

FCC SAR REPORT

Applicant: TECNO MOBILE LIMITED

Address of Applicant: FLAT 39 8/F BLOCK D WAH LOK INDUSTRIAL CENTRE 31-35 SHAN MEI STREET FOTAN NT

Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Product Name: Mobile Phone

Model No.: KG5j

Trade mark: TECNO

FCC ID: 2ADYY-KG5J

Applicable standards: FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093

Date of Test: 10 Aug., 2022 ~ 10 Aug., 2022

Test Result: Maximum Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)
Head: 1.242 Body: 0.437 Hotspot: 0.492

Authorized Signature:



Bruce Zhang
Laboratory Manager

This report details the results of the testing carried out on one sample. The results contained in this test report do not relate to other samples of the same product and does not permit the use of the JYT product certification mark. The manufacturer should ensure that all products in series production are in conformity with the product sample detailed in this report.

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2 Version

Version No.	Date	Description
00	11 Aug., 2022	Original

Tested by:

Vieta. Zhang

Date:

11 Aug., 2022

Test Engineer

Reviewed by:

Janet. Wei

Date:

11 Aug., 2022

Project Engineer

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4 SAR Results Summary

This report was amended on FCC ID: 2ADYY-KG5J follow FCC Class II Permissive Change. They were identical inside, the electrical circuit design, layout, components used and internal wiring. The only difference is that the software adds LTE Band 17, so only add LTE Band 17 test.

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during test as bellows:
<Highest Reported standalone SAR Summary>

Exposure Position	Frequency Band	Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Equipment Class	Highest Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)
Head	GSM 850	0.398	PCE	1.242
	GSM 1900	0.207		
	WCDMA Band V	1.242		
	WCDMA Band IV	0.926		
	WCDMA Band II	1.020		
	LTE Band 2	0.968		
	LTE Band 4	1.110		
	LTE Band 5	0.679		
	LTE Band 7	1.007		
	LTE Band 17	0.416		
	LTE Band 41 & Band 38	0.502		
	LTE Band 66	1.073		
	WLAN 2.4 GHz	0.226	DTS	
	WLAN 5.2 GHz	0.228	NII	
	WLAN 5.8 GHz	0.262		
Body (10 mm Gap)	GSM 850	0.388	PCE	0.437
	GSM 1900	0.230		
	WCDMA Band V	0.259		
	WCDMA Band IV	0.241		
	WCDMA Band II	0.351		
	LTE Band 2	0.270		
	LTE Band 4	0.324		
	LTE Band 5	0.277		
	LTE Band 7	0.437		
	LTE Band 17	0.234		
	LTE Band 41 & Band 38	0.319		
	LTE Band 66	0.241		
	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.253	DTS	
	WLAN 5.2 GHz	0.047	NII	
	WLAN 5.8 GHz	0.077		
Hotspot (10 mm Gap)	GSM 850	0.388	PCE	0.492
	GSM 1900	0.328		
	WCDMA Band V	0.259		
	WCDMA Band IV	0.376		
	WCDMA Band II	0.453		
	LTE Band 2	0.436		
	LTE Band 4	0.467		
	LTE Band 5	0.277		
	LTE Band 7	0.492		
	LTE Band 17	0.234		
	LTE Band 41 & Band 38	0.402		
	LTE Band 66	0.373		
	WLAN 2.4 GHz	0.253	DTS	
	WLAN 5.2 GHz	0.090	NII	
	WLAN 5.8 GHz	0.077		

<Highest Reported simultaneous SAR Summary>

Exposure Position	Frequency Band	Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Equipment Class	Highest Reported Simultaneous Transmission 1-g SAR (W/kg)
Left Cheek	WCDMA Band V	1.242	PCE	1.413
	WLAN 5.2 GHz	0.171	NII	

Note:

1. The highest simultaneous transmission is scalar summation of Reported standalone SAR per FCC KDB 690783 D01 v01r03, and scalar SAR summation of all possible simultaneous transmission scenarios are < 1.6W/kg.
2. This device is compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013.
3. For FDD-LTE Band 38 is full covered by FDD-LTE Band 41, so only FDD-LTE Band 38 was tested.

5 General Information

5.1 Client Information

Applicant:	TECNO MOBILE LIMITED
Address of Applicant:	FLAT 39 8/F BLOCK D WAH LOK INDUSTRIAL CENTRE 31-35 SHAN MEI STREET FOTAN NT
Manufacturer:	TECNO MOBILE LIMITED
Address of Manufacturer:	FLAT 39 8/F BLOCK D WAH LOK INDUSTRIAL CENTRE 31-35 SHAN MEI STREET FOTAN NT
Factory:	SHENZHEN TECNO TECHNOLOGY CO.,LTD.
Address of Factory:	101,Building 24,Waijing Industrial Park,Fumin Community,Fucheng Street,Longhua District,Shenzhen City,P.R.China

5.2 General Description of EUT

Product Name:	Mobile Phone				
Model No.:	KG5j				
Category of device	Portable device				
Operation Frequency:	2G :	GSM850: 824.2~848.8 MHz		PCS 1900: 1850.2~1909.8 MHz	
	3G :	Band II: 1852.4~1907.6 MHz		Band V: 826.4~846.6 MHz	
		Band IV: 1712.4~1752.6 MHz			
	4G :	Band 2 :1850MHz~1910MHz		Band 4 :1710MHz~1755MHz	
		Band 5 :824MHz~849MHz		Band 7: 2500MHz~2570MHz	
		Band 17: 704 MHz~716 MHz		Band 38: 2570MHz~2620MHz	
		Band 41: 2535MHz~2655MHz		Band 66 :1710MHz~1780MHz	
	Wi-Fi:	2412MHz~2462MHz		5150MHz-5250MHz	
		5725MHz-5825MHz			
Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz					
Modulation technology:	2G:	☒ Voice(GMSK)	☒ GPRS(GMSK)	☒ EGPRS(GMSK, 8PSK)	
	3G:	☒ RCM(QPSK)	☒ HSUPA(QPSK)	☒ HSDPA(QPSK,16QAM)	
	4G:	☒ QPSK	☒ 16QAM	☒ 64QAM (Only Support Downlink)	
	Wi-Fi:	☒ 802.11b(DSSS)		☒ 802.11a/g/n/ac (OFDM)	
	Bluetooth:	☒ BDR(GFSK)	☒ EDR(π /4-DQPSK, 8DPSK)	☒ LE(GFSK)	
Antenna Type:	Internal Antenna				
Antenna Gain:	GSM 850: -2.90 dBi; PCS 1900: -0.90 dBi WCDMA Band V: -2.90 dBi ;WCDMA Band II: -0.90 dBi; WCDMA Band IV: -2.40 dBi LTE Band 2: -0.90 dBi; LTE Band 4: -2.40 dBi ;LTE Band 5: -2.90 dBi LTE Band 7: -0.10 dBi ; LTE Band 17: -3.0 dBi ; LTE Band 38: -0.10 dBi; LTE Band 41: -0.10 dBi LTE Band 66: -2.40 dBi Bluetooth: 1.20 dBi; 2.4G Wi-Fi: 1.20 dBi; 5G Wi-Fi: -0.90 dBi				
(E)GPRS Class:	(E)GPRS Class: 12				
Dimensions (L*W*H):	165 mm (L)× 76 mm (W)× 9 mm (H)				

Accessories information:	Adapter: Model: U100TSA Input:100-240V AC,50/60Hz 0.3A Output:5.0V DC 2A	Battery: Rechargeable Li-ion Battery 3.85V/5000mAh
		Headset: Support headset

5.3 Maximum RF Output Power

Mode	Average Power (dBm)	
	GSM 850	GSM 1900
GSM (Voice)	33.70	30.64
GPRS (1 TX Slot)	33.64	30.62
GPRS (2 TX Slots)	32.67	29.71
GPRS (3 TX Slots)	30.64	27.74
GPRS (4 TX Slots)	29.53	26.67
EGPRS (1 TX Slot)	28.25	26.62
EGPRS (2 TX Slots)	27.25	25.70
EGPRS (3 TX Slots)	24.93	23.80
EGPRS (4 TX Slots)	23.81	22.89

Mode	Average Power (dBm)		
	WCDMA Band V	WCDMA Band IV	WCDMA Band II
AMR 12.2 kbps	24.22	23.83	24.03
RMC 12.2 kbps	24.32	23.87	24.09
HSDPA Sub-test 1	23.33	22.82	23.07
HSDPA Sub-test 2	22.78	22.33	22.49
HSDPA Sub-test 3	22.80	22.32	22.51
HSDPA Sub-test 4	22.75	22.27	22.54
HSUPA Sub-test 1	21.38	20.87	21.04
HSUPA Sub-test 2	21.80	21.36	21.53
HSUPA Sub-test 3	22.32	21.80	22.02
HSUPA Sub-test 4	21.41	20.85	21.10
HSUPA Sub-test 5	23.34	22.83	23.01

Mode	Average Power (dBm)							
	LTE Band 2	LTE Band 4	LTE Band 5	LTE Band 7	LTE Band 17	LTE Band 38	LTE Band 41	LTE Band 66
BW/1.4 MHz	24.19	24.48	24.15	/	/	/	/	23.57
BW/3.0 MHz	24.20	24.45	24.08	/	/	/	/	23.47
BW/5.0 MHz	24.29	24.56	24.19	22.93	24.15	22.98	23.30	23.53
BW/10 MHz	24.32	24.45	24.19	22.98	24.23	23.19	23.43	23.74
BW/15 MHz	24.21	24.43	/	22.92	/	23.05	23.25	18.25
BW/20 MHz	24.25	24.59	/	23.09	/	23.13	23.39	23.68

WLAN 2.4 GHz Band Average Power (dBm)				
Mode/Band	b	g	n (HT-20)	n (HT-40)
WLAN 2.4GHz	15.64	13.11	13.21	12.03

WLAN 5.2 GHz Band Average Power (dBm)						
Mode/Band	a	ac 20	ac 40	ac 80	n 20	n 40
WLAN 5.2GHz	11.15	11.11	11.12	9.73	10.97	11.16

WLAN 5.8 GHz Band Average Power (dBm)						
Mode/Band	a	ac 20	ac 40	ac 80	n 20	n 40
WLAN 5.8GHz	8.93	8.72	9.00	8.60	8.86	12.13

Bluetooth Average Power (dBm)				
Mode/Band	1 Mbps(GFSK)	2 Mbps(π /4DQPSK)	3 Mbps (8DPSK)	BLE (BT 4.0)
Bluetooth	5.24	4.52	4.68	-4.68

5.4 Environment of Test Site

Temperature:	18°C ~25 °C
Humidity:	35%~75% RH
Atmospheric Pressure:	1010 mbar

5.5 Test Sample Plan

Sample Number	Used for Test Items
2#	SAR
<i>Remark: JianYan Testing Group Shenzhen Co., Ltd. is only responsible for the test project data of the above samples, and will keep the above samples for a month.</i>	

5.6 Test Location

JianYan Testing Group Shenzhen Co., Ltd.
No.101, Building 8, Innovation Wisdom Port, No.155 Hongtian Road, Huangpu Community,Xinqiao Street,
Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong,People's Republic of China.
Tel: +86-755-23118282, Fax: +86-755-23116366
Email: info-JYTee@lets.com, Website: <http://www.ccis-cb.com>

6 Introduction

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = C \left(\frac{\delta T}{\delta t} \right)$$

Where: C is the specific heat capacity, δT is the temperature rise and δt is the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \cdot E^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength. However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

7 RF Exposure Limits

7.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

7.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

7.3 RF Exposure Limits

SAR Human Exposure Specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and Health Canada Safety Code 6

HUMAN EXPOSURE LIMITS		
	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT <i>General Population</i> (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT <i>Occupational</i> (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR Brain	1.6	8.0
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR Whole Body	0.08	0.4
SPATIAL PEAK SAR Hands, Feet, Ankles, Wrists	4.0	20

Note:

1. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
2. The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
3. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

8 SAR Measurement System

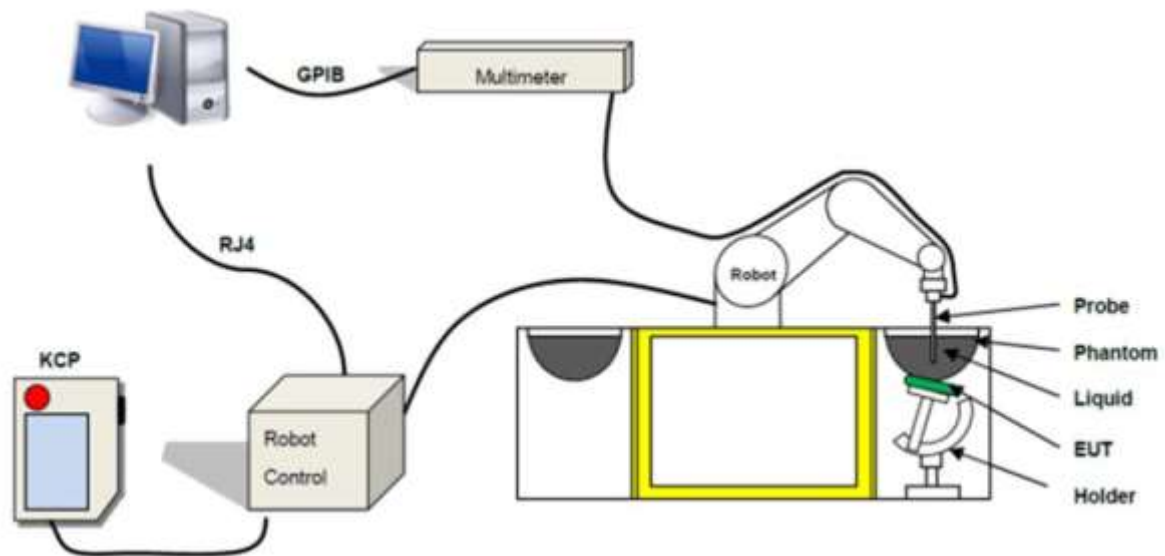


Fig. 8.1 MVG COMOSAR System Configurations

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system COMOSAR from MVG. The system is based on a high precision robot (working range: 850 mm), which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than ± 0.02 mm. Special E- and H-field probes have been developed for measurements close to material discontinuity, the sensors of which are directly loaded with a Schottky diode and connected via highly resistive lines to the data acquisition unit.

The SAR measurements were conducted with dosimetric probe (manufactured by MVG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe has been calibrated according to the procedure described in SAR standard with accuracy of better than $\pm 10\%$. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure described in SAR standard and found to be better than ± 0.25 dB. The phantom used was the SAM Phantom as described in FCC supplement C, IEEE P1528.

The MVG COMOSAR system for performance compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:

- Main computer to control all the system
- 6 axis robot
- Data acquisition system
- Miniature E-field probe
- Phone holder
- Head simulating tissue

8.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by MVG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

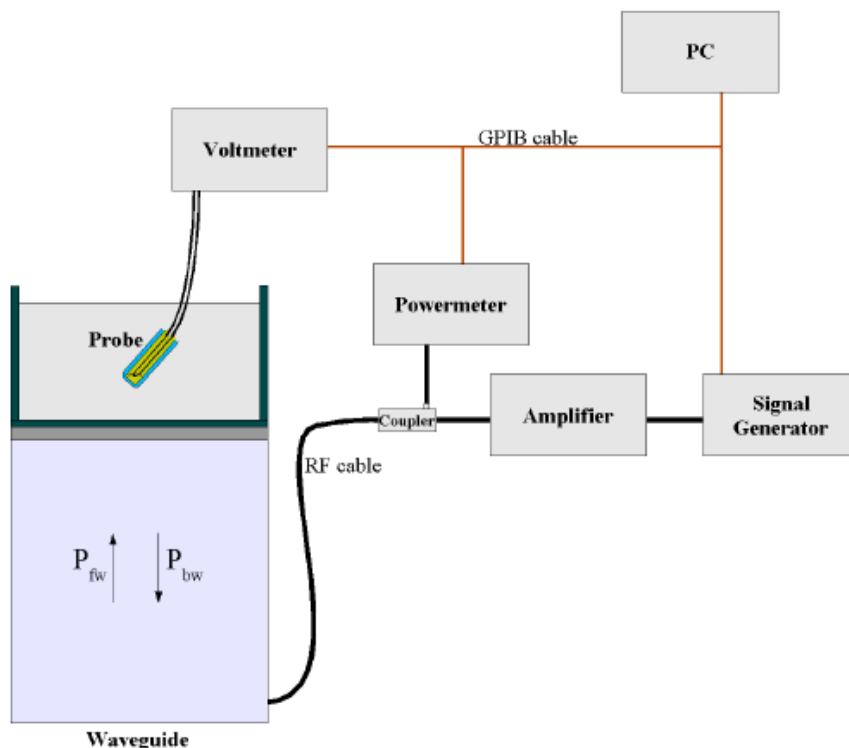
➤ E-Field Probe Specification

Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE
Model	SSE2
Frequency Range	150 MHz to 6 GHz
Dynamic Range	0.01W/kg to 100W/kg
Probe linearity	<0.25dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm Tip diameter: 2.5 mm Distance between dipoles / probe extremity: 1 mm
	

Fig. 8.2 Photo of E-Field Probe

➤ E-Field Probe Calibration

Probe calibration is realized, in compliance with EN/IEC 62209-1/-2 and IEEE 1528 std, with CALISAR, MVG proprietary calibration system. The calibration is performed with the technique using reference waveguide.



$$SAR = \frac{4(P_{fw} - P_{bw})}{ab\sigma} \cos^2 \left(\pi \frac{y}{a} \right) e^{-(2\pi/\sigma)z}$$

Where :

- P_{fw} = Forward Power
- P_{bw} = Backward Power
- a and b = Waveguide Dimensions
- σ = Skin Depth

Keithley configuration

Rate=Medium; Filter=ON; RDGS=10; FILTER TYPE=MOVING AVERAGE; RANGE AUTO

After each calibration, a SAR measurement performed on a validation dipole and compared with a NPL calibrated probe, to verify it.

The Calibration factors, CF(N), for the 3 sensors corresponding to dipole 1, dipole 2 and dipole 3 are:

$$CF(N) = SAR(N)/V_{lin}(N) \quad (N=1,2,3)$$

The linearized output voltage V_{lin}(N) is obtained from the displayed output voltage V(N) using

$$V_{lin}(N) = V(N) * (1 + V(N)/DCP(N)) \quad N=1,2,3$$

Where the DCP is the dipole compression point in mV

8.2 Robot

The COMOSAR system uses the high precision robots from KUKA. For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (KUKA-KRC2sr) from KUKA is used. The KUKA robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)



Fig. 8.4 Photo of Robot

8.3 Phantom

<SAM Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 27 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000mm; Width: 500mm; Height: 200mm	
Material	Fiberglass based	
Relative permittivity	3-4	
Loss tangent	0.02	
Measurement Areas	Left Head, Right Head, Flat phantom	

Fig. 8.7 Photo of SAM Phantom

The phantom developed by MVG is produced in accordance with the specified in the standards. It has been designed to fit the COMOSAR phantom tables and is delivered with a plastic cover to prevent liquid evaporation.

8.4 Device Holder

The positioning system is made of an extremely stable material, which ensures easy handling and reproducible positioning. It also allows correct positioning of the dipoles referenced by the IEEE, ANSI and IEC.

<Device Holder for SAM Phantom>

Model	Handset Positioning System	
Material properties	The positioning system is made of PETP. This material offers a low permittivity of 3.2 and low loss, with a loss tangent of 0.005 to minimize the influence of the DUT on measurement results.	
Mechanical properties	The positioning system developed by MVG allows a positioning resolution better than 1 mm. The system is fixed on a bottom rail “x axis” so that the positioning system can be quickly moved from the right to the left part of the phantom. In addition, it can be moved on a perpendicular “y axis” and the height can be adapted. The system is also composed of three rotation points for accurate positioning of the device's acoustical output.	
Accuracy and precision	A curved rail on the top part allows the fast switch from the cheek to the tilt position. The required 15° angle for the tilt position can be easily checked thanks to a printed scale on the curved rail with a tolerance of ± 1°	

Fig. 8.9 Photo of Device Holder

8.5 Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Equipment Description	Model	Management Number	Cal. Information	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
MVG	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE	SSE2	WXJ076	05.20.2021	05.19.2022
MVG	COMOSAR 835 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID835	WXJ076-5	01.14.2021	01.13.2024
MVG	COMOSAR 1750 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID1750	WXJ076-8	01.14.2021	01.13.2024
MVG	COMOSAR 1900 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID1900	WXJ076-9	01.14.2021	01.13.2024
MVG	COMOSAR 2450 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID2450	WXJ076-12	01.14.2021	01.13.2024
MVG	COMOSAR 2600 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID2600	WXJ076-13	01.14.2021	01.13.2024
MVG	COMOSAR 5200-5800 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID5000	WXJ076-21	01.14.2021	01.13.2024
KEITHLEY	DIGIT MULTIMETER	DMM6500	WXJ076-1	12.17.2019	12.16.2022
MVG	MVG Measurement Software	OpenSAR	Version: V5_01_09	N.C.R	N.C.R
MVG	COMOSAR IEEE SAM PHANTOM	N/A	WXG009-2	N.C.R	N.C.R
MVG	COMOSAR IEEE SAM PHANTOM	N/A	WXG009-3	N.C.R	N.C.R
MVG	MOBILE PHONE POSITIONNING SYSTEM	N/A	WXG009-4	N.C.R	N.C.R
KUKA	Robot	KR 6 R900 sixx	WXG009-1	N.C.R	N.C.R
Anritsu	Universal Radio Communication Analyzer	MT8820C	WXJ008-5	03.03.2021	03.02.2023
R&S	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	WXJ008-2	06.18.2020	06.17.2022
HP	Network Analyzer	8753D	WXJ024	06.18.2020	06.17.2022
KEYSIGHT	EPM Series Power Meter	N1914A	WXJ075	08.29.2021	08.28.2022
KEYSIGHT	E-Series Power Sensor	E9300H	WXJ075-1	08.29.2021	08.28.2022
KEYSIGHT	E-Series Power Sensor	E9300H	WXJ075-2	08.29.2021	08.28.2022
KEYSIGHT	Signal Generator	N5173B	WXJ006-7	03.25.2021	03.24.2022
Huber Suhner	RF Cable	SUCOFLEX	WXG008-13	See Note 3	
Huber Suhner	RF Cable	SUCOFLEX	WXG008-14	See Note 3	
Huber Suhner	RF Cable	SUCOFLEX	WXG008-15	See Note 3	
Weinschel	Attenuator	23-3-34	WXG008-16	See Note 3	
Anritsu	Directional Coupler	MP654A	WXG008-17	See Note 3	
MVG	LIMESAR DIELECTRIC PROBE	SCLMP	WXG009-5	See Note 4	
TXC	Broadband Amplifier	BBA018000	WXG008-11	See Note 5	

Manufacturer	Equipment Description	Model	Management Number	Cal. Information	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
MVG	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE	SSE2	WXJ076	05.20.2021	05.19.2022
MVG	COMOSAR 750 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID750	WXJ076-4	01.14.2021	01.13.2024
KEITHLEY	DIGIT MULTIMETER	DMM6500	WXJ076-1	12.17.2019	12.16.2022
MVG	MVG Measurement Software	OpenSAR	Version: V5_01_09	N.C.R	N.C.R
MVG	COMOSAR IEEE SAM PHANTOM	N/A	WXG009-2	N.C.R	N.C.R
MVG	COMOSAR IEEE SAM PHANTOM	N/A	WXG009-3	N.C.R	N.C.R
MVG	MOBILE PHONE POSITIONNING SYSTEM	N/A	WXG009-4	N.C.R	N.C.R
KUKA	Robot	KR 6 R900 sixx	WXG009-1	N.C.R	N.C.R
Anritsu	Universal Radio Communication Analyzer	MT8820C	WXJ008-5	03.03.2021	03.02.2023
R&S	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	WXJ008-2	03.30.2022	03.29.2024
KEYSIGHT	Network Analyzer	E5071C	WXJ091	03.30.2022	03.29.2023
KEYSIGHT	EPM Series Power Meter	N1914A	WXJ075	06.29.2022	06.28.2023
KEYSIGHT	E-Series Power Sensor	E9300H	WXJ075-1	06.29.2022	06.28.2023
KEYSIGHT	E-Series Power Sensor	E9300H	WXJ075-2	06.29.2022	06.28.2023
KEYSIGHT	Signal Generator	N5173B	WXJ006-3	06.29.2022	06.28.2023
Huber Suhner	RF Cable	SUCOFLEX	WXG008-13	See Note 3	
Huber Suhner	RF Cable	SUCOFLEX	WXG008-14	See Note 3	
Huber Suhner	RF Cable	SUCOFLEX	WXG008-15	See Note 3	
Weinschel	Attenuator	23-3-34	WXG008-16	See Note 3	
Anritsu	Directional Coupler	MP654A	WXG008-17	See Note 3	
MVG	LIMESAR DIELECTRIC PROBE	SCLMP	WXG009-5	See Note 4	
TXC	Broadband Amplifier	BBA018000	WXG008-11	See Note 5	

Note:

1. The calibration certificate of MVG can be referred to appendix C of this report.
2. Referring to KDB 865664 D01v01r04, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval.
3. The Insertion Loss calibration of Dual Directional Coupler and Attenuator were characterized via the network analyzer and compensated during system check.
4. The dielectric probe kit was calibrated via the network analyzer, with the specified procedure (calibrated in pure water) and calibration kit (standard) short circuit, before the dielectric measurement. The specific procedure and calibration kit are provided by MVG.
5. In system check we need to monitor the level on the spectrum analyzer, and adjust the power amplifier level to have precise power level to the dipole; the measured SAR will be normalized to 1 W input power according to the ratio of 1 W to the input power to the dipole. For system check, the calibration of the power amplifier is deemed not critically required for correct measurement; the spectrum analyzer is critical and we do have calibration for it
6. Attenuator insertion loss is calibrated by the network Analyzer, which the calibration is valid, before system check.
7. N.C.R means No Calibration Requirement.

9 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 9.1, for body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 9.2.

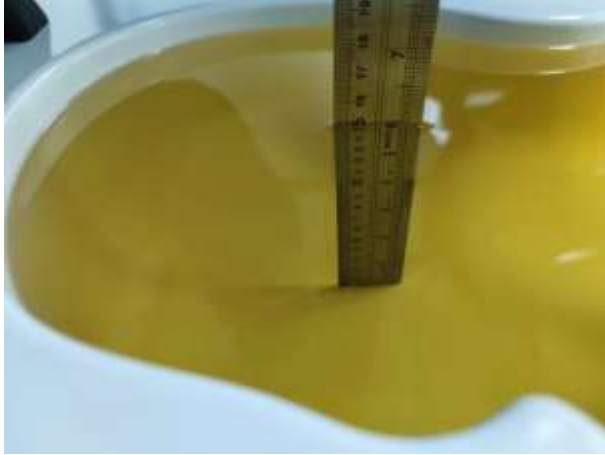


Fig. 9.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR
(depth>15cm)

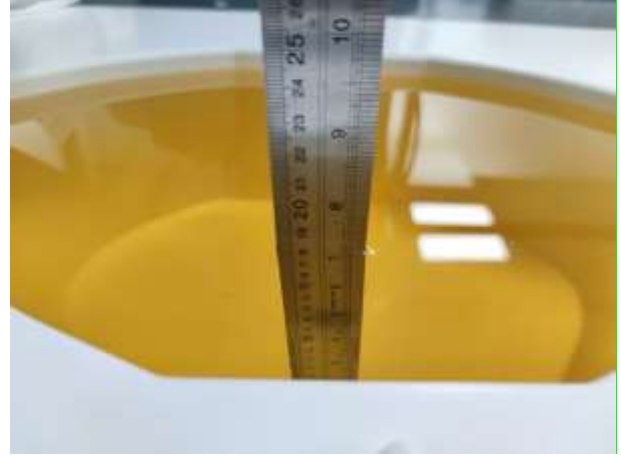


Fig. 9.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR
(depth>15cm)

The relative permittivity and conductivity of the tissue material should be within $\pm 5\%$ of the values given in the table below recommended by the FCC OET 65 supplement C and RSS 102 Issue 5.

Target Frequency (MHz)	Head		Body	
	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

(ϵ_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and ρ = 1000 kg/m

The dielectric parameters of liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using a MVG Liquid measurement Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

The following table shows the measuring results for simulating liquid.

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Conductivity Target(σ)	Permittivity Target(ϵ_r)	Delta (σ)%	Delta (ϵ_r)%	Limit (%)	Date (mm/dd/yy)
835	22.1	0.92	40.51	0.90	41.5	2.22	-2.39	±5	11.06.2021
1750	23.1	1.38	40.81	1.37	40.1	0.73	1.77	±5	11.08.2021
1900	23.1	1.42	39.45	1.40	40.0	1.43	-1.37	±5	11.08.2021
2450	22.5	1.84	38.51	1.80	39.2	2.22	-1.76	±5	11.11.2021
2600	22.5	1.99	37.55	1.96	39.0	1.53	-3.72	±5	11.11.2021
5200	23.4	4.82	36.88	4.67	35.96	3.43	2.44	±5	11.13.2021
5800	23.4	5.13	35.38	5.27	35.30	-2.66	0.23	±5	11.13.2021

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Conductivity Target(σ)	Permittivity Target(ϵ_r)	Delta (σ)%	Delta (ϵ_r)%	Limit (%)	Date (mm/dd/yy)
750	22.5	0.86	41.86	0.89	41.90	-3.37	-0.10	±5	08.10.2022

10 SAR System Verification

Each ComoSAR system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the OpenSAR software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the flat phantom and a corresponding distance holder.

➤ Purpose of System Performance check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

➤ System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:

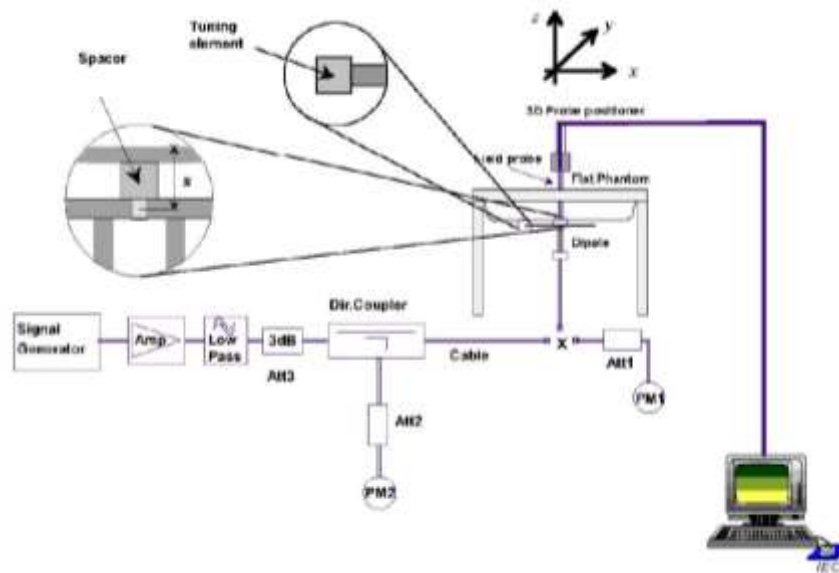


Fig.10.1 System Verification Setup Diagram

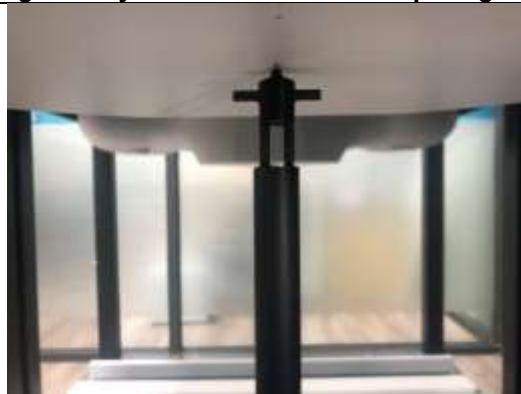


Fig.10.2 Photo of Dipole setup



➤ System Verification Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by MVG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10%. The table as below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix C of this report.

Date (mm/dd/yy)	Frequency (MHz)	Power fed onto dipole (mW)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized to 1W 1g SAR (W/kg)	1W Target 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
11.06.2021	835	100	0.921	0.921	9.57	-3.76
11.08.2021	1750	100	3.720	3.720	36.50	1.92
11.08.2021	1900	100	3.912	3.912	39.60	-1.21
11.11.2021	2450	100	5.315	5.315	52.92	0.43
11.11.2021	2600	100	5.669	5.669	55.47	2.20
11.13.2021	5200	100	7.550	75.50	76.67	-1.53
11.13.2021	5800	100	8.163	81.63	78.36	4.17

Date (mm/dd/yy)	Frequency (MHz)	Power fed onto dipole (mW)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized to 1W 1g SAR (W/kg)	1W Target 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
08.10.2022	750	100	0.853	8.53	8.57	-0.47

11 EUT Testing Position

This EUT was tested in nine different positions. They are right cheek/right tilted/left cheek/left tilted for head, Front/Back/ Left /Right /Top of the EUT with phantom 10 mm gap, as illustrated below, please refer to Appendix B for the test setup photos.

11.1 Handset Reference Points

- The vertical centreline passes through two points on the front side of the handset – the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset.
- The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centreline and passes the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the handset at point A.
- The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centreline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.



Fig.11.1 Illustration for Front, Back and Side of SAM Phantom

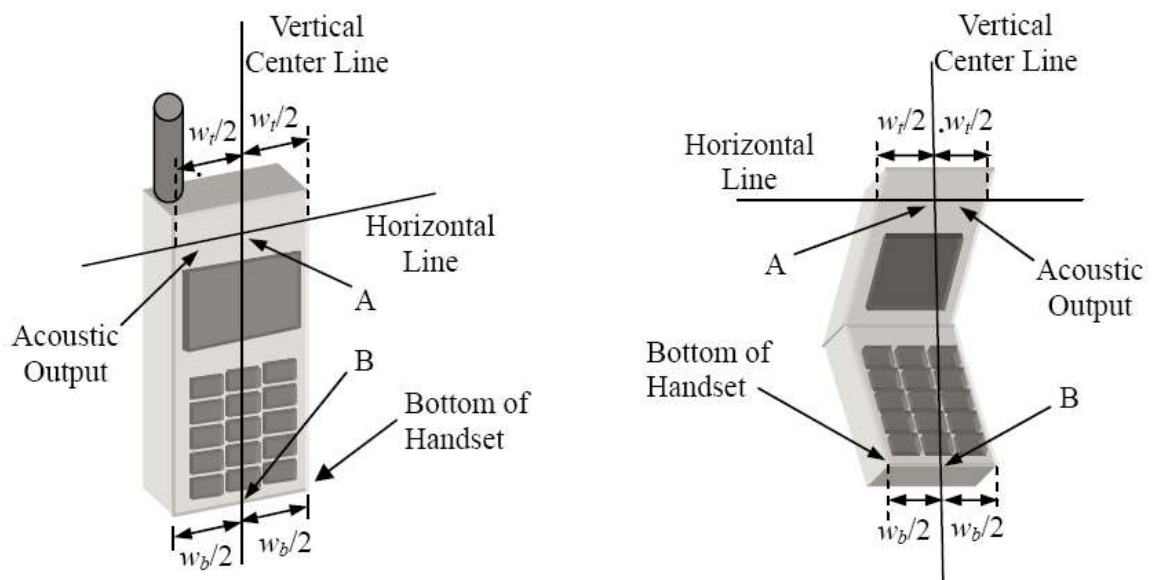


Fig. 11.2 Illustration for Handset Vertical and Horizontal Reference Lines

11.2 Positioning for Cheek / Touch

- To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.
- To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost (see below figure)



Fig. 11.3 Illustration for Cheek Position

11.3 Positioning for Ear / 15° Tilt

- To position the device in the “cheek” position described above.
- While maintaining the device the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost (see figure below).



Fig.11.4 Illustration for Tilted Position

11.4 SAR Evaluations near the Mouth/Jaw Regions of the SAM Phantom

Antennas located near the bottom of a phone may require SAR measurements around the mouth and jaw regions of the SAM head phantom. This typically applies to clam-shell style phones that are generally longer in the unfolded normal use positions or to certain older style long rectangular phones.

Under these circumstances, the following procedures apply, adopted from the FCC guidance on SAR handsets document FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03. The SAR required in these regions of SAM should be measured using a flat phantom. The phone should be positioned with a separation distance of 4 mm between the ear reference point (ERP) and the outer surface of the flat phantom shell. While maintaining this distance at the ERP location, the low (bottom) edge of the phone should be lowered from the phantom to establish the same separation distance between the peak SAR locations identified by the truncated partial SAR distribution measured with the SAM phantom. The distance from the peak SAR location to the phone is determined by the straight line passing perpendicularly through the phantom surface. When it is not feasible to maintain 4 mm separation at the ERP while also establishing the required separation at the peak SAR location, the top edge of the phone will be allowed to touch the phantom with a separation < 4 mm at the ERP. The phone should not be tilted to the left or right while placed in this inclined position to the flat phantom.

11.5 Body Worn Accessory Configurations

- To position the device parallel to the phantom surface with either keypad up or down.
- To adjust the device parallel to the flat phantom.
- To adjust the distance between the device surface and the flat phantom to 10 mm or holster surface and the flat phantom to 0 mm.

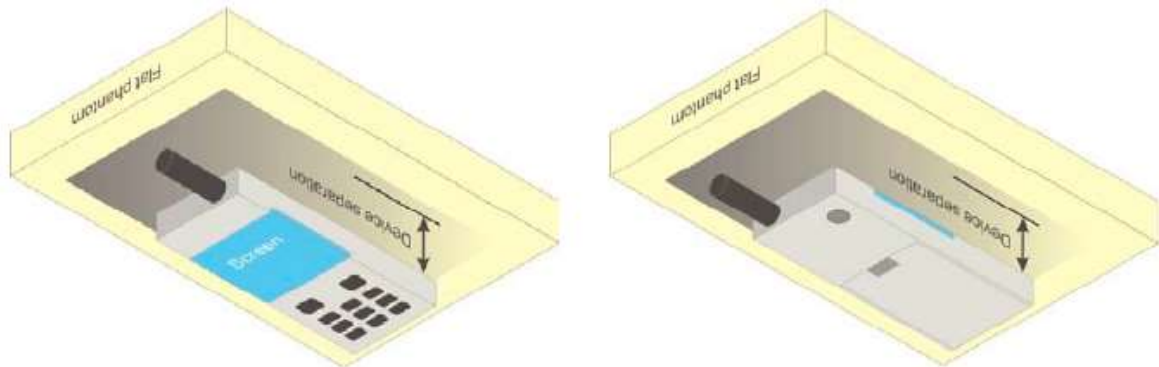


Fig.11.5 Illustration for Body Worn Position

11.6 Wireless Router (Hotspot) Configurations

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive internet connectivity through simultaneous transmission of WIFI in conjunction with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in KDB Publication 941225 D06 where SAR test considerations for handsets ($L \times W \geq 9 \text{ cm} \times 5 \text{ cm}$) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10 mm from the front, back and edges of the device with antennas 2.5 cm or closer to the edge of the device, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and summed with the WIFI transmitter according to KDB 648474 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal.

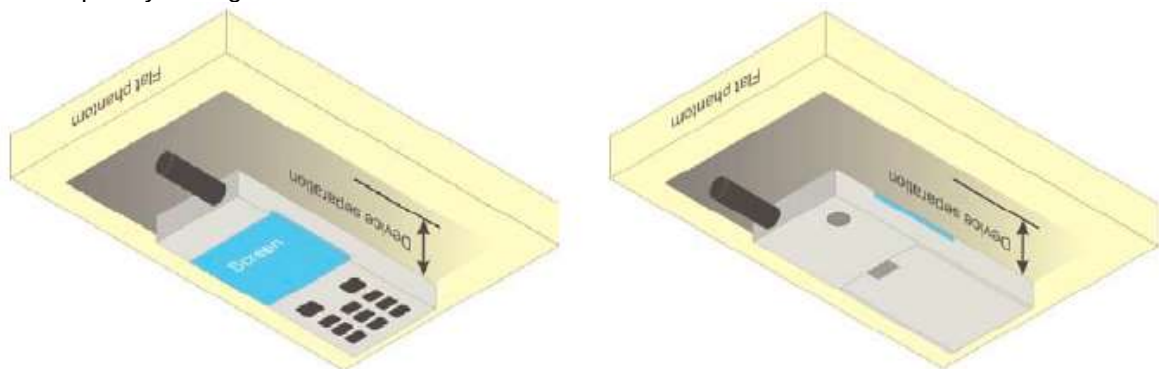


Fig.11.6 Illustration for Hotspot Position

12 Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

- For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transition in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter or spectrum analyzer, and measure WLAN/BT output power.

<Conducted power measurement>

- Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- Place the EUT in positions as Appendix B demonstrates.
- Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the OpenSAR software.
- Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band.
- Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the Reported SAR or highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg.

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- Power reference measurement
- Area scan
- Zoom scan
- Power drift measurement

12.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The OpenSAR software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a “cube” measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10 g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine. The system always gives the maximum values for 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan.
- Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters).
- Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume.
- Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g.

12.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurement are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

12.3 Area & Zoom Scan Procedures

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10g. Area scan and zoom scan resolution setting follows KDB 865664 D01v01r04 quoted below.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface			5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location			$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
			When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm
Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.				
* When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.				

12.4 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used to assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

12.5 SAR Averaged Methods

In COMOSAR system, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1g and 10g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

12.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In OpenSAR measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

13 Conducted RF Output Power

13.1 GSM Conducted Power

Band: GSM 850	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Frame-Average Power(dBm)		
Channel	128	190	251	128	190	251
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.6	848.8	824.2	836.6	848.8
GSM (GMSK, Voice)	33.58	33.70	33.39	24.55	24.67	24.36
GPRS (GMSK, 1 TX slot)	33.60	33.64	33.37	24.57	24.61	24.34
GPRS (GMSK, 2 TX slots)	32.60	32.67	32.41	26.58	26.65	26.39
GPRS (GMSK, 3 TX slots)	30.60	30.64	30.35	26.34	26.38	26.09
GPRS (GMSK, 4 TX slots)	29.49	29.53	29.26	26.48	26.52	26.25
EGPRS (8PSK, 1 TX slot)	28.25	28.12	28.2	19.22	19.09	19.17
EGPRS (8PSK, 2 TX slots)	27.02	26.98	27.25	21.00	20.96	21.23
EGPRS (8PSK, 3 TX slots)	24.82	24.85	24.93	20.56	20.59	20.67
EGPRS (8PSK, 4 TX slots)	23.64	23.65	23.81	20.63	20.64	20.80

Remark:

- The frame-averaged power is linearly reported the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots. The calculated method are shown as below:
The duty cycle "x" of different time slots as below:
1 TX slot is 1/8, 2 TX slots is 2/8, 3 TX slots is 3/8 and 4 TX slots is 4/8
Based on the calculation formula:
Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power + 10 log (x)
So,
Frame-averaged power (1 TX slot) = Burst averaged power (1 TX slot)– 9.03
Frame-averaged power (2 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (2 TX slots)– 6.02
Frame-averaged power (3 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (3 TX slots)– 4.26
Frame-averaged power (4 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (4 TX slots) – 3.01
- CS1 coding scheme was used in GPRS conducted power measurements and SAR testing, MCS5 coding scheme was used in EGPRS conducted power measurements and SAR testing (if necessary).

