

FCC Part 15

EMI TEST REPORT

Part II - 13.56MHz

E.U.T. : Access Controller
Model : AR-837
FCC ID : 2ACLEAR-837

for

APPLICANT : SOYAL TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.
ADDRESS : 11F, No.368, Gongjian Rd., Xizhi Dist, New Taipei City 221, Taiwan, R.O.C

Test Performed by

ELECTRONICS TESTING CENTER, TAIWAN

NO. 34. LIN 5. DINGFU, LINKOU DIST.,
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Report Number : 14-05-RBF-032-06

TEST REPORT CERTIFICATION

Applicant : SOYAL TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.
11F, No.368, Gongjian Rd., Xizhi Dist, New Taipei City 221,
Taiwan, R.O.C

Manufacture : SOYAL TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.
11F, No.368, Gongjian Rd., Xizhi Dist, New Taipei City 221,
Taiwan, R.O.C

Description of Device :
a) Type of EUT : Access Controller
b) Trade Name : SOYAL
c) Model No. : AR-837
d) Power Supply : DC 15V

Regulation Applied : FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15 Subpart C

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT: The data shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures given in ANSI C63.4, and the energy emitted by the device was founded to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for accuracy and completeness of these data.

Note: 1. The result of the testing report relate only to the item tested.
2. The testing report shall not be reproduced expect in full, without the written approval of ETC.

Summary of Tests

| Test | Results |
|---------------------|---------|
| Radiated Emission | Pass |
| Frequency Stability | Pass |
| Conducted Emission | N/A |
| Operation Bandwidth | Pass |

Date Test Item Received : *May 22, 2014*
Date Test Campaign Completed : *Aug. 22, 2014*
Date of Issue : *Aug. 27, 2014*

Test Engineer : *Jiapeng Chen*
(Jiapeng Chen)

Approve & Authorized : *S. S. Liou*
S. S. Liou, Section Manager
EMC Dept. II of ELECTRONICS
TESTING CENTER, TAIWAN

| <i>Table of Contents</i> | <i>Page</i> |
|------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| 1. GENERAL INFORMATION | 1 |
| 1.1 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION | 1 |
| 1.2 CHARACTERISTICS OF DEVICE:..... | 1 |
| 1.3 TEST METHODOLOGY | 1 |
| 1.4 TEST FACILITY | 1 |
| 2.1 DEFINITION | 2 |
| 2.2 RESTRICTED BANDS OF OPERATION | 2 |
| 2.3 LIMITATION..... | 2 |
| 2.4 LABELING REQUIREMENT..... | 4 |
| 2.5 USER INFORMATION | 4 |
| 3 SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION | 5 |
| 3.1 JUSTIFICATION | 5 |
| 3.2 DEVICES FOR TESTED SYSTEM | 5 |
| 4. RADIATED EMISSION MEASUREMENT | 6 |
| 4.1 APPLICABLE STANDARD..... | 6 |
| 4.2 MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE | 6 |
| 4.3 TEST DATA..... | 8 |
| 4.3.1 Below 30MHz..... | 8 |
| 4.3.2 30MHz – 1GHz..... | 9 |
| 4.4 FIELD STRENGTH CALCULATION..... | 11 |
| 4.5 RADIATED TEST EQUIPMENT..... | 11 |
| 4.8 MEASURING INSTRUMENT SETUP | 11 |
| 4.9 RADIATED MEASUREMENT PHOTOS | 12 |
| 5 FREQUENCY STABILITY MEASUREMENT..... | 13 |
| 5.1 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE | 13 |
| 5.2 MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE | 13 |
| 5.3 MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENT..... | 14 |
| 5.4 MEASUREMENT DATA..... | 15 |
| 6. CONDUCTED EMISSION MEASUREMENT | 16 |
| 6.1 DESCRIPTION..... | 16 |
| 7 ANTENNA REQUIREMENT | 17 |
| 7.1 STANDARD APPLICABLE..... | 17 |
| 7.2 ANTENNA CONSTRUCTION | 17 |
| 8 OPERATION BANDWIDTH REQUIREMENT | 18 |
| 8.1 STANDARD APPLICABLE..... | 18 |
| 8.2 MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE | 18 |
| 8.3 MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT | 18 |
| 8.4 MEASUREMENT DATA..... | 18 |

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Product Description

- a) Type of EUT : Access Controller
- b) Trade Name : SOYAL
- c) Model No. : AR-837
- d) Power Supply : DC 15V
- :

1.2 Characteristics of Device:

Access Controller working on frequency 125kHz and 13.56MHz.

1.3 Test Methodology

Both conducted and radiated emissions were performed according to the procedures illustrated in ANSI C63.4 (2003). Other required measurements were illustrated in separate sections of this test report for details.

1.4 Test Facility

The open area test site and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data is located on the roof top of Building at No.34, Lin 5, Dingfu Vil., Linkou Dist., New Taipei City, Taiwan 24442, R.O.C.

