



# FCC RADIO TEST REPORT

## FCC ID: 2ACLMFB201A

## IC: 11423A-FB201C

**Product:** GSM MOBILE PHONE

**Trade Name:** ROAM,Social

**Model Number:** FB201C

**Serial Model:** N/A

**Report No.:** BZT140630F01-1

### **Prepared for**

Social Mobile Telecommunications

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### **Prepared by**

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## TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION

**Applicant's name** ..... Social Mobile Telecommunications

Address ..... 16400 NW 2nd Ave Suite #201, Miami, FL 33169 USA

**Manufacturer's Name** ..... SHENZHEN SAGAMOBILE CO.,LTD

Address ..... RM.7A Benyuan Building, No.6015,Shennan Rd.,Futian district, Shenzhen, China

Product name..... GSM mobile phone

Band name ..... ROAM,Social

Model and/or type ..... FB201C  
reference .....

**Standards**..... FCC Part 22H and 24E

RSS 132 Issue 3 and RSS 133 Issue 6

Test procedure ..... ANSI C63.4-2003

This device described above has been tested by STS, and the test results show that the equipment under test (EUT) is in compliance with the FCC requirements. And it is applicable only to the tested sample identified in the report.

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**Date of Test** .....

Date (s) of performance of tests .....: June 10, 2014-June 17, 2014

Date of Issue .....: July 03, 2014

Test Result.....: **Pass**

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(Lynn Chen)

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(Carlen Liu)

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(Tommy Zhang)



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## 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

### 1.1 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

A major technical description of EUT is described as following:

Product Designation:	GSM mobile phone
Hardware version:	--
Software version:	--
FCC ID:	<b>2ACLMFB201A</b>
Frequency Bands:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> GSM 850 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PCS 1900 (U.S. Bands) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> GSM 900 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DCS 1800 (Non-U.S. Bands) U.S. Bands: <input type="checkbox"/> UMTS FDD Band II <input type="checkbox"/> UMTS FDD Band V Non-U.S. Bands: <input type="checkbox"/> UMTS FDD Band I <input type="checkbox"/> UMTS FDD Band VIII
Bluetooth	Frequency: 2402 – 2480 MHz Modulation: GFSK(1Mbps)
Antenna:	Integrated Antenna
Antenna gain:	1.0dBi
Power Supply:	DC 3.7V by battery or DC 5.0V supplied by adapter
Battery parameter:	DC 3.7V/600mAh
Adapter Input:	AC100-240V, 50-60Hz
Adapter Output:	DC 5.0V, 600mA
GPRS Class	12
Extreme Vol. Limits:	DC3.4 V to 4.2 V (Nominal DC3.7 V)
Extreme Temp. Tolerance	-10°C to +50°C

\*\* Note: The High Voltage 4.2V and Low Voltage 3.4V was declared by manufacturer, The EUT couldn't be operate normally with higher or lower voltage.



## 1.2 RELATED SUBMITTAL(S)/GRANT (S)

This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for **FCC ID: 2ACLMFB201C** filing to comply with the FCC Part 22H&24E.

## 1.3 TEST METHODOLOGY

The radiated emission testing was performed according to the procedures of ANSI C 63.4: 2003; TIA/EIA 603 and FCC CFR 47 Rules of 2.1046, 2.1047, 2.1049, 2.1051, 2.1053, 2.1055, 2.1057.

## 1.4 TEST FACILITY

The test site used to collect the radiated data is located at:

BZT Testing Technology Co.,Ltd.

1/F, Building E, Fenda Science Park, Sanwei Community, Xixiang Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen P.R. China.

The test site is constructed and calibrated to meet the FCC requirements in documents ANSI C63.4: 2003.

FCC Registration No.: 701733 IC No.: 11493A-1

## 1.5 MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENTS

NAME OF EQUIPMENT	MANUFACTURER	MODEL	SERIAL NUMBER	NEXT CAL. DATE
SPECTRUM ANALYZER	AGILENT	E4440A	US44300399	2014.6.26
TEST RECEIVER	R&S	ESCI	A0304218	2014.6.26
COMMUNICATION TESTER	AGILENT	8960	3104A03367	2014.7.21
COMMUNICATION TESTER	R&S	CMU200	A0304247	2014.7.21
TEST RECEIVER	R&S	FCKL1528	A0304230	2014.6.26
LISN	SCHWARZBECK	NSLK8127	A0304233	2014.6.26
CLIMATE CHAMBER	ALBATROSS	--	--	2014.6.26
Loop Antenna	Daze	ZN30900N	SEL0097	2014.6.26
Biological Antenna	A.H. Systems Inc.	SAS-521-4	N/A	2015.4.26
Horn Antenna	EM	EM-AH-10180	N/A	2015.4.26

## 1.6 SPECIAL ACCESSORIES

The battery and the charger, earphone supplied by the applicant were used as accessories and being tested with EUT intended for FCC grant together.

## 1.7 EQUIPMENT MODIFICATIONS

Not available for this EUT intended for grant.



## 2. SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

### 2.1 EUT CONFIGURATION

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commission's requirement and operating in a manner which intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

### 2.2 EUT EXERCISE

The Transmitter was operated in the maximum output power mode through Communication Tester. The TX frequency was fixed which was for the purpose of the measurements.



## 2.4 CONFIGURATION OF EUT SYSTEM

Fig. 2-1 Configuration of EUT System



Table 2-1 Equipment Used in EUT System

Item	Equipment	Model No.	ID or Specification	Note
1	GSM mobile phone	FB201C	FCC ID: 2ACLMFB201C	EUT

*Note: All the accessories have been used during the test.*

*the following "EUT" in setup diagram means EUT system.*



### 3. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

Item Description	FCC Rules	IC Rules	Result
Conducted Output Power	22.913(a) / 24.232 (b)	RSS 132 § 5.4/ RSS133 § 6.4	Pass
Radiated Output Power			
Conducted Spurious Emission	2.1051 / 22.917 /	RSS-132 § 5.5/ RSS-133 § 6.5	Pass
Radiated Spurious Emission	24.238		
Frequency Stability	2.1055 /24.235	RSS-132 § 5.3/ RSS-133 § 6.3	Pass
Occupied Bandwidth	2.1049 (h)(i)	RSS-Gen 4.6.1	Pass
Emission Bandwidth	22.917(b) / 24.238 (b)	RSS-132 § 5.5/ RSS-133 § 6.5	Pass
Band Edge	22.917(b) / 24.238 (b)	RSS-132 § 5.5/ RSS-133 § 6.5	Pass

### 4. DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

During the testing, the EUT was controlled via Rhode & Schwarz Digital Radio Communication Tester (CMU 200) to ensure max power transmission and proper modulation. Three channels (The top channel, the middle channel and the bottom channel) were chosen for testing on both GPRS850 and GPRS1900 frequency band.

**Note:** GSM/GPRS 850, GSM/GPRS 1900 have been tested during the test.

the worst condition (GPRS 850) be recorded in the test report if no other modes test data.



## 5. OUTPUT POWER

### 5.1 CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER

#### 5.1.1 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The EUT was setup for the max output power with pseudo random data modulation. Power was measured with Spectrum Analyzer. The measurements were performed on all modes(GPRS 850, GPRS1900,) at 3 typical channels(the Top Channel, the Middle Channel and the Bottom Channel) for each band.

#### 5.1.2 MEASUREMENT RESULT

Conducted Output Power Limits for GSM 850 MHZ		
Mode	Nominal Peak Power	Tolerance(dB)
GSM850	32 dBm	+/- 1

Conducted Output Power Limits for PCS 1900 MHZ		
Mode	Nominal Peak Power	Tolerance(dB)
GSM1900	29.5 dBm	+/- 1



**GSM 850:**

<b>Mode</b>	<b>Frequency (MHz)</b>	<b>Peak Power</b>
GSM850	824.2	32.05
	836.6	32.69
	848.8	32.63
GPRS850 (1 Slot)	824.2	31.42
	836.6	31.48
	848.8	31.12
GPRS850 (2 Slot)	824.2	28.47
	836.6	28.34
	848.8	28.18
GPRS850 (3 Slot)	824.2	27.23
	836.6	27.98
	848.8	27.08
GPRS850 (4 Slot)	824.2	26.65
	836.6	26.83
	848.8	26.46

**PCS 1900:**

<b>Mode</b>	<b>Frequency (MHz)</b>	<b>Peak Power</b>
GSM1900	1850.2	29.64
	1880	29.98
	1909.8	29.68
GPRS1900 (1 Slot)	1850.2	27.67
	1880	27.88
	1909.8	27.96
GPRS1900 (2 Slot)	1850.2	25.48
	1880	25.38
	1909.8	25.42
GPRS1900 (3 Slot)	1850.2	24.29
	1880	24.09
	1909.8	24.33
GPRS1900 (4 Slot)	1850.2	23.57
	1880	23.75
	1909.8	23.39



## 5.2 RADIATED OUTPUT POWER

### 5.2.1 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The measurements procedures specified in TIA-603C-2004 were applied.

- 1 In an anechoic antenna test chamber, a half-wave dipole antenna for the frequency band of interest is placed at the reference centre of the chamber. An RF Signal source for the frequency band of interest is connected to the dipole with a cable that has been constructed to not interfere with the radiation pattern of the antenna. A known (measured) power ( $P_{in}$ ) is applied to the input of the dipole, and the power received ( $P_r$ ) at the chamber's probe antenna is recorded.
- 2 The substitution method is used. Substitution values at each frequency are measured before and saved to the test software. A "reference path loss" is established as  $AR_{pl}=P_{in} + 2.15 - P_r$ . The  $AR_{pl}$  is the attenuation of "reference path loss", and including the gain of receive antenna, the cable loss and the air loss. The measurement results are obtained as described below:  $Power=PM_{ea}+AR_{pl}$
- 3 The EUT is substituted for the dipole at the reference centre of the chamber and a scan is performed to obtain the radiation pattern.
- 4 From the radiation pattern, the co-ordinates where the maximum antenna gain occurs are identified.
- 5 The EUT is then put into continuously transmitting mode at its maximum power level.
- 6 Power mode measurements are performed with the receiving antenna placed at the coordinates determined in Step 3 to determine the output power as defined in Rule 24.232 (b) and (c). The "reference path loss" from Step 1 is added to this result.
- 7 This value is EIRP since the measurement is calibrated using a half-wave dipole antenna of known gain (2.15 dBi) and known input power ( $P_{in}$ ).
- 8 ERP can be calculated from EIRP by subtracting the gain of the dipole,  $ERP = EIRP - 2.15\text{dBi}$ .
9. Both horizontal and vertical antenna polarities were tested and performed pretest to three orthogonal axis. The worst case emissions were reported

### 5.2.2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE

This is the test for the maximum radiated power from the EUT. Rule Part 24.232(b) specifies, "Mobile/portable stations are limited to 2 watts e.i.r.p. Peak power" and 24.232(c) specifies that "Peak transmit power must be measured over any interval of continuous transmission using instrumentation calibrated in terms of an rms-equivalent voltage." Rule Part 22.913(a) specifies "Maximum ERP. The effective radiated power (ERP) of base transmitters and cellular repeaters must not exceed 500 Watts. The ERP of mobile transmitters and auxiliary test transmitters must not exceed 7 Watts."

Mode	Nominal Peak Power
GSM 850	<=38.45 dBm (7W)
PCS 1900	<=33 dBm (2W)



### 5.2.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

**GSM850**

<b>Frequency</b>	<b>Polar</b>	<b>Meter Reading</b>	<b>Factor</b>	<b>Max. Peak ERP</b>	<b>Conclusion</b>
<b>(MHz)</b>	<b>(H/V)</b>	<b>(dBm)</b>	<b>(dB)</b>	<b>(dBm)</b>	
824.20	H	4.20	23.58	27.78	Pass
824.20	V	6.80	23.58	30.38	Pass
836.60	H	4.35	23.70	28.05	Pass
836.60	V	6.59	23.70	30.29	Pass
848.80	H	4.27	23.79	28.06	Pass
848.80	V	7.26	23.29	<b>30.55</b>	Pass

**GPRS 850**

<b>Frequency</b>	<b>Polar</b>	<b>Meter Reading</b>	<b>Factor</b>	<b>Max. Peak ERP</b>	<b>Conclusion</b>
<b>(MHz)</b>	<b>(H/V)</b>	<b>(dBm)</b>	<b>(dB)</b>	<b>(dBd)</b>	
824.20	H	2.77	23.58	26.35	Pass
824.20	V	5.31	23.58	28.89	Pass
836.60	H	4.16	23.70	27.86	Pass
836.60	V	4.99	23.70	28.69	Pass
848.80	H	2.98	23.79	26.77	Pass
848.80	V	5.66	23.29	<b>28.95</b>	Pass

Remark: Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier



### GSM 1900

Frequency (MHz)	Polar (H/V)	Meter Reading (dBm)	Factor (dB)	Max. Peak ERP (dBd)	Conclusion
1850.20	H	2.77	23.58	26.17	Pass
1850.20	V	5.31	23.58	27.25	Pass
1880.00	H	4.16	23.70	26.34	Pass
1880.00	V	4.99	23.70	27.81	Pass
1909.80	H	2.98	23.79	26.46	Pass
1909.80	V	5.66	23.29	<b>27.86</b>	Pass

### GPRS 1900

Frequency (MHz)	Polar (H/V)	Meter Reading (dBm)	Factor (dB)	Max. Peak ERP (dBd)	Conclusion
1850.2	H	17.61	8.56	25.28	Pass
1850.2	V	18.69	8.56	26.21	Pass
1880.0	H	17.72	8.62	25.14	Pass
1880.0	V	19.19	8.62	26.46	Pass
1909.8	H	17.77	8.69	25.32	Pass
1909.8	V	19.17	8.69	<b>26.67</b>	Pass

Remark: Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier



## 6. SPURIOUS EMISSION

### 6.1 CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSION

#### 6.1.1 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the conducted emissions from the EUT.

1, Determine frequency range for measurements: From CFR 2.1057 the spectrum should be investigated from the lowest radio frequency generated in the equipment up to at least the 10th harmonic of the carrier frequency. For the equipment of PCS1900 band, this equates to a frequency range of 30 MHz to 19.1 GHz, data taken from 30 MHz to 20 GHz. For GSM850 data taken from 30 MHz to 9 GHz.

2, Determine EUT transmit frequencies: the following typical channels were chosen to conducted emissions testing.

<b>Typical Channels for testing of GSM/GPRS 850 MHz</b>	
Channel	Frequency (MHz)
128	824.2
190	836.6
251	848.8

<b>Typical Channels for testing of PCS/ GPRS 1900 MHz</b>	
Channel	Frequency (MHz)
512	1850.2
661	1880.0
810	1909.8



### **6.1.2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE**

On any frequency outside frequency band of the USPCS spectrum, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P, in Watts) by at least  $43+10\log(P)$  dB. For all power levels +30 dBm to 0 dBm, this becomes a constant specification limit of -13 dBm.

### **6.1.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT**

**PLEASE REFER TO : APPENDIX I TEST PLOTS FOR CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSION**

**Note:**

1. Below 30MHZ no Spurious found and The GSM modes is the worst condition.
2. As no emission found in standby or receive mode, no recording in this report.

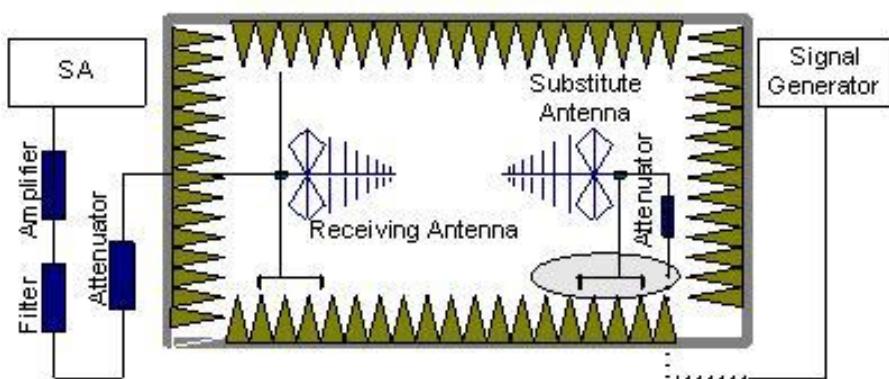
## 6.2 RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSION

### 6.2.1 MEASUREMENT METHOD

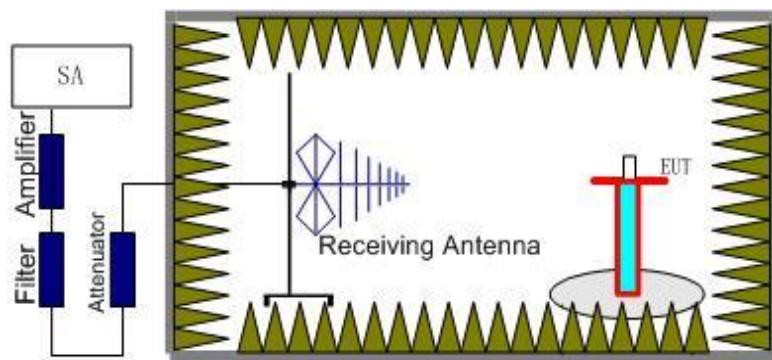
The measurements procedures specified in TIA-603C-2004 were used for testing. The spectrum was scanned from 30 MHz to the 10th harmonic of the highest frequency generated within the equipment. The resolution bandwidth is set 1MHz as outlined in Part 24.238. The measurements were performed on all modes(GPRS850, GPRS1900) at 3 typical channels(the Top Channel, the Middle Channel and the Bottom Channel) for each band.