Note:

- For Head SAR testing, GSM Voice mode should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GSM 850 Voice mode.
- For Body SAR testing and Hotspot mode SAR testing, GPRS and EGPRS mode should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GPRS 2 TX slots mode due to the highest frame-averaged power.
- Per KDB447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.

Band: PCS 1900	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Frame-Average Power(dBm)		
Channel	512	661	810	512	661	810
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8
GSM (GMSK, Voice)	30.47	30.57	30.64	21.44	21.54	21.61
GPRS (GMSK, 1 TX slot)	30.45	30.55	30.62	21.42	21.52	21.59
GPRS (GMSK, 2 TX slots)	29.47	29.62	29.71	23.45	23.60	23.69
GPRS (GMSK, 3 TX slots)	27.45	27.61	27.74	23.19	23.35	23.48
GPRS (GMSK, 4 TX slots)	26.36	26.53	26.67	23.35	23.52	23.66
EGPRS (8PSK, 1 TX slot)	26.28	26.49	26.62	17.25	17.46	17.59
EGPRS (8PSK, 2 TX slots)	25.27	25.57	25.7	19.25	19.55	19.68
EGPRS (8PSK, 3 TX slots)	23.41	23.69	23.8	19.15	19.43	19.54
EGPRS (8PSK, 4 TX slots)	22.5	22.75	22.89	19.49	19.74	19.88

Remark:

- The frame-averaged power is linearly reported the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots. The calculated method are shown as below:
The duty cycle "x" of different time slots as below:
1 TX slot is 1/8, 2 TX slots is 2/8, 3 TX slots is 3/8 and 4 TX slots is 4/8
Based on the calculation formula:
Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power + 10 log (x)
So,
Frame-averaged power (1 TX slot) = Burst averaged power (1 TX slot)– 9.03
Frame-averaged power (2 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (2 TX slots)– 6.02
Frame-averaged power (3 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (3 TX slots)– 4.26
Frame-averaged power (4 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (4 TX slots) – 3.01
- CS1 coding scheme was used in GPRS conducted power measurements and SAR testing, MCS5 coding scheme was used in EGPRS conducted power measurements and SAR testing (if necessary).

Note:

- For Head SAR testing, GSM Voice mode should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GSM 1900 Voice mode.
- For Body SAR testing and Hotspot mode SAR testing, GPRS and EGPRS mode should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GPRS 2 TX slots mode due to the highest frame-averaged power.
- Per KDB447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.

13.2 WCDMA Conducted Power

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Rohde & Schwarz CMU200 referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
 - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set RMC 12.2kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
 - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table 1

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	$\beta_{hs}^{(1)}$	CM (dB) ⁽²⁾
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0
2	12/15 ⁽³⁾	15/15 ⁽³⁾	64	12/15 ⁽³⁾	24/15	1.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$
 Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$.
 Note 3: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 11/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

HSDPA Sub-test setup configuration

HSUPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Rohde & Schwarz CMU200 referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting * :
 - i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
 - v. Set UE Target Power
 - vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
 - vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
 - viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table 2

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	$\beta_{hs}^{(1)}$	β_{ec}	β_{ed}	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (codes)	CM ⁽²⁾ (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG ⁽⁴⁾ Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15 ⁽³⁾	15/15 ⁽³⁾	64	11/15 ⁽³⁾	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed1}: 47/15$ $\beta_{ed2}: 47/15$	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	64	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 14/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 6: β_{ed} cannot be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

HSUPA Sub-test setup configuration

WCDMA Conducted Power:

WCDMA Average power (dBm)			
Band	WCDMA Band V		
Channel	4132	4183	4233
Frequency (MHz)	826.4	836.6	846.6
AMR 12.2 kbps	24.10	24.22	24.09
RMC 12.2 kbps	24.22	24.32	24.12
HSDPA Sub-test 1	23.26	23.33	23.12
HSDPA Sub-test 2	22.73	22.78	22.61
HSDPA Sub-test 3	22.72	22.80	22.57
HSDPA Sub-test 4	22.70	22.75	22.59
HSUPA Sub-test 1	21.31	21.38	21.18
HSUPA Sub-test 2	21.74	21.80	21.62
HSUPA Sub-test 3	22.26	22.32	22.09
HSUPA Sub-test 4	21.34	21.41	21.21
HSUPA Sub-test 5	23.27	23.34	23.15

WCDMA Average power (dBm)			
Band	WCDMA Band IV		
Channel	1312	1413	1513
Frequency (MHz)	1712.4	1732.6	1752.6
AMR 12.2 kbps	23.69	23.71	23.83
RMC 12.2 kbps	23.70	23.79	23.87
HSDPA Sub-test 1	22.73	22.72	22.82
HSDPA Sub-test 2	22.19	22.20	22.33
HSDPA Sub-test 3	22.22	22.23	22.32
HSDPA Sub-test 4	22.20	22.21	22.27
HSUPA Sub-test 1	20.78	20.80	20.87
HSUPA Sub-test 2	21.27	21.28	21.36
HSUPA Sub-test 3	21.76	21.77	21.80
HSUPA Sub-test 4	20.79	20.82	20.85
HSUPA Sub-test 5	22.77	22.77	22.83

WCDMA Average power (dBm)			
Band	WCDMA Band II		
Channel	9262	9400	9538
Frequency (MHz)	1852.4	1880.0	1907.6
AMR 12.2 kbps	23.95	23.97	24.03
RMC 12.2 kbps	23.94	24.02	24.09
HSDPA Sub-test 1	22.96	23.03	23.07
HSDPA Sub-test 2	22.40	22.45	22.49
HSDPA Sub-test 3	22.37	22.48	22.51
HSDPA Sub-test 4	22.39	22.43	22.54
HSUPA Sub-test 1	20.96	21.02	21.04
HSUPA Sub-test 2	21.43	21.45	21.53
HSUPA Sub-test 3	21.93	21.98	22.02
HSUPA Sub-test 4	20.96	21.04	21.10
HSUPA Sub-test 5	22.93	23.00	23.01

Note:

1. Applying the subtest setup in Table C.11.1.3 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1
2. Per KDB 941225 D01, RMC 12.2kbps mode is used to evaluate SAR due the highest output power. If AMR 12.2 kbps power is < 0.25dB higher than RMC 12.2kbps, SAR tests with AMR 12.2 kbps can be excluded.
3. AMR, HSDPA RF power will not be larger than RMC 12.2kbps, detailed information is included in Tune-up Procure exhibit.

13.3 LTE Conducted Power

13.3.1 Largest channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

QPSK with 1 RB allocation

Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel.⁸ When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.

QPSK with 50% RB allocation

The procedures required for 1 RB allocation in section 4.2.1 are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.⁹

QPSK with 100% RB allocation

For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in sections 4.2.1 and 4.2.2 are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

Higher order modulations

For each modulation besides QPSK; e.g., 16-QAM, 64-QAM, apply the QPSK procedures in sections 4.2.1, 5.2.2 and 4.2.3 to determine the QAM configurations that may need SAR measurement. For each configuration identified as required for testing, SAR is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg.

13.3.2 Other channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

For the other channel bandwidths used by the device in a frequency band, apply all the procedures required for the largest channel bandwidth in section 4.2 to determine the channels and RB configurations that need SAR testing and only measure SAR when the highest maximum output power of a configuration requiring testing in the smaller channel bandwidth is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the largest channel bandwidth configuration or the reported SAR of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is > 1.45 W/kg. The equivalent channel configuration for the RB allocation, RB offset and modulation etc. is determined for the smaller channel bandwidth according to the same number of RB allocated in the largest channel bandwidth. For example, 50 RB in 10 MHz channel bandwidth does not apply to 5 MHz channel bandwidth; therefore, this cannot be tested in the smaller channel bandwidth. However, 50% RB allocation in 10 MHz channel bandwidth is equivalent to 100% RB allocation in 5 MHz channel bandwidth; therefore, these are the equivalent configurations to be compared to determine the specific channel and configuration in the smaller channel bandwidth that need SAR testing.

13.3.3 TDD LTE configuration setup for SAR measurement

According to KDB 941225 D05v02r03 and April 2013 TCB workshop slides, SAR must be tested with a fixed periodic duty factor according to the highest transmission duty factor implemented for the device and supported by 3GPP.

- see 3GPP TS 36.211 section 4.2 for Type 2 Frame Structure and Table 4.2-2 for uplink-downlink configurations
- “special subframe S” contains both uplink and downlink transmissions and must be taken into consideration to determine the transmission duty factor
 - according to the worst case uplink and downlink cyclic prefix requirements for UpPTS to determine the highest SAR test duty factor

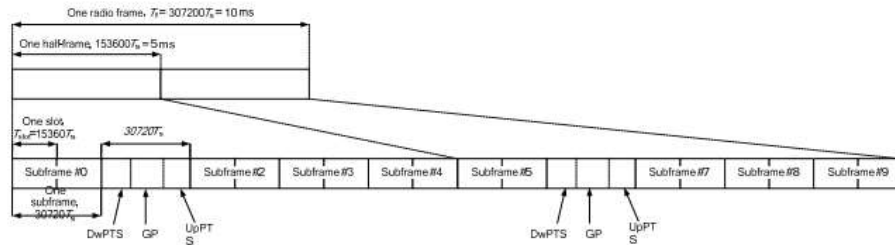


Figure 4.2-1: Frame structure type 2 (for 5 ms switch-point periodicity)

Table 4.2-1: Configuration of special subframe (lengths of DwPTS/GP/UpPTS)

Special subframe configuration	Normal cyclic prefix in downlink			Extended cyclic prefix in downlink		
	DwPTS	UpPTS		DwPTS	UpPTS	
		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink
0	$6592 \cdot T_s$	$2192 \cdot T_s$	$2560 \cdot T_s$	$7680 \cdot T_s$	$2192 \cdot T_s$	$2560 \cdot T_s$
1	$19760 \cdot T_s$			$20480 \cdot T_s$		
2	$21952 \cdot T_s$			$23040 \cdot T_s$		
3	$24144 \cdot T_s$			$25600 \cdot T_s$		
4	$26336 \cdot T_s$			$7680 \cdot T_s$		
5	$6592 \cdot T_s$	$4384 \cdot T_s$	$5120 \cdot T_s$	$20480 \cdot T_s$	$4384 \cdot T_s$	$5120 \cdot T_s$
6	$19760 \cdot T_s$			$23040 \cdot T_s$		
7	$21952 \cdot T_s$			$12800 \cdot T_s$		
8	$24144 \cdot T_s$			-	-	-
9	$13168 \cdot T_s$			-	-	-

Per 3GPP 36.211 section 4.2, each radio frame of length $T_F=37200 \cdot T_s = 10$ ms consists of two half-frames of length $153600 \cdot T_s = 5$ ms each. Each half-frame consists of five subframes of length $30720 \cdot T_s = 1$ ms. So, the uplink duty factor in special subframe as below:

Special Subframe configuration	Normal cyclic prefix in downlink		Extended cyclic prefix in downlink	
	Duty factor of Uplink		Duty factor of Uplink	
	Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink	Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink
0	7.14%	8.33%	7.14%	8.33%
1	7.14%	8.33%	7.14%	8.33%
2	7.14%	8.33%	7.14%	8.33%
3	7.14%	8.33%	7.14%	8.33%
4	7.14%	8.33%	14.27%	16.67%
5	14.27%	16.67%	14.27%	16.67%
6	14.27%	16.67%	14.27%	16.67%
7	14.27%	16.67%	14.27%	16.67%
8	14.27%	16.67%	/	/
9	14.27%	16.67%	/	/

Table 4.2-2: Uplink-downlink configurations

Uplink-downlink configuration	Downlink-to-Uplink Switch-point periodicity	Subframe number									
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	U
1	5 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	S	U	U	D
2	5 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	S	U	D	D
3	10 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	D	D	D	D
4	10 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	D
5	10 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
6	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	D

According to above table:

1. The highest duty factor is configuration 0;
2. The duty factor of uplink in one half-frame with normal cyclic prefix is: $(3\text{ms} + 0.143\text{ms})/5\text{ms}=62.86\%$;
3. The duty factor of uplink in one half-frame with extended cyclic prefix is: $(3\text{ms} + 0.167\text{ms})/5\text{ms}=63.34\%$;
4. For purpose to get the worst case SAR test duty factor, the duty factor of normal cyclic prefix in uplink scaled-up to the extended cyclic prefix in uplink, the scaling factor is $63.34\%/62.86\%=1.008$, and the scaling factor will be taken into the final measured SAR.

LTE Band 2 part

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					18607	18900	19193
					1850.7MHz	1880.0MHz	1909.3MHz
Band 2	1.4	QPSK	1	0	24.02	24.10	24.08
			1	2	24.10	24.13	24.19
			1	5	23.98	24.04	24.10
			3	0	24.08	24.13	24.14
			3	1	24.06	24.14	24.12
			3	2	24.06	24.13	24.12
			6	0	23.01	23.12	23.14
		16QAM	1	0	23.16	23.21	23.00
			1	2	23.29	23.39	23.08
			1	5	23.11	23.19	23.00
			3	0	22.97	23.04	22.97
			3	1	22.97	23.02	22.96
			3	2	22.97	23.03	22.95
			6	0	22.06	22.02	22.13

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					18615	18900	19185
					1851.5MHz	1880.0MHz	1908.5MHz
Band 2	3	QPSK	1	0	24.08	24.10	24.20
			1	7	24.13	24.19	24.17
			1	14	24.08	24.11	24.14
			8	0	23.13	23.19	23.20
			8	4	23.13	23.15	23.21
			8	7	23.10	23.14	23.17
			15	0	23.08	23.11	23.11
		16QAM	1	0	23.32	23.36	23.11
			1	7	23.27	23.27	23.04
			1	14	23.19	23.28	23.05
			8	0	22.16	22.13	22.21
			8	4	22.17	22.13	22.22
			8	7	22.13	22.12	22.19
			15	0	22.05	22.03	22.07

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					18625	18900	19175
					1852.5MHz	1880.0MHz	1907.5MHz
Band 2	5	QPSK	1	0	24.09	24.11	24.18
			1	12	24.13	24.23	24.29
			1	24	24.04	24.09	24.18
			12	0	23.03	23.16	23.21
			12	6	23.08	23.11	23.19
			12	11	23.06	23.16	23.19
			25	0	23.12	23.15	23.17
		16QAM	1	0	23.07	23.29	23.16
			1	12	23.16	23.42	23.28
			1	24	23.02	23.31	23.16
			12	0	22.05	22.24	22.16
			12	6	22.04	22.19	22.19
			12	11	22.05	22.16	22.22
			25	0	22.16	22.15	22.19

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					18650	18900	19150
					1855.0MHz	1880.0MHz	1905.0MHz
Band 2	10	QPSK	1	0	24.03	24.13	24.16
			1	24	24.18	24.32	24.22
			1	49	24.09	24.02	24.21
			25	0	23.11	23.23	23.32
			25	12	23.12	23.20	23.35
			25	24	23.14	23.16	23.31
			50	0	23.13	23.13	23.27
		16QAM	1	0	23.30	23.31	23.04
			1	24	23.26	23.30	23.22
			1	49	23.26	23.26	23.12
			25	0	22.13	22.21	22.37
			25	12	22.17	22.26	22.37
			25	24	22.14	22.23	22.40
			50	0	22.12	22.18	22.27

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					18675	18900	19125
					1857.5MHz	1880.0MHz	1902.5MHz
Band 2	15	QPSK	1	0	23.96	24.03	24.00
			1	37	24.07	24.13	24.21
			1	74	24.01	24.00	24.10
			36	0	23.12	23.19	23.23
			36	16	23.11	23.18	23.26
			36	35	23.09	23.24	23.28
			75	0	23.13	23.19	23.24
		16QAM	1	0	23.13	23.34	22.98
			1	37	23.27	23.44	23.12
			1	74	23.19	23.24	23.00
			36	0	22.05	22.22	22.21
			36	16	22.07	22.20	22.18
			36	35	22.04	22.17	22.15
			75	0	22.04	22.11	22.23

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					18700	18900	19100
					1860.0MHz	1880.0MHz	1900.0MHz
Band 2	20	QPSK	1	0	23.88	23.96	23.73
			1	49	24.24	24.25	24.19
			1	99	24.02	23.88	23.86
			50	0	23.03	23.14	23.17
			50	24	23.02	23.18	23.17
			50	49	23.04	23.12	23.13
			100	0	23.11	23.16	23.09
		16QAM	1	0	22.92	23.15	22.85
			1	49	23.28	23.41	23.34
			1	99	23.03	23.07	23.03
			50	0	22.03	22.14	22.25
			50	24	22.04	22.17	22.19
			50	49	22.05	22.16	22.20
			100	0	22.11	22.12	22.12

LTE Band 4 part

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					19957	20175	20393
					1710.7MHz	1732.5MHz	1754.3MHz
Band 4	1.4	QPSK	1	0	24.26	24.26	24.35
			1	2	24.44	24.42	24.45
			1	5	24.31	24.35	24.36
			3	0	24.48	24.39	24.40
			3	1	24.38	24.36	24.45
			3	2	24.40	24.38	24.42
			6	0	23.39	23.36	23.40
		16QAM	1	0	23.44	23.47	23.31
			1	2	23.60	23.62	23.34
			1	5	23.45	23.47	23.27
			3	0	23.32	23.29	23.27
			3	1	23.02	23.31	23.25
			3	2	23.31	23.28	23.27
			6	0	22.46	22.24	22.45

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					19965	20175	20385
					1711.5MHz	1732.5MHz	1753.5MHz
Band 4	3	QPSK	1	0	24.30	24.38	24.45
			1	7	24.15	24.40	24.43
			1	14	24.15	24.37	24.39
			8	0	23.37	23.39	23.45
			8	4	23.35	23.37	23.43
			8	7	23.40	23.36	23.47
			15	0	23.37	23.36	23.40
		16QAM	1	0	23.57	23.54	23.34
			1	7	23.40	23.51	23.33
			1	14	23.30	23.52	23.34
			8	0	22.44	22.38	22.47
			8	4	22.43	22.37	22.50
			8	7	22.42	22.38	22.49
			15	0	22.37	22.28	22.35

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					19975	20175	20375
					1712.5MHz	1732.5MHz	1752.5MHz
Band 4	5	QPSK	1	0	24.28	24.32	24.41
			1	12	24.15	24.44	24.56
			1	24	23.95	24.32	24.41
			12	0	23.34	23.36	23.43
			12	6	23.32	23.29	23.42
			12	11	23.33	23.27	23.47
			25	0	23.40	23.34	23.45
		16QAM	1	0	23.26	23.57	23.43
			1	12	23.27	23.66	23.58
			1	24	23.05	23.53	23.46
			12	0	22.33	22.36	22.42
			12	6	22.33	22.38	22.45
			12	11	22.31	22.32	22.47
			25	0	22.38	22.31	22.55

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					20000	20175	20350
					1715.0MHz	1732.5MHz	1750.0MHz
Band 4	10	QPSK	1	0	24.27	24.25	24.33
			1	24	24.30	24.41	24.45
			1	49	24.22	24.23	24.32
			25	0	23.35	23.39	23.48
			25	12	23.23	23.36	23.49
			25	24	23.36	23.36	23.46
			50	0	23.41	23.36	23.43
		16QAM	1	0	23.14	23.51	23.22
			1	24	23.43	23.55	23.44
			1	49	23.12	23.43	23.28
			25	0	22.34	22.42	22.50
			25	12	22.21	22.38	22.51
			25	24	22.14	22.41	22.51
			50	0	22.38	22.38	22.45

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					20025	20175	20325
					1717.5MHz	1732.5MHz	1747.5MHz
Band 4	15	QPSK	1	0	24.26	24.25	24.29
			1	37	24.32	24.30	24.43
			1	74	24.27	24.28	24.30
			36	0	23.39	23.39	23.46
			36	16	23.36	23.36	23.46
			36	35	23.37	23.41	23.46
			75	0	23.42	23.46	23.48
		16QAM	1	0	23.49	23.58	23.18
			1	37	23.55	23.65	23.32
			1	74	23.43	23.55	23.24
			36	0	22.30	22.44	22.35
			36	16	22.30	22.43	22.36
			36	35	22.28	22.43	22.34
			75	0	22.36	22.36	22.47

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					20050	20175	20300
					1720.0MHz	1732.5MHz	1745.0MHz
Band 4	20	QPSK	1	0	24.18	24.23	23.99
			1	49	24.59	24.50	24.46
			1	99	24.19	24.29	24.01
			50	0	23.22	23.33	23.42
			50	24	23.24	23.35	23.37
			50	49	23.24	23.35	23.41
			100	0	23.34	23.38	23.41
		16QAM	1	0	23.28	23.16	23.12
			1	49	23.60	23.54	23.52
			1	99	23.21	23.39	22.76
			50	0	22.20	22.37	22.46
			50	24	22.23	22.38	22.51
			50	49	22.24	22.39	22.44
			100	0	22.33	22.41	22.44

LTE Band 5 part:

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					20407	20525	20643
					824.7MHz	836.5MHz	848.3MHz
Band 5	1.4	QPSK	1	0	23.96	24.06	23.90
			1	2	23.97	24.14	24.03
			1	5	23.87	24.05	23.60
			3	0	23.92	24.15	23.80
			3	1	24.04	24.15	23.80
			3	2	24.02	24.14	23.61
			6	0	23.06	23.19	22.66
		16QAM	1	0	23.18	23.18	22.84
			1	2	22.79	23.26	22.55
			1	5	22.72	23.16	22.34
			3	0	22.72	23.03	22.34
			3	1	22.91	23.04	22.35
			3	2	22.81	22.96	22.59
			6	0	22.12	22.04	21.80

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					20415	20525	20635
					825.5MHz	836.5MHz	847.5MHz
Band 5	3	QPSK	1	0	24.03	24.08	24.02
			1	7	23.82	24.08	23.92
			1	14	24.00	24.06	23.73
			8	0	23.01	23.14	22.79
			8	4	23.03	23.14	23.01
			8	7	23.04	23.09	22.98
			15	0	23.05	23.11	22.97
		16QAM	1	0	23.16	23.28	22.93
			1	7	23.10	23.22	22.78
			1	14	23.19	23.15	22.49
			8	0	22.08	22.14	21.91
			8	4	22.10	22.14	22.02
			8	7	22.07	22.09	22.00
			15	0	22.01	22.05	21.91

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					20425	20525	20625
					826.5MHz	836.5MHz	846.5MHz
Band 5	5	QPSK	1	0	23.97	24.07	24.00
			1	12	24.14	24.19	24.10
			1	24	24.09	24.08	23.96
			12	0	23.05	23.16	22.83
			12	6	23.04	23.14	23.02
			12	11	22.95	23.13	23.01
			25	0	23.07	23.09	23.01
		16QAM	1	0	22.99	23.28	23.02
			1	12	23.21	23.38	23.07
			1	24	22.97	23.28	22.69
			12	0	21.98	22.21	22.04
			12	6	21.98	22.16	21.98
			12	11	22.02	22.19	22.03
			25	0	22.09	22.09	22.06

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					20450	20525	20600
					829MHz	836.5MHz	844MHz
Band 5	10	QPSK	1	0	23.98	24.10	24.06
			1	24	24.18	24.19	24.17
			1	49	24.09	24.05	23.88
			25	0	23.10	23.27	23.02
			25	12	23.05	23.24	23.13
			25	24	23.08	23.26	23.16
			50	0	23.11	23.16	23.09
		16QAM	1	0	23.22	23.26	23.02
			1	24	23.38	23.35	22.98
			1	49	23.24	23.27	22.75
			25	0	22.08	22.29	22.20
			25	12	22.09	22.33	22.20
			25	24	22.10	22.25	22.22
			50	0	22.13	22.24	22.12

LTE Band 7 part:

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					20775	21100	21425
					2502.5MHz	2535.0MHz	2567.5MHz
Band 7	5	QPSK	1	0	22.72	22.48	22.93
			1	12	22.70	22.85	22.74
			1	24	22.57	22.93	22.44
			12	0	21.63	22.07	21.60
			12	6	21.65	22.06	21.86
			12	11	21.63	22.03	21.92
			25	0	21.64	22.03	21.87
		16QAM	1	0	21.59	21.90	21.57
			1	12	21.70	22.07	21.55
			1	24	21.58	21.71	21.46
			12	0	20.63	21.11	20.54
			12	6	20.64	21.11	20.83
			12	11	20.62	21.12	20.86
			25	0	20.72	21.07	20.78

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					20800	21100	21400
					2505.0MHz	2535.0MHz	2565.0MHz
Band 7	10	QPSK	1	0	22.52	22.51	22.98
			1	24	22.64	22.89	22.63
			1	49	22.54	22.60	22.51
			25	0	21.60	21.95	21.56
			25	12	21.64	22.13	21.77
			25	24	21.60	22.09	21.96
			50	0	21.63	22.04	21.91
		16QAM	1	0	21.74	21.66	21.53
			1	24	21.89	21.68	21.55
			1	49	21.76	22.00	21.36
			25	0	20.61	21.02	20.60
			25	12	20.63	21.11	21.03
			25	24	20.62	21.14	21.01
			50	0	20.65	21.11	20.95

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					20825	21100	21375
					2507.5MHz	2535.0MHz	2562.5MHz
Band 7	15	QPSK	1	0	22.45	22.49	22.92
			1	37	22.53	22.60	22.70
			1	74	22.49	22.66	22.37
			36	0	21.65	22.07	21.69
			36	16	21.63	22.19	22.04
			36	35	21.66	22.06	21.90
			75	0	21.70	22.17	22.02
		16QAM	1	0	21.63	21.94	21.53
			1	37	21.76	21.88	21.56
			1	74	21.64	21.93	21.28
			36	0	20.58	21.10	20.61
			36	16	20.59	21.17	20.80
			36	35	20.60	21.10	20.72
			75	0	20.62	21.10	20.85

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					20850	21100	21350
					2510.0MHz	2535.0MHz	2560.0MHz
Band 7	20	QPSK	1	0	22.37	22.66	22.62
			1	49	22.74	23.09	22.80
			1	99	22.38	22.53	22.20
			50	0	21.56	21.95	21.48
			50	24	21.90	22.06	21.76
			50	49	21.48	22.02	21.94
			100	0	21.80	22.01	21.96
		16QAM	1	0	21.45	21.60	21.32
			1	49	21.84	21.86	21.77
			1	99	21.51	21.46	21.25
			50	0	20.49	20.98	20.82
			50	24	20.59	21.07	20.63
			50	49	20.51	20.98	20.93
			100	0	20.57	21.03	20.78

LTE Band 41 part:

LTE Band	Band width (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)				
					40065	40355	40640	40750	41215
					2537.5MHz	2566.5MHz	2595.0MHz	2624.0MHz	2652.5MHz
Band 41	5	QPSK	1	0	23.20	23.06	22.94	23.02	22.92
			1	12	23.30	23.21	23.10	23.17	23.11
			1	24	23.16	23.05	22.97	23.02	22.93
			12	0	22.30	22.18	22.11	22.16	22.06
			12	6	22.29	22.17	22.08	22.14	22.05
			12	11	22.28	22.17	22.10	22.15	22.06
			25	0	22.41	22.25	22.10	22.20	22.08
		16QAM	1	0	22.57	22.40	22.35	22.38	22.23
			1	12	22.69	22.56	22.50	22.54	22.42
			1	24	22.57	22.42	22.36	22.40	22.27
			12	0	21.29	21.20	21.04	21.15	21.11
			12	6	21.25	21.17	21.06	21.13	21.08
			12	11	21.25	21.19	21.07	21.15	21.12
			25	0	21.37	21.24	21.14	21.21	21.11

LTE Band	Band width (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)				
					40090	40365	40640	40915	41190
					2540.0MHz	2567.5MHz	2595.0MHz	2622.5MHz	2650.0MHz
Band 41	10	QPSK	1	0	23.26	23.17	23.01	23.11	23.07
			1	24	23.43	23.38	23.28	23.34	23.32
			1	49	23.24	23.18	22.99	23.11	23.11
			25	0	22.39	22.26	22.14	22.22	22.12
			25	12	22.37	22.25	22.15	22.22	22.13
			25	24	22.37	22.24	22.12	22.20	22.11
			50	0	22.35	22.26	22.17	22.23	22.16
		16QAM	1	0	22.68	22.32	22.42	22.35	21.95
			1	24	22.82	22.49	22.65	22.54	22.16
			1	49	22.67	22.31	22.40	22.34	21.95
			25	0	21.42	21.28	21.22	21.26	21.13
			25	12	21.43	21.28	21.22	21.26	21.12
			25	24	21.42	21.27	21.19	21.24	21.12
			50	0	21.33	21.24	21.17	21.21	21.14

LTE Band	Band width (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)				
					40115	40375	40640	40900	41165
					2542.5MHz	2568.5MHz	2595.0MHz	2673.5MHz	2647.5MHz
Band 41	15	QPSK	1	0	23.15	23.06	22.91	23.01	22.97
			1	37	23.25	23.22	23.07	23.17	23.19
			1	74	23.13	23.11	22.90	23.04	23.08
			36	0	22.35	22.28	22.13	22.23	22.20
			36	16	22.31	22.24	22.13	22.20	22.17
			36	35	22.32	22.22	22.11	22.18	22.11
			75	0	22.39	22.29	22.12	22.23	22.18
		16QAM	1	0	22.55	22.27	22.36	22.30	21.99
			1	37	22.67	22.41	22.43	22.42	22.15
			1	74	22.54	22.29	22.29	22.29	22.03
			36	0	21.35	21.19	21.10	21.16	21.03
			36	16	21.31	21.20	21.11	21.17	21.09
			36	35	21.33	21.21	21.09	21.17	21.08
			75	0	21.32	21.24	21.18	21.22	21.15

LTE Band	Band width (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)				
					40140	40390	40640	40890	41140
					2545.0MHz	2570.0MHz	2595.0MHz	2620.0MHz	2645.0MHz
Band 41	20	QPSK	1	0	22.97	22.85	22.79	22.83	22.72
			1	49	23.39	23.30	23.22	23.27	23.20
			1	99	23.01	22.96	22.78	22.90	22.91
			50	0	22.26	22.14	22.03	22.10	22.01
			50	24	22.27	22.14	22.00	22.09	22.00
			50	49	22.20	22.12	22.02	22.08	22.03
			100	0	22.20	22.15	22.09	22.13	22.09
		16QAM	1	0	22.23	21.81	22.06	21.89	21.38
			1	49	22.65	22.26	22.43	22.31	21.86
			1	99	22.29	21.92	22.06	21.96	21.54
			50	0	21.27	21.19	21.07	21.15	21.10
			50	24	21.31	21.20	21.01	21.14	21.09
			50	49	21.27	21.17	21.05	21.13	21.06
			100	0	21.28	21.18	21.11	21.16	21.08

Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02 section 4.1, 6), the required test channels number is 5 for LTE Band 41.

LTE Band 66 part

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					131979	132322	132665
					1710.70MHz	1745.00MHz	1779.30MHz
Band 66	1.4	QPSK	1	0	23.50	23.41	23.35
			1	2	23.57	23.53	22.95
			1	5	23.18	23.40	22.89
			3	0	23.20	23.45	22.96
			3	1	23.20	23.47	22.97
			3	2	23.24	23.47	22.98
			6	0	22.27	22.47	21.90
		16QAM	1	0	22.68	22.60	22.10
			1	2	22.37	22.73	21.96
			1	5	22.29	22.58	21.81
			3	0	21.99	22.31	21.81
			3	1	21.99	22.42	21.81
			3	2	21.95	22.41	21.79
			6	0	21.13	21.31	20.93

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					131987	132322	132657
					1711.50MHz	1745.00MHz	1778.50MHz
Band 66	3	QPSK	1	0	23.29	23.45	23.39
			1	7	23.02	23.44	23.42
			1	14	23.07	23.47	23.10
			8	0	22.08	22.45	22.20
			8	4	22.15	22.47	22.47
			8	7	22.36	22.42	22.44
			15	0	22.53	22.44	22.39
		16QAM	1	0	22.25	22.68	22.31
			1	7	22.26	22.61	22.23
			1	14	22.26	22.65	21.86
			8	0	21.16	21.50	21.48
			8	4	21.27	21.46	21.48
			8	7	21.20	21.43	21.46
			15	0	21.32	21.36	21.33

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					131997	132322	132647
					1712.50MHz	1745.00MHz	1777.50MHz
Band 66	5	QPSK	1	0	23.53	23.37	23.35
			1	12	23.51	23.51	23.48
			1	24	23.14	23.52	23.39
			12	0	22.53	22.42	22.40
			12	6	22.31	22.47	22.42
			12	11	22.53	22.50	22.42
			25	0	22.51	22.46	22.43
		16QAM	1	0	22.54	22.43	22.52
			1	12	22.16	22.51	22.72
			1	24	22.07	22.64	22.58
			12	0	21.21	21.44	21.46
			12	6	21.15	21.45	21.46
			12	11	21.45	21.41	21.47
			25	0	21.57	21.44	21.40

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					132022	132322	132622
					1715.00MHz	1745.00MHz	1775.00MHz
Band 66	10	QPSK	1	0	23.48	23.42	23.35
			1	24	23.74	23.55	23.43
			1	49	23.44	23.46	23.43
			25	0	22.56	22.52	22.47
			25	12	22.54	22.49	22.43
			25	24	22.58	22.50	22.45
			50	0	22.58	22.51	22.47
		16QAM	1	0	22.72	22.62	22.30
			1	24	22.80	22.79	22.37
			1	49	22.63	22.68	22.39
			25	0	21.57	21.56	21.53
			25	12	21.56	21.54	21.54
			25	24	21.58	21.59	21.55
			50	0	21.58	21.55	21.39

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					132047	132322	132597
					1717.50MHz	1745.00MHz	1772.50MHz
Band 66	15	QPSK	1	0	18.12	18.05	17.97
			1	37	18.25	18.25	18.14
			1	74	18.09	18.13	18.07
			36	0	17.18	17.27	17.11
			36	16	17.20	17.23	17.06
			36	35	17.23	17.22	17.06
			75	0	17.23	17.22	17.10
		16QAM	1	0	17.33	17.42	16.88
			1	37	17.42	17.64	17.00
			1	74	17.30	17.50	16.95
			36	0	16.18	16.31	16.11
			36	16	16.25	16.32	16.08
			36	35	16.21	16.33	16.07
			75	0	16.22	16.33	16.10

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					132072	132322	132572
					1720.00MHz	1745.00MHz	1770.00MHz
Band 66	20	QPSK	1	0	23.35	23.26	23.05
			1	49	23.58	23.68	23.37
			1	99	23.29	23.39	23.09
			50	0	22.33	22.54	22.48
			50	24	22.38	22.51	22.50
			50	49	22.33	22.47	22.45
			100	0	22.43	22.43	22.42
		16QAM	1	0	22.43	22.42	22.19
			1	49	22.61	22.78	22.50
			1	99	22.24	22.55	22.15
			50	0	21.38	21.52	21.55
			50	24	21.35	21.51	21.54
			50	49	21.35	21.53	21.57
			100	0	21.40	21.48	21.46

LTE Band 17 part

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					23755	23790	23825
					706.5MHz	710.0MHz	713.5MHz
Band 17	5	QPSK	1	0	23.98	24.01	24.03
			1	12	24.09	24.11	24.15
			1	24	24.07	24.03	24.00
			12	0	23.03	23.04	23.09
			12	6	23.03	23.02	23.14
			12	11	23.06	23.09	23.10
			25	0	23.09	23.11	23.10
		16QAM	1	0	23.03	23.29	23.01
			1	12	23.16	23.37	23.16
			1	24	23.08	23.29	23.09
			12	0	22.07	22.11	22.19
			12	6	22.06	22.12	22.17
			12	11	22.06	22.13	22.19
			25	0	22.13	22.08	22.17

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					23780	23790	23800
					709.0MHz	710.0MHz	711.0MHz
Band 17	10	QPSK	1	0	23.97	24.03	24.03
			1	24	24.10	24.23	24.19
			1	49	24.06	24.03	24.10
			25	0	23.06	23.04	23.13
			25	12	23.03	23.06	23.08
			25	24	23.05	23.08	23.09
			50	0	23.07	23.06	23.06
		16QAM	1	0	23.19	23.21	22.95
			1	24	23.34	23.37	23.12
			1	49	23.26	23.24	23.01
			25	0	22.09	22.15	22.16
			25	12	22.09	22.12	22.18
			25	24	22.08	22.13	22.14
			50	0	22.09	22.11	22.15

13.4 WLAN 2.4 GHz Band Conducted Power

Average Power (dBm)				
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	802.11 b	802.11 g	802.11n (HT20)
CH 01	2412	15.64	13.11	13.21
CH 06	2437	14.25	11.90	11.89
CH 11	2462	13.84	11.53	11.41

Average Power (dBm)		
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	802.11n (HT40)
CH 03	2422	12.03
CH 06	2437	11.01
CH 09	2452	10.66

Note:

- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$$
for 1-g SAR, where
 - f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
 - Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
 - The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Channel	Frequency (GHz)	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Max. Power (mW)	Test distance (mm)	Result	exclusion thresholds for 1-g SAR
b/CH 01	2.412	16.0	39.81	5	12.34	3.0
n(HT20)/CH 01	2.412	13.5	22.39	5	6.94	3.0

- Base on the result of note1, RF exposure evaluation of 802.11 b mode is required.
- Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion.
- Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions:
 - When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
 - When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- The output power of all data rate were pre-scan, just the worst case (the lowest data rate) of all mode were shown in report.
- Per KDB 248227 D01V02r02 section 2.2, when the EUT in continuously transmitting mode, the actual duty cycle is 100%, so the duty cycle factor is 1.

13.5 WLAN 5.2GHz Band Conducted Power

Average Power (dBm)				
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	802.11 a	802.11 ac20	802.11 n20
CH 36	5180	10.36	10.36	10.37
CH 40	5200	11.04	10.93	10.89
CH 48	5240	11.15	11.11	10.97

Average Power (dBm)			
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	802.11 ac40	802.11 n40
CH 38	5190	10.45	10.46
CH 46	5230	11.12	11.16

Average Power (dBm)		
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	802.11 ac80
CH 42	5210	9.73

Note:

7. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$$
for 1-g SAR, where
 - f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
 - Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
 - The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Channel	Frequency (GHz)	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Max. Power (mW)	Test distance (mm)	Result	exclusion thresholds for 1-g SAR
a/CH 48	5.240	11.5	14.13	5	6.47	3.0

8. Base on the result of note1, RF exposure evaluation of 802.11 a mode is required.
9. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion.
10. The output power of all data rate were pre-scan, just the worst case (the lowest data rate) of all mode were shown in report.
11. Per KDB 248227 D01V02r02 section 2.2, when the EUT in continuously transmitting mode, the actual duty cycle is 100%, so the duty cycle factor is 1.

13.6 WLAN 5.8GHz Band Conducted Power

Average Power (dBm)				
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	802.11 a	802.11 ac20	802.11 n20
CH 149	5745	8.93	8.72	8.86
CH 157	5785	8.44	8.29	8.30
CH 165	5825	8.06	7.96	7.98

Average Power (dBm)			
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	802.11 ac40	802.11 n40
CH 151	5755	9.00	12.13
CH 159	5795	8.57	11.62

Average Power (dBm)		
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	802.11 ac80
CH 155	5775	8.60

Note:

12. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$$
for 1-g SAR, where
 - f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
 - Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
 - The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Channel	Frequency (GHz)	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Max. Power (mW)	Test distance (mm)	Result	exclusion thresholds for 1-g SAR
a/CH 151	5.755	12.5	17.78	5.0	8.53	3.0

13. Base on the result of note1, RF exposure evaluation of 802.11 a mode is not required.
14. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion.
15. The output power of all data rate were pre-scan, just the worst case (the lowest data rate) of all mode were shown in report.
16. Per KDB 248227 D01V02r02 section 2.2, when the EUT in continuously transmitting mode, the actual duty cycle is 90.5%, so the duty cycle factor is 1.10.

