



SAR TEST REPORT

No. I17Z60685-SEM01

For

TCL Communication Ltd.

LTE / UMTS / GSM mobile phone

Model name: 5085Y

With

Hardware Version: PIO

Software Version: 1AA4

FCC ID: 2ACCJH074

Issued Date: 2017-6-13



Note:

The test results in this test report relate only to the devices specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of CTTL.

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REPORT HISTORY

Report Number	Revision	Issue Date	Description
I17Z60685-SEM01	Rev.0	2017-5-25	Initial creation of test report
I17Z60685-SEM01	Rev.1	2017-6-13	1. Update the description of conducted power on page 26 2. Remove the test results of body SAR for LTE Band 7 with 15mm

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1 Test Laboratory

1.1 Testing Location

Company Name:	CTTL(Shouxiang)
Address:	No. 51 Shouxiang Science Building, Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, P. R. China100191

1.2 Testing Environment

Temperature:	18°C~25°C,
Relative humidity:	30%~ 70%
Ground system resistance:	< 0.5 Ω
Ambient noise & Reflection:	< 0.012 W/kg

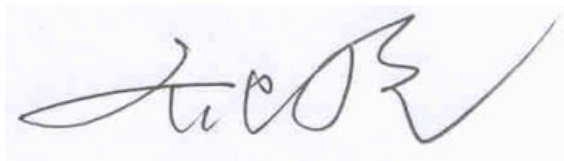
1.3 Project Data

Project Leader:	Qi Dianyuan
Test Engineer:	Lin Xiaojun
Testing Start Date:	May12, 2017
Testing End Date:	May 16, 2017

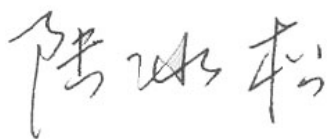
1.4 Signature



Lin Xiaojun
(Prepared this test report)



Qi Dianyuan
(Reviewed this test report)



Lu Bingsong
Deputy Director of the laboratory
(Approved this test report)

2 Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of SAR found during testing for TCL Communication Ltd.LTE / UMTS / GSM mobile phone 5085Yare as follows:

Table 2.1: HighestReported SAR(1g)

Exposure Configuration	Technology Band	Highest Reported SAR 1g(W/Kg)	Equipment Class
Head (Separation Distance 0mm)	GSM 850	0.15	PCE
	PCS 1900	0.16	
	UMTS FDD 5	0.24	
	UMTS FDD 2	0.30	
	LTE Band 7	0.28	
	WLAN 2.4 GHz	1.18	DTS
Hotspot (Separation Distance 10mm)	GSM 850	0.21	PCE
	PCS 1900	0.45	
	UMTS FDD 5	0.32	
	UMTS FDD 2	0.81	
	LTE Band 7	1.24	
	WLAN 2.4 GHz	0.22	DTS

The SAR values found for the Mobile Phone are below the maximum recommended levels of 1.6 W/Kg as averaged over any 1g tissue according to the ANSI C95.1-1992.

For body worn operation, this device has been tested and meets FCC RF exposure guidelines when used with any accessory that contains no metal and which provides a minimum separation distance of 10 mm between this device and the body of the user. Use of other accessories may not ensure compliance with FCC RF exposure guidelines.

The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power output.

The measurement together with the test system set-up is described in annex C of this test report. A detailed description of the equipment under test can be found in chapter 4 of this test report.

The highest reported SAR value is obtained at the case of (**Table 2.1**), and the values are: **1.24 W/kg (1g)**.

Table 2.2: The sum of reported SAR values for main antenna and WLAN

	Position	Main antenna	WLAN	Sum
Maximum reported SAR value for Head	Left hand, Touch cheek	0.30	0.40	0.70
	Right hand, Touch cheek	0.28	1.18	1.46
Maximum reported SAR value for Body	Bottom	1.24	/	1.24
	Rear	0.69	0.22	0.91

Table 2.3: The sum of reported SAR values for main antenna and Bluetooth

	Position	Main antenna	BT*	Sum
Highest reported SAR value for Head	Left hand, Touch cheek	0.30	0.23	0.53
Highest reported SAR value for Body	Bottom	1.24	0.12	1.36

BT* - Estimated SAR for Bluetooth (see the table 13.3)

According to the above tables, the highest sum of reported SAR values is **1.46 W/kg (1g)**. The detail for simultaneous transmission consideration is described in chapter 13.

According to the KDB648474 D04, the UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna located at ≤ 25 mm from that surface or edge, in direct contact with a flat phantom, for 10-g extremity SAR according to the body-equivalent tissue dielectric parameters in KDB Publication 865664 D01 to address interactive hand use exposure conditions. When hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg

Table 2.4: 0mm Reported SAR for phablet (10g)

Exposure Configuration	Technology Band	Position	Highest Reported SAR10g(W/kg)	Limit 10g (W/kg)
Hotspot (Separation Distance 0mm)	LTE Band7	Bottom	3.66	4.0

3 Client Information

3.1 Applicant Information

Company Name:	TCL Communication Ltd.
Address/Post:	5F, C building, No. 232, Liang Jing Road ZhangJiang High-Tech Park, Pudong Area Shanghai, P.R. China. 201203
City:	Shanghai
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3.2 Manufacturer Information

Company Name:	TCL Communication Ltd.
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City:	Shanghai
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Country:	China
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Telephone:	0086-21-31363544
Fax:	0086-21-61460602

4 Equipment Under Test (EUT) and Ancillary Equipment (AE)

4.1 About EUT

Description:	LTE / UMTS / GSM mobile phone
Model name:	5085Y
Operating mode(s):	GSM 850/900/1800/1900, WCDMA 850/900/1900/2100 BT, Wi-Fi, LTE Band 1/3/7/8/20/28
Tested Tx Frequency:	825 – 848.8 MHz (GSM 850)
	1850.2 – 1910 MHz (GSM 1900)
	826.4–846.6 MHz (WCDMA850 Band V)
	1852.4–1907.6 MHz (WCDMA1900 Band II)
	2502.5 – 2567.5 MHz (LTE Band 7)
	2412 – 2462 MHz (Wi-Fi 2.4G)
GPRS/EGPRS Multislot Class:	12
GPRS capability Class:	B
Test device Production information:	Production unit
Device type:	Portable device
Antenna type:	Integrated antenna
Accessories/Body-worn configurations:	Headset, LightingCover
Hotspot mode:	Support
Product dimension	Long 146mm ;Wide 72.1mm ;Diagonal 162.8mm

4.2 Internal Identification of EUT used during the test

EUT ID*	IMEI	HW	SW Version
EUT1	357577080000314	PIO	1AA4
EUT2	357577080000298	PIO	1AA4
EUT3	357577080000272	PIO	1AA4
EUT4	357577080000231	PIO	1AA4

*EUT ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

Note: It is performed to test SAR with the EUT1&2&3and conducted power with the EUT4.

4.3 Internal Identification of AE used during the test

AE ID*	Description	Model	SN	Manufacturer
AE1	Battery	CAC2710008CJ	/	COSLIGHT
AE2	Battery	CAC2710004C1	/	BYD
AE3	Battery	CAC2710005CC	/	JINNENG
AE4	Headset	CCB0049A10C1	/	JUWEI
AE5	Headset	CCB0049A10C4	/	MEIHAO
AE6	Lightingcover	/	/	/

*AE ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

Note:AE6 is a PC cover with LED lighting, the lights will turn on when some actions active, like incoming call, play music and so on.

5 TEST METHODOLOGY

5.1 Applicable Limit Regulations

ANSI C95.1–1992: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.

It specifies the maximum exposure limit of **1.6 W/kg** as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue for portable devices being used within 20 cm of the user in the uncontrolled environment.

5.2 Applicable Measurement Standards

IEEE 1528–2013: Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.

KDB447498 D01: General RF Exposure Guidance v06: Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies.

KDB648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03: SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets.

KDB941225 D01 SAR test for 3G devices v03r01: SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices

KDB941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05: SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices

KDB941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02r01: SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities

KDB248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02: SAR GUIDANCE FOR IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) TRANSMITTERS

KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04: SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

KDB865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02: RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations

6 Specific Absorption Rate(SAR)

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = c \left(\frac{\delta T}{\delta t} \right)$$

Where: C is the specific heat capacity, δT is the temperature rise and δt is the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

7 Tissue Simulating Liquids

7.1 Targets for tissue simulating liquid

Table 7.1: Targets for tissue simulating liquid

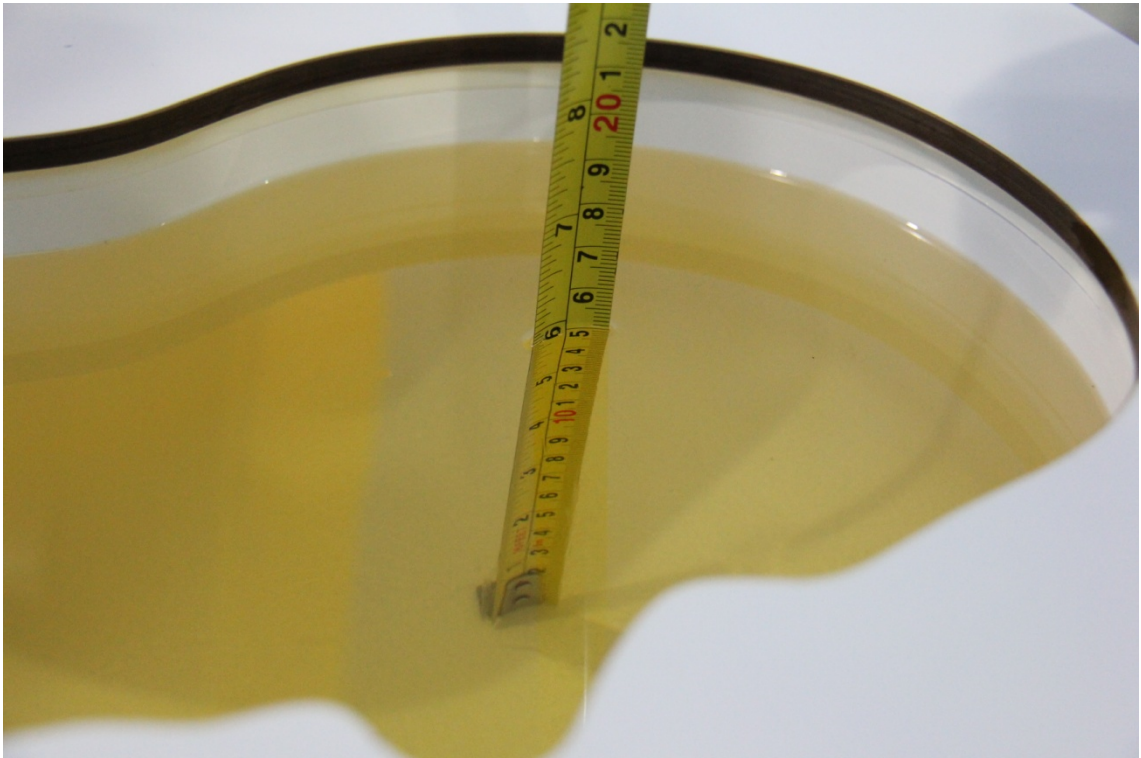
Frequency(MHz)	Liquid Type	Conductivity(σ)	$\pm 5\%$ Range	Permittivity(ϵ)	$\pm 5\%$ Range
835	Head	0.90	0.86~0.95	41.5	39.4~43.6
835	Body	0.97	0.92~1.02	55.2	52.4~58.0
1900	Head	1.40	1.33~1.47	40.0	38.0~42.0
1900	Body	1.52	1.44~1.60	53.3	50.6~56.0
2450	Head	1.80	1.71~1.89	39.2	37.2~41.2
2450	Body	1.95	1.85~2.05	52.7	50.1~55.3
2600	Head	1.96	1.86~2.06	39.01	37.06~40.96
2600	Body	2.16	2.05~2.27	52.5	49.9~55.1

7.2 Dielectric Performance

Table 7.2: Dielectric Performance of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Measurement Date (yyyy-mm-dd)	Type	Frequency	Permittivity ϵ	Drift (%)	Conductivity σ (S/m)	Drift (%)
2017/5/12	Head	835 MHz	41.27	-0.55	0.89	-1.11
	Body	835 MHz	56.03	1.50	0.973	0.31
2017/5/14	Head	1900 MHz	39.77	-0.57	1.413	0.93
	Body	1900 MHz	53.16	-0.26	1.506	-0.92
2017/5/15	Head	2450 MHz	39.29	0.23	1.801	0.06
	Body	2450 MHz	53.56	1.63	1.986	1.85
2017/5/16	Head	2600 MHz	39.6	1.51	1.974	0.71
	Body	2600 MHz	52.32	-0.34	2.195	1.62

Note: The liquid temperature is 22.0°C



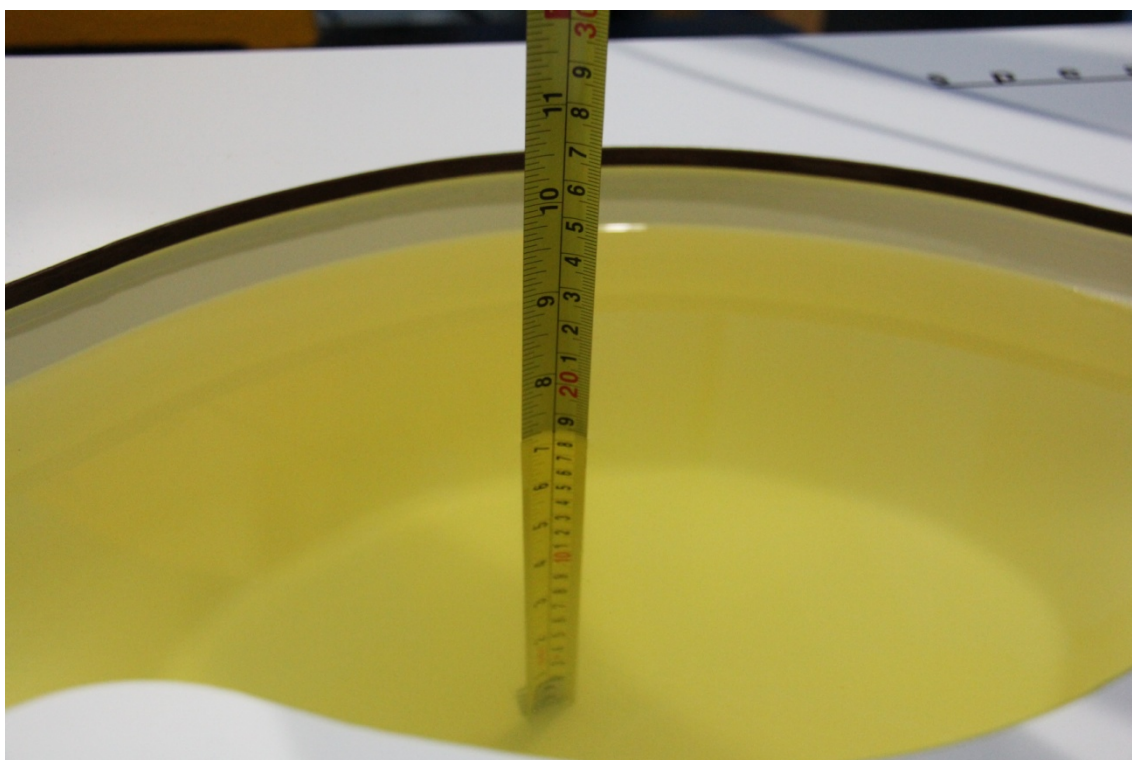
Picture 7-1: Liquid depth in the Head Phantom (835MHz)



