



SAR EVALUATION REPORT

For

Global Distribution FZE

508/509, The Business Centre Building, Al Hamriya – Bur Dubai,

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FCC ID: 2ADPL-I321

Report Type: Original Report	Product Type: SMART MOBILE PHONE
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Report Number: <u>RDG141216002-20</u>	
Report Date: <u>2014-12-20</u>	
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Note: This test report is prepared for the customer shown above and for the equipment described herein. It may not be duplicated or used in part without prior written consent from Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp.

Attestation of Test Results			
EUT Information	Company Name	Global Distribution FZE	
	EUT Description	SMART MOBILE PHONE	
	FCC ID	2ADPL-I321	
	Model Number	i321	
	Test Date	2014-12-19	
Frequency	Max. SAR Level(s) Reported	Limit(W/Kg)	
GSM 850	0.202 W/kg 1g Head SAR 0.742 W/kg 1g Body SAR	1.6	
PCS 1900	0.281 W/kg 1g Head SAR 0.946 W/kg 1g Body SAR		
Simultaneous	0.645 W/kg 1g Head SAR 1.128 W/kg 1g Body SAR		
Applicable Standards	ANSI / IEEE C95.1 : 2005 IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields,3 kHz to 300 GHz.		
	ANSI / IEEE C95.3 : 2002 IEEE Recommended Practice for Measurements and Computations of Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields With Respect to Human Exposure to SuchFields,100 kHz—300 GHz.		
	IEEE1528:2013 IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques		
	KDB procedures KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02. KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r02. KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03 KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r01 KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02		
Note: This wireless device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Standards and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and RF exposure KDB procedures. The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.			

TABLE OF CONTENTS

DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY	5
EUT DESCRIPTION	6
TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION	6
REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUILDELINE.....	7
SAR LIMITS	8
FACILITIES.....	9
DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM	10
EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION	17
EQUIPMENTS LIST & CALIBRATION INFORMATION	17
SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION.....	18
LIQUID VERIFICATION	18
SYSTEM ACCURACY VERIFICATION	21
SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA	22
EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY	30
TEST POSITIONS FOR DEVICE OPERATING NEXT TO A PERSON'S EAR.....	30
CHEEK/TOUCH POSITION	31
EAR/TILT POSITION	31
TEST POSITIONS FOR BODY-WORN AND OTHER CONFIGURATIONS	32
SAR EVALUATION PROCEDURE.....	33
TEST METHODOLOGY	33
CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT.....	34
PROVISION APPLICABLE	34
TEST PROCEDURE	34
MAXIMUM OUTPUT POWER AMONG PRODUCTION UNITS	34
TEST RESULTS:	35
SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS.....	37
SAR TEST DATA.....	37
SAR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION DESCRIPTION	41
SAR PLOTS (SUMMARY OF THE HIGHEST SAR VALUES)	44
APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	48
APPENDIX B – PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES.....	49
APPENDIX C DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES	59
APPENDIX D EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS	77
LIQUID DEPTH $\geq 15\text{CM}$	77
BODY-WORN BACK SETUP PHOTO (10MM)	77
BODY-WORN LEFT SETUP PHOTO (10MM)	78
BODY-WORN RIGHT SETUP PHOTO (10MM)	78
BODY-WORN BOTTOM SETUP PHOTO (10MM)	79
LEFT HEAD TOUCH SETUP PHOTO	79
LEFT HEAD TILT SETUP PHOTO	80
RIGHT HEAD TOUCH SETUP PHOTO	80
RIGHT HEAD TILT SETUP PHOTO	81
APPENDIX E EUT PHOTOS	82
EUT – FRONT VIEW.....	82

EUT – BACK VIEW	82
EUT – LEFT SIDE VIEW	83
EUT – RIGHT SIDE VIEW	83
EUT – TOP VIEW	84
EUT – BOTTOM VIEW	84
EUT – UNCOVER VIEW	85
APPENDIX F INFORMATIVE REFERENCES	86

DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision
0	RDG141216002-20	Original Report	2014-12-20

EUT DESCRIPTION

This report has been prepared on behalf of Global Distribution FZE and their product, FCC ID: 2ADPL-I321, Model: i321 or the EUT (Equipment under Test) as referred to in the rest of this report.

Technical Specification

Product Type	Portable
Exposure Category:	Population / Uncontrolled
Antenna Type(s):	Internal Antenna
Body-Worn Accessories:	Headset
Face-Head Accessories:	None
Multi-slot Class:	Class12
Operation Mode :	GSM Voice, GPRS Data, Wi-Fi and Bluetooth
Frequency Band:	GSM 850 : 824-849 MHz(TX) ; 869-894 MHz(RX) PCS 1900: 1850-1910 MHz(TX) ; 1930-1990 MHz(RX) Wi-Fi: 2412MHz-2462MHz Bluetooth : 2402MHz-2480MHz
Conducted RF Power:	GSM 850 : 33.80 dBm PCS 1900: 30.10 dBm Wi-Fi: 9.32 dBm Bluetooth: 5.37dBm
Dimensions (L*W*H):	117 mm (L) × 62 mm (W) × 11 mm (H)
Power Source:	3.7 V _{DC} Rechargeable Battery
Normal Operation:	Head and Body-worn

REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUIDELINES

FCC:

The Report and Order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992 [6] for an uncontrolled environment (Paragraph 65). According to the Supplement C of OET Bulletin 65 "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guide-lines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", released on Jun 29, 2001 by the FCC, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in North America is 1.6 mW/g average over 1 gram of tissue mass.

CE:

The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 2 mW/g as recommended by EN62209-1 for an uncontrolled environment. According to the Standard, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in Europe is 2 mW/g average over 10 gram of tissue mass.

The test configurations were laid out on a specially designed test fixture to ensure the reproducibility of measurements. Each configuration was scanned for SAR. Analysis of each scan was carried out to characterize the above effects in the device.

SAR Limits

FCC Limit (1g Tissue)

EXPOSURE LIMITS	SAR (W/kg)	
	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0

CE Limit (10g Tissue)

EXPOSURE LIMITS	SAR (W/kg)	
	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 10 g of tissue)	2.0	10
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled environments Spatial Peak limit 1.6W/kg (FCC) & 2 W/kg (CE) applied to the EUT.

FACILITIES

The test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) to collect data is located at 6/F, the 3rd Phase of WanLi Industrial Building, Shi Hua Road, Fu Tian Free Trade Zone, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R. of China

DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM

These measurements were performed with ALSAS 10 Universal Integrated SAR Measurement system from APREL Laboratories.

ALSAS-10U System Description

ALSAS-10-U is fully compliant with the technical and scientific requirements of IEEE 1528, IEC 62209, CENELEC, ARIB, ACA, and the Federal Communications Commission. The system comprises of a six axes articulated robot which utilizes a dedicated controller.

ALSAS-10U uses the latest methodologies. And FDTD modeling to provide a platform which is repeatable with minimum uncertainty.

Applications

Predefined measurement procedures compliant with the guidelines of CENELEC, IEEE, IEC, FCC, etc are utilized during the assessment for the device. Automatic detection for all SAR maxima are embedded within the core architecture for the system, ensuring that peak locations used for centering the zoom scan are within a 1mm resolution and a 0.05mm repeatable position. System operation range currently available up-to 6 GHz in simulated tissue.

Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm² step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the ALSAS-10U software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m³ is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube 21.5mm.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 5x5x8 (8mmx8mmx5mm) providing a volume of 32mm in the X & Y axis, and 35mm in the Z axis.



ALSAS-10U Interpolation and Extrapolation Uncertainty

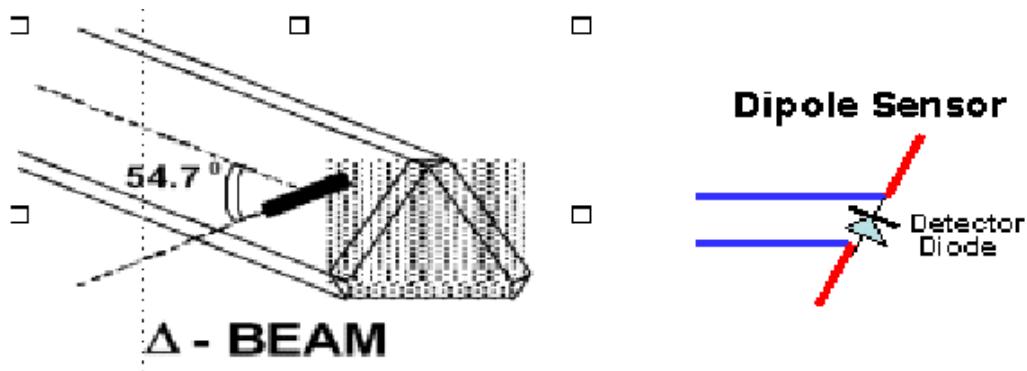
The overall uncertainty for the methodology and algorithms used during the SAR calculation was evaluated using the data from IEEE 1528 based on the example f3 algorithm:

$$f_3(x, y, z) = A \frac{a^2}{\frac{a^2}{4} + x'^2 + y'^2} \cdot \left(e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} + \frac{a^2}{2(a + 2z)^2} \right)$$

Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:



SAR is assessed with a calibrated probe which moves at a default height of 5mm from the center of the diode, which is mounted to the sensor, to the phantom surface (in the Z Axis). The 5mm offset height has been selected so as to minimize any resultant boundary effect due to the probe being in close proximity to the phantom surface.

The following algorithm is an example of the function used by the system for linearization of the output from the probe when measuring complex modulation schemes.

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification

Calibration Method	Frequency Dependent Below 1 GHz Calibration in air performed in a TEM Cell Above 1 GHz Calibration in air performed in waveguide
Sensitivity	0.70 $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ to 0.85 $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$
Dynamic Range	0.0005 W/kg to 100 W/kg
Isotropic Response	Better than 0.1 dB
Diode Compression Point (DCP)	Calibration for Specific Frequency
Probe Tip Diameter	< 2.9 mm
Sensor Offset	1.56 (+/- 0.02 mm)
Probe Length	289 mm
Video Bandwidth	@ 500 Hz: 1 dB @ 1.02 kHz: 3 dB
Boundary Effect	Less than 2.1% for distance greater than 0.58 mm
Spatial Resolution	The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.5% for 4.9mm diameter probe. The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.0% for 2.5mm diameter probe

Boundary Detection Unit and Probe Mounting Device

ALSAS-10U incorporates a boundary detection unit with a sensitivity of 0.05mm for detecting all types of surfaces. The robust design allows for detection during probe tilt (probe normalize) exercises, and utilizes a second stage emergency stop. The signal electronics are fed directly into the robot controller for high accuracy surface detection in lateral and axial detection modes (X, Y, & Z).

The probe is mounted directly onto the Boundary Detection unit for accurate tooling and displacement calculations controlled by the robot kinematics. The probe is connect to an isolated probe interconnect where the output stage of the probe is fed directly into the amplifier stage of the Daq-Paq.

Daq-Paq (Analog to Digital Electronics)

ALSAS-10U incorporates a fully calibrated Daq-Paq (analog to digital conversion system) which has a 4 channel input stage, sent via a 2 stage auto-set amplifier module. The input signal is amplified accordingly so as to offer a dynamic range from 5 μV to 800mV. Integration of the fields measured is carried out at board level utilizing a Co-Processor which then sends the measured fields down into the main computational module in digitized form via an RS232 communications port. Probe linearity and duty cycle compensation is carried out within the main Daq-Paq module.

ADC	12 Bit
Amplifier Range	20 mV to 200 mV and 150 mV to 800 mV
Field Integration	Local Co-Processor utilizing proprietary integration algorithms
Number of Input Channels	4 in total 3 dedicated and 1 spare
Communication	Packet data via RS232

Axis Articulated Robot

ALSAS-10U utilizes a six axis articulated robot, which is controlled using a Pentium based real-time movement controller. The movement kinematics engine utilizes proprietary (Thermo CRS) interpolation and extrapolation algorithms, which allow full freedom of movement for each of the six joints within the working envelope. Utilization of joint 6 allows for full probe rotation with a tolerance better than 0.05mm around the central axis.