13.7 Bluetooth Conducted Power

Average Power (dBm)				
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	GFSK	$\pi/4$ -DQPSK	8DPSK
CH 00	2402	5.24	4.52	4.68
CH 39	2441	0.03	-0.78	-0.72
CH 78	2480	1.46	0.92	1.00

Average Power (dBm)					
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	BLE-1M PHY	BLE-2M PHY	BLE-Coded PHY S=2	BLE-Coded PHY S=8
CH 00	2402	-4.87	-5.06	-4.97	-4.85
CH 20	2442	-4.68	-4.75	-4.68	-4.68
CH 39	2480	-6.85	-6.95	-6.88	-6.86

Note:

- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* $\leq$ 50 mm are determined by:

$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$$
for 1-g SAR, where
 - $f(\text{GHz})$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
 - Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
 - The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Channel	Frequency (GHz)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Max. Power (mW)	Test distance (mm)	Result	exclusion thresholds for 1-g SAR
CH 00	2.402	5.5	3.55	5	1.10	3.0

- The max. tune-up power was provided by manufacturer, base on the result of note 1, RF exposure evaluation is not required.
- The output power of all data rate were pre-scan, just the worst case of all mode were shown in report.
- When the minimum *test separation distance* is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

14 Exposure Positions Consideration

14.1 EUT Antenna Locations

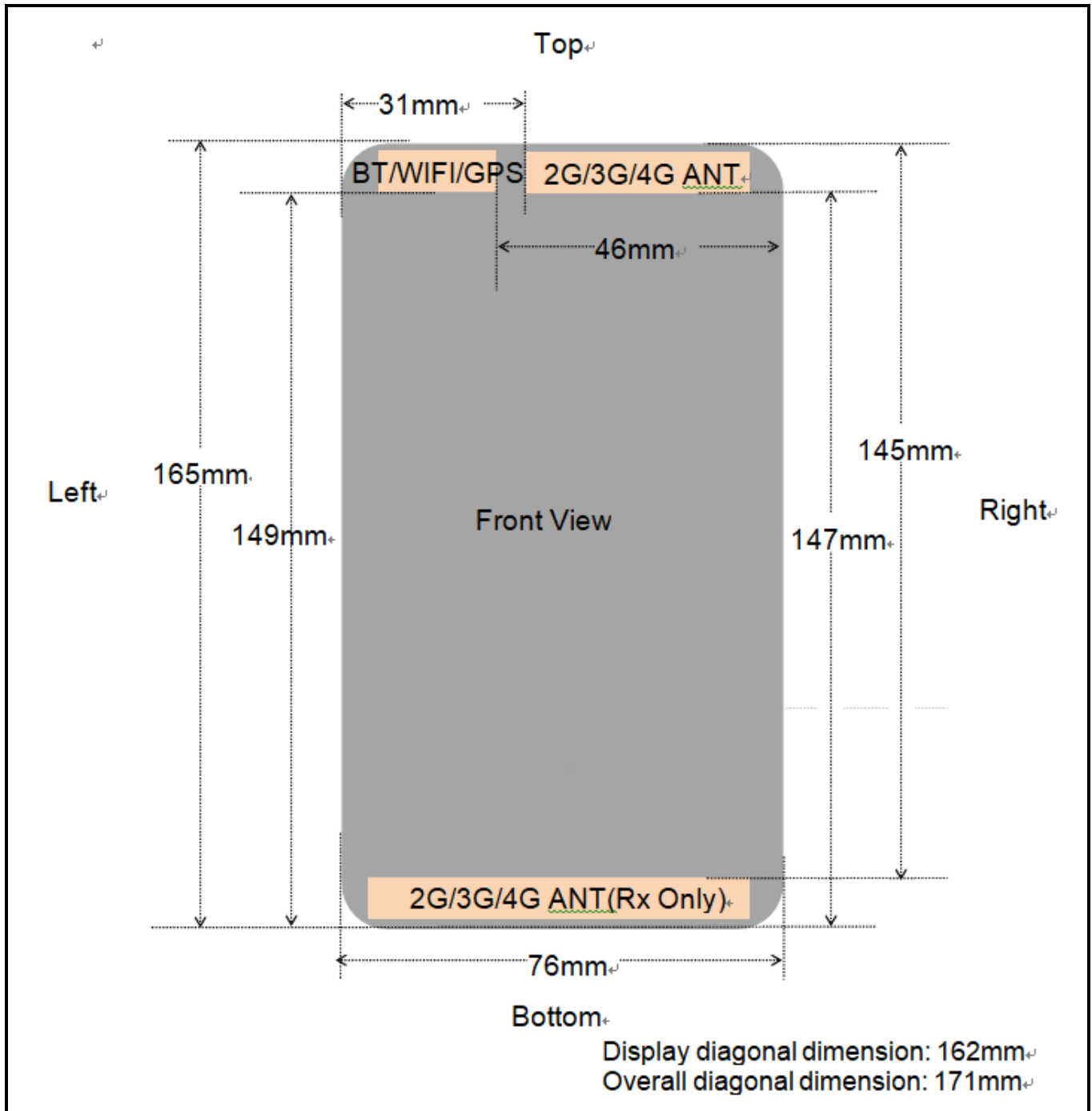


Fig.14.1 EUT Antenna Locations

Note: This antenna diagram is only used as a reference for the distance from the antenna to each edge. For the specific shape of the antenna, please refer to the physical photo.

14.2 Test Positions Consideration

Distance of Antennas to EUT edge/surface Test distance: 10mm						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
2G/3G/4G	<25mm	<25mm	<25mm	147mm	<25mm	31mm
WLAN & Bluetooth	<25mm	<25mm	<25mm	149mm	46mm	<25mm

Test Positions Test distance: 10mm						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
2G/3G/4G	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No
WLAN & Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes

Note:

1. Head/Body-worn/Hotspot mode SAR assessments are required.
2. Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, when the overall device length and width are $\geq 9\text{cm} \times 5\text{cm}$, the test distance is 10mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.
3. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for handsets the test separation distance is determined by the smallest distance between the outer surface of the device and the user, which is 0 mm for head SAR, 10 mm for hotspot SAR, and 10 mm for body-worn SAR.

15 SAR Test Results Summary

15.1 Standalone Head SAR Data

➤ GSM Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	GSM850/Voice	Right Cheek	190	836.6	33.70	-1.92	34.0	0.225	1.072	0.241
	GSM850/Voice	Right Tilted	190	836.6	33.70	0.37	34.0	0.205	1.072	0.220
1	GSM850/Voice	Left Cheek	190	836.6	33.70	-2.10	34.0	0.371	1.072	0.398
	GSM850/Voice	Left Tilted	190	836.6	33.70	1.15	34.0	0.312	1.072	0.334
	GSM1900/Voice	Right Cheek	810	1909.8	30.64	1.39	31.0	0.151	1.086	0.164
2	GSM1900/Voice	Right Tilted	810	1909.8	30.64	-1.10	31.0	0.191	1.086	0.207
	GSM1900/Voice	Left Cheek	810	1909.8	30.64	0.82	31.0	0.132	1.086	0.143
	GSM1900/Voice	Left Tilted	810	1909.8	30.64	-0.16	31.0	0.152	1.086	0.165
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT					1.6 W/kg (mW/g)					
Spatial Peak					Averaged over 1g					
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population										

➤ WCDMA Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band V/RMC	Right Check	4183	836.6	24.32	-1.65	24.5	0.689	1.042	0.718
	Band V/RMC	Right Tilted	4183	836.6	24.32	0.80	24.5	0.512	1.042	0.534
	Band V/RMC	Left Check	4183	836.6	24.32	-2.05	24.5	0.938	1.042	0.977
	Band V/RMC	Left Tilted	4183	836.6	24.32	-1.84	24.5	0.608	1.042	0.634
	Band V/RMC	Left Check	4132	826.4	24.22	-0.10	24.5	1.066	1.067	1.137
3	Band V/RMC	Left Check	4233	846.6	24.12	-1.81	24.5	1.138	1.091	1.242
	Band V/RMC	Left Check	4233	846.6	24.12	2.14	24.5	1.124	1.091	1.226
	Band IV/RMC	Right Check	1513	1752.4	23.87	2.58	24.0	0.625	1.030	0.644
	Band IV/RMC	Right Tilted	1513	1752.4	23.87	-1.10	24.0	0.855	1.030	0.881
	Band IV/RMC	Left Check	1513	1752.4	23.87	-1.79	24.0	0.513	1.030	0.528
	Band IV/RMC	Left Tilted	1513	1752.4	23.87	-1.18	24.0	0.741	1.030	0.763
4	Band IV/RMC	Right Tilted	1313	1712.6	23.70	-2.61	24.0	0.864	1.072	0.926
	Band IV/RMC	Right Tilted	1313	1712.6	23.70	-2.61	24.0	0.856	1.072	0.918
	Band IV/RMC	Right Tilted	1450	1740	23.79	0.05	24.0	0.826	1.050	0.867
	Band II/RMC	Right Check	9538	1907.6	24.09	-1.65	24.5	0.662	1.099	0.728
	Band II/RMC	Right Tilted	9538	1907.6	24.09	0.10	24.5	0.841	1.099	0.924
	Band II/RMC	Left Check	9538	1907.6	24.09	-0.86	24.5	0.533	1.099	0.586
	Band II/RMC	Left Tilted	9538	1907.6	24.09	1.30	24.5	0.681	1.099	0.748
	Band II/RMC	Right Tilted	9262	1852.4	23.94	-3.82	24.5	0.843	1.138	0.959
5	Band II/RMC	Right Tilted	9400	1880	24.02	-0.84	24.5	0.913	1.117	1.020
	Band II/RMC	Right Tilted	9400	1880	24.02	0.73	24.5	0.905	1.117	1.011
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT					1.6 W/kg (mW/g)					
Spatial Peak					Averaged over 1g					
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population										

➤ FDD-LTE Band 2(20MHz) QPSK Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band2/1RB#49	Right Check	18900	1880	24.25	0.56	24.5	0.712	1.059	0.754
6	Band2/1RB#49	Right Tilted	18900	1880	24.25	-0.36	24.5	0.914	1.059	0.968
	Band2/1RB#49	Right Tilted	18900	1880	24.25	-0.36	24.5	0.902	1.059	0.955
	Band2/1RB#49	Left Check	18900	1880	24.25	-3.51	24.5	0.488	1.059	0.517
	Band2/1RB#49	Left Tilted	18900	1880	24.25	-0.23	24.5	0.618	1.059	0.654
	Band2/1RB#49	Right Tilted	18700	1860	24.24	1.47	24.5	0.812	1.062	0.862
	Band2/1RB#49	Right Tilted	19100	1900	24.19	0.56	24.5	0.822	1.074	0.883
	Band2/50%RB#24	Right Check	18900	1880	23.18	-1.56	23.5	0.584	1.076	0.628
	Band2/50%RB#24	Right Tilted	18900	1880	23.18	1.40	23.5	0.735	1.076	0.791
	Band2/50%RB#24	Left Check	18900	1880	23.18	-1.91	23.5	0.462	1.076	0.497

	Band2/50%RB#24	Left Tilted	18900	1880	23.18	-0.27	23.5	0.622	1.076	0.669
	Band2/100%RB#0	Right Check	18900	1880	23.16	-0.46	23.5	0.543	1.081	0.587
	Band2/100%RB#0	Right Tilted	18900	1880	23.16	-1.10	23.5	0.710	1.081	0.768
	Band2/100%RB#0	Left Check	18900	1880	23.16	-2.00	23.5	0.416	1.081	0.450
	Band2/100%RB#0	Left Tilted	18900	1880	23.16	1.20	23.5	0.563	1.081	0.609
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g			

FDD-LTE Band 4(20MHz) QPSK Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band4/1RB#49	Right Check	20050	1720	24.59	-1.94	25.0	0.775	1.099	0.852
	Band4/1RB#49	Right Tilted	20050	1720	24.59	1.76	25.0	0.959	1.099	1.054
	Band4/1RB#49	Left Check	20050	1720	24.59	-1.34	25.0	0.789	1.099	0.867
	Band4/1RB#49	Left Tilted	20050	1720	24.59	-0.60	25.0	0.692	1.099	0.761
	Band4/1RB#49	Right Tilted	20175	1732.5	24.50	-2.19	25.0	0.977	1.122	1.096
7	Band4/1RB#49	Right Tilted	20300	1745	24.46	-1.04	25.0	0.981	1.132	1.110
	Band4/1RB#49	Right Tilted	20300	1745	24.46	-1.04	25.0	0.972	1.132	1.100
	Band4/50%RB#0	Right Check	20300	1745	23.42	0.57	23.5	0.534	1.019	0.544
	Band4/50%RB#0	Right Tilted	20300	1745	23.42	0.52	23.5	0.775	1.019	0.790
	Band4/50%RB#0	Left Check	20300	1745	23.42	-1.04	23.5	0.497	1.019	0.506
	Band4/50%RB#0	Left Tilted	20300	1745	23.42	1.45	23.5	0.726	1.019	0.740
	Band4/100%RB#0	Right Check	20300	1745	23.41	-1.43	23.5	0.486	1.021	0.496
	Band4/100%RB#0	Right Tilted	20300	1745	23.41	-1.48	23.5	0.745	1.021	0.761
	Band4/100%RB#0	Left Check	20300	1745	23.41	0.65	23.5	0.431	1.021	0.440
	Band4/100%RB#0	Left Tilted	20300	1745	23.41	-1.36	23.5	0.684	1.021	0.698
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g			

➤ FDD-LTE Band 5(10MHz) QPSK Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band5/1RB#24	Right Check	20525	836.5	24.19	0.68	24.5	0.410	1.074	0.440
	Band5/1RB#24	Right Tilted	20525	836.5	24.19	-1.02	24.5	0.325	1.074	0.349
8	Band5/1RB#24	Left Check	20525	836.5	24.19	-2.09	24.5	0.632	1.074	0.679
	Band5/1RB#24	Left Tilted	20525	836.5	24.19	-0.24	24.5	0.482	1.074	0.518
	Band5/50%RB#0	Right Check	20525	836.5	23.27	0.99	23.5	0.352	1.054	0.371
	Band5/50%RB#0	Right Tilted	20525	836.5	23.27	1.59	23.5	0.302	1.054	0.318
	Band5/50%RB#0	Left Check	20525	836.5	23.27	-0.36	23.5	0.558	1.054	0.588
	Band5/50%RB#0	Left Tilted	20525	836.5	23.27	0.32	23.5	0.426	1.054	0.449
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g			

➤ FDD-LTE Band 7(20MHz) QPSK Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band7/1RB#49	Right Check	21100	2535	23.09	-0.50	23.5	0.712	1.099	0.782
9	Band7/1RB#49	Right Tilted	21100	2535	23.09	-1.99	23.5	0.916	1.099	1.007
	Band7/1RB#49	Right Tilted	21100	2535	23.09	1.25	23.5	0.905	1.099	0.995
	Band7/1RB#49	Left Check	21100	2535	23.09	-1.81	23.5	0.428	1.099	0.470
	Band7/1RB#49	Left Tilted	21100	2535	23.09	-0.35	23.5	0.529	1.099	0.581
	Band7/1RB#49	Right Tilted	20850	2510	22.74	0.23	23.5	0.809	1.191	0.964
	Band7/1RB#49	Right Tilted	21350	2560	22.80	1.72	23.5	0.692	1.175	0.813
	Band7/50%RB#24	Right Check	21100	2535	22.06	0.68	22.5	0.441	1.107	0.488
	Band7/50%RB#24	Right Tilted	21100	2535	22.06	1.17	22.5	0.565	1.107	0.625
	Band7/50%RB#24	Left Check	21100	2535	22.06	-0.44	22.5	0.338	1.107	0.374

	Band7/50%RB#24	Left Tilted	21100	2535	22.06	-0.28	22.5	0.407	1.107	0.451
	Band7/100%RB#0	Right Check	21100	2535	22.01	-1.06	22.5	0.405	1.119	0.453
	Band7/100%RB#0	Right Tilted	21100	2535	22.01	-1.74	22.5	0.512	1.119	0.573
	Band7/100%RB#0	Left Check	21100	2535	22.01	1.73	22.5	0.312	1.119	0.349
	Band7/100%RB#0	Left Tilted	21100	2535	22.01	-0.58	22.5	0.384	1.119	0.430
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g					

➤ TDD-LTE Band 41(20MHz) QPSK Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band41/1RB#49	Right Check	40140	2545	23.39	0.52	23.5	0.352	1.026	1.008	0.364
10	Band41/1RB#49	Right Tilted	40140	2545	23.39	-1.22	23.5	0.485	1.026	1.008	0.502
	Band41/1RB#49	Left Check	40140	2545	23.39	-1.45	23.5	0.342	1.026	1.008	0.354
	Band41/1RB#49	Left Tilted	40140	2545	23.39	1.33	23.5	0.428	1.026	1.008	0.443
	Band41/50%RB#24	Right Check	40140	2545	22.27	-0.12	22.5	0.314	1.054	1.008	0.334
	Band41/50%RB#24	Right Tilted	40140	2545	22.27	-0.99	22.5	0.412	1.054	1.008	0.438
	Band41/50%RB#24	Left Check	40140	2545	22.27	1.17	22.5	0.306	1.054	1.008	0.325
	Band41/50%RB#24	Left Tilted	40140	2545	22.27	-1.91	22.5	0.408	1.054	1.008	0.433
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g						

➤ FDD-LTE Band 66(20MHz) QPSK Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band66/1RB#49	Right Check	132322	1745	23.68	1.47	24.0	0.741	1.076	0.797
	Band66/1RB#49	Right Tilted	132322	1745	23.68	0.34	24.0	0.964	1.076	1.037
	Band66/1RB#49	Left Check	132322	1745	23.68	-0.47	24.0	0.512	1.076	0.551
	Band66/1RB#49	Left Tilted	132322	1745	23.68	0.61	24.0	0.661	1.076	0.711
11	Band66/1RB#49	Right Tilted	132072	1720	23.58	-1.53	24.0	0.974	1.102	1.073
	Band66/1RB#49	Right Tilted	132072	1720	23.58	-1.53	24.0	0.965	1.102	1.063
	Band66/1RB#49	Right Tilted	132572	1770	23.37	1.38	24.0	0.911	1.156	1.053
	Band66/50%RB#0	Right Check	132322	1745	22.54	1.04	23.0	0.510	1.112	0.567
	Band66/50%RB#0	Right Tilted	132322	1745	22.54	0.81	23.0	0.705	1.112	0.784
	Band66/50%RB#0	Left Check	132322	1745	22.54	0.69	23.0	0.361	1.112	0.401
	Band66/50%RB#0	Left Tilted	132322	1745	22.54	1.41	23.0	0.458	1.112	0.509
	Band66/100%RB#0	Right Check	132322	1745	22.43	1.05	22.5	0.465	1.016	0.472
	Band66/100%RB#0	Right Tilted	132322	1745	22.43	-1.89	22.5	0.681	1.016	0.692
	Band66/100%RB#0	Left Check	132322	1745	22.43	2.00	22.5	0.320	1.016	0.325
	Band66/100%RB#0	Left Tilted	132322	1745	22.43	-1.73	22.5	0.418	1.016	0.425
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g					

➤ WLAN 2.4 GHz Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	2.4GHz/802.11b	Right Cheek	1	2412	15.64	-1.04	16.0	0.183	1.086	1.000	0.199
12	2.4GHz/802.11b	Right Tilted	1	2412	15.64	1.15	16.0	0.208	1.086	1.000	0.226
	2.4GHz/802.11b	Left Cheek	1	2412	15.64	2.41	16.0	0.123	1.086	1.000	0.134
	2.4GHz/802.11b	Left Tilted	1	2412	15.64	-0.05	16.0	0.165	1.086	1.000	0.179
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g						

➤ WLAN 5.2 GHz Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
13	5.2GHz/802.11a	Right Cheek	48	5240	11.15	2.33	11.5	0.210	1.084	1.000	0.228
	5.2GHz/802.11a	Right Tilted	48	5240	11.15	-2.19	11.5	0.205	1.084	1.000	0.222
	5.2GHz/802.11a	Left Cheek	48	5240	11.15	-2.07	11.5	0.158	1.084	1.000	0.171
	5.2GHz/802.11a	Left Tilted	48	5240	11.15	3.21	11.5	0.151	1.084	1.000	0.164
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g				

➤ WLAN 5.8 GHz Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
14	5.8GHz/802.11n40	Right Cheek	151	5755	12.13	-0.32	12.5	0.219	1.089	1.100	0.262
	5.8GHz/802.11n40	Right Tilted	151	5755	12.13	1.22	12.5	0.201	1.089	1.100	0.241
	5.8GHz/802.11n40	Left Cheek	151	5755	12.13	1.21	12.5	0.135	1.089	1.100	0.162
	5.8GHz/802.11n40	Left Tilted	151	5755	12.13	0.87	12.5	0.165	1.089	1.100	0.198
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g				

➤ FDD-LTE Band 17(10MHz) QPSK Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band17/1RB#24	Right Check	23790	710	24.23	-1.48	24.5	0.243	1.064	0.259
	Band17/1RB#24	Right Tilted	23790	710	24.23	-0.18	24.5	0.165	1.064	0.176
38	Band17/1RB#24	Left Check	23790	710	24.23	-3.56	24.5	0.391	1.064	0.416
	Band17/1RB#24	Left Tilted	23790	710	24.23	1.32	24.5	0.272	1.064	0.289
	Band17/50%RB#0	Right Check	23800	711	23.13	0.73	23.5	0.228	1.089	0.248
	Band17/50%RB#0	Right Tilted	23800	711	23.13	-1.99	23.5	0.152	1.089	0.166
	Band17/50%RB#0	Left Check	23800	711	23.13	-1.09	23.5	0.369	1.089	0.402
	Band17/50%RB#0	Left Tilted	23800	711	23.13	0.43	23.5	0.254	1.089	0.277
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g					

Note:

- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, if the highest output power channel Reported SAR ≤ 0.8 W/kg, other channels SAR testing is not necessary.
- Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8 W/kg.
- Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 100% RB allocation SAR measurement is not required when the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg.
- Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 802.11b DSSS, when the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required in that exposure configuration.
- Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, OFDM SAR is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg. Cuz the maximum output power specified for OFDM and DSSS are 20.94mW(13.21dBm) and 36.64mW(15.64dBm), the scaled SAR would be $0.226 \times (20.94/36.64) = 0.129$ W/Kg < 1.2 W/kg, therefore, SAR is not required for OFDM.
- According to KDB 865664 D02v01r02, SAR plot is required for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination.
- Highlight part of test data means repeated test.

15.2 Standalone Body SAR

➤ GSM Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	GPRS850/2 slots	Front	190	836.6	32.67	-0.38	33.0	0.302	1.079	0.326
15	GPRS850/2 slots	Back	190	836.6	32.67	-0.36	33.0	0.360	1.079	0.388
	GPRS1900/2 slots	Front	810	1909.8	29.71	-1.14	30.0	0.120	1.069	0.128
16	GPRS1900/2 slots	Back	810	1909.8	29.71	-1.12	30.0	0.215	1.069	0.230
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g					

➤ WCDMA Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band V/RMC	Front	4183	836.6	24.32	1.58	24.5	0.228	1.042	0.238
17	Band V/RMC	Back	4183	836.6	24.32	-1.83	24.5	0.249	1.042	0.259
	Band IV/RMC	Front	1513	1752.4	23.87	2.11	24.0	0.120	1.030	0.124
18	Band IV/RMC	Back	1513	1752.4	23.87	-1.83	24.0	0.234	1.030	0.241
	Band II/RMC	Front	9538	1907.6	24.09	-0.60	24.5	0.213	1.099	0.234
19	Band II/RMC	Back	9538	1907.6	24.09	-0.51	24.5	0.319	1.099	0.351
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g					

➤ FDD-LTE Band 2(20MHz) QPSK Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band2/1RB#49	Front	18900	1880	24.25	-1.52	24.5	0.132	1.059	0.140
20	Band2/1RB#49	Back	18900	1880	24.25	-3.12	24.5	0.255	1.059	0.270
	Band2/50%RB#24	Front	18900	1880	23.18	-0.50	23.5	0.113	1.076	0.122
	Band2/50%RB#24	Back	18900	1880	23.18	-1.77	23.5	0.210	1.076	0.226
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g					

➤ FDD-LTE Band 4(20MHz) QPSK Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band4/1RB#49	Front	20050	1720	24.59	0.01	25.0	0.201	1.099	0.221
21	Band4/1RB#49	Back	20050	1720	24.59	0.78	25.0	0.295	1.099	0.324
	Band4/50%RB#0	Front	20300	1745	23.42	-0.07	23.5	0.183	1.019	0.186
	Band4/50%RB#0	Back	20300	1745	23.42	0.27	23.5	0.254	1.019	0.259
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g					

➤ FDD-LTE Band 5(10MHz) QPSK Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band5/1RB#24	Front	20525	836.5	24.19	1.55	24.5	0.205	1.074	0.220
22	Band5/1RB#24	Back	20525	836.5	24.19	0.03	24.5	0.258	1.074	0.277
	Band5/50%RB#0	Front	20525	836.5	23.27	-0.65	23.5	0.181	1.054	0.191
	Band5/50%RB#0	Back	20525	836.5	23.27	-1.25	23.5	0.231	1.054	0.243
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g					

Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population

➤ FDD-LTE Band 7(20MHz) QPSK Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band7/1RB#49	Front	21100	2535	23.09	-0.17	23.5	0.283	1.099	0.311
23	Band7/1RB#49	Back	21100	2535	23.09	-1.75	23.5	0.398	1.099	0.437
	Band7/50%RB#24	Front	21100	2535	22.06	0.93	22.5	0.253	1.107	0.280
	B and 7/50%RB#24	Back	21100	2535	22.06	1.76	22.5	0.345	1.107	0.382
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g			

➤ TDD-LTE Band 41(20MHz) QPSK Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band41/1RB#49	Front	40140	2545	23.39	0.46	23.5	0.225	1.026	1.008	0.233
24	Band41/1RB#49	Back	40140	2545	23.39	-1.07	23.5	0.308	1.026	1.008	0.319
	Band41/50%RB#24	Front	40140	2545	22.27	0.92	22.5	0.193	1.054	1.008	0.205
	Band41/50%RB#24	Back	40140	2545	22.27	0.16	22.5	0.283	1.054	1.008	0.301
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g						

➤ FDD-LTE Band 66(20MHz) QPSK Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band66/1RB#49	Front	132322	1745	23.68	-0.95	24.0	0.163	1.076	0.175
25	Band66/1RB#49	Back	132322	1745	23.68	-2.15	24.0	0.224	1.076	0.241
	Band66/50%RB#0	Front	132322	1745	22.54	-0.89	23.0	0.127	1.112	0.141
	Band66/50%RB#0	Back	132322	1745	22.54	1.60	23.0	0.203	1.112	0.226
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g			

➤ WLAN 2.4 GHz Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	2.4GHz/802.11b	Front	1	2412	15.64	-0.37	16.0	0.084	1.086	1.000	0.091
26	2.4GHz/802.11b	Back	1	2412	15.64	3.31	16.0	0.233	1.086	1.000	0.253
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g						

➤ WLAN 5.2 GHz Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	5.2GHz/802.11a	Front	48	5240	11.15	1.58	11.5	0.038	1.084	1.000	0.041
27	5.2GHz/802.11a	Back	48	5240	11.15	1.44	11.5	0.043	1.084	1.000	0.047
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g						

➤ WLAN 5.8 GHz Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	5.8GHz/802.11n40	Front	151	5755	12.13	0.55	12.5	0.025	1.089	1.100	0.030
28	5.8GHz/802.11n40	Back	151	5755	12.13	-0.22	12.5	0.064	1.089	1.100	0.077
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g						

➤ FDD-LTE Band 17(10MHz) QPSK Body SAR

FDD LTE Band 17(1200MHz) - 1RB#0, 50%RB#0										
Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band17/1RB#0	Front	23790	710	24.23	-1.05	24.5	0.176	1.064	0.187
39	Band17/1RB#0	Back	23790	710	24.23	-0.14	24.5	0.220	1.064	0.234
	Band17/50%RB#0	Front	23800	711	23.13	0.92	23.5	0.162	1.089	0.176
	Band17/50%RB#0	Back	23800	711	23.13	0.33	23.5	0.206	1.089	0.224
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g					

Note:

- Body-worn SAR testing was performed at 10mm separation, and this distance is determined by the handset manufacturer that there will be body-worn accessories that users may acquire at the time of equipment certification, to enable users to purchase aftermarket body-worn accessories with the required minimum separation.
- Per KDB 941225 D06v02r01, when the same wireless modes and device transmission configurations are required for testing body-worn accessories and hotspot mode, it is not necessary to test body-worn accessory SAR for the same device orientation if the test separation distance for hotspot mode is more conservative than that used for body-worn accessories.
- Body-worn exposure conditions are intended to voice call operations, therefore GSM voice call is selected to be tested.
- Per KDB 648474 D04v01r03, when the *Reported* SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.
- The WLAN SAR perform the front and back position, due considered the simultaneous SAR for body-worn.
- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, if the highest output channel Reported SAR ≤ 0.8 W/kg, other channels SAR testing is not necessary.
- Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8 W/kg.
- Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 100% RB allocation SAR measurement is not required when the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg.
- According to KDB 865664 D02v01r02, SAR plot is required for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination.

15.3 Body SAR in Hotspot Mode

➤ GSM Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
15	GPRS850/2 slots	Front	190	836.6	32.67	-0.38	33.0	0.302	1.079	0.326
	GPRS850/2 slots	Back	190	836.6	32.67	-0.36	33.0	0.360	1.079	0.388
	GPRS850/2 slots	Right	190	836.6	32.67	-0.27	33.0	0.105	1.079	0.113
	GPRS850/2 slots	Top	190	836.6	32.67	-1.90	33.0	0.220	1.079	0.237
	GPRS1900/2 slots	Front	810	1909.8	29.71	-1.14	30.0	0.120	1.069	0.128
	GPRS1900/2 slots	Back	810	1909.8	29.71	-1.12	30.0	0.215	1.069	0.230
	GPRS1900/2 slots	Right	810	1909.8	29.71	1.30	30.0	0.040	1.069	0.043
	GPRS1900/2 slots	Top	810	1909.8	29.71	-1.36	30.0	0.307	1.069	0.328
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT					1.6 W/kg (mW/g)					
Spatial Peak					Averaged over 1g					
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population										

➤ WCDMA Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
17	Band V/RMC	Front	4183	836.6	24.32	1.58	24.5	0.228	1.042	0.238
	Band V/RMC	Back	4183	836.6	24.32	-1.83	24.5	0.249	1.042	0.259
	Band V/RMC	Right	4183	836.6	24.32	-1.61	24.5	0.081	1.042	0.084
	Band V/RMC	Top	4183	836.6	24.32	-0.91	24.5	0.216	1.042	0.225
	Band IV/RMC	Front	1513	1752.4	23.87	2.11	24.0	0.120	1.030	0.124
	Band IV/RMC	Back	1513	1752.4	23.87	-1.83	24.0	0.234	1.030	0.241
	Band IV/RMC	Right	1513	1752.4	23.87	-2.61	24.0	0.035	1.030	0.036
	Band IV/RMC	Top	1513	1752.4	23.87	-0.11	24.0	0.365	1.030	0.376
30	Band II/RMC	Front	9538	1907.6	24.09	-0.60	24.5	0.213	1.099	0.234
	Band II/RMC	Back	9538	1907.6	24.09	-0.51	24.5	0.319	1.099	0.351
	Band II/RMC	Right	9538	1907.6	24.09	-0.78	24.5	0.063	1.099	0.069
	Band II/RMC	Top	9538	1907.6	24.09	1.10	24.5	0.412	1.099	0.453
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT					1.6 W/kg (mW/g)					
Spatial Peak					Averaged over 1g					
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population										

➤ FDD-LTE Band 2(20MHz) QPSK Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band2/1RB#49	Front	18900	1880	24.25	-1.52	24.5	0.132	1.059	0.140
	Band2/1RB#49	Back	18900	1880	24.25	-3.12	24.5	0.255	1.059	0.270
	Band2/1RB#49	Right	18900	1880	24.25	0.22	24.5	0.051	1.059	0.054
32	Band2/1RB#49	Top	18900	1880	24.25	2.53	24.5	0.412	1.059	0.436
	Band2/50%RB#24	Front	18900	1880	23.18	-0.50	23.5	0.113	1.076	0.122
	Band2/50%RB#24	Back	18900	1880	23.18	-1.77	23.5	0.210	1.076	0.226
	Band2/50%RB#24	Right	18900	1880	23.18	0.22	23.5	0.043	1.076	0.046
	Band2/50%RB#24	Top	18900	1880	23.18	0.20	23.5	0.381	1.076	0.410
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT					1.6 W/kg (mW/g)					
Spatial Peak					Averaged over 1g					
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population										

➤ FDD-LTE Band 4(20MHz) QPSK Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band4/1RB#49	Front	20050	1720	24.59	0.01	25.0	0.201	1.099	0.221
	Band4/1RB#49	Back	20050	1720	24.59	0.78	25.0	0.295	1.099	0.324
	Band4/1RB#49	Right	20050	1720	24.59	1.97	25.0	0.037	1.099	0.041
33	Band4/1RB#49	Top	20050	1720	24.59	-3.61	25.0	0.425	1.099	0.467

	Band4/50%RB#0	Front	20300	1745	23.42	-0.07	23.5	0.183	1.019	0.186
	Band4/50%RB#0	Back	20300	1745	23.42	0.27	23.5	0.254	1.019	0.259
	Band4/50%RB#0	Right	20300	1745	23.42	-1.16	23.5	0.022	1.019	0.022
	Band4/50%RB#0	Top	20300	1745	23.42	-0.97	23.5	0.397	1.019	0.405
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g					

➤ FDD-LTE Band 5(10MHz) QPSK Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band5/1RB#24	Front	20525	836.5	24.19	1.55	24.5	0.205	1.074	0.220
22	Band5/1RB#24	Back	20525	836.5	24.19	0.03	24.5	0.258	1.074	0.277
	Band5/1RB#24	Right	20525	836.5	24.19	1.44	24.5	0.108	1.074	0.116
	Band5/1RB#24	Top	20525	836.5	24.19	-0.10	24.5	0.156	1.074	0.168
	Band5/50%RB#0	Front	20525	836.5	23.27	-0.65	23.5	0.181	1.054	0.191
	Band5/50%RB#0	Back	20525	836.5	23.27	-1.25	23.5	0.231	1.054	0.243
	Band5/50%RB#0	Right	20525	836.5	23.27	1.88	23.5	0.084	1.054	0.089
	Band5/50%RB#0	Top	20525	836.5	23.27	0.42	23.5	0.123	1.054	0.130
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g					

➤ FDD-LTE Band 7(20MHz) QPSK Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band7/1RB#49	Front	21100	2535	23.09	-0.17	23.5	0.283	1.099	0.311
	Band7/1RB#49	Back	21100	2535	23.09	-1.75	23.5	0.398	1.099	0.437
	Band7/1RB#49	Right	21100	2535	23.09	1.25	23.5	0.135	1.099	0.148
34	Band7/1RB#49	Top	21100	2535	23.09	-1.39	23.5	0.448	1.099	0.492
	Band7/50%RB#24	Front	21100	2535	22.06	0.93	22.5	0.253	1.107	0.280
	Band7/50%RB#24	Back	21100	2535	22.06	1.76	22.5	0.345	1.107	0.382
	Band7/50%RB#24	Right	21100	2535	22.06	0.20	22.5	0.100	1.107	0.111
	Band7/50%RB#24	Top	21100	2535	22.06	-0.48	22.5	0.405	1.107	0.448
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g					

➤ TDD-LTE Band 41(20MHz) QPSK Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band41/1RB#49	Front	40140	2545	23.39	0.46	23.5	0.225	1.026	1.008	0.233
	Band41/1RB#49	Back	40140	2545	23.39	-1.07	23.5	0.308	1.026	1.008	0.319
	Band41/1RB#49	Right	40140	2545	23.39	0.49	23.5	0.125	1.026	1.008	0.129
35	Band41/1RB#49	Top	40140	2545	23.39	-2.06	23.5	0.389	1.026	1.008	0.402
	Band41/50%RB#24	Front	40140	2545	22.27	0.92	22.5	0.193	1.054	1.008	0.205
	Band41/50%RB#24	Back	40140	2545	22.27	0.16	22.5	0.283	1.054	1.008	0.301
	Band41/50%RB#24	Right	40140	2545	22.27	1.04	22.5	0.105	1.054	1.008	0.112
	Band41/50%RB#24	Top	40140	2545	22.27	-0.01	22.5	0.345	1.054	1.008	0.367
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g						

➤ FDD-LTE Band 66(20MHz) QPSK Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band66/1RB#49	Front	132322	1745	23.68	-0.95	24.0	0.163	1.076	0.175
	Band66/1RB#49	Back	132322	1745	23.68	-2.15	24.0	0.224	1.076	0.241
	Band66/1RB#49	Right	132322	1745	23.68	1.07	24.0	0.042	1.076	0.045
36	Band66/1RB#49	Top	132322	1745	23.68	-4.86	24.0	0.347	1.076	0.373
	Band66/50%RB#0	Front	132322	1745	22.54	-0.89	23.0	0.127	1.112	0.141
	Band66/50%RB#0	Back	132322	1745	22.54	1.60	23.0	0.203	1.112	0.226
	Band66/50%RB#0	Right	132322	1745	22.54	-1.77	23.0	0.035	1.112	0.039
	Band66/50%RB#0	Top	132322	1745	22.54	1.14	23.0	0.315	1.112	0.350
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g			

➤ WLAN 2.4GHz Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	2.4GHz/802.11b	Front	1	2412	15.64	-0.37	16.0	0.084	1.086	1.000	0.091
26	2.4GHz/802.11b	Back	1	2412	15.64	3.31	16.0	0.233	1.086	1.000	0.253
	2.4GHz/802.11b	Left	1	2412	15.64	0.87	16.0	0.058	1.086	1.000	0.063
	2.4GHz/802.11b	Top	1	2412	15.64	-1.99	16.0	0.179	1.086	1.000	0.194
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g				

➤ WLAN 5.2GHz Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	5.2GHz/802.11a	Front	48	5240	11.15	1.58	11.5	0.038	1.084	1.000	0.041
	5.2GHz/802.11a	Back	48	5240	11.15	1.44	11.5	0.043	1.084	1.000	0.047
	5.2GHz/802.11a	Left	48	5240	11.15	0.16	11.5	0.018	1.084	1.000	0.020
37	5.2GHz/802.11a	Top	48	5240	11.15	-2.65	11.5	0.083	1.084	1.000	0.090
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g				

➤ WLAN 5.8GHz Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	5.8GHz/802.11n40	Front	151	5755	12.13	0.55	12.5	0.025	1.089	1.100	0.030
28	5.8GHz/802.11n40	Back	151	5755	12.13	-0.22	12.5	0.064	1.089	1.100	0.077
	5.8GHz/802.11n40	Left	151	5755	12.13	1.64	12.5	0.014	1.089	1.100	0.017
	5.8GHz/802.11n40	Top	151	5755	12.13	-1.76	12.5	0.056	1.089	1.100	0.067
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g				

➤ FDD-LTE Band 17(10MHz) QPSK Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band17/1RB#0	Front	23790	710	24.23	-1.05	24.5	0.176	1.064	0.187
39	Band17/1RB#0	Back	23790	710	24.23	-0.14	24.5	0.220	1.064	0.234
	Band17/1RB#0	Right	23790	710	24.23	1.59	24.5	0.089	1.064	0.095
	Band17/1RB#0	Top	23790	710	24.23	1.79	24.5	0.148	1.064	0.157

	Band17/50%RB#0	Front	23800	711	23.13	0.92	23.5	0.162	1.089	0.176
	Band17/50%RB#0	Back	23800	711	23.13	0.33	23.5	0.206	1.089	0.224
	Band17/50%RB#0	Right	23800	711	23.13	-1.84	23.5	0.078	1.089	0.085
	Band17/50%RB#0	Top	23800	711	23.13	1.05	23.5	0.133	1.089	0.145
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g					

Note:

- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, if the highest output channel Reported SAR ≤ 0.8 W/kg, other channels SAR testing is not necessary.
- Additional WLAN SAR testing was performed for simultaneous transmission analysis.
- For Hotspot SAR testing, per KDB 941225 D06v02r01, for EUT dimension ≥ 9 cm*5cm, the test distance is 10mm. SAR must be measured for all surfaces and sides with a transmitting antenna located within 2.5cm from that surface or edge.
- Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If HSDPA output power is < 0.25 dB higher than RMC 12.2kbps, or Reported SAR with RMC 12.2kbps setting is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, HSDPA SAR evaluation can be excluded.
- Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8 W/kg.
- Per KDB 648474 D04v01r03, when the Reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is required.
- Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 100% RB allocation SAR measurement is not required when the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel.
- According to KDB 865664 D02v01r02, SAR plot is required for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination.

15.4 Repeated SAR measurement

Band/ Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Measured SAR (W/kg)				
				Original	1 st Repeated		2 nd Repeated	
					Value	Ratio	Value	Ratio
Band V/RMC	Left Check	4233	846.6	1.138	1.124	1.01	/	/
Band IV/RMC	Right Tilted	1313	1712.6	0.864	0.856	1.01	/	/
Band II/RMC	Right Tilted	9400	1880	0.913	0.905	1.01	/	/
Band2/1RB#49	Right Tilted	18900	1880	0.914	0.902	1.01	/	/
Band4/1RB#49	Right Tilted	20300	1745	0.981	0.972	1.01	/	/
Band7/1RB#49	Right Tilted	21100	2535	0.916	0.905	1.01	/	/
Band66/1RB#49	Right Tilted	132072	1720	0.974	0.965	1.01	/	/
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population				1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g				

Note:

- Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8 W/kg
- Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the ratio of *original* and *repeated* is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR < 1.45 W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.

15.5 Multi-Band Simultaneous Transmission Considerations

➤ Simultaneous Transmission Capabilities

According to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, transmitters are considered to be transmitting simultaneously when there is overlapping transmission, with the exception of transmissions during network hand-offs with maximum hand-off duration less than 30 seconds. Possible transmission paths for the EUT are shown in below Figure and are color-coded to indicate communication modes which share the same path. Modes which share the same transmission path cannot transmit simultaneously with one another.



Fig.15.1 Simultaneous Transmission Paths

➤ Simultaneous Transmission Procedures

This device contains transmitters that may operate simultaneously. Therefore simultaneous transmission analysis is required. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 1-g SAR for all the simultaneous transmitting antennas in a specific a physical test configuration is ≤ 1.6 W/kg. When standalone SAR is not required to be measured, per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 4.3.2), the following equation must be used to estimate the standalone 1g SAR for simultaneous transmission assessment involving that transmitter.

$$\text{Estimated SAR} = \frac{\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}}{7.5} \cdot \frac{\text{Max. power of channel, mW}}{\text{Min. Separation Distance, mm}}$$

Mode	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Exposure Position	Head	Body	Hotspot
		Test Distance (mm)	0	10	10
Bluetooth	5.5	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	0.147	0.073	0.073

Note:

- When the minimum *test separation distance* is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according is applied to determine estimated SAR.

➤ Multi-Band simultaneous Transmission Consideration

Simultaneous Transmission Consideration	Position	Applicable Combination
	Head	WWAN (Voice) + WLAN 2.4 GHz/5.2GHz/5.8GHz
		WWAN (Voice) + Bluetooth
	Body	WWAN (Voice) + WLAN 2.4 GHz/5.2GHz/5.8GHz
		WWAN (Voice) + Bluetooth
	Hotspot	WWAN (Data) + WLAN 2.4 GHz/5.2GHz/5.8GHz
		WWAN (Data) + Bluetooth

Note:

- WLAN 2.4GHz Band, WLAN 5.2GHz Band, WLAN 5.8GHz Band and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- GSM/WCDMA/LTE shares the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- The Report SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
 - Scalar SAR summation < 1.6 W/kg.
 - $SPLSR = (SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5} / (\text{min. separation distance, mm})$, and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x_1 - x_2)^2 + (y_1 - y_2)^2 + (z_1 - z_2)^2]$, where (x_1, y_1, z_1) and (x_2, y_2, z_2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan If $SPLSR \leq 0.04$, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary
 - Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the Reported multi-band SAR < 1.6 W/kg

15.6 SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

➤ Simultaneous Transmission

Position		Standalone SAR(W/kg)				Σ SAR _{1g} (W/kg)		
		1	2	3	4	1+2	1+3	1+4
		WWAN	2.4G WLAN	5G WLAN	BT			
Head	Right Cheek	0.852	0.199	0.262	0.147	1.051	1.114	0.999
	Right Tilted	1.110	0.226	0.241	0.147	1.336	1.351	1.257
	Left Cheek	1.242	0.134	0.171	0.147	1.376	1.413	1.389
	Left Tilted	0.763	0.179	0.198	0.147	0.942	0.961	0.910
Body-worn	Front	0.326	0.091	0.041	0.073	0.417	0.367	0.399
	Back	0.437	0.253	0.077	0.073	0.690	0.514	0.510
Hotspot	Front	0.326	0.091	0.041	0.073	0.417	0.367	0.399
	Back	0.437	0.253	0.077	0.073	0.690	0.514	0.510
	Left	0.000	0.063	0.020	0.073	0.063	0.020	0.073
	Right	0.148	0.000	0.000	0.073	0.148	0.148	0.221
	Top	0.492	0.194	0.090	0.073	0.686	0.582	0.565
	Bottom	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.073	0.000	0.000	0.073

➤ Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion

The above numerical summed SAR results for all the case simultaneous transmission conditions were below the SAR limit. Therefore, the above analysis is sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR limit and therefore no measured volumetric simultaneous SAR summation is required per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.