This site is FCC 2.948 listed and accepted in a letter dated Jan. 29, 2014.

Registration Number: 90589

2. DEFINITION AND LIMITS

2.1 Definition

Intentional radiator:

A device that intentionally generates and emits radio frequency energy by radiation or induction.

2.2 Restricted Bands of Operation

Only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

| MHz | MHz | MHz | GHz |
|-------------------|-----------------------|---------------|-------------|
| 0.090 - 0.110 | 16.42-16.423 | 399.9-410 | 4.5-5.15 |
| 0.495 - 0.505 ** | 16.69475 - 16.69525 | 608-614 | 5.35-5.46 |
| 2.1735 - 2.1905 | 16.80425 - 16.80475 | 960-1240 | 7.25-7.75 |
| 4.125-4.128 | 25.5-25.67 | 1300-1427 | 8.025-8.5 |
| 4.17725-4.17775 | 37.5-38.25 | 1435-1626.5 | 9.0-9.2 |
| 4.20725-4.20775 | 73-74.6 | 1645.5-1646.5 | 9.3-9.5 |
| 6.215-6.218 | 74.8-75.2 | 1660-1710 | 10.6-12.7 |
| 6.26775-6.26825 | 108-121.94 | 1718.8-1722.2 | 13.25-13.4 |
| 6.31175-6.31225 | 123-138 | 2200-2300 | 14.47-14.5 |
| 8.291-8.294 | 149.9-150.05 | 2310-2390 | 15.35-16.2 |
| 8.362-8.366 | 156.52475 - 156.52525 | 2483.5-2500 | 17.7-21.4 |
| 8.37625-8.38675 | 156.7-156.9 | 2655-2900 | 22.01-23.12 |
| 8.41425-8.41475 | 162.0125-167.17 | 3260-3267 | 23.6-24.0 |
| 12.29-12.293 | 167.72-173.2 | 3332-3339 | 31.2-31.8 |
| 12.51975-12.52025 | 240-285 | 3345.8-3358 | 36.43-36.5 |
| 12.57675-12.57725 | 322-335.4 | 3360-4400 | Above 38.6 |
| 13.36-13.41 | | | |

Remark “**” : Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz

2.3 Limitation

(1) Conducted Emission Limits:

Except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

| Frequency MHz | Quasi Peak dB μ V | Average dB μ V |
|------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| 0.15 - 0.5 | 66-56* | 56-46* |
| 0.5 - 5.0 | 56 | 46 |
| 5.0 - 30.0 | 60 | 50 |

- Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency

(2) Radiated Emission Limits:

According to 15.225, the requirement of radiated emission is:

- (a) The field strength of any emissions within the band 13.553-13.567 MHz shall not exceed 15,848 microvolts/meter at 30 meters.
- (b) Within the bands 13.410-13.553 MHz and 13.567-13.710 MHz, the field strength of any emissions shall not exceed 334 microvolts/meter at 30 meters.
- (c) Within the bands 13.110-13.410 MHz and 13.710-14.010 MHz the field strength of any emissions shall not exceed 106 microvolts/meter at 30 meters.
- (d) The field strength of any emissions appearing outside of the 13.110-14.010 MHz band shall not exceed the general radiated emission limits in § 15.209.

According to § 15.209 Radiated emission limits, general requirements.

- (a) Except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

| Frequencies (MHz) | Field Strength (microvolts/meter) | Measurement Distance (meters) |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 0.009 – 0.490 | 2400/F(kHz) | 300 |
| 0.490 – 1.705 | 24000/F(kHz) | 30 |
| 1.705 – 30.0 | 30 | 30 |
| 30 – 88 | 100 ** | 3 |
| 88 – 216 | 150 ** | 3 |
| 216 – 960 | 200 ** | 3 |
| Above 960 | 500 | 3 |

** Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g., Sections 15.231 and 15.241.

As shown in 15.35(b), for frequencies above 1000MHz, the field strength limits are based on average detector, however, the peak field strength of any emission shall not exceed the maximum permitted average limits, specified above by more than 20 dB under any condition of modulation.

(3) Frequency Stability Limit:

According to 15.225, the requirement of frequency stability is:

- (e) The frequency tolerance of the carrier signal shall be maintained within +/- 0.01% of the operating frequency over a temperature variation of -20 degrees to +50 degrees C at normal supply voltage, and for a variation in the primary supply voltage from 85% to 115% of the rated supply voltage at a temperature of 20 degrees C. For battery operated equipment, the equipment tests shall be performed using a new battery.

(4) Operation Bandwidth Limit:

According to 15.215(c), intentional radiators operating under the alternative provisions to the general emission limits, as contained in §§15.217 through 15.257 and in subpart E of this part, must be designed to ensure that the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission, or whatever bandwidth may otherwise be specified in the specific rule section under which the equipment operates, is contained within the frequency band designated in the rule section under which the equipment is operated.