Robot/Controller Manufacturer	Thermo CRS
Number of Axis	Six independently controlled axis
Positioning Repeatability	0.05 mm
Controller Type	Single phase Pentium based C500C
Robot Reach	710 mm
Communication	RS232 and LAN compatible

ALSAS Universal Workstation

ALSAS Universal workstation allows for repeatability and fast adaptability. It allows users to do calibration, testing and measurements using different types of phantoms with one set up, which significantly speeds up the measurement process.

Universal Device Positioner

The universal device positioner allows complete freedom of movement of the EUT. Developed to hold a EUT in a free-space scenario any additional loading attributable to the material used in the construction of the positioner has been eliminated. Repeatability has been enhanced through the linear scales which form the design used to indicate positioning for any given test scenario in all major axes. A 15° tilt indicator is included for the aid of cheek to tilt movements for head SAR analysis. Overall uncertainty for measurements have been reduced due to the design of the Universal device positioner, which allows positioning of a device in as near to a free-space scenario as possible, and by providing the means for complete repeatability.

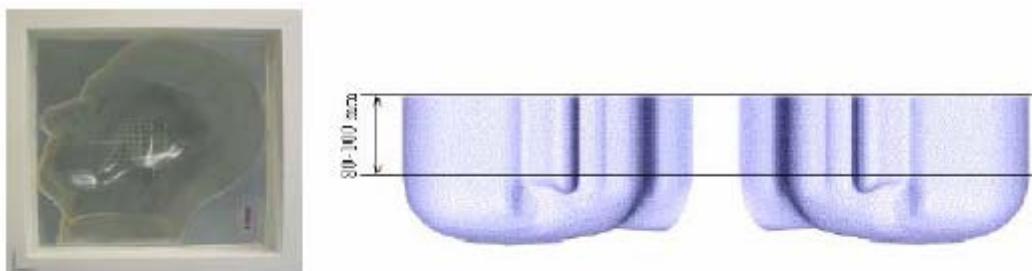


Phantom Types

The ALSAS-10U allows the integration of multiple phantom types. SAM Phantoms fully compliant with IEEE 1528, Universal Phantom, and Universal Flat.

APREL SAM Phantoms

The SAM phantoms developed using the IEEE SAM CAD file. They are fully compliant with the requirements for both IEEE 1528 and FCC Supplement C. Both the left and right SAM phantoms are interchangeable, transparent and include the IEEE 1528 grid with visible NF and MB lines.



APREL Laboratories Universal Phantom

The Universal Phantom is used on the ALSAS-10U as a system validation phantom. The Universal Phantom has been fully validated both experimentally from 800MHz to 6GHz and numerically using XFDTD numerical software.

The shell thickness is 2mm overall, with a 4mm spacer located at the NF/MB intersection providing an overall thickness of 6mm in line with the requirements of IEEE-1528.

The design allows for fast and accurate measurements, of handsets, by allowing the conservative SAR to be evaluated at one frequency for both left and right head experiments in one measurement.



Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

Ingredients (% by weight)	Frequency (MHz)									
	450		835		915		1900		2450	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Triton x-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5
Conductivity (s/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78

Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body

Frequency (MHz)	Head Tissue		Body Tissue	
	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

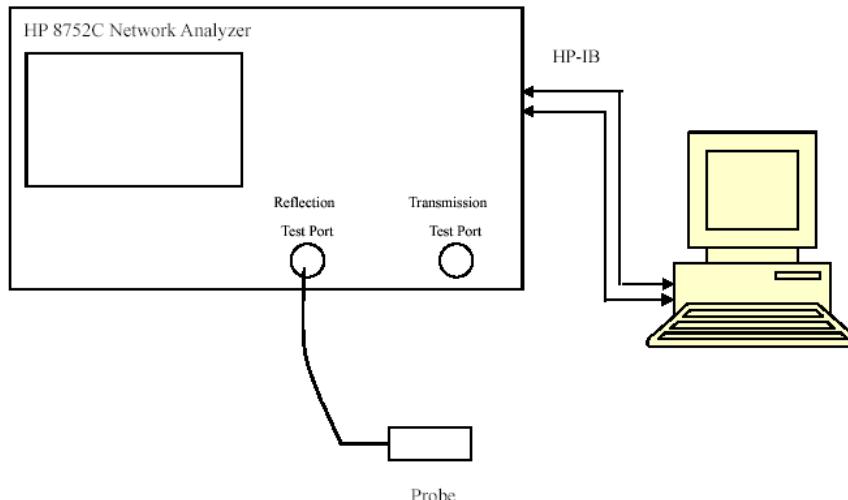
EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

Equipments List & Calibration Information

Equipment	Model	Calibration Date	S/N
CRS F3 robot	ALS-F3	N/A	RAF0805352
CRS F3 Software	ALS-F3-SW	N/A	N/A
CRS C500C controller	ALS-C500	N/A	RCF0805379
Probe mounting device & Boundary Detection Sensor System	ALS-PMDPS-3	N/A	120-00270
Universal Work Station	ALS-UWS	N/A	100-00157
Data Acquisition Package	ALS-DAQ-PAQ-3	2014-10-14	110-00212
Miniature E-Field Probe	ALS-E-020	2014-10-14	500-00283
Dipole, 835MHz	ALS-D-835-S-2	2014-10-08	180-00558
Dipole, 1900MHz	ALS-D-1900-S-2	2014-10-09	210-00710
Dipole Spacer	ALS-DS-U	N/A	250-00907
Device holder/Positioner	ALS-H-E-SET-2	N/A	170-00510
Left ear SAM phantom	ALS-P-SAM-L	N/A	130-00311
Right ear SAM phantom	ALS-P-SAM-R	N/A	140-00359
UniPhantom	ALS-P-UP-1	N/A	150-00413
Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Head	ALS-TS-835-H	Each Time	270-01002
Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Body	ALS-TS-835-B	Each Time	270-02101
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Head	ALS-TS-1900-H	Each Time	295-01103
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Body	ALS-TS-1900-B	Each Time	295-02102
Directional couple	DC6180A	N/A	0325849
Power Amplifier	5S1G4	N/A	71377
Dielectric probe kit	HP85070B	2014-06-13	N/A
Attenuator	3dB	2014-05-08	5402
Network analyzer	8752C	2014-06-03	3410A02356
Synthesized Sweeper	HP 8341B	2014-06-03	2624A00116
UNIVERSAL RADIO COMMUNICATION TESTER	CMU200	2013-11-23	106891
EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	2014-06-13	101746

SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

Liquid Verification



Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

Liquid Verification Results

Frequency	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance (%)
		ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	$\Delta\epsilon_r$	$\Delta\sigma$ (S/m)	
824.2	Head	41.09	0.91	41.50	0.90	-0.988	1.111	± 5
	Body	55.22	0.96	55.20	0.97	0.036	-1.031	± 5
836.6	Head	41.05	0.92	41.50	0.90	-1.084	2.222	± 5
	Body	55.29	0.98	55.20	0.97	0.163	1.031	± 5
848.8	Head	40.82	0.94	41.50	0.90	-1.639	4.444	± 5
	Body	55.38	1.00	55.20	0.97	0.326	3.093	± 5
1850.2	Head	40.18	1.41	40.00	1.40	0.450	0.714	± 5
	Body	52.96	1.51	53.30	1.52	-0.638	-0.658	± 5
1880.0	Head	40.19	1.43	40.00	1.40	0.475	2.143	± 5
	Body	52.71	1.55	53.30	1.52	-1.107	1.974	± 5
1909.8	Head	40.20	1.45	40.00	1.40	0.500	3.571	± 5
	Body	52.79	1.56	53.30	1.52	-0.957	2.632	± 5

*Liquid Verification was performed on 2014-12-19.

Please refer to the following tables.

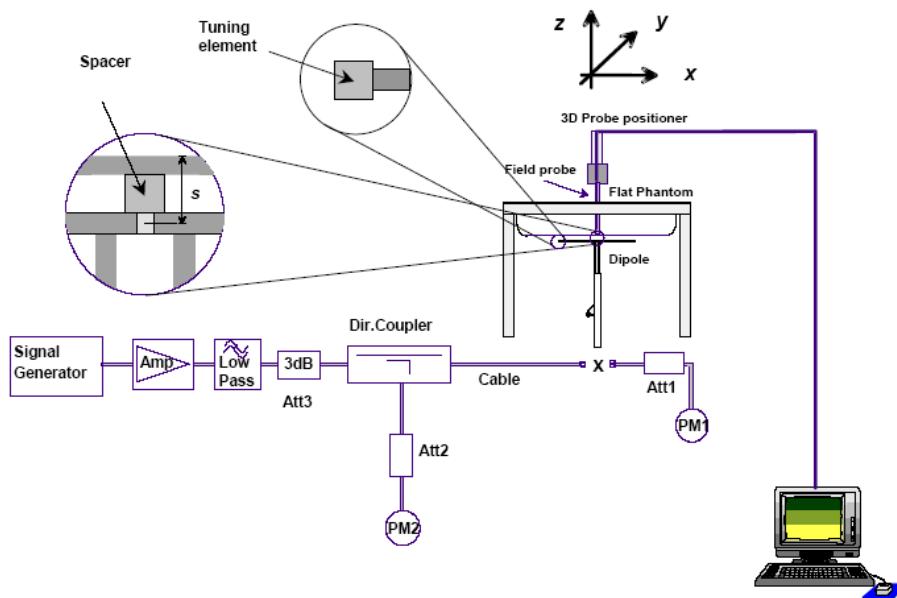
835 MHz Head			835 MHz Body		
Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''	Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''
824.0	41.0919	19.8616	824.0	55.2182	20.8745
824.5	41.0609	19.8622	824.5	55.2213	20.7740
825.0	41.0442	19.8627	825.0	55.2245	20.7865
825.5	40.9391	19.8633	825.5	55.2276	20.7990
826.0	40.9574	19.8638	826.0	55.2307	20.9340
826.5	40.9793	19.8644	826.5	55.2339	20.9977
827.0	40.9558	19.8649	827.0	55.2370	20.9122
827.5	41.0031	19.8655	827.5	55.2402	20.7904
828.0	41.0228	19.8661	828.0	55.2433	20.8249
828.5	41.0292	19.8666	828.5	55.2464	20.7824
829.0	41.0801	19.8672	829.0	55.2496	20.8865
829.5	41.0286	19.8677	829.5	55.2527	20.8294
830.0	41.0650	19.8683	830.0	55.2558	20.7072
830.5	41.0250	19.8688	830.5	55.2590	20.7716
831.0	40.9980	19.8694	831.0	55.2621	20.7568
831.5	41.0176	19.8699	831.5	55.2653	20.9642
832.0	40.9794	19.8705	832.0	55.2684	20.9419
832.5	40.9542	19.8710	832.5	55.2715	20.7186
833.0	40.9947	19.8716	833.0	55.2747	20.6520
833.5	41.0261	19.8722	833.5	55.2778	20.7634
834.0	41.0236	19.8727	834.0	55.2809	20.9153
834.5	41.0222	19.8733	834.5	55.2841	20.8082
835.0	41.0470	19.8738	835.0	55.2872	20.7517
835.5	41.0480	19.8747	835.5	55.2904	20.9994
836.0	41.0516	19.8755	836.0	55.2935	21.0063
836.5	41.0366	19.8764	836.5	55.2966	20.8641
837.0	41.0234	19.8772	837.0	55.2998	20.6912
837.5	41.0176	19.8781	837.5	55.3029	20.7275
838.0	41.0408	19.8789	838.0	55.3061	21.0118
838.5	40.9993	19.8798	838.5	55.3092	21.0270
839.0	40.9893	19.8807	839.0	55.3123	20.9490
839.5	40.9917	19.8815	839.5	55.3155	20.8839
840.0	41.0028	19.8824	840.0	55.3186	20.9511
840.5	40.9922	19.8832	840.5	55.3217	20.9965
841.0	40.9754	19.8841	841.0	55.3249	20.9516
841.5	41.0049	19.8849	841.5	55.3280	20.8883
842.0	41.0066	19.8858	842.0	55.3312	21.0642
842.5	41.0103	19.8866	842.5	55.3343	21.0327
843.0	41.0044	19.8775	843.0	55.3374	20.9931
843.5	40.9281	19.8783	843.5	55.3406	20.9486
844.0	41.0043	19.8792	844.0	55.3437	20.9662
844.5	40.9586	19.8800	844.5	55.3468	20.9921
845.0	40.8846	19.8809	845.0	55.3500	20.9016
845.5	40.8999	19.8817	845.5	55.3531	20.8480
846.0	40.8545	19.9027	846.0	55.3563	21.0210
846.5	40.8954	19.9035	846.5	55.3594	21.0824
847.0	40.8757	19.9044	847.0	55.3625	21.0312
847.5	40.8789	19.9052	847.5	55.3657	20.9515
848.0	40.8525	19.9061	848.0	55.3688	21.0417
848.5	40.8571	19.9069	848.5	55.3719	21.1198
849.0	40.8174	19.9078	849.0	55.3751	21.1199