15.7 Measurement Uncertainty

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) is applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions.

16 Reference

- [1]. FCC 47 CFR Part 2 “Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations”
- [2]. ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, “IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz”, September 1992
- [3]. IEEE Std. 1528-2013, “Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques”, September 2013
- [4]. OpenSAR V5 Software User Manual
- [5]. FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, “SAR GUIDANCE FOR IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) TRANSMITTERS”, October 2015
- [6]. FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, “RF EXPOSURE PROCEDURES AND EQUIPMENT AUTHORIZATION POLICIES FOR MOBILE AND PORTABLE DEVICES”, October 2015
- [7]. FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r03, “SAR EVALUATION CONSIDERATIONS FOR WIRELESS HANDSETS”, October 2015
- [8]. FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01, “3G SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES”, October 2015
- [9]. FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r05, “SAR EVALUATION CONSIDERATIONS FOR LTE DEVICES”, Dec 2015
- [10]. FCC KDB 941225 D03 v01, “Recommended SAR Test Reduction Procedures for GSM / GPRS / EDGE”, December 2008
- [11]. FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, “SAR EVALUATION PROCEDURES FOR PORTABLE DEVICES WITH WIRELESS ROUTER CAPABILITIES”, October 2015
- [12]. FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, “SAR MEASUREMENT REQUIREMENTS FOR 100 MHz TO 6 GHz”, August 2015

Appendix A: Plots of SAR System Check

System check at 835 MHz

Date of measurement: 06/11/2021

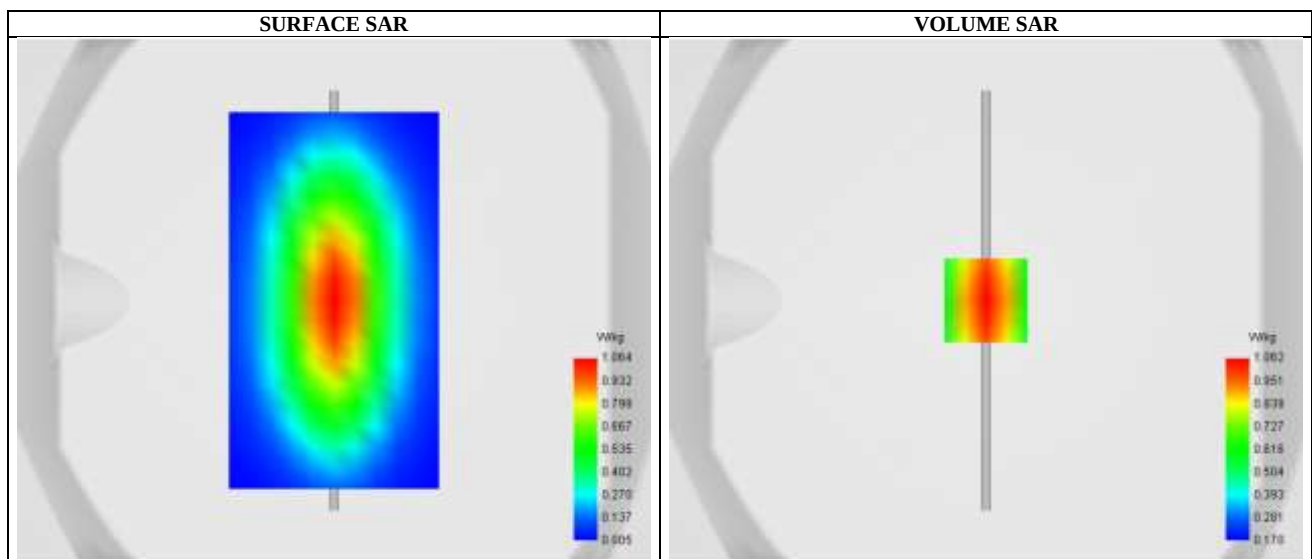
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	1.68
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW835
Channels	Middle
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.511423
Conductivity (S/m)	0.923513

C. SAR Surface and Volume

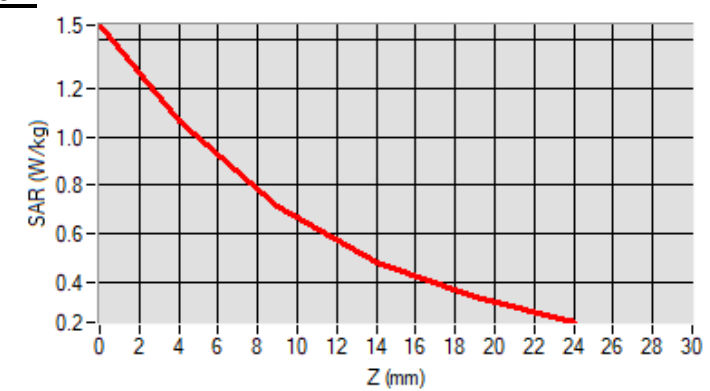


Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00; SAR Peak: 1.55 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.642221
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.921412
Variation (%)	2.450000

E. Z Axis Scan



System check at 1750 MHz

Date of measurement: 8/11/2021

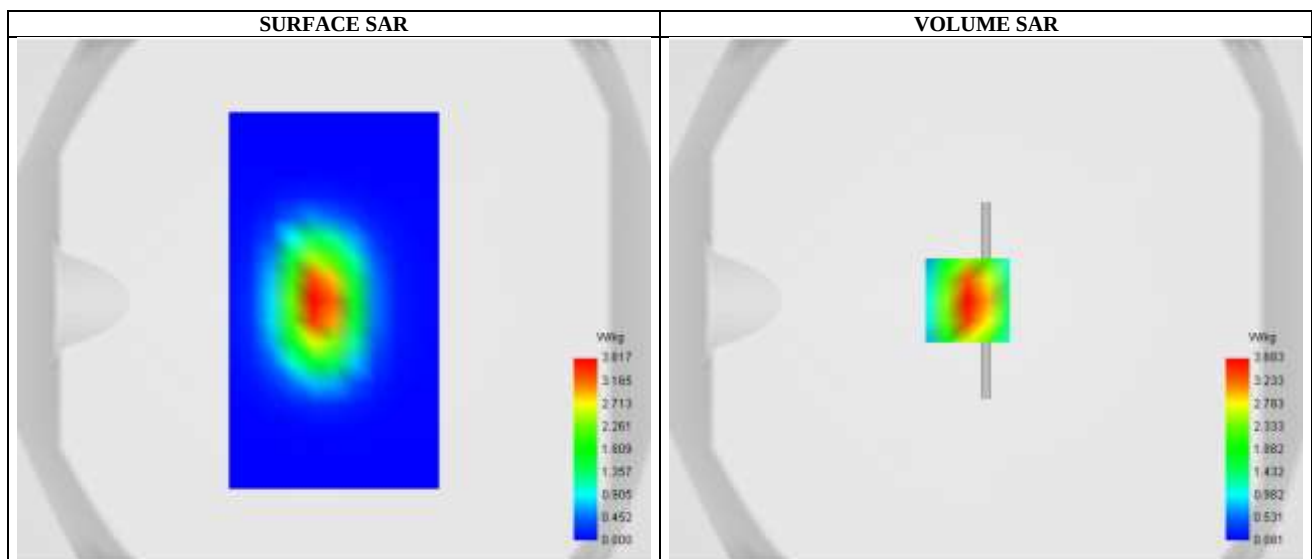
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	2.07
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW1750
Channels	Middle
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	1750.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.812467
Conductivity (S/m)	1.384228

C. SAR Surface and Volume

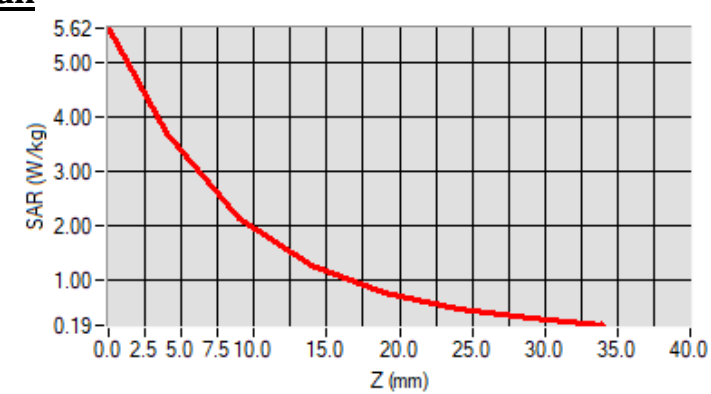


Maximum location: X=-7.00, Y=0.00; SAR Peak: 5.65 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.842136
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.721425
Variation (%)	3.240000

E. Z Axis Scan



System check at 1900 MHz

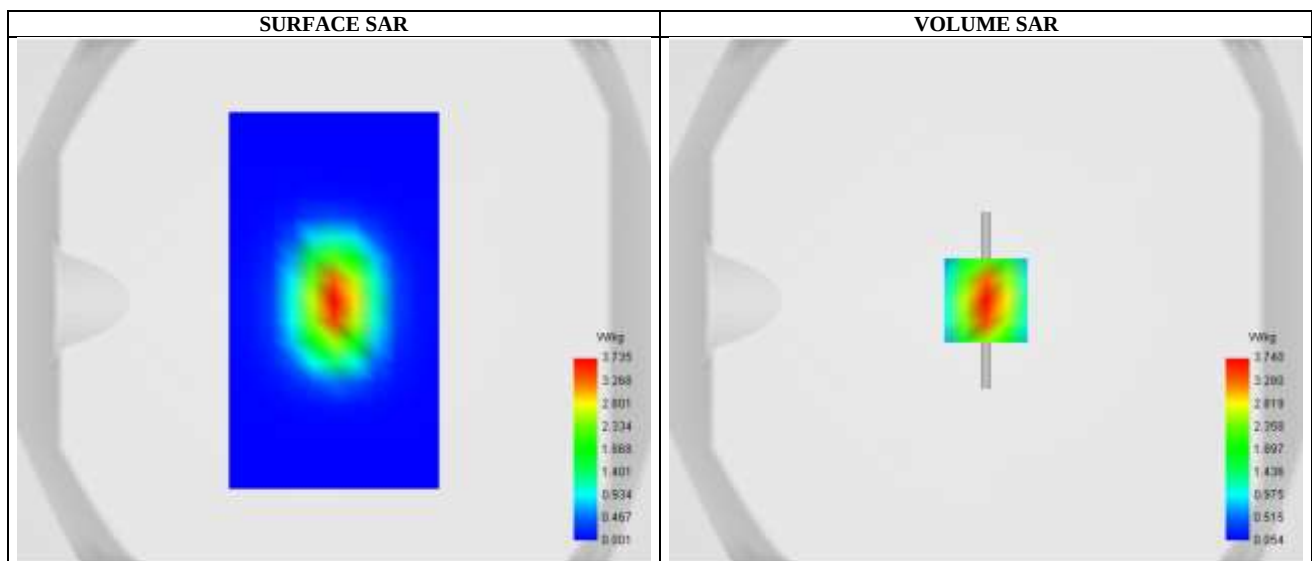
Date of measurement: 08/11/2021

A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 36/20 EPG0354
ConvF	2.14
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW1900
Channels	Middle
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

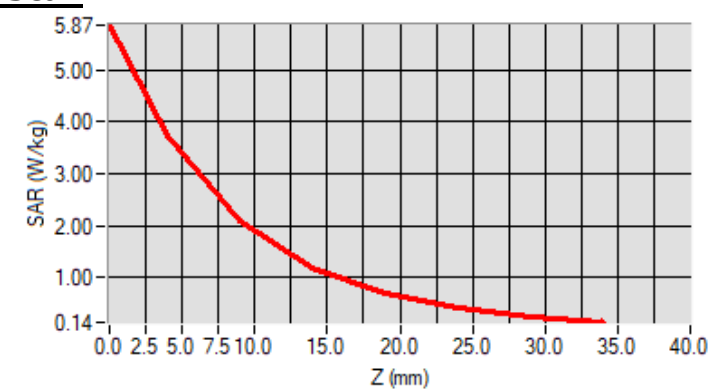
Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.451227
Conductivity (S/m)	1.422345

C. SAR Surface and Volume

Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00; SAR Peak: 5.84 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.923671
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.912253
Variation (%)	-1.020000

E. Z Axis Scan

System check at 2450 MHz

Date of measurement: 11/11/2021

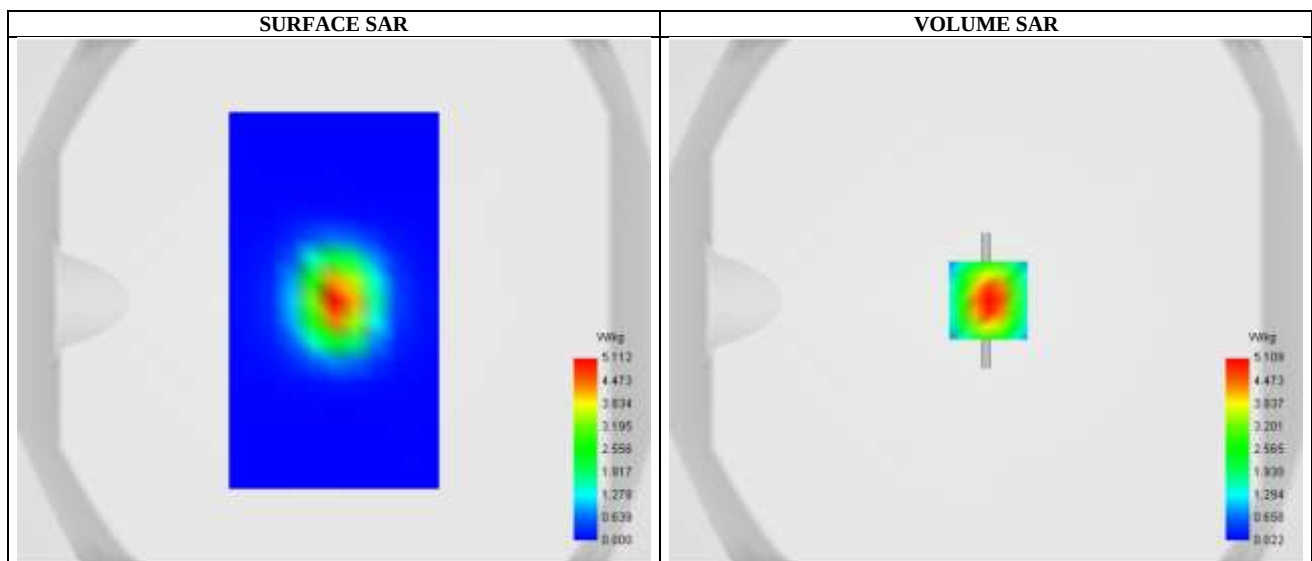
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	2.23
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW2450
Channels	Middle
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	2450.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.511432
Conductivity (S/m)	1.842142

C. SAR Surface and Volume

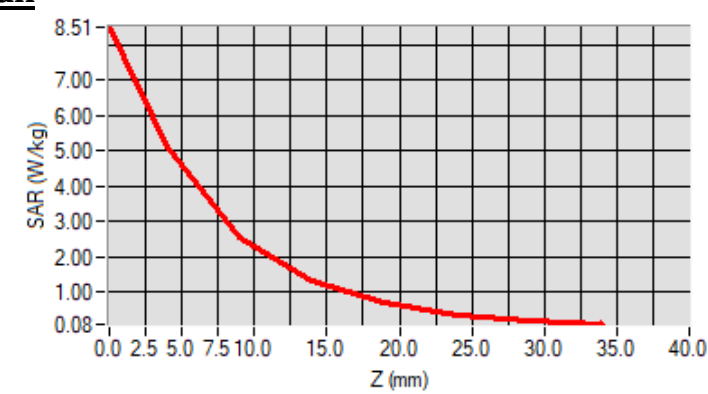


Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=0.00; SAR Peak: 8.49 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.444143
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.315054
Variation (%)	-3.210000

E. Z Axis Scan



System check at 2600 MHz

Date of measurement: 11/11/2021

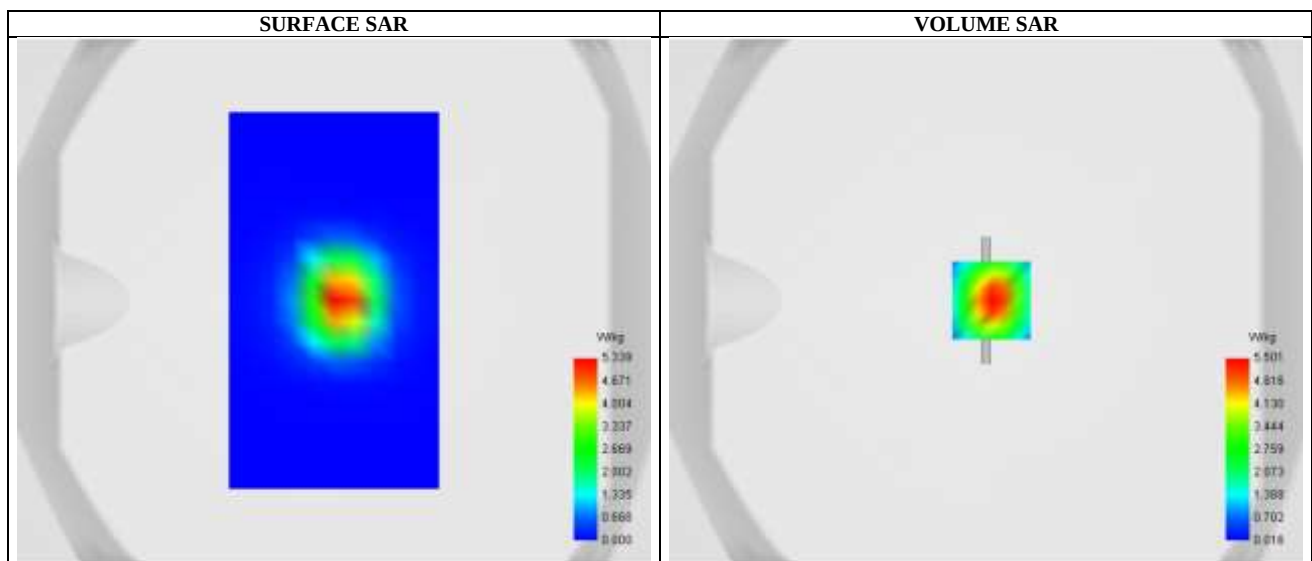
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	2.15
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW2600
Channels	Middle
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	2600.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	37.553284
Conductivity (S/m)	1.988412

C. SAR Surface and Volume

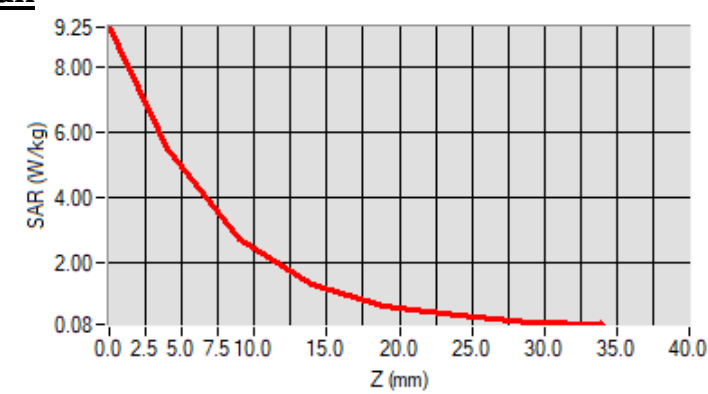


Maximum location: X=2.00, Y=0.00; SAR Peak: 9.26 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.335345
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.669514
Variation (%)	-2.940000

E. Z Axis Scan



System check at 5200 MHz

Date of measurement: 13/11/2021

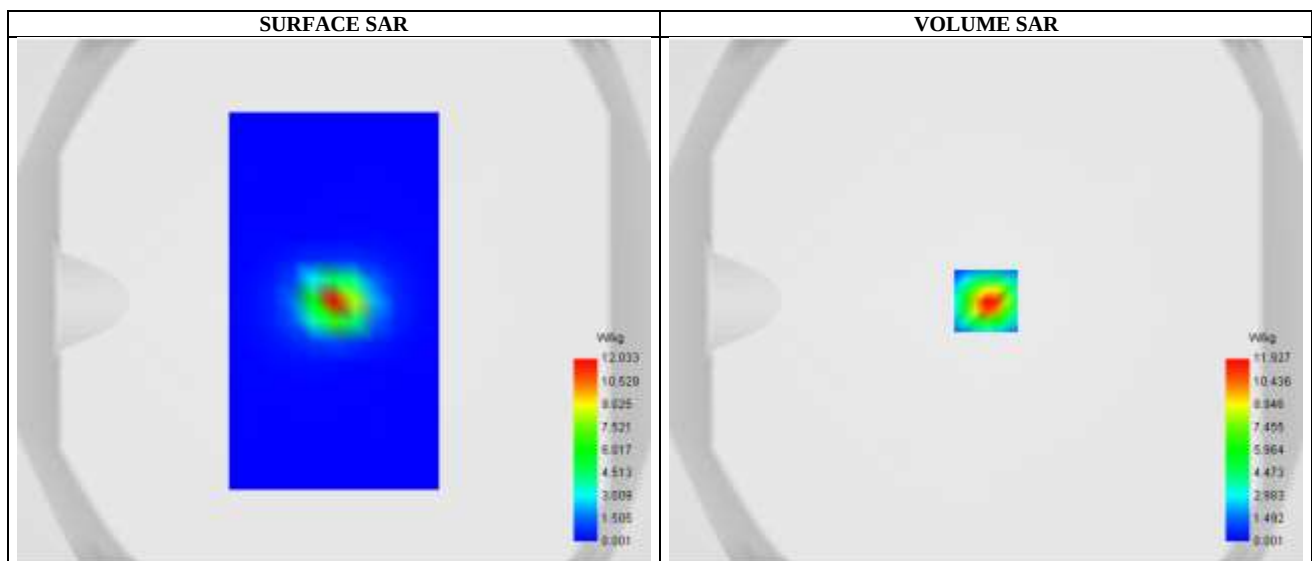
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	1.86
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm,Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW5200
Channels	Middle
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	5200.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	36.881526
Conductivity (S/m)	4.821236

C. SAR Surface and Volume

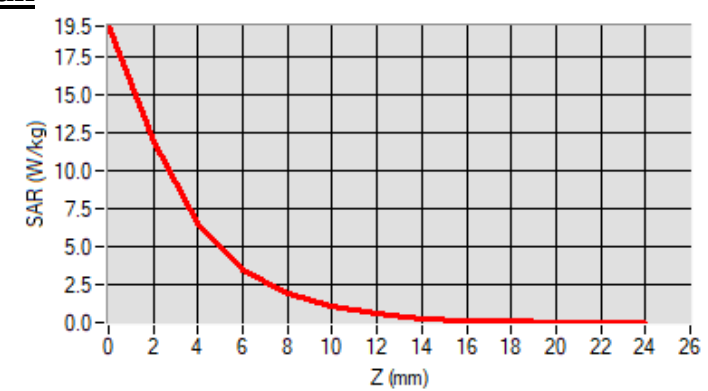


Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00; SAR Peak: 20.04 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.141765
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	7.550086
Variation (%)	1.220000

E. Z Axis Scan



System check at 5800 MHz

Date of measurement: 13/11/2021

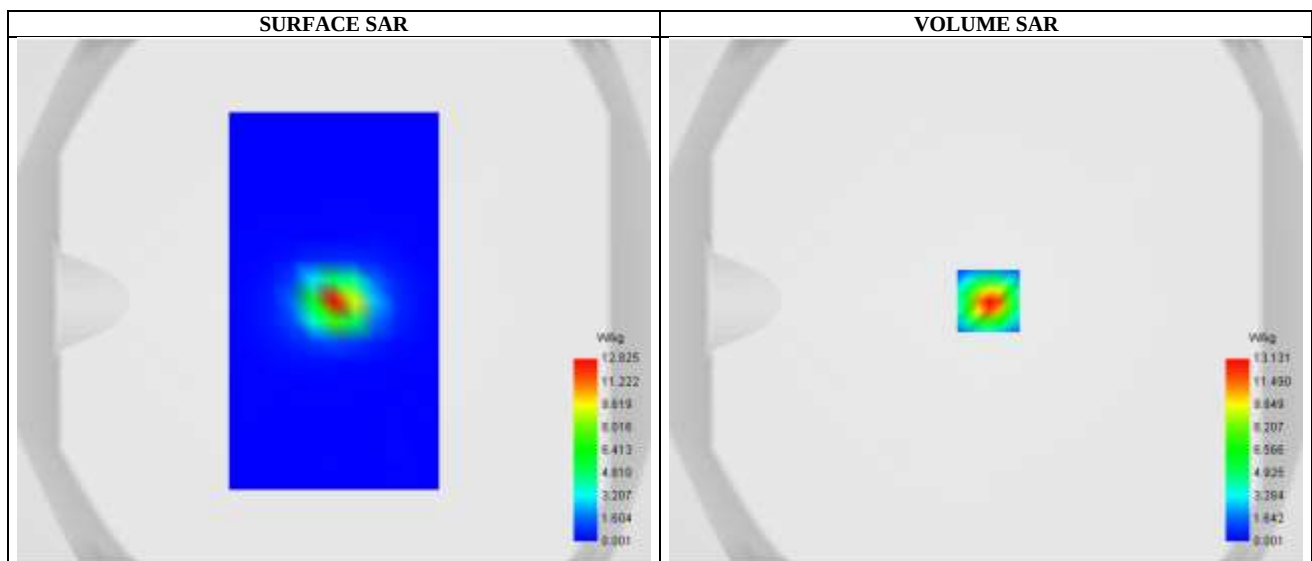
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	2.07
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm,Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW5800
Channels	Middle
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	5800.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	35.382516
Conductivity (S/m)	5.132036

C. SAR Surface and Volume

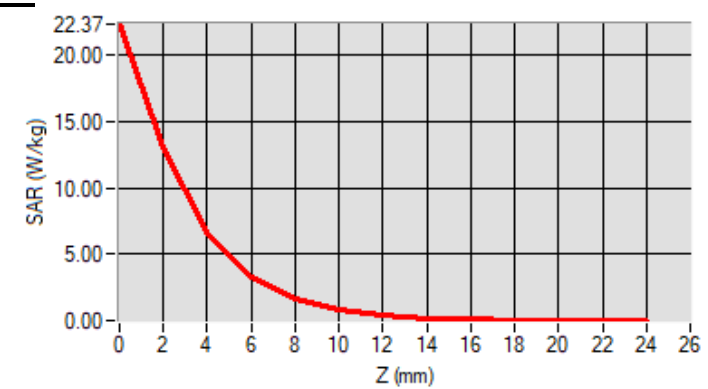


Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=0.00; SAR Peak: 23.54 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.160248
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	8.163283
Variation (%)	0.240000

E. Z Axis Scan



System check at 750 MHz

Date of measurement: 10/8/2022

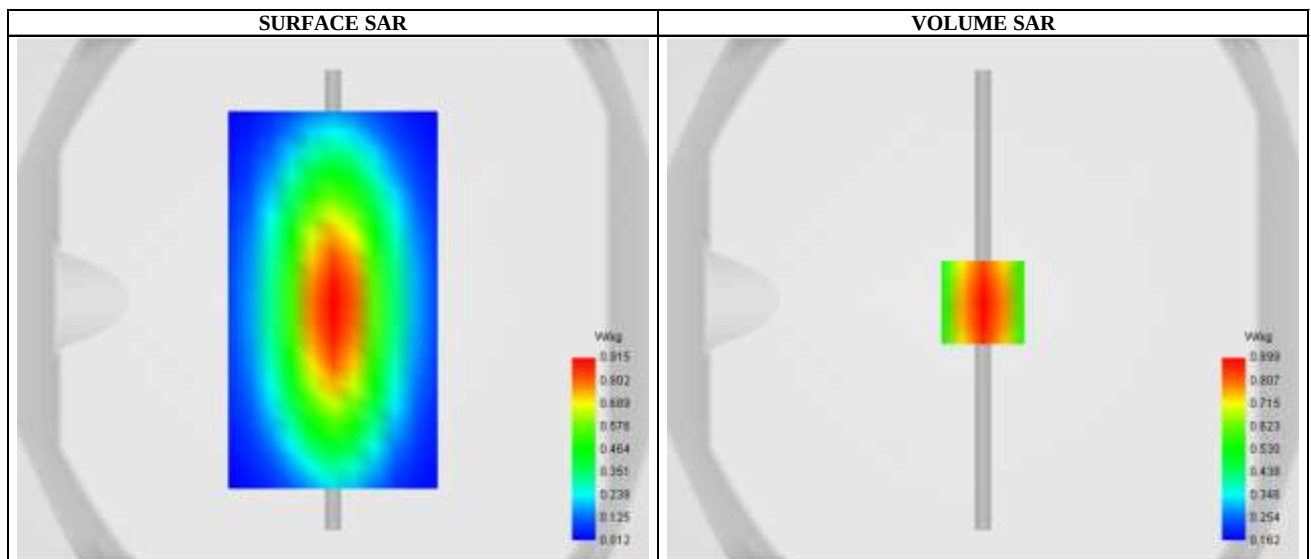
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	1.73
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW750
Channels	Middle
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	750.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.861188
Conductivity (S/m)	0.862120

C. SAR Surface and Volume

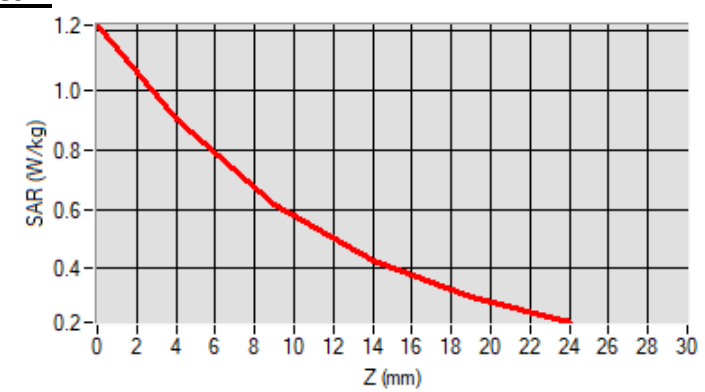


Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00; SAR Peak: 1.21 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.551245
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.853247
Variation (%)	-0.710000

E. Z Axis Scan



Appendix B: Plots of SAR Test Data

SAR Measurement at GSM850 (Cheek, Left)

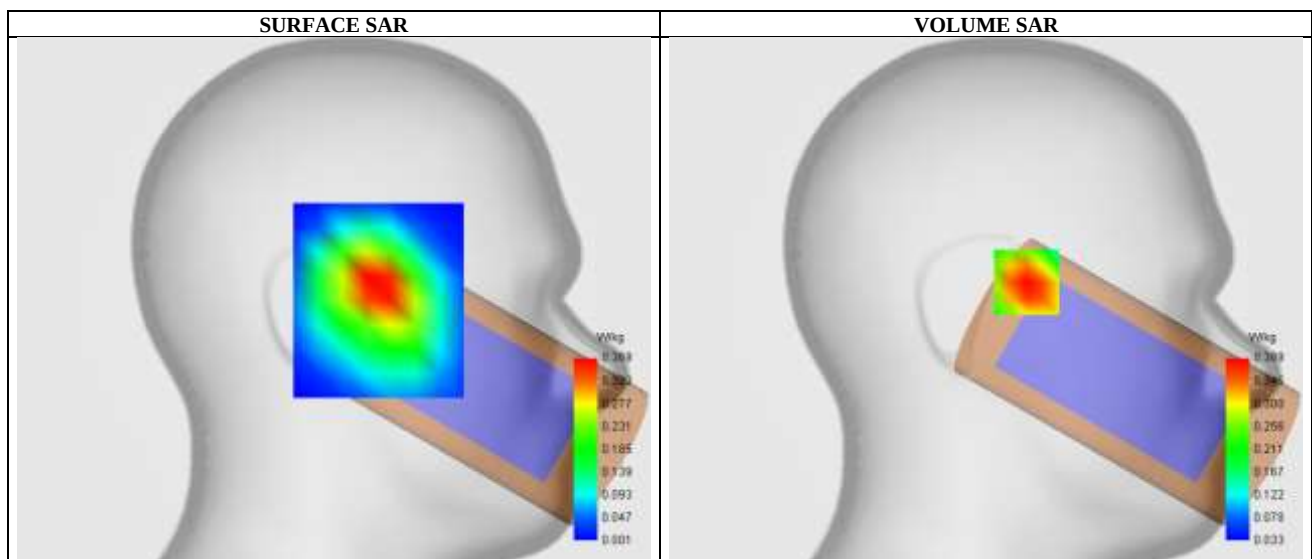
Date of measurement: 6/11/2021

A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	1.68
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM850
Channels	Middle
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)

B. Permittivity

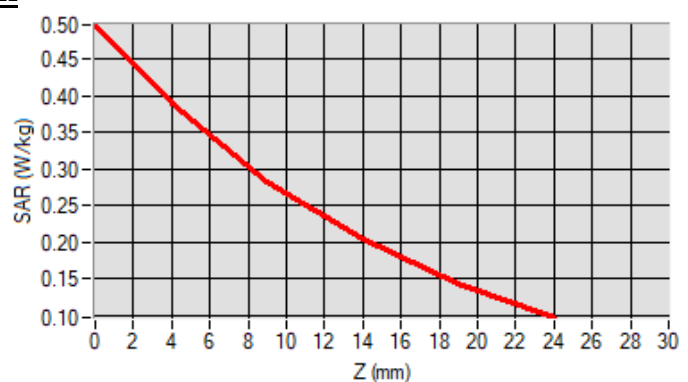
Frequency (MHz)	836.599976
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.500440
Conductivity (S/m)	0.921559

C. SAR Surface and Volume

Maximum location: X=-20.00, Y=9.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.50 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.251749
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.371413
Variation (%)	-2.100000

E. Z Axis Scan

SAR Measurement at GSM1900 (Tilt, Right)

Date of measurement: 8/11/2021

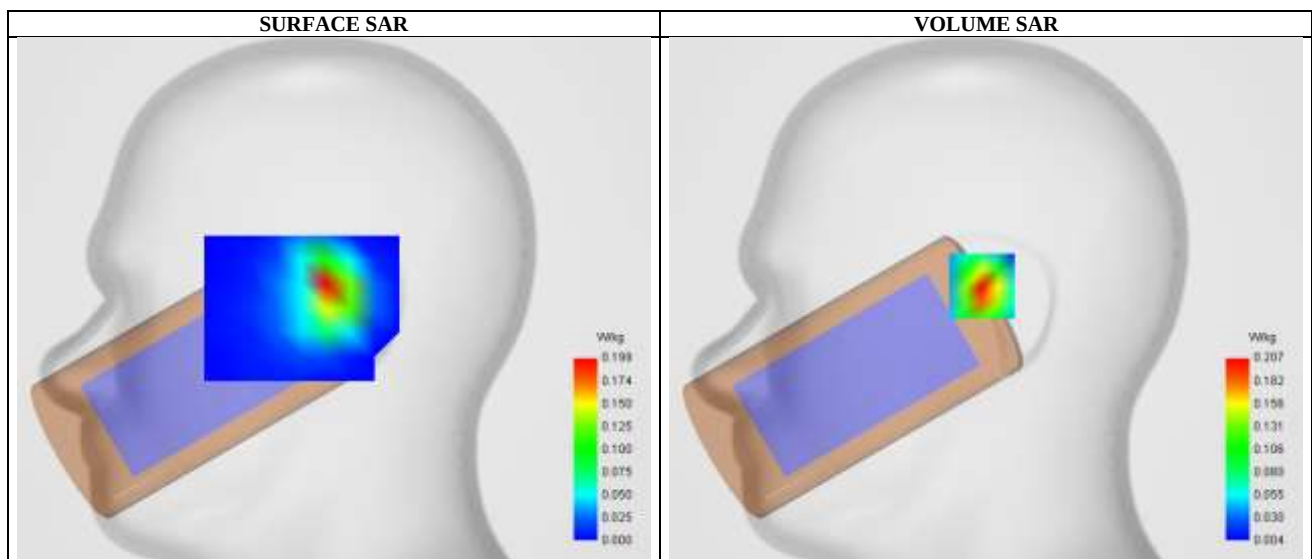
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPGO354
ConvF	2.14
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	GSM1900
Channels	High
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	1909.800000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.502345
Conductivity (S/m)	1.418391

C. SAR Surface and Volume

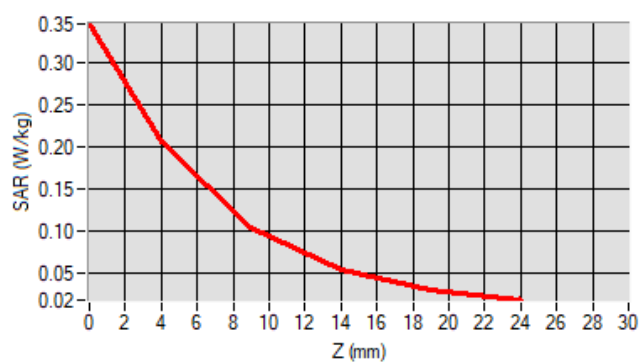


Maximum location: X=-2.00, Y=7.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.35 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.091948
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.190520
Variation (%)	-1.100001

E. Z Axis Scan



SAR Measurement at Band5_WCDMA850 (Cheek, Left)

Date of measurement: 6/11/2021

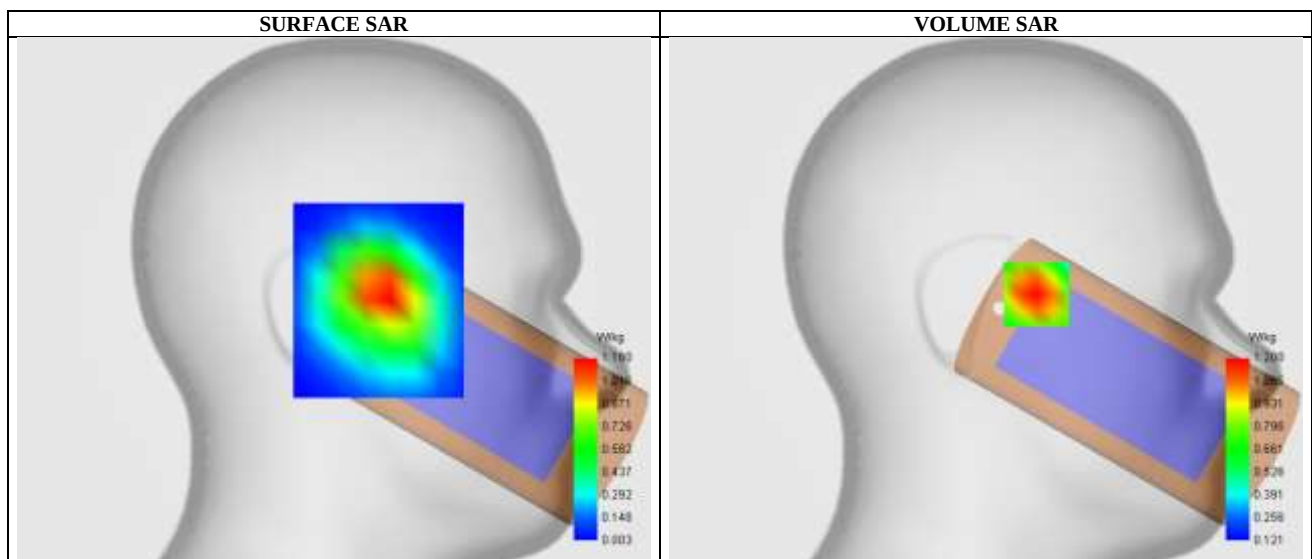
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	1.68
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	Band5_WCDMA850
Channels	High
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	846.599976
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.781111
Conductivity (S/m)	0.928447

C. SAR Surface and Volume

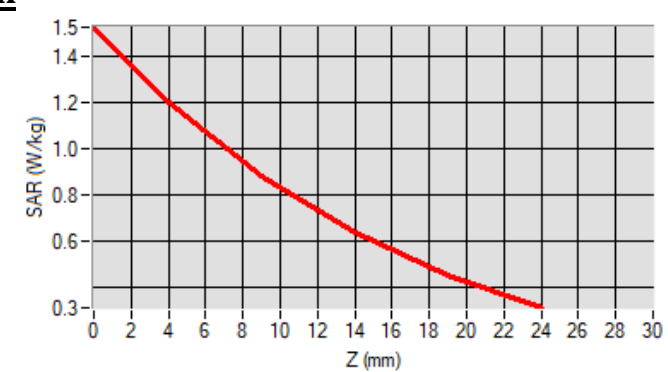


Maximum location: X=-25.00, Y=3.00 ; SAR Peak: 1.55 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.758168
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.138059
Variation (%)	-1.810000

E. Z Axis Scan



SAR Measurement at Band4_WCDMA1700 (Tilt, Right)

