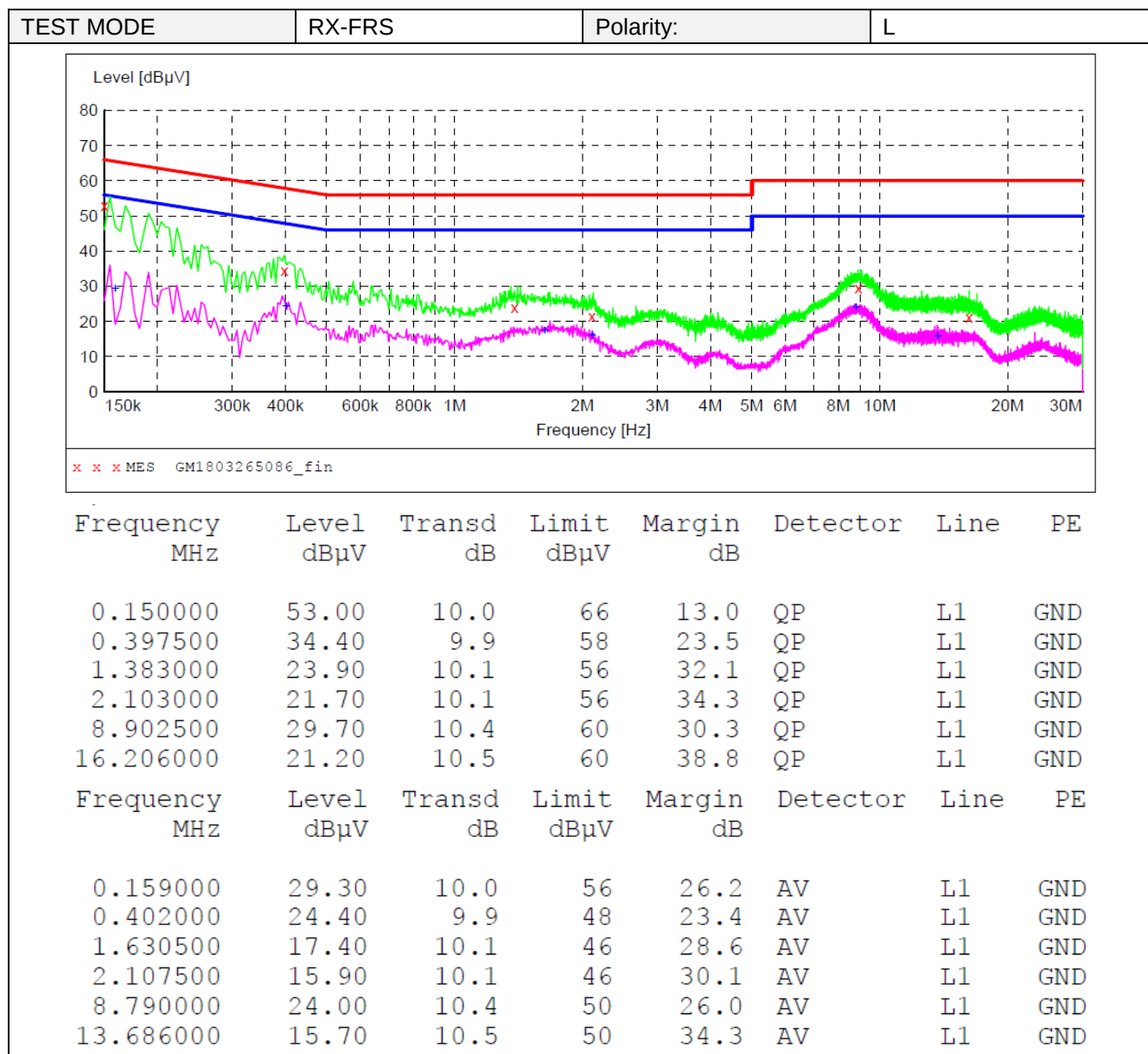
- 1 The equipment was set up as per the test configuration to simulate typical actual usage per the user's manual. The EUT is a tabletop system; a wooden table with a height of 0.8 meters is used and is placed on the ground plane as per ANSI C63.4
- 2 Support equipment, if needed, was placed as per ANSI C63.4
- 3 All I/O cables were positioned to simulate typical actual usage as per ANSI C63.4.
- 4 If a EUT received AC120V/60Hz power through a Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN) which supplied power source and was grounded to the ground plane.
- 5 All support equipments received AC power from a second LISN, if any
- 6 The EUT test program was started. Emissions were measured on each current carrying line of the EUT using a spectrum Analyzer / Receiver connected to the LISN powering the EUT. The LISN has two monitoring points: Line 1 (Hot Side) and Line 2 (Neutral Side). Two scans were taken: one with Line 1 connected to Analyzer / Receiver and Line 2 connected to a 50 ohm load; the second scan had Line 1 connected to a 50 ohm load and Line 2 connected to the Analyzer / Receiver.
- 7 Analyzer / Receiver scanned from 150 kHz to 30MHz for emissions in each of the test modes.
- 8 During the above scans, the emissions were maximized by cable manipulation.