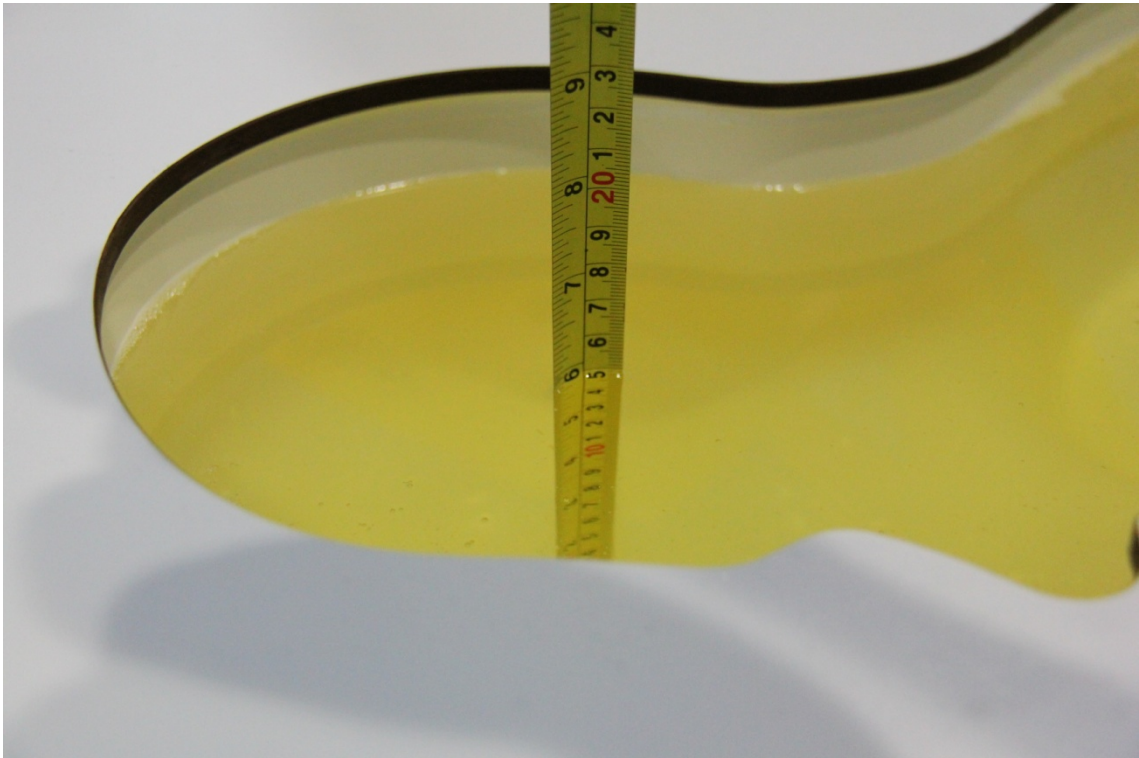
Picture 7-2: Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (835MHz)



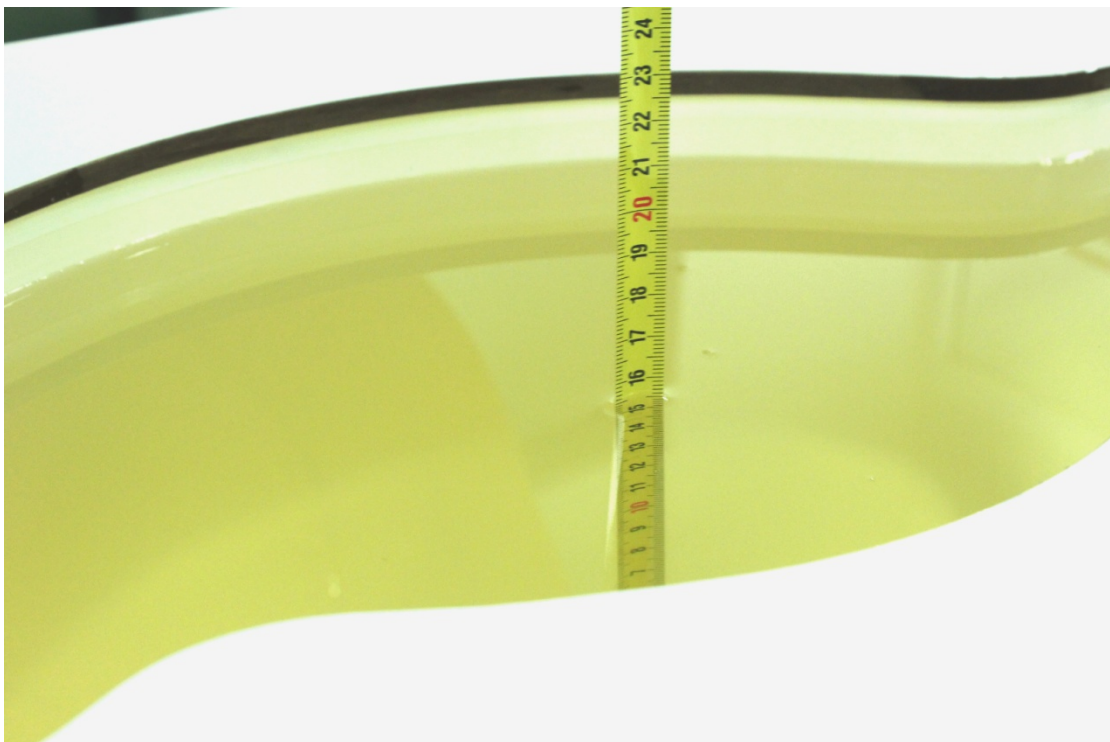
Picture 7-3: Liquid depth in the Head Phantom (1900 MHz)



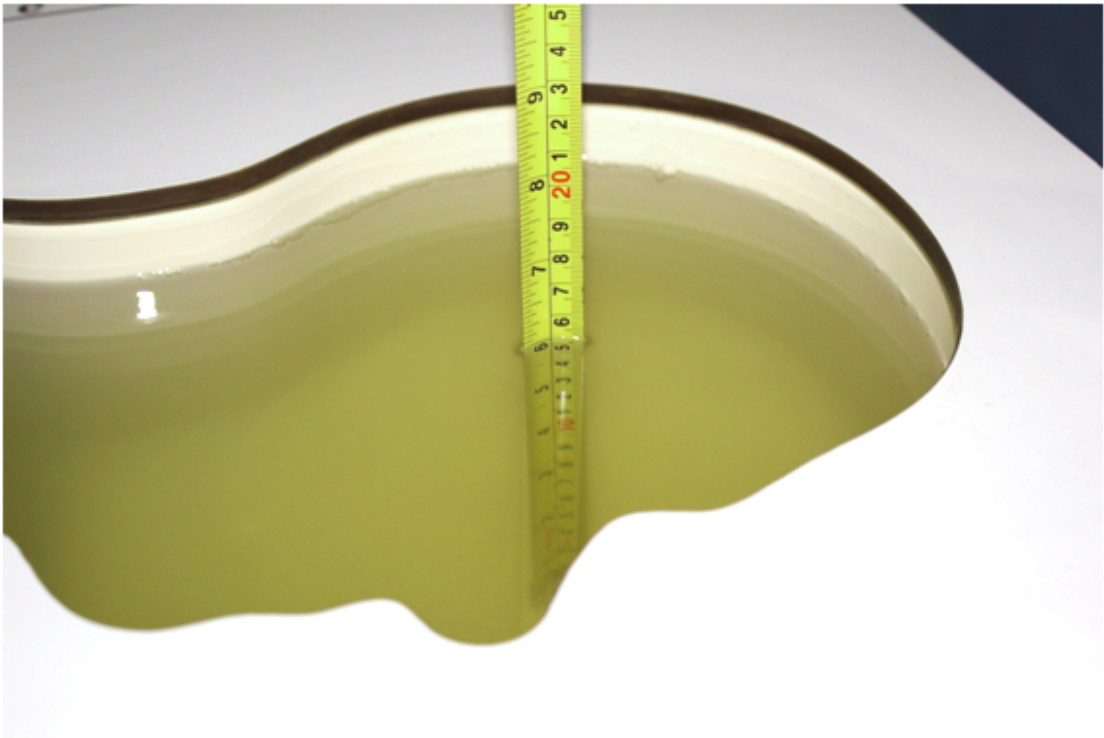
Picture 7-4 Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (1900MHz)



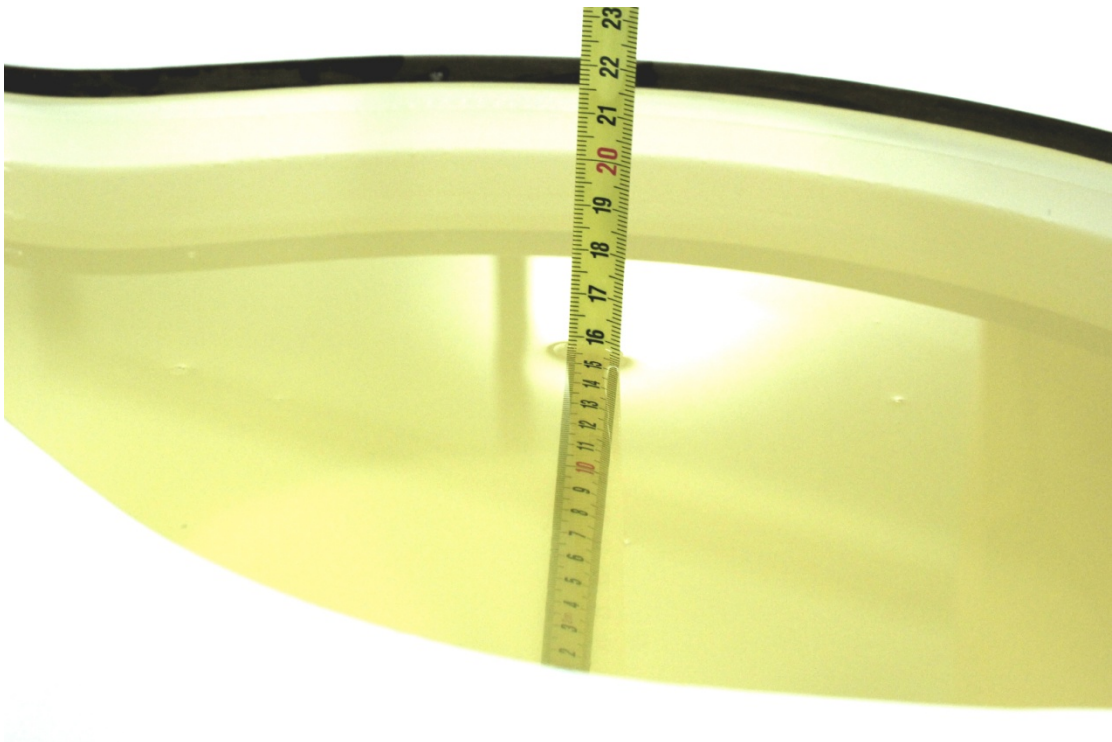
Picture 7-5 Liquid depth in the Head Phantom (2450MHz)



Picture 7-6 Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (2450MHz)



Picture 7-7 Liquid depth in the Head Phantom (2600 MHz Head)

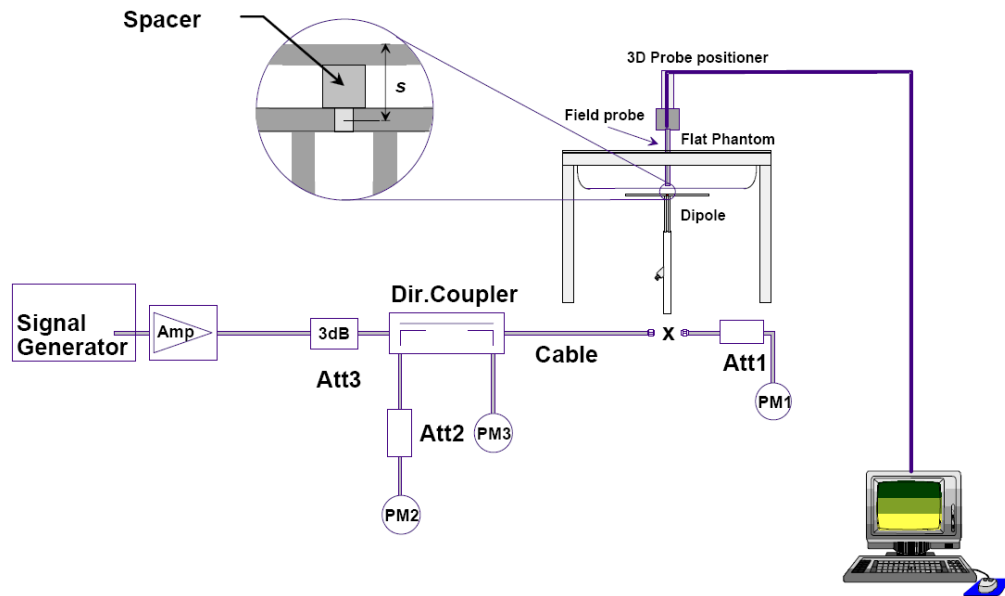


Picture 7-8 Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (2600MHz)

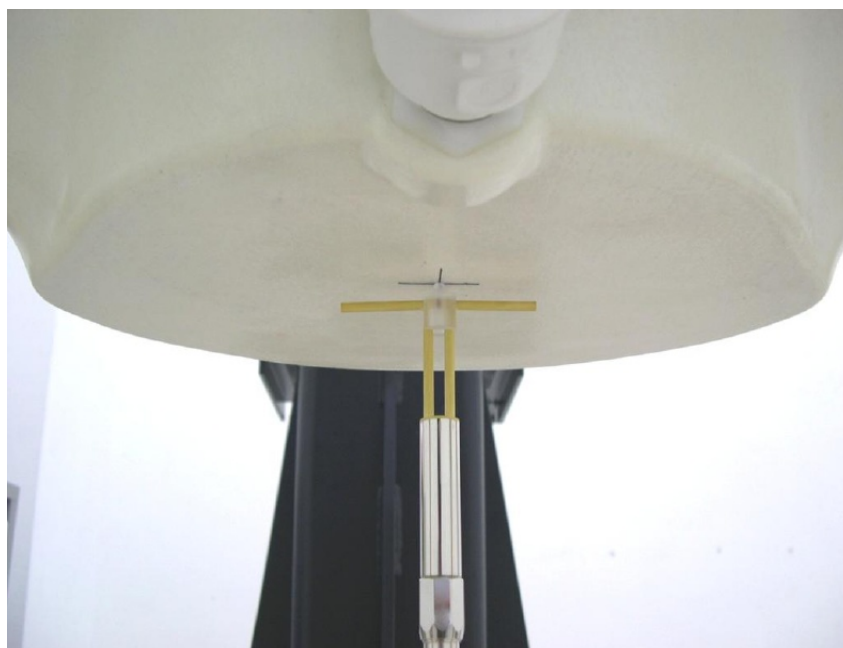
8 System verification

8.1 System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the DUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:



Picture 8.1 System Setup for System Evaluation



Picture 8.2 Photo of Dipole Setup

8.2 System Verification

SAR system verification is required to confirm measurement accuracy, according to the tissue dielectric media, probe calibration points and other system operating parameters required for measuring the SAR of a test device. The system verification must be performed for each frequency band and within the valid range of each probe calibration point required for testing the device. The system verification results are required that the area scan estimated 1-g SAR is within 3% of the zoom scan 1-g SAR. The details are presented in annex B.