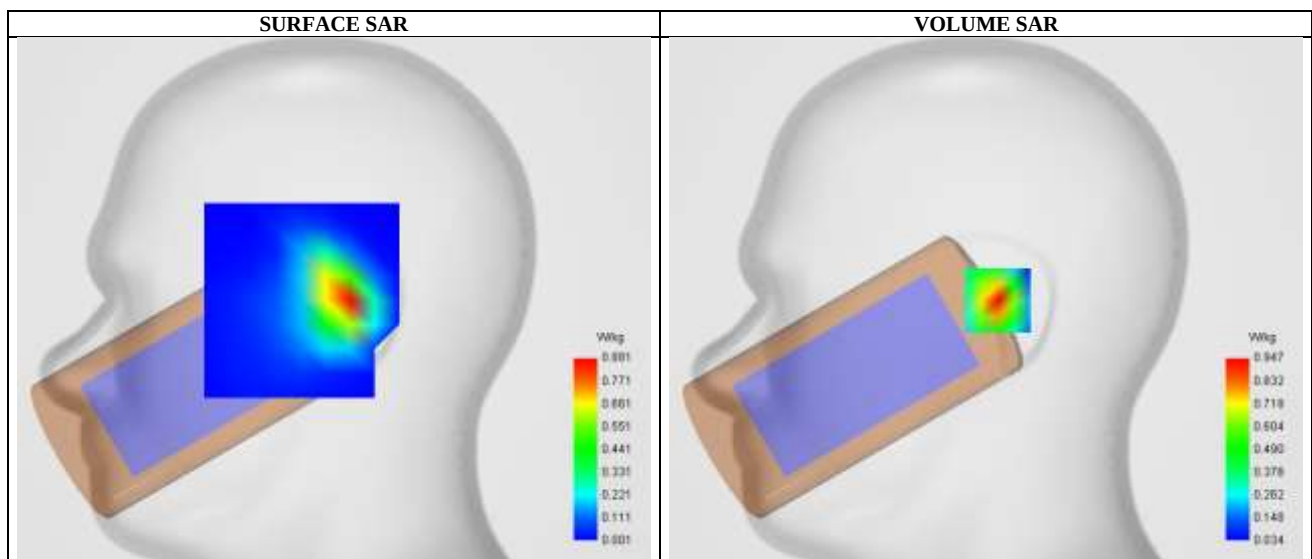
Date of measurement: 8/11/2021

A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	2.07
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	Band4_WCDMA1700
Channels	Low
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

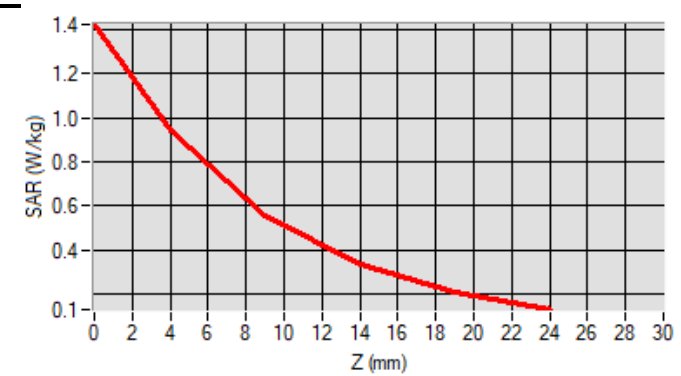
Frequency (MHz)	1712.400024
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.854182
Conductivity (S/m)	1.369859

C. SAR Surface and Volume

Maximum location: X=6.00, Y=0.00 ; SAR Peak: 1.44 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.454078
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.863758
Variation (%)	-2.610000

E. Z Axis Scan

SAR Measurement at Band2_WCDMA1900 (Tilt, Right)

Date of measurement: 8/11/2021

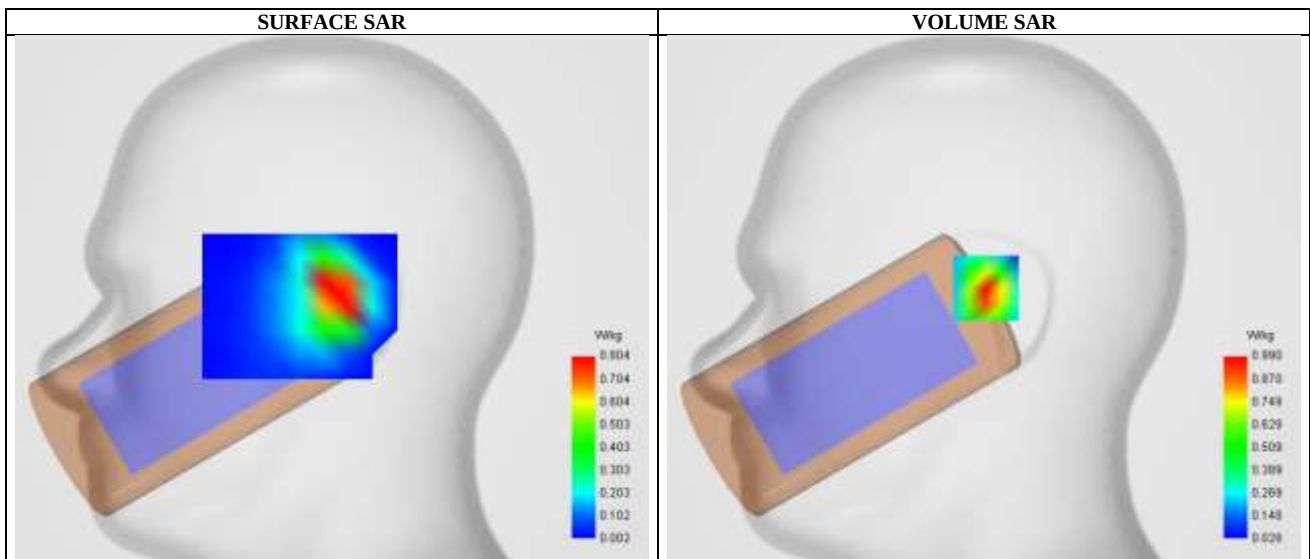
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	2.14
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	Band2_WCDMA1900
Channels	Middle
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.532345
Conductivity (S/m)	1.415391

C. SAR Surface and Volume

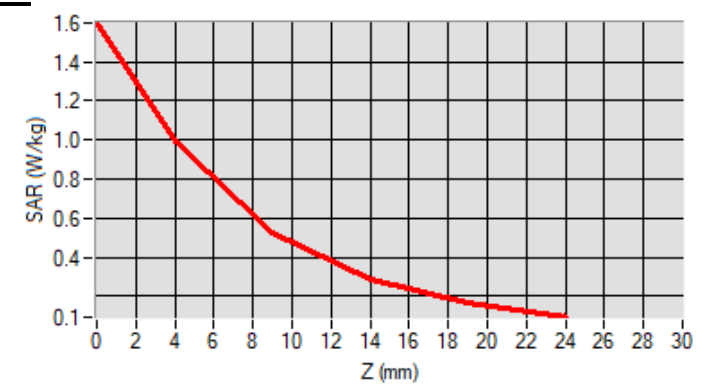


Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=5.00 ; SAR Peak: 1.62 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.454283
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.913421
Variation (%)	-0.840000

E. Z Axis Scan



SAR Measurement at LTE band 2 (Tilt, Right)

Date of measurement: 8/11/2021

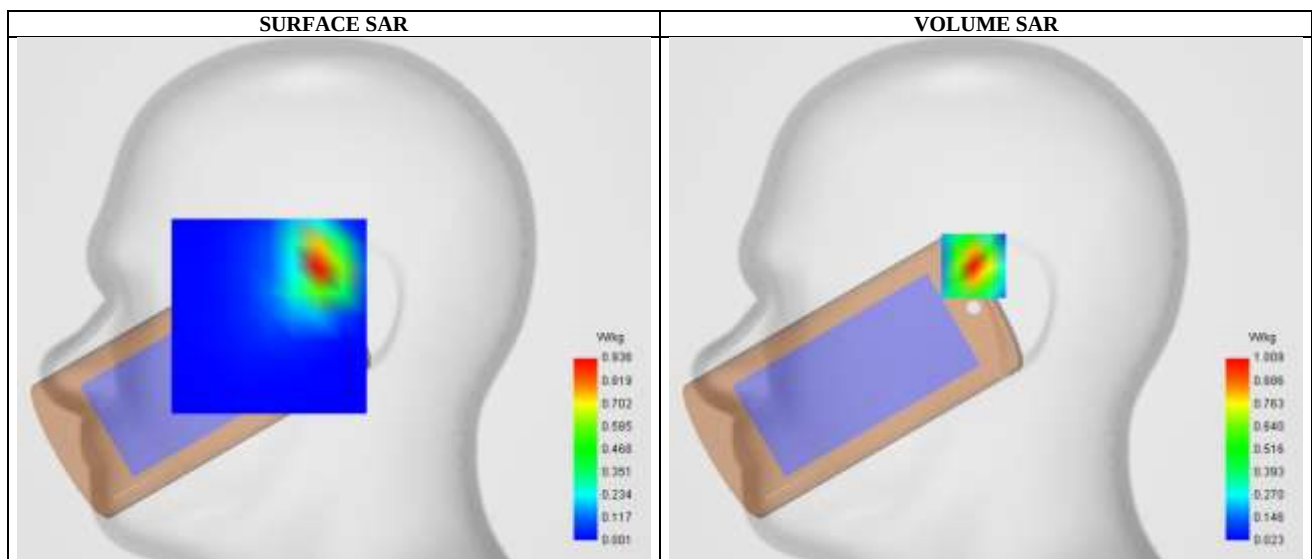
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPGO354
ConvF	2.14
Area Scan	Complete
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	LTE band 2
Channels	Middle
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.532345
Conductivity (S/m)	1.415391

C. SAR Surface and Volume

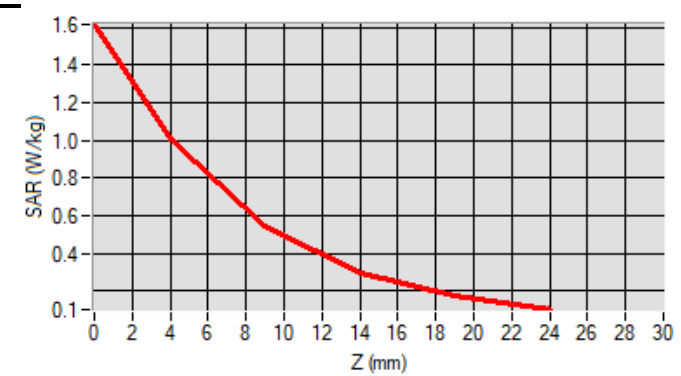


Maximum location: X=-6.00, Y=17.00 ; SAR Peak: 1.61 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.449153
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.913756
Variation (%)	-0.360000

E. Z Axis Scan



SAR Measurement at LTE band 4 (Tilt, Right)

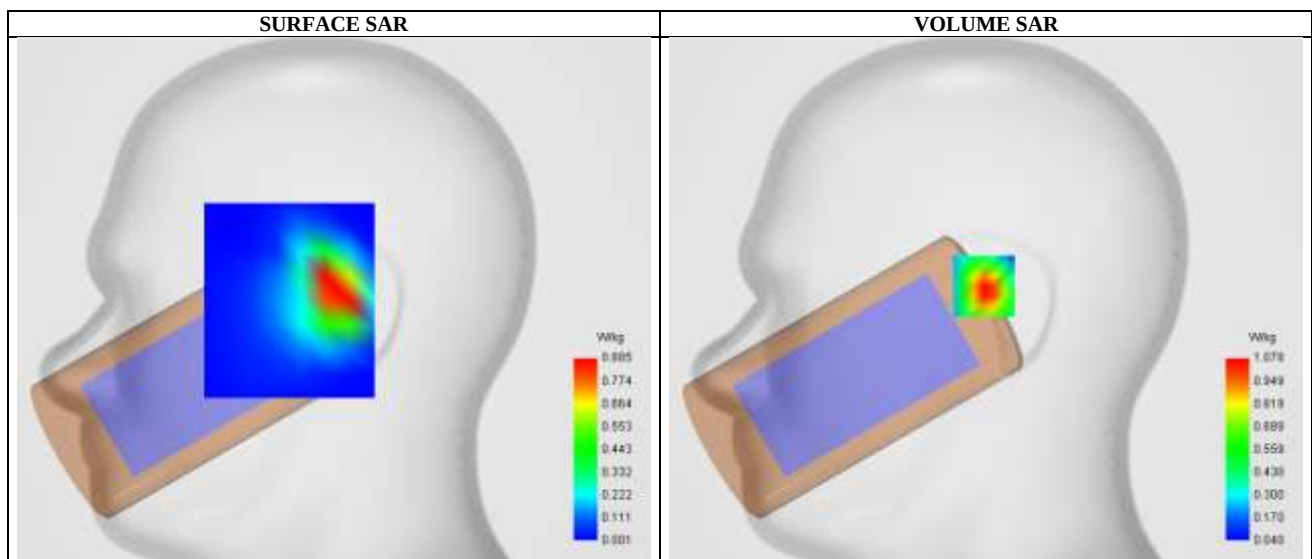
Date of measurement: 8/11/2021

A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	2.07
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm
Zoom Scan	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	LTE band 4
Channels	High
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

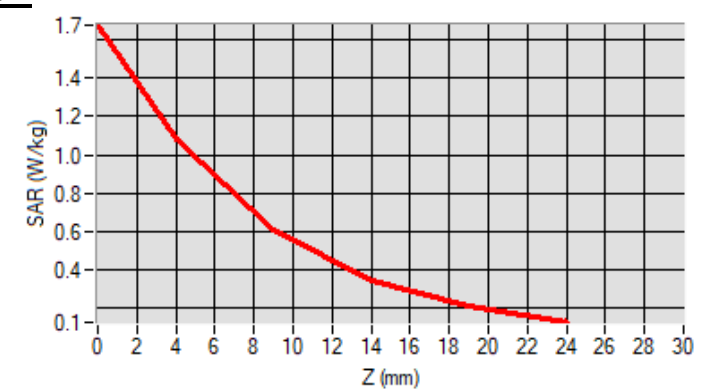
Frequency (MHz)	1745.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.804546
Conductivity (S/m)	1.381225

C. SAR Surface and Volume

Maximum location: X=-1.00, Y=7.00 ; SAR Peak: 1.69 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.513419
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.980520
Variation (%)	-1.040000

E. Z Axis Scan

SAR Measurement at LTE band 5 (Cheek, Left)

Date of measurement: 6/11/2021

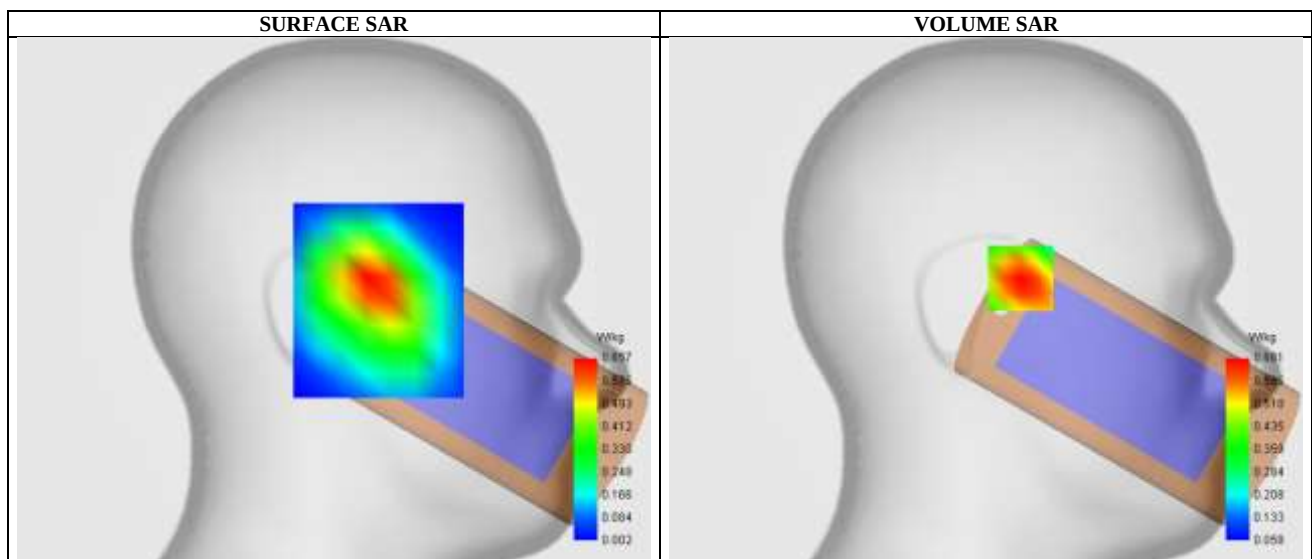
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	1.68
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	LTE band 5
Channels	Middle
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	836.50000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.501540
Conductivity (S/m)	0.921612

C. SAR Surface and Volume

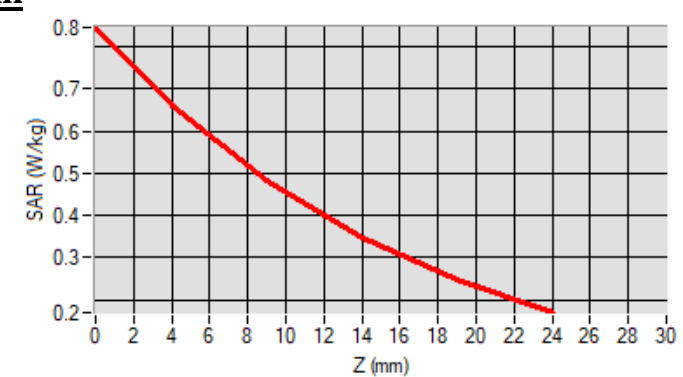


Maximum location: X=-17.00, Y=11.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.85 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.435573
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.632281
Variation (%)	-2.090000

E. Z Axis Scan



SAR Measurement at LTE band 7 (Tilt, Right)

Date of measurement: 11/11/2021

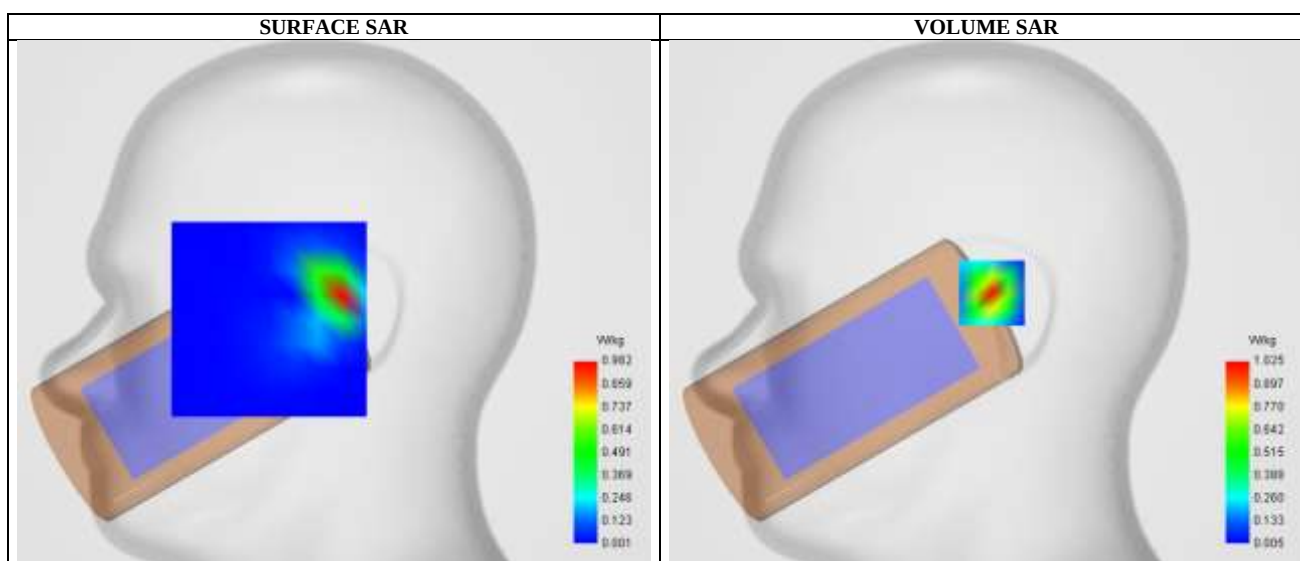
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	2.15
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	LTE band 7
Channels	Middle
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	2535.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	37.500666
Conductivity (S/m)	1.989749

C. SAR Surface and Volume

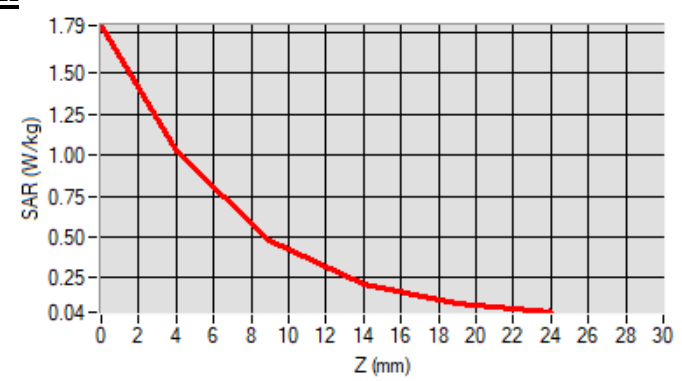


Maximum location: X=3.00, Y=5.00 ; SAR Peak: 1.79 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.379322
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.905378
Variation (%)	-20.049999

E. Z Axis Scan



SAR Measurement at LTE band 17 (Cheek, Left)

Date of measurement: 10/8/2022

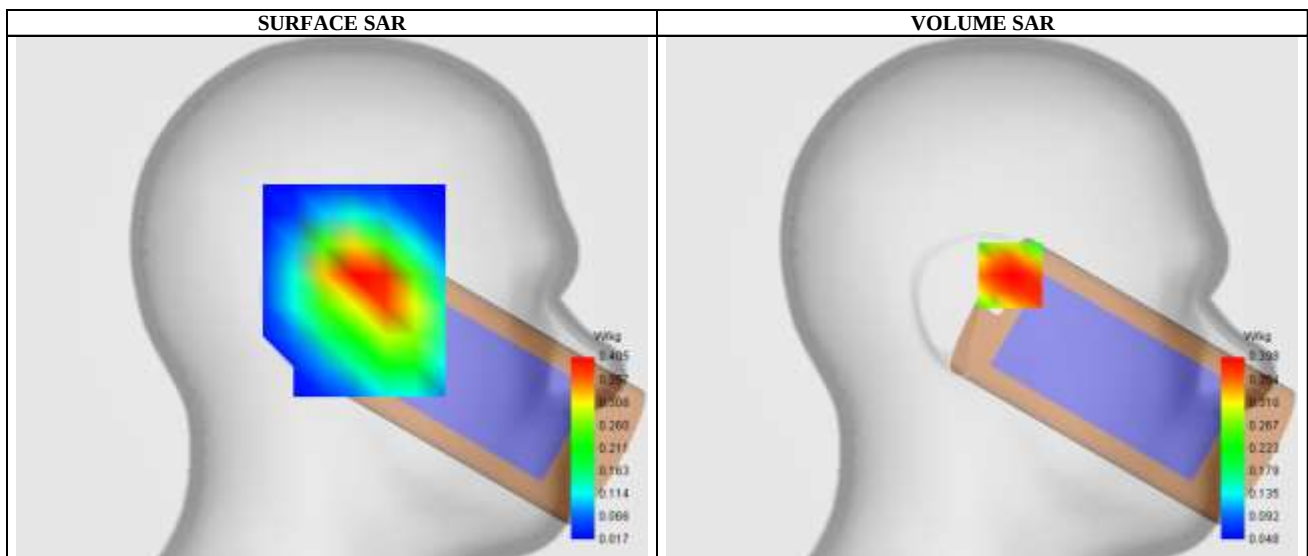
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	1.70
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	LTE band 17
Channels	Middle
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	710.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	42.113335
Conductivity (S/m)	0.913218

C. SAR Surface and Volume

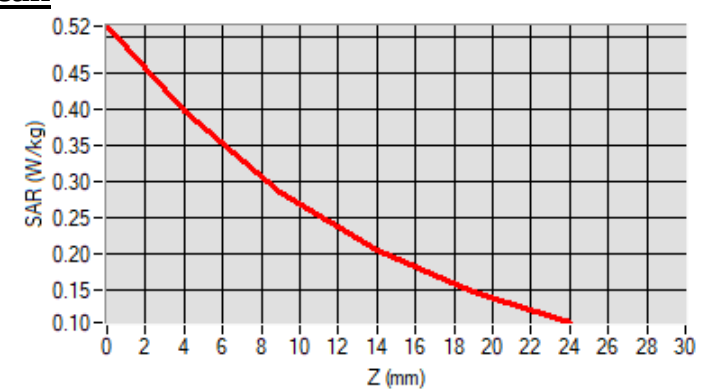


Maximum location: X=-14.00, Y=12.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.52 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.275269
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.391202
Variation (%)	-3.560000

E. Z Axis Scan



SAR Measurement at LTE band 41 (Tilt, Right)

Date of measurement: 11/11/2021

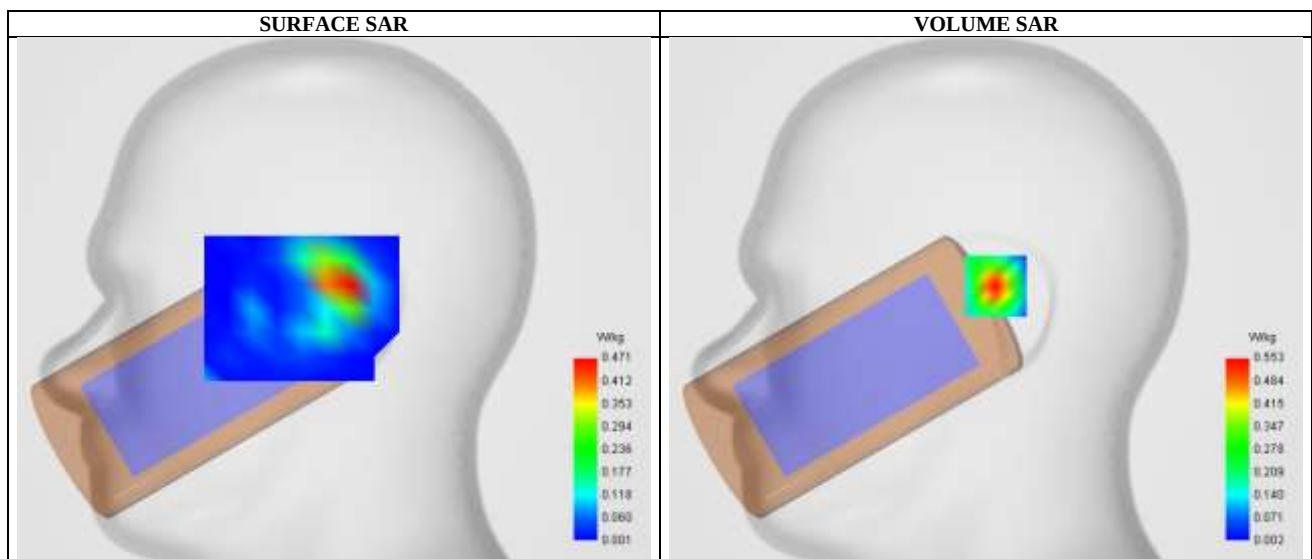
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPGO354
ConvF	2.15
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm
Zoom Scan	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm, Complete
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	LTE band 41
Channels	Low
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	2545.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	37.511668
Conductivity (S/m)	1.984660

C. SAR Surface and Volume

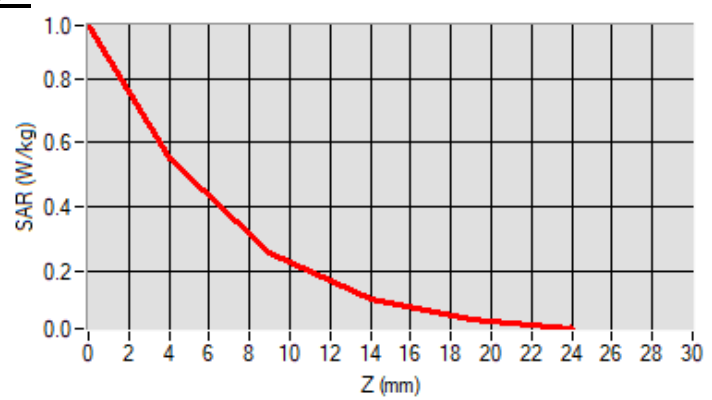


Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=7.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.97 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.210717
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.484608
Variation (%)	-1.220001

E. Z Axis Scan



SAR Measurement at CUSTOM (LTE Band66) (Tilt, Right)

Date of measurement: 8/11/2021

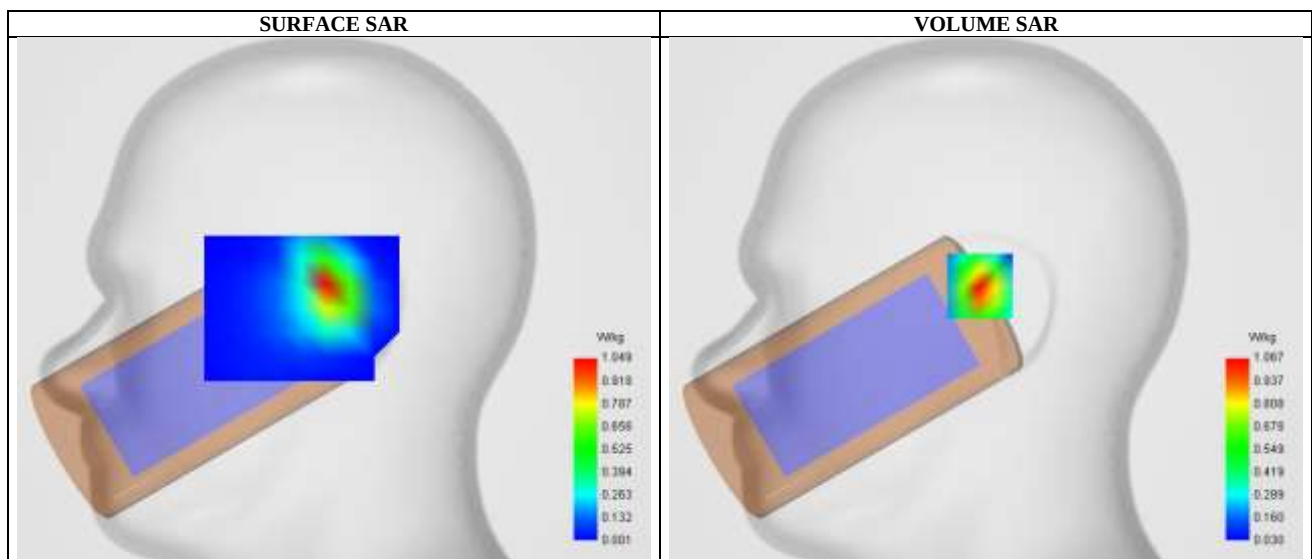
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	2.07
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	LTE band66
Channels	Low
Signal	LTE(Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	1720.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.847274
Conductivity (S/m)	1.353935

C. SAR Surface and Volume

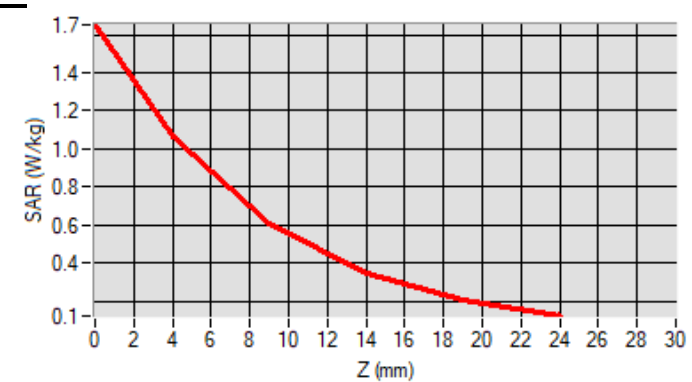


Maximum location: X=-3.00, Y=7.00 ; SAR Peak: 1.66 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.501502
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.974068
Variation (%)	-1.530000

E. Z Axis Scan



SAR Measurement at IEEE 802.11b ISM (Tilt, Right)

Date of measurement: 11/11/2021

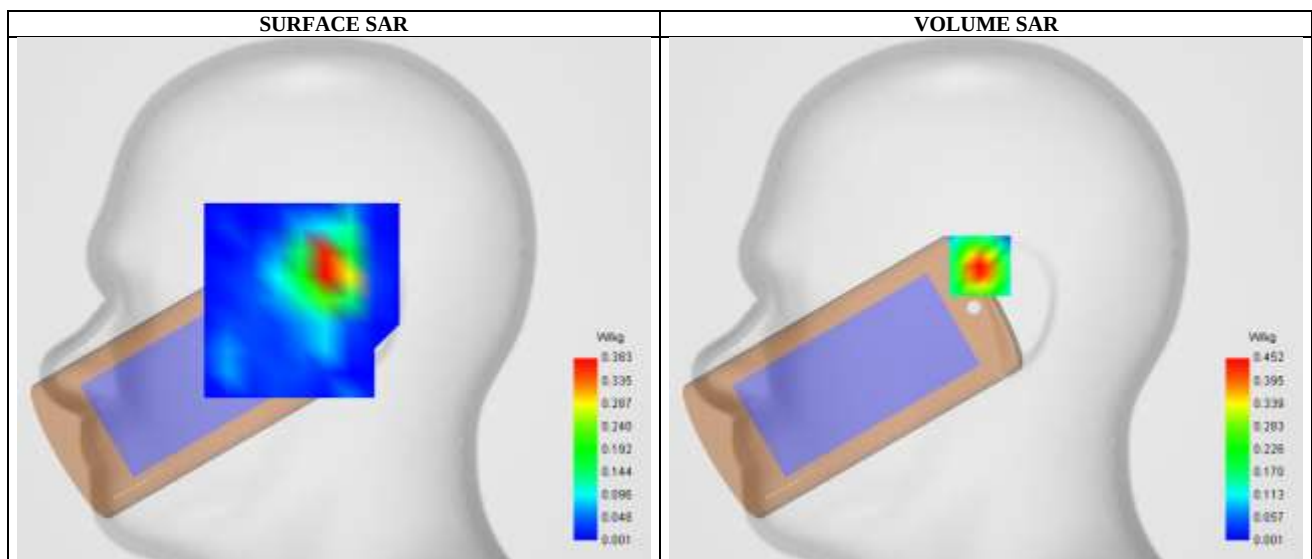
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	2.23
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm
Zoom Scan	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm, Complete
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	IEEE 802.11b ISM
Channels	Middle
Signal	IEEE802.b (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	2437.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.56002
Conductivity (S/m)	1.848081

C. SAR Surface and Volume

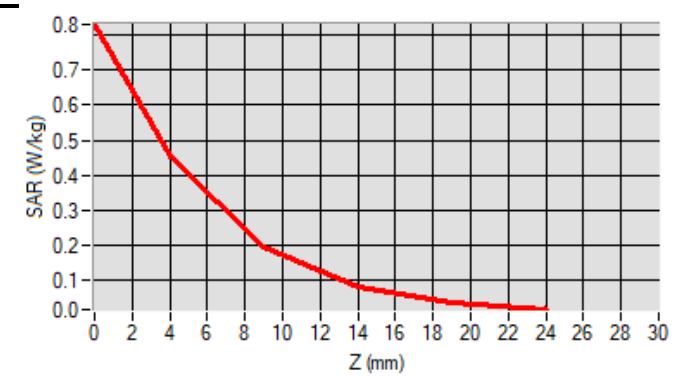


Maximum location: X=-3.00, Y=17.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.83 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.182960
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.408094
Variation (%)	1.150000

E. Z Axis Scan



SAR Measurement at IEEE 802.11b ISM (Tilt, Right)

Date of measurement: 13/11/2021

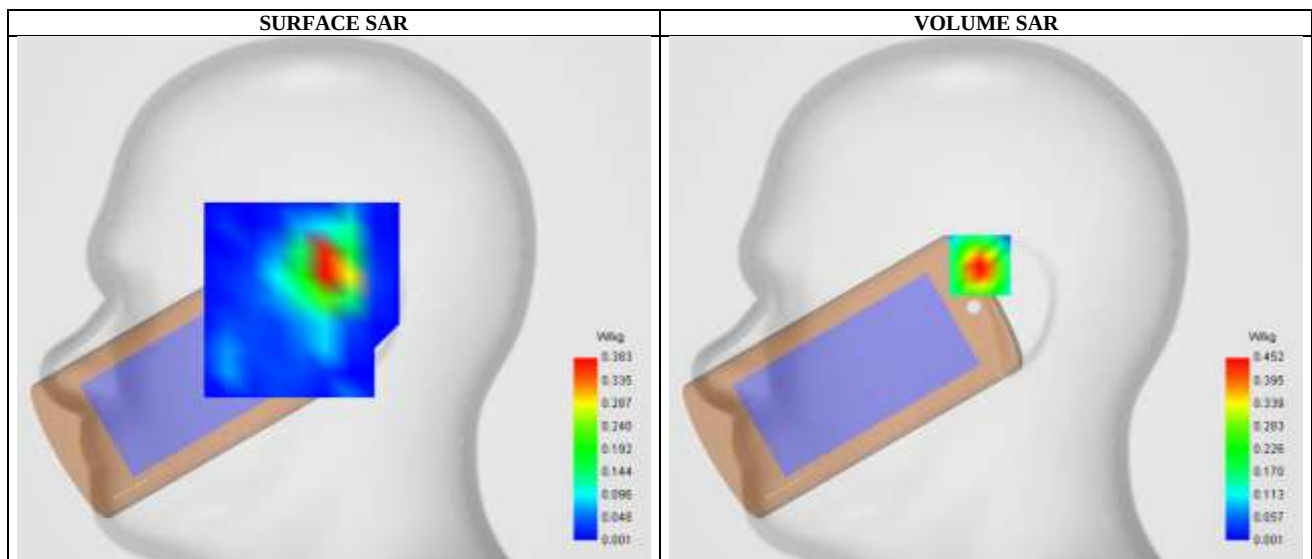
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	2.23
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm
Zoom Scan	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	IEEE 802.11b ISM
Channels	Low
Signal	IEEE802.b (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	2412.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.226002
Conductivity (S/m)	1.788081

C. SAR Surface and Volume

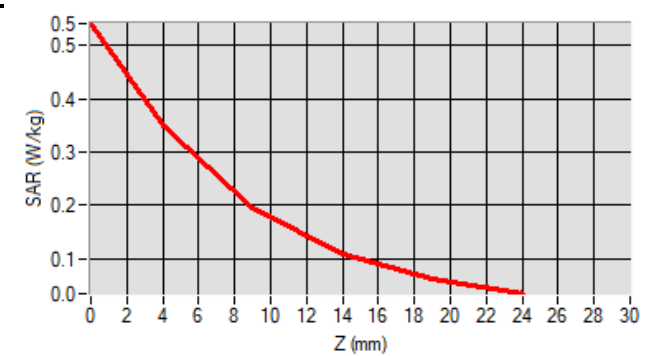


Maximum location: X=-3.00, Y=17.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.53 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.102960
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.208094
Variation (%)	1.150000

E. Z Axis Scan



SAR Measurement at CUSTOM (5.2GHz_802.11a) (Cheek, Right)

Date of measurement: 13/11/2021

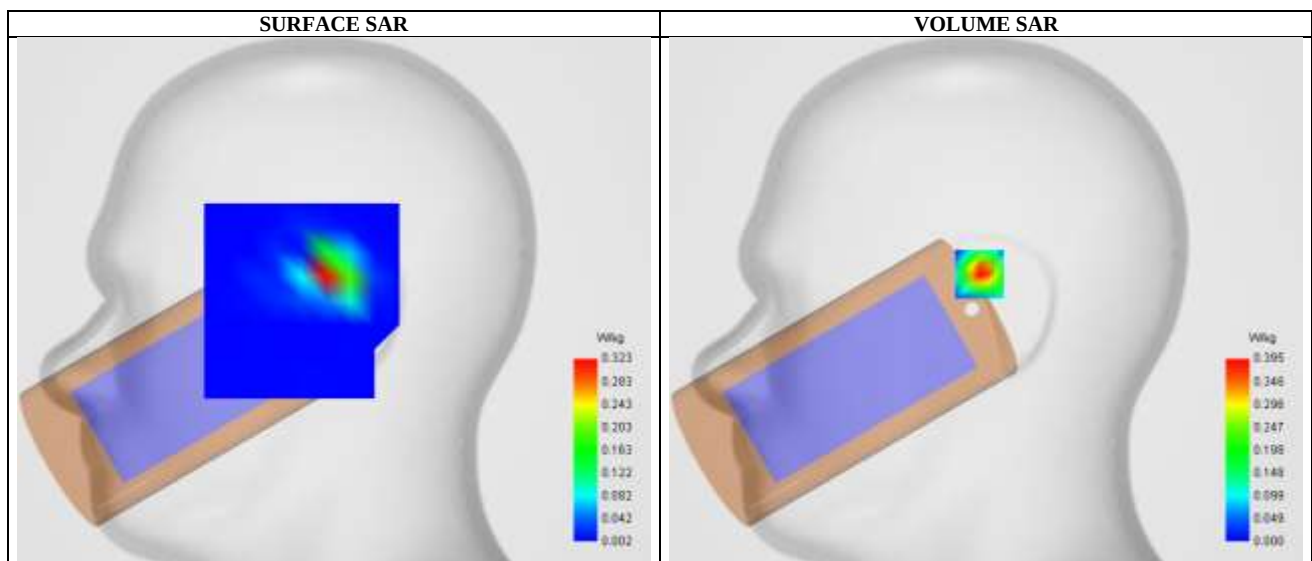
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	1.86
Area Scan	dx=12mm dy=12mm
Zoom Scan	7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	5.2GHz_802.11a
Channels	High
Signal	802.11a (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	5240.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	36.751000
Conductivity (S/m)	4.831778

C. SAR Surface and Volume

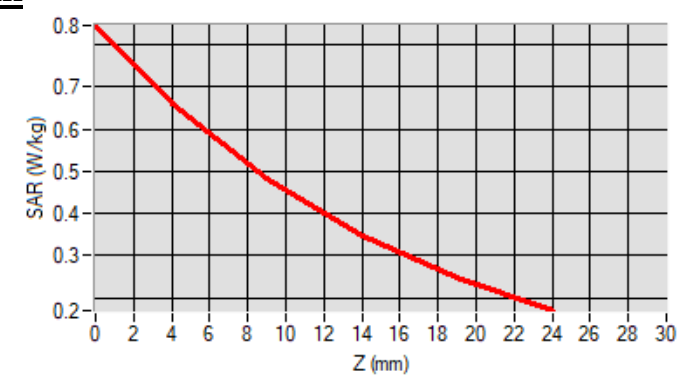


Maximum location: X=-3.00, Y=13.00 ; SAR Peak:0.71 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.123029
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.209967
Variation (%)	2.330000

E. Z Axis Scan



SAR Measurement at CUSTOM (5.8GHz_802.11n40) (Cheek, Right)