2.4 Labeling Requirement

The device shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device :

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

2.5 User Information

The users manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

3 SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

3.1 Justification

All measurement were intentional to maximum the emissions from EUT by varying the connection cables, therefore, the test result is sure to meet the applicable requirement.

3.2 Devices for Tested System

| Device | Manufacture | Model / FCC ID. | Description |
|---------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|
| Access Controller * | SOYAL TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD. | AR-837/ 2ACLEAR-837 | 1.8m Unshielded DC Power Line |
| Power Supply | LOKO | DPS-300G-RPS | 1.5m Unshielded Power Cord |

Remark “*” means equipment under test.

4. RADIATED EMISSION MEASUREMENT

4.1 Applicable Standard

According to 15.225, the requirement of radiated emission is:

- (a) The field strength of any emissions within the band 13.553-13.567 MHz shall not exceed 15,848 microvolts/meter at 30 meters.
- (b) Within the bands 13.410-13.553 MHz and 13.567-13.710 MHz, the field strength of any emissions shall not exceed 334 microvolts/meter at 30 meters.
- (c) Within the bands 13.110-13.410 MHz and 13.710-14.010 MHz the field strength of any emissions shall not exceed 106 microvolts/meter at 30 meters.
- (d) The field strength of any emissions appearing outside of the 13.110-14.010 MHz band shall not exceed the general radiated emission limits in § 15.209.

4.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Setup the configuration per figure 1 and 2 for frequencies measured below and above 30 MHz respectively.
2. For emission frequencies measured below 1 GHz, a pre-scan is performed in a shielded chamber to determine the accurate frequencies of higher emissions will be checked on an open test site.
3. For emission frequencies measured below 1 GHz, set the spectrum analyzer on a 100 kHz resolution bandwidth for each frequency measured in step 2.
4. For emission frequencies measured above 30 MHz, the search antenna is to be raised and lowered over a range from 1 to 4 meters in horizontally polarized orientation. Position the highness when the highest value is indicated on spectrum analyzer, then change the orientation of EUT on test table over a range from 0° to 360° with a speed as slow as possible, and keep the azimuth that highest emission is indicated on the spectrum analyzer. Vary the antenna position again and record the highest value as a final reading. A RF test receiver is also used to confirm emissions measured.
5. Repeat step 4 until all frequencies need to be measured were complete.
6. Repeat step 5 with search antenna in vertical polarized orientations.
7. Check the three frequencies of highest emission with varying the placement of cables associated with EUT to obtain the worse case and record the result.
8. For emission frequencies measured below 30 MHz, the search antenna is to be set in horizontal and vertical polarized orientation respectively. Rotate the loop antenna when the highest value is indicated on spectrum analyzer, then change the orientation of EUT on test table over a range from 0° to 360° with a speed as slow as possible, and keep the azimuth that highest emission is indicated on the spectrum analyzer. Vary the antenna rotation again and record the highest value as a final reading. A RF test receiver is also used to confirm emissions measured.