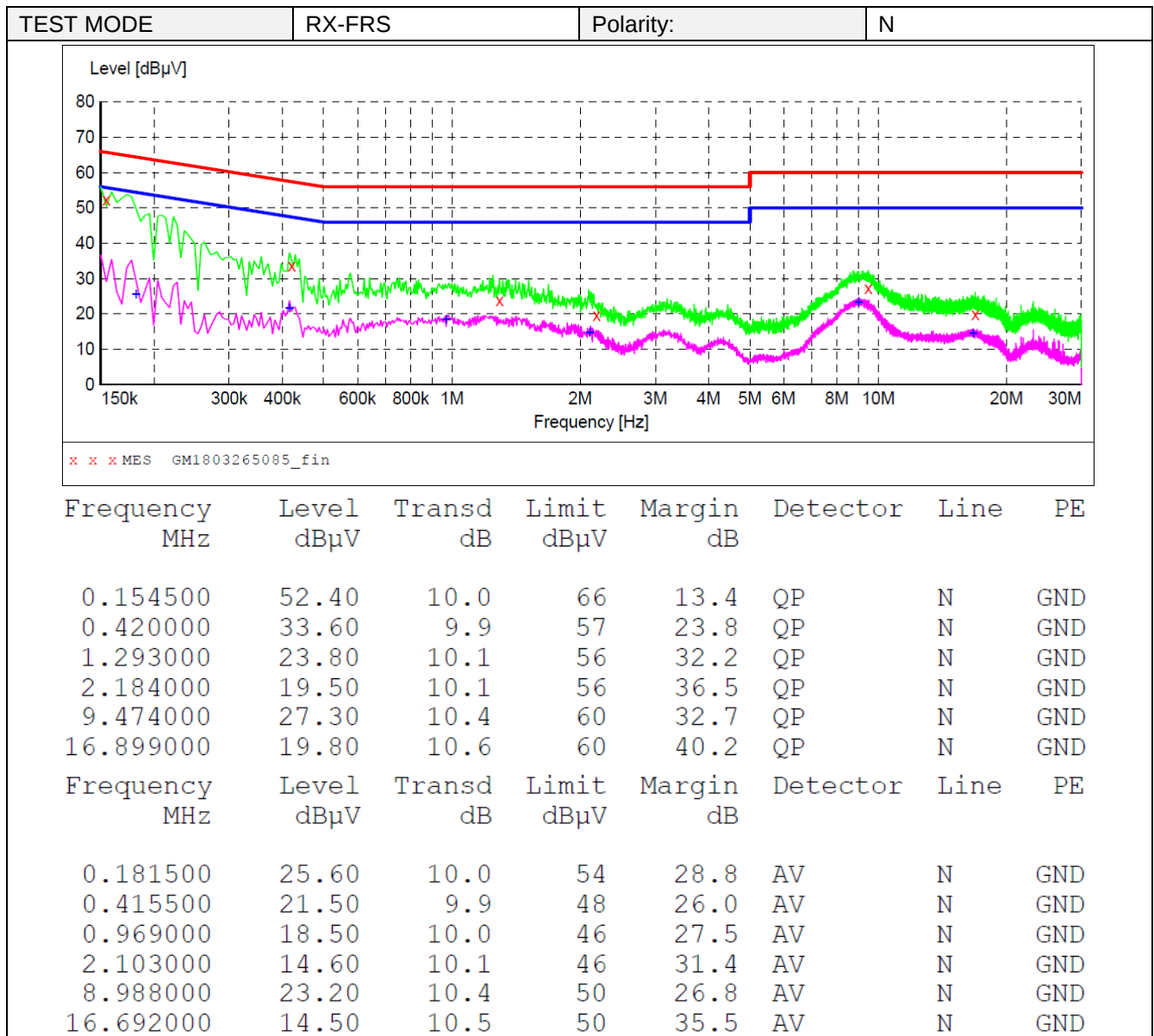
TEST MODE

Please reference to the section 3.4

TEST RESULTS

☐ Passed ☒ Not Applicable





5.10 Radiated Emission

LIMIT

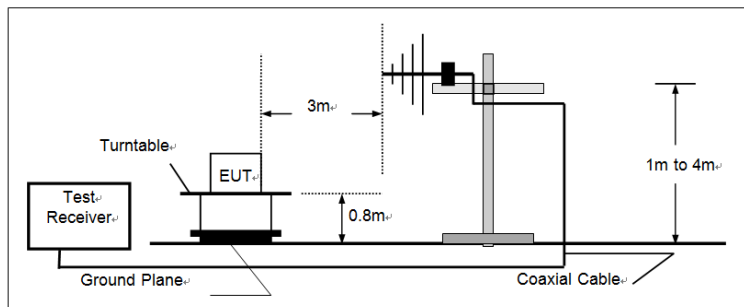
For unintentional device, according to § 15.109(a) except for Class A digital devices, the field strength of radiated emissions from unintentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the following values:

Frequency of emission (MHz)	Field strength (microvolts/meter)
30-88	100
88-216	150
216-960	200
Above 960	500

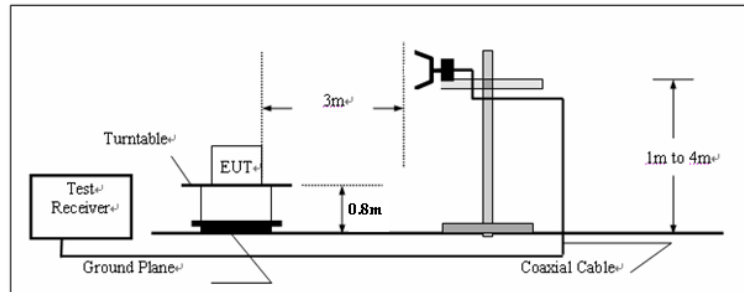
For intentional device, according to § 15.209(a), the general requirement of field strength of radiated emissions from intentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the above table.

TEST CONFIGURATION

(A) Radiated Emission Test Set-Up, Frequency below 1000MHz



(B) Radiated Emission Test Set-Up, Frequency above 1000MHz



TEST PROCEDURE

- 1 The EUT was placed on a turn table which is 0.8m above ground plane.
- 2 Maximum procedure was performed by raising the receiving antenna from 1m to 4m and rotating the turn table from 0° to 360° to acquire the highest emissions from EUT
- 3 And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
- 4 Repeat above procedures until all frequency measurements have been completed.