The procedure of radiated spurious emissions is as follows:

a) Pre-calibration With pre-calibration method, the Radiated Spurious Emissions(RSE) is calculated as,  $RSE = Rx \text{ (dBuV)} + CL \text{ (dB)} + SA \text{ (dB)} + Gain \text{ (dBi)} - 107 \text{ (dBuV to dBm)}$  The SA is calibrated using following setup.



b) EUT was placed on a 0.8 meter high non-conductive stand at a 3 meter test distance from the receive antenna. A receiving antenna was placed on the antenna mast 3 meters from the test item for emission measurements. The height of receiving antenna is 0.8m. The test setup refers to figure below. Detected emissions were maximized at each frequency by rotating the test item and adjusting the receiving antenna polarization. The radiated emission measurements of all non-harmonic and harmonics of the transmit frequency through the 10th harmonic were measured with peak detector and 1MHz bandwidth.



Radiated emissions measurements were made only at the upper, middle, and lower carrier frequencies of the PCS 1900 band (1850.2 MHz, 1880 MHz and 1909.8 MHz), GSM850 band (824.2MHz, 836.6MHz, 848.8MHz). It was decided that measurements at these three carrier frequencies would be sufficient to demonstrate compliance with emissions limits because it was seen that all the significant spurs occur well outside the band and no radiation was seen from a carrier in one block of any band into any of the other blocks.

The substitution method is used. Substitution values at each frequency are measured before and saved to the test software. A "reference path loss" is established and the  $A_{RPL}$  is the attenuation of "reference path loss", and including the gain of receive antenna, the gain of the preamplifier, the cable loss and the air loss. The measurement results are obtained as described below:  $\text{Power} = P_{\text{Mea}} + A_{RPL}$

## 6.2.2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE

(a) On any frequency outside a licensee's frequency block (e.g. A, D, B, etc.) within the USPCS spectrum, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power ( $P$ , in Watts) by at least  $43 + 10 \log(P)$  dB. The specification that emissions shall be attenuated below the transmitter power ( $P$ ) by at least  $43 + 10 \log(P)$  dB, translates in the relevant power range (1 to 0.001 W) to -13 dBm. At 1 W the specified minimum attenuation becomes 43 dB and relative to a 30 dBm (1 W) carrier becomes a limit of -13 dBm. At 0.001 W (0 dBm) the minimum attenuation is 13 dB, which again yields a limit of -13 dBm. In this way a translation of the specification from relative to absolute terms is carried out.

**Note:** only result the worst condition of each test mode:



### 6.2.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

GSM 850:

<b>The Worst Test Results Channel 128/824.2 MHz</b>					
Frequency(MHz)	Power(dBm)	A <sub>Rpl</sub> (dBm)	P <sub>Mea</sub> (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Polarity
1648.4	-28.45	-4.65	-33.1	-13.00	Vertical
1648.4	-25.74	-4.65	-30.39	-13.00	Horizontal
2472.6	-27.94	-2.1	-30.04	-13.00	Horizontal
2472.6	-31.21	-2.1	-33.31	-13.00	Vertical

<b>The Worst Test Results Channel 190/836.6 MHz</b>					
Frequency(MHz)	Power(dBm)	A <sub>Rpl</sub> (dBm)	P <sub>Mea</sub> (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Polarity
1673.2	-27.38	-4.97	-32.35	-13.00	Vertical
1673.2	-24.56	-4.97	-29.53	-13.00	Horizontal
2509.8	-26.86	-2.35	-29.21	-13.00	Horizontal
2509.8	-29.85	-2.35	-32.2	-13.00	Vertical

<b>The Worst Test Results Channel 251/848.8 MHz</b>					
Frequency(MHz)	Power(dBm)	A <sub>Rpl</sub> (dBm)	P <sub>Mea</sub> (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Polarity
1697.6	-29.31	-4.97	-34.28	-13.00	Vertical
1697.6	-27.64	-4.97	-32.61	-13.00	Horizontal
2546.4	-26.94	-2.68	-29.62	-13.00	Horizontal
2546.4	-32.48	-2.68	-35.16	-13.00	Vertical



PCS 1900:

<b>The Worst Test Results for Channel 512/1850.2MHz</b>					
Frequency(MHz)	Power(dBm)	$A_{Rpl}$ (dBm)	$P_{Mea}$ (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Polarity
3720.698	-37.21	13.1	-24.11	-13.00	Vertical
3720.698	-35.35	13.1	-22.25	-13.00	Horizontal
5543.641	-35.28	14.7	-20.58	-13.00	Horizontal
5543.641	-36.63	14.7	-21.93	-13.00	Vertical

<b>The Worst Test Results for Channel 661/1880.0MHz</b>					
Frequency(MHz)	Power(dBm)	$A_{Rpl}$ (dBm)	$P_{Mea}$ (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Polarity
3760	-36.33	13.8	-22.53	-13.00	Vertical
3760	-38.08	13.8	-24.28	-13.00	Horizontal
5640	-37.76	15.5	-22.26	-13.00	Horizontal
5640	-38.26	15.5	-22.76	-13.00	Vertical

<b>The Worst Test Results for Channel 810/1909.8MHz</b>					
Frequency(MHz)	Power(dBm)	$A_{Rpl}$ (dBm)	$P_{Mea}$ (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Polarity
3819.6	-36.42	12.6	-23.82	-13.00	Vertical
3819.6	-38.43	12.6	-25.83	-13.00	Horizontal
5729.4	-38.65	15.8	-22.85	-13.00	Horizontal
5729.4	-38.48	15.8	-22.68	-13.00	Vertical

**Note:** Below 30MHz no Spurious found and The GPRS modes is the worst condition.



## 7. FREQUENCY STABILITY

### 7.1 MEASUREMENT METHOD

In order to measure the carrier frequency under the condition of AFC lock, it is necessary to make measurements with the EUT in a "call mode". This is accomplished with the use of R&S CMU200 DIGITAL RADIO COMMUNICATION TESTER.

- 1 . Measure the carrier frequency at room temperature.
- 2 . Subject the EUT to overnight soak at -10°C.
- 3 . With the EUT, powered via nominal voltage, connected to the CMU200 and in a simulated call on channel 661 for PCS 1900 band , channel 190 for GSM 850 band and channel 4183 for UMTS band V measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within 2 minutes of Powering up the EUT, to prevent significant self-warming.
- 4 . Repeat the above measurements at 10°C increments from -10°C to +50°C. Allow at least 1 1/2 hours at each temperature, unpowered, before making measurements.
- 5 . Re-measure carrier frequency at room temperature with nominal voltage. Vary supply voltage from minimum voltage to maximum voltage, in 0.1 Volt increments re-measuring carrier frequency at each voltage. Pause at nominal voltage for 1 1/2 hours unpowered, to allow any self-heating to stabilize, before continuing.
- 6 . Subject the EUT to overnight soak at +50°C.
- 7 , With the EUT, powered via nominal voltage, connected to the CMU200 and in a simulated call on the centre channel, measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within 2 minutes of Powering up the EUT, to prevent significant self-warming.
- 8 . Repeat the above measurements at 10°C increments from +50°C to -10°C. Allow at least 1 1/2 hours at each temperature, unpowered, before making measurements.
- 9 . At all temperature levels hold the temperature to +/- 0.5°C during the measurement procedure.

### 7.2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE

#### 7.2.1 For Hand carried battery powered equipment

According to the JTC standard the frequency stability of the carrier shall be accurate to within 0.1 ppm of the received frequency from the base station. This accuracy is sufficient to meet Sec. 24.235, Frequency Stability. The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block. As this transceiver is considered "Hand carried, battery powered equipment" Section 2.1055(d)(2) applies. This requires that the lower voltage for frequency stability testing be specified by the manufacturer. This transceiver is specified to operate with an input voltage of between 3.4VDC and 4.2VDC, with a nominal voltage of 3.7VDC. Operation above or below these voltage limits is prohibited by transceiver software in order to prevent improper operation as well as to protect components from overstress. These voltages represent a tolerance of -10 % and +12.5 %. For the purposes of measuring frequency stability these voltage limits are to be used.



### 7.2.2 For equipment powered by primary supply voltage

According to the JTC standard the frequency stability of the carrier shall be accurate to within 0.1 ppm of the received frequency from the base station. This accuracy is sufficient to meet Sec. 24.235, Frequency Stability. The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block. For this EUT section 2.1055(d)(1) applies. This requires varying primary supply voltage from 85 to 115 percent of the nominal value for other than hand carried battery equipment, the normal environment temperature is 20°C.

### 7.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

Frequency Error Against Voltage for GSM 850 band		
Voltage(V)	Frequency error(Hz)	Frequency error(ppm)
3.4	37	0.044
3.7	23	0.028
4.2	25	0.030

Frequency Error Against Temperature for GMS850 band		
temperature(°C)	Frequency error(Hz)	Frequency error(ppm)
-10	9	0.011
0	11	0.013
10	21	0.025
20	15	0.018
30	19	0.023
40	14	0.017
50	10	0.012

Frequency Error Against Voltage for GPRS850 band		
Voltage(V)	Frequency error(Hz)	Frequency error(ppm)
3.4	21	0.025
3.7	34	0.041
4.2	21	-0.025

Frequency Error Against Temperature for GPRS850 band		
temperature(°C)	Frequency error(Hz)	Frequency error(ppm)
-10	25	-0.030
0	18	0.022
10	21	-0.025
20	24	0.029
30	9	-0.011
40	11	0.013
50	16	0.019

Note: The EUT doesn't work below -10°C



Frequency Error Against Voltage for GSM1900 band		
Voltage(V)	Frequency error(Hz)	Frequency error(ppm)
3.4	29	0.015
3.7	21	0.011
4.2	25	0.013

Frequency Error Against Temperature for GPRS1900 band		
temperature(°C)	Frequency error(Hz)	Frequency error(ppm)
-10	33	0.018
0	21	0.011
10	20	0.011
20	18	0.010
30	15	0.008
40	25	0.013
50	22	0.012

Frequency Error Against Temperature for GPRS1900 band		
temperature(°C)	Frequency error(Hz)	Frequency error(ppm)
-10	17	0.009
0	21	0.011
10	15	0.008
20	20	0.011
30	15	0.008
40	23	0.012
50	18	0.010

**Note:** The EUT doesn't work below -10°C



## 8. OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH

### 8.1 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The test set up and general procedure is similar to conducted peak output power test. Only different for setting the measurement configuration of the measuring instrument of Spectrum Analyzer.

### 8.2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE

The occupied bandwidth (99%) shall not exceed 300 KHz.

### 8.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

Occupied Bandwidth (99%) for GSM 850 band		
Mode	Frequency(MHz)	Occupied Bandwidth (99%)( kHz)
Low Channel	824.2	252.37
Middle Channel	836.6	243.40
High Channel	848.8	239.44
Low Channel	824.2	248.11
Middle Channel	836.6	246.68
High Channel	848.8	243.47

Occupied Bandwidth (99%) for GSM1900 band		
Mode	Frequency(MHz)	Occupied Bandwidth (99%)( kHz)
Low Channel	1850.2	247.07
Middle Channel	1880.0	246.46
High Channel	1909.8	253.82
Low Channel	1850.2	248.51
Middle Channel	1880.0	245.98
High Channel	1909.8	245.25



## 9. EMISSION BANDWIDTH

### 9.1 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The test set up and general procedure is similar to conducted peak output power test. Only different for setting the measurement configuration of the measuring instrument of Spectrum Analyzer.

### 9.2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE

The emission bandwidth is defined as two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26dB below the transmitter power

### 9.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

Emission Bandwidth (-26dBc) for GSM850 band		
Mode	Frequency(MHz)	Emission Bandwidth (-26dBc)( kHz)
Low Channel	824.2	316.47
Middle Channel	836.6	320.73
High Channel	848.8	316.93
Low Channel	824.2	312.31
Middle Channel	836.6	321.36
High Channel	848.8	320.86

Emission Bandwidth (-26dBc) for GSM1900 band		
Mode	Frequency(MHz)	Emission Bandwidth (-26dBc)( kHz)
Low Channel	1850.2	316.03
Middle Channel	1880.0	319.88
High Channel	1909.8	319.30
Low Channel	1850.2	321.28
Middle Channel	1880.0	315.66
High Channel	1909.8	317.28



## 10. BAND EDGE

### 10.1 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The test set up and general procedure is similar to conducted peak output power test. Only different for setting the measurement configuration of the measuring instrument of Spectrum Analyzer.

### 10.2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE

as Specified in FCC rules of 22.917(b) and 24.238(b)

### 10.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

Please refers to Appendix III for compliance test plots for band edges

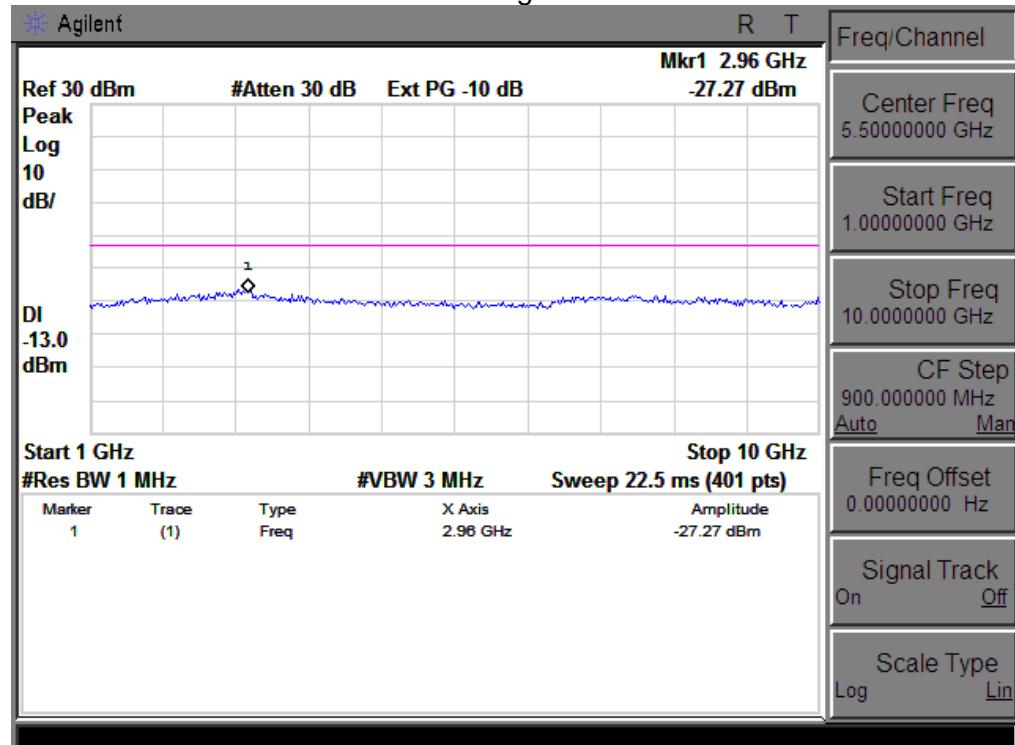


**APPENDIX I**

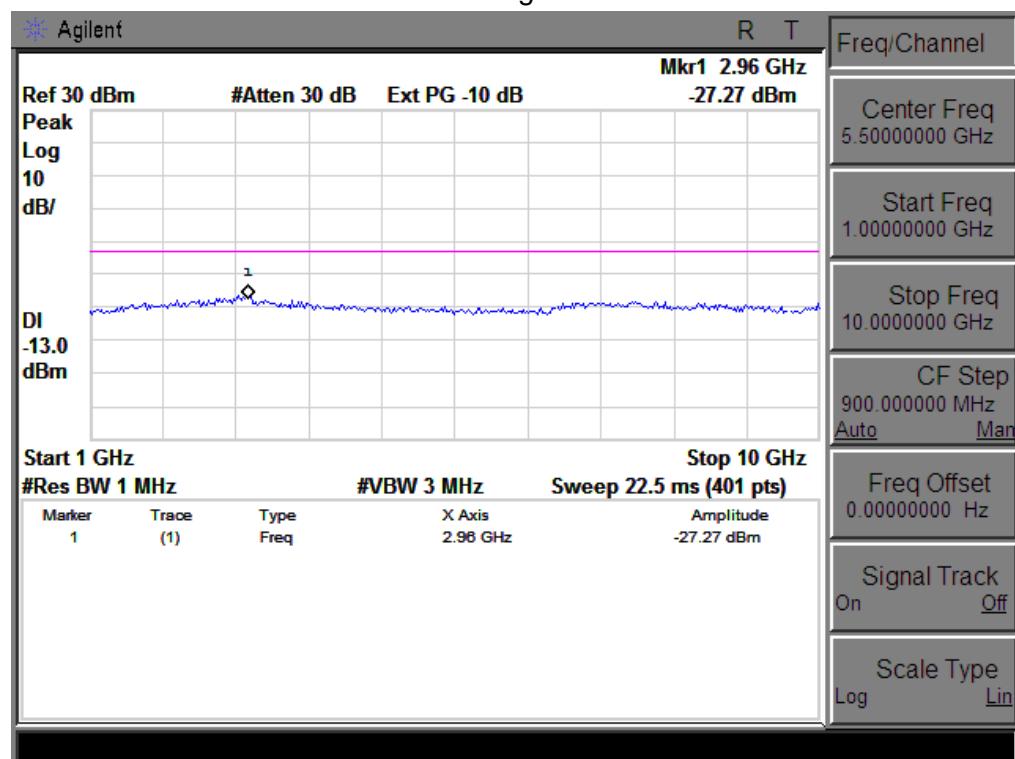
**TEST PLOTS FOR CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSION**