Figure 1 : Frequencies measured below 30 MHz configuration

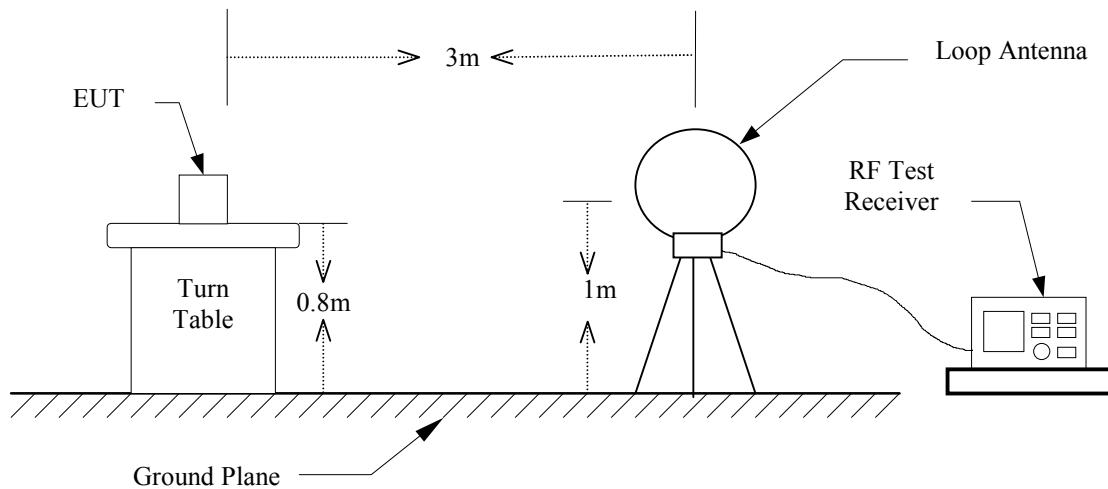
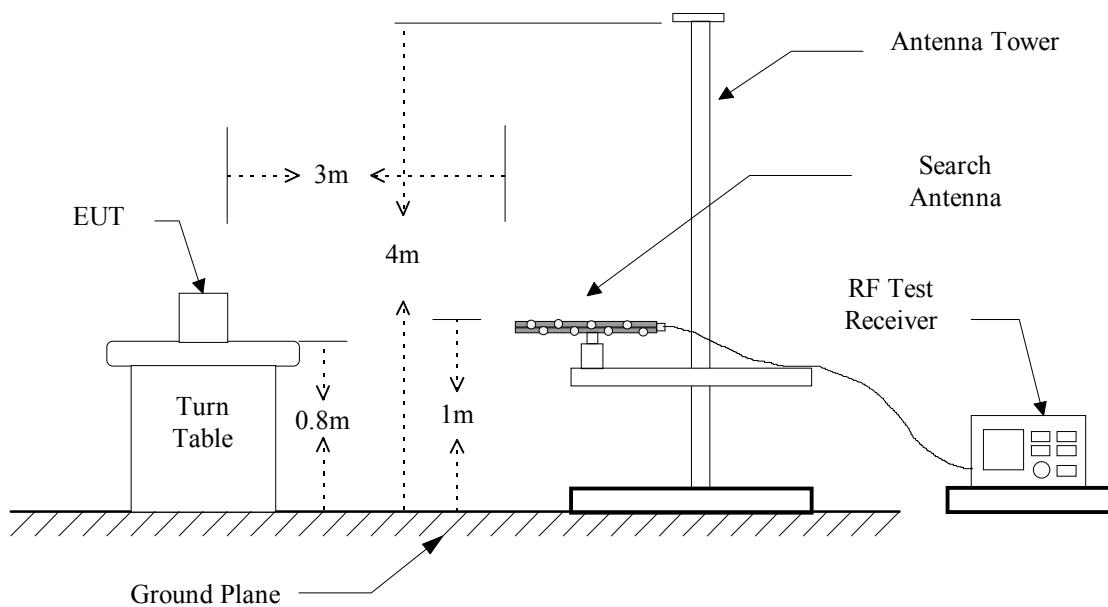


Figure 2 : Frequencies measured above 30 MHz configuration



4.3 Test Data

4.3.1 Below 30MHz

Operation Mode : Transmitting

Test Date: Jun. 05, 2014 Temperature : 20 °C Humidity : 60 %

| Frequency (MHz) | Antenna Pol (H/V) | Meter Reading (dBuV) | Corrected Factor (dB) | Amplifier (dB) | Result @3m (dBuV/m) | Result @30m (dBuV/m) | Limit @30m (dBuV/m) |
|--------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| 13.560 | V | 55.2 | 34.9 | 28.0 | 62.1 | 22.1 | 84.0 |
| 27.120 | --- | --- | 34.2 | 28.0 | --- | --- | 29.5 |

| Frequency (MHz) | Antenna Pol (H/V) | Meter Reading (dBuV) | Corrected Factor (dB) | Amplifier (dB) | Result @3m (dBuV/m) | Result @30m (dBuV/m) | Limit @30m (dBuV/m) |
|--------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| 13.410 ~ 13.553 | --- | --- | 34.9 | 28.0 | --- | --- | 50.5 |
| 13.567 ~ 13.710 | --- | --- | 34.9 | 28.0 | --- | --- | 50.5 |
| 13.110 ~ 13.410 | --- | --- | 34.9 | 28.0 | --- | --- | 40.5 |
| 13.710 ~ 14.010 | --- | --- | 34.9 | 28.0 | --- | --- | 40.5 |

Note :

1. Result = Reading + C. Factor
2. If the result of peak value is under the limit of Quasi-Peak, the Quasi-Peak value doesn't need to be measured.
3. Remark “---” means that the emissions level is too low to be measured.
4. With a distant extrapolation of $40\log(30m/3m)$ on the offset level of receiver during the test.

Limit Calculation:

Fundamental (§15.225(a)) : $20 \log (15848) = 84.0$ dBuV/m @30m

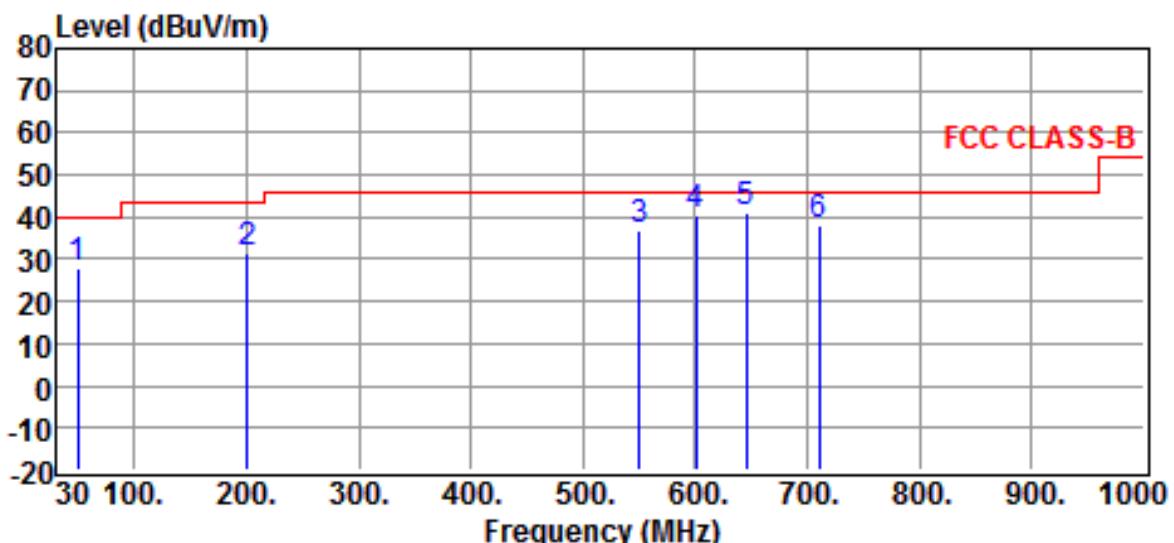
Harmonic < 30MHz (§15.225(d)) : $20 \log (30) = 29.5$ dBuV/m @30m

Within the bands 13.410-13.553 MHz and 13.567-13.710 MHz:

$$20 \log (334) = 50.5 \text{ dBuV/m @30m}$$

Within the bands 13.110-13.410 MHz and 13.710-14.010 MHz:

$$20 \log (106) = 40.5 \text{ dBuV/m @30m}$$

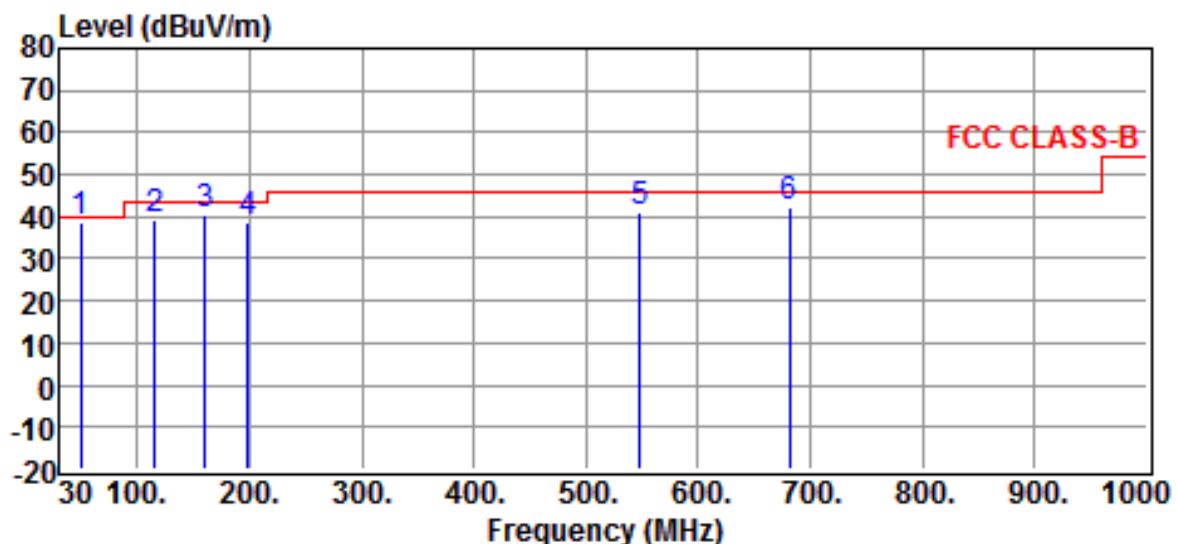
4.3.2 30MHz – 1GHz

| | | | |
|--------------|---------------------|-----------|-------------|
| Site | :Open Site | Date | :2014-06-05 |
| Limit | :FCC CLASS-B | Ant. Pol. | :HORIZONTAL |
| EUT | : Access Controller | Temp. | :23°C |
| Power Rating | :DC 15.0V | Humi. | :58% |
| Model | :AR-837 | Engineer. | :Jiapeng |
| Test Mode | : | | |

| Freq MHz | Reading dBuV | Correction Factor dB | Result dBuV/m | Limits dBuV/m | Over limit dB | Detector |
|-------------|-----------------|----------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|----------|
| 49.4000 | 15.5 | 12.3 | 27.8 | 40.0 | -12.2 | QP |
| 200.7200 | 14.6 | 16.8 | 31.4 | 43.5 | -12.1 | QP |
| 549.9200 | 14.4 | 22.3 | 36.7 | 46.0 | -9.3 | QP |
| 600.3600 | 17.3 | 23.0 | 40.3 | 46.0 | -5.7 | QP |
| 644.9800 | 17.2 | 23.8 | 41.0 | 46.0 | -5.0 | QP |
| 710.9400 | 13.0 | 25.3 | 38.3 | 46.0 | -7.7 | QP |