Table 8.1: System Verification of Head

Measurement Date (yyyy-mm-dd)	Frequency	Target value (W/kg)		Measured value (W/kg)		Deviation	
		10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average
2017/5/12	835 MHz	6.18	9.44	6.24	9.28	0.97%	-1.69%
2017/5/14	1900 MHz	21.2	40.7	20.96	40.68	-1.13%	-0.05%
2017/5/15	2450 MHz	24.6	52.8	24.6	53.4	0.00%	1.14%
2017/5/16	2600 MHz	25.2	56.7	25.36	55.8	0.63%	-1.59%

Table 8.2: System Verification of Body

Measurement Date (yyyy-mm-dd)	Frequency	Target value (W/kg)		Measured value (W/kg)		Deviation	
		10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average
2017/5/12	835 MHz	6.36	9.69	6.32	9.52	-0.63%	-1.75%
2017/5/14	1900 MHz	21.3	40.1	21.2	40.84	-0.47%	1.85%
2017/5/15	2450 MHz	24.1	51.2	24.36	50.28	1.08%	-1.80%
2017/5/16	2600 MHz	24.8	55.3	25.16	54.8	1.45%	-0.90%

9 Measurement Procedures

9.1 Tests to be performed

In order to determine the highest value of the peak spatial-average SAR of a handset, all device positions, configurations and operational modes shall be tested for each frequency band according to steps 1 to 3 below. A flowchart of the test process is shown in picture 9.1.

Step 1: The tests described in 9.2 shall be performed at the channel that is closest to the centre of the transmit frequency band (f_c) for:

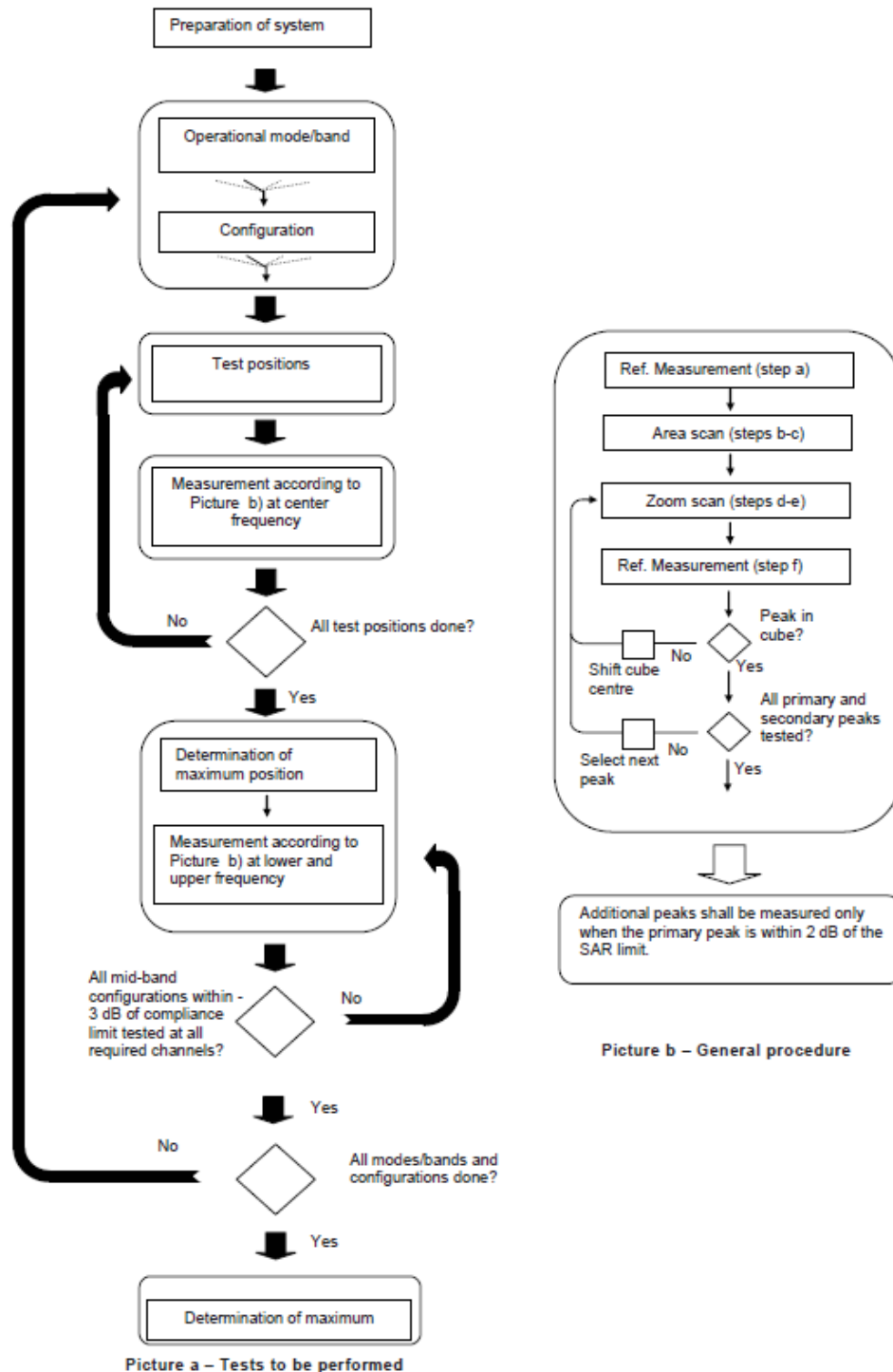
- a) all device positions (cheek and tilt, for both left and right sides of the SAM phantom, as described in annex D),
- b) all configurations for each device position in a), e.g., antenna extended and retracted, and
- c) all operational modes, e.g., analogue and digital, for each device position in a) and configuration in b) in each frequency band.

If more than three frequencies need to be tested according to 11.1 (i.e., $N_c > 3$), then

all frequencies, configurations and modes shall be tested for all of the above test conditions.

Step 2: For the condition providing highest peak spatial-average SAR determined in Step 1, perform all tests described in 9.2 at all other test frequencies, i.e., lowest and highest frequencies. In addition, for all other conditions (device position, configuration and operational mode) where the peak spatial-average SAR value determined in Step 1 is within 3 dB of the applicable SAR limit, it is recommended that all other test frequencies shall be tested as well.

Step 3: Examine all data to determine the highest value of the peak spatial-average SAR found in Steps 1 to 2.



Picture 9.1 Block diagram of the tests to be performed

9.2 General Measurement Procedure

The area and zoom scan resolutions specified in the table below must be applied to the SAR measurements and fully documented in SAR reports to qualify for TCB approval. Probe boundary effect error compensation is required for measurements with the probe tip closer than half a probe tip diameter to the phantom surface. Both the probe tip diameter and sensor offset distance must satisfy measurement protocols; to ensure probe boundary effect errors are minimized and the higher fields closest to the phantom surface can be correctly measured and extrapolated to the phantom surface for computing 1-g SAR. Tolerances of the post-processing algorithms must be verified by the test laboratory for the scan resolutions used in the SAR measurements, according to the reference distribution functions specified in IEEE Std 1528-2003. The results should be documented as part of the system validation records and may be requested to support test results when all the measurement parameters in the following table are not satisfied.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface			5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location			$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
			When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm
Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.				
* When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.				

9.3 WCDMA Measurement Procedures for SAR

The following procedures are applicable to WCDMA handsets operating under 3GPP Release99, Release 5 and Release 6. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the DUT and a communication test set using a 12.2kbps RMC (reference measurement channel) configured in Test Loop Mode 1. SAR is selectively confirmed for other physical channel configurations (DPCCH & DPDCH_n), HSDPA and HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA) modes according to output power, exposure conditions and device operating capabilities. Both uplink and downlink should be configured with the same RMC or AMR, when required. SAR for Release 5 HSDPA and Release 6 HSPA are measured using the applicable FRC (fixed reference channel) and E-DCH reference channel configurations. Maximum output power is verified according to applicable versions of 3GPP TS 34.121 and SAR must be measured according to these maximum output conditions. When Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) is not implemented according to Cubic Metric (CM) requirements for Release 6 HSPA, the following procedures do not apply.

For Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices:

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c / β_d	β_{hs}	CM/dB
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0
2	12/15	15/15	64	12/15	24/25	1.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5

For Release 6 HSPA Data Devices

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c / β_d	β_{hs}	β_{ec}	β_{ed}	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (codes)	CM (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15	15/15	64	11/15	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	12/15	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed1}:47/15$ $\beta_{ed2}:47/15$	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	4/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15	15/15	64	15/15	24/15	30/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

For Release 8

SAR is required for Rel. 8 DC-HSDPA when SAR is required for Rel. 5 HSDPA; otherwise, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to DC-HSDPA with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Power is measured for DC-HSDPA according to the H-Set 12, FRC configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1 to determine SAR test reduction. A primary and a secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell are required to perform the power measurement and for the results to be acceptable.

9.4 SAR Measurement for LTE

SAR tests for LTE are performed with a base station simulator, Rohde & Schwarz CMW500. Closed loop power control was used so the UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing. All powers were measured with the CMW 500.

It is performed for conducted power and SAR based on the KDB941225 D05.

SAR is evaluated separately according to the following procedures for the different test positions in each exposure condition – head, body, body-worn accessories and other use conditions. The procedures in the following subsections are applied separately to test each LTE frequency band.

1) QPSK with 1 RB allocation

Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel. When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.

2) QPSK with 50% RB allocation

The procedures required for 1 RB allocation in 1) are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.

3) QPSK with 100% RB allocation

For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in 1) and 2) are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

9.5 Bluetooth & Wi-Fi Measurement Procedures for SAR

Normal network operating configurations are not suitable for measuring the SAR of 802.11 transmitters in general. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure that the results are consistent and reliable.

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in a test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters. The test frequencies should correspond to actual channel frequencies defined for domestic use. SAR for devices with switched diversity should be measured with only one antenna transmitting at a time during each SAR measurement, according to a fixed modulation and data rate. The same data pattern should be used for all measurements.

9.6 Power Drift

To control the output power stability during the SAR test, DASY4 system calculates the power drift by measuring the E-field at the same location at the beginning and at the end of the measurement for each test position. These drift values can be found in section 14 labeled as: (Power Drift [dB]). This ensures that the power drift during one measurement is within 5%.

10 Area Scan Based 1-g SAR

10.1 Requirement of KDB

According to the KDB447498 D01 v05, when the implementation is based the specific polynomial fit algorithm as presented at the 29th Bioelectromagnetics Society meeting (2007) and the estimated 1-g SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, a zoom scan measurement is not required provided it is also not needed for any other purpose; for example, if the peak SAR location required for simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion can be determined accurately by the SAR system or manually to discriminate between distinctive peaks and scattered noisy SAR distributions from area scans.

There must not be any warning or alert messages due to various measurement concerns identified by the SAR system; for example, noise in measurements, peaks too close to scan boundary, peaks are too sharp, spatial resolution and uncertainty issues etc. The SAR system verification must also demonstrate that the area scan estimated 1-g SAR is within 3% of the zoom scan 1-g SAR (See Annex B). When all the SAR results for each exposure condition in a frequency band and wireless mode are based on estimated 1-g SAR, the 1-g SAR for the highest SAR configuration must be determined by a zoom scan.

10.2 Fast SAR Algorithms

The approach is based on the area scan measurement applying a frequency dependent attenuation parameter. This attenuation parameter was empirically determined by analyzing a large number of phones. The MOTOROLA FAST SAR was developed and validated by the MOTOROLA Research Group in Ft. Lauderdale.

In the initial study, an approximation algorithm based on Linear fit was developed. The accuracy of the algorithm has been demonstrated across a broad frequency range (136-2450 MHz) and for both 1- and 10-g averaged SAR using a sample of 264 SAR measurements from 55 wireless handsets. For the sample size studied, the root-mean-squared errors of the algorithm are 1.2% and 5.8% for 1- and 10-g averaged SAR, respectively. The paper describing the algorithm in detail is expected to be published in August 2004 within the Special Issue of Transactions on MTT.

In the second step, the same research group optimized the fitting algorithm to an Polynomial fit whereby the frequency validity was extended to cover the range 30-6000 MHz. Details of this study can be found in the BEMS 2007 Proceedings.

Both algorithms are implemented in DASY software.

11 Conducted Output Power

For LTE Band 7, there are two sets of tune-up power, **Normal power** and **Low power**, based on receiver on/off. Normal power status is applied for head test. Low power status is applied for body test.