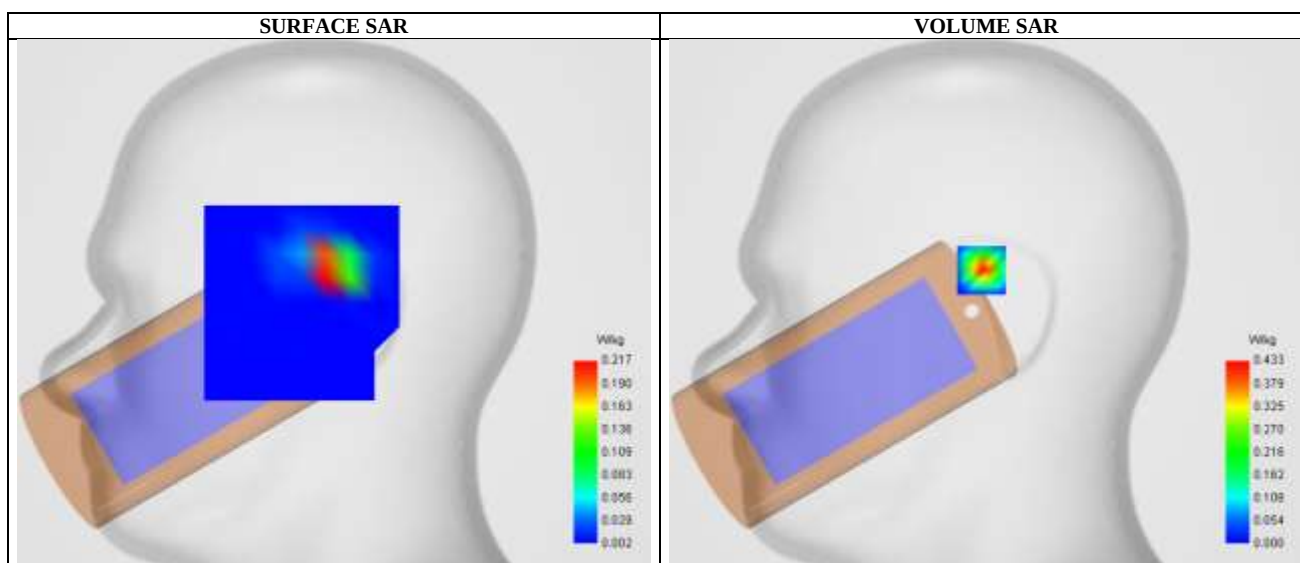
Date of measurement: 13/11/2021

A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	2.07
Area Scan	dx=12mm dy=12mm
Zoom Scan	7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	5.8GHz_802.11n40
Channels	Low
Signal	802.11n40 (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

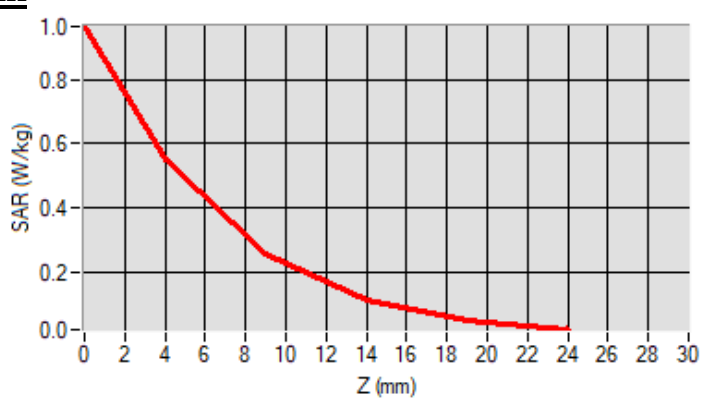
Frequency (MHz)	5755.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	35.344999
Conductivity (S/m)	5.156476

C. SAR Surface and Volume

Maximum location: X=-2.00, Y=16.00 ; SAR Peak: 1.09 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.112115
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.218963
Variation (%)	-0.320000

E. Z Axis Scan

SAR Measurement at CUSTOM (GPRS850Txslot) (Body, Validation Plane)

Date of measurement: 6/11/2021

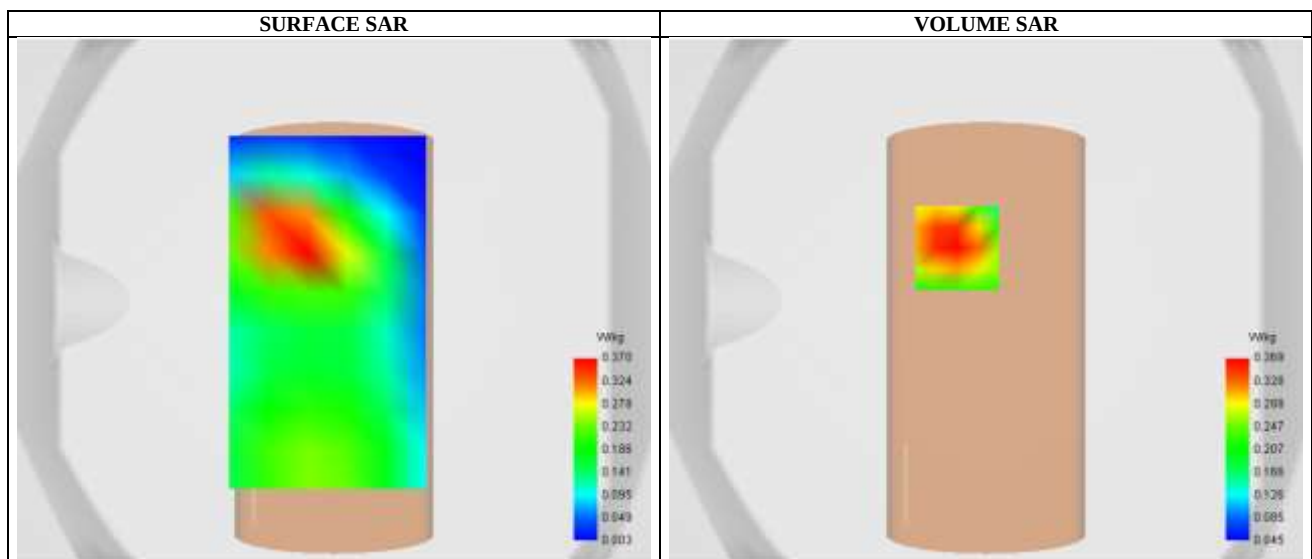
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	1.73
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	GPRS850
Channels	Middle
Signal	TDMA(Crest factor: 6.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	836.599976
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.500440
Conductivity (S/m)	0.921559

C. SAR Surface and Volume

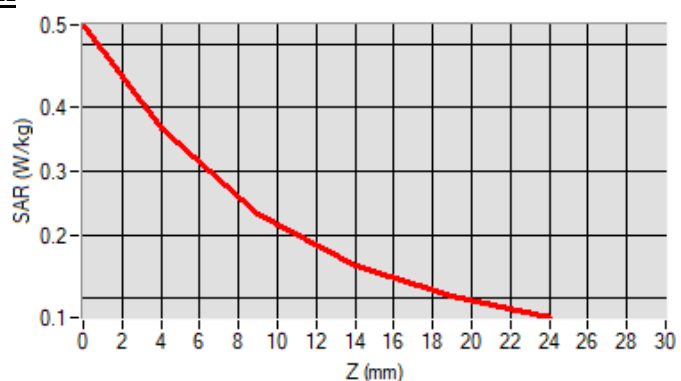


Maximum location: X=-11.00, Y=20.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.54 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.223547
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.359945
Variation (%)	-0.360000

E. Z Axis Scan



SAR Measurement at CUSTOM (GPRS19002Txslot) (Body, Validation Plane)

Date of measurement: 8/11/2021

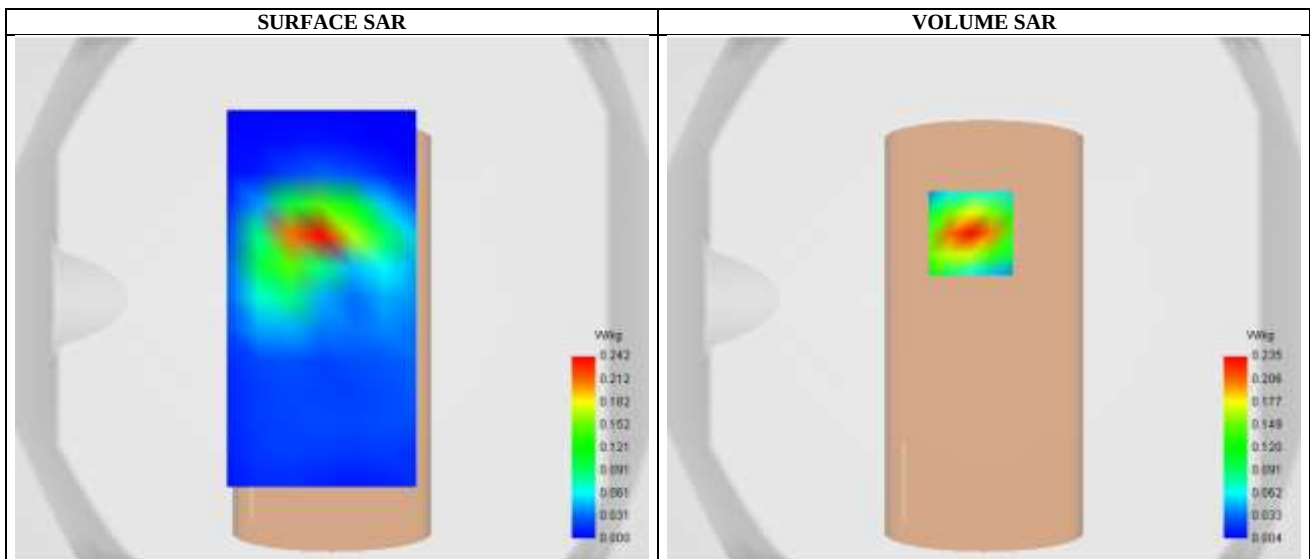
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	2.14
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	GPRS1900
Channels	High
Signal	TDMA(Crest factor: 6.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	1909.800000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.502345
Conductivity (S/m)	1.418391

C. SAR Surface and Volume

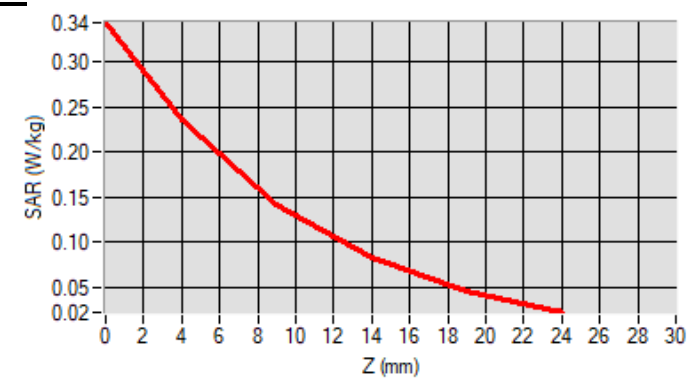


Maximum location: X=-5.00, Y=25.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.34 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.113690
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.214727
Variation (%)	-1.120000

E. Z Axis Scan



SAR Measurement at Band5_WCDMA850 (Body, Validation Plane)

Date of measurement: 6/11/2021

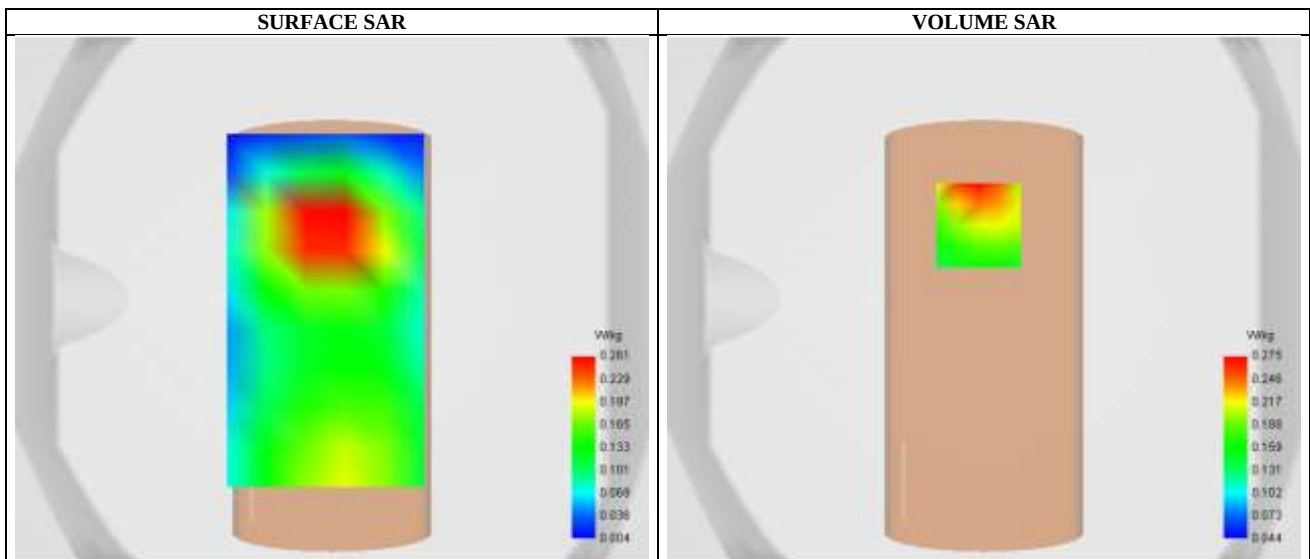
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	1.68
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	Band5_WCDMA850
Channels	Middle
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	836.599976
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.500440
Conductivity (S/m)	0.921559

C. SAR Surface and Volume

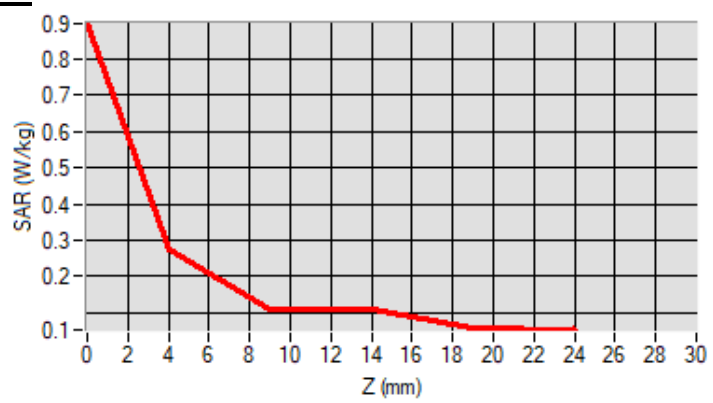


Maximum location: X=-2.00, Y=28.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.40 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.152905
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.248886
Variation (%)	-1.8310000

E. Z Axis Scan



SAR Measurement at Band4_WCDMA1700 (Body, Validation Plane)

Date of measurement: 8/11/2021

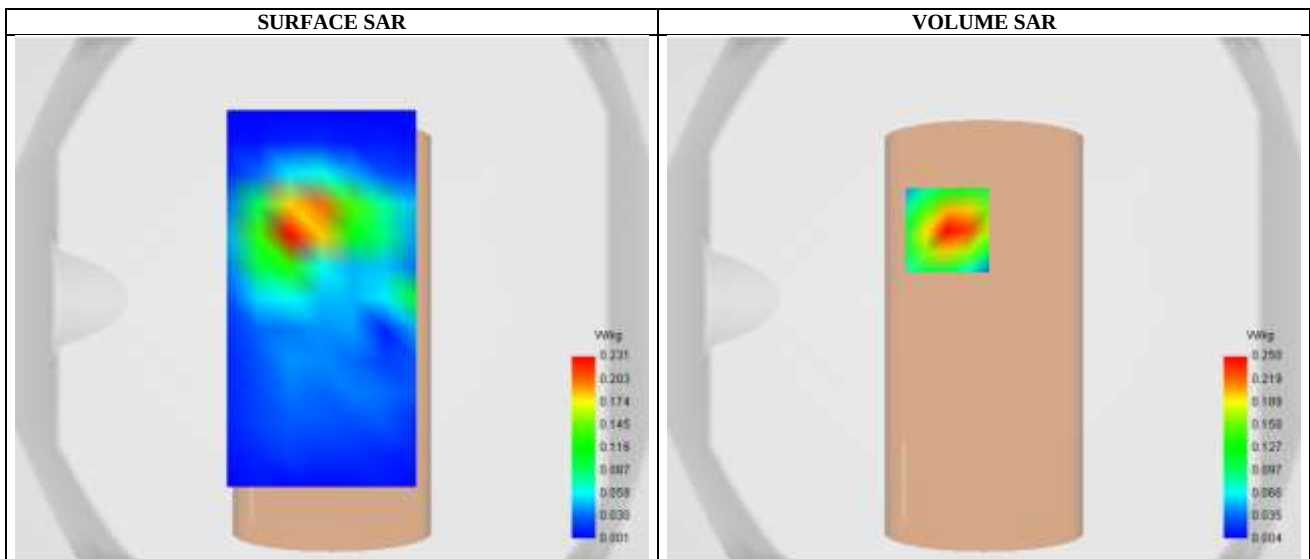
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	2.07
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	Band4_WCDMA1700
Channels	High
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	1752.599976
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.815818
Conductivity (S/m)	1.370656

C. SAR Surface and Volume

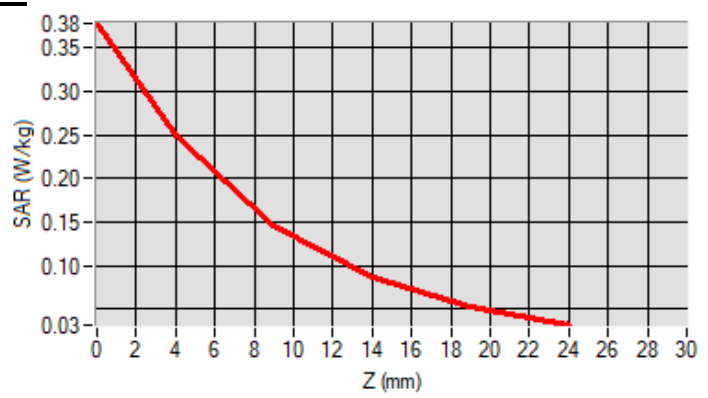


Maximum location: X=-14.00, Y=26.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.38 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.126459
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.233650
Variation (%)	-1.833000

E. Z Axis Scan



SAR Measurement at Band2_WCDMA1900 (Body, Validation Plane)

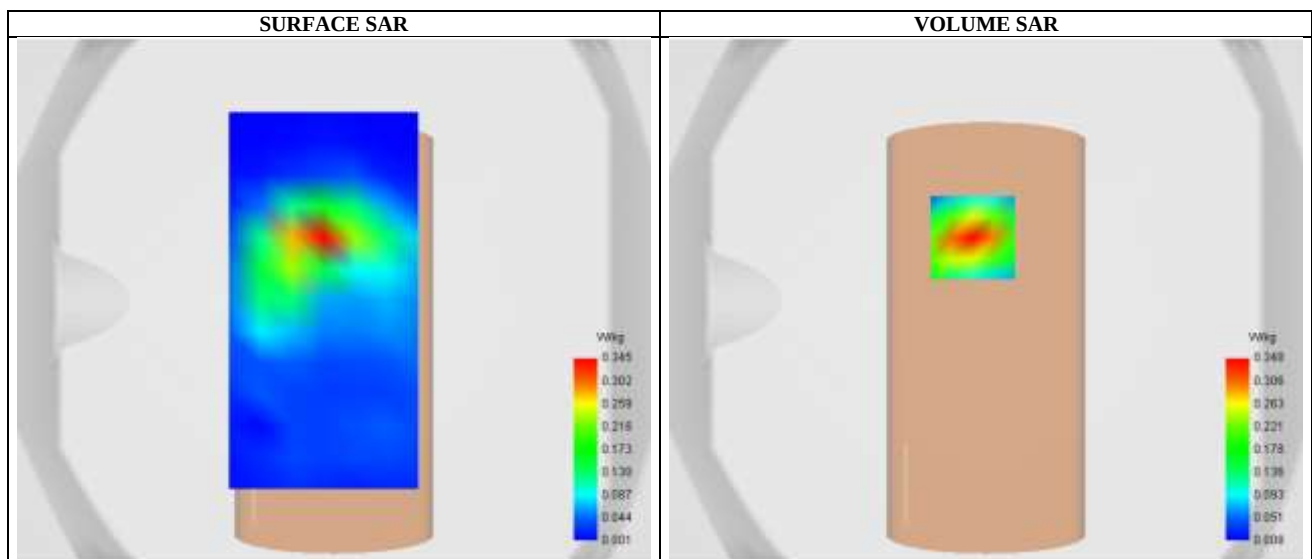
Date of measurement: 8/11/2021

A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	2.14
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	Band2_WCDMA1900
Channels	High
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

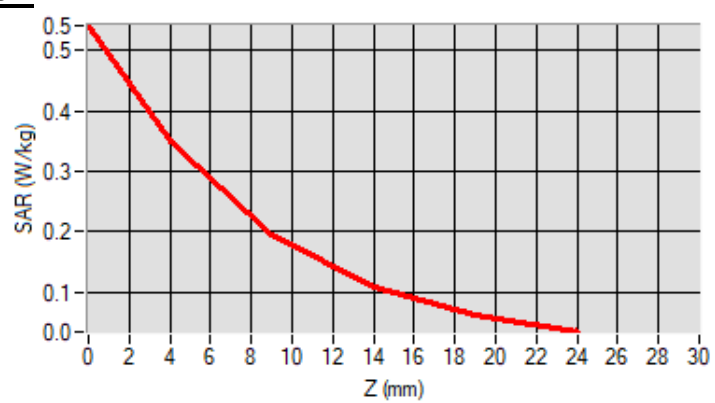
Frequency (MHz)	1907.600000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.500000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.417391

C. SAR Surface and Volume

Maximum location: X=-5.00, Y=24.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.54 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.165015
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.318928
Variation (%)	-0.510000

E. Z Axis Scan

SAR Measurement at LTE band 2 (Body, Validation Plane)

Date of measurement: 8/11/2021

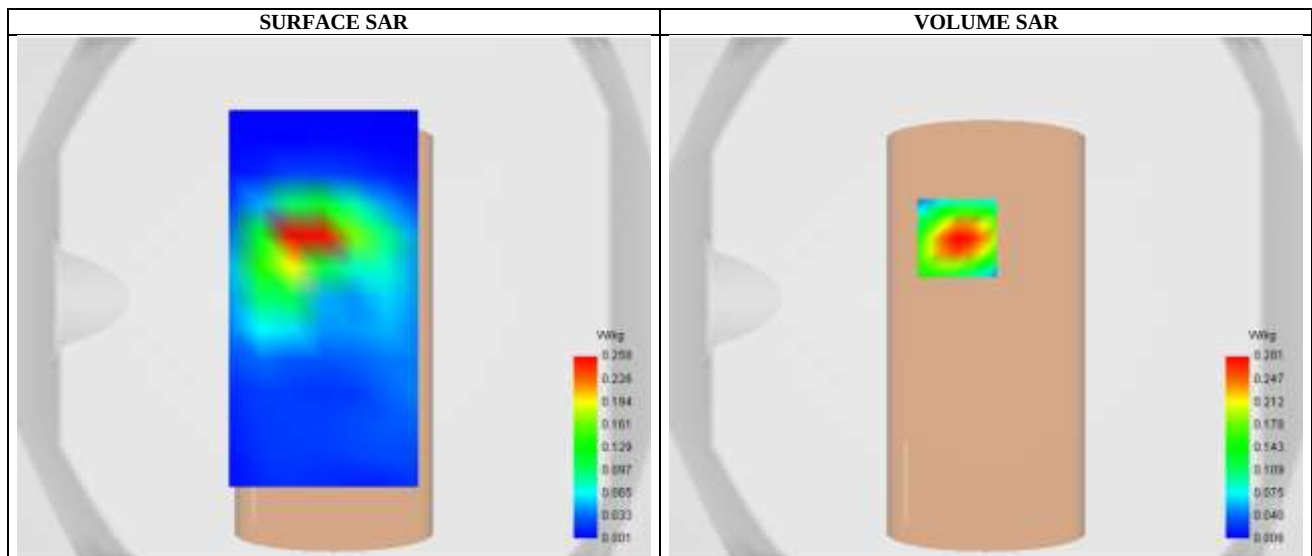
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	2.14
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	LTE band 2
Channels	Middle
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.532345
Conductivity (S/m)	1.415391

C. SAR Surface and Volume

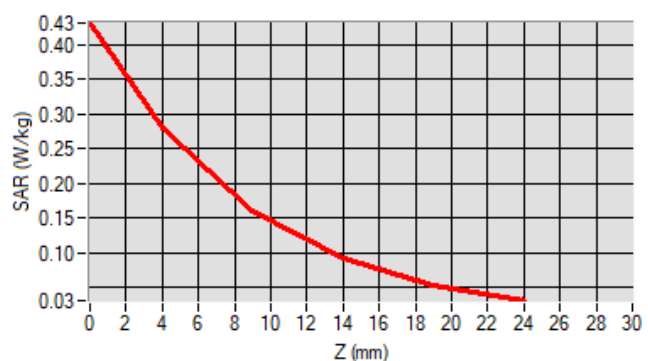


Maximum location: X=-11.00, Y=23.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.44 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.133918
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.254874
Variation (%)	-3.120000

E. Z Axis Scan



SAR Measurement at LTE band 4 (Body, Validation Plane)

Date of measurement: 8/11/2021

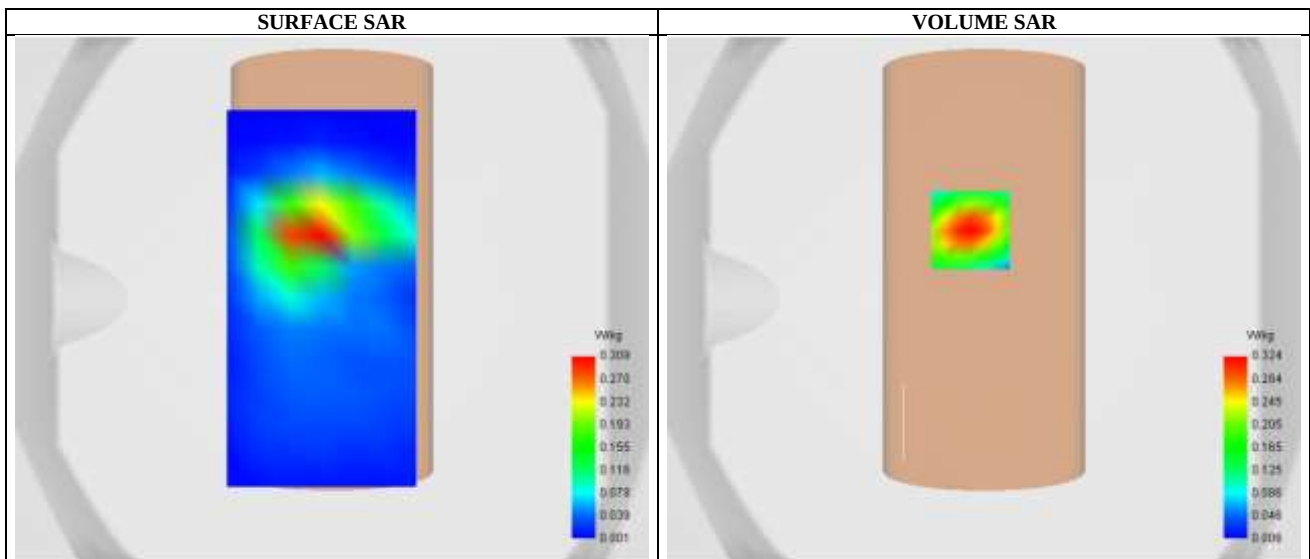
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	2.07
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	LTE band 4
Channels	Low
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	1720.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.847274
Conductivity (S/m)	1.353935

C. SAR Surface and Volume

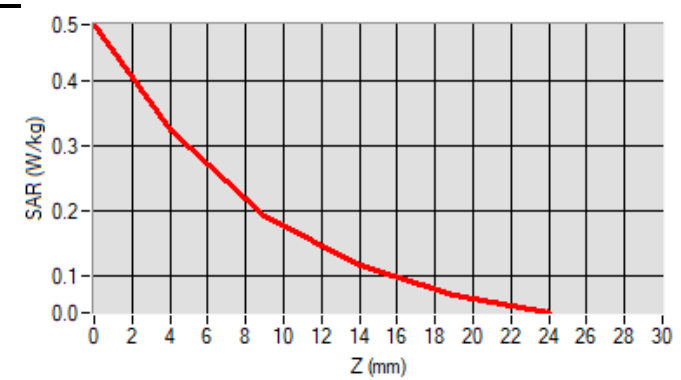


Maximum location: X=-5.00, Y=26.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.49 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.161684
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.294544
Variation (%)	0.780000

E. Z Axis Scan



SAR Measurement at LTE band 5 (Body, Validation Plane)

Date of measurement: 6/11/2021

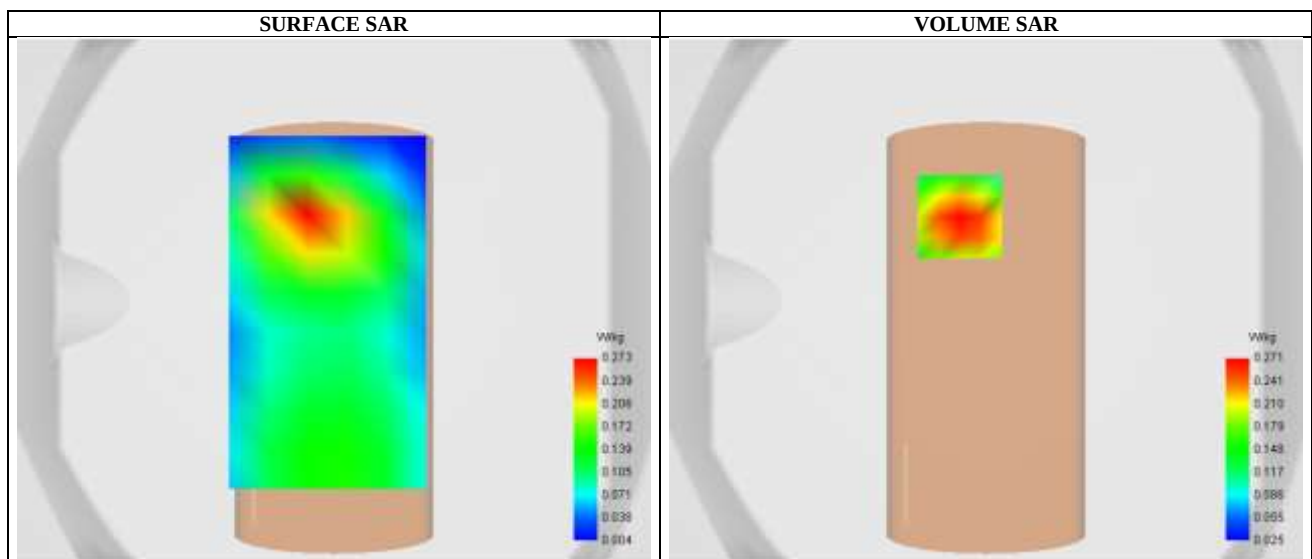
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	1.68
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	LTE band 5
Channels	Middle
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	836.50000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.501540
Conductivity (S/m)	0.921612

C. SAR Surface and Volume

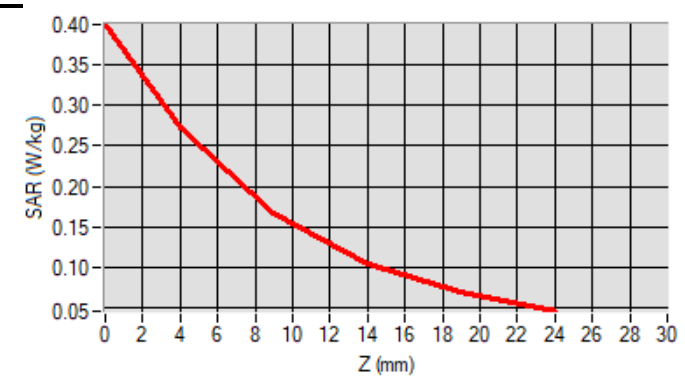


Maximum location: X=-10.00, Y=32.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.40 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.157450
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.257582
Variation (%)	0.030000

E. Z Axis Scan



SAR Measurement at LTE band 7 (Body, Validation Plane)

Date of measurement: 11/11/2021

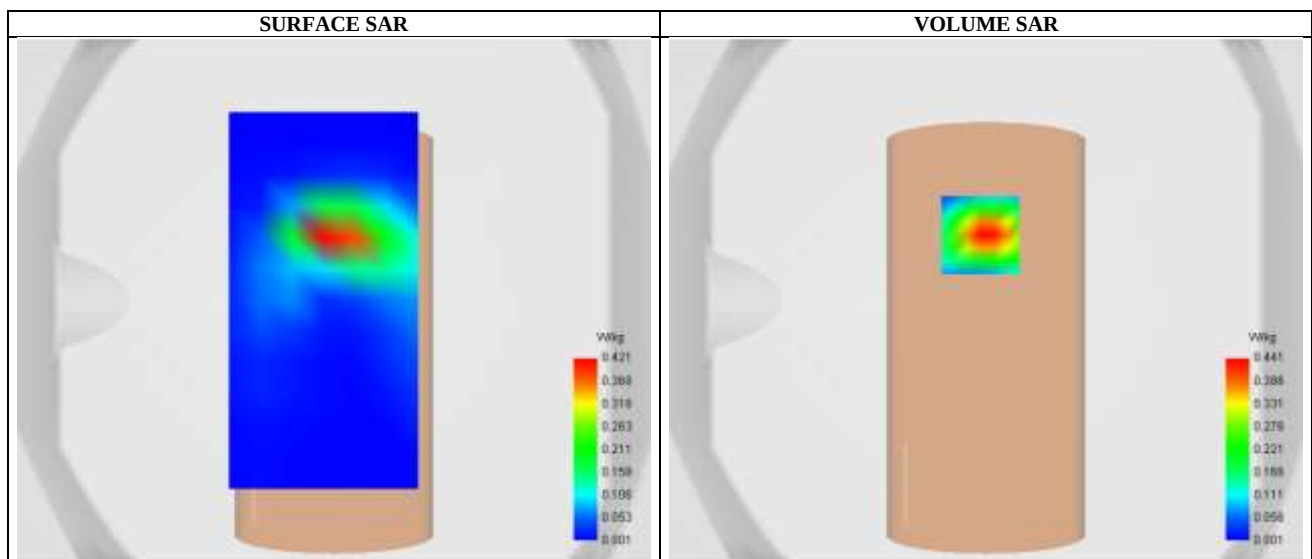
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	2.15
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm, Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	LTE band 7
Channels	Middle
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	2535.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	37.500666
Conductivity (S/m)	1.989749

C. SAR Surface and Volume

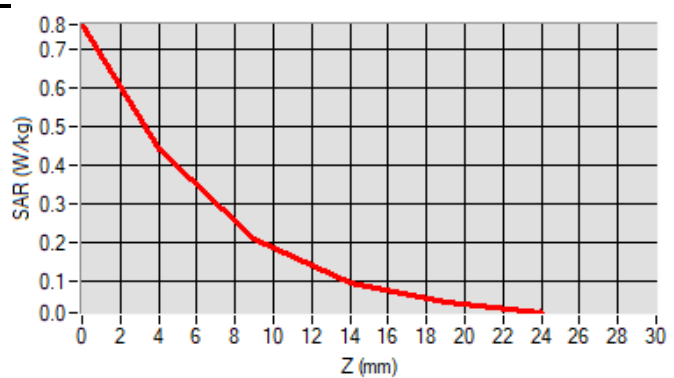


Maximum location: X=-2.00, Y=25.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.77 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.176576
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.398418
Variation (%)	-1.750000

E. Z Axis Scan



SAR Measurement at LTE band 17 (Body, Validation Plane)

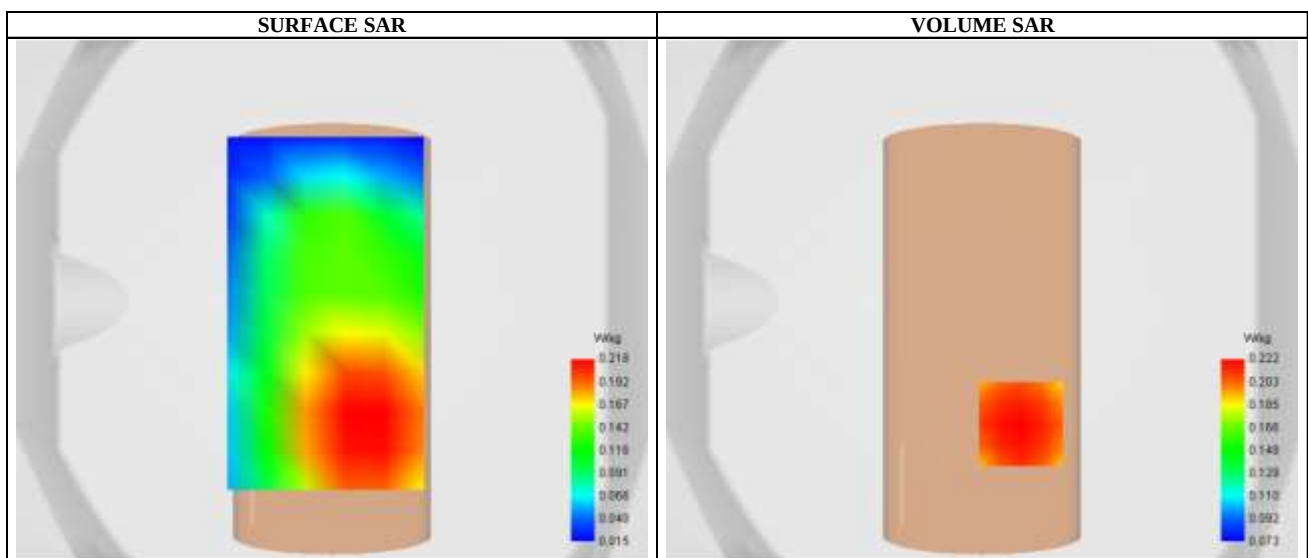
Date of measurement: 10/8/2022

A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	1.70
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	LTE band 17
Channels	Middle
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

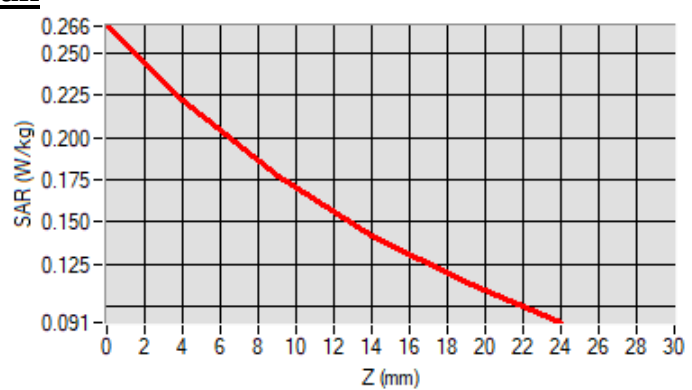
Frequency (MHz)	710.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	42.113335
Conductivity (S/m)	0.913218

C. SAR Surface and Volume

Maximum location: X=15.00, Y=-47.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.27 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.169024
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.219560
Variation (%)	-0.140000

E. Z Axis Scan

SAR Measurement at LTE band 41 (Body, Validation Plane)

Date of measurement: 11/11/2021

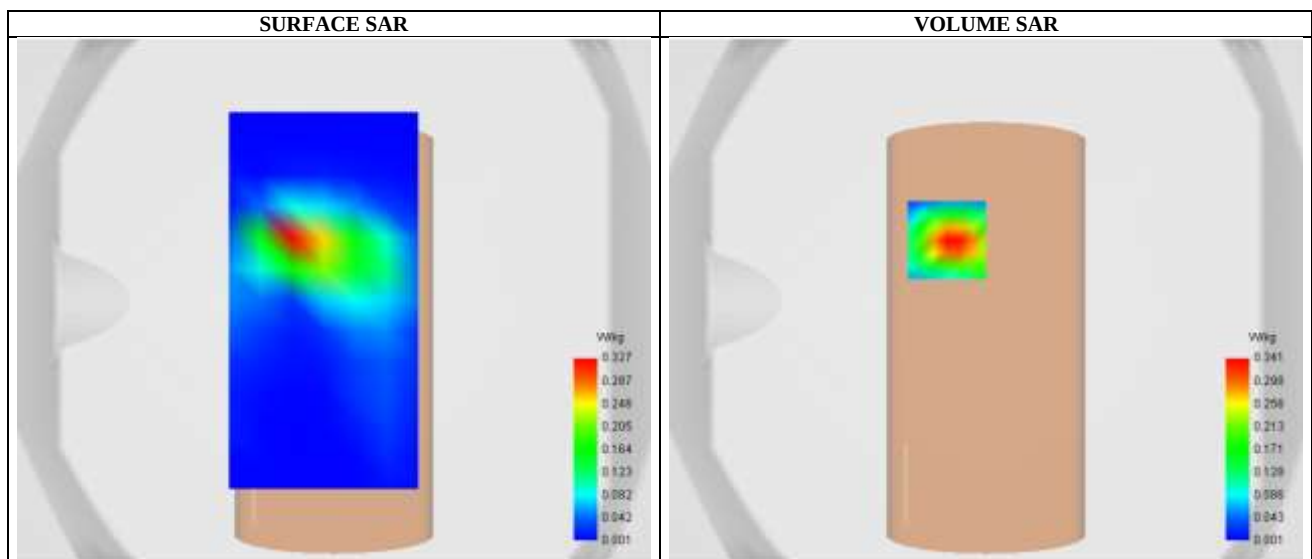
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	2.15
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm, Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	LTE band 41
Channels	Low
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	2545.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	37.511668
Conductivity (S/m)	1.984660

C. SAR Surface and Volume

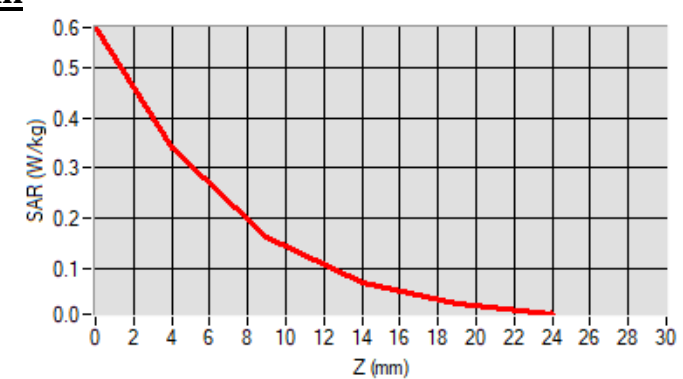


Maximum location: X=-15.00, Y=23.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.59 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.137336
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.308203
Variation (%)	-1.070000