## TEST PLOTS FOR CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSION CONDUCTED EMISSION IN GSM BAND 850MHz

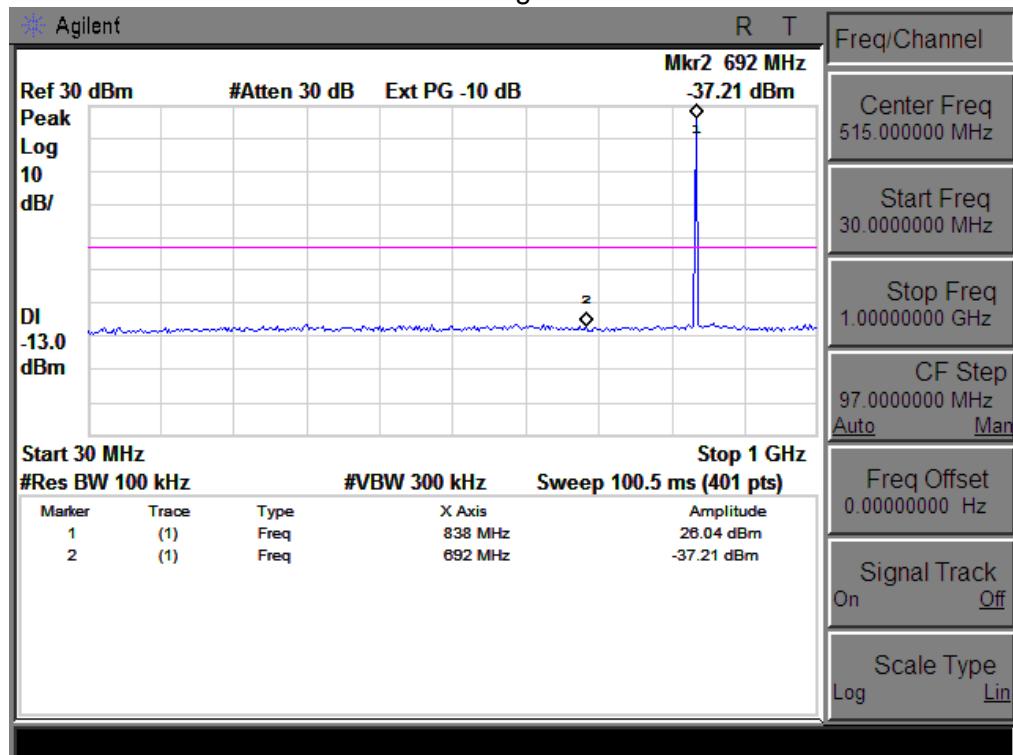
Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 128 30MHz – 1GHz



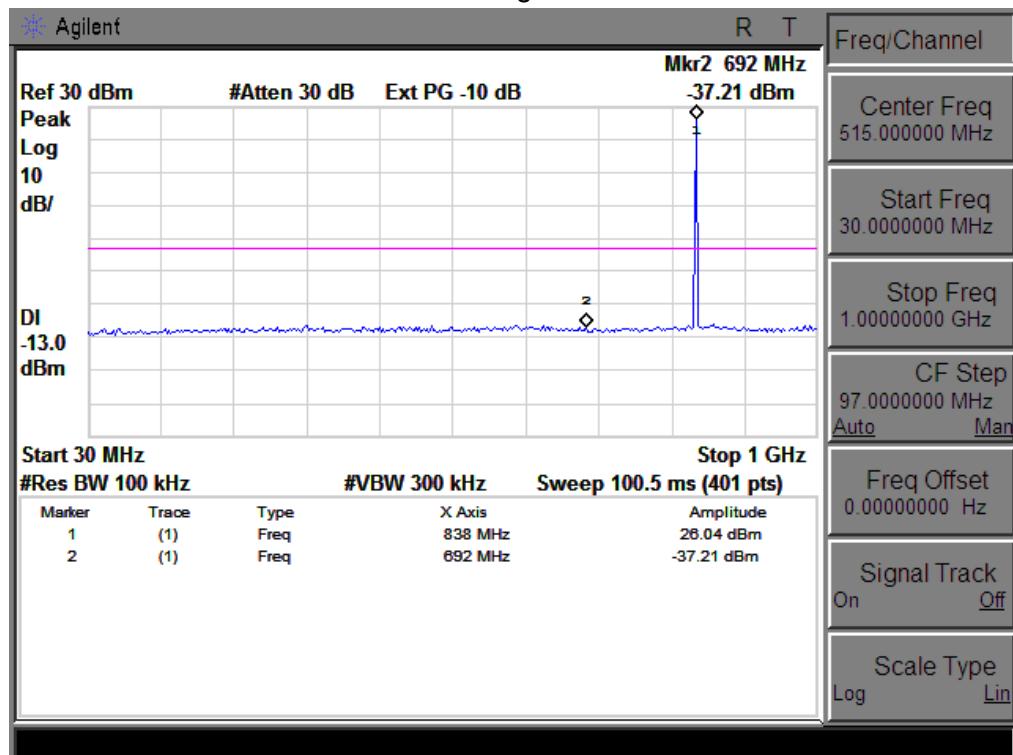
Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 128 1GHz – 10GHz



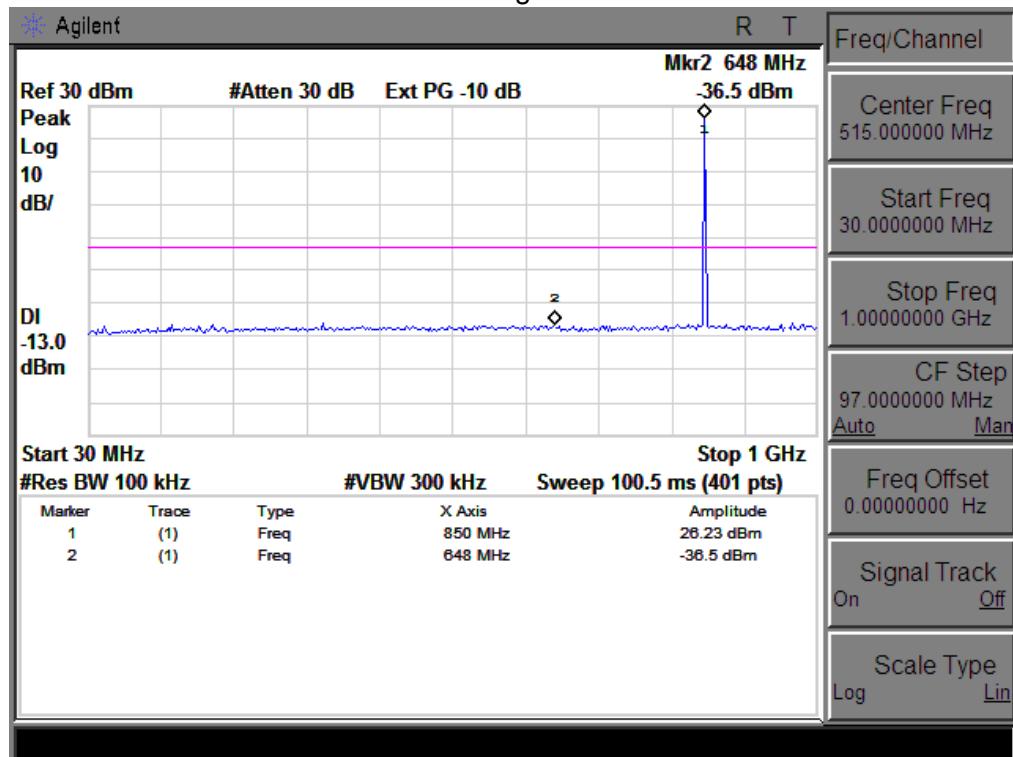
## Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 190 30MHz – 1GHz



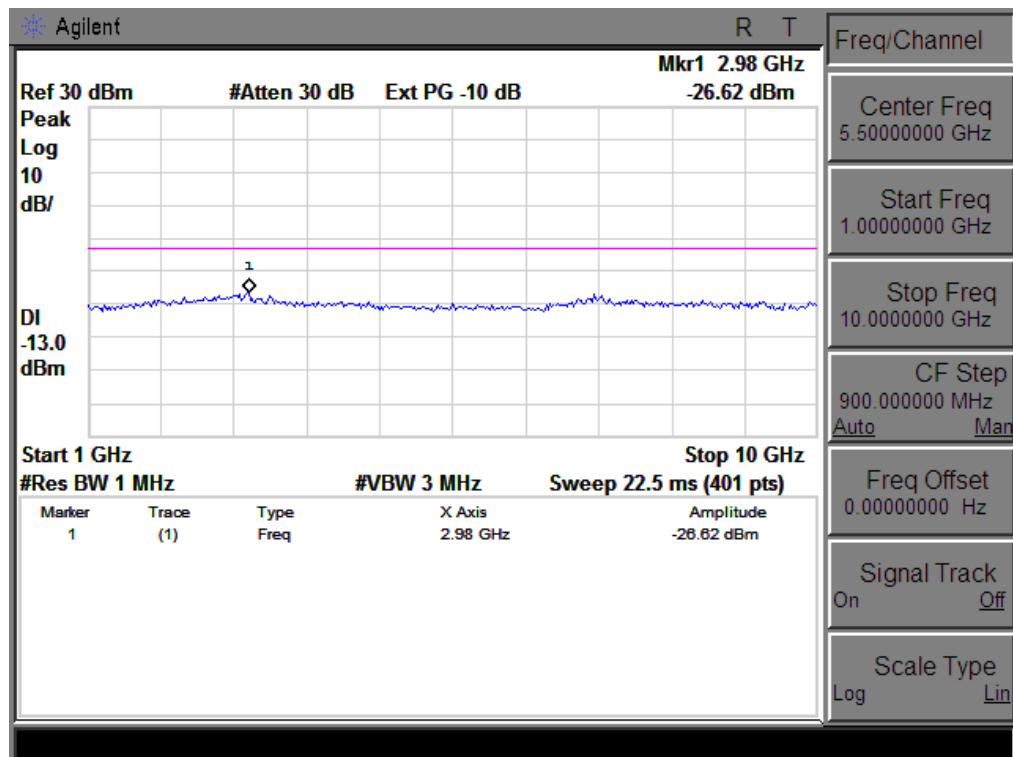
## Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 190 1GHz – 10GHz



## Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 251 30MHz – 1GHz



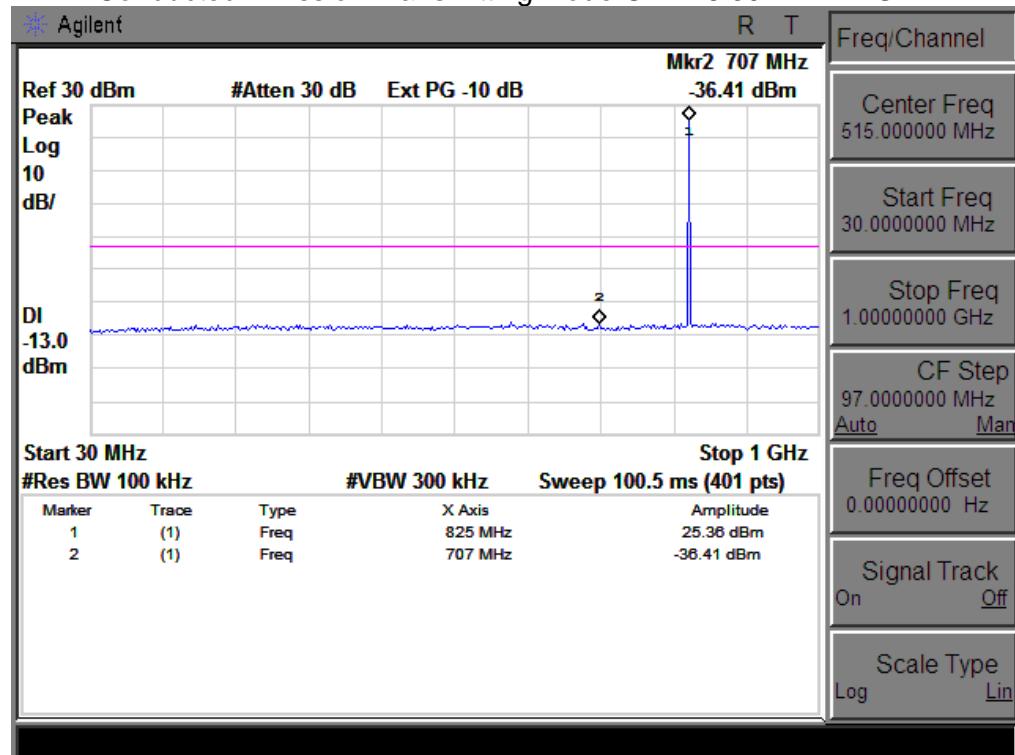
## Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 251 1GHz – 10GHz