11.1 GSM Measurement result

During the process of testing, the EUT was controlled via Agilent Digital Radio Communication tester (E5515C) to ensure the maximum power transmission and proper modulation. This result contains conducted output power for the EUT. In all cases, the measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

Table 11.1: The conducted power measurement results for GSM850/1900

GSM 850	Conducted Power (dBm)		
	Channel 251(848.8MHz)	Channel 190(836.6MHz)	Channel 128(824.2MHz)
	32.47	32.53	32.48
Tune up	32.6	32.6	32.6
PCS 1900	Conducted Power(dBm)		
	Channel 810(1909.8MHz)	Channel 661(1880MHz)	Channel 512(1850.2MHz)
	29.21	29.15	29.34
Tune up	29.5	29.5	29.5

Table 11.2: The conducted power measurement results for GPRS and EGPRS

GSM 850 GPRS	Measured Power (dBm)			calculation	Averaged Power (dBm)			Tune up
	251	190	128		251	190	128	
1Txslot	32.47	32.53	32.49	-9.03	23.44	23.50	23.46	32.6
2Txslots	29.43	29.42	29.37	-6.02	23.41	23.40	23.35	29.5
3Txslots	27.39	27.36	27.28	-4.26	23.13	23.10	23.02	27.5
4Txslots	26.43	26.40	26.27	-3.01	23.42	23.39	23.26	26.5
GSM 850 EGPRS(GMSK)	Measured Power (dBm)			calculation	Averaged Power (dBm)			Tune up
	251	190	128		251	190	128	
1Txslot	32.47	32.53	32.48	-9.03	23.44	23.50	23.45	32.6
2Txslots	29.42	29.42	29.36	-6.02	23.40	23.40	23.34	29.5
3Txslots	27.39	27.36	27.28	-4.26	23.13	23.10	23.02	27.5
4Txslots	26.50	26.49	26.45	-3.01	23.49	23.48	23.44	26.5
GSM 850 EGPRS(8PSK)	Measured Power (dBm)			calculation	Averaged Power (dBm)			Tune up
	251	190	128		251	190	128	
1Txslot	25.98	25.92	25.89	-9.03	16.95	16.89	16.86	26
2Txslots	25.11	25.05	25.02	-6.02	19.09	19.03	19.00	25.5
3Txslots	23.40	23.28	23.19	-4.26	19.14	19.02	18.93	24
4Txslots	22.36	22.29	22.20	-3.01	19.35	19.28	19.19	22.5

PCS1900 GPRS	Measured Power (dBm)				Averaged Power (dBm)			Tune up
	885	698	512		885	698	512	
1Txslot	29.20	29.16	29.35	-9.03	20.17	20.13	20.32	29.5
2Txslots	26.68	26.58	26.76	-6.02	20.66	20.56	20.74	27
3Txslots	24.68	24.60	24.75	-4.26	20.42	20.34	20.49	25
4Txslots	23.63	23.53	23.71	-3.01	20.62	20.52	20.70	24
PCS1900 EGPRS(GMSK)	Measured Power (dBm)				Averaged Power (dBm)			Tune up
	885	698	512		885	698	512	
1Txslot	29.22	29.17	29.36	-9.03	20.19	20.14	20.33	29.5
2Txslots	26.70	26.59	26.77	-6.02	20.68	20.57	20.75	27
3Txslots	24.67	24.59	24.75	-4.26	20.41	20.33	20.49	25
4Txslots	23.61	23.52	23.72	-3.01	20.60	20.51	20.71	24
PCS1900 EGPRS(8PSK)	Measured Power (dBm)				Averaged Power (dBm)			Tune up
	885	698	512		885	698	512	
1Txslot	25.93	26.38	26.56	-9.03	16.90	17.35	17.53	27
2Txslots	24.77	25.29	25.46	-6.02	18.75	19.27	19.44	25.5
3Txslots	22.70	23.22	23.38	-4.26	18.44	18.96	19.12	23.5
4Txslots	21.51	22.00	22.18	-3.01	18.50	18.99	19.17	22.5

NOTES:

1) Division Factors

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

1TX-slot = 1 transmit time slot out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.03dB

2TX-slots = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.02dB

3TX-slots = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26dB

4TX-slots = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.01dB

According to the conducted power as above, the body measurements are performed with 1Txslots for GSM850 and 2Txslots for PCS1900.

11.2 WCDMA Measurement result

Table 11.3: The conducted Power for WCDMA

Item	band	FDDV result			Tune up
	ARFCN	4132(826.4MHz)	4182(836.4MHz)	4233(846.6MHz)	
WCDMA	/	23.70	23.63	23.70	24
HSUPA	1	20.55	20.56	21.00	21.1
	2	20.56	20.29	20.55	21.0
	3	21.57	21.22	21.55	22.0
	4	20.04	19.68	20.00	21.0
	5	22.54	22.39	22.51	23.0
HSPA+(16QAM)	/	21.86	21.95	21.99	22.0
DC-HSDPA	1	21.89	21.94	21.91	22.0
	2	21.86	21.92	21.89	22.0
	3	21.83	21.95	21.86	22.0
	4	21.81	21.93	21.88	22.0
Item	band	FDDII result			Tune up
	ARFCN	9262(1852.4MHz)	9400(1880MHz)	9538(1907.6MHz)	
WCDMA	\	23.84	24.13	24.22	24.3
HSUPA	1	21.11	21.19	21.62	22.0
	2	21.14	21.21	21.15	22.0
	3	22.12	22.21	21.78	23.0
	4	20.61	20.70	20.58	21.0
	5	23.08	23.16	23.08	23.5
HSPA+(16QAM)	/	22.17	22.33	22.32	23.0
DC-HSDPA	1	22.11	22.25	22.22	23.0
	2	22.09	22.27	22.24	23.0
	3	22.05	22.24	22.21	23.0
	4	22.12	22.23	22.19	23.0

11.3 LTE Measurement result

Normal power

Table 11.4: The conducted Power for LTE Band7

LTE Band 7							
Bandwidth (MHz)	RB allocation RB offset	Frequency (MHz)	Tune up	Actual output power (dBm)			
				QPSK	MPR	16QAM	MPR
5MHz	1RB_High	2567.5	23.5	22.95	0	22.07	1
		2535	23.5	22.89	0	22.28	1
		2502.5	23.5	23.11	0	22.15	1
	1RB_Middle	2567.5	23.5	23.01	0	22.15	1
		2535	23.5	23.18	0	22.33	1
		2502.5	23.5	23.26	0	22.19	1
	1RB_Low	2567.5	23.5	23.04	0	22.19	1
		2535	23.5	23.21	0	22.35	1
		2502.5	23.5	23.32	0	22.23	1
	12RB_High	2567.5	23.5	21.93	1	21.05	2
		2535	23.5	21.93	1	21.23	2
		2502.5	23.5	22.05	1	21.32	2
	12RB_Middle	2567.5	23.5	21.97	1	21.08	2
		2535	23.5	22.11	1	21.25	2
		2502.5	23.5	22.19	1	21.32	2
	12RB_Low	2567.5	23.5	21.98	1	21.10	2
		2535	23.5	22.13	1	21.26	2
		2502.5	23.5	22.22	1	21.35	2
	25RB	2567.5	23.5	21.91	1	20.95	2
		2535	23.5	22.07	1	21.14	2
		2502.5	23.5	22.16	1	21.23	2
10MHz	1RB_High	2565	23.5	22.96	0	21.99	1
		2535	23.5	23.13	0	22.15	1
		2505	23.5	23.12	0	22.21	1
	1RB_Middle	2565	23.5	23.03	0	22.03	1
		2535	23.5	23.17	0	22.25	1
		2505	23.5	23.25	0	22.32	1
	1RB_Low	2565	23.5	23.05	0	22.09	1
		2535	23.5	23.27	0	22.24	1
		2505	23.5	23.33	0	22.33	1
	25RB_High	2565	23.5	21.88	1	20.93	2
		2535	23.5	21.93	1	21.11	2
		2505	23.5	22.13	1	21.17	2
	25RB_Middle	2565	23.5	21.92	1	20.97	2
		2535	23.5	22.06	1	21.12	2
		2505	23.5	22.13	1	21.19	2

	25RB_Low	2565	23.5	21.95	1	20.98	2
		2535	23.5	22.08	1	21.14	2
		2505	23.5	22.17	1	21.24	2
	50RB	2565	23.5	21.95	1	20.97	2
		2535	23.5	22.09	1	21.12	2
		2505	23.5	22.15	1	21.19	2
15MHz	1RB_High	2562.5	23.5	22.99	0	22.02	1
		2535	23.5	23.13	0	22.15	1
		2507.5	23.5	23.08	0	22.17	1
	1RB_Middle	2562.5	23.5	23.05	0	22.09	1
		2535	23.5	23.18	0	22.19	1
		2507.5	23.5	23.25	0	22.22	1
	1RB_Low	2562.5	23.5	23.12	0	22.16	1
		2535	23.5	23.29	0	22.27	1
		2507.5	23.5	23.38	0	22.40	1
	36RB_High	2562.5	23.5	22.07	1	21.06	2
		2535	23.5	22.14	1	21.15	2
		2507.5	23.5	22.10	1	21.21	2
	36RB_Middle	2562.5	23.5	22.11	1	21.09	2
		2535	23.5	22.18	1	21.17	2
		2507.5	23.5	22.27	1	21.27	2
	36RB_Low	2562.5	23.5	22.12	1	21.11	2
		2535	23.5	22.23	1	21.23	2
		2507.5	23.5	22.32	1	21.33	2
	75RB	2562.5	23.5	22.13	1	21.10	2
		2535	23.5	22.21	1	21.19	2
		2507.5	23.5	22.29	1	21.26	2
20MHz	1RB_High	2560	23.5	23.05	0	22.08	1
		2535	23.5	23.22	0	22.21	1
		2510	23.5	23.12	0	22.22	1
	1RB_Middle	2560	23.5	23.11	0	22.14	1
		2535	23.5	23.24	0	22.28	1
		2510	23.5	23.26	0	22.30	1
	1RB_Low	2560	23.5	23.28	0	22.26	1
		2535	23.5	23.36	0	22.37	1
		2510	23.5	23.41	0	22.43	1
	50RB_High	2560	23.5	21.97	1	20.99	2
		2535	23.5	22.09	1	21.12	2
		2510	23.5	22.06	1	21.10	2
	50RB_Middle	2560	23.5	21.97	1	20.99	2
		2535	23.5	22.09	1	21.11	2
		2510	23.5	22.15	1	21.18	2

	50RB_Low	2560	23.5	22.02	1	21.04	2
		2535	23.5	22.14	1	21.16	2
		2510	23.5	22.22	1	21.25	2
	100RB	2560	23.5	21.99	1	21.01	2
		2535	23.5	22.11	1	21.12	2
		2510	23.5	22.15	1	21.17	2

Low power

Table 11.5: The conducted Power for LTE Band7

LTE Band 7					
Bandwidth (MHz)	RB allocation RB offset	Frequency (MHz)	Tune up	Actual output power (dBm)	
				QPSK	16QAM
5MHz	1RB_High	2567.5	21	20.05	20.28
		2535	21	20.22	20.47
		2502.5	21	20.35	20.41
	1RB_Middle	2567.5	21	20.13	20.35
		2535	21	20.28	20.54
		2502.5	21	20.40	20.45
	1RB_Low	2567.5	21	20.12	20.33
		2535	21	20.31	20.54
		2502.5	21	20.45	20.48
	12RB_High	2567.5	21	20.10	20.21
		2535	21	20.26	20.37
		2502.5	21	20.41	20.53
	12RB_Middle	2567.5	21	20.12	20.23
		2535	21	20.26	20.38
		2502.5	21	20.44	20.54
	12RB_Low	2567.5	21	20.53	19.87
		2535	21	20.61	20.44
		2502.5	21	20.43	20.15
	25RB	2567.5	21	19.63	19.89
		2535	21	19.70	20.00
		2502.5	21	20.19	20.23
10MHz	1RB_High	2565	21	20.07	20.05
		2535	21	20.23	20.35
		2505	21	20.34	20.36
	1RB_Middle	2565	21	20.15	20.71
		2535	21	20.27	20.35
		2505	21	20.44	20.43
	1RB_Low	2565	21	19.79	20.01
		2535	21	19.86	20.33
		2505	21	20.18	20.15

	25RB_High	2565	21	20.07	20.08
		2535	21	20.22	20.24
		2505	21	20.37	20.38
	25RB_Middle	2565	21	20.10	19.87
		2535	21	20.25	20.49
		2505	21	20.39	20.50
	25RB_Low	2565	21	19.91	19.92
		2535	21	20.15	20.12
		2505	21	20.06	20.23
	50RB	2565	21	19.92	19.91
		2535	21	20.12	20.12
		2505	21	20.19	20.19
15MHz	1RB_High	2562.5	21	20.08	20.48
		2535	21	20.19	20.32
		2507.5	21	20.30	20.66
	1RB_Middle	2562.5	21	19.95	20.30
		2535	21	19.90	20.11
		2507.5	21	20.28	20.55
	1RB_Low	2562.5	21	20.04	20.37
		2535	21	20.20	20.31
		2507.5	21	20.28	20.63
	36RB_High	2562.5	21	20.15	20.17
		2535	21	20.26	20.40
		2507.5	21	20.40	20.59
	36RB_Middle	2562.5	21	19.96	20.03
		2535	21	20.04	20.19
		2507.5	21	19.92	20.29
	36RB_Low	2562.5	21	20.04	20.06
		2535	21	20.21	20.23
		2507.5	21	20.31	20.34
	75RB	2562.5	21	20.05	20.03
		2535	21	20.18	20.17
		2507.5	21	20.29	20.28
20MHz	1RB_High	2560	21	20.08	20.55
		2535	21	20.28	20.56
		2510	21	20.29	21.00
	1RB_Middle	2560	21	19.94	20.48
		2535	21	20.21	20.34
		2510	21	20.19	20.72
	1RB_Low	2560	21	20.26	20.60
		2535	21	20.28	20.44
		2510	21	20.28	20.82

	50RB_High	2560	21	20.14	19.95
		2535	21	20.27	20.31
		2510	21	20.32	20.82
	50RB_Middle	2560	21	19.95	19.94
		2535	21	20.12	20.11
		2510	21	20.20	20.20
	50RB_Low	2560	21	20.01	19.99
		2535	21	20.15	20.15
		2510	21	20.28	20.27
	100RB	2560	21	19.97	19.96
		2535	21	20.15	20.13
		2510	21	20.21	20.18

11.4 Wi-Fi and BT Measurement result

The conducted power for WiFi is as following:

802.11b (dBm)