E. Z Axis Scan



SAR Measurement at CUSTOM (LTE_Band66) (Body, Validation Plane)

Date of measurement: 8/11/2021

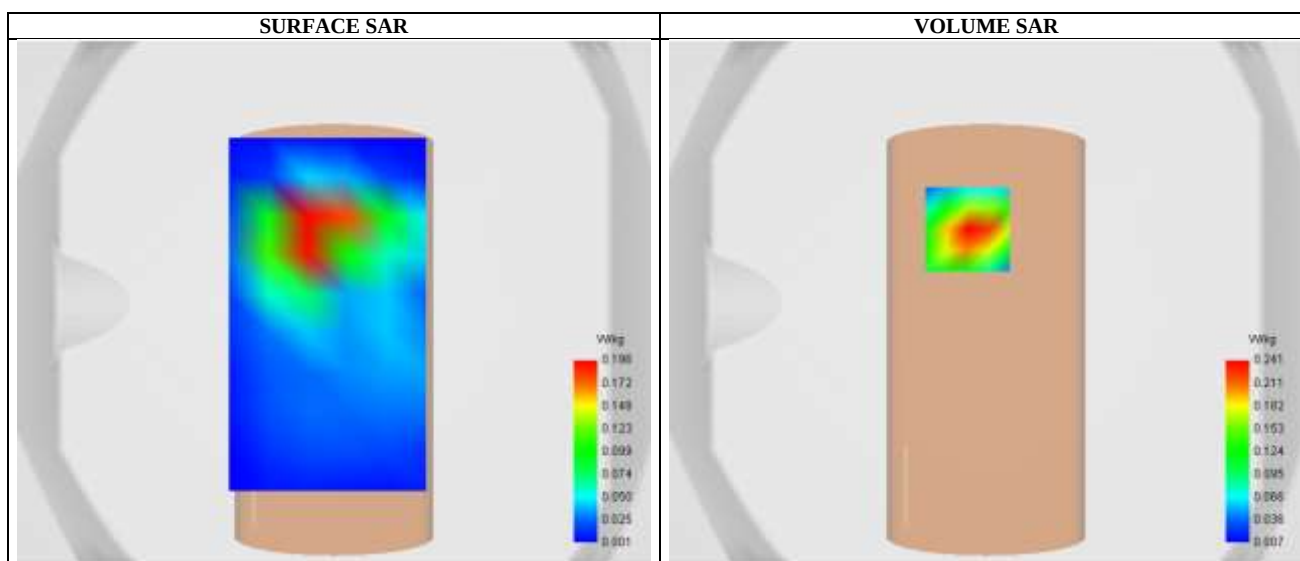
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	2.07
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	LTE_Band66
Channels	Middle
Signal	LTE(Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	1745.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.804546
Conductivity (S/m)	1.381225

C. SAR Surface and Volume

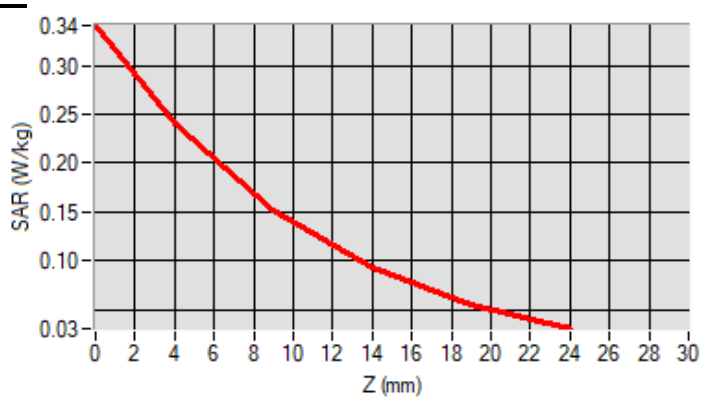


Maximum location: X=-7.00, Y=28.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.35 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.123221
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.224380
Variation (%)	-2.150000

E. Z Axis Scan



SAR Measurement at IEEE 802.11b ISM (Body, Validation Plane)

Date of measurement: 13/11/2021

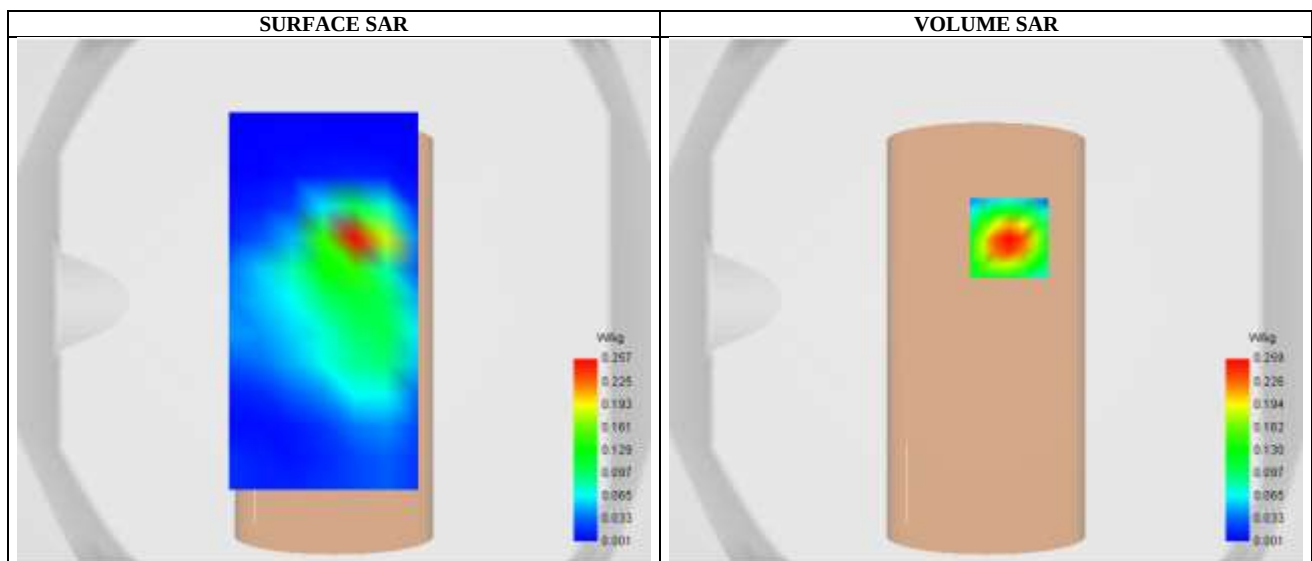
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	2.23
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm, Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	IEEE 802.11b ISM
Channels	Low
Signal	IEEE802.b (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	2412.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.226002
Conductivity (S/m)	1.788081

C. SAR Surface and Volume

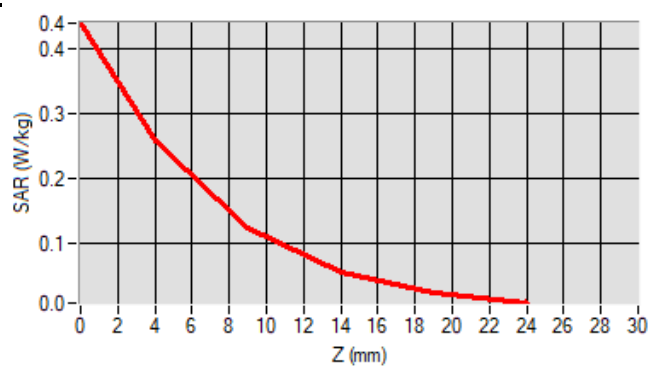


Maximum location: X=9.00, Y=24.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.44 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.106085
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.232577
Variation (%)	3.310000

E. Z Axis Scan



SAR Measurement at CUSTOM (5.2GHz_802.11a) (Body, Validation Plane)

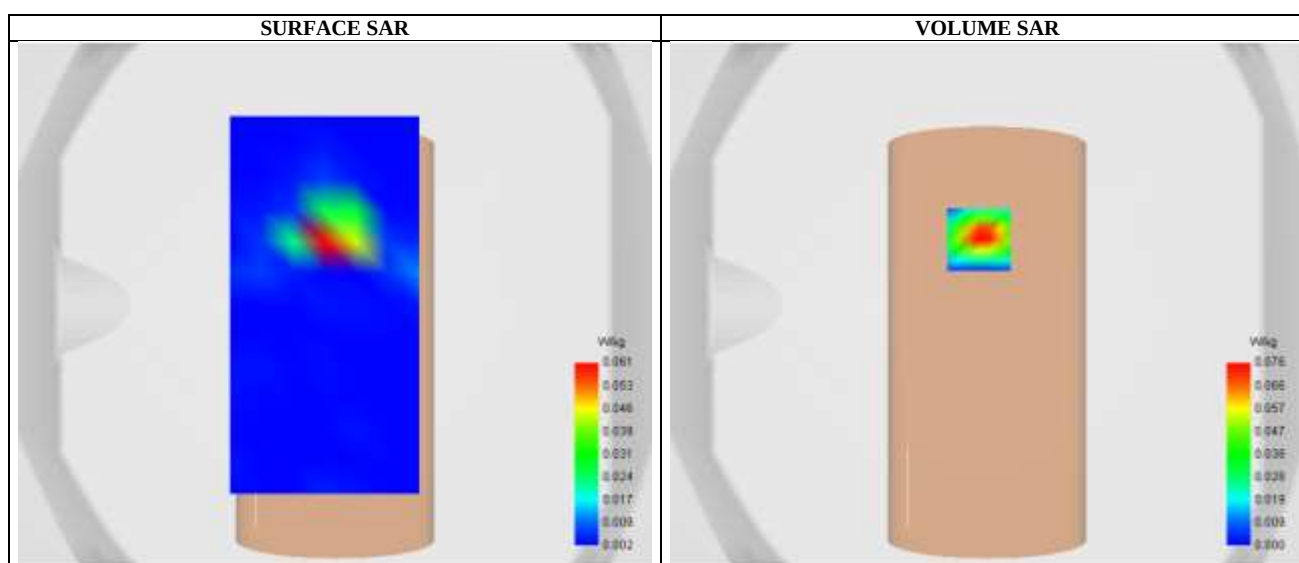
Date of measurement: 13/11/2021

A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	1.86
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	5.2GHz_802.11a
Channels	High
Signal	802.11a (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

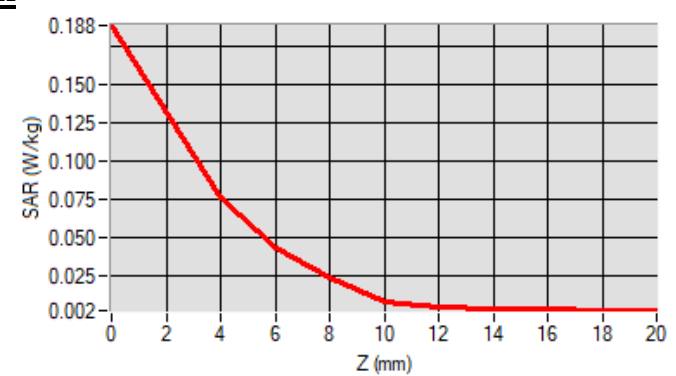
Frequency (MHz)	5240.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	36.751000
Conductivity (S/m)	4.831778

C. SAR Surface and Volume

Maximum location: X=-3.00, Y=25.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.13 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.013572
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.042643
Variation (%)	14.440000

E. Z Axis Scan

SAR Measurement at CUSTOM (5.8GHz_802.11n40) (Body, Validation Plane)

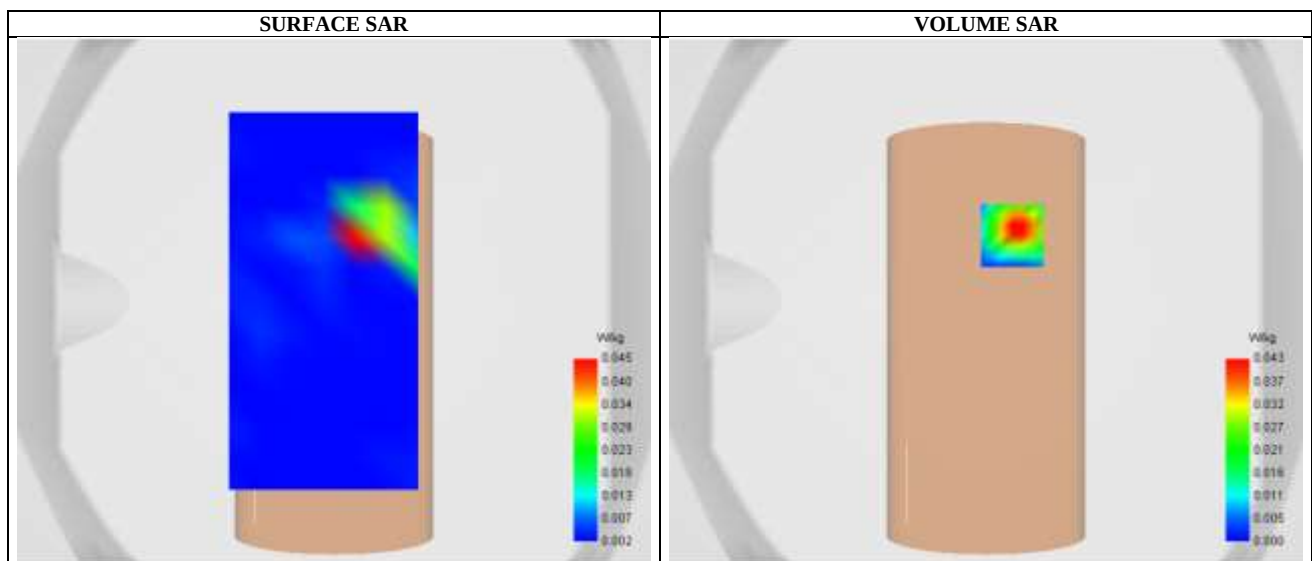
Date of measurement: 13/11/2021

A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	2.07
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=5mm, Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	5.8GHz_802.11n40
Channels	Low
Signal	802.11n40 (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

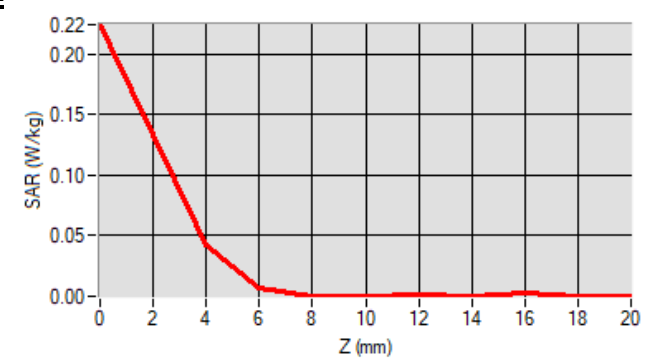
Frequency (MHz)	5755.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	35.344999
Conductivity (S/m)	5.156476

C. SAR Surface and Volume

Maximum location: X=10.00, Y=25.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.13 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.025414
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.064463
Variation (%)	-0.220000

E. Z Axis Scan

SAR Measurement at CUSTOM (GPRS19002Txslot) (Body, Validation Plane)

Date of measurement: 8/11/2021

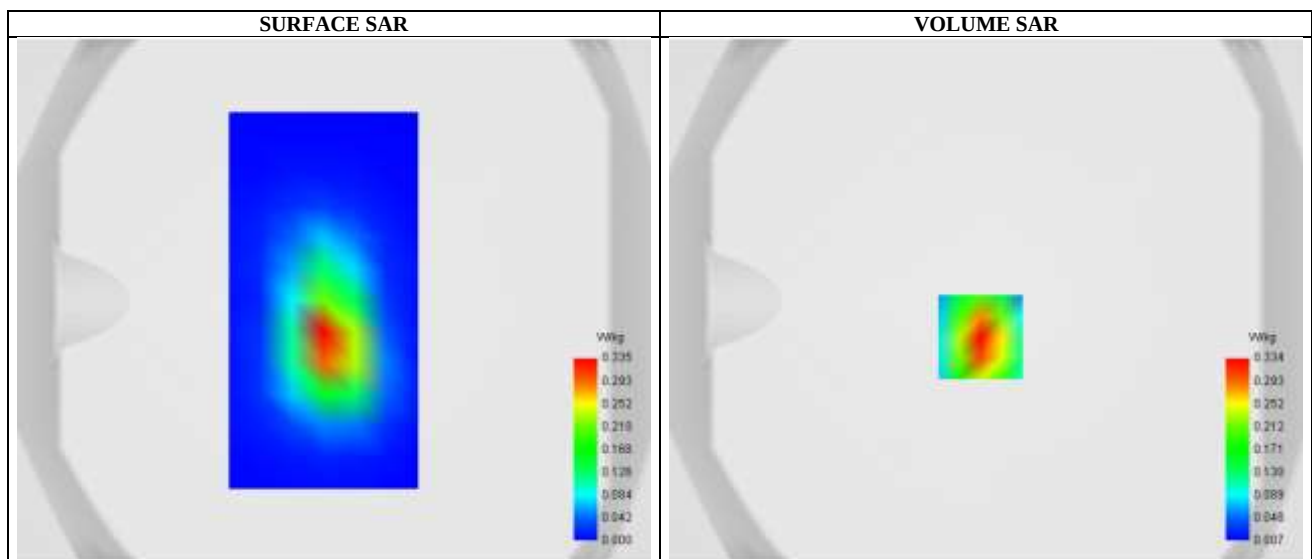
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	2.14
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	GPRS1900
Channels	High
Signal	TDMA(Crest factor: 6.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	1909.800000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.502345
Conductivity (S/m)	1.418391

C. SAR Surface and Volume

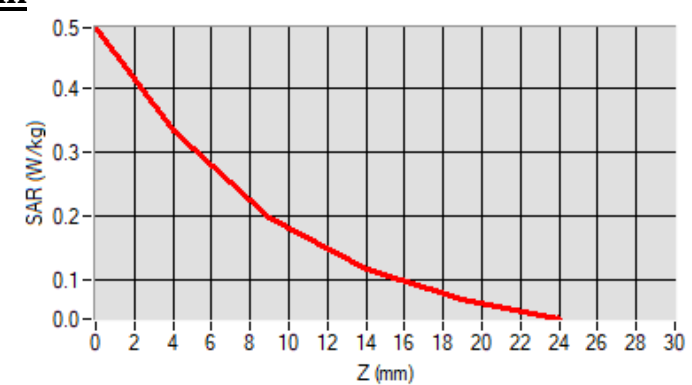


Maximum location: X=-2.00, Y=-14.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.50 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.164135
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.307301
Variation (%)	-1.360001

E. Z Axis Scan



SAR Measurement at Band4_WCDMA1700 (Body, Validation Plane)

Date of measurement: 8/11/2021

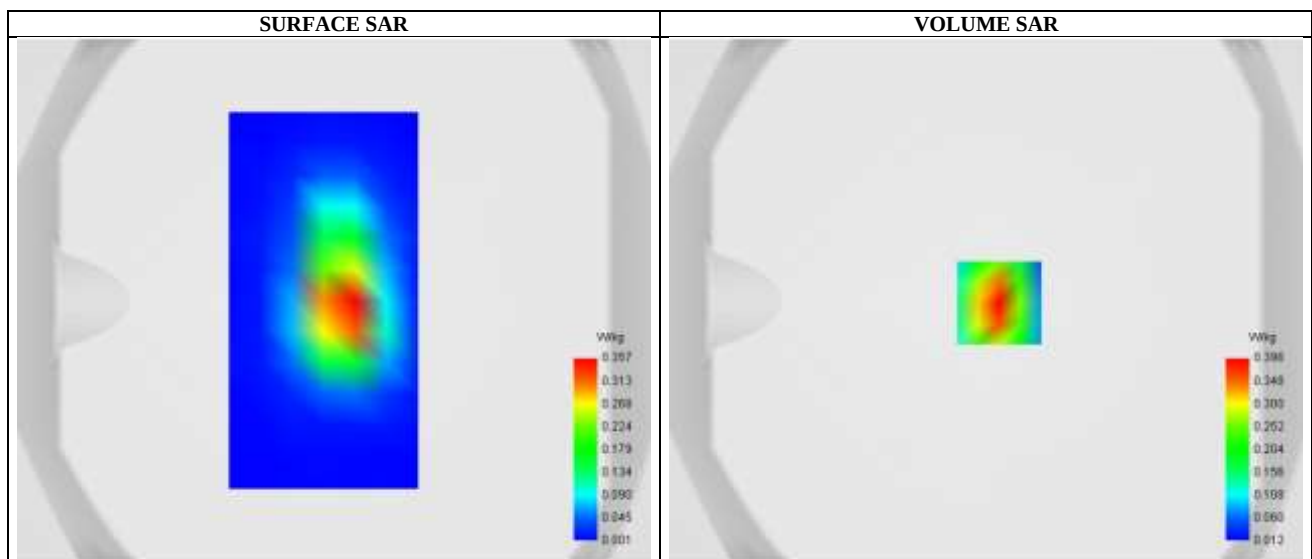
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	2.07
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	Band4_WCDMA1700
Channels	High
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	1752.599976
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.815818
Conductivity (S/m)	1.370656

C. SAR Surface and Volume

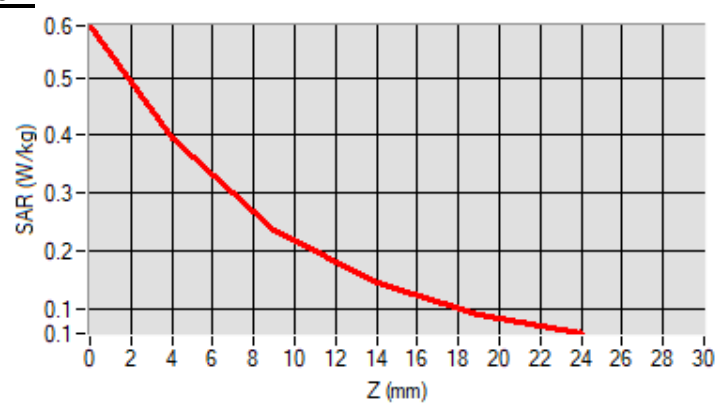


Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=-1.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.59 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.196917
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.365448
Variation (%)	-0.910000

E. Z Axis Scan



SAR Measurement at Band2_WCDMA1900 (Body, Validation Plane)

Date of measurement: 8/11/2021

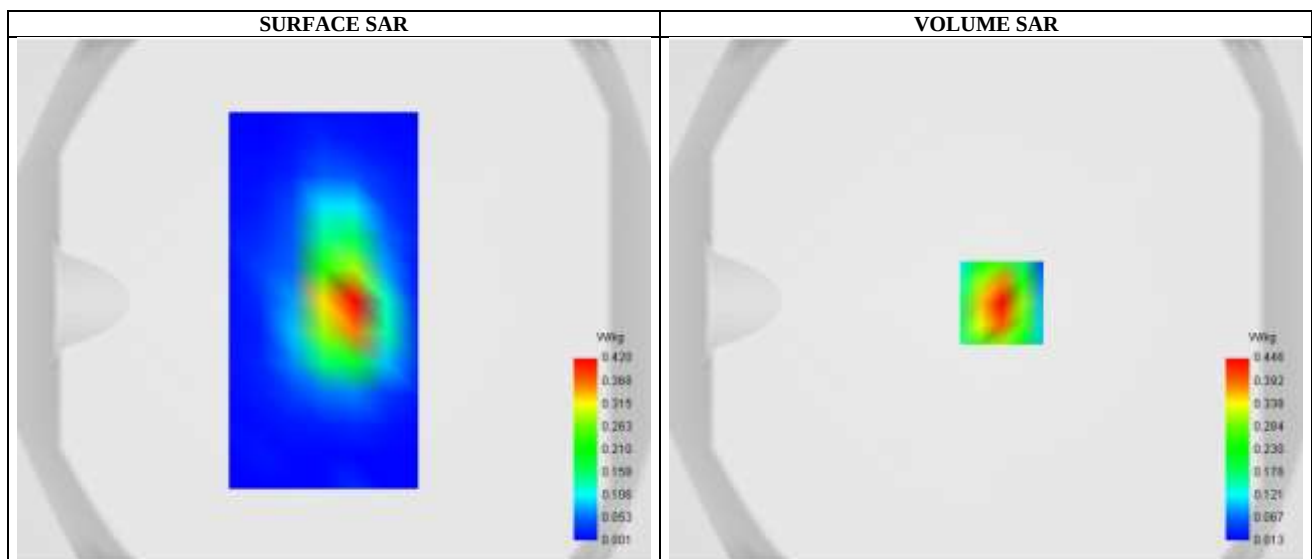
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	2.14
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	Band2_WCDMA1900
Channels	High
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	1907.600000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.500000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.417391

C. SAR Surface and Volume

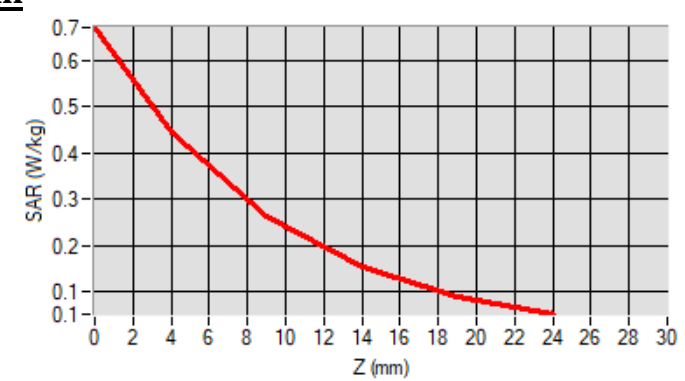


Maximum location: X=6.00, Y=-1.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.68 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.217288
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.411743
Variation (%)	-1.100000

E. Z Axis Scan



SAR Measurement at LTE band 2 (Body, Validation Plane)

Date of measurement: 8/11/2021

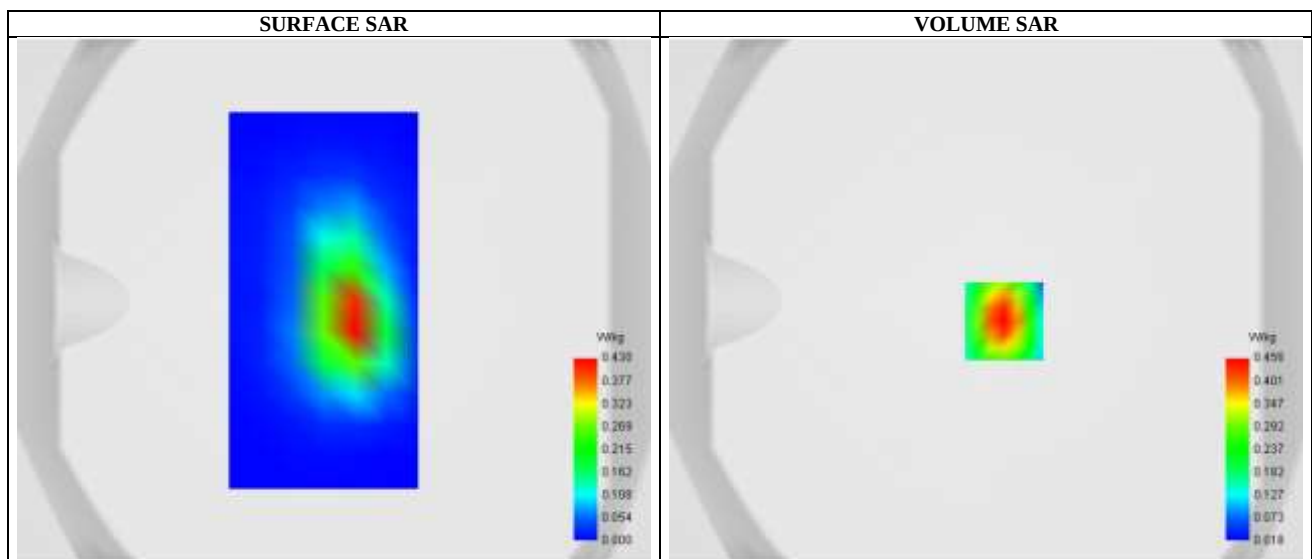
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	2.14
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	LTE band 2
Channels	Middle
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.532345
Conductivity (S/m)	1.415391

C. SAR Surface and Volume

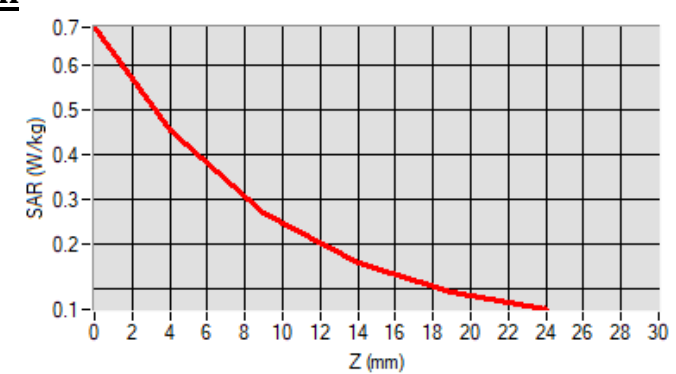


Maximum location: X=7.00, Y=-8.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.69 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.219196
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.411852
Variation (%)	2.530001

E. Z Axis Scan



SAR Measurement at LTE band 4 (Body, Validation Plane)

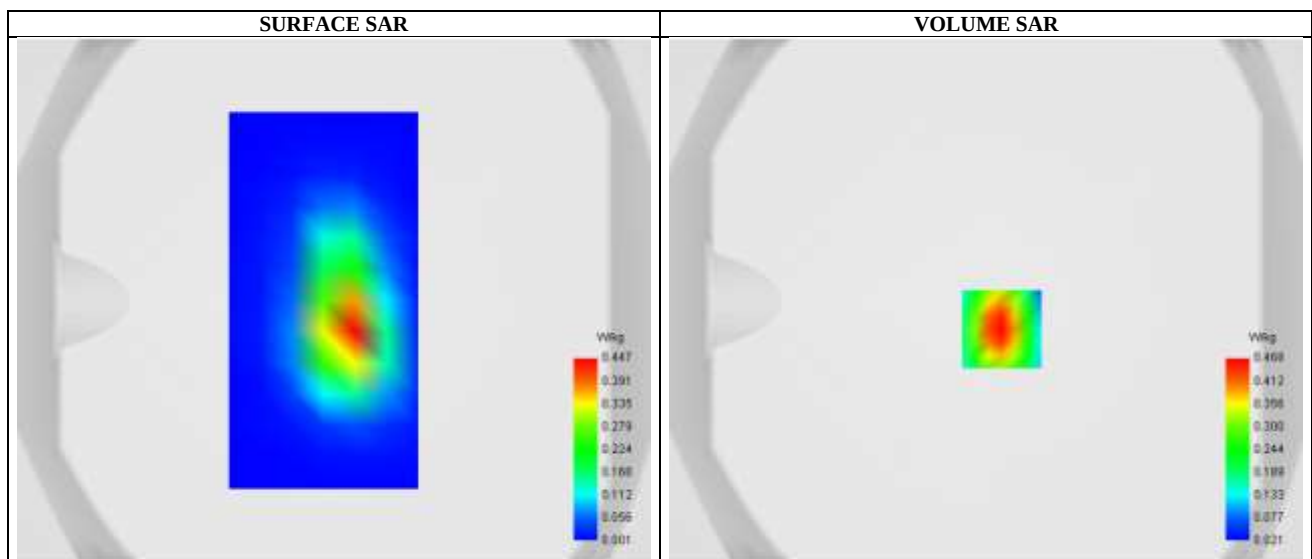
Date of measurement: 8/11/2021

A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	2.07
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	LTE band 4
Channels	Low
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

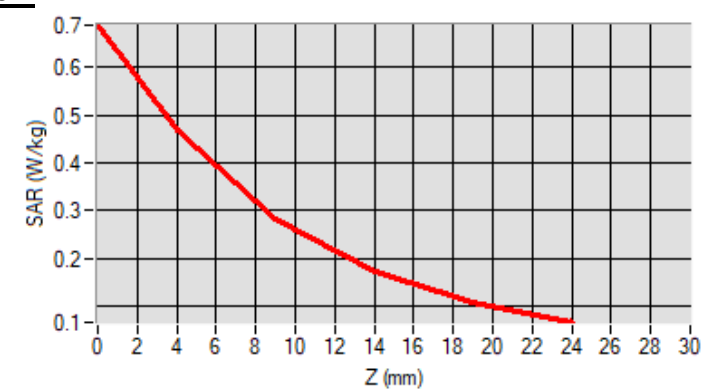
Frequency (MHz)	1720.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.847274
Conductivity (S/m)	1.353935

C. SAR Surface and Volume

Maximum location: X=6.00, Y=-11.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.69 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.233463
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.425273
Variation (%)	-3.610001

E. Z Axis Scan

SAR Measurement at LTE band 7 (Body, Validation Plane)

Date of measurement: 11/11/2021

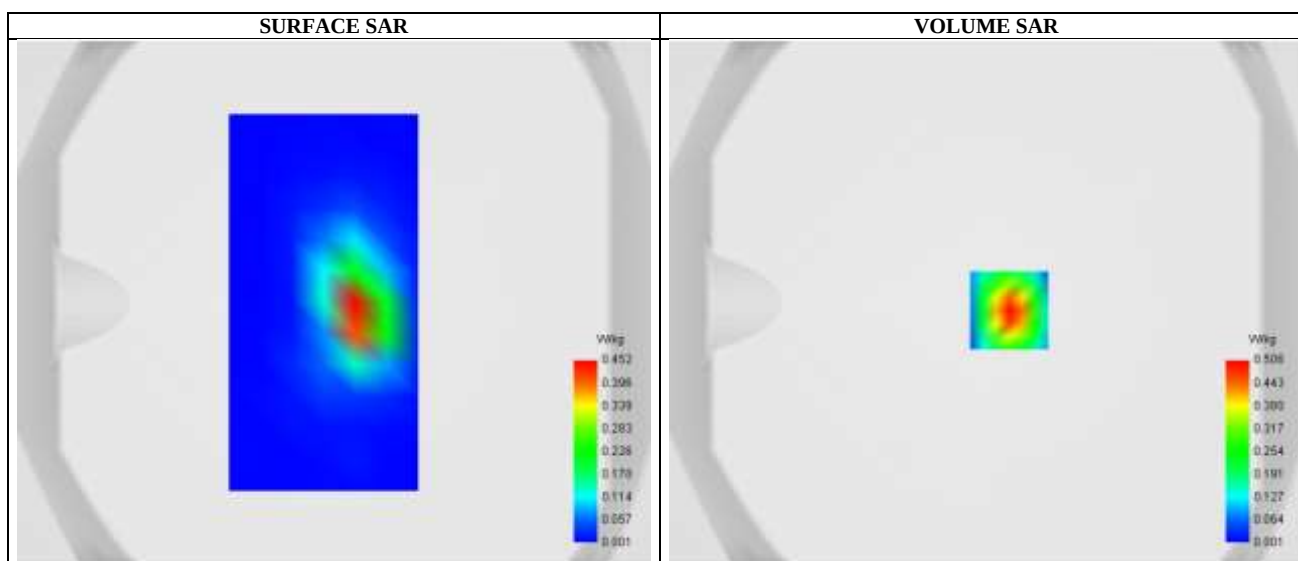
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	2.15
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm, Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	LTE band 7
Channels	Middle
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	2535.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	37.500666
Conductivity (S/m)	1.989749

C. SAR Surface and Volume

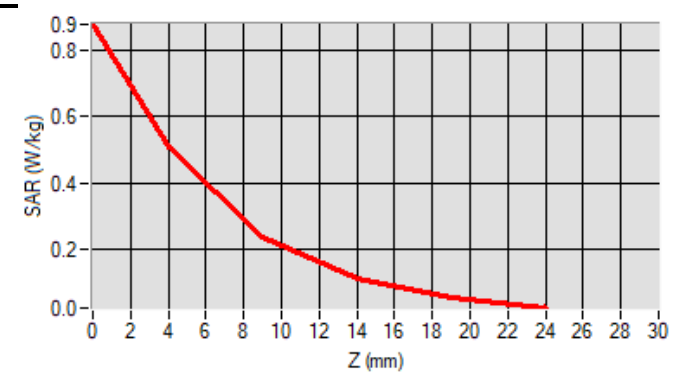


Maximum location: X=9.00, Y=-3.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.87 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.197163
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.447942
Variation (%)	-1.390000

E. Z Axis Scan



SAR Measurement at LTE band 41 (Body, Validation Plane)

Date of measurement: 11/11/2021

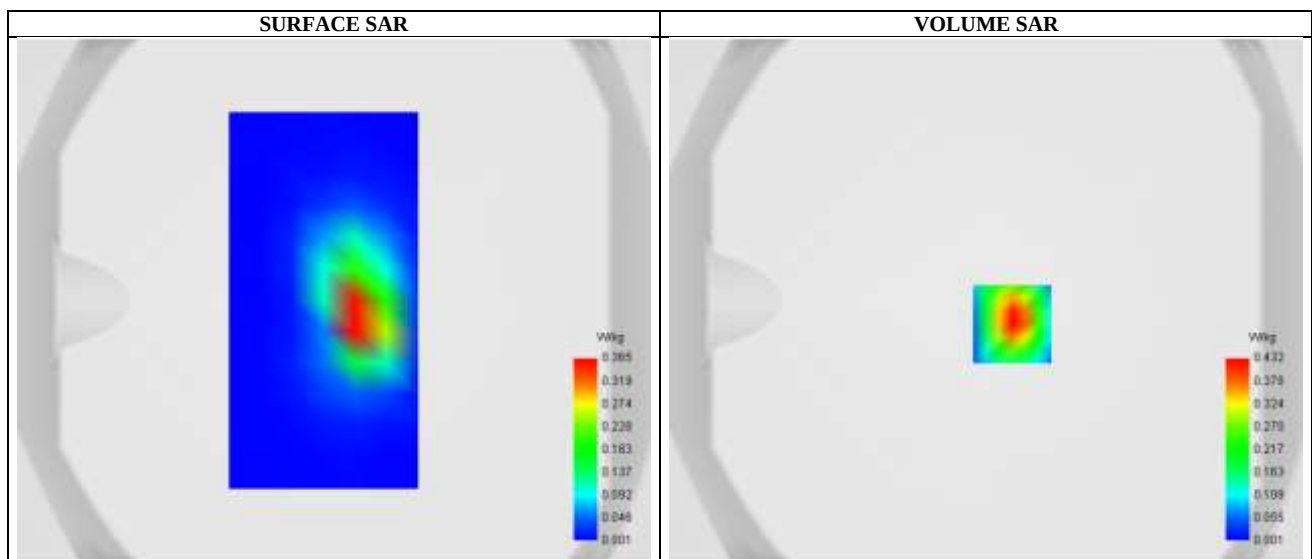
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	2.15
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm, Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	LTE band 41
Channels	Low
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	2545.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	37.511668
Conductivity (S/m)	1.984660

C. SAR Surface and Volume

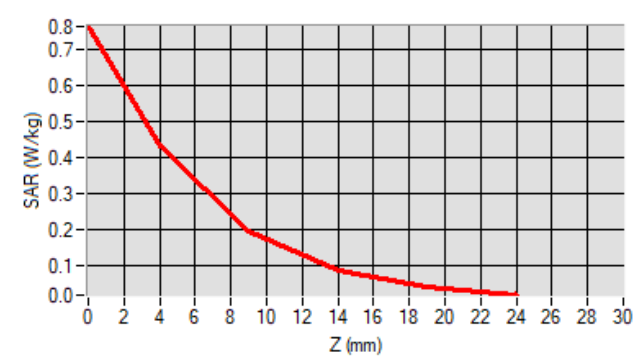


Maximum location: X=10.00, Y=-9.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.77 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.170320
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.388631
Variation (%)	-2.059999

E. Z Axis Scan



SAR Measurement at CUSTOM (LTE Band66) (Body, Validation Plane)

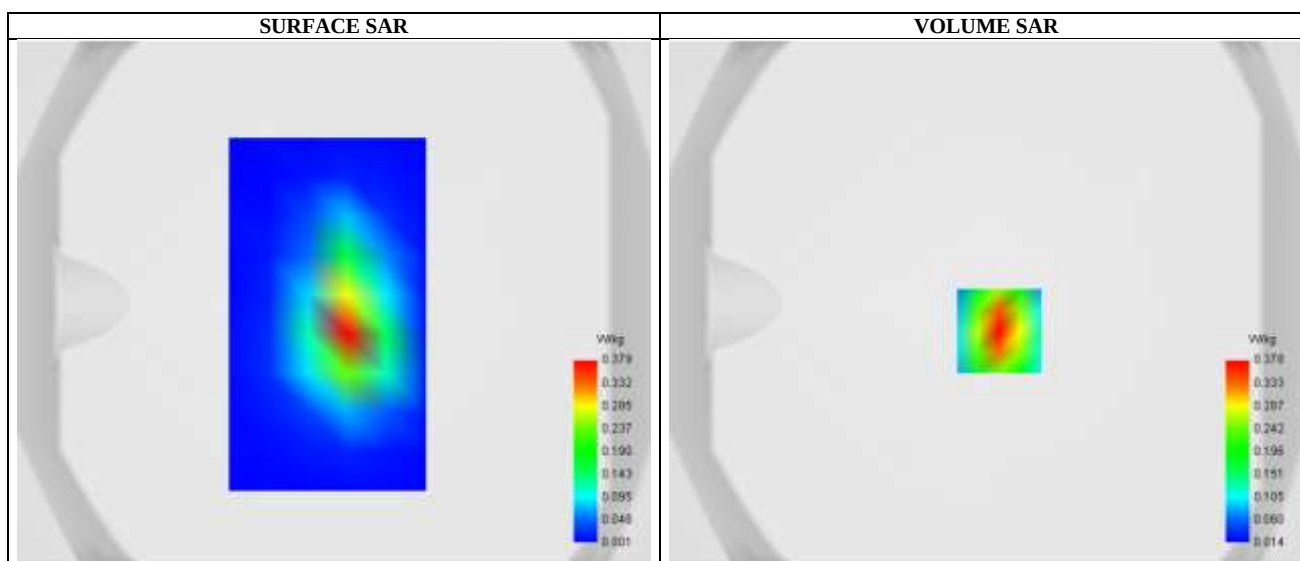
Date of measurement: 8/11/2021

A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	2.07
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	LTE band 66
Channels	Middle
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