1900 MHz Head				1900 MHz Body		
Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''		Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''
1850.0	40.1806	13.7424		1850.0	52.9584	14.6717
1851.2	40.1828	13.7124		1851.2	52.8903	14.6291
1852.4	40.1831	13.6797		1852.4	52.9092	14.6302
1853.6	40.1833	13.7031		1853.6	52.8857	14.6065
1854.8	40.1836	13.6970		1854.8	52.7886	14.6260
1856.0	40.1838	13.6211		1856.0	52.8916	14.6624
1857.2	40.1841	13.7610		1857.2	52.8848	14.6884
1858.4	40.1843	13.6572		1858.4	52.8668	14.6096
1859.6	40.1846	13.7111		1859.6	52.8485	14.6039
1860.8	40.1848	13.7125		1860.8	52.7442	14.6567
1862.0	40.1851	13.7290		1862.0	52.7719	14.4839
1863.2	40.1853	13.7514		1863.2	52.7179	14.4968
1864.4	40.1856	13.7864		1864.4	52.7527	14.5138
1865.6	40.1858	13.7810		1865.6	52.7591	14.4849
1866.8	40.1861	13.7698		1866.8	52.8341	14.4754
1868.0	40.1864	13.7883		1868.0	52.9026	14.4915
1869.2	40.1866	13.8491		1869.2	52.9116	14.5139
1870.4	40.1868	13.8418		1870.4	52.8251	14.5654
1871.6	40.1871	13.8157		1871.6	52.7675	14.5661
1872.8	40.1873	13.8458		1872.8	52.8060	14.5951
1874.0	40.1876	13.7885		1874.0	52.7324	14.6034
1875.2	40.1878	13.8225		1875.2	52.7956	14.6667
1876.4	40.1881	13.8205		1876.4	52.6987	14.5894
1877.6	40.1883	13.8850		1877.6	52.8010	14.6695
1878.8	40.1886	13.7806		1878.8	52.8288	14.8013
1880.0	40.1888	13.7258		1880.0	52.7111	14.8203
1881.2	40.1891	13.7745		1881.2	52.6693	14.8173
1882.4	40.1893	13.7971		1882.4	52.7649	14.7887
1883.6	40.1896	13.7659		1883.6	52.7304	14.7447
1884.8	40.1898	13.7665		1884.8	52.7553	14.7674
1886.0	40.1901	13.7658		1886.0	52.7905	14.6996
1887.2	40.1903	13.7610		1887.2	52.7713	14.6758
1888.4	40.1906	13.7561		1888.4	52.8610	14.7101
1889.6	40.1908	13.7513		1889.6	52.7915	14.7147
1890.8	40.1910	13.7464		1890.8	52.8372	14.7716
1892.0	40.1913	13.7416		1892.0	52.8252	14.5677
1893.2	40.1915	13.7367		1893.2	52.7976	14.5287
1894.4	40.1918	13.7319		1894.4	52.7703	14.5777
1895.6	40.1920	13.7270		1895.6	52.7631	14.9115
1896.8	40.1923	13.7222		1896.8	52.7530	14.9096
1898.0	40.1925	13.7173		1898.0	52.7533	14.8902
1899.2	40.1928	13.7125		1899.2	52.8303	14.8906
1900.4	40.1930	13.7077		1900.4	52.7952	14.7893
1901.6	40.1933	13.7028		1901.6	52.7987	14.8787
1902.8	40.1936	13.6980		1902.8	52.7678	14.8387
1904.0	40.1938	13.6931		1904.0	52.8495	14.8075
1905.2	40.1940	13.6883		1905.2	52.7613	14.7760
1906.4	40.1943	13.6834		1906.4	52.7512	14.7009
1907.6	40.1945	13.6786		1907.6	52.6769	14.8177
1908.8	40.1948	13.6737		1908.8	52.7612	14.7532
1910.0	40.1950	13.6689		1910.0	52.7877	14.7168

System Accuracy Verification

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of $\pm 10\%$. The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

System Verification Setup Block Diagram



Probe and dipole antenna List and Detail

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
APREL	Probe	ALS-E-020	500-00283	2014-10-14	2015-10-13
APREL	Dipole antenna(835MHz)	ALS-D-835-S-2	180-00558	2014-10-08	2017-10-07
APREL	Dipole antenna(1900MHz)	ALS-D-1900-S-2	210-00710	2014-10-09	2017-10-08

System Accuracy Check Results

Date	Frequency Band	Liquid Type	Measured SAR (W/Kg)		Target Value (W/Kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
2014-12-19	835	Head	1g	9.970	9.773	2.016	± 10
		Body	1g	10.052	9.736	3.246	± 10
	1900	Head	1g	39.725	39.481	0.618	± 10
		Body	1g	40.620	39.715	2.279	± 10

*All SAR values are normalized to 1 Watt forward power.

SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA**Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)****System Performance Check 835 MHz Head Liquid****Dipole 835 MHz; Type: ALS-D-835-S-2; S/N: 180-00558**

Product Data

Device Name : Dipole 835 MHz
Serial No. : 180-00558
Type : Dipole
Model : ALS-D-835-S-2
Frequency Band : 835
Max. Transmit Pwr : 1 W
Drift Time : 3 min(s)
Power Drift-Start : 9.938 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish : 9.963 W/kg
Power Drift (%) : 0.261

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni
Type : Uni-Phantom
Serial No. : System Default
Location : Center
Description : Default
Phantom Data

Tissue Data

Type : Head
Serial No. : 270-01002
Frequency : 835.0 MHz
Last Calib. Date : 19-Dec-2014
Temperature : 20.00 °C
Ambient Temp. : 21.00 °C
Humidity : 56.00 RH%
Epsilon : 41.05 F/m
Sigma : 0.92 S/m
Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

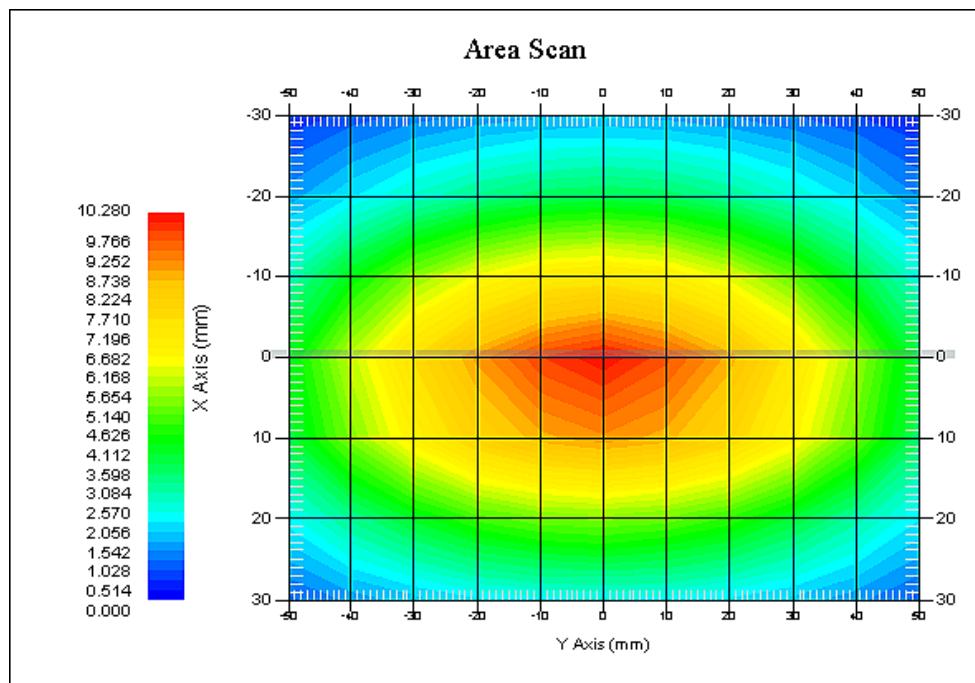
Probe Data

Name : E-Field
Model : E-020
Type : E-Field Triangle
Serial No. : 500-00283
Last Calib. Date : 14-Oct-2014
Frequency Band : 835
Duty Cycle Factor : 1
Conversion Factor : 5.9
Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 μV/(V/m)2
Compression Point : 95.00 mV
Offset : 1.56 mm

Measurement Data

Crest Factor : 1
Scan Type : Complete
Tissue Temp. : 21.00 °C
Ambient Temp. : 21.00 °C
Area Scan : 7x9x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

1 gram SAR value : 9.970 W/kg
10 gram SAR value : 6.306 W/kg
Area Scan Peak SAR : 10.280 W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 17.362 W/kg



835 MHz System Validation with Head Tissue

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)**System Performance Check 835 MHz Body Liquid****Dipole 835 MHz; Type: ALS-D-835-S-2; S/N: 180-00558****Product Data**

Device Name : Dipole 835 MHz
Serial No. : 180-00558
Type : Dipole
Model : ALS-D-835-S-2
Frequency Band : 835
Max. Transmit Pwr : 1 W
Drift Time : 3 min(s)
Power Drift-Start : 9.955 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish : 10.121 W/kg
Power Drift (%) : 1.779

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni
Type : Uni-Phantom
Serial No. : System Default
Location : Center
Description : Default
Phantom Data

Tissue Data

Type : Body
Serial No. : 270-02101
Frequency : 835.0 MHz
Last Calib. Date : 19-Dec-2014
Temperature : 20.00 °C
Ambient Temp. : 21.00 °C
Humidity : 56.00 RH%
Epsilon : 55.29 F/m
Sigma : 0.96 S/m
Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