Band	Channel/ data rate	1Mbps	2Mbps	5.5Mbps	11Mbps
WLAN2450	1(2412MHz)	19.29	19.29	19.39	19.25
	6(2437MHz)	19.28	/	19.40	/
	11(2462MHz)	19.30	/	19.51	/
/	Tune up	19.6			

802.11g (dBm)

Band	Channel/ data rate	6Mbps	9Mbps	12Mbps	18Mbps	24Mbps	36Mbps	48Mbps	54Mbps
WLAN2450	1(2412MHz)	16.30	16.26	16.29	16.27	16.14	16.05	16.01	15.96
	6(2437MHz)	16.12	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	11(2462MHz)	16.21	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
/	Tune up	17							

802.11n-20MHz (dBm)

Band	Channel/ data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
WLAN2450	1(2412MHz)	15.41	15.35	15.31	15.24	15.15	15.06	15.01	14.96
	6(2437MHz)	15.23	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	11(2462MHz)	15.15	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
/	Tune up	16							

802.11n-40MHz (dBm)

Band	Channel/ data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
WLAN2450	3(2422MHz)	14.28	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	6(2437MHz)	14.35	14.29	13.93	13.82	13.67	13.65	13.61	13.56
	9(2452MHz)	14.25	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
/	Tune up	15							

The conducted power for BT is as following:

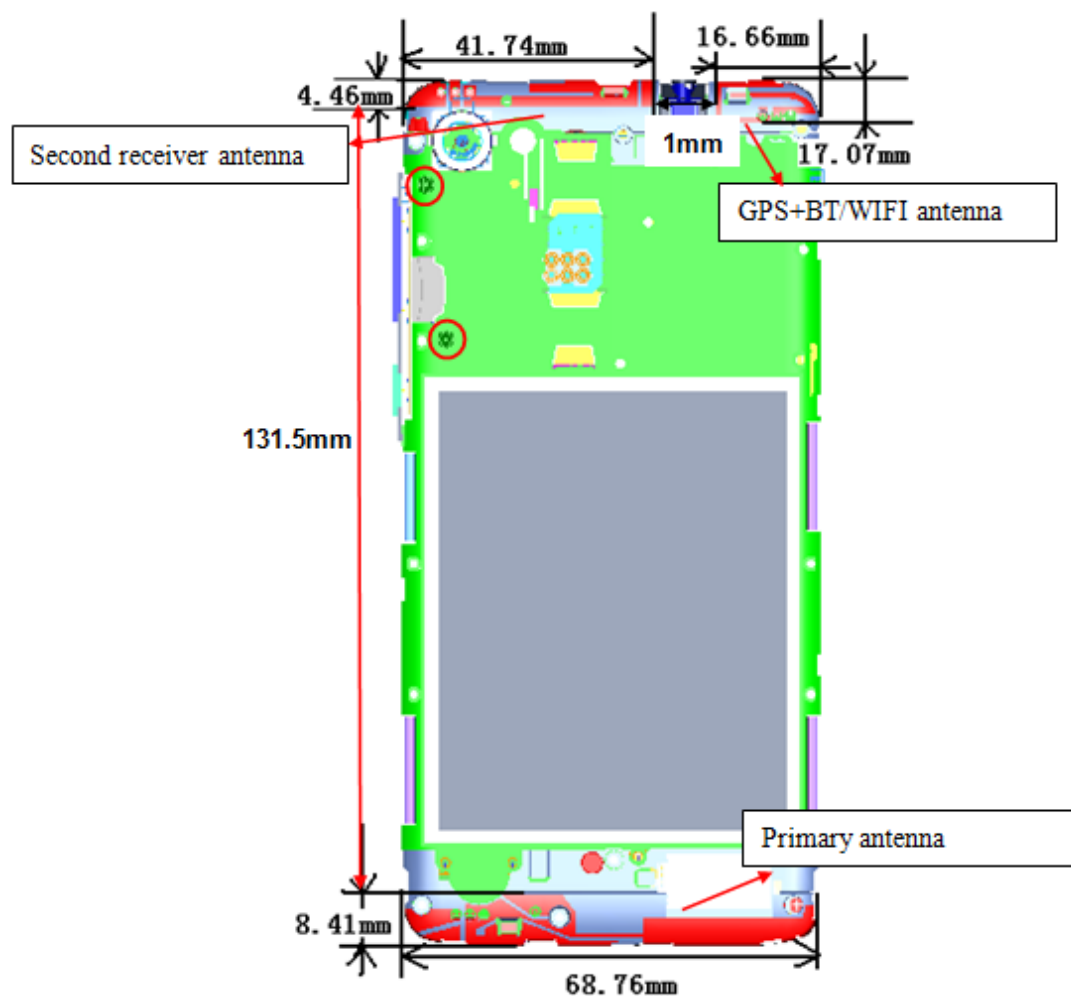
Condition	GFSK			EDR2M-4_DQPSK			EDR3M-8DPSK		
	CH 0	CH 39	CH 78	CH 0	CH 39	CH 78	CH 0	CH 39	CH 78
Power	7.23	7.36	6.94	5.95	6.07	5.60	5.88	5.32	5.53
Tune up	7.5	7.5	7.5	6	7	6	6	7	6

12 Simultaneous TX SAR Considerations

12.1 Introduction

The following procedures adopted from “FCC SAR Considerations for Cell Phones with Multiple Transmitters” are applicable to handsets with built-in unlicensed transmitters such as 802.11 a/b/g and Bluetooth devices which may simultaneously transmit with the licensed transmitter. For this device, the BT and Wi-Fi can transmit simultaneous with other transmitters.

12.2 Transmit Antenna Separation Distances



Picture 12.1 Antenna Locations

12.3 SAR Measurement Positions

According to the KDB941225 D06 Hot Spot SAR v01, the edges with less than 2.5 cm distance to the antennas need to be tested for SAR.

SAR measurement positions						
Mode	Front	Rear	Left edge	Right edge	Top edge	Bottom edge
Main antenna	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No

12.4 Standalone SAR Test Exclusion Considerations

Standalone 1-g head or body SAR evaluation by measurement or numerical simulation is not required when the corresponding SAR Exclusion Threshold condition, listed below, is satisfied. The 1-g SAR test exclusion threshold for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$$\left[\frac{(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})}{(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})} \right] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0 \text{ for 1-g SAR, where}$$

- $f(\text{GHz})$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Table 12.1: Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

Band/Mode	F(GHz)	Position	SAR test exclusion threshold(mW)	RF output power		SAR test exclusion
				dBm	mW	
Bluetooth	2.441	Head	9.60	7.5	5.62	Yes
		Body	19.20	7.5	5.62	Yes
2.4GHz WLAN 802.11 b	2.45	Head	9.58	19.6	91.20	No
		Body	19.17	19.6	91.20	No

13 Evaluation of Simultaneous

Table 13.1: The sum of reported SAR values for main antenna and WLAN

	Position	Main antenna	WLAN	Sum
Maximum reported SAR value for Head	Left hand, Touch cheek	0.30	0.40	0.70
	Right hand, Touch cheek	0.28	1.18	1.46
Maximum reported SAR value for Body	Bottom	1.24	/	1.24
	Rear	0.69	0.22	0.91

Table 13.2: The sum of reported SAR values for main antenna and Bluetooth

	Position	Main antenna	BT*	Sum
Highest reported SAR value for Head	Left hand, Touch cheek	0.30	0.23	0.53
Highest reported SAR value for Body	Bottom	1.24	0.12	1.36

BT* - Estimated SAR for Bluetooth (see the table 13.3)

Table 13.3: Estimated SAR for Bluetooth

Position	F (GHz)	Distance (mm)	Upper limit of power *		Estimated _{1g} (W/kg)
			dBm	mW	
Head	2.441	5	7.5	5.62	0.23
Body	2.441	10	7.5	5.62	0.12

* - Maximum possible output power declared by manufacturer

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance,mm)]·[√f(GHz)/x] W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm;

where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion

Conclusion:

According to the above tables, the sum of reported SAR values is <1.6W/kg, the simultaneous transmission SAR with volume scans is not required.

14 SAR Test Result

It is determined by user manual for the distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom.
The distance is 10mm and just applied to the condition of body worn accessory.

It is performed for all SAR measurements with area scan based 1-g SAR estimation (Fast SAR). A zoom scan measurement is added when the estimated 1-gSAR is the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination or >1.2W/kg.
The calculated SAR is obtained by the following formula:

$$\text{Reported SAR} = \text{Measured SAR} \times 10^{(P_{\text{Target}} - P_{\text{Measured}})/10}$$

Where P_{Target} is the power of manufacturing upper limit;
 P_{Measured} is the measured power in chapter 11.

Duty Cycle	
Speech for GSM850/1900	1:8.3
GPRS&EGPRS for GSM850	1:8.3
GPRS&EGPRS for GSM1900	1:4
WCDMA<E	1:1

Note:

B1: CAC2710004C1(Battery) B2: CAC2710008CJ(Battery) B3: CAC2710005CC(Battery)
H1: CCB0049A10C1 (Headset) H2: CCB0049A10C4 (Headset)

C1: lighting cover

We'll perform the head measurement in all bands with the primary battery depending on the evaluation of multi-batteries and retest on highest value point with other battery. Then, repeat the measurement in the Body test.

Table 14.1: The evaluation of multi-batteries for Head Test

Frequency		Side	Test Position	Battery	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift(dB)
MHz	Ch.					
836.6	190	Left	Touch	B1	0.128	0.05
836.6	190	Left	Touch	B2	0.122	0.02
836.6	190	Left	Touch	B3	0.124	-0.06

Note: According to the values in the above table, the battery B1 is the primary battery.

We'll perform the head measurements with this battery and retest on highest value point with others.

Table 14.2: The evaluation of multi-batteries for Body Test

Frequency		Test Position	Mode	Spacing (mm)	Battery	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift(dB)
MHz	Ch.						
836.6	190	Front	GPRS	10	B1	0.139	-0.01
836.6	190	Front	GPRS	10	B2	0.136	-0.05
836.6	190	Front	GPRS	10	B3	0.138	0.04

Note: According to the values in the above table, the battery B1 is the primary battery.

We'll perform the body measurements with this battery and retest on highest value point with others.

14.1 SAR results for Fast SAR

Table 14.1-1: SAR Values (GSM 850 MHz Band - Head)

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C						Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C					
Frequency		Side	Test Position	Figure No.	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-upPower (dBm)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g)(W/kg)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g)(W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.										
848.8	251	Left	Touch	Fig.1	32.47	32.6	0.146	0.15	0.112	0.12	0.08
836.6	190	Left	Touch	/	32.53	32.6	0.128	0.13	0.099	0.10	0.05
824.2	128	Left	Touch	/	32.48	32.6	0.123	0.13	0.097	0.10	-0.01
836.6	190	Left	Tilt	/	32.53	32.6	0.063	0.06	0.052	0.05	-0.03
836.6	190	Right	Touch	/	32.53	32.6	0.092	0.09	0.073	0.07	0.08
836.6	190	Right	Tilt	/	32.53	32.6	0.058	0.06	0.048	0.05	0.01
848.8	251	Left	Touch	B2	32.47	32.6	0.139	0.14	0.105	0.11	-0.03
848.8	251	Left	Touch	B3	32.47	32.6	0.138	0.14	0.102	0.11	-0.06
848.8	251	Left	Touch	C1	32.47	32.6	0.143	0.15	0.109	0.11	-0.04

Table 14.1-2: SAR Values (GSM 850 MHz Band-Body)

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C						Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C					
Frequency		Mode (number of timeslots)	Test Position	Figure No.	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-upPower (dBm)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g)(W/kg)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.										
836.6	190	GPRS1TX	Front	/	32.53	32.6	0.139	0.14	0.103	0.11	-0.01
848.8	251	GPRS1TX	Rear	Fig.2	32.47	32.6	0.199	0.21	0.153	0.16	0.01
836.6	190	GPRS1TX	Rear	/	32.53	32.6	0.164	0.17	0.128	0.13	0.06
824.2	128	GPRS1TX	Rear	/	32.49	32.6	0.164	0.17	0.128	0.13	0.06
836.6	190	GPRS1TX	Left	/	32.53	32.6	0.153	0.16	0.103	0.11	-0.02
836.6	190	GPRS1TX	Right	/	32.53	32.6	0.082	0.08	0.057	0.06	0.06
836.6	190	GPRS1TX	Bottom	/	32.53	32.6	0.074	0.08	0.041	0.04	0.01
848.8	251	EDGE1TX	Rear	/	32.47	32.6	0.195	0.20	0.149	0.15	0.03
848.8	251	GPRS1TX	Rear	B2	32.47	32.6	0.195	0.20	0.144	0.15	-0.01
848.8	251	GPRS1TX	Rear	B3	32.47	32.6	0.193	0.20	0.141	0.15	0.05
848.8	251	GPRS1TX	Rear	C1	32.47	32.6	0.194	0.20	0.149	0.15	0.03

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Table 14.1-3: SAR Values(GSM1900 MHz Band - Head)

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C						Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C					
Frequency		Side	Test Position	Figure No.	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-upPower (dBm)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g)(W/kg)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g)(W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.										
1909.8	810	Left	Touch	/	29.21	29.5	0.104	0.11	0.062	0.07	0.05
1880	661	Left	Touch	Fig.3	29.15	29.5	0.146	0.16	0.086	0.09	0.17
1850.2	512	Left	Touch	/	29.34	29.5	0.145	0.15	0.085	0.09	0.12
1880	661	Left	Tilt	/	29.15	29.5	0.074	0.08	0.038	0.04	0.06
1880	661	Right	Touch	/	29.15	29.5	0.133	0.14	0.079	0.09	0.09
1880	661	Right	Tilt	/	29.15	29.5	0.045	0.05	0.027	0.03	0.11
1880	661	Left	Touch	B2	29.15	29.5	0.135	0.15	0.078	0.08	0.02
1880	661	Left	Touch	B3	29.15	29.5	0.133	0.14	0.076	0.08	0.11
1880	661	Left	Touch	C1	29.15	29.5	0.140	0.15	0.081	0.09	-0.05

Table 14.1-4: SAR Values (GSM 1900 MHz Band-Body)