TEST MODE

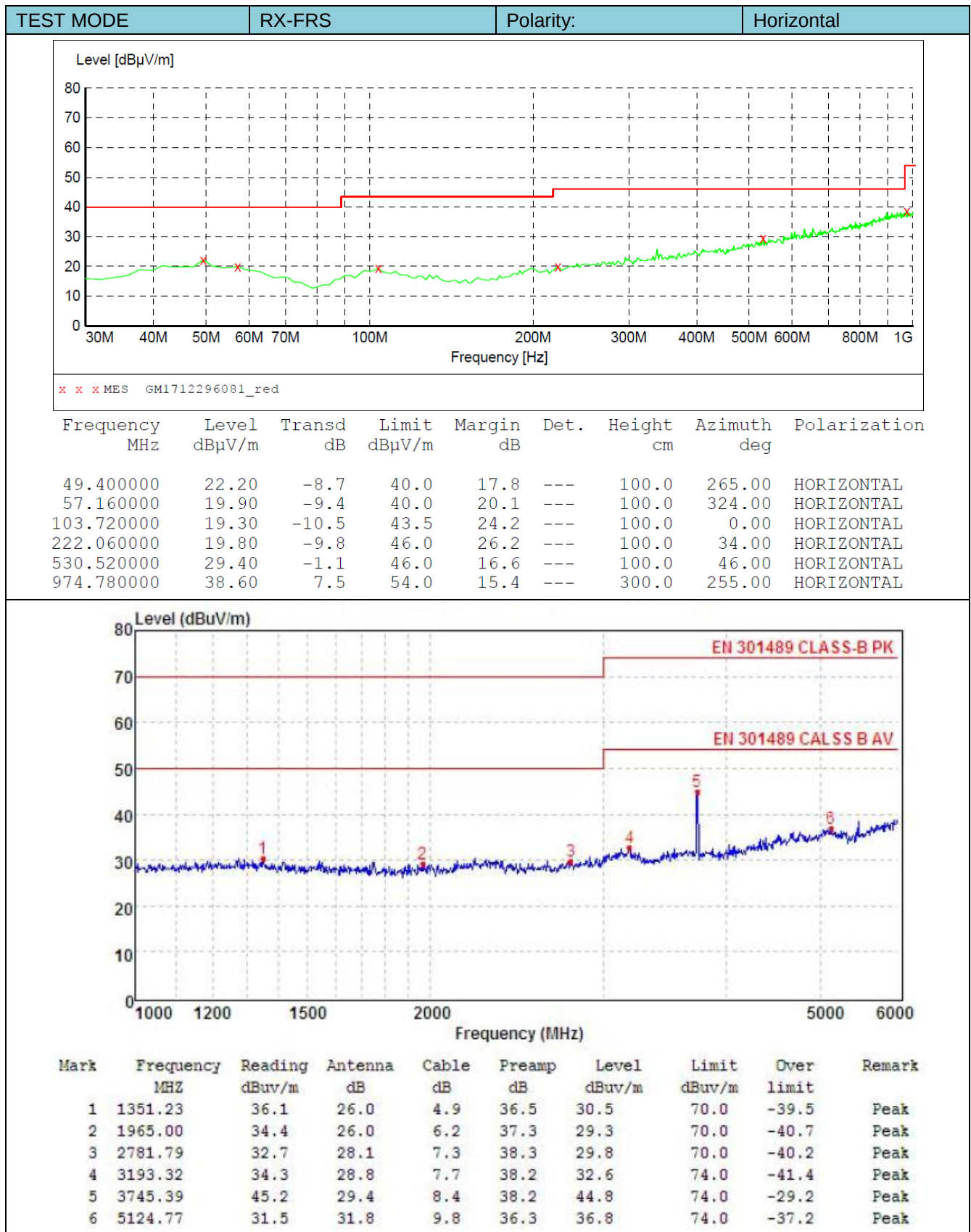
Please reference to the section 3.4

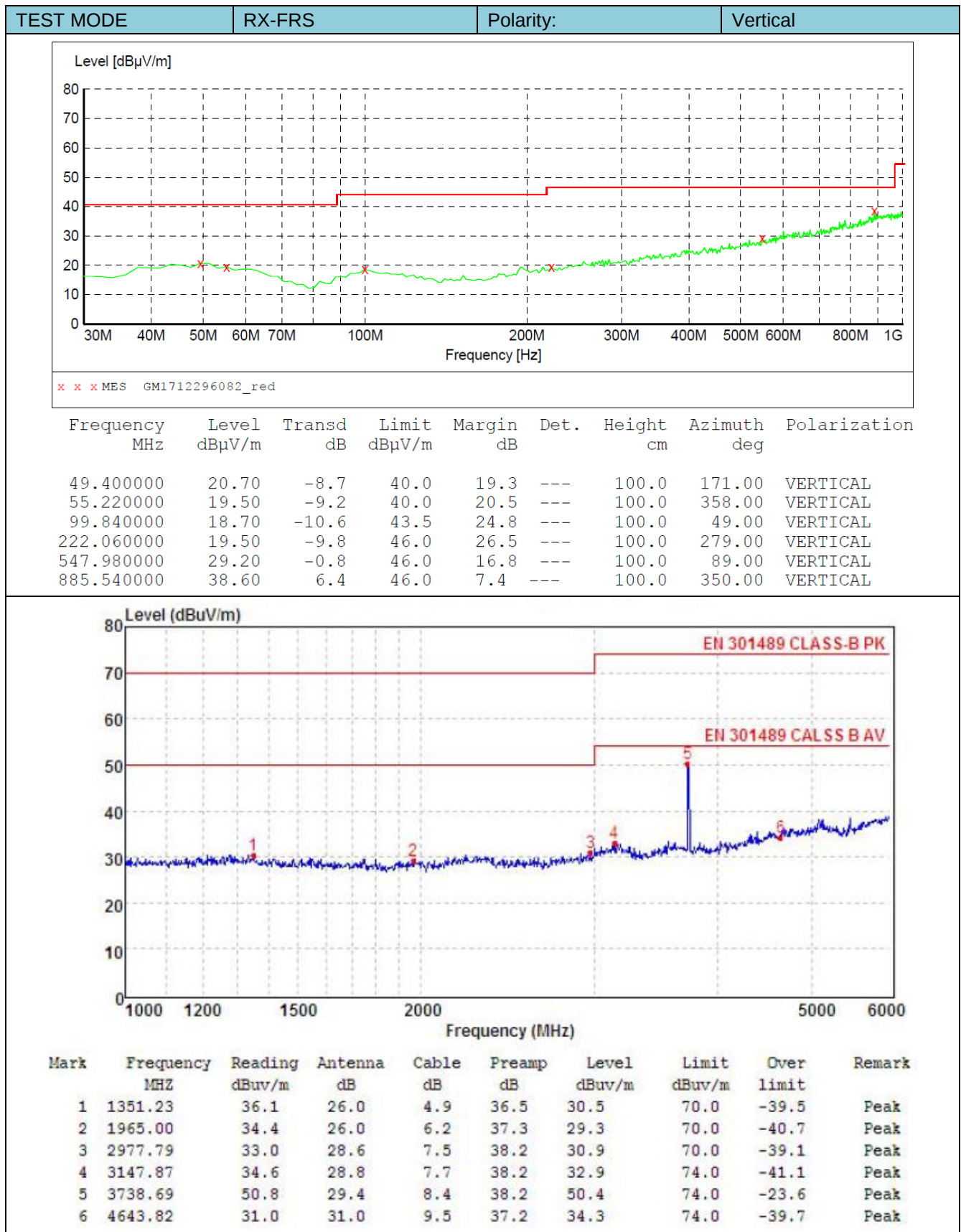
TEST RESULTS

☒ Passed ☐ Not Applicable

Note:

The EUT shall be scanned from 30 MHz to the 5th harmonic