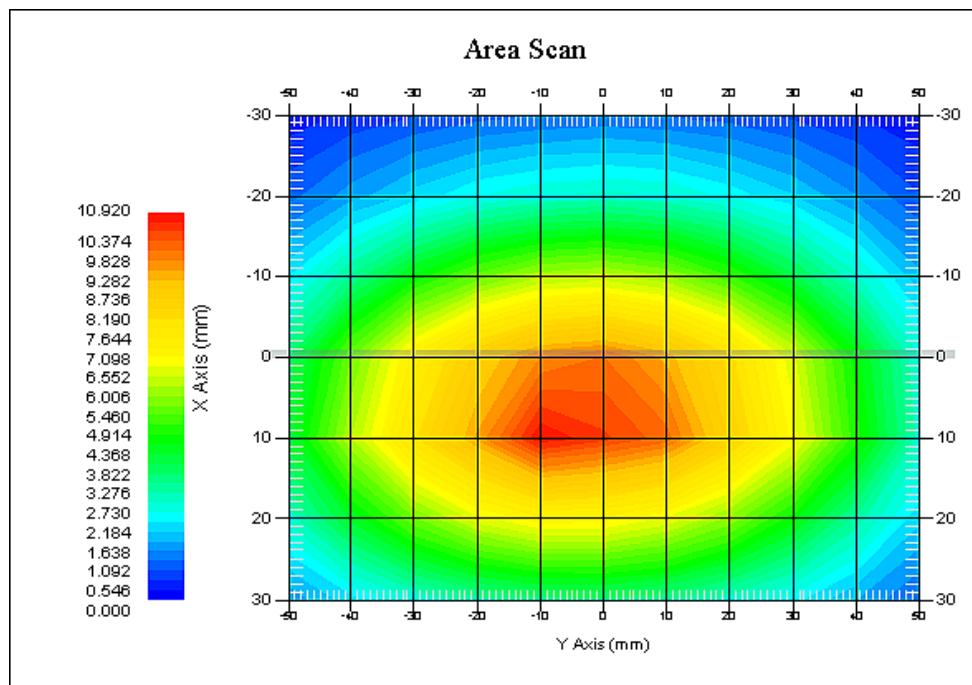
Probe Data

Name : E-Field
Model : E-020
Type : E-Field Triangle
Serial No. : 500-00283
Last Calib. Date : 14-Oct-2014
Frequency Band : 835
Duty Cycle Factor : 1
Conversion Factor : 5.9
Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 μV/(V/m)2
Compression Point : 95.00 mV
Offset : 1.56 mm

Measurement Data

Crest Factor : 1
Scan Type : Complete
Tissue Temp. : 21.00 °C
Ambient Temp. : 21.00 °C
Area Scan : 7x9x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

1 gram SAR value : 10.052 W/kg
10 gram SAR value : 6.622 W/kg
Area Scan Peak SAR : 10.920 W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 16.598 W/kg



835 MHz System Validation with Body Tissue

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)**System Performance Check 1900 MHz Head Liquid****Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: ALS-D-1900-S-2; S/N: 210-00710****Product Data**

Device Name : Dipole 1900MHz
Serial No. : 210-00710
Type : Dipole
Model : ALS-D-1900-S-2
Frequency Band : 1900
Max. Transmit Pwr : 1 W
Drift Time : 3 min(s)
Power Drift-Start : 38.862 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish : 39.331 W/kg
Power Drift (%) : 1.305

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni
Type : Uni-Phantom
Serial No. : System Default
Location : Center
Description : Default

Tissue Data

Type : Head
Serial No. : 295-01103
Frequency : 1900.00 MHz
Last Calib. Date : 19-Dec-2014
Temperature : 20.00 °C
Ambient Temp. : 21.00 °C
Humidity : 56.00 RH%
Epsilon : 40.19 F/m
Sigma : 1.45 S/m
Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. M

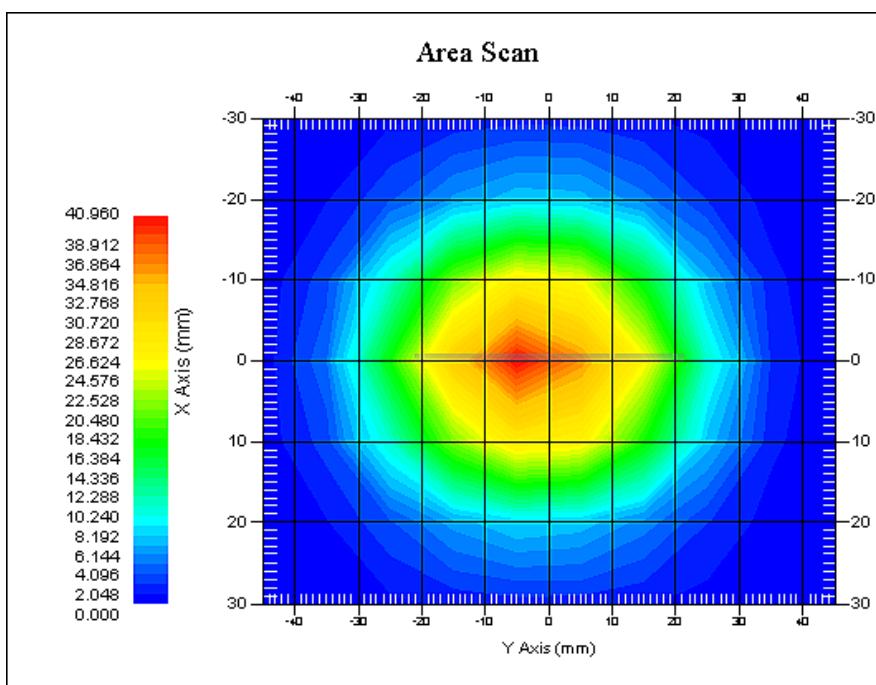
Probe Data

Name : E-Field
Model : E-020
Type : E-Field Triangle
Serial No. : 500-00283
Last Calib. Date : 14-Oct-2014
Frequency Band : 1900
Duty Cycle Factor : 1
Conversion Factor : 4.8
Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 μV/(V/m)2
Compression Point : 95.00 mV
Offset : 1.56 mm

Measurement Data

Crest Factor : 1
Scan Type : Complete
Tissue Temp. : 20.00 °C
Ambient Temp. : 20.00 °C
Area Scan : 7x9x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

1 gram SAR value : 39.725 W/kg
10 gram SAR value : 20.863 W/kg
Area Scan Peak SAR : 40.950 W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 77.825 W/kg



1900 MHz System Validation with Head Tissue

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)**System Performance Check 1900 MHz Body Liquid****Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: ALS-D-1900-S-2; S/N: 210-00710****Product Data**

Device Name : Dipole 1900MHz
Serial No. : 210-00710
Type : Dipole
Model : ALS-D-1900-S-2
Frequency Band : 1900
Max. Transmit Pwr : 1 W
Drift Time : 3 min(s)
Power Drift-Start : 40.419 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish : 40.962 W/kg
Power Drift (%) : 1.260

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni
Type : Uni-Phantom
Serial No. : System Default
Location : Center
Description : Default

Tissue Data

Type : Body
Serial No. : 295-02102
Frequency : 1900.00 MHz
Last Calib. Date : 19-Dec-2014
Temperature : 20.00 °C
Ambient Temp. : 21.00 °C
Humidity : 56.00 RH%
Epsilon : 52.80 F/m
Sigma : 1.56 S/m
Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

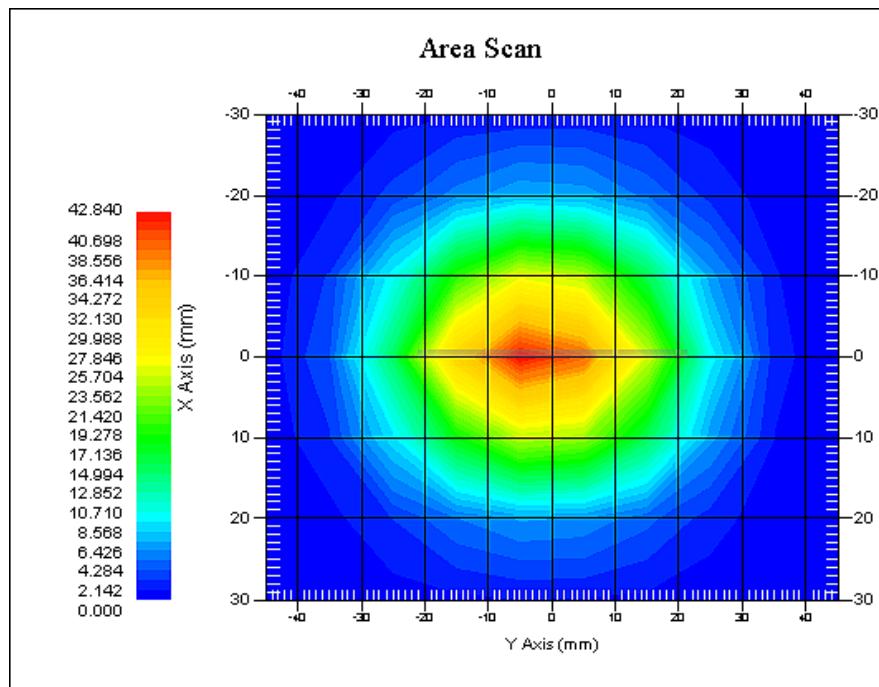
Probe Data

Name : E-Field
Model : E-020
Type : E-Field Triangle
Serial No. : 500-00283
Last Calib. Date : 14-Oct-2014
Frequency Band : 1900
Duty Cycle Factor : 1
Conversion Factor : 4.5
Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 μV/(V/m)2
Compression Point : 95.00 mV
Offset : 1.56 mm

Measurement Data

Crest Factor : 1
Scan Type : Complete
Tissue Temp. : 20.00 °C
Ambient Temp. : 21.00 °C
Area Scan : 7x9x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

1 gram SAR value : 40.620 W/kg
10 gram SAR value : 21.106 W/kg
Area Scan Peak SAR : 42.840 W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 78.802 W/kg



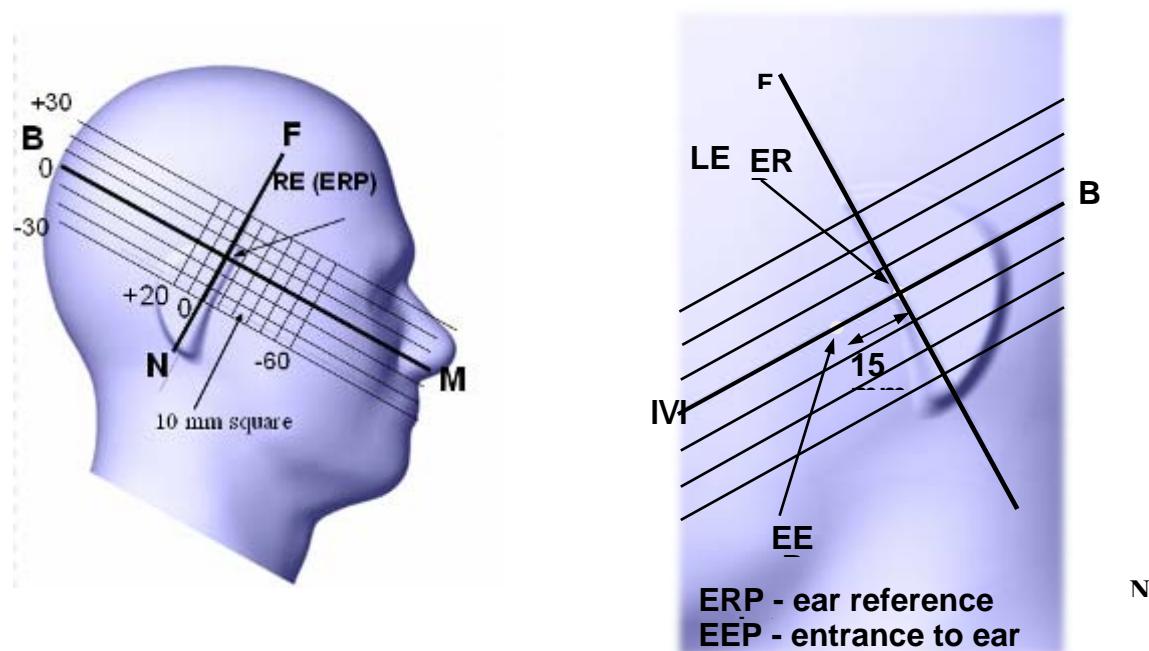
1900 MHz System Validation with Body Tissue

EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY

Test Positions for Device Operating Next to a Person's Ear

This category includes most wireless handsets with fixed, retractable or internal antennas located toward the top half of the device, with or without a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover. The handset should have its earpiece located within the upper $\frac{1}{4}$ of the device, either along the centerline or off-centered, as perceived by its users. This type of handset should be positioned in a normal operating position with the “test device reference point” located along the “vertical centerline” on the front of the device aligned to the “ear reference point”. The “test device reference point” should be located at the same level as the center of the earpiece region. The “vertical centerline” should bisect the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges. A “ear reference point” is located on the outer surface of the head phantom on each ear spacer. It is located 1.5 cm above the center of the ear canal entrance in the “phantom reference plane” defined by the three lines joining the center of each “ear reference point” (left and right) and the tip of the mouth.