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C						Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C					
Frequency		Mode (number of timeslots)	Test Position	Figure No.	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-upPower (dBm)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g)(W/kg)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.										
1880	661	GPRS2TX	Front	/	26.58	27	0.399	0.44	0.242	0.27	0.04
1880	661	GPRS2TX	Rear	/	26.58	27	0.401	0.44	0.248	0.27	0.02
1880	661	GPRS2TX	Left	/	26.58	27	0.095	0.10	0.063	0.07	-0.03
1880	661	GPRS2TX	Right	/	26.58	27	0.124	0.14	0.078	0.09	0.05
1909.8	810	GPRS2TX	Bottom	/	26.68	27	0.341	0.37	0.184	0.20	0.03
1880	661	GPRS2TX	Bottom	Fig.4	26.58	27	0.407	0.45	0.215	0.24	0.12
1850.2	512	GPRS2TX	Bottom	/	26.76	27	0.358	0.38	0.200	0.21	-0.02
1880	661	EDGE2TX	Bottom	/	26.59	27	0.395	0.43	0.214	0.24	0.04
1880	661	GPRS2TX	Bottom	B2	26.58	27	0.396	0.44	0.203	0.22	0.05
1880	661	GPRS2TX	Bottom	B3	26.58	27	0.391	0.43	0.199	0.22	-0.04
1880	661	GPRS2TX	Bottom	C1	26.58	27	0.399	0.44	0.211	0.23	-0.01

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Table 14.1-5: SAR Values(WCDMA850 MHz Band - Head)

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C						Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C					
Frequency		Side	Test Position	Figure No.	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-upPower (dBm)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g)(W/kg)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g)(W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.										
846.6	4233	Left	Touch	Fig.5	23.70	24	0.227	0.24	0.173	0.19	0.15
836.4	4182	Left	Touch	/	23.63	24	0.216	0.24	0.164	0.18	0.01
826.4	4132	Left	Touch	/	23.70	24	0.224	0.24	0.171	0.18	-0.07
836.4	4182	Left	Tilt	/	23.63	24	0.119	0.13	0.095	0.10	0.16
836.4	4182	Right	Touch	/	23.63	24	0.166	0.18	0.127	0.14	0.03
836.4	4182	Right	Tilt	/	23.63	24	0.106	0.12	0.085	0.09	-0.07
846.6	4233	Left	Touch	B2	23.70	24	0.217	0.23	0.169	0.18	0.01
846.6	4233	Left	Touch	B3	23.70	24	0.218	0.23	0.171	0.18	0.04
846.6	4233	Left	Touch	C1	23.70	24	0.216	0.23	0.17	0.18	0.18

Table 14.1-6: SAR Values (WCDMA 850 MHz Band-Body)

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C						Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C				
Frequency		Test Position	Figure No.	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-upPower (dBm)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g)(W/kg)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g)(W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.									
836.4	4182	Front	/	23.63	24	0.240	0.26	0.174	0.19	0.06
846.6	4233	Rear	Fig.6	23.70	24	0.297	0.32	0.228	0.24	0.01
836.4	4182	Rear	/	23.63	24	0.269	0.29	0.196	0.21	0.18
826.4	4132	Rear	/	23.70	24	0.283	0.30	0.205	0.22	-0.04
836.4	4182	Left	/	23.63	24	0.247	0.27	0.160	0.17	0.02
836.4	4182	Right	/	23.63	24	0.162	0.18	0.105	0.11	0.08
836.4	4182	Bottom	/	23.63	24	0.130	0.14	0.066	0.07	0.15
846.6	4233	Rear	B2	23.70	24	0.289	0.31	0.219	0.23	0.07
846.6	4233	Rear	B3	23.70	24	0.292	0.31	0.223	0.24	0.01
846.6	4233	Rear	C1	23.70	24	0.291	0.31	0.211	0.23	0.09

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Table 14.1-7: SAR Values(WCDMA1900 MHz Band - Head)

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C						Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C					
Frequency		Side	Test Position	Figure No.	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-upPower (dBm)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g)(W/kg)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g)(W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.										
1907.6	9938	Left	Touch	/	24.22	24.3	0.222	0.23	0.137	0.14	0.04
1880	9800	Left	Touch	/	24.13	24.3	0.252	0.26	0.155	0.16	-0.02
1852.4	9662	Left	Touch	Fig.7	23.84	24.3	0.273	0.30	0.169	0.19	-0.15
1880	9800	Left	Tilt	/	24.13	24.3	0.136	0.14	0.071	0.07	0.19
1880	9800	Right	Touch	/	24.13	24.3	0.250	0.26	0.154	0.16	0.03
1880	9800	Right	Tilt	/	24.13	24.3	0.079	0.08	0.049	0.05	0.06
1852.4	9662	Left	Touch	B2	23.84	24.3	0.261	0.29	0.158	0.18	0.02
1852.4	9662	Left	Touch	B3	23.84	24.3	0.262	0.29	0.161	0.18	-0.01
1852.4	9662	Left	Touch	C1	23.84	24.3	0.257	0.29	0.159	0.18	0.01

Table 14.1-8: SAR Values (WCDMA1900 MHz Band-Body)

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C						Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C				
Frequency		Test Position	Figure No.	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-upPower (dBm)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g)(W/kg)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g)(W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.									
1880	9800	Front	/	24.13	24.3	0.663	0.69	0.390	0.41	0.03
1880	9800	Rear	/	24.13	24.3	0.668	0.69	0.409	0.43	-0.07
1880	9800	Left	/	24.13	24.3	0.171	0.18	0.106	0.11	0.17
1880	9800	Right	/	24.13	24.3	0.236	0.25	0.138	0.14	0.04
1907.6	9938	Bottom	/	24.22	24.3	0.687	0.70	0.357	0.36	0.06
1880	9800	Bottom	Fig.8	24.13	24.3	0.778	0.81	0.408	0.42	0.07
1852.4	9662	Bottom	/	23.84	24.3	0.727	0.81	0.382	0.42	-0.03
1880	9800	Bottom	B2	24.13	24.3	0.741	0.77	0.401	0.42	0.01
1880	9800	Bottom	B3	24.13	24.3	0.748	0.78	0.398	0.41	0.05
1880	9800	Bottom	C1	24.13	24.3	0.743	0.77	0.389	0.40	0.08

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Table 14.1-9: SAR Values(LTE Band7 - Head)

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C						Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C						
Frequency		Mode	Side	Test Position	Figure No.	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.											
2510	20850	1RB_Low	Left	Touch	/	23.41	23.5	0.240	0.25	0.119	0.12	0.04
2510	20850	1RB_Low	Left	Tilt	/	23.41	23.5	0.100	0.10	0.041	0.04	0.02
2510	20850	1RB_Low	Right	Touch	Fig.9	23.41	23.5	0.271	0.28	0.140	0.14	-0.05
2510	20850	1RB_Low	Right	Tilt	/	23.41	23.5	0.116	0.12	0.059	0.06	-0.03
2510	20850	50RB_Low	Left	Touch	/	22.22	22.5	0.231	0.25	0.116	0.12	0.18
2510	20850	50RB_Low	Left	Tilt	/	22.22	22.5	0.105	0.11	0.050	0.05	0.05
2510	20850	50RB_Low	Right	Touch	/	22.22	22.5	0.236	0.25	0.121	0.13	0.19
2510	20850	50RB_Low	Right	Tilt	/	22.22	22.5	0.109	0.12	0.055	0.06	0.02
2510	20850	1RB_Low	Right	Touch	B2	23.41	23.5	0.264	0.27	0.132	0.13	0.01
2510	20850	1RB_Low	Right	Touch	B3	23.41	23.5	0.263	0.27	0.135	0.14	0.09
2510	20850	1RB_Low	Right	Touch	C1	23.41	23.5	0.265	0.27	0.131	0.13	0.06

Note1: The LTE mode is QPSK_20MHz.

Table 14.1-10: SAR Values (LTE Band7-Body)

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C						Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C					
Frequency		Mode	Test Position	Figure No.	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.										
2510	20850	1RB_High	Front	/	20.29	21	0.415	0.49	0.223	0.26	0.04
2510	20850	1RB_High	Rear	/	20.29	21	0.508	0.60	0.267	0.31	0.02
2510	20850	1RB_High	Left	/	20.29	21	0.047	0.06	0.024	0.03	0.19
2510	20850	1RB_High	Right	/	20.29	21	0.105	0.12	0.056	0.07	-0.05
2560	21350	1RB_Low	Bottom	/	20.26	21	0.995	1.18	0.484	0.07	0.01
2535	21100	1RB_High	Bottom	Fig.10	20.28	21	1.05	1.24	0.516	0.59	0.14
2510	20850	1RB_High	Bottom	/	20.29	21	1.00	1.18	0.498	0.03	0.07
2510	20850	50RB_High	Front	/	20.32	21	0.399	0.47	0.215	0.25	0.08
2510	20850	50RB_High	Rear	/	20.32	21	0.471	0.55	0.248	0.29	0.02
2510	20850	50RB_High	Left	/	20.32	21	0.079	0.09	0.049	0.06	0.18
2510	20850	50RB_High	Right	/	20.32	21	0.106	0.12	0.056	0.07	0.03
2560	21350	50RB_High	Bottom	/	20.14	21	0.768	0.94	0.369	0.45	0.01
2535	21100	50RB_High	Bottom	/	20.27	21	0.985	1.17	0.479	0.57	-0.09
2510	20850	50RB_High	Bottom	/	20.32	21	0.988	1.16	0.490	0.57	0.08
2510	20850	100RB	Bottom	/	20.32	21	0.982	1.15	0.477	0.56	0.18
2535	21100	1RB_High	Bottom	B2	20.28	21	0.989	1.17	0.479	0.57	0.04
2535	21100	1RB_High	Bottom	B3	20.28	21	0.991	1.17	0.482	0.57	0.06
2535	21100	1RB_High	Bottom	C1	20.28	21	0.994	1.17	0.489	0.58	0.04
2535	21100	1RB_High	Bottom	H1	20.28	21	0.975	1.15	0.469	0.55	-0.02
2535	21100	1RB_High	Bottom	H2	20.28	21	0.973	1.15	0.471	0.56	0.03

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm. Note2: The LTE mode is QPSK_20MHz.

14.2 SAR results for Standard procedure

There is zoom scan measurement to be added for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration/band.

Table 14.2-1: SAR Values (GSM 850 MHz Band - Head)

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C						Liquid Temperature: 22.0 °C					
Frequency		Side	Test Position	Figure No.	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.										
848.8	251	Left	Touch	Fig.1	32.47	32.6	0.146	0.15	0.112	0.12	0.08

Table 14.2-2: SAR Values (GSM 850 MHz Band-Body)

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C						Liquid Temperature: 22.0 °C					
Frequency		Mode (number of timeslots)	Test Position	Figure No.	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.										
848.8	251	GPRS1TX	Rear	Fig.2	32.47	32.6	0.199	0.21	0.153	0.16	0.01

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Table 14.2-3: SAR Values (GSM 1900 MHz Band - Head)

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C						Liquid Temperature: 22.0 °C					
Frequency		Side	Test Position	Figure No.	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.										
1880	661	Left	Touch	Fig.3	29.15	29.5	0.146	0.16	0.086	0.09	0.17

Table 14.2-4: SAR Values (GSM 1900 MHz Band-Body)

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C						Liquid Temperature: 22.0 °C					
Frequency		Mode (number of timeslots)	Test Position	Figure No.	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.										
836.6	190	GPRS2TX	Bottom	Fig.4	26.58	27	0.407	0.45	0.215	0.24	0.12

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Table 14.2-5: SAR Values (WCDMA 850 MHz Band - Head)

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C						Liquid Temperature: 22.0 °C					
Frequency		Side	Test Position	Figure No.	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.										
846.6	4233	Left	Touch	Fig.5	23.70	24	0.227	0.24	0.173	0.19	0.15

Table 14.2-6: SAR Values (WCDMA 850 MHz Band-Body)

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C						Liquid Temperature: 22.0 °C				
Frequency		Test Position	Figure No.	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-upPower (dBm)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g)(W/kg)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g)(W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.									
846.6	4233	Rear	Fig.6	23.70	24	0.297	0.32	0.228	0.24	0.01

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Table 14.2-7: SAR Values (WCDMA1900 MHz Band - Head)

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C											
Frequency		Side	Test Position	Figure No.	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-upPower (dBm)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g)(W/kg)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g)(W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.										
1852.4	9662	Left	Touch	Fig.7	23.84	24.3	0.273	0.30	0.169	0.19	-0.15

Table 14.2-8: SAR Values (WCDMA1900 MHz Band-Body)

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C						Liquid Temperature: 22.0 °C				
Frequency		Test Position	Figure No.	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-upPower (dBm)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g)(W/kg)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g)(W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.									
1880	9800	Bottom	Fig.8	24.13	24.3	0.778	0.81	0.408	0.42	0.07

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Table 14.2-9: SAR Values (LTE Band7 - Head)

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C						Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C						
Frequency		Mode	Side	Test Position	Figure No.	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g)(W/kg)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g)(W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.											
2510	20850	1RB_Low	Right	Touch	Fig.9	23.41	23.5	0.271	0.28	0.140	0.14	-0.05

Note1: The LTE mode is QPSK_20MHz.

Table 14.2-10: SAR Values (LTE Band7-Body)

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C												Liquid Temperature: 22.0 °C				
Frequency		Mode	Test Position	Figure No.	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-upPower (dBm)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g)(W/kg)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g)(W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)					
MHz	Ch.															
2535	21100	1RB_High	Bottom	Fig.10	20.28	21	1.05	1.24	0.516	0.59	0.14					

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Note2: The LTE mode is QPSK_20MHz.

14.3 WLAN Evaluation

According to the KDB248227 D01, SAR is measured for 2.4GHz 802.11b DSSS using the initial test position procedure.

Head Evaluation

Table 14.3-1: SAR Values(WLAN - Head)– 802.11b 5.5Mbps (Fast SAR)

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C						Liquid Temperature: 22.0 °C					
Frequency		Side	Test Position	Figure No.	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-upPower (dBm)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g)(W/kg)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g)(W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.										
2462	11	Right	Touch	/	19.51	19.6	1.04	1.06	0.516	0.53	0.05
2462	11	Right	Tilt	/	19.51	19.6	0.761	0.78	0.346	0.35	0.19
2462	11	Left	Touch	/	19.51	19.6	0.380	0.39	0.198	0.20	-0.07
2462	11	Left	Tilt	/	19.51	19.6	0.392	0.40	0.198	0.20	-0.03
2462	11	Right	Touch	B2	19.51	19.6	0.954	0.97	0.495	0.51	0.06
2462	11	Right	Touch	B3	19.51	19.6	0.946	0.97	0.475	0.48	0.04
2462	11	Right	Touch	C1	19.51	19.6	0.888	0.91	0.443	0.45	0.01

As shown above table, the initial test position for head is “Right Touch”. So the head SAR of WLAN is presented as below:

Table 14.3-2: SAR Values(WLAN - Head)– 802.11b 5.5Mbps (Full SAR)

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C						Liquid Temperature: 22.0 °C					
Frequency		Side	Test Position	Figure No.	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-upPower (dBm)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g)(W/kg)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g)(W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.										
2462	11	Right	Touch	Fig.11	19.51	19.6	1.14	1.16	0.545	0.56	0.05
2462	11	Right	Tilt	/	19.51	19.6	0.750	0.77	0.329	0.34	0.19
2437	6	Right	Touch	/	19.4	19.6	1.11	1.16	0.530	0.55	-0.06

Note1: When the reported SAR of the initial test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position using subsequent highest estimated 1-g SAR conditions determined by area scans, on the highest maximum output power channel, until the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg.