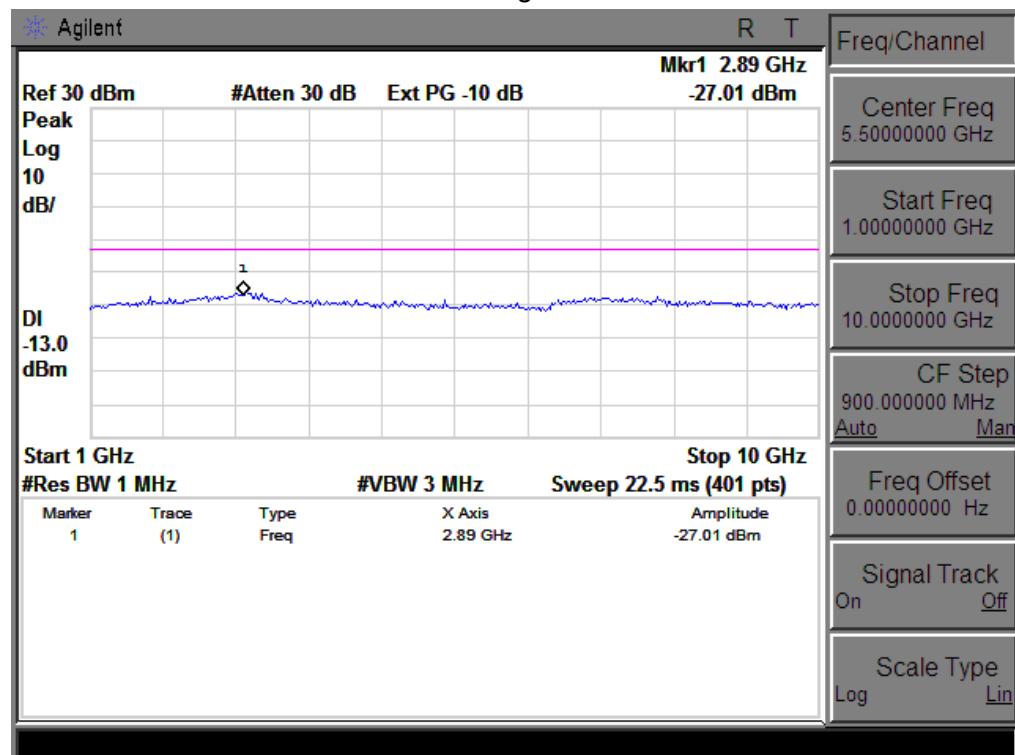


## CONDUCTED EMISSION IN GPRS BAND 850MHz

Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 128 30MHz – 1GHz

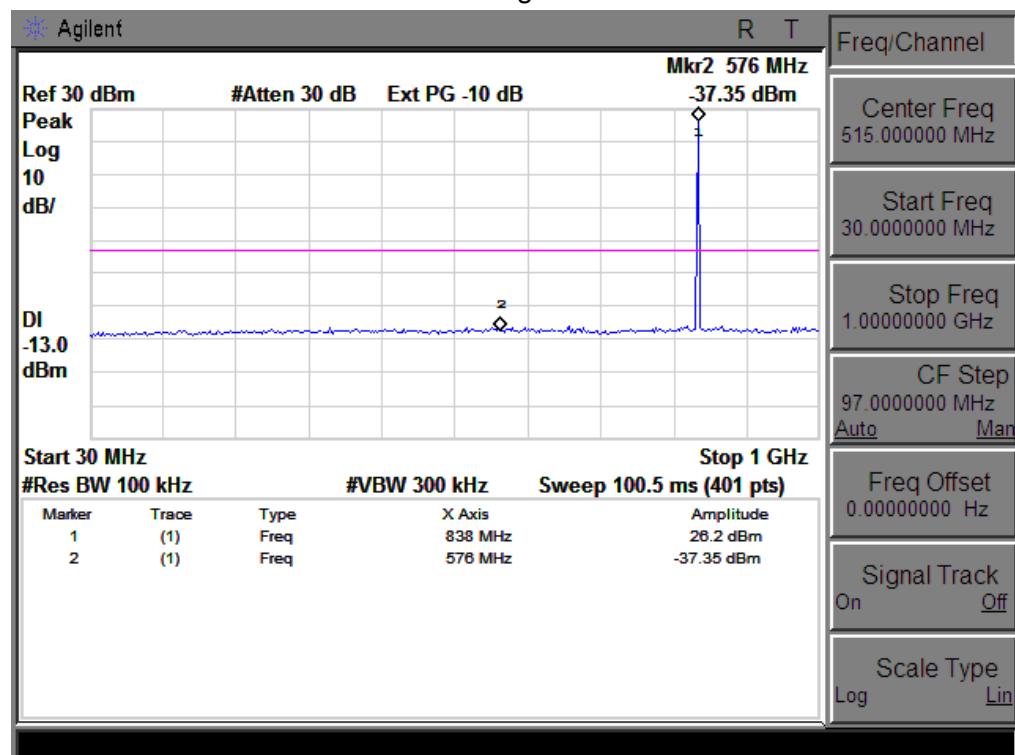


Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 128 1MHz – 10GHz

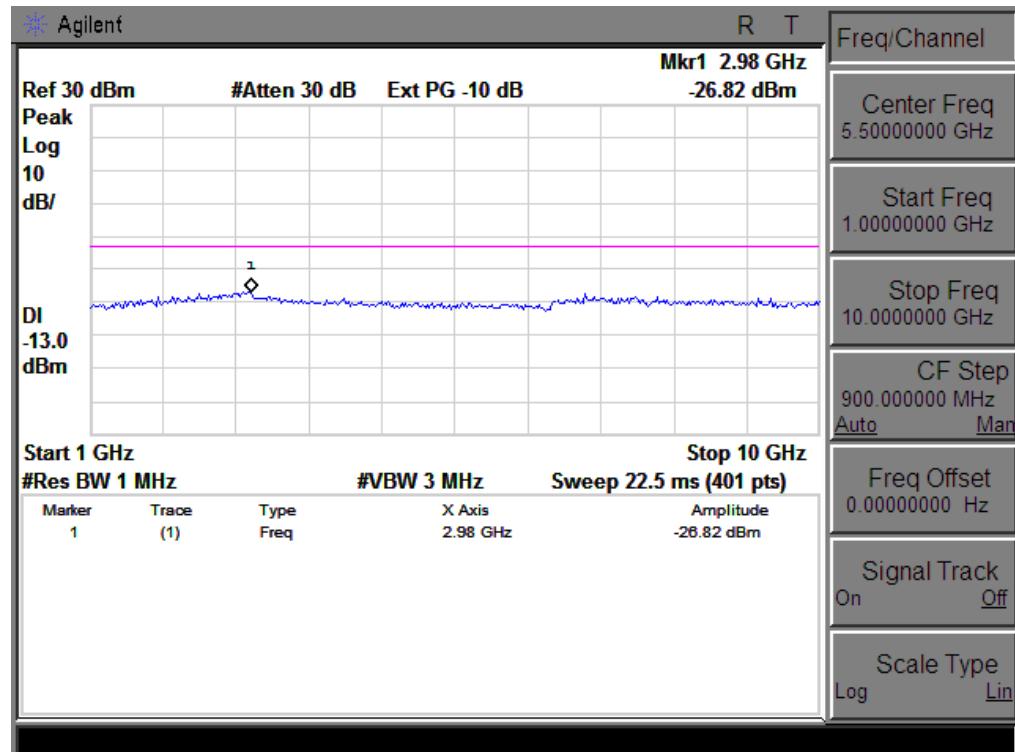




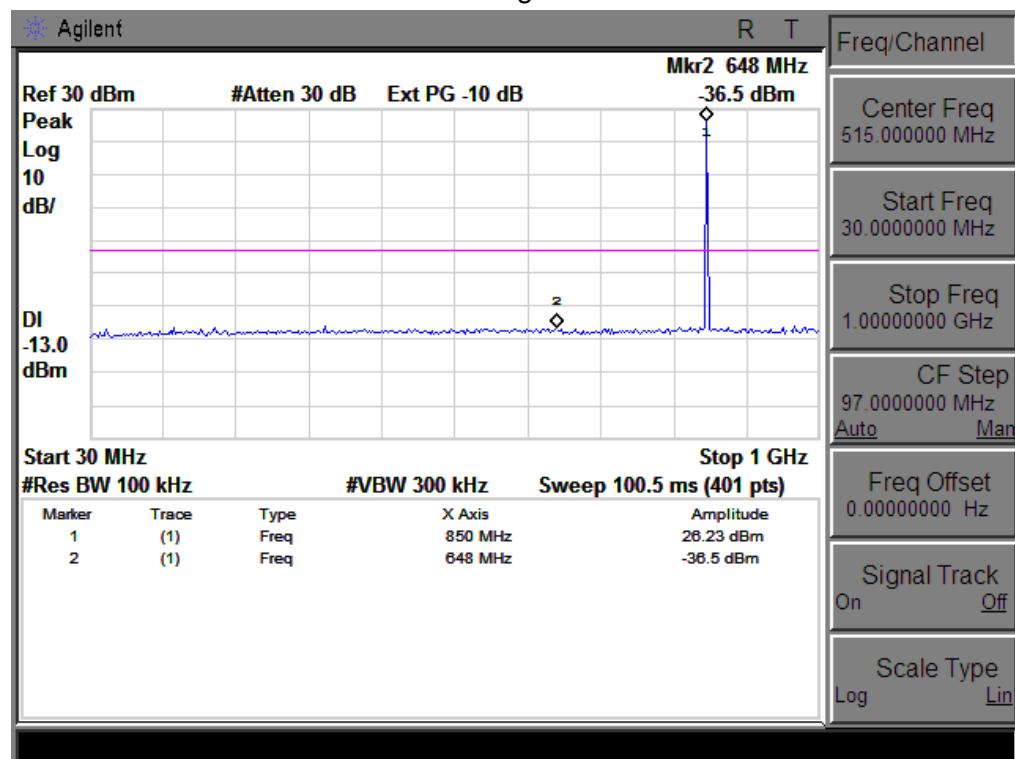
Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 190 30MHz – 1GHz



Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 190 1GHz – 10GHz



## Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 251 30MHz – 1GHz

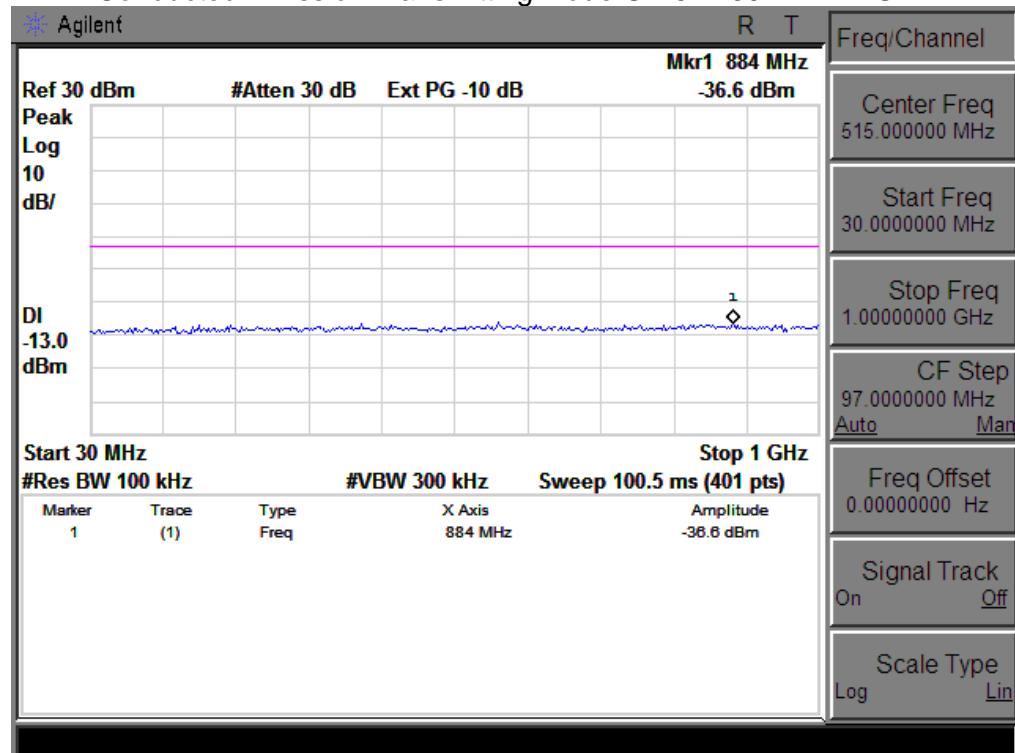


## Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 251 1GHz – 10GHz

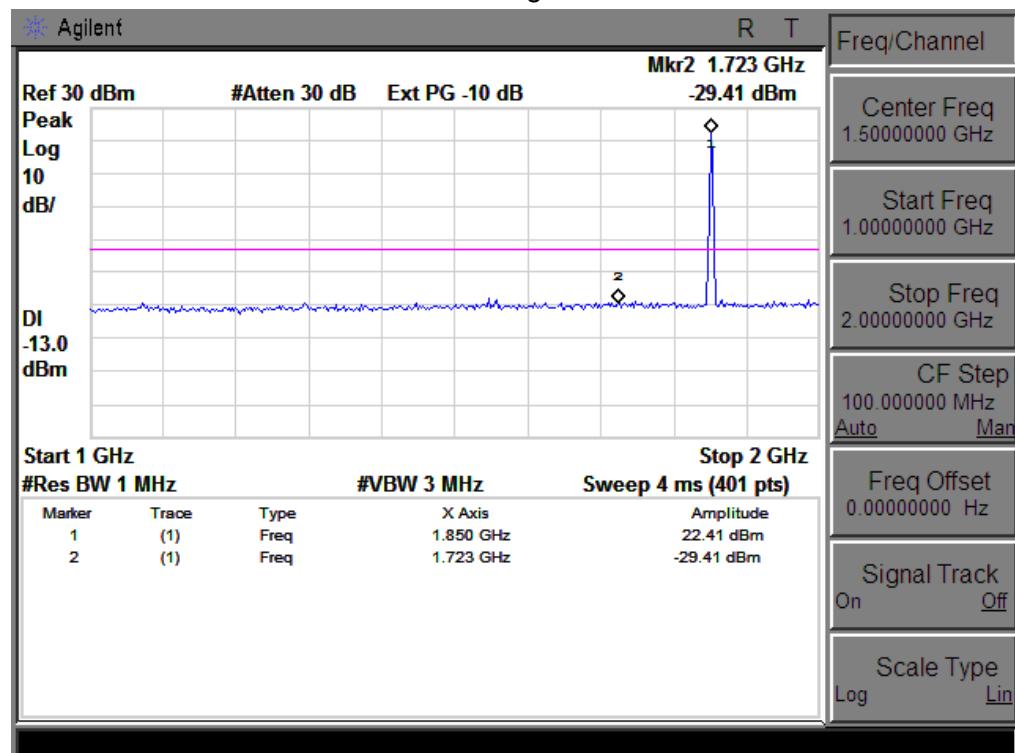


## CONDUCTED EMISSION IN GSM BAND 1900MHz

Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 512 30MHz – 1GHz

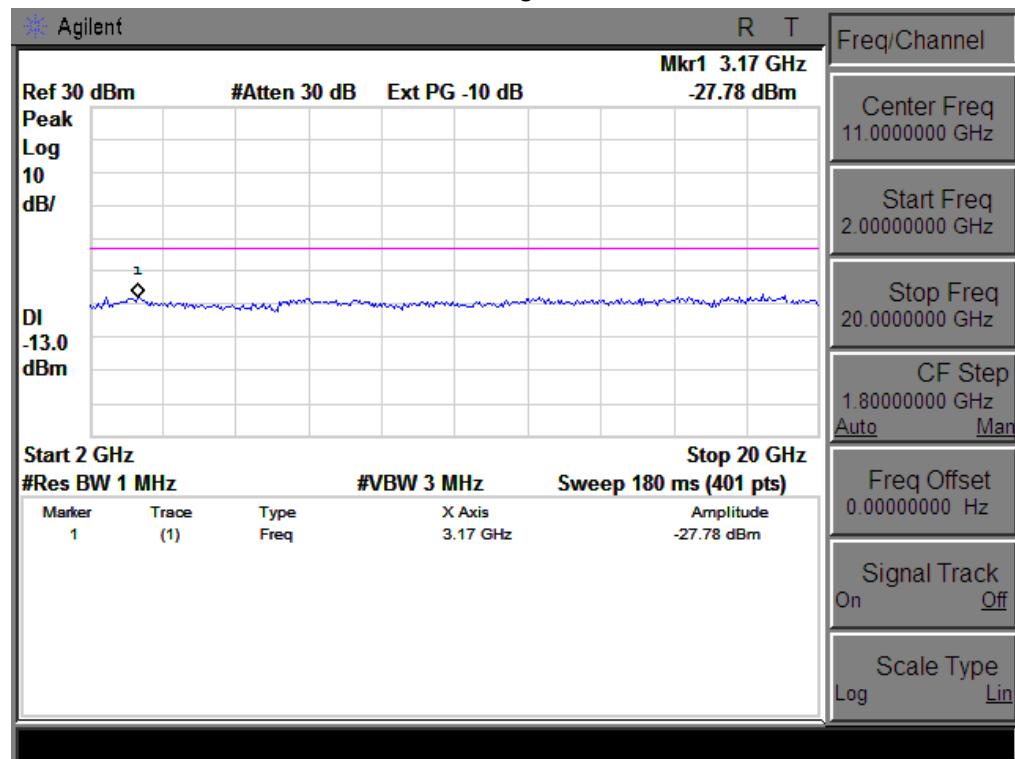


Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 512 1GHz – 2GHz



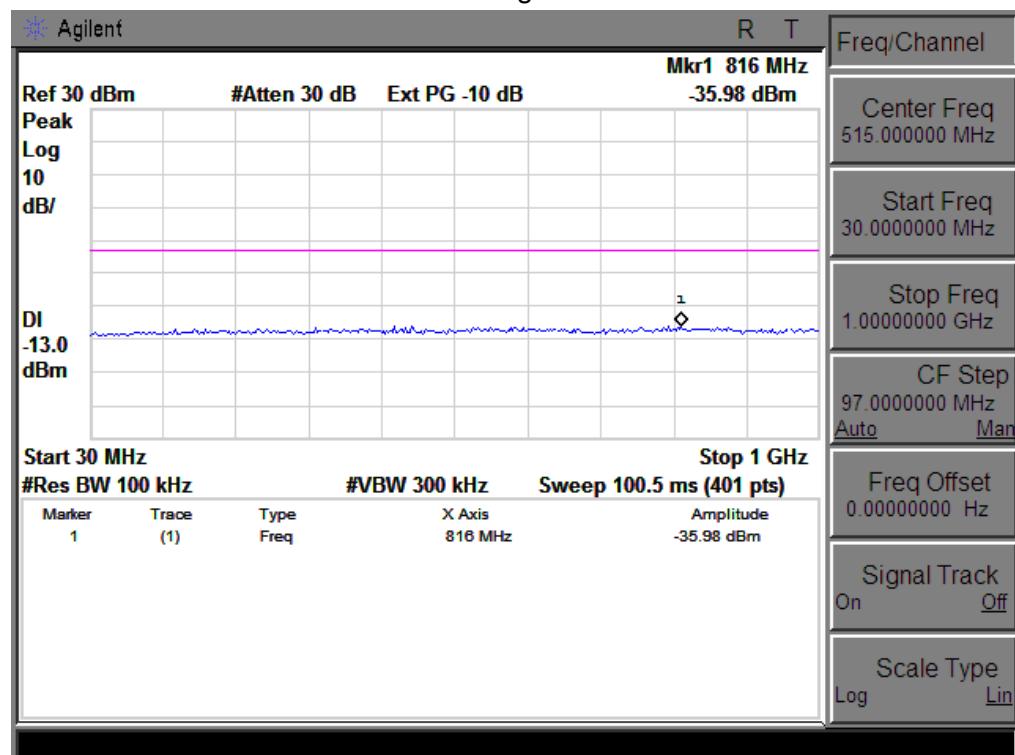


Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 512 2GHz – 20GHz

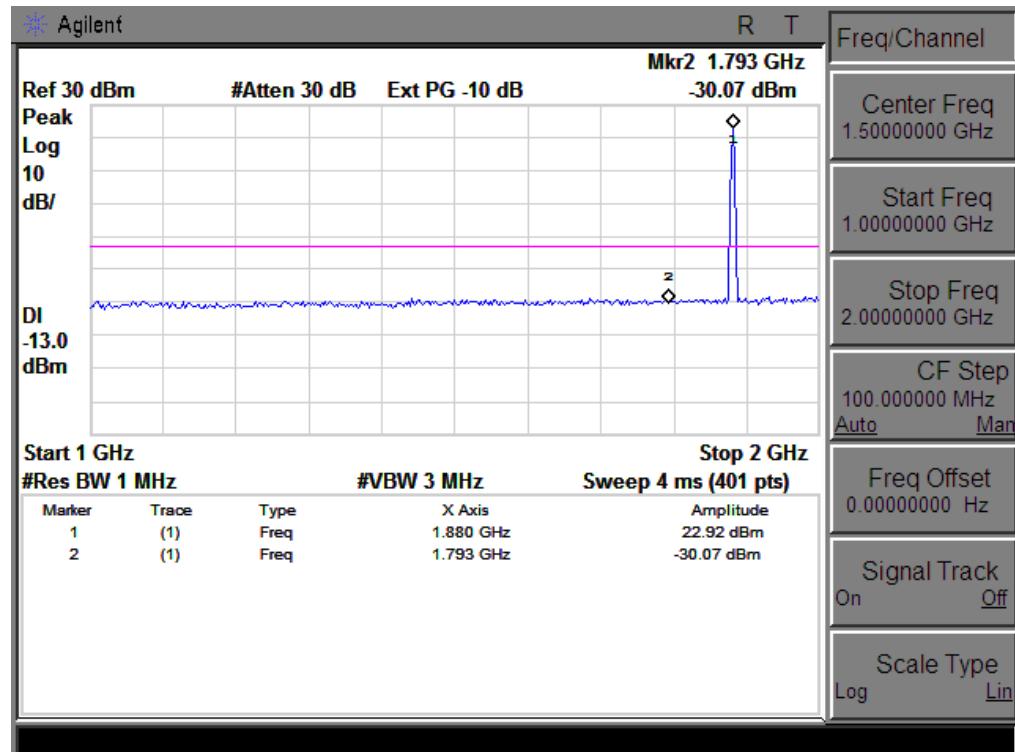




Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 661 30MHz – 1GHz

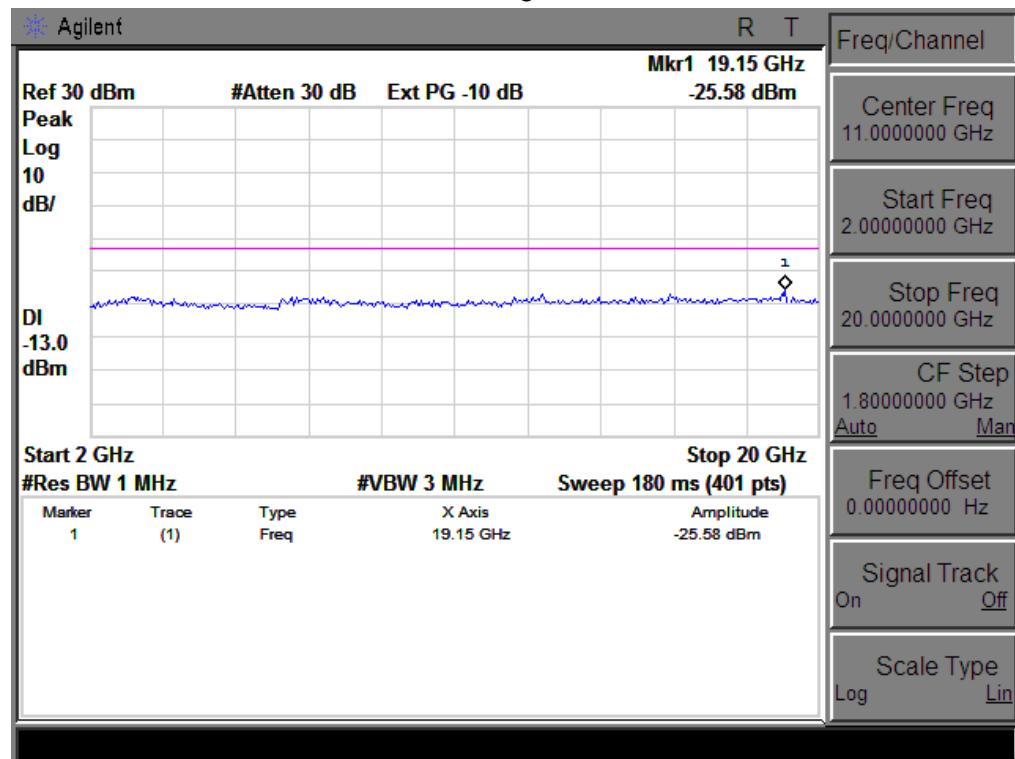


Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 661 1GHz – 2GHz



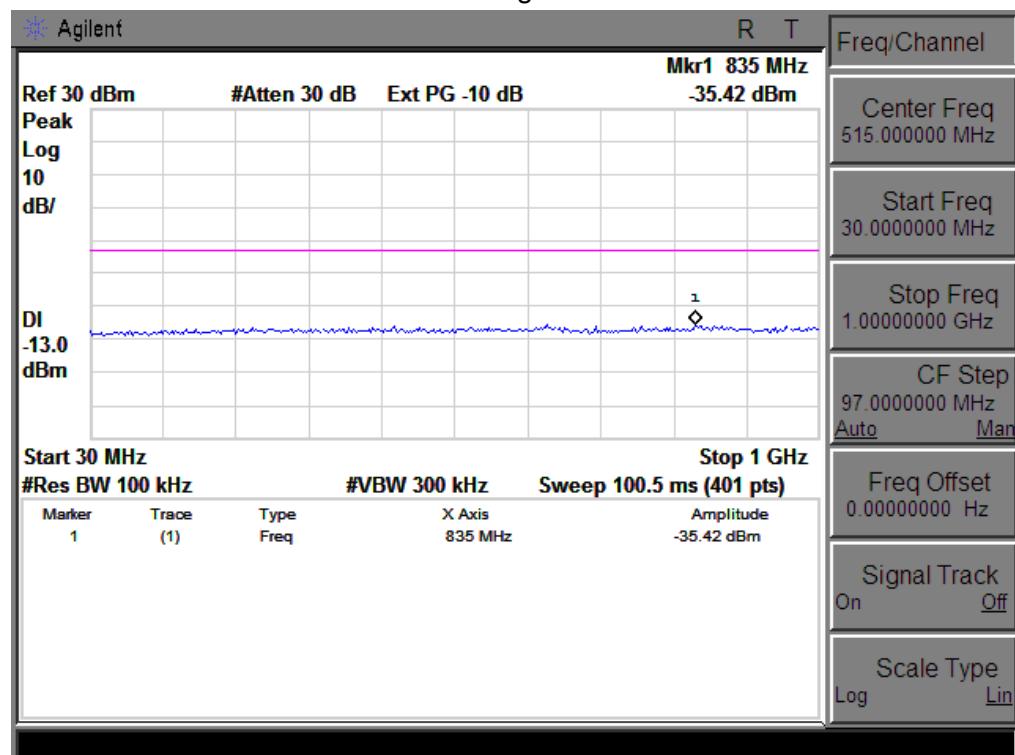


Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 661 2GHz – 20GHz



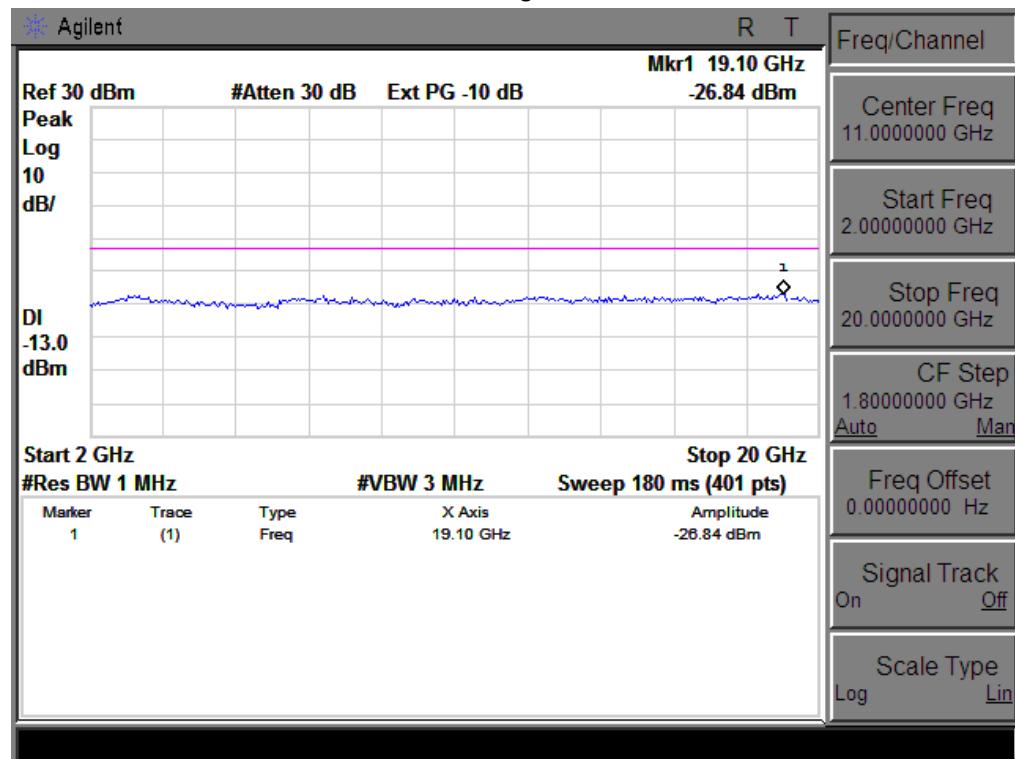


Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 810 30MHz – 1GHz



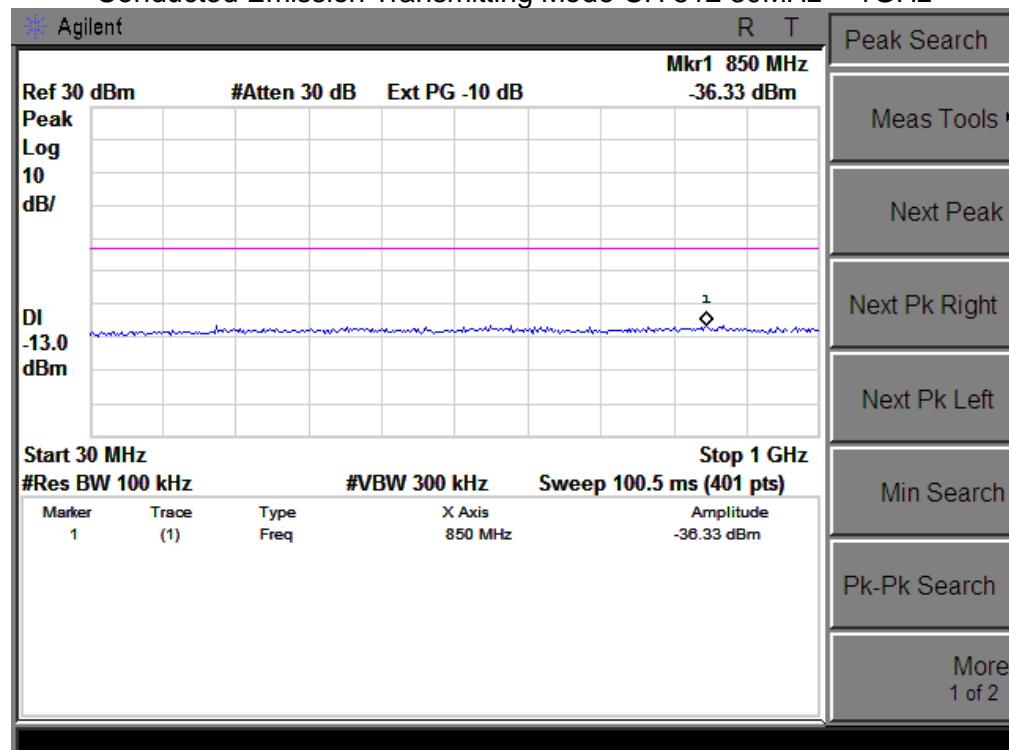


Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 810 2GHz – 20GHz

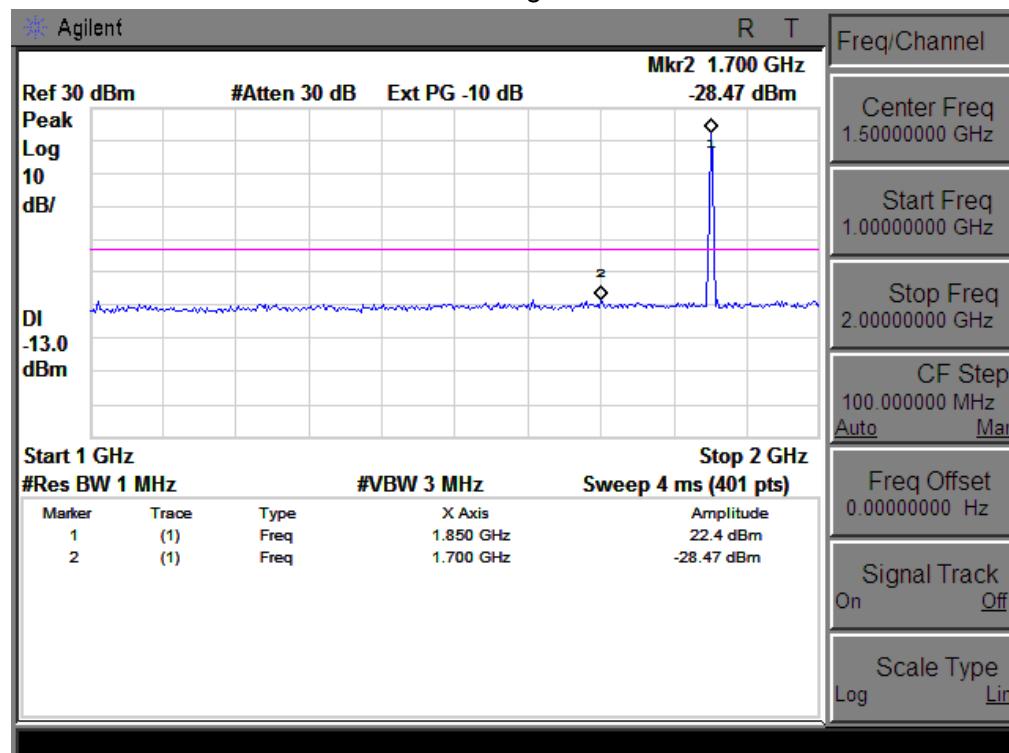


### CONDUCTED EMISSION IN GPRS BAND 1900 MHz

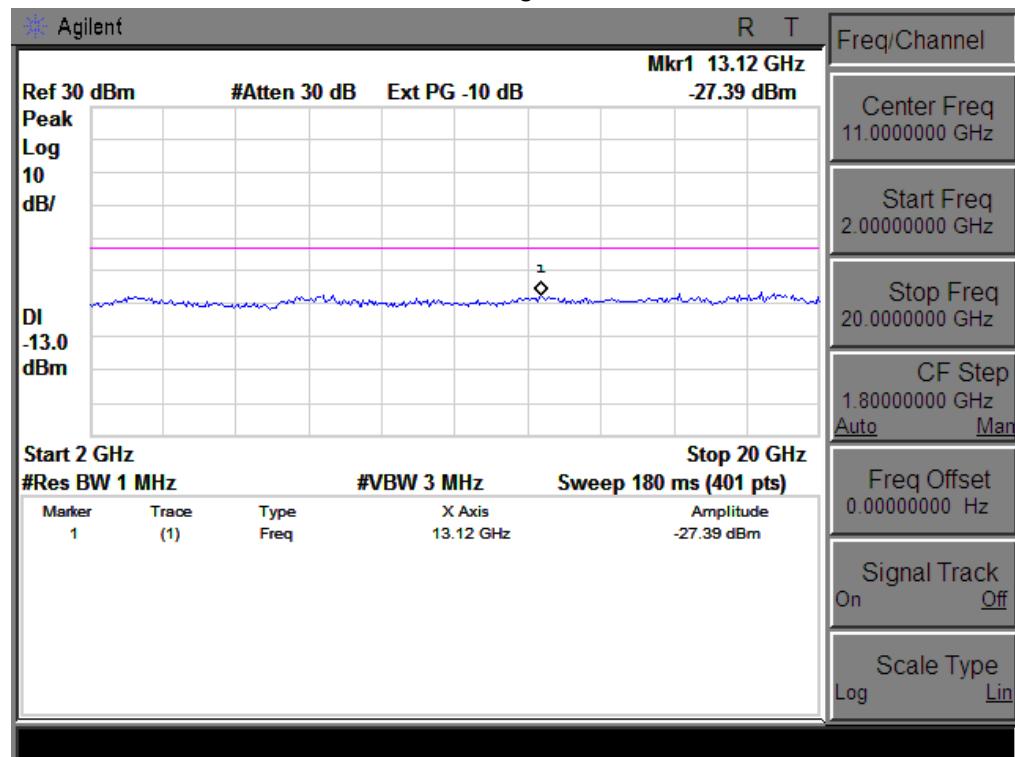
Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 512 30MHz – 1GHz



Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 512 1GHz – 2GHz

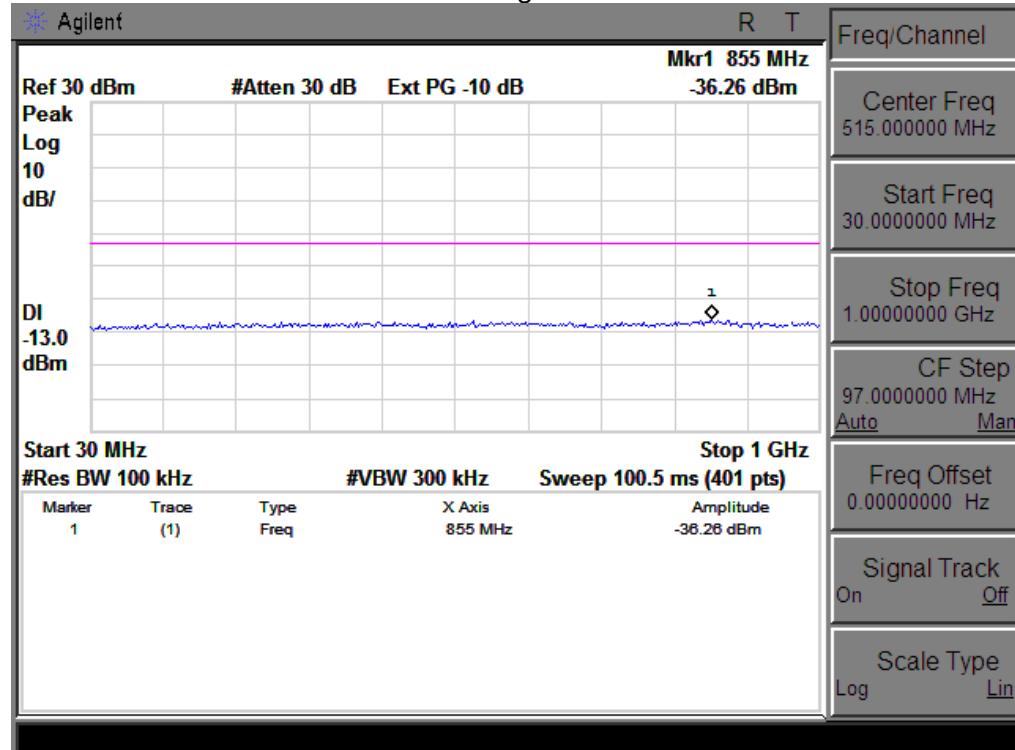


## Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 512 2GHz – 20GHz

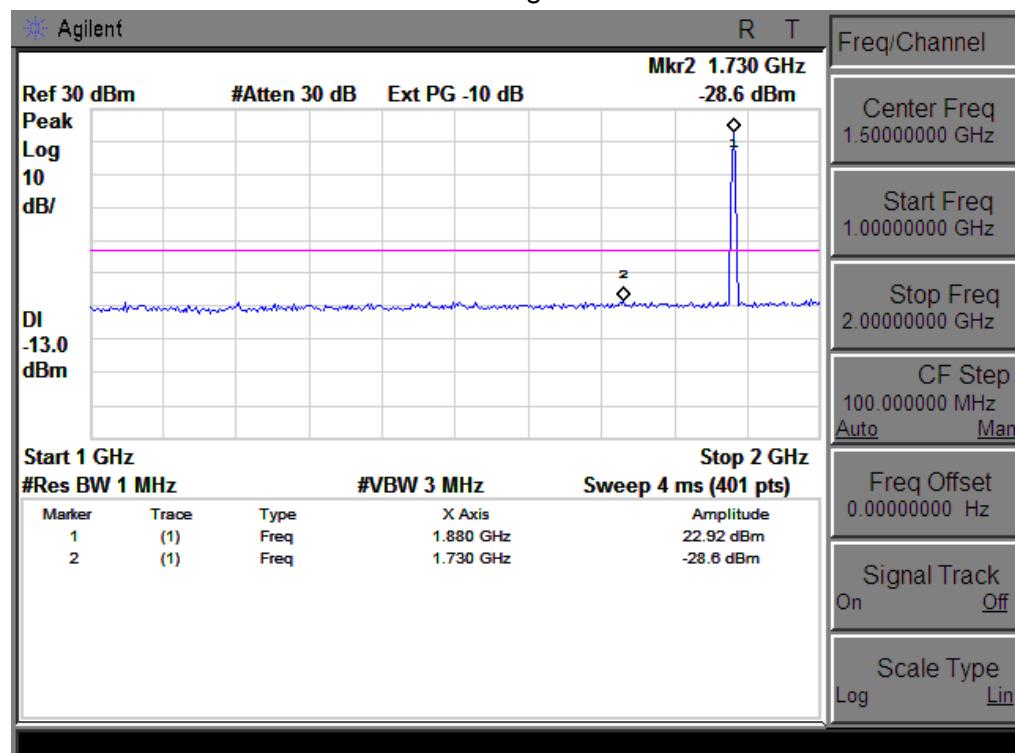




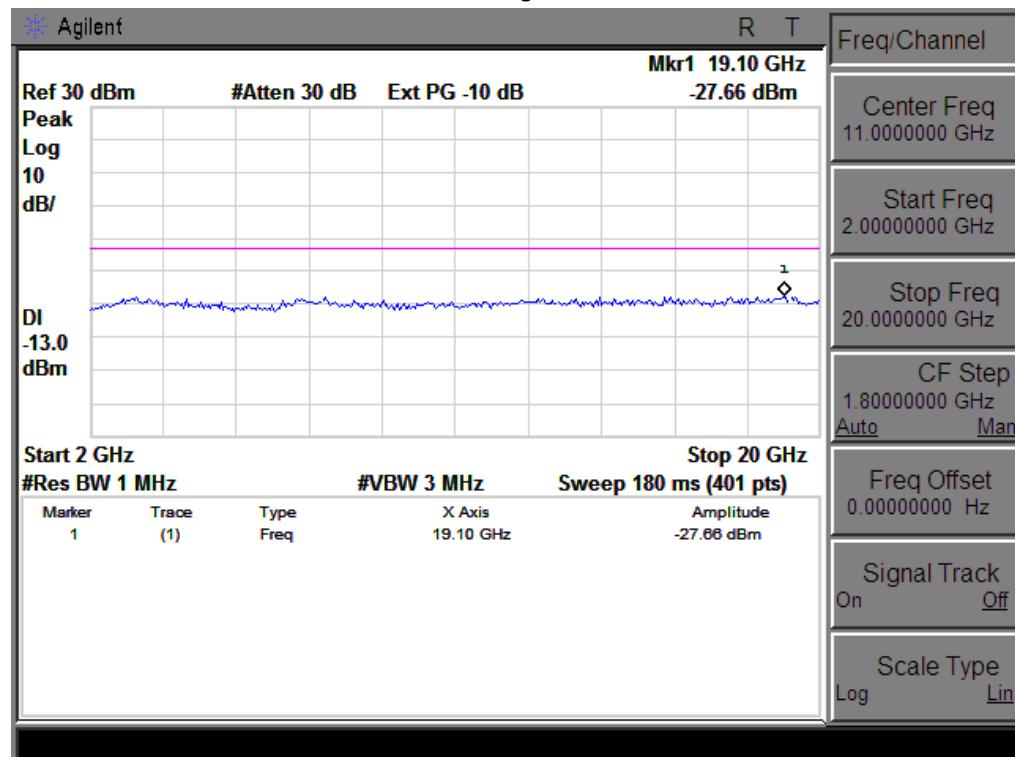
Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 661 30MHz – 1GHz



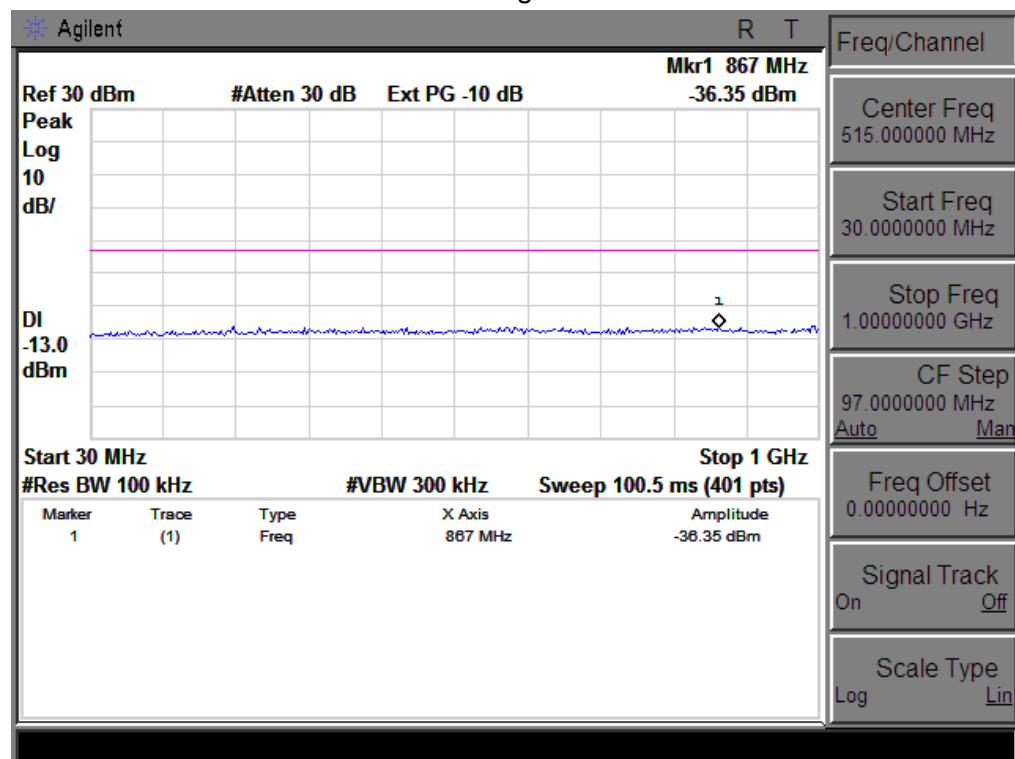
Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 661 1GHz – 2GHz



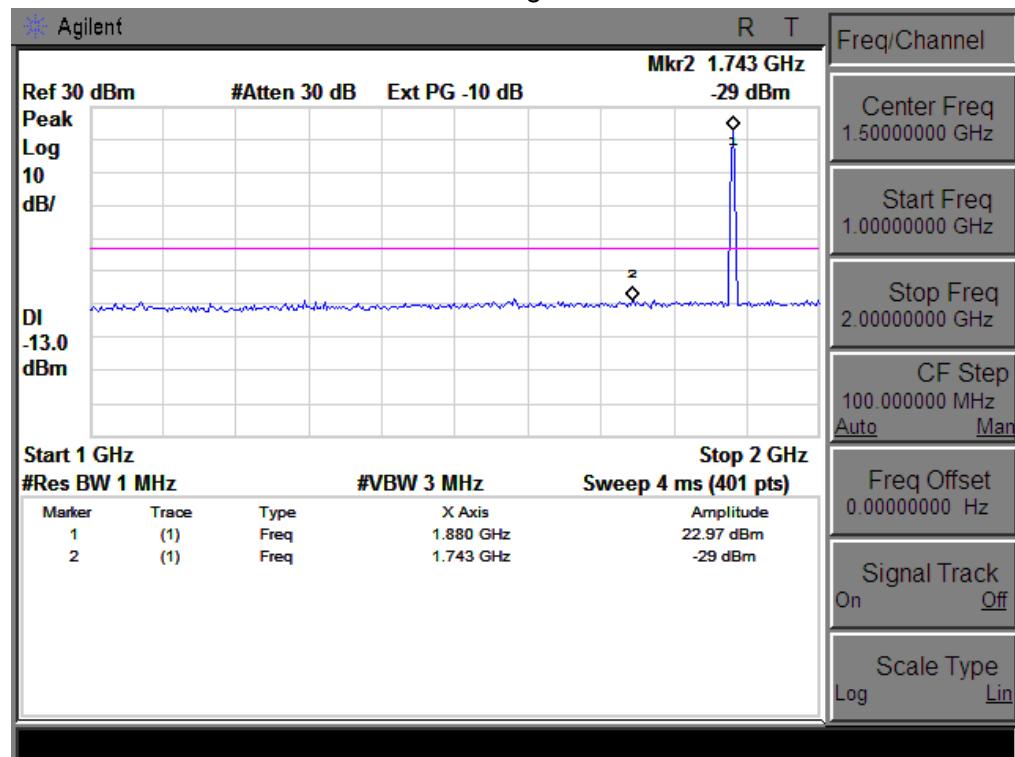
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## Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 810 30MHz – 1GHz

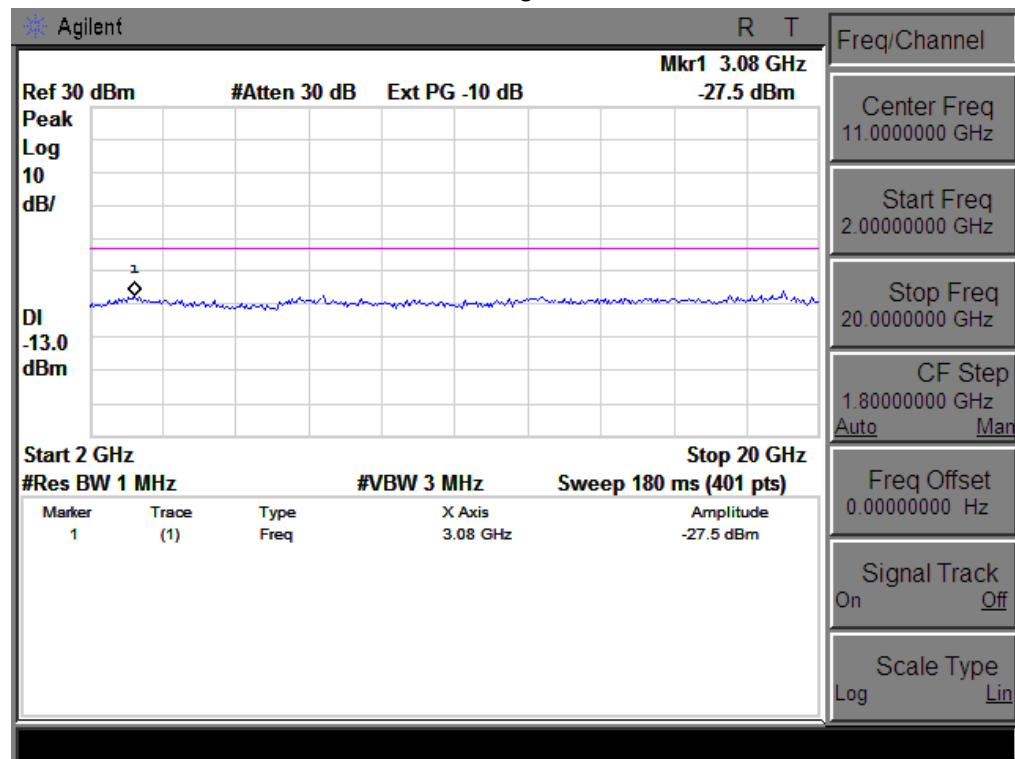


## Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 810 1GHz – 2GHz





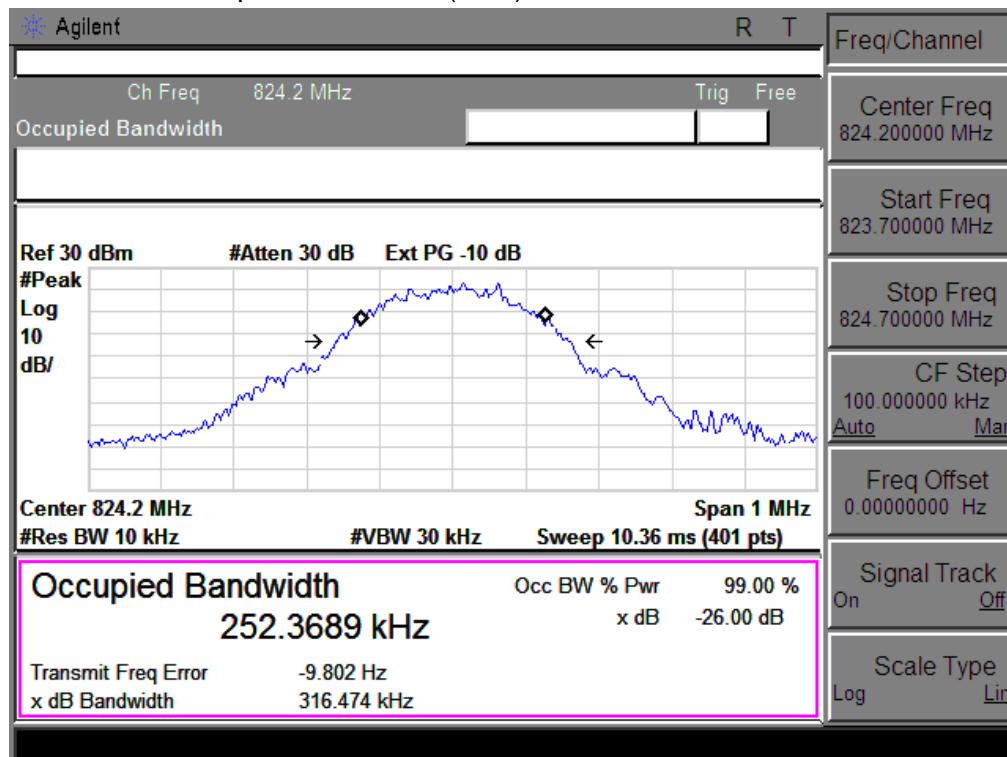
Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 810 2GHz – 20GHz