A handset should be initially positioned with the earpiece region pressed against the ear spacer of a head phantom. For the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom, the device should be positioned parallel to the “N-F” line defined along the base of the ear spacer that contains the “ear reference point”. For interim head phantoms, the device should be positioned parallel to the cheek for maximum RF energy coupling. The “test device reference point” is aligned to the “ear reference point” on the head phantom and the “vertical centerline” is aligned to the “phantom reference plane”. This is called the “initial ear position”. While maintaining these three alignments, the body of the handset is gradually adjusted to each of the following positions for evaluating SAR:



Cheek/Touch Position

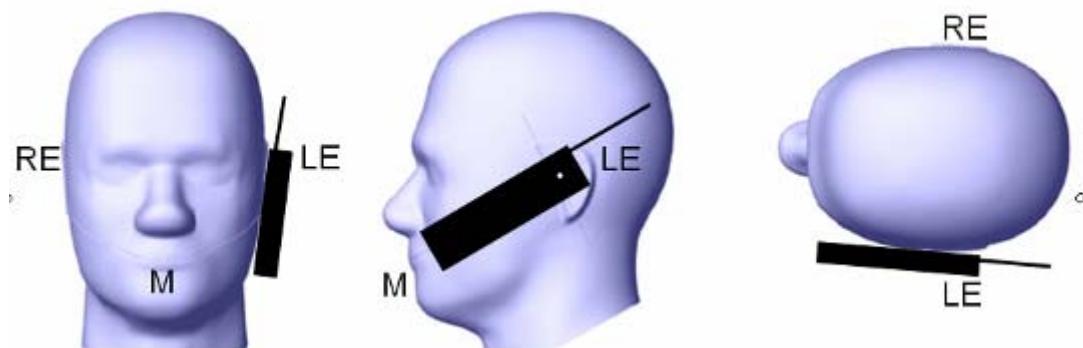
The device is brought toward the mouth of the head phantom by pivoting against the “ear reference point” or along the “N-F” line for the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom.

This test position is established:

- When any point on the display, keypad or mouthpiece portions of the handset is in contact with the phantom.
- (or) When any portion of a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover opened to its intended self-adjusting normal use position is in contact with the cheek or mouth of the phantom.

For existing head phantoms – when the handset loses contact with the phantom at the pivoting point, rotation should continue until the device touches the cheek of the phantom or breaks its last contact from the ear spacer.

Cheek /Touch Position



Ear/Tilt Position

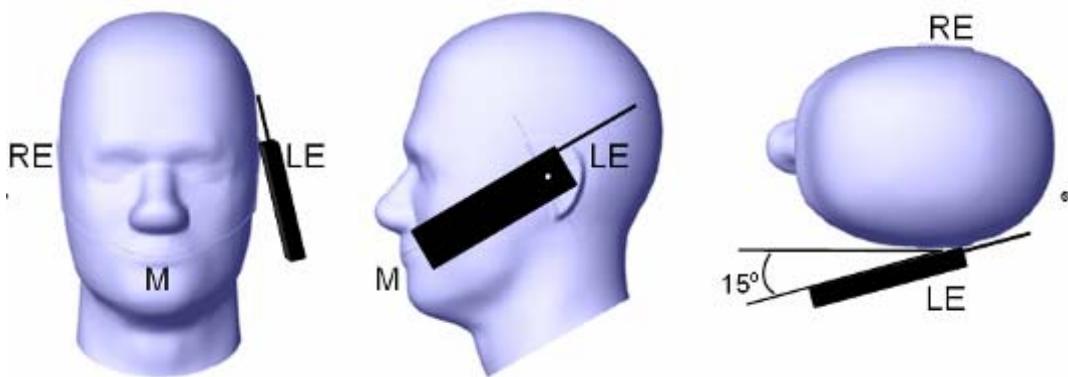
With the handset aligned in the “Cheek/Touch Position”:

1) If the earpiece of the handset is not in full contact with the phantom’s ear spacer (in the “Cheek/Touch position”) and the peak SAR location for the “Cheek/Touch” position is located at the ear spacer region or corresponds to the earpiece region of the handset, the device should be returned to the “initial ear position” by rotating it away from the mouth until the earpiece is in full contact with the ear spacer.

2) (otherwise) The handset should be moved (translated) away from the cheek perpendicular to the line passes through both “ear reference points” (note: one of these ear reference points may not physically exist on a split head model) for approximate 2-3 cm. While it is in this position, the device handset is tilted away from the mouth with respect to the “test device reference point” until the inside angle between the vertical centerline on the front surface of the phone and the horizontal line passing through the ear reference point is by 15-80°. After the tilt, it is then moved (translated) back toward the head perpendicular to the line passes through both “ear reference points” until the device touches the phantom or the ear spacer. If the antenna touches the head first, the positioning process should be repeated with a tilt angle less than 15° so that the device and its antenna would touch the phantom simultaneously. This test position may require a device holder or positioner to achieve the translation and tilting with acceptable positioning repeatability.

If a device is also designed to transmit with its keypad cover closed for operating in the head position, such positions should also be considered in the SAR evaluation. The device should be tested on the left and right side of the head phantom in the “Cheek/Touch” and “Ear/Tilt” positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s). If the transmission band of the test device is less than 10 MHz, testing at the high and low frequency channels is optional.

Ear /Tilt 15° Position



Test positions for body-worn and other configurations

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.

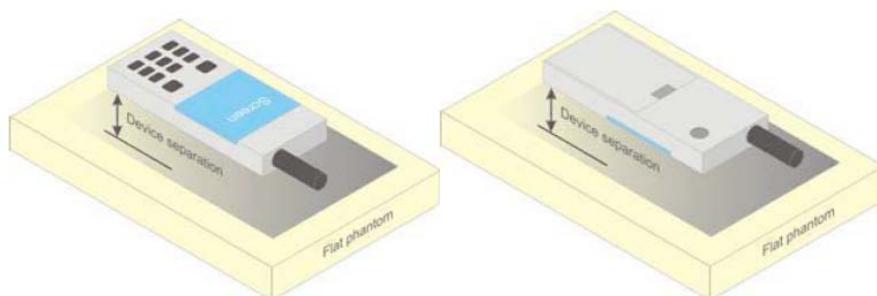


Figure 5 – Test positions for body-worn devices

SAR Evaluation Procedure

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.

Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or EUT and the horizontal grid spacing was 10 mm x 10 mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.

Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 35 mm x 35 mm x 35 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:

- 1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
- 2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

Test methodology

KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02.

KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r02.

KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03

KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r01

KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02

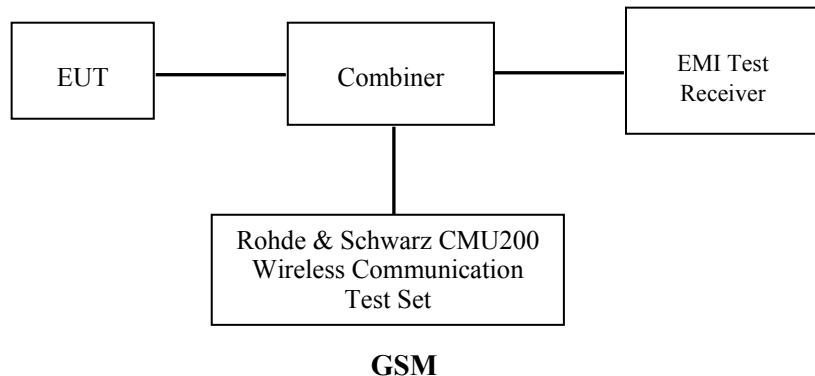
CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

Provision Applicable

The measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

Test Procedure

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the EMI Test Receiver through sufficient attenuation.



Maximum Output Power among production units

Mode/Band	Max Target Power for Production Unit (dBm)		
	Low	Middle	High
GSM 835	33.80	33.80	33.80
GPRS 1 slot	32.80	32.80	32.80
GPRS 2 slot	32.00	32.00	32.00
GPRS 3 slot	30.50	30.50	30.50
GPRS 4 slot	29.30	29.30	29.30
PCS 1900	30.10	30.10	30.10
GPRS 1 slot	29.40	29.40	29.40
GPRS 2 slot	28.50	28.50	28.50
GPRS 3 slot	26.70	26.70	26.70
GPRS 4 slot	25.60	25.60	25.60
Wi-Fi	9.40	9.40	9.40
BT	5.40	5.40	5.40

Test Results:**GSM:**

Band	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Output Power	
		Meas. Power (dBm)	Meas. Power (W)
GSM 850	824.2	33.70	2.344
	836.6	33.80	2.399
	848.8	33.50	2.239
PCS 1900	1850.2	30.10	1.023
	1880.0	29.90	0.977
	1909.8	29.70	0.933

GPRS:

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)			
			1 slot	2 slot	3 slots	4 slots
GSM 850	128	824.2	32.71	31.92	30.22	29.27
	190	836.6	32.76	31.99	30.26	29.28
	251	848.8	32.51	31.70	30.06	29.06
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	29.32	28.49	26.47	25.58
	661	1880.0	29.27	28.45	26.68	25.52
	810	1909.8	29.09	28.40	26.59	25.48

For SAR, the time based average power is relevant, the difference in between depends on the duty cycle of the TDMA signal.

Number of Time slot	1	2	3	4
Duty Cycle	1:8	1:4	1:2.66	1:2
Time based Ave. power compared to slotted Ave. power	-9 dB	-6 dB	-4.25 dB	-3 dB
Crest Factor	8	4	2.66	2

The time based average power for GPRS

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Time based average Power (dBm)			
			1 slot	2 slot	3 slots	4 slots
GSM 850	128	824.2	23.71	25.92	25.97	26.27
	190	836.6	23.76	25.99	26.01	26.28
	251	848.8	23.51	25.70	25.81	26.06
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	20.32	22.49	22.22	22.58
	661	1880.0	20.27	22.45	22.43	22.52
	810	1909.8	20.09	22.40	22.34	22.48

Note:

1. Rohde & Schwarz Radio Communication Tester (CMU200) was used for the measurement of GSM peak and average output power for active timeslots.
2. For GSM voice, 1 timeslot has been activated with power level 5 (850 MHz band) and 0 (1900 MHz band).
3. For GPRS, 1, 2, 3 and 4 timeslots has been activated separately with power level 3(850 MHz band) and 3(1900 MHz band).

Bluetooth:

Mode	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Power (dBm)	Power (mw)
BDR(GFSK)	2402	5.19	3.304
	2441	5.37	3.443
	2480	5.25	3.350
EDR(4-DQPSK)	2402	4.55	2.851
	2441	4.67	2.931
	2480	4.62	2.897
EDR-8DPSK	2402	4.59	2.877
	2441	4.75	2.985
	2480	4.70	2.951

Note:

EN62479-SAR is not required for low-power equipment where the available antenna power and/or the average total radiated power is less than or equal to the Pmax values given in Annex A (20 mW).