Note2: For all positions/configurations tested using the initial test position and subsequent test positions, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

According to the KDB248227 D01, The reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit. The scaled reported SAR is presented as below.

Table 14.3-3: SAR Values (WLAN - Head) – 802.11b 1Mbps (Scaled Reported SAR)

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C						Liquid Temperature: 22.0 °C	
Frequency		Side	Test Position	Actual duty factor	maximum duty factor	Reported SAR (1g)(W/kg)	Scaled reported SAR (1g)(W/kg)
MHz	Ch.						
2462	11	Right	Touch	98.13%	100%	1.16	1.18

SAR is not required for OFDM because the 802.11b adjusted SAR ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

Body Evaluation

Table 14.3-4: SAR Values(WLAN - Body)– 802.11b 1Mbps (Fast SAR)

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C					Liquid Temperature: 22.0 °C					
Frequency		Test Position	Figure No.	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-upPower (dBm)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g)(W/kg)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.									
2462	11	Front	/	19.51	19.6	0.163	0.17	0.083	0.08	0.08
2462	11	Rear	/	19.51	19.6	0.183	0.19	0.091	0.09	0.05
2462	11	Left	/	19.51	19.6	0.031	0.03	0.015	0.02	-0.06
2462	11	Top	/	19.51	19.6	0.124	0.13	0.059	0.06	0.04
2462	11	Rear	B2	19.51	19.6	0.152	0.16	0.075	0.08	0.02
2462	11	Rear	B3	19.51	19.6	0.149	0.15	0.076	0.08	0.01
2462	11	Rear	C1	19.51	19.6	0.144	0.15	0.071	0.07	-0.12

As shown above table, the initial test position for body is “Rear”. So the body SAR of WLAN is presented as below:

Table 14.3-5: SAR Values(WLAN - Body)– 802.11b 1Mbps (Full SAR)

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C					Liquid Temperature: 22.0 °C					
Frequency		Test Position	Figure No.	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-upPower (dBm)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g)(W/kg)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch									
2462	11	Rear 10mm	Fig.12	19.51	19.6	0.22	0.22	0.106	0.11	0.05

Note1: When the reported SAR of the initial test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position using subsequent highest estimated 1-g SAR conditions determined by area scans, on the highest maximum output power channel, until the reported SAR is $\leq$ 0.8 W/kg.

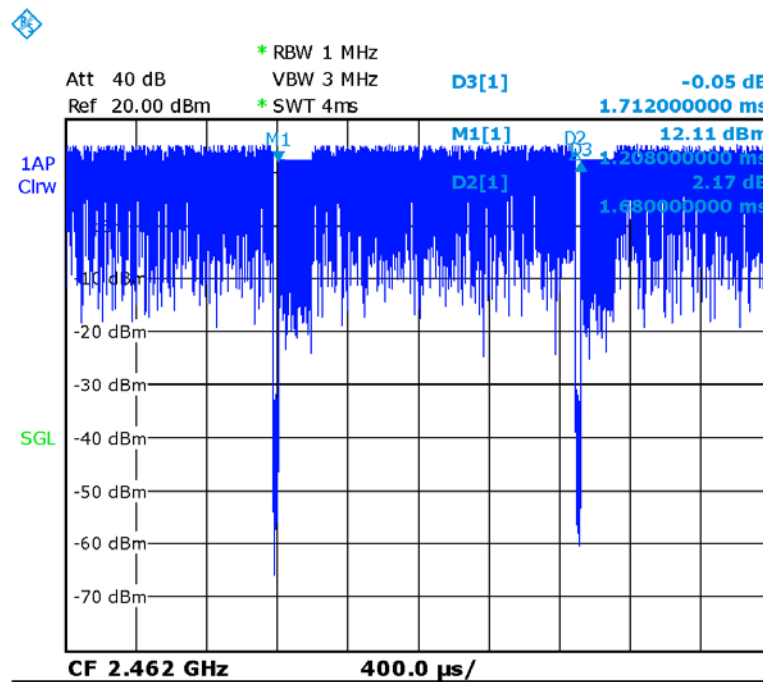
Note2: For all positions/configurations tested using the initial test position and subsequent test positions, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel until the reported SAR is $\leq$ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

According to the KDB248227 D01, The reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit. The scaled reported SAR is presented as below.

Table 14.3-6: SAR Values (WLAN - Body) – 802.11b 1Mbps (Scaled Reported SAR)

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C					Liquid Temperature: 22.0 °C	
Frequency		Test Position	Actual duty factor	maximum duty factor	Reported SAR (1g)(W/kg)	Scaled reported SAR (1g)(W/kg)
MHz	Ch.					
2462	11	Rear 10mm	98.13%	100%	0.22	0.22

SAR is not required for OFDM because the 802.11b adjusted SAR $\leq$ 1.2 W/kg.



Picture 14.1 The plot of duty factor

15 SAR Measurement Variability

SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SARprobe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium.

The following procedures are applied to determine if repeated measurements are required.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg ($\sim 10\%$ from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20 .

Table 15.1: SAR Measurement Variability for Body LTE Band7 (1g)

Frequency		Test Position	Spacing (mm)	Original SAR (W/kg)	First Repeated SAR (W/kg)	The Ratio	Second Repeated SAR (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.						
2535	21100	Bottom	10	1.05	1.04	1.01	/

Table 15.5: SAR Measurement Variability for Head WiFi2.4G (1g)

Frequency		Test Position		Original SAR (W/kg)	First Repeated SAR (W/kg)	The Ratio	Second Repeated SAR (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.						
2462	11	Right	Touch	1.14	1.12	1.02	/

16 Measurement Uncertainty

16.1 Measurement Uncertainty for Normal SAR Tests (300MHz~3GHz)

No.	Error Description	Type	Uncertainty value	Probably Distribution	Div.	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	Degree of freedom
Measurement system										
1	Probe calibration	B	6.0	N	1	1	1	6.0	6.0	∞
2	Isotropy	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	∞
3	Boundary effect	B	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
4	Linearity	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
5	Detection limit	B	1.0	N	1	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
6	Readout electronics	B	0.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
7	Response time	B	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
8	Integration time	B	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
9	RF ambient conditions-noise	B	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
10	RF ambient conditions-reflection	B	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
11	Probe positioned mech. restrictions	B	0.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
12	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	B	2.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
13	Post-processing	B	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Test sample related										
14	Test sample positioning	A	3.3	N	1	1	1	3.3	3.3	71
15	Device holder uncertainty	A	3.4	N	1	1	1	3.4	3.4	5
16	Drift of output power	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom and set-up										
17	Phantom uncertainty	B	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞

18	Liquid conductivity (target)	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
19	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	A	2.06	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.32	0.89	43
20	Liquid permittivity (target)	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
21	Liquid permittivity (meas.)	A	1.6	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.0	0.8	521
Combined standard uncertainty		$u_c = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{21} c_i^2 u_i^2}$						9.55	9.43	257
Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %)		$u_e = 2u_c$						19.1	18.9	

16.2 Measurement Uncertainty for Normal SAR Tests (3~6GHz)

No.	Error Description	Type	Uncertainty value	Probably Distribution	Div.	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	Degree of freedom
Measurement system										
1	Probe calibration	B	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.55	6.55	∞
2	Isotropy	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	∞
3	Boundary effect	B	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
4	Linearity	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
5	Detection limit	B	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
6	Readout electronics	B	0.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
7	Response time	B	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
8	Integration time	B	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
9	RF ambient conditions-noise	B	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
10	RF ambient conditions-reflection	B	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
11	Probe positioned mech. restrictions	B	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
12	Probe positioning with respect to	B	6.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.9	3.9	∞

	phantom shell									
13	Post-processing	B	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Test sample related										
14	Test sample positioning	A	3.3	N	1	1	1	3.3	3.3	71
15	Device holder uncertainty	A	3.4	N	1	1	1	3.4	3.4	5
16	Drift of output power	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom and set-up										
17	Phantom uncertainty	B	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
18	Liquid conductivity (target)	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
19	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	A	2.06	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.32	0.89	43
20	Liquid permittivity (target)	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
21	Liquid permittivity (meas.)	A	1.6	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.0	0.8	521
Combined standard uncertainty		$u_c' = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{21} c_i^2 u_i^2}$						10.7	10.6	257
Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %)		$u_e = 2u_c$						21.4	21.1	

16.3 Measurement Uncertainty for Fast SAR Tests (300MHz~3GHz)

No.	Error Description	Type	Uncertainty value	Probably Distribution	Div.	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	Degree of freedom
Measurement system										
1	Probe calibration	B	6.0	N	1	1	1	6.0	6.0	∞
2	Isotropy	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	∞
3	Boundary effect	B	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
4	Linearity	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
5	Detection limit	B	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞

6	Readout electronics	B	0.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
7	Response time	B	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
8	Integration time	B	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
9	RF ambient conditions-noise	B	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
10	RF ambient conditions-reflection	B	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
11	Probe positioned mech. Restrictions	B	0.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
12	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	B	2.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
13	Post-processing	B	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
14	Fast SAR z-Approximation	B	7.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	4.0	4.0	∞
Test sample related										
15	Test sample positioning	A	3.3	N	1	1	1	3.3	3.3	71
16	Device holder uncertainty	A	3.4	N	1	1	1	3.4	3.4	5
17	Drift of output power	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom and set-up										
18	Phantom uncertainty	B	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
19	Liquid conductivity (target)	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
20	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	A	2.06	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.32	0.89	43
21	Liquid permittivity (target)	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
22	Liquid permittivity (meas.)	A	1.6	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.0	0.8	521
Combined standard uncertainty		$u'_c = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{22} c_i^2 u_i^2}$						10.4	10.3	257
Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %)		$u_e = 2u_c$						20.8	20.6	

16.4 Measurement Uncertainty for Fast SAR Tests (3~6GHz)

No.	Error Description	Type	Uncertainty value	Probably Distribution	Div.	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	Degree of freedom
Measurement system										
1	Probe calibration	B	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.55	6.55	∞
2	Isotropy	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	∞
3	Boundary effect	B	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
4	Linearity	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
5	Detection limit	B	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
6	Readout electronics	B	0.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
7	Response time	B	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
8	Integration time	B	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
9	RF ambient conditions-noise	B	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
10	RF ambient conditions-reflection	B	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
11	Probe positioned mech. Restrictions	B	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
12	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	B	6.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.9	3.9	∞
13	Post-processing	B	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
14	Fast SAR z-Approximation	B	14.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	8.1	8.1	∞
Test sample related										
15	Test sample positioning	A	3.3	N	1	1	1	3.3	3.3	71
16	Device holder uncertainty	A	3.4	N	1	1	1	3.4	3.4	5
17	Drift of output power	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom and set-up										

18	Phantom uncertainty	B	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
19	Liquid conductivity (target)	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
20	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	A	2.06	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.32	0.89	43
21	Liquid permittivity (target)	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
22	Liquid permittivity (meas.)	A	1.6	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.0	0.8	521
Combined standard uncertainty		$u'_c = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{22} c_i^2 u_i^2}$						13.5	13.4	257
Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %)		$u_e = 2u_c$						27.0	26.8	

17 MAIN TEST INSTRUMENTS

Table 17.1: List of Main Instruments

No.	Name	Type	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Valid Period
01	Network analyzer	E5071C	MY46110673	January 13,2017	One year
02	Power meter	NRVD	102083	September22,2016	One year
03	Power sensor	NRV-Z5	100595		
04	Signal Generator	E4438C	MY49071430	January 13,2017	One Year
05	Amplifier	60S1G4	0331848	No Calibration Requested	
06	BTS	E5515C	MY50263375	January16, 2017	BTS
07	BTS	CMW500	149646	November 03, 2016	One year
08	E-field Probe	SPEAG EX3DV4	3846	January 13,2017	One year
09	DAE	SPEAG DAE4	1331	January19, 2017	One year
10	Dipole Validation Kit	SPEAG D835V2	4d069	July 20,2016	One year
11	Dipole Validation Kit	SPEAG D1900V2	5d101	July 28,2016	One year
12	Dipole Validation Kit	SPEAG D2450V2	853	July 25,2016	One year
13	Dipole Validation Kit	SPEAG D2600V2	1012	July 25,2016	One year

END OF REPORT BODY

ANNEX A Graph Results

GSM 850 Left Cheek High

Date: 2017-5-12

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Head 850 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 848.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.904$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.22$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

Communication System: GSM 850 Frequency: 848.8 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3846 ConvF(9.33,9.33,9.33)

Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.178 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.090 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.196 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.146 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.112 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.177 W/kg