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss
3. The margin value=Limit - Result



Site :Open Site Date :2014-06-05
 Limit :FCC CLASS-B Ant. Pol. :VERTICAL
 EUT : Access Controller Temp. :23°C
 Power Rating :DC 15.0V Humi. :58%
 Model :AR-837 Engineer. :Jiapeng
 Test Mode :

| Freq MHz | Reading dBuV | Correction Factor dB | Result dBuV/m | Limits dBuV/m | Over limit dB | Detector |
|-------------|-----------------|----------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|----------|
| 50.0000 | 26.2 | 12.2 | 38.4 | 40.0 | -1.6 | QP |
| 115.3600 | 27.4 | 12.2 | 39.6 | 43.5 | -3.9 | QP |
| 159.9800 | 26.6 | 14.2 | 40.8 | 43.5 | -2.7 | QP |
| 198.7800 | 21.6 | 17.0 | 38.6 | 43.5 | -4.9 | QP |
| 547.9800 | 18.8 | 22.3 | 41.1 | 46.0 | -4.9 | QP |
| 681.8400 | 17.4 | 24.7 | 42.1 | 46.0 | -3.9 | QP |

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss
3. The margin value=Limit - Result

4.4 Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Factor, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain (if any) from the measured reading. For the limit is employed average value, therefore the peak value can be transferred to average value by subtracting the duty factor. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

$$\text{Result} = \text{Reading} + \text{Corrected Factor}$$

where

Corr. Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Factor - Amplifier Gain (if any)

4.5 Radiated Test Equipment

| Equipment | Manufacturer | Model No. | Calibration Date | Next Cal. Date |
|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------|------------------|----------------|
| Test Receiver | Rohde & Schwarz | ESVS30 | 2014/05/29 | 2015/05/28 |
| Bi-Log Antenna | ETC | MCTD 2756 | 2014/01/03 | 2015/01/02 |
| Log-periodic Antenna | EMCO | 3146 | 2013/10/25 | 2014/10/24 |
| Biconical Antenna | EMCO | 3110 | 2013/10/25 | 2014/10/24 |
| Spectrum | R&S | FSP3 | 2013/08/08 | 2014/08/07 |
| Amplifier | HP | 8447D | 2014/05/29 | 2015/05/28 |
| EMI Test Receiver | Rohde & Schwarz | ESU 40 | 2013/09/24 | 2014/09/23 |
| Double Ridged Antenna | EMCO | 3115 | 2013/08/02 | 2014/08/01 |
| LOOP Antenna | EMCO | 6512 | 2013/09/30 | 2014/09/29 |

4.8 Measuring Instrument Setup

Explanation of measuring instrument setup in frequency band measured is as following :

| Frequency Band (MHz) | Instrument | Function | Resolution bandwidth | Video Bandwidth |
|----------------------|-------------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| 0.009 to 30 | RF Test Receiver | Quasi-Peak | 10 kHz | N/A |
| | Spectrum Analyzer | Peak | 10 kHz | 30 kHz |
| 30 to 1000 | RF Test Receiver | Quasi-Peak | 120 kHz | N/A |
| | Spectrum Analyzer | Peak | 100 kHz | 100 kHz |

4.9 Radiated Measurement Photos



5 FREQUENCY STABILITY MEASUREMENT

5.1 Provisions Applicable

According to sec. 15.225(e) the frequency tolerance of the carrier signal shall be maintained within +/- 0.01% of the operating frequency over a temperature variation of -20 degrees to +50 degrees C at normal supply voltage, and for a variation in the primary supply voltage from 85% to 115% of the rated supply voltage at a temperature of 20 degrees C. For battery operated equipment, the equipment tests shall be performed using a new battery.