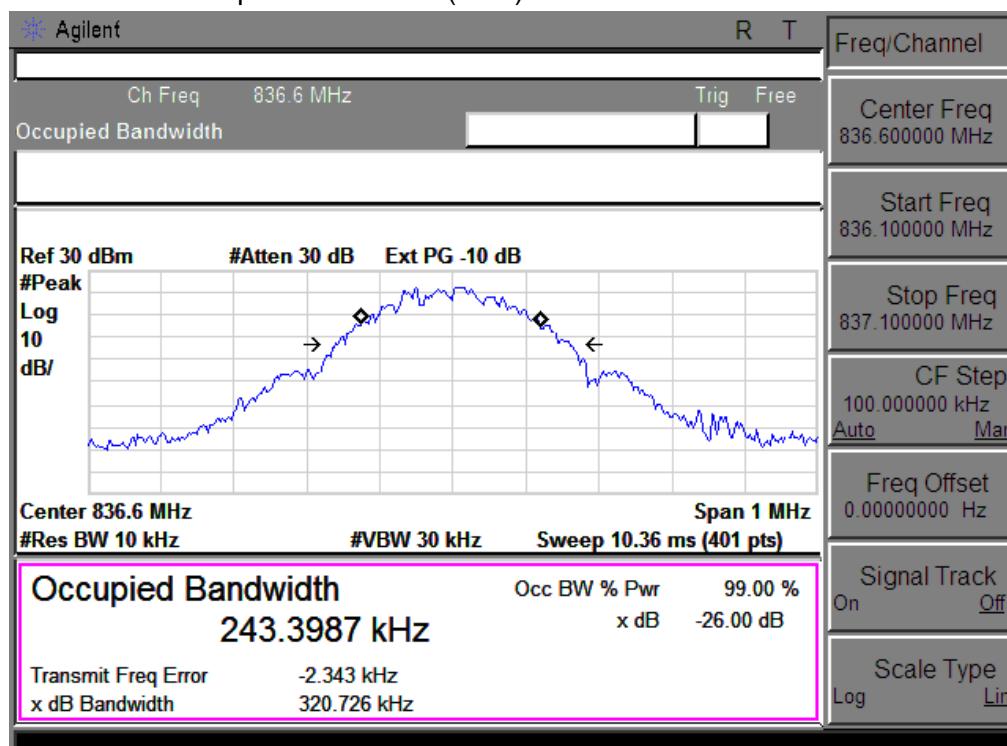
## APPENDIX II

 TEST PLOTS FOR OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (99%)  
 EMISSION BANDWIDTH (-26dBC)

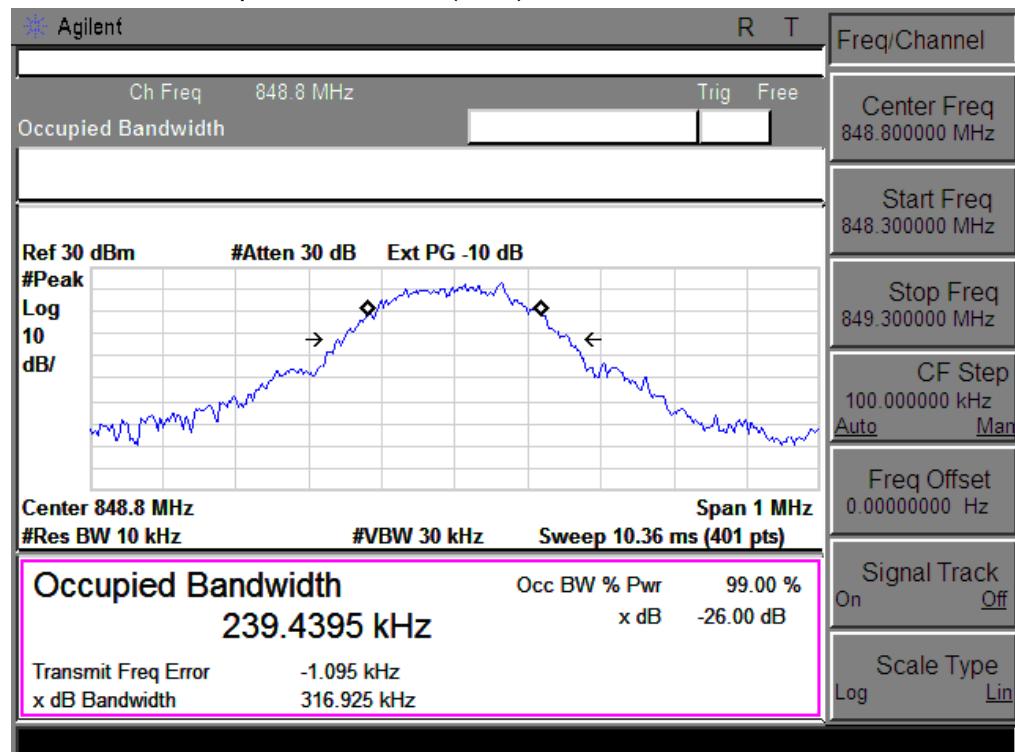
Occupied Bandwidth (99%) GSM 850 BAND CH 128



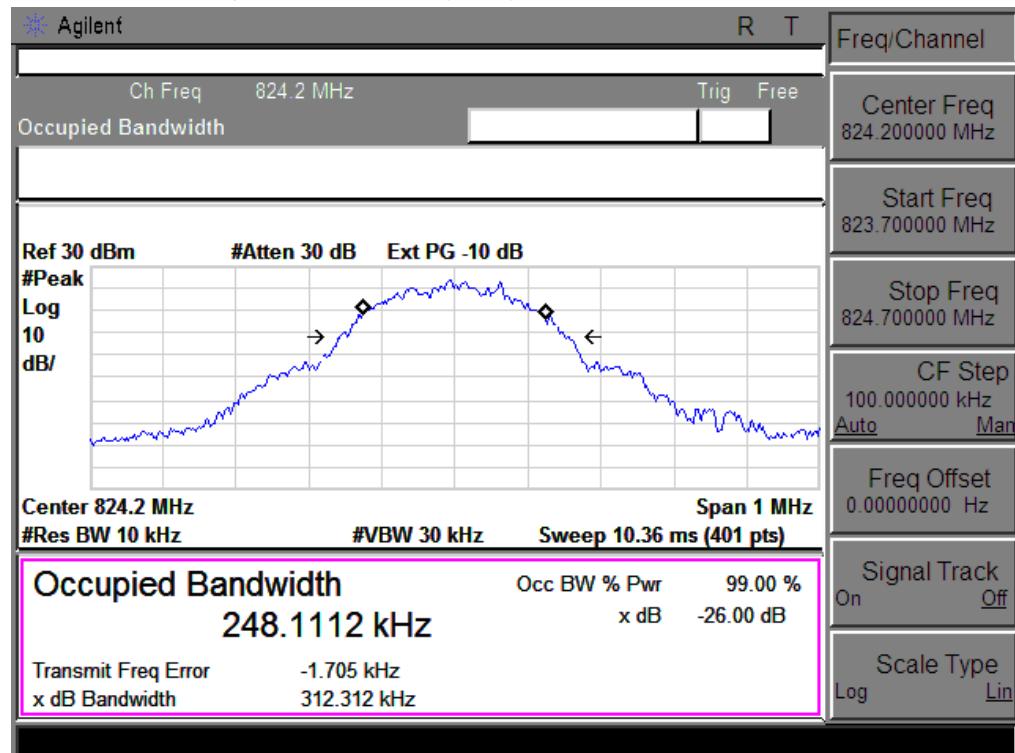
Occupied Bandwidth (99%) GSM 850 BAND CH 190