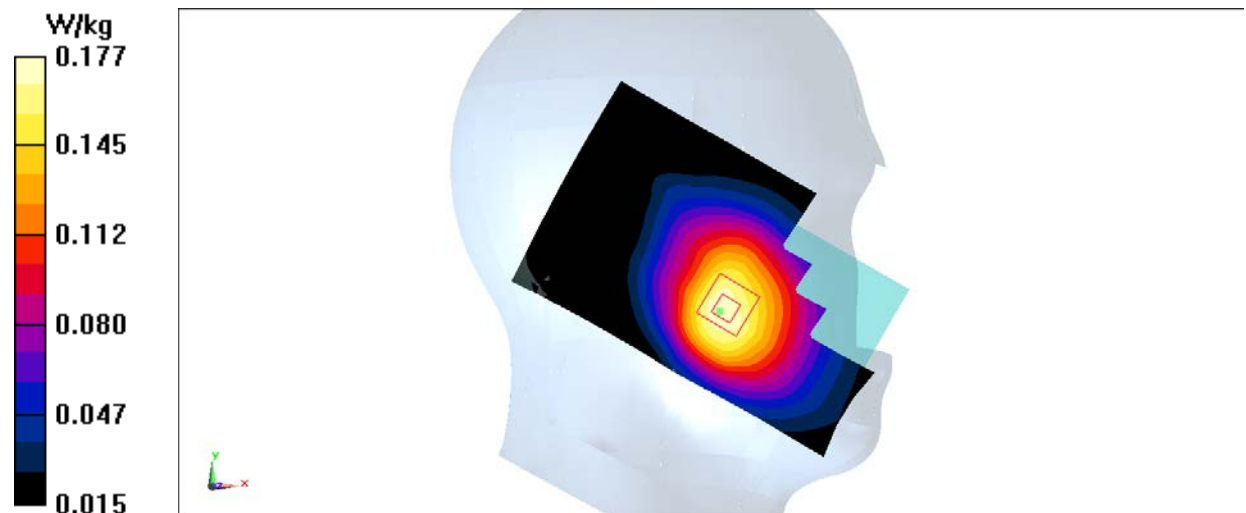


Fig.1 GSM 850 Head

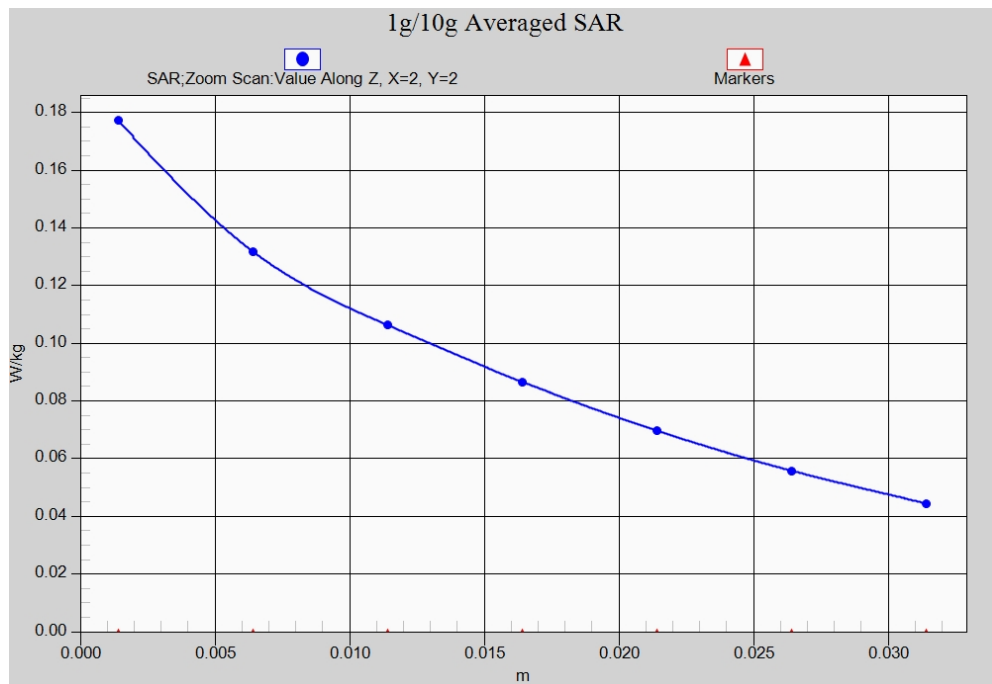


Fig. 1-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (850 MHz)

GSM 850Body RearHigh

Date: 2017-5-12

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Body 850 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 848.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.987$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.98$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

Communication System: GSM 850 GPRS 1TX Frequency: 848.8 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3846 ConvF(9.52,9.52,9.52)

Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000$ mm, $dy=1.000$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.261 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 15.14 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.316 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.199 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.153 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.270 W/kg

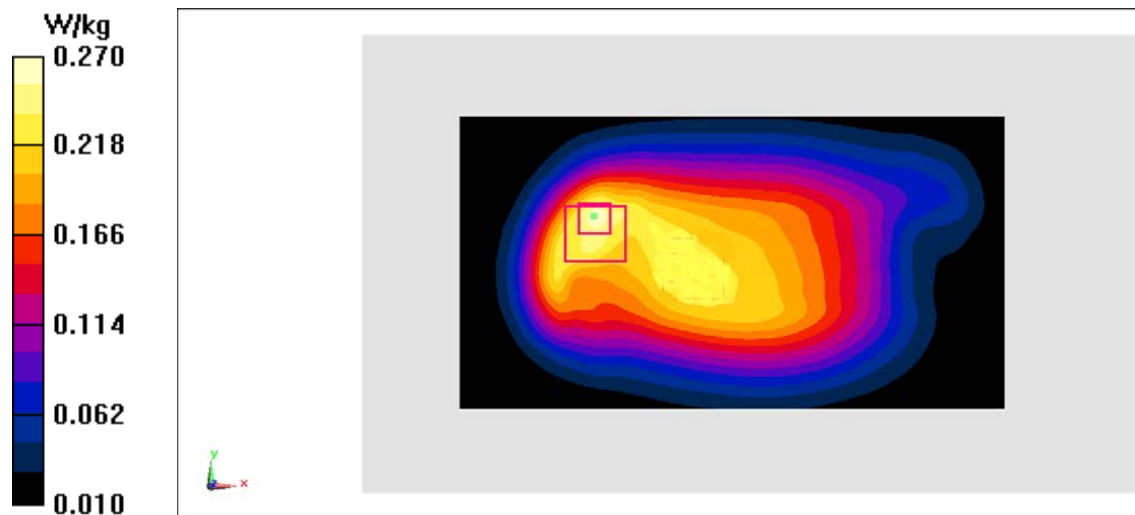


Fig.2 GSM 850 Body

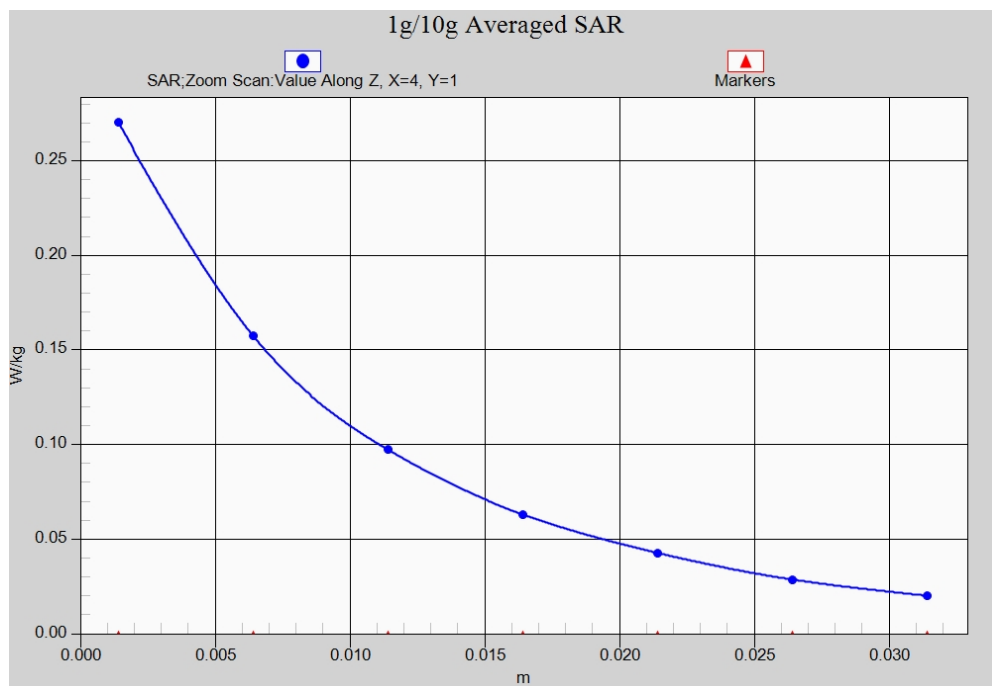


Fig. 2-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (850 MHz)

GSM 1900 Left Cheek Middle

Date: 2017-5-14

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Head 1900 MHz

Medium parameters use: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.393$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.84$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

Communication System: GSM 1900MHz Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3846 ConvF(7.89,7.89,7.89)

Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.192 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.348 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.242 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.146 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.086 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.209 W/kg

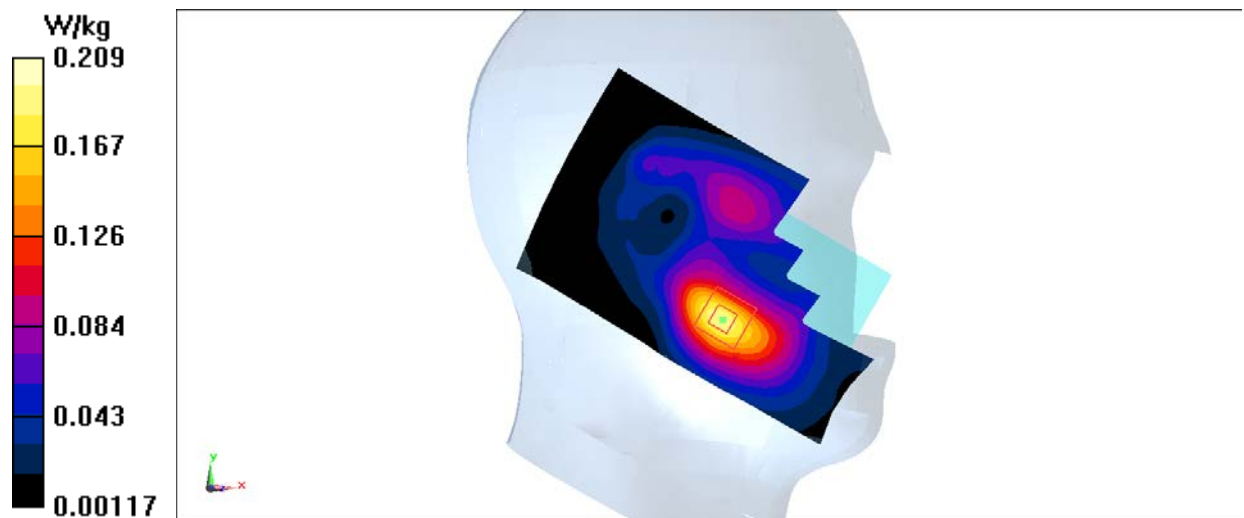


Fig.3GSM 1900 Head

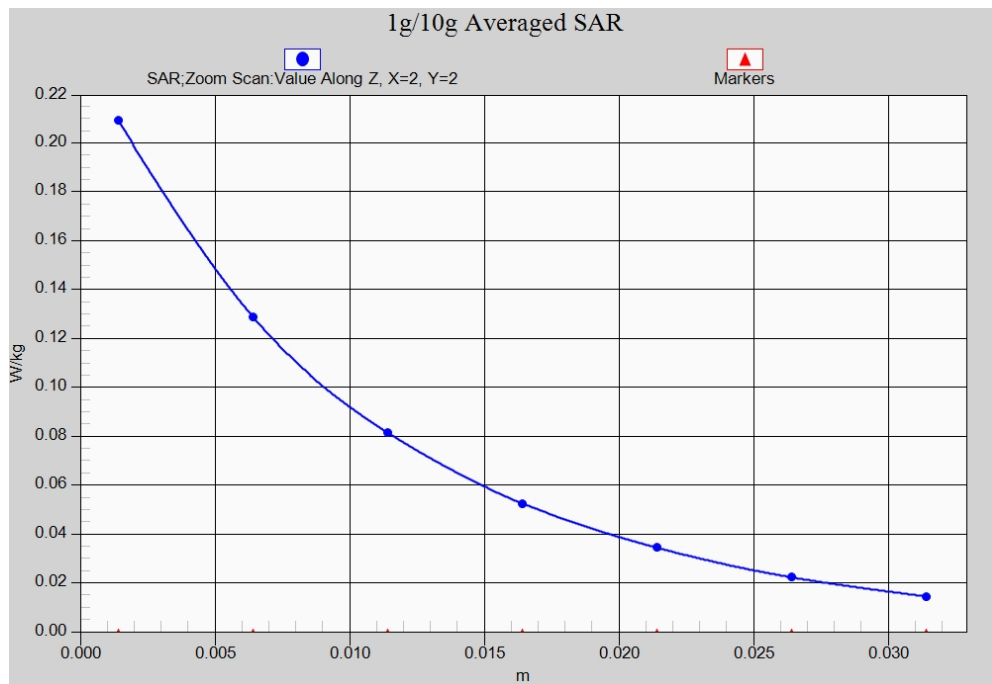


Fig. 3-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (1900 MHz)

GSM 1900 Body BottomMiddle

Date: 2017-5-14

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Body 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.486$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.23$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

Communication System: GSM 1900MHz GPRS 2TX Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:4

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3846 ConvF(7.57,7.57,7.57)

Area Scan (41x61x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000$ mm, $dy=1.000$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.573 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 18.89 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.689 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.407 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.215 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.467 W/kg

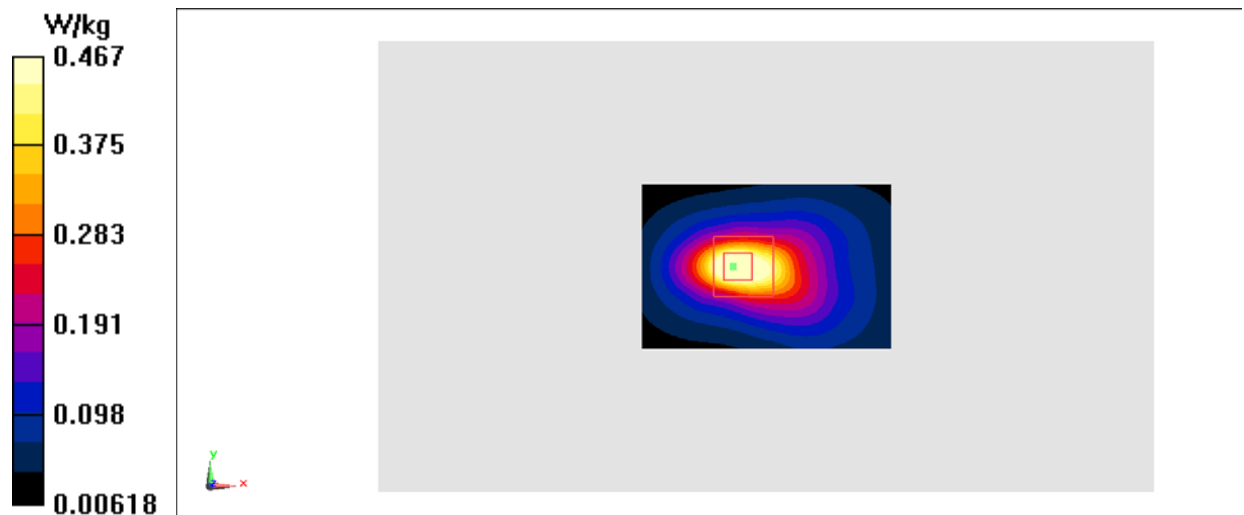


Fig.4GSM1900 Body