of the highest oscillator frequency in the digital devices or 1 GHz whichever is higher.





6 TEST SETUP PHOTOS OF THE EUT

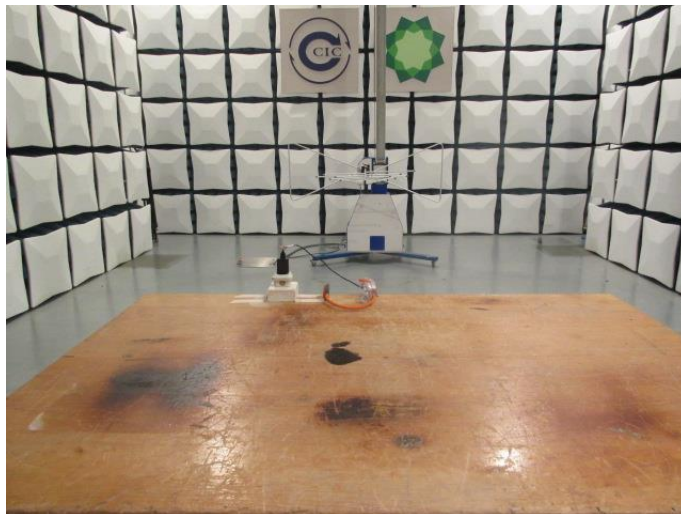
Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emission:



AC Power Line Conducted Emission:



Radiated Emission:

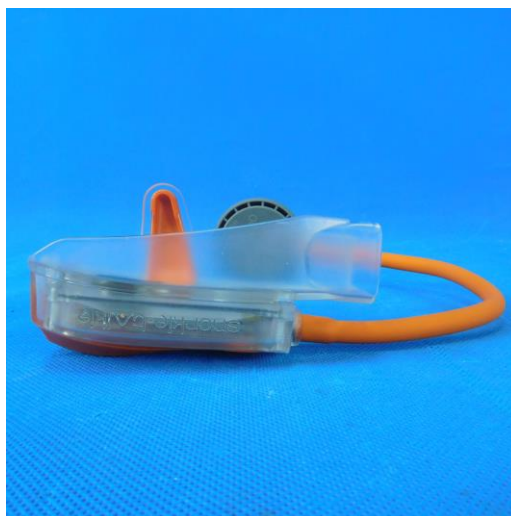
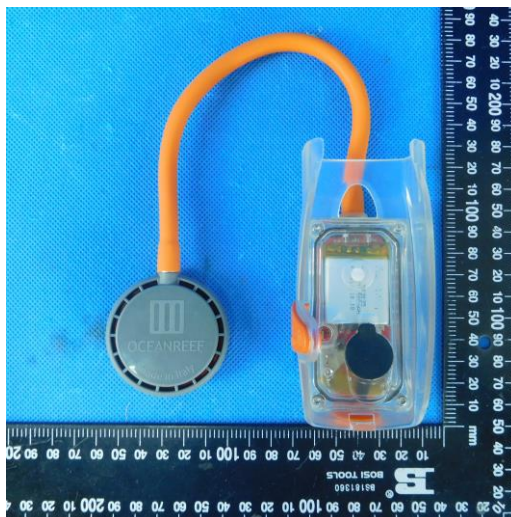


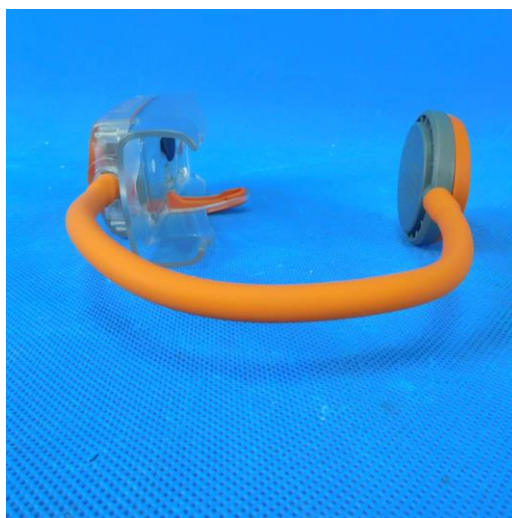
Frequency Stability:



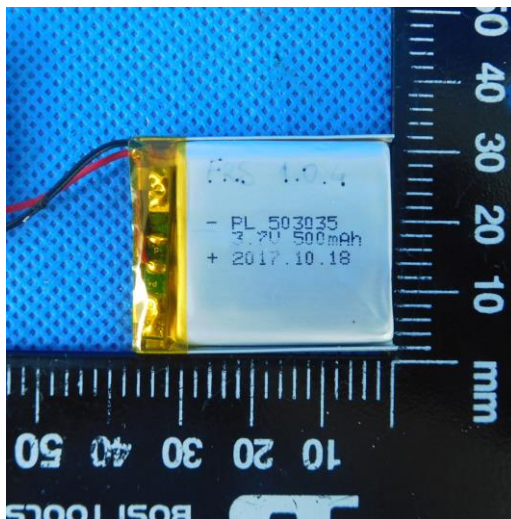
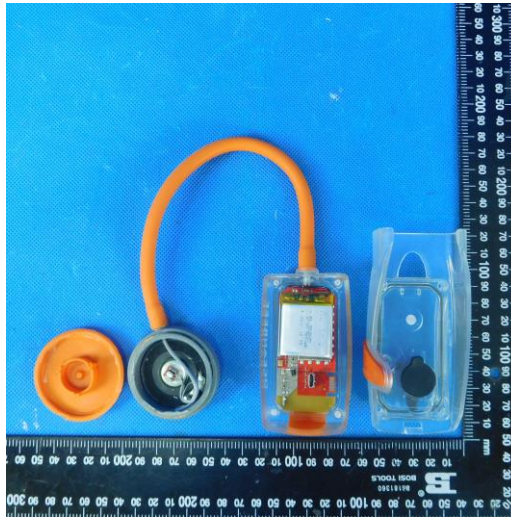
7 EXTERNAL AND INTERNAL PHOTOS OF THE EUT

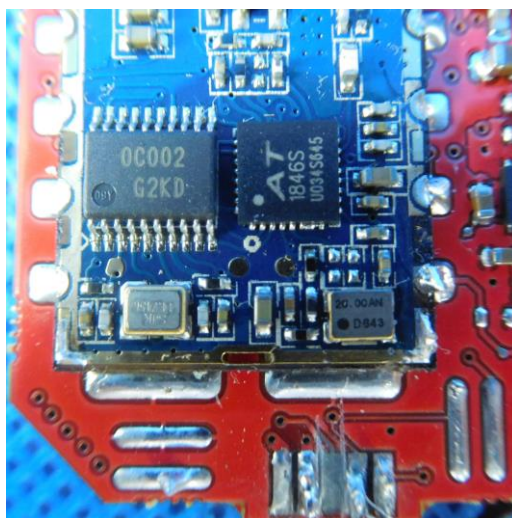
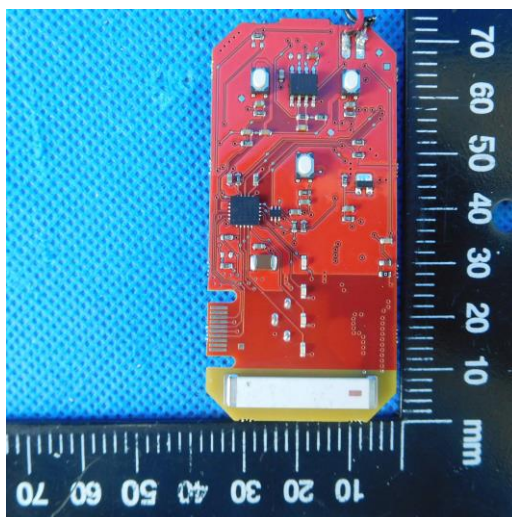
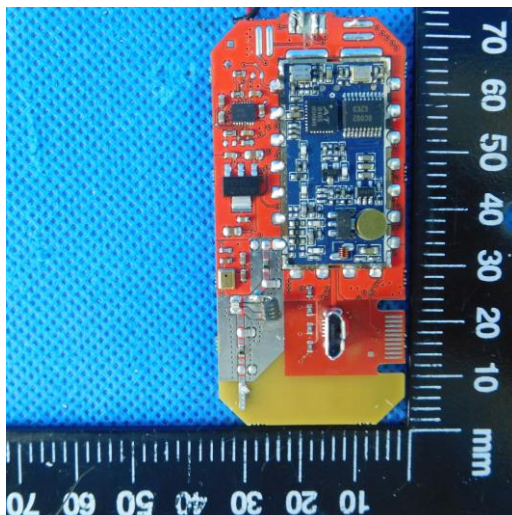
External Photos of the EUT





Internal Photos of the EUT





8 APPENDIX REPORT