## Occupied Bandwidth (99%) GSM 850 BAND CH 251

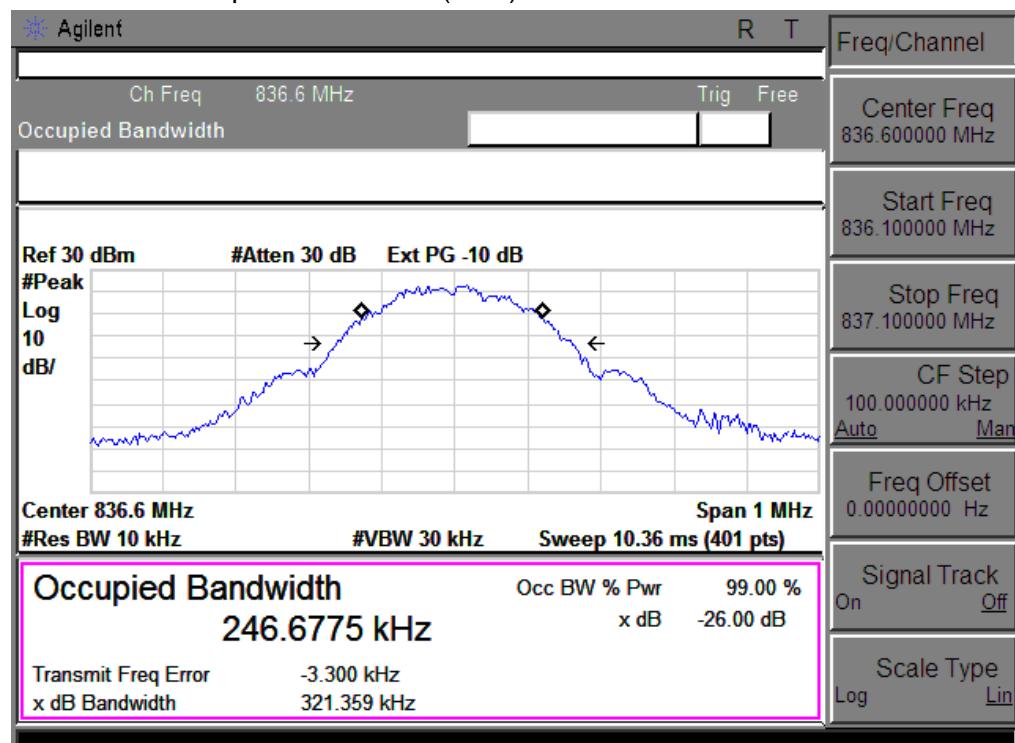


## Occupied Bandwidth (99%) GPRS 850 BAND CH 128

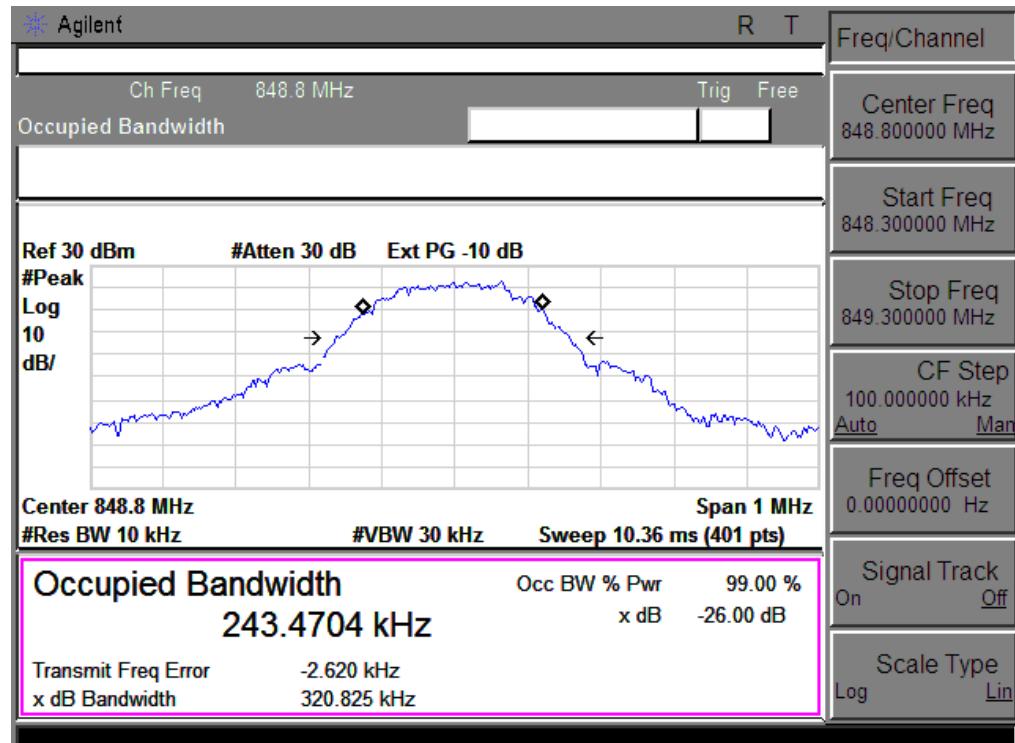




### Occupied Bandwidth (99%) GPRS 850 BAND CH 190

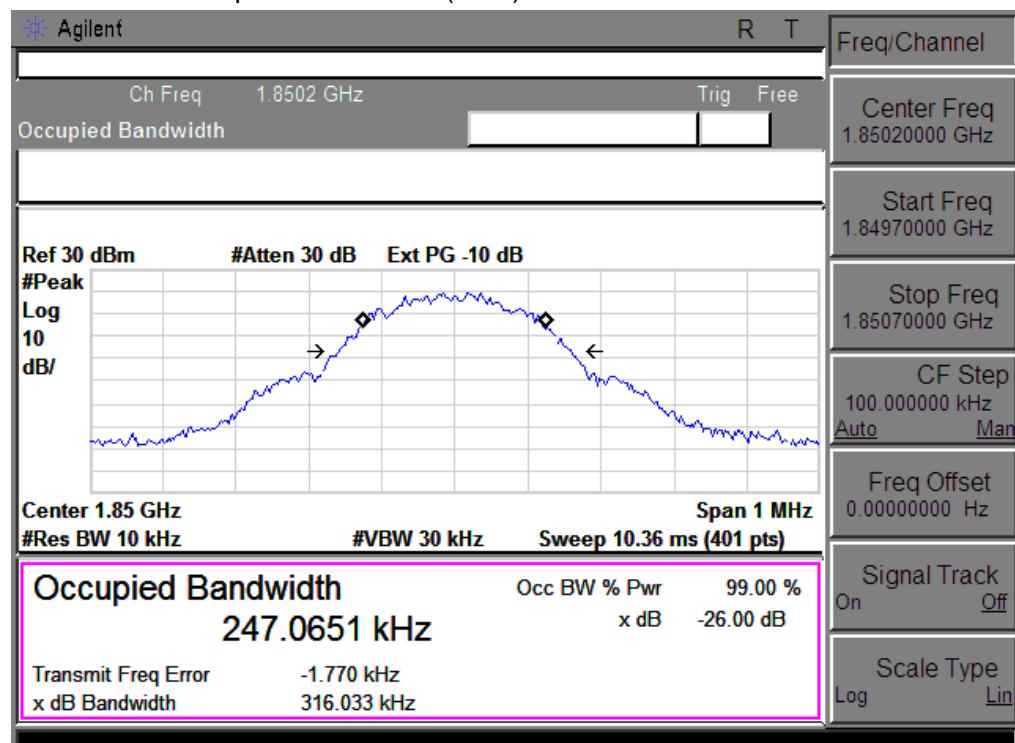


### Occupied Bandwidth (99%) GPRS 850 BAND CH 251

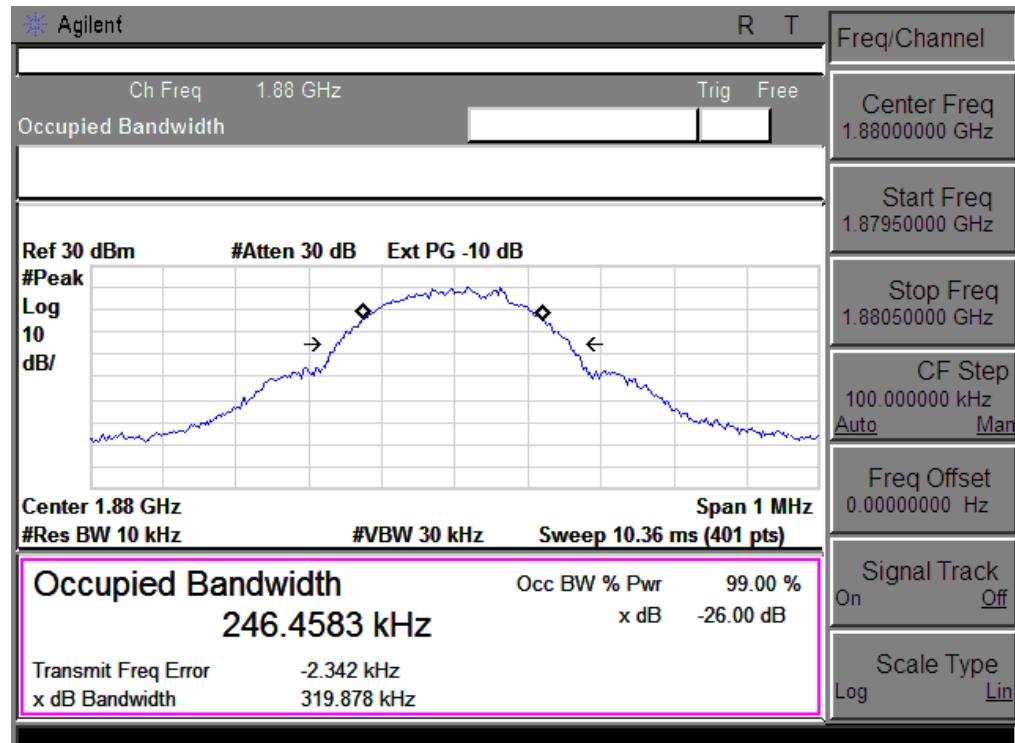




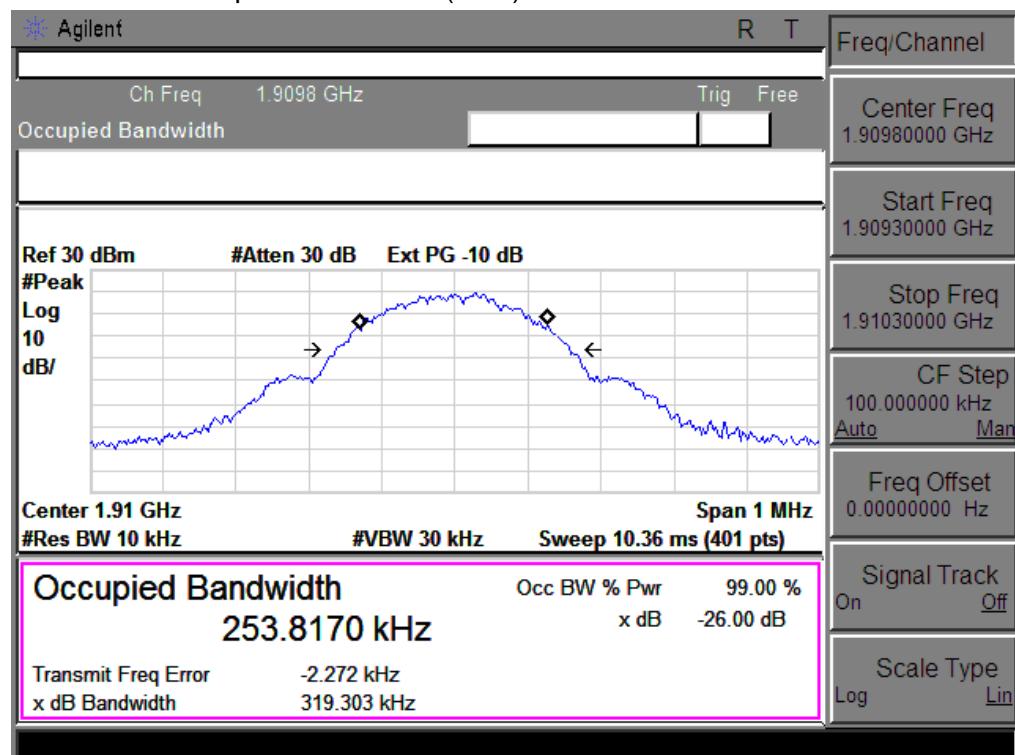
### Occupied Bandwidth (99%) PCS 1900 BAND CH 512



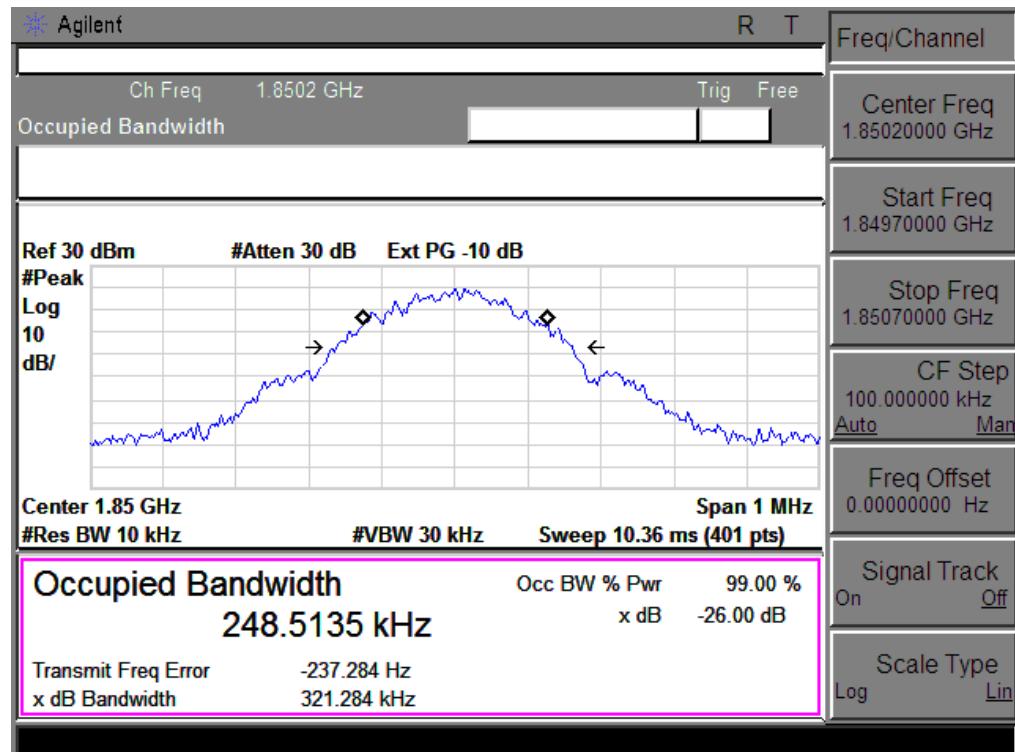
### Occupied Bandwidth (99%) PCS 1900 BAND CH 661



## Occupied Bandwidth (99%) PCS 1900 BAND CH 810

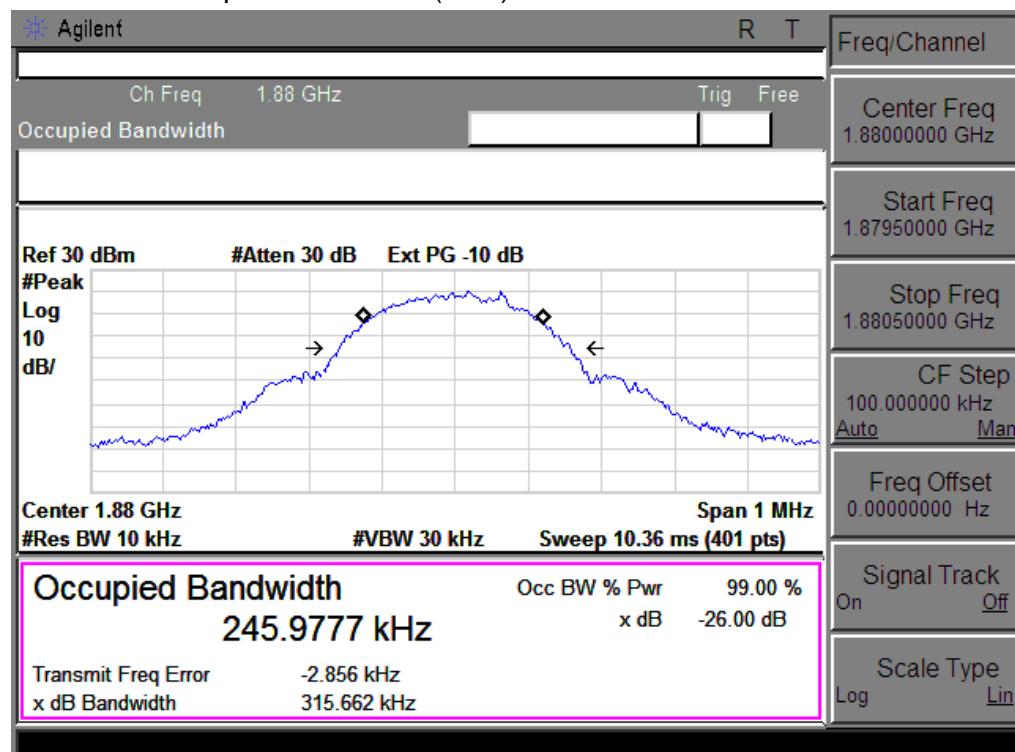


## Occupied Bandwidth (99%) GPRS 1900 BAND CH 512

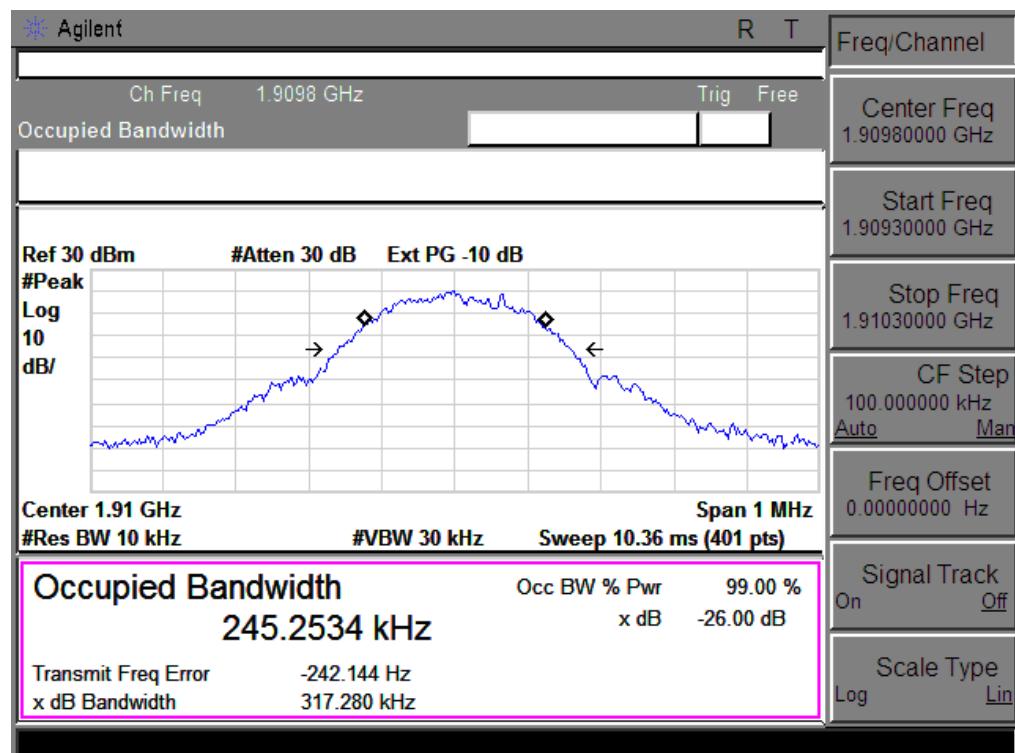




### Occupied Bandwidth (99%) GPRS 1900 BAND CH 661



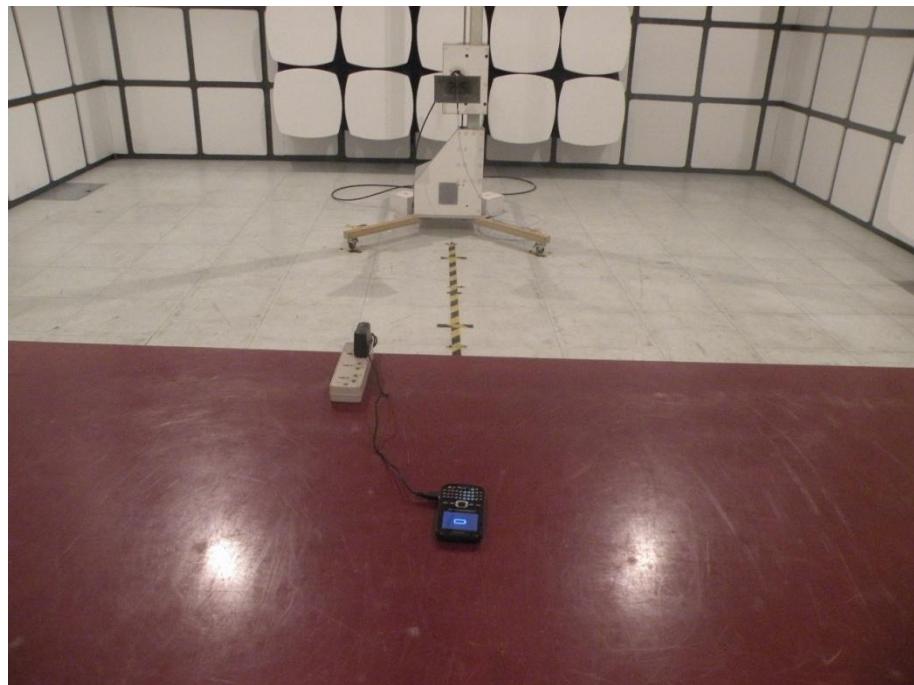
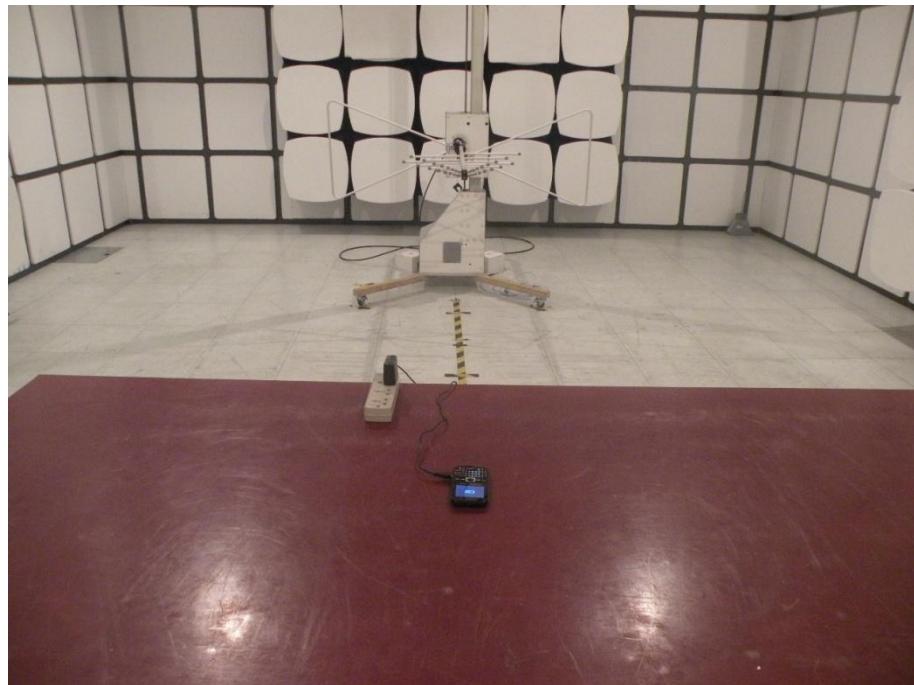
### Occupied Bandwidth (99%) GPRS 1900 BAND CH 810



## APPENDIX III

### PHOTOGRAPHS OF TEST SETUP

RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSION



----END OF REPORT----