5.2 Measurement Procedure

A) Frequency stability versus environmental temperature

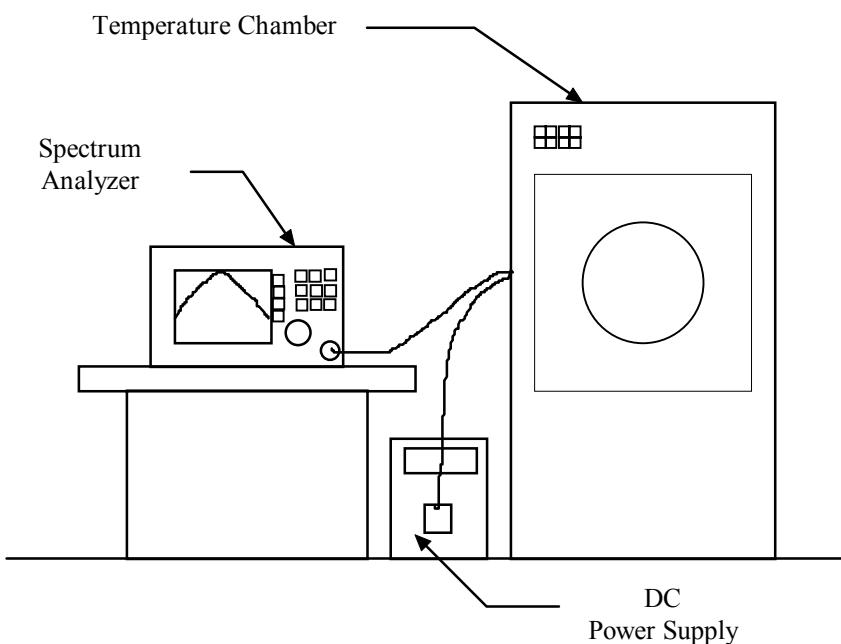
1. Setup the configuration per figure 3 for frequencies measured at an environmental chamber set for a temperature of 20°C.
2. Turn on EUT and set SA center frequency to the right frequency needs to be measured. Then set SA RBW to 30 kHz, VBW to 100kHz and frequency span to 500 kHz. Record this frequency to be a reference.
3. Set the temperature of chamber to 50°C. Allow sufficient time (approximately 30 min) for the temperature of the chamber to stabilize. While maintaining a constant temperature inside the chamber, turn the EUT on and measure the EUT operating frequency.
4. Repeat step 2 with a 10°C decreased per stage until the lowest temperature -20°C is measured, record all measurement frequencies.

B) Frequency stability versus input voltage

1. Setup the configuration per figure 3 for frequencies measured at an environmental chamber set for a temperature of 20°C.

2. Set SA center frequency to the right frequency needs to be measured. Then set SA RBW to 30 kHz, VBW to 100kHz and frequency span to 500 kHz. Record this frequency to be a reference.
3. The EUT is powered with the DC Power Supply, supplied it with 85% and 115% voltage, and measured the EUT operating frequency.

Figure 3 : Frequency stability measurement configuration



5.3 Measurement Instrument

| Equipment | Manufacturer | Model No. | Calibration Date | Next Cal. Date |
|---------------------|--------------|-----------|------------------|----------------|
| Spectrum Analyzer | HP | 8564E | 2014/05/20 | 2015/05/19 |
| Temperature Chamber | MALLIER | MCT-2X-M | 2014/05/02 | 2015/05/01 |

5.4 Measurement Data

A1. Frequency stability versus enviroment temputure

| Reference Frequency : 13.56 MHz | | | Limit : 0.01% | | | | |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|----------|----------|-----------|----------|
| Enviroment Temputure (°C) | Power Supplied (Vdc) | Frequency measured with time elapsed | | | | | |
| | | 2 minute | | 5 minute | | 10 minute | |
| 15 | | (MHz) | (%) | (MHz) | (%) | (MHz) | (%) |
| | | 13.5604 | 0.00326 | 13.5605 | 0.00347 | 13.5604 | 0.00311 |
| | | 13.5604 | 0.00302 | 13.5604 | 0.00281 | 13.5604 | 0.00296 |
| | | 13.5603 | 0.00230 | 13.5603 | 0.00202 | 13.5603 | 0.00216 |
| | | 13.5602 | 0.00136 | 13.5602 | 0.00114 | 13.5601 | 0.00058 |
| | | 13.5601 | 0.00039 | 13.5600 | 0.00008 | 13.5600 | -0.00009 |
| | | 13.5599 | -0.00082 | 13.5599 | -0.00058 | 13.5600 | -0.00022 |
| | | 13.5599 | -0.00092 | 13.5598 | -0.00122 | 13.5598 | -0.00151 |
| | | 13.5598 | -0.00175 | 13.5598 | -0.00136 | 13.5598 | -0.00135 |

A2. Frequency stability versus input voltage ($\pm 15\%$)

| Reference Frequency : 13.56 MHz | | | Limit : 0.01% | | | | |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|----------|---------|-----------|---------|
| Enviroment Temputure (°C) | Power Supplied (Vdc) | Frequency measured with time elapsed | | | | | |
| | | 2 minute | | 5 minute | | 10 minute | |
| | | (MHz) | (%) | (MHz) | (%) | (MHz) | (%) |
| 20 | 12.75 | 13.5602 | 0.00169 | 13.5602 | 0.00165 | 13.5602 | 0.00138 |
| 20 | 17.25 | 13.5603 | 0.00186 | 13.5602 | 0.00142 | 13.5601 | 0.00093 |

6. CONDUCTED EMISSION MEASUREMENT

6.1 Description

This EUT is excused from investigation of conducted emission, for it is powered by DC battery only. According to §15.207 (d), measurements to demonstrate compliance with the conducted limits are not required for devices which only employ battery power for operation and which do not operate from the AC power lines or contain provisions for operation while connected to the AC power lines.

7 ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

7.1 Standard Applicable

According to §15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

7.2 Antenna Construction

The antenna is permanently attached to the main PCB, no consideration of replacement.
Please see photos submitted in Exhibit B.