Wi-Fi

Band	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Output Power	
		(dBm)	(mw)
802.11b	2412	9.03	7.998
	2437	9.32	8.551
	2462	9.12	8.166
802.11g	2412	9.21	8.337
	2437	9.04	8.017
	2462	9.24	8.395
802.11n HT20	2412	9.11	8.147
	2437	8.97	7.889
	2462	9.28	8.472
802.11n HT40	2422	8.89	7.745
	2437	8.92	7.798
	2452	8.86	7.691

Note:

1. The output power was tested under data rate 1Mbps for 802.11b, 6Mbps for 802.11g, 6.5Mbps for 802.11n HT20, 13.5Mbps for 802.11n HT40

SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

SAR Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	21-24 °C
Relative Humidity:	50-53 %
ATM Pressure:	1001-1002 mbar

Testing was performed by Wilson Chen on 2014-12-19

GSM 850:

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Power Drift (%)	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	FCC 1g SAR (W/Kg)			
						Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Left Head Cheek	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GSM	-1.787	33.80	33.80	1.000	0.181	0.181	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Left Head Tilt	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GSM	-2.855	33.80	33.80	1.000	0.129	0.129	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Cheek	824.2	GSM	-2.066	33.70	33.80	1.023	0.197	0.202	1#
	836.6	GSM	0.609	33.80	33.80	1.000	0.189	0.189	/
	848.8	GSM	0.386	33.50	33.80	1.072	0.177	0.190	/
Right Head Tilt	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GSM	-2.305	33.80	33.80	1.000	0.131	0.131	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Back-Headset (10mm)	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GSM	-1.787	33.80	33.80	1.000	0.495	0.495	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

Note:

1. When the 1-g SAR is $\leq 0.8\text{W/Kg}$, testing for other channels are optional.
2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.
3. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

PCS Band:

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Power Drift (%)	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	FCC 1g SAR (W/Kg)			
						Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Left Head Cheek	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880.0	GSM	1.439	29.90	30.10	1.047	0.255	0.267	/
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Left Head Tilt	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880.0	GSM	-2.620	29.90	30.10	1.047	0.142	0.149	/
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Cheek	1850.2	GSM	1.979	30.10	30.10	1.000	0.272	0.272	/
	1880.0	GSM	-1.905	29.90	30.10	1.047	0.268	0.281	2#
	1909.8	GSM	-2.015	29.70	30.10	1.096	0.251	0.275	/
Right Head Tilt	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880.0	GSM	1.251	29.90	30.10	1.047	0.139	0.146	/
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Back-Headset (10mm)	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880.0	GSM	1.439	29.90	30.10	1.047	0.601	0.629	/
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

Note:

1. When the 1-g SAR is $\leq 0.8\text{W/Kg}$, testing for other channels are optional.
2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.
3. The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class 12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 2DL+3UL is the worst case .
4. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
5. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is $> \frac{1}{2} \text{dB}$, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.

Mobile Hot-Spot Test Result

The DUT is capable of functioning as a WiFi to Cellular Mobile hotspot. Additional SAR testing was performed according to KDB 941225 D06. Testing was performed with a separation of 1cm between the DUT and the flat phantom. The DUT was positioned for SAR tests with the front and back surfaces facing the phantom, and also with the edges facing the phantom in which the transmitting antenna is <2.5 cm from the edge. Each transmit band was utilized for SAR testing. The tested mode has been selected within each band that exhibits the highest time average output power.

Hot spot-GPRS (Frequency Band: 835)

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Power Drift (%)	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	FCC 1g SAR (W/Kg)			
						Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Body-Back (10mm)	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GPRS	-2.114	29.28	29.30	1.005	0.738	0.742	3#
	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Left (10mm)	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GPRS	0.829	29.28	29.30	1.005	0.294	0.295	/
	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Right (10mm)	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GPRS	-2.158	29.28	29.30	1.005	0.230	0.231	/
	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Bottom (10mm)	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GPRS	1.948	29.28	29.30	1.005	0.149	0.150	/
	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

Note:

1. When the 1-g SAR is $\leq 0.8\text{W/Kg}$, testing for other channels is optional.
2. The EUT is a Capability Class B mobile phone which can be attached to both GPRS and GSM services.
3. The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class 12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 1DL+4UL is the worst case.
4. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.
5. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

Hot spot-GPRS (Frequency Band: 1900)

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Power Drift (%)	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	FCC 1g SAR (W/Kg)			
						Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Body-Back (10mm)	1850.2	GPRS	-0.923	25.58	25.60	1.005	0.941	0.946	4#
	1880.0	GPRS	1.298	25.52	25.60	1.019	0.924	0.942	/
	1909.8	GPRS	-2.594	25.48	25.60	1.028	0.798	0.820	/
Body-Left (10mm)	1850.2	GPRS	-4.065	25.58	25.60	1.005	0.124	0.125	
	1880.0	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1909.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Right (10mm)	1850.2	GPRS	1.003	25.58	25.60	1.005	0.089	0.089	
	1880.0	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1909.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Bottom (10mm)	1850.2	GPRS	1.528	25.58	25.60	1.005	0.377	0.379	
	1880.0	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1909.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

Note:

1. When the 1-g SAR is $\leq 0.8\text{W/Kg}$, testing for other channels is optional.
2. The EUT is a Capability Class B mobile phone which can be attached to both GPRS and GSM services.
3. The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 1DL+4UL is the worst case.
4. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.
5. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

SAR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION DESCRIPTION

BT& Wi-Fi and GSM Antennas Location:



Simultaneous Transmission:

Description of Simultaneous Transmit Capabilities			Antennas Distance (mm)
Transmitter Combination	Simultaneous?	Hotspot?	
GSM + Bluetooth	√	✗	72
GSM + Wi-Fi	√	✗	72
GPRS + Bluetooth	√	✗	72
GPRS + Wi-Fi	√	√	72

Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

Head Position:

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	P _{avg} (dBm)	P _{avg} (mW)	Distance (mm)	Calculated value	Threshold (1-g)	SAR Test Exclusion
GSM850	850	24.80	302.00	0	55.69	3.0	No
PCS1900	1900	21.10	128.82	0	35.51	3.0	No
Wi-Fi	2450	9.40	8.71	0	2.73	3.0	Yes
Bluetooth	2450	5.40	3.47	0	1.09	3.0	Yes

Body Position:

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	P _{avg} (dBm)	P _{avg} (mW)	Distance (mm)	Calculated value	Threshold (1-g)	SAR Test Exclusion
GPRS850	850	26.30	426.58	10.00	39.33	3.0	No
GPRS1900	1900	22.60	181.97	10.00	25.08	3.0	No
Wi-Fi	2450	9.40	8.71	10.00	1.36	3.0	Yes
Bluetooth	2450	5.40	3.47	10.00	0.54	3.0	Yes

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

1. $f(\text{GHz})$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.
2. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.
3. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.
4. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.

Standalone SAR estimation:

Mode	Frequency (GHz)	Distance (mm)	P _{avg} (dBm)	P _{avg} (mW)	Estimated 1-g (W/kg)
Wi-Fi Head	2.45	0	9.40	8.71	0.364
BT Head	2.45	0	5.40	3.47	0.145
Wi-Fi Body	2.45	10	9.40	8.71	0.182
BT Body	2.45	10	5.40	3.47	0.073

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})/x}]$ W/kg for *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm;

where $x = 7.5$ for 1-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion

Simultaneous SAR test exclusion considerations:**GSM with BT:**

Mode	Position	Reported SAR (W/kg)		ΣSAR
		GSM	BT	< 1.6W/kg
GSM850	Left Head Cheek	0.181	0.145	0.326
	Left Head Tile	0.129	0.145	0.274
	Right Head Cheek	0.202	0.145	0.347
	Right Head Tilt	0.131	0.145	0.276
	Body-Headset-Back	0.495	0.073	0.568
PCS1900	Left Head Cheek	0.267	0.145	0.412
	Left Head Tile	0.149	0.145	0.294
	Right Head Cheek	0.281	0.145	0.426
	Right Head Tilt	0.146	0.145	0.291
	Body-Headset-Back	0.629	0.073	0.702

GSM with Wi-Fi:

Mode	Position	Reported SAR (W/kg)		ΣSAR
		GSM	Wi-Fi	< 1.6W/kg
GSM850	Left Head Cheek	0.181	0.364	0.545
	Left Head Tile	0.129	0.364	0.493
	Right Head Cheek	0.202	0.364	0.566
	Right Head Tilt	0.131	0.364	0.495
	Body-Headset-Back	0.495	0.182	0.677
PCS1900	Left Head Cheek	0.267	0.364	0.631
	Left Head Tile	0.149	0.364	0.513
	Right Head Cheek	0.281	0.364	0.645
	Right Head Tilt	0.146	0.364	0.510
	Body-Headset-Back	0.629	0.182	0.811

Conclusion:

ΣSAR < 1.6 W/kg therefore simultaneous transmission SAR with Volume Scans is **not** required.

Hotspot:

Evaluations for Simultaneous SAR, Mobile Hot Spot Positions					
Test Position	Body-Back (1.0cm)	Body-Left (1.0cm)	Body-Right (1.0cm)	Body-Bottom (1.0cm)	Body-Top (1.0cm)
Mode	Stand Alone 1-g SAR (W/Kg)				
GPRS 850	0.742	0.295	0.231	0.150	/
GPRS 1900	0.946	0.125	0.089	0.379	/
Wi-Fi	0.182	0.182	0.182	/	0.182
	Σ 1-g SAR(W/Kg)				
GPRS850 + Wi-Fi	0.924	0.477	0.413		
GPRS1900 + Wi-Fi	1.128	0.307	0.271		

Note:

If the sum of the 1g SAR measured for the simultaneously transmitting antennas is less than the SAR limit, SAR measurement for simultaneous transmission is not required.

SAR Plots (Summary of the Highest SAR Values)**Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)****Right Head Cheek (824.2 MHz Low Channel)****Measurement Data**

Test mode : GSM
Crest Factor : 8
Scan Type : Complete
Area Scan : 11x8x1: Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan : 7x7x7: Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm
Power Drift-Start : 0.098 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish : 0.096 W/kg
Power Drift (%) : -2.066

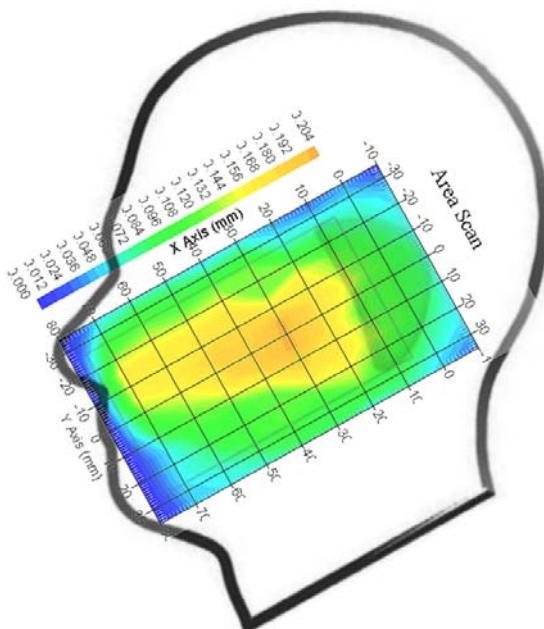
Tissue Data

Type : Head
Frequency : 824.2 MHz
Epsilon : 41.09 F/m
Sigma : 0.91 S/m
Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

Serial No. : 500-00283
Frequency Band : 835
Duty Cycle Factor : 8
Conversion Factor : 5.9
Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 μ V/(V/m)2
Compression Point : 95.00 mV
Offset : 1.56 mm

1 gram SAR value : 0.197 W/kg
10 gram SAR value : 0.149 W/kg
Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.204 W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.311 W/kg

Plot 1#

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)**Right Head Cheek(1880.0 MHz Middle Channel)**

Measurement Data

Test mode : GSM
Crest Factor : 8
Scan Type : Complete
Area Scan : 11x8x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm
Power Drift-Start : 0.005 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish : 0.005 W/kg
Power Drift (%) : -1.878