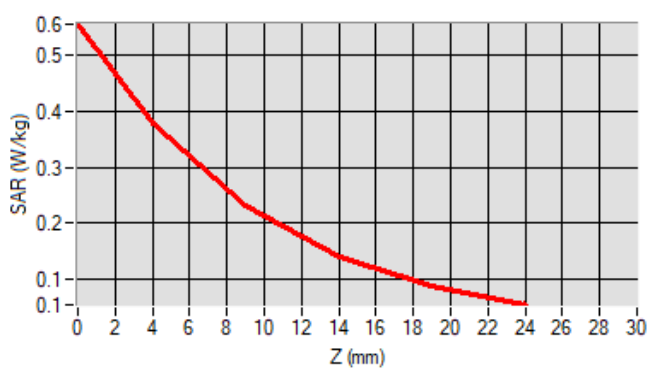
Frequency (MHz)	1745.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.804546
Conductivity (S/m)	1.381225

C. SAR Surface and Volume

Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=-11.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.56 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.188995
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.347216
Variation (%)	-4.860001

E. Z Axis Scan

SAR Measurement at CUSTOM (5.2GHz_802.11a) (Body, Validation Plane)

Date of measurement: 13/11/2021

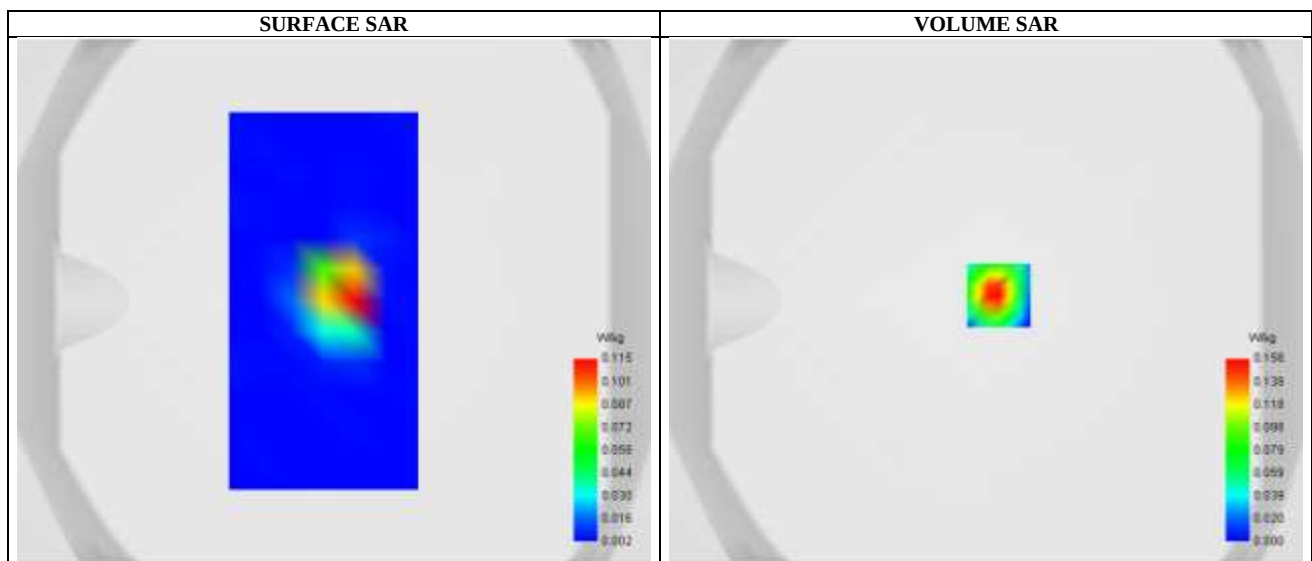
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	1.86
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	5.2GHz_802.11a
Channels	High
Signal	802.11a (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	5240.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	36.751000
Conductivity (S/m)	4.831778

C. SAR Surface and Volume

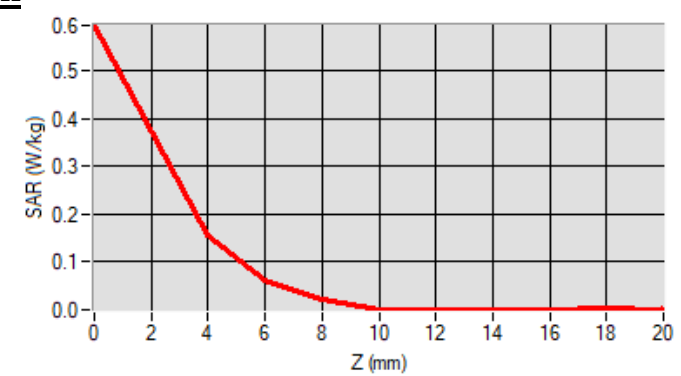


Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=2.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.36 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.019309
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.083139
Variation (%)	-2.650000

E. Z Axis Scan



SAR Measurement at LTE band 17 (Cheek, Left)

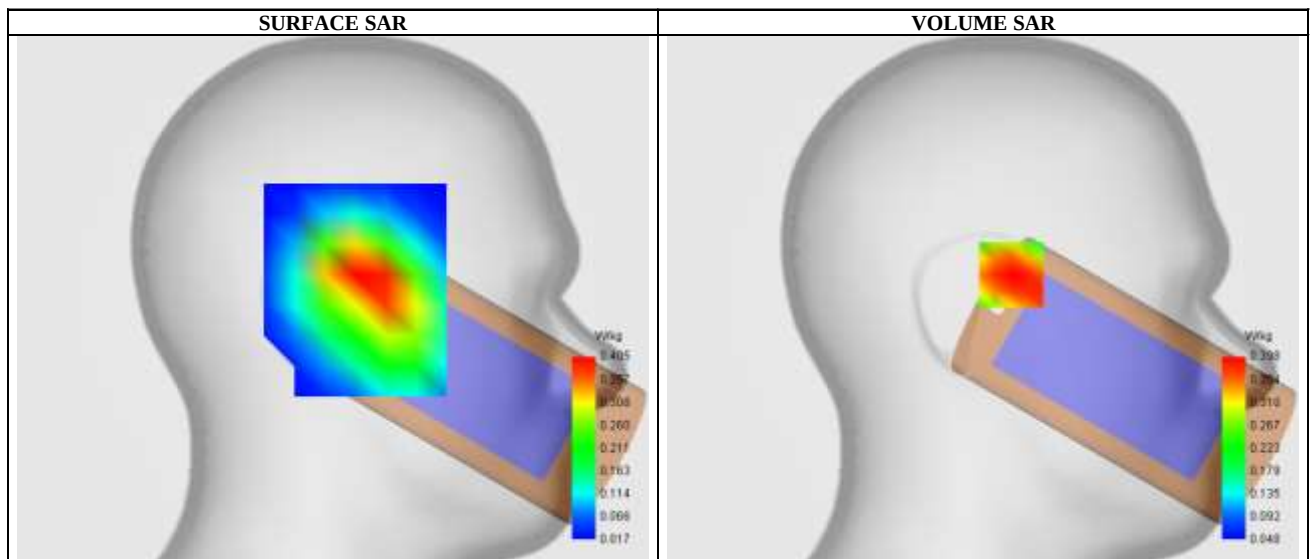
Date of measurement: 10/8/2022

A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	1.70
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	LTE band 17
Channels	Middle
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

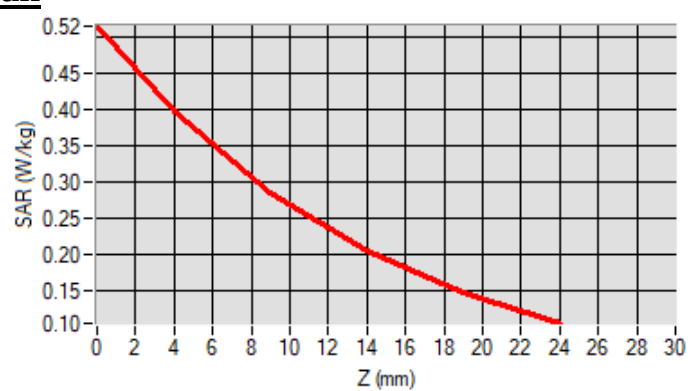
Frequency (MHz)	710.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	42.113335
Conductivity (S/m)	0.913218

C. SAR Surface and Volume

Maximum location: X=-14.00, Y=12.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.52 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.275269
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.391202
Variation (%)	-3.560000

E. Z Axis Scan

SAR Measurement at LTE band 17 (Body, Validation Plane)

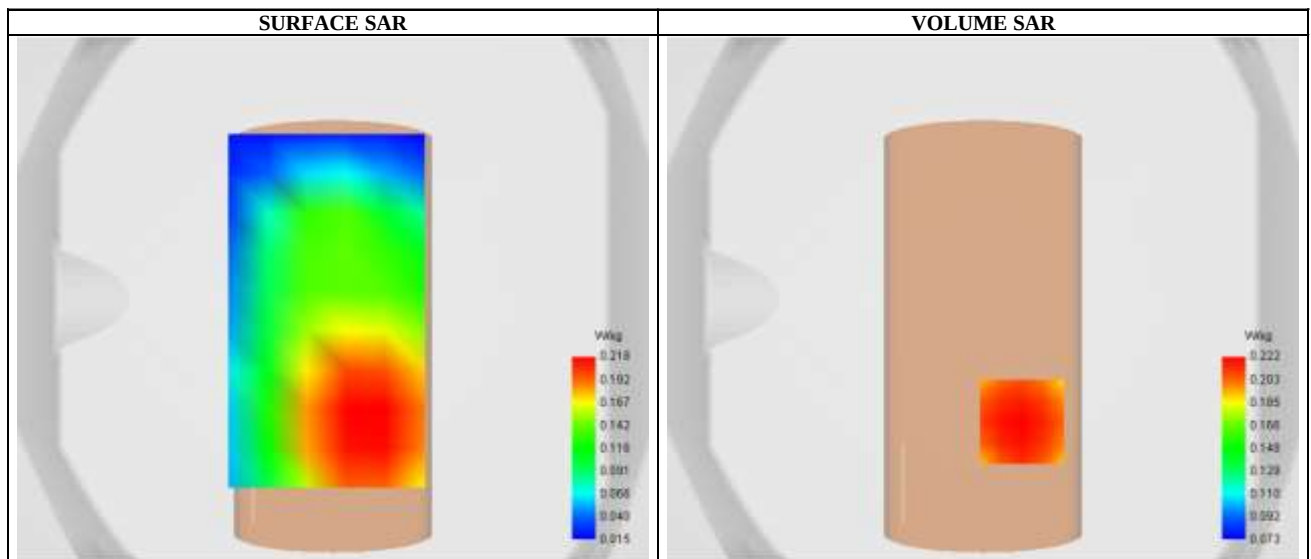
Date of measurement: 10/8/2022

A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	1.70
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	LTE band 17
Channels	Middle
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

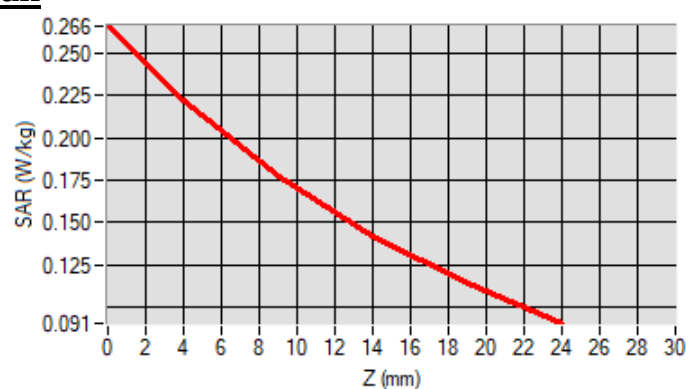
Frequency (MHz)	710.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	42.113335
Conductivity (S/m)	0.913218

C. SAR Surface and Volume

Maximum location: X=15.00, Y=-47.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.27 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.169024
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.219560
Variation (%)	-0.140000

E. Z Axis Scan

Appendix C: System Calibration Certificate

Calibration information for E-field probes



COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report

Ref : ACR.140.1.21.BES.B

Cancel and replace the report ACR.140.1.21.BES.A

**JIANYAN TESTING GROUP SHENZHEN
CO.,LTD.**

NO.101, BUILDING 8, INNOVATION WISDOM PORT, NO.155
HONGTIAN ROAD, HUANGPU COMMUNITY, XINQIAO
STREET,
BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG, CHINA
MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE
SERIAL NO.: SN 18/21 EPG0354

Calibrated at MVG

Z.I. de la pointe du diable

Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon

29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 05/20/2021



Accreditations #2-6789 and #2-6814
Scope available on www.cofrac.fr

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR E-Field Probe calibration performed at MVG, using the CALIPROBE test bench, for use with a MVG COMOSAR system only. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.140.1.21.BES.B

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	5/20/2021	
Checked by :	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	5/20/2021	
Approved by :	Yann Toutain	Laboratory Director	5/21/2021	

	Customer Name
Distribution :	JIANYAN TESTING GROUP SHENZHEN CO.,LTD.

Issue	Name	Date	Modifications
A	Jérôme Luc	5/20/2021	Initial release
B	Jérôme Luc	5/21/2021	Change customer address Add picture 1 Add 1450 MHz calibration

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Template: ACR.DDD.N.YY.MVGB.ISSUE.COMOSAR Probe vB

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.140.1.21.BES.B

1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE
Manufacturer	MVG
Model	SSE2
Serial Number	SN 18/21 EPG0354
Product Condition (new / used)	New
Frequency Range of Probe	0.15 GHz-6GHz
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1: R1=0.202 MΩ Dipole 2: R2=0.217 MΩ Dipole 3: R3=0.225 MΩ

2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDB865664 D01, CENELEC EN62209 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	2 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	2.5 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	1 mm

3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDB865664 D01, CENELEC EN62209 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

3.1 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.

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3.2 SENSITIVITY

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

3.3 LOWER DETECTION LIMIT

The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

3.4 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 to 360 degrees in 15-degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis (0°–180°) in 15° increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis (0°–360°).

3.1 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

The boundary effect uncertainty can be estimated according to the following uncertainty approximation formula based on linear and exponential extrapolations between the surface and $d_{be} + d_{step}$ along lines that are approximately normal to the surface:

$$SAR_{uncertainty} [\%] = \frac{\Delta SAR_{be}}{SAR_{be}} \left(\frac{d_{be} + d_{step}}{d_{be}} \right)^{\frac{\Delta SAR_{be}}{SAR_{be}}} \left(e^{-\frac{d_{step}}{\delta}} \right)^{\frac{\Delta SAR_{be}}{SAR_{be}}} \quad \text{for } (d_{be} - d_{step}) < 10 \text{ mm}$$

where

$SAR_{uncertainty}$	is the uncertainty in percent of the probe boundary effect
d_{be}	is the distance between the surface and the closest <i>zoom-scan</i> measurement point, in millimetre
Δ_{step}	is the separation distance between the first and second measurement points that are closest to the phantom surface, in millimetre, assuming the boundary effect at the second location is negligible
δ	is the minimum penetration depth in millimetres of the head tissue-equivalent liquids defined in this standard, i.e., $\delta \approx 14$ mm at 3 GHz;
ΔSAR_{be}	in percent of SAR is the deviation between the measured SAR value, at the distance d_{be} from the boundary, and the analytical SAR value.

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.140.1.21.BES.B

The measured worst case boundary effect SARuncertainty[%] for scanning distances larger than 4mm is 1.0% Limit ,2%).

4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with an E-field probe calibration using the waveguide technique. All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

Uncertainty analysis of the probe calibration in waveguide					
ERROR SOURCES	Uncertainty value (%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci	Standard Uncertainty (%)
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence level k = 2					14 %

5 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Calibration Parameters	
Liquid Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Humidity	30-70 %

5.1 SENSITIVITY IN AIR

Normx dipole 1 (μV/(V/m) ²)	Normy dipole 2 (μV/(V/m) ²)	Normz dipole 3 (μV/(V/m) ²)
0.86	0.87	0.90

DCP dipole 1 (mV)	DCP dipole 2 (mV)	DCP dipole 3 (mV)
107	101	105

Calibration curves $e_i=f(V)$ (i=1,2,3) allow to obtain E-field value using the formula:

$$E = \sqrt{E_1^2 + E_2^2 + E_3^2}$$

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Template_ACR.DDD.N.YY.MVGB.ISSUE_COMOSAR Probe vH

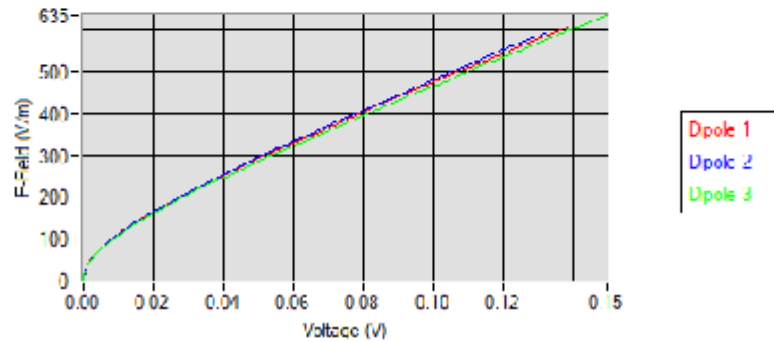
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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

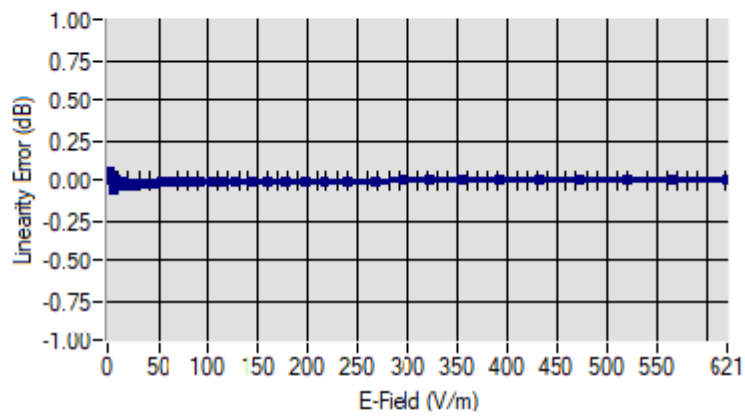
Ref: ACR.140.1.21.BES.B

Calibration curves



5.2 LINEARITY

Linearity



Linearity: +/- 1.55% (+/- 0.07dB)

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.140.1.21.BES.B

5.3 SENSITIVITY IN LIQUID

Liquid	Frequency (MHz +/- 100MHz)	ConvF
HL450*	450	1.92
BL450*	450	1.87
HL750	750	1.73
BL750	750	1.81
HL850	835	1.68
BL850	835	1.82
HL900	900	1.88
BL900	900	1.92
HL1450	1450	2.25
BL1450	1450	2.54
HL1750	1750	2.07
BL1750	1750	2.20
HL1900	1900	2.14
BL1900	1900	2.23
HL2100	2100	2.09
BL2100	2100	2.27
HL2300	2300	2.23
BL2300	2300	2.48
HL2450	2450	2.23
BL2450	2450	2.58
HL2600	2600	2.15
BL2600	2600	2.38
HL3300	3300	2.02
BL3300	3300	2.19
HL3500	3500	2.11
BL3500	3500	2.29
HL3700	3700	2.13
BL3700	3700	2.28
HL3900	3900	2.26
BL3900	3900	2.48
HL4200	4200	2.58
BL4200	4200	2.63
HL4600	4600	2.44
BL4600	4600	2.60
HL4900	4900	2.34
BL4900	4900	2.32
HL5200	5200	1.86
BL5200	5200	1.75
HL5400	5400	2.07
BL5400	5400	1.94
HL5600	5600	2.20
BL5600	5600	2.11
HL5800	5800	2.07
BL5800	5800	1.99

* Frequency not cover by COFRAC scope, calibration not accredited

LOWER DETECTION LIMIT: 8mW/kg

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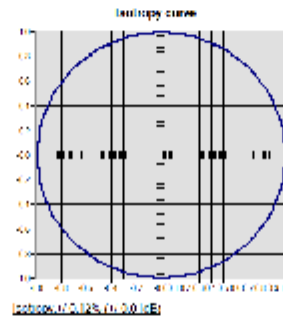


COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.140.1.21.BES.B

5.4 ISOTROPY

HL1900 MHz



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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.140.1.21.BES.B

6 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date
Flat Phantom	MVG	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz ZVM	100203	05/2019	05/2022
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	Rohde & Schwarz ZV-Z235	101223	05/2019	05/2022
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1160271	02/2020	02/2023
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz SMB	106589	04/2019	04/2022
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	NI-USB 5680	170100013	05/2019	05/2022
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Waveguide	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-712	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide Transition	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide Termination	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Testo 184 H1	44220687	05/2020	05/2023

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COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report

Ref : ACR.181.10.22.BES.B

JIANYAN TESTING GROUP SHENZHEN CO., LTD.
NO.101, BUILDING 8, INNOVATION WISDOM PORT, NO.155
HONGTIAN ROAD, HUANGPU COMMUNITY, XINQIAO STREET,
BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN,
GUANGDONG, PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA
MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE
SERIAL NO.: SN 18/21 EPG0354

Calibrated at MVG
Z.I. de la pointe du diable
Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon
29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 06/30/2022



Accreditations #2-6789
 Scope available on www.cofrac.fr

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Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR Dosimetric E-Field Probe calibration performed at MVG, using the CALIPROBE test bench, for use with a MVG COMOSAR system only. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.181.10.22.BES.B

	<i>Name</i>	<i>Function</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Signature</i>
<i>Prepared by :</i>	Jérôme Le Gall	Measurement Responsible	6/30/2022	
<i>Checked & approved by:</i>	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	6/30/2022	
<i>Authorized by:</i>	Yann Toutain	Laboratory Director	7/11/2022	

2022.07.11

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	<i>Customer Name</i>
<i>Distribution :</i>	JIANYAN TESTING GROUP SHENZHEN CO.,LTD.

<i>Issue</i>	<i>Name</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Modifications</i>
A	Jérôme Le Gall	6/30/2022	Initial release

Page: 2/11

Template: ACR.DDD.N.YY.MVGB.ISSUE COMOSAR Probe vK

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1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE
Manufacturer	MVG
Model	SSE2
Serial Number	SN 18/21 EPGO354
Product Condition (new / used)	Used
Frequency Range of Probe	0.15 GHz-6GHz
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1: R1=0.202 MΩ Dipole 2: R2=0.216 MΩ Dipole 3: R3=0.224 MΩ

2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Probe

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	2 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	2.5 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	1 mm

3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

3.1 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.

3.2 SENSITIVITY

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

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3.3 LOWER DETECTION LIMIT

The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

3.4 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 to 360 degrees in 15-degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis (0°–180°) in 15° increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis (0°–360°).

3.1 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

The boundary effect uncertainty can be estimated according to the following uncertainty approximation formula based on linear and exponential extrapolations between the surface and $d_{be} + d_{step}$ along lines that are approximately normal to the surface:

$$SAR_{uncertainty}[\%] = \Delta SAR_{be} \frac{(d_{be} + d_{step})^2}{2d_{step}} \frac{(e^{-\alpha(d_{be} + d_{step})})}{\delta/2} \quad \text{for } (d_{be} + d_{step}) < 10 \text{ mm}$$

where

$SAR_{uncertainty}$ is the uncertainty in percent of the probe boundary effect

d_{be} is the distance between the surface and the closest *zoom-scan* measurement point, in millimetre

Δ_{step} is the separation distance between the first and second measurement points that are closest to the phantom surface, in millimetre, assuming the boundary effect at the second location is negligible

δ is the minimum penetration depth in millimetres of the head tissue-equivalent liquids defined in this standard, i.e., $\delta \approx 14$ mm at 3 GHz;

ΔSAR_{be} in percent of SAR is the deviation between the measured SAR value, at the distance d_{be} from the boundary, and the analytical SAR value.

The measured worst case boundary effect SAR uncertainty[%] for scanning distances larger than 4mm is 1.0% Limit, 2%).



4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with an E-field probe calibration using the waveguide technique. All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

Uncertainty analysis of the probe calibration in waveguide					
ERROR SOURCES	Uncertainty value (%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	c _d	Standard Uncertainty (%)
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence level k = 2					14 %

5 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Calibration Parameters	
Liquid Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Humidity	30-70 %

5.1 SENSITIVITY IN AIR

Normx dipole 1 (μV/(V/m) ²)	Normy dipole 2 (μV/(V/m) ²)	Normz dipole 3 (μV/(V/m) ²)
0.88	0.89	0.91

DCP dipole 1 (mV)	DCP dipole 2 (mV)	DCP dipole 3 (mV)
107	101	106

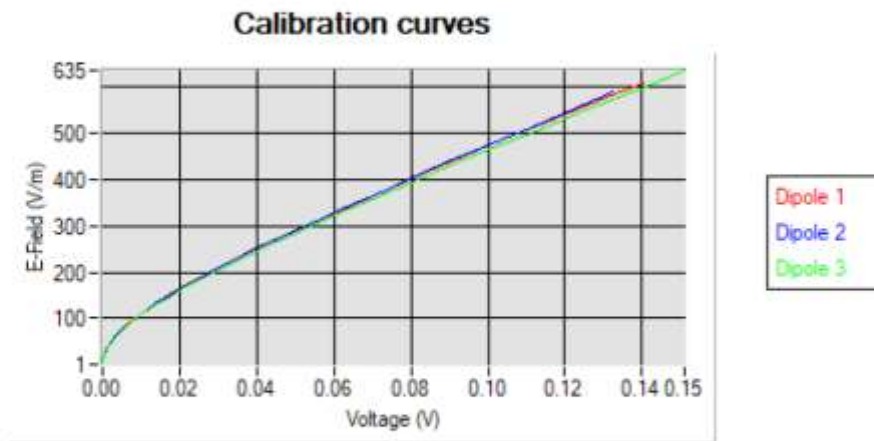
Calibration curves $e_i=f(V)$ ($i=1,2,3$) allow to obtain E-field value using the formula:

$$E = \sqrt{E_1^2 + E_2^2 + E_3^2}$$

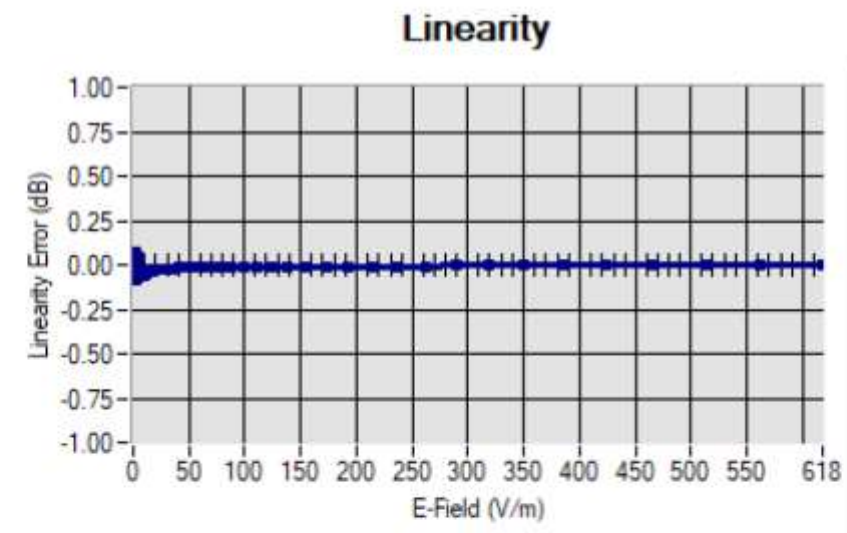


COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.181.10.22.BES.B



5.2 LINEARITY



Linearity: +/- 1.85% (+/- 0.08dB)

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.181.10.22.BES.B

5.3 SENSITIVITY IN LIQUID

Liquid	Frequency (MHz +/- 100MHz)	ConvF
HL750	750	1.70
HL850	835	1.73
HL900	900	1.78
HL1750	1750	2.05
HL1900	1900	2.00
HL2100	2100	2.34
HL2300	2300	2.40
HL2450	2450	2.46
HL2600	2600	2.27
HL3300	3300	2.07
HL3500	3500	2.10
HL3700	3700	2.15
HL3900	3900	2.41
HL4200	4200	2.33
HL5200	5200	1.71
HL5400	5400	1.91
HL5600	5600	2.04
HL5800	5800	1.94

LOWER DETECTION LIMIT: 7mW/kg

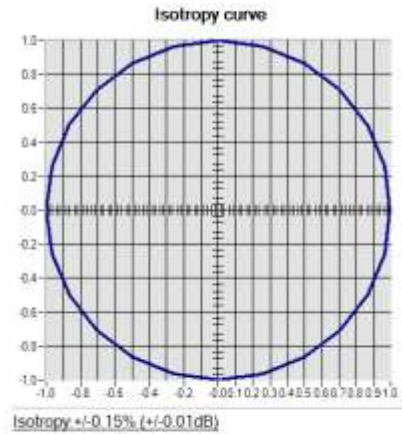
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5.4 ISOTROPY





6 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date
CALIPROBE Test Bench	Version 2	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz ZVM	100203	08/2021	08/2024
Network Analyzer	Agilent 8753ES	MY40003210	10/2019	10/2022
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	HP 85033D	3423A08186	06/2021	06/2027
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1160271	02/2020	02/2023
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz SMB	106589	03/2022	03/2025
Amplifier	MVG	MODU-023-C-0002	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	NI-USB 5680	170100013	06/2021	06/2024
Power Meter	Rohde & Schwarz NRVD	832839-056	11/2019	11/2022
Directional Coupler	Krytar 158020	131467	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG4_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_0G900_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG6_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_1G500_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG8_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_1G800B_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_1G800H_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG10_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_3G500_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG12_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.181.10.22.BES.B

Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_5G000_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Testo 184 H1	44225320	06/2021	06/2024

Calibration information for Dipole



SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref : ACR.15.6.21.MVGB.B

Cancel and replace the report ACR.15.6.21.MVGB.A

**JIANYAN TESTING GROUP
SHENZHEN CO.,LTD.**

**No.110~116, BUILDING B, JINYUAN BUSINESS BUILDING,
XIXIANG ROAD, BAOAN DISTRICT,
SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG, PR CHINA**

MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

FREQUENCY: 835 MHZ

SERIAL NO.: SN 50/20 DIP 0G835-507

Calibrated at MVG

Z.I. de la pointe du diable

**Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon
29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE**

Calibration date: 01/14/2021



Accreditations #2-6789 and #2-6814
Scope available on www.cofrac.fr

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in MVG using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.



SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.15.6.21.MVGB.B

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Technical Manager	1/15/2021	<i>JS</i>
Checked by :	Jérôme LUC	Technical Manager	1/15/2021	<i>JS</i>
Approved by :	Yann Toutain	Laboratory Director	2/8/2021	<i>Yann Toutain</i>

2021.02.0
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	Customer Name
Distribution :	JianYan Testing Group Shenzhen Co.,Ltd.

Issue	Name	Date	Modifications
A	Jérôme LUC	1/15/2021	Initial release
B	Jérôme LUC	2/8/2021	Change customer name/address

Page: 2/13

Template: ACR.DDD.N.YYMVGB.ISSUE SAR Reference Dipole vG

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1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR 835 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE
Manufacturer	MVG
Model	SID835
Serial Number	SN 50/20 DIP 0G835-507
Product Condition (new / used)	New

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole



4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. A direct method is used with a network analyser and its calibration kit, both with a valid ISO17025 calibration.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimension's frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness. A direct method is used with a ISO17025 calibrated caliper.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of $k=2$, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss
400-6000MHz	0.08 LIN

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length
0 - 300	0.20 mm
300 - 450	0.44 mm

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.



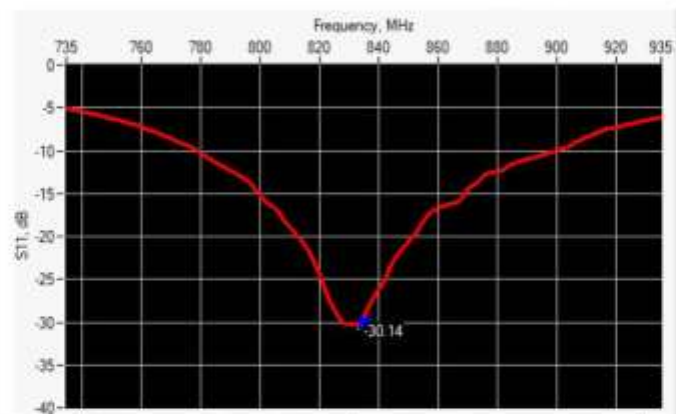
SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.15.6.21.MVGB.B

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
1 g	19 % (SAR)
10 g	19 % (SAR)

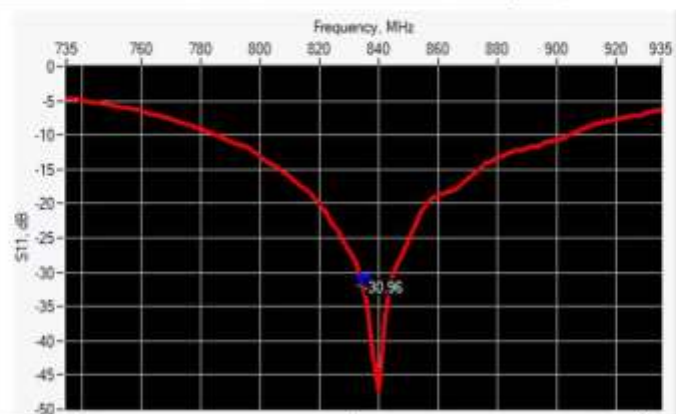
6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN HEAD LIQUID



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
835	-30.14	-20	51.3 Ω - 2.8 j Ω

6.2 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN BODY LIQUID



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
835	-30.96	-20	47.2 Ω - 0.4 j Ω

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6.3 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	L mm		h mm		d mm	
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	420.0 ± 1 %		250.0 ± 1 %		6.35 ± 1 %	
450	290.0 ± 1 %		166.7 ± 1 %		6.35 ± 1 %	
750	176.0 ± 1 %		100.0 ± 1 %		6.35 ± 1 %	
835	161.0 ± 1 %	161.29	89.8 ± 1 %	89.25	3.6 ± 1 %	3.59
900	149.0 ± 1 %		83.3 ± 1 %		3.6 ± 1 %	
1450	89.1 ± 1 %		51.7 ± 1 %		3.6 ± 1 %	
1500	80.5 ± 1 %		50.0 ± 1 %		3.6 ± 1 %	
1640	79.0 ± 1 %		45.7 ± 1 %		3.6 ± 1 %	
1750	75.2 ± 1 %		42.9 ± 1 %		3.6 ± 1 %	
1800	72.0 ± 1 %		41.7 ± 1 %		3.6 ± 1 %	
1900	68.0 ± 1 %		39.5 ± 1 %		3.6 ± 1 %	
1950	66.3 ± 1 %		38.5 ± 1 %		3.6 ± 1 %	
2000	64.5 ± 1 %		37.5 ± 1 %		3.6 ± 1 %	
2100	61.0 ± 1 %		35.7 ± 1 %		3.6 ± 1 %	
2300	55.5 ± 1 %		32.6 ± 1 %		3.6 ± 1 %	
2450	51.5 ± 1 %		30.4 ± 1 %		3.6 ± 1 %	
2600	48.5 ± 1 %		28.8 ± 1 %		3.6 ± 1 %	
3000	41.5 ± 1 %		25.0 ± 1 %		3.6 ± 1 %	
3300	-		-		-	
3500	37.0 ± 1 %		26.4 ± 1 %		3.6 ± 1 %	
3700	34.7 ± 1 %		26.4 ± 1 %		3.6 ± 1 %	
3900	-		-		-	
4200	-		-		-	
4600	-		-		-	
4900	-		-		-	

7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

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7.1 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ϵ_r')		Conductivity (σ) S/m	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 $\pm$ 10 %		0.87 $\pm$ 10 %	
450	43.5 $\pm$ 10 %		0.87 $\pm$ 10 %	
750	41.9 $\pm$ 10 %		0.89 $\pm$ 10 %	
835	41.5 $\pm$ 10 %	40.6	0.90 $\pm$ 10 %	0.89
900	41.5 $\pm$ 10 %		0.97 $\pm$ 10 %	
1450	40.5 $\pm$ 10 %		1.20 $\pm$ 10 %	
1500	40.4 $\pm$ 10 %		1.23 $\pm$ 10 %	
1640	40.2 $\pm$ 10 %		1.31 $\pm$ 10 %	
1750	40.1 $\pm$ 10 %		1.37 $\pm$ 10 %	
1800	40.0 $\pm$ 10 %		1.40 $\pm$ 10 %	
1900	40.0 $\pm$ 10 %		1.40 $\pm$ 10 %	
1950	40.0 $\pm$ 10 %		1.40 $\pm$ 10 %	
2000	40.0 $\pm$ 10 %		1.40 $\pm$ 10 %	
2100	39.8 $\pm$ 10 %		1.49 $\pm$ 10 %	
2300	39.5 $\pm$ 10 %		1.67 $\pm$ 10 %	
2450	39.2 $\pm$ 10 %		1.80 $\pm$ 10 %	
2600	39.0 $\pm$ 10 %		1.96 $\pm$ 10 %	
3000	38.5 $\pm$ 10 %		2.40 $\pm$ 10 %	
3300	38.2 $\pm$ 10 %		2.71 $\pm$ 10 %	
3500	37.9 $\pm$ 10 %		2.91 $\pm$ 10 %	
3700	37.7 $\pm$ 10 %		3.12 $\pm$ 10 %	
3900	37.5 $\pm$ 10 %		3.32 $\pm$ 10 %	
4200	37.1 $\pm$ 10 %		3.63 $\pm$ 10 %	
4600	36.7 $\pm$ 10 %		4.04 $\pm$ 10 %	
4900	36.3 $\pm$ 10 %		4.35 $\pm$ 10 %	

7.2 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH HEAD LIQUID

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

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Software	OPENSAR V5
Phantom	SN 13/09 SAM68
Probe	SN 41/18 EPG0333
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: ϵ_{ps}' : 40.6 σ : 0.89
Distance between dipole center and liquid	15.0 mm
Area scan resolution	$dx=8mm/dy=8mm$
Zoon Scan Resolution	$dx=8mm/dy=8mm/dz=5mm$
Frequency	835 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Humidity	30-70 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)		10 g SAR (W/kg/W)	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2.85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49		5.55	
835	9.56	9.57 (0.96)	6.22	6.04 (0.60)
900	10.9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.3	
1800	38.4		20.1	
1900	39.7		20.5	
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21.9	
2300	48.7		23.3	
2450	52.4		24	
2600	55.3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	
3300	-		-	
3500	67.1		25	
3700	67.4		24.2	
3900	-		-	
4200	-		-	
4600	-		-	
4900	-		-	

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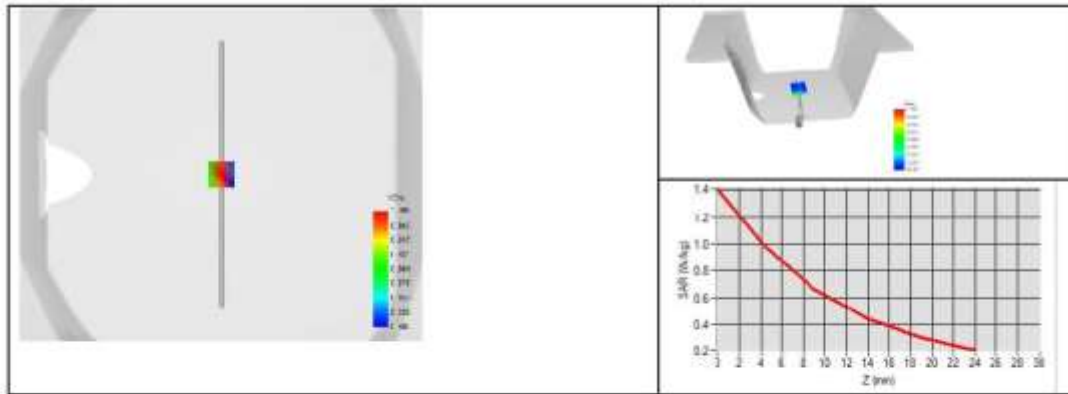
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7.3 BODY LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ϵ_r')		Conductivity (σ) S/m	
	required	measured	required	measured
150	61.9 $\pm$ 10 %		0.80 $\pm$ 10 %	
300	58.2 $\pm$ 10 %		0.92 $\pm$ 10 %	
450	56.7 $\pm$ 10 %		0.94 $\pm$ 10 %	
750	55.5 $\pm$ 10 %		0.96 $\pm$ 10 %	
835	55.2 $\pm$ 10 %	52.3	0.97 $\pm$ 10 %	0.94
900	55.0 $\pm$ 10 %		1.05 $\pm$ 10 %	
915	55.0 $\pm$ 10 %		1.06 $\pm$ 10 %	
1450	54.0 $\pm$ 10 %		1.30 $\pm$ 10 %	
1610	53.8 $\pm$ 10 %		1.40 $\pm$ 10 %	
1800	53.3 $\pm$ 10 %		1.52 $\pm$ 10 %	
1900	53.3 $\pm$ 10 %		1.52 $\pm$ 10 %	
2000	53.3 $\pm$ 10 %		1.52 $\pm$ 10 %	
2100	53.2 $\pm$ 10 %		1.62 $\pm$ 10 %	
2300	52.9 $\pm$ 10 %		1.81 $\pm$ 10 %	
2450	52.7 $\pm$ 10 %		1.95 $\pm$ 10 %	
2600	52.5 $\pm$ 10 %		2.16 $\pm$ 10 %	
3000	52.0 $\pm$ 10 %		2.73 $\pm$ 10 %	
3300	51.6 $\pm$ 10 %		3.08 $\pm$ 10 %	
3500	51.3 $\pm$ 10 %		3.31 $\pm$ 10 %	
3700	51.0 $\pm$ 10 %		3.55 $\pm$ 10 %	
3900	50.8 $\pm$ 10 %		3.78 $\pm$ 10 %	
4200	50.4 $\pm$ 10 %		4.13 $\pm$ 10 %	
4600	49.8 $\pm$ 10 %		4.60 $\pm$ 10 %	
4900	49.4 $\pm$ 10 %		4.95 $\pm$ 10 %	
5200	49.0 $\pm$ 10 %		5.30 $\pm$ 10 %	
5300	48.9 $\pm$ 10 %		5.42 $\pm$ 10 %	
5400	48.7 $\pm$ 10 %		5.53 $\pm$ 10 %	
5500	48.6 $\pm$ 10 %		5.65 $\pm$ 10 %	
5600	48.5 $\pm$ 10 %		5.77 $\pm$ 10 %	
5800	48.2 $\pm$ 10 %		6.00 $\pm$ 10 %	

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