8 OPERATION BANDWIDTH REQUIREMENT

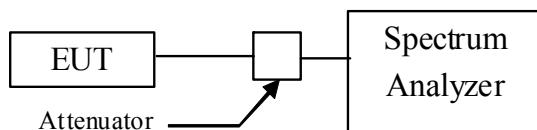
8.1 Standard Applicable

According to §15.215(c), intentional radiators operating under the alternative provisions to the general emission limits, as contained in §§15.217 through 15.257 and in subpart E of this part, must be designed to ensure that the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission, or whatever bandwidth may otherwise be specified in the specific rule section under which the equipment operates, is contained within the frequency band designated in the rule section under which the equipment is operated.

8.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT as shown in figure 4 without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect it to measurement instrument. Then set it to any one convenient frequency within its operating range. Set a reference level on the measuring instrument equal to the highest peak value. The settings of spectrum analyzer is as followings.
 - 1) Set RBW = 30 kHz.
 - 2) Set the video bandwidth (VBW) \geq RBW.
 - 3) Detector = Peak.
 - 4) Trace mode = max hold.
 - 5) Sweep = auto couple.
 - 6) Allow the trace to stabilize.
 - 7) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 20 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.
3. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

Figure 4: Emission bandwidth measurement configuration.



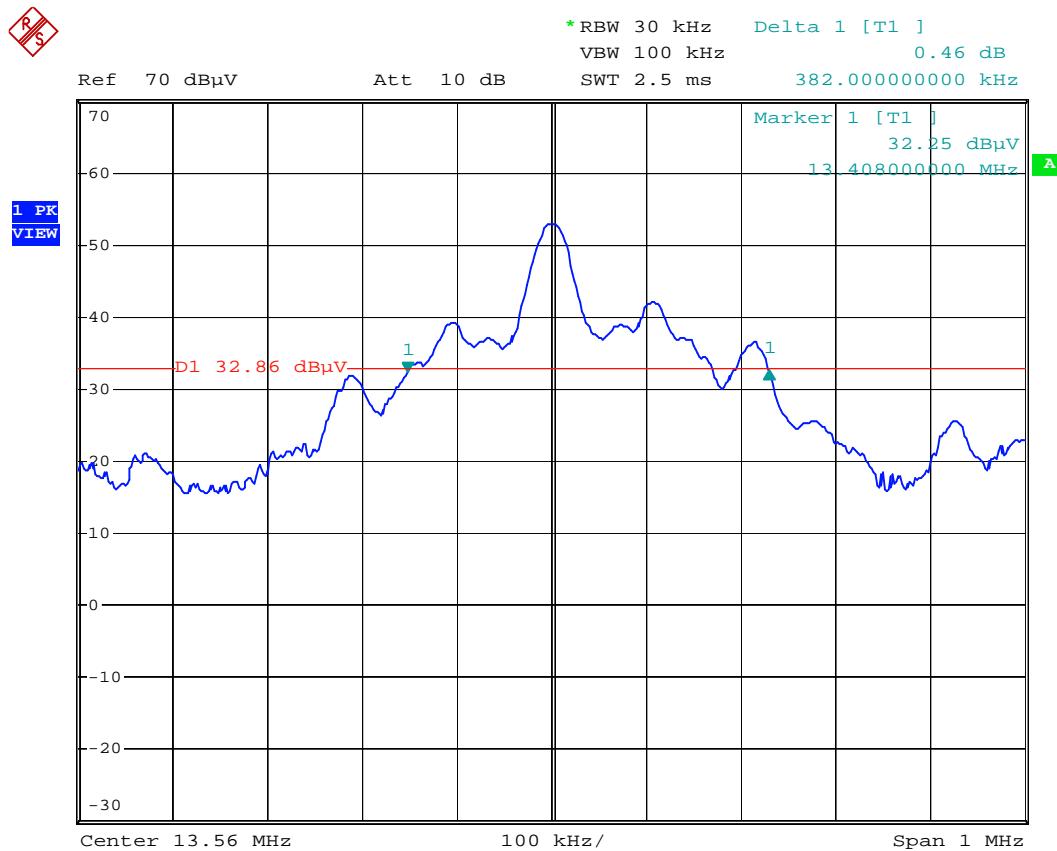
8.3 Measurement Equipment

| Equipment | Manufacturer | Model No. | Calibration Date | Next Cal. Date |
|-------------------|-----------------|-----------|------------------|----------------|
| Spectrum Analyzer | Rohde & Schwarz | FSP40 | 2014/01/21 | 2015/01/20 |

8.4 Measurement Data

Test Date : Aug. 22, 2014 Temperature : 22 °C Humidity : 60 %

- a) 20 dB Emission Bandwidth is 382 kHz



Date: 22.AUG.2014 14:04:41

The 20 dB bandwidth of the emission is contained within the frequency band designated in the rule section 15.225.