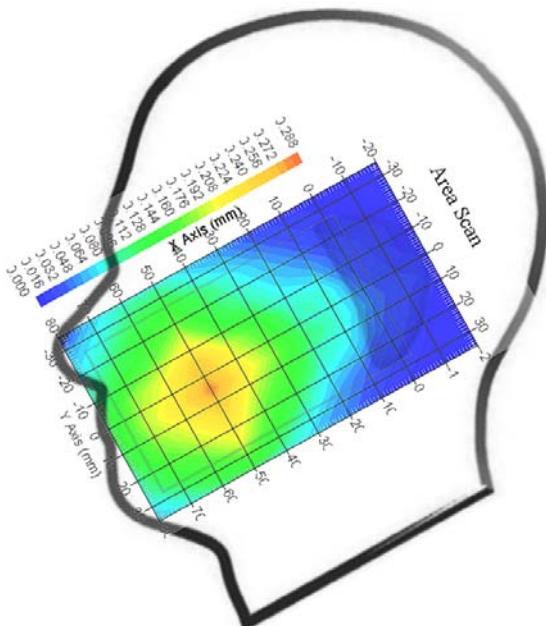
Tissue Data

Type : Head
Frequency : 1880.0 MHz
Epsilon : 40.19 F/m
Sigma : 1.43 S/m
Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. M

Probe Data

Serial No. : 500-00283
Frequency Band : 1900
Duty Cycle Factor : 8
Conversion Factor : 4.8
Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 μ V/(V/m)2
Compression Point : 95.00 mV
Offset : 1.56 mm

1 gram SAR value : 0.268 W/kg
10 gram SAR value : 0.152 W/kg
Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.288 W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.412 W/kg

Plot 2#

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)**Body-worn-Back (836.6 MHz Middle Channel)**

Measurement Data

Test mode : GPRS
Crest Factor : 2
Scan Type : Complete
Area Scan : 8x11x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm
Power Drift-Start : 0.689 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish : 0.675 W/kg
Power Drift (%) : -2.114

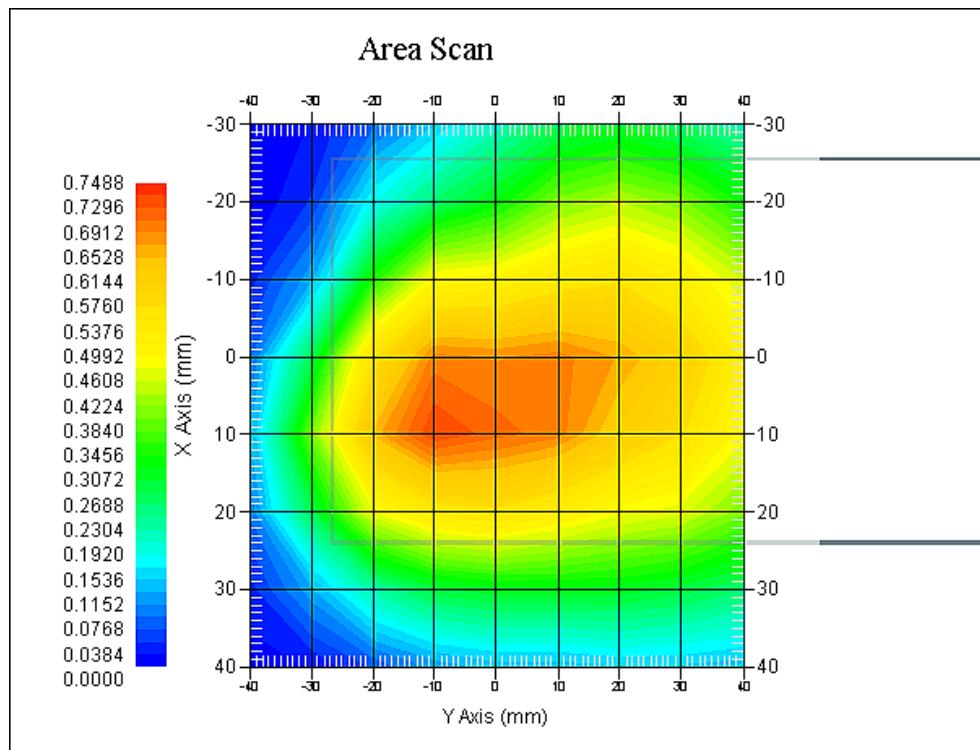
Tissue Data

Type : Body
Frequency : 836.6 MHz
Epsilon : 55.29 F/m
Sigma : 0.98 S/m
Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

Serial No. : 500-00283
Frequency Band : 835
Duty Cycle Factor : 2
Conversion Factor : 5.9
Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 μ V/(V/m)2
Compression Point : 95.00 mV
Offset : 1.56 mm

1 gram SAR value : 0.738 W/kg
10 gram SAR value : 0.515 W/kg
Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.748 W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 1.323 W/kg

Plot 3#

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)**Body-worn-Back (1850.2 MHz Low Channel)**

Measurement Data

Test mode : GPRS
Crest Factor : 2
Scan Type : Complete
Area Scan : 8x11x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm
Power Drift-Start : 0.925 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish : 0.916 W/kg
Power Drift (%) : -0.923

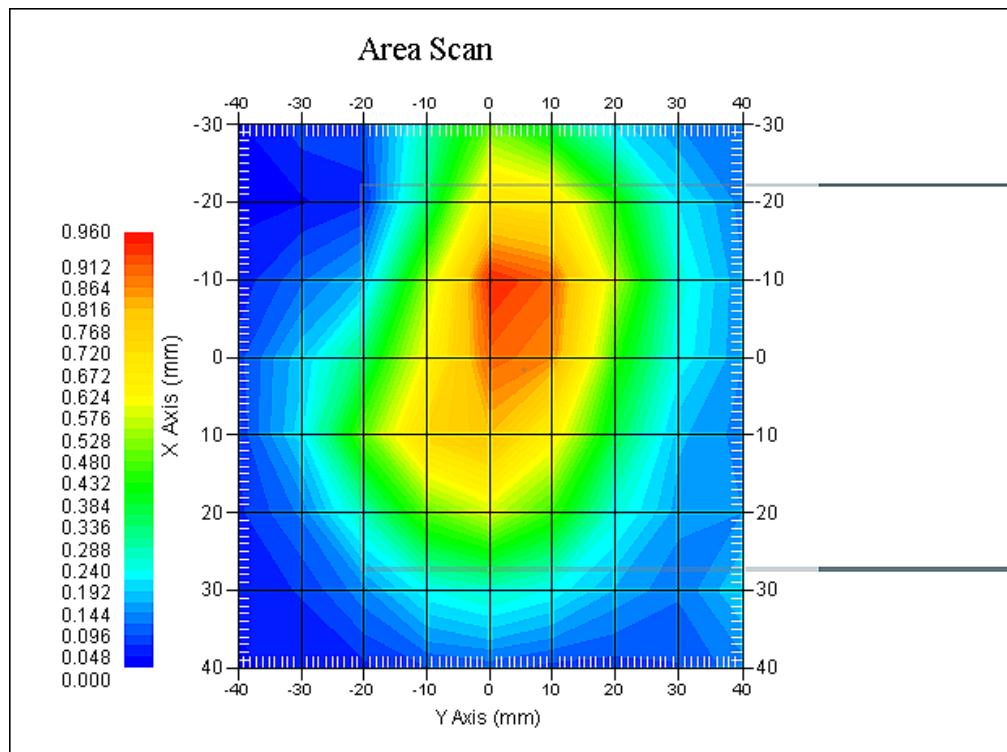
Tissue Data

Type : Body
Frequency : 1850.2 MHz
Epsilon : 52.96 F/m
Sigma : 1.51 S/m
Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

Serial No. : 500-00283
Frequency Band : 1900
Duty Cycle Factor : 2
Conversion Factor : 4.5
Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 μ V/(V/m)2
Compression Point : 95.00 mV
Offset : 1.56 mm

1 gram SAR value : 0.941 W/kg
10 gram SAR value : 0.522 W/kg
Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.960 W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 1.430 W/kg

Plot 4#

APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the measurement system and is given in the following Table.

Measurement Uncertainty for 30MHz to 6GHz

Source of Uncertainty	Tolerance Value	Probability Distribution	Divisor	$c_i^1 (1-g)$	$c_i^1 (10-g)$	Standard Uncertainty (1-g) %	Standard Uncertainty (10-g) %
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	3.5	normal	1	1	1	3.5	3.5
Axial Isotropy	3.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1-cp)^{1/2}$	$\frac{(1-cp)^1}{\sqrt{2}}$	1.5	1.5
Hemispherical Isotropy	10.9	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	\sqrt{cp}	\sqrt{cp}	4.4	4.4
Boundary Effect	1.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Detection Limit	1.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout Electronics	1.0	normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0
Response Time	0.8	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5
Integration Time	1.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.0	1.0
RF Ambient Condition -Noise	0.6	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3
RF Ambient Condition - Reflections	3.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7
Probe Positioner Mech. Restrictions	0.4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2
Restriction							
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	2.9	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7
Extrapolation and Integration	3.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.1	2.1
Test Sample Positioning	2.3	normal	1	1	1	2.3	2.3
Device Holder Uncertainty	6.215	normal	1	1	1	6.215	6.215
Drift of Output Power	4.627	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.67	2.67
Phantom and Setup							
Phantom Uncertainty(shape & thickness tolerance)	3.4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.0	2.0
Liquid Conductivity(target)	5.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.5	2.0	1.4
Liquid Conductivity(meas.)	1.938	normal	1	0.7	0.5	1.36	0.97
Liquid Permittivity(target)	5.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.5	1.7	1.4
Liquid Permittivity(meas.)	3.093	normal	1	0.6	0.5	1.86	1.55
Combined Uncertainty		RSS				10.78	10.55
Expanded uncertainty (coverage factor=2)		Normal(k=2)				21.56	21.10

APPENDIX B – PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES**NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES****Calibration File No.: PC-1598****Task No: BACL-5778****C E R T I F I C A T E O F C A L I B R A T I O N**

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the
NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized
procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Equipment: Miniature Isotropic RF Probe

Record of Calibration

Head and Body

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories

Model No.: E-020

Serial No.: 500-00283

Calibration Procedure: D01-032-E020-V2, D22-012-Tissue, D28-002-Dipole
Project No: BACL-5745

Calibrated: 14th October 2014
Released on: 14th October 2014

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:



Art Brennan, Quality Manager

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Suite 102, 303 Terry Fox Dr,
OTTAWA, ONTARIO
CANADA K2K 3J1

Division of APREL Lab.
TEL: (613) 435-8300
FAX: (613) 435-8306

NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Inc.

Introduction

This Calibration Report reproduces the results of the calibration performed in line with the references listed below. Calibration is performed using accepted methodologies as per the references listed below. Probes are calibrated for air, and tissue and the values reported are the results from the physical quantification of the probe through metrological practices.

Calibration Method

Probes are calibrated using the following methods.

<800 MHz

TEM Cell for sensitivity in air

Standard phantom using temperature transfer method for sensitivity in tissue

>800 MHz

Waveguide* method to determine sensitivity in air and tissue

*Waveguide is numerically (simulation) assessed to determine the field distribution and power

The boundary effect for the probe is assessed using a standard flat phantom where the probe output is compared against a numerically simulated series of data points

References

- o IEEE Standard 1528:2013
IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
- o EN 62209-1:2006
Human Exposure to RF Fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices - Human models, instrumentation, and procedures - Part 1: Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held mobile wireless devices
- o IEC 62209-2:2010
Human exposure to RF fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless devices - Human models, instrumentation, and procedures - Part 2: specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices (30 MHz - 6 GHz)
- o TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field probe calibration procedure
- o D22-012-Tissue dielectric tissue calibration procedure
- o D28-002-Dipole procedure for validation of SAR system using a dipole
- o IEEE 1309 Standard for Calibration of Electromagnetic Field Sensors and Probes, Excluding Antennas, from 9kHz to 40GHz

Page 2 of 10

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Conditions

Probe 500-00283 was a recalibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory:	22 °C +/- 1.5°C
Temperature of the Tissue:	21 °C +/- 1.5°C
Relative Humidity:	< 60%

Primary Measurement Standards

Instrument	Serial Number	Cal due date
Tektronix USB Power Meter	11C940	May 14, 2015
Signal Generator HP 83640B	3844A00689	Feb 12, 2015

Secondary Measurement Standards

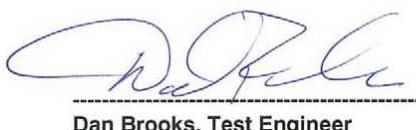
Network Analyzer Anritsu 37347C 002106 Feb. 20, 2015

Attestation

The below named signatories have conducted the calibration and review of the data which is presented in this calibration report.

