

**FCC RF EXPOSURE REPORT**

EUT	ZigBee Mini Hub
Frequency band (Operating)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> WLAN: 2.405GHz ~ 2.475GHz <input type="checkbox"/> WLAN: 2.422GHz ~ 2.452GHz <input type="checkbox"/> WLAN: 5.180GHz ~ 5.240GHz <input type="checkbox"/> WLAN: 5.190GHz ~ 5.230GHz
Device category	<input type="checkbox"/> Portable (<20cm separation) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mobile (>20cm separation)
Exposure classification	<input type="checkbox"/> Occupational/Controlled exposure (S = 5mW/cm ²) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> General Population/Uncontrolled exposure (S=1mW/cm ²)
Antenna diversity	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Single antenna <input type="checkbox"/> Multiple antennas <input type="checkbox"/> Tx diversity <input type="checkbox"/> Rx diversity <input type="checkbox"/> Tx/Rx diversity
Max. output power	15.69dBm (37.068mW)
Antenna gain (Max)	1.3dBi(Numeric gain:1.35)
Evaluation applied	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MPE Evaluation* <input type="checkbox"/> SAR Evaluation <input type="checkbox"/> N/A

Note:

1. The maximum output power is 15.69dBm (37.068mW) at 2405MHz (with numeric 1.35 antenna gain.)
2. DTS device is not subject to routine RF evaluation; MPE estimate is used to justify the compliance.
3. For mobile or fixed location transmitters, no SAR consideration applied. The maximum power density is 1.0 mW/cm² even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.

**TEST RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted.

Calculation

Given $E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d}$ & $S = \frac{E^2}{3770}$

Where E = Field strength in Volts / meter

P = Power in Watts

G = Numeric antenna gain

d = Distance in meters

S = Power density in milliwatts / square centimeter

Combining equations and re-arranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{3770d^2}$$

Changing to units of mW and cm, using:

$$P \text{ (mW)} = P \text{ (W)} / 1000 \text{ and}$$

$$d \text{ (cm)} = d \text{ (m)} / 100$$

Yields

$$S = \frac{30 \times (P/1000) \times G}{3770 \times (d/100)^2} = 0.0796 \times \frac{P \times G}{d^2} \quad \text{Equation 1}$$

Where d = Distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

S = Power density in mW / cm²



Maximum Permissible Exposure

EUT Output Power=37.068mW

Numeric antenna gain=1.35

Substituting the MPE safe distance using $d=20$ cm into *Equation 1* :

Yields

The power density = $9.955 \times 10^{-3} \text{mW/cm}^2$

(For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the maximum power density is 1.0 mW/cm^2 even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.)