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.



Art Brennan, Quality Manager

Dan Brooks, Test Engineer

Page 3 of 10

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Probe Summary

Probe Type: E-Field Probe E020
Serial Number: 500-00283
Frequency: As presented on page 5
Sensor Offset: 1.56
Sensor Length: 2.5
Tip Enclosure: Composite*
Tip Diameter: < 2.9 mm
Tip Length: 55 mm
Total Length: 289 mm

*Resistive to recommended tissue recipes per IEEE-1528

Sensitivity in Air

Channel X: 1.2 μ V/(V/m)²
Channel Y: 1.2 μ V/(V/m)²
Channel Z: 1.2 μ V/(V/m)²

Diode Compression Point: 95 mV

Page 4 of 10

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Calibration for Tissue (Head H, Body B)

Frequency	Tissue Type	Measured Epsilon	Measured Sigma	Standard Uncertainty (%)	Calibration Frequency Range (MHz)	Conversion Factor
450 H	Head	43.59	0.86	3.5	±50	5.7
450 B	Body	56.74	0.94	3.5	±50	5.8
750 H	Head	42.98	0.92	3.5	±50	6.0
750 B	Body	43.05	0.93	3.5	±50	5.5
835 H	Head	43.42	0.94	3.5	±50	5.9
835 B	Body	55.77	1.01	3.5	±50	5.9
900 H	Head	41.87	1.06	3.5	±50	6.0
900 B	Body	55.62	1.05	3.5	±50	5.9
1450 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
1450 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
1500 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
1500 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
1640 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
1640 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
1750 H	Head	38.23	1.38	3.5	±75	5.4
1750 B	Body	52.86	1.54	3.5	±75	5.3
1800 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
1800 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
1900 H	Head	40.20	1.38	3.5	±75	4.8
1900 B	Body	52.63	1.46	3.5	±75	4.5
2000 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
2000 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
2100 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
2100 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
2300 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
2300 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
2450 H	Head	37.26	1.84	3.5	±75	4.9
2450 B	Body	53.61	1.9	3.5	±75	4.3
3000 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
3000 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
3600 H	Head	37.49	3.16	3.5	±100	4.5
3600 B	Body	49.94	3.86	3.5	±100	4.0
5250 H	Head	35.51	4.78	3.5	±100	3.0
5250 B	Body	47.54	5.11	3.5	±100	2.8
5600 H	Head	36.05	5.15	3.5	±100	2.8
5600 B	Body	46.49	5.72	3.5	±100	2.2
5800 H	Head	45.99	6.01	3.5	±100	3.2
5800 B	Body	35.6	5.37	3.5	±100	2.5

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Boundary Effect:

Uncertainty resulting from the boundary effect is less than 2.1% for the distance between the tip of the probe and the tissue boundary, when less than 0.58mm.

Spatial Resolution:

The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.5% for 4.9mm diameter probe.
The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.0% for 2.5mm diameter probe.

DAQ-PAQ Contribution

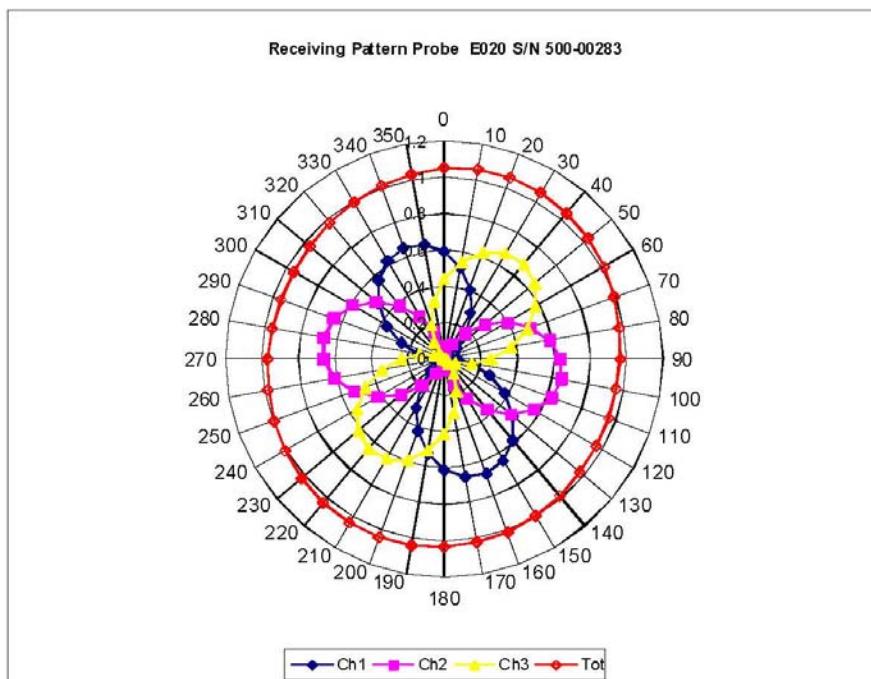
To minimize the uncertainty calculation all tissue sensitivity values were calculated using a load impedance of $5\text{ M}\Omega$.

Probe Calibration Uncertainty

Uncertainty component	Tolerance (\pm %)	Probability distribution	Divisor	Standard uncertainty (\pm %)
Incident or forward power	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1.44
Reflected power	2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1.15
Liquid conductivity measurement	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.58
Liquid permittivity measurement	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.58
Liquid conductivity deviation	1.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.87
Liquid permittivity deviation	1.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.87
Frequency deviation	2.25	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1.30
Field homogeneity	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1.44
Field-probe positioning	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1.44
Field-probe linearity	1.55	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.89
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS		3.50

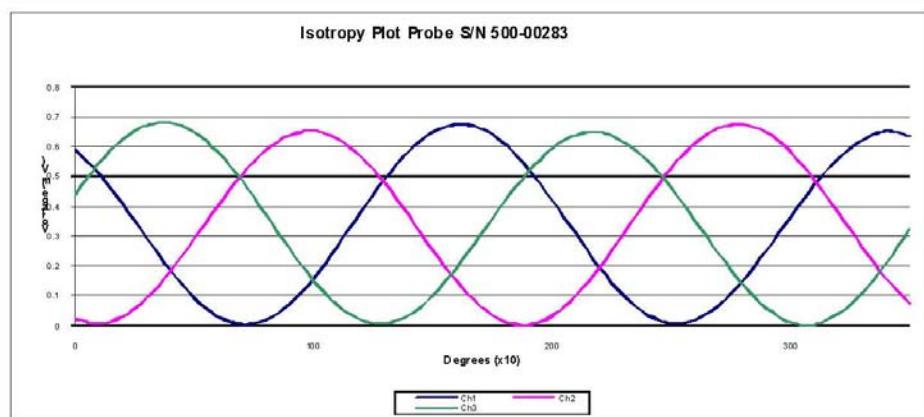
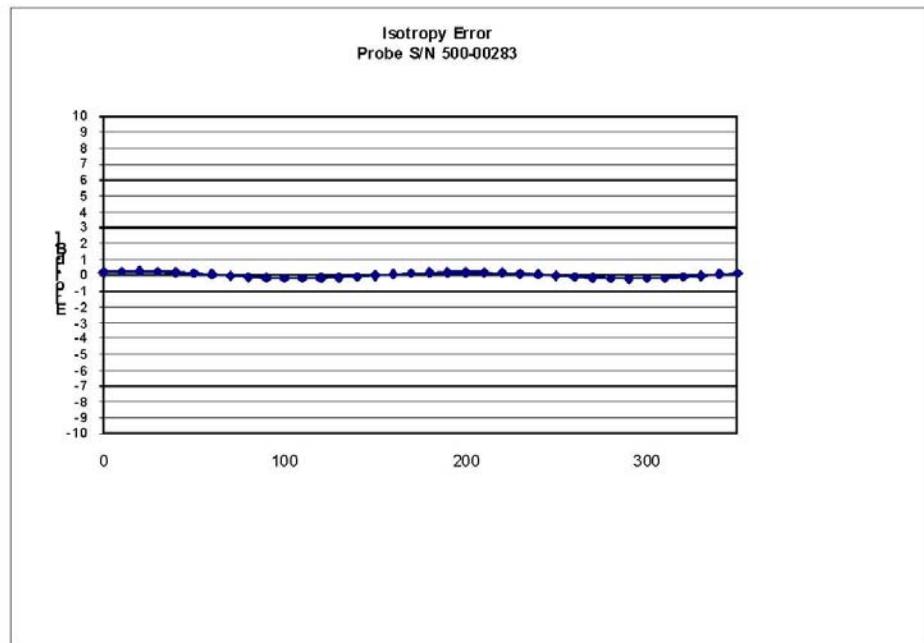
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Receiving Pattern Air

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Isotropy Error Air**Isotropicity Tissue:**

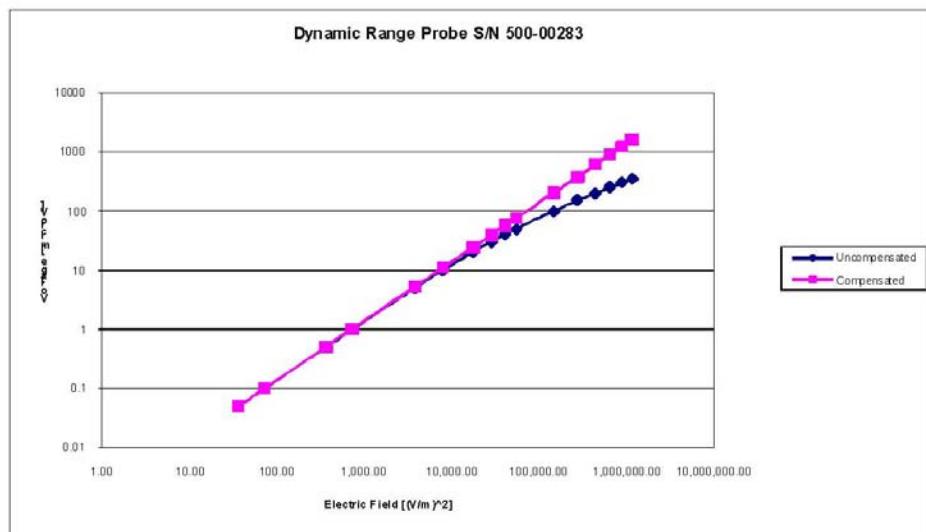
0.10 dB

Page 8 of 10

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Dynamic Range

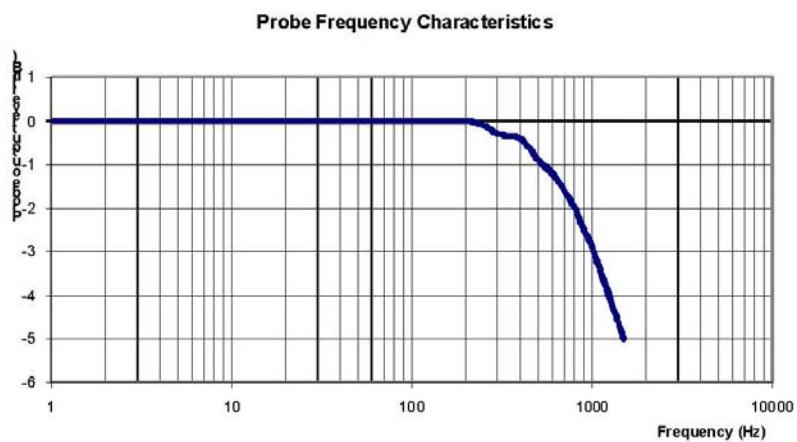
Page 9 of 10

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Video Bandwidth



Video Bandwidth at 500 Hz 1 dB
Video Bandwidth at 1.02 KHz: 3 dB

Test Equipment

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List May 2014.

Page 10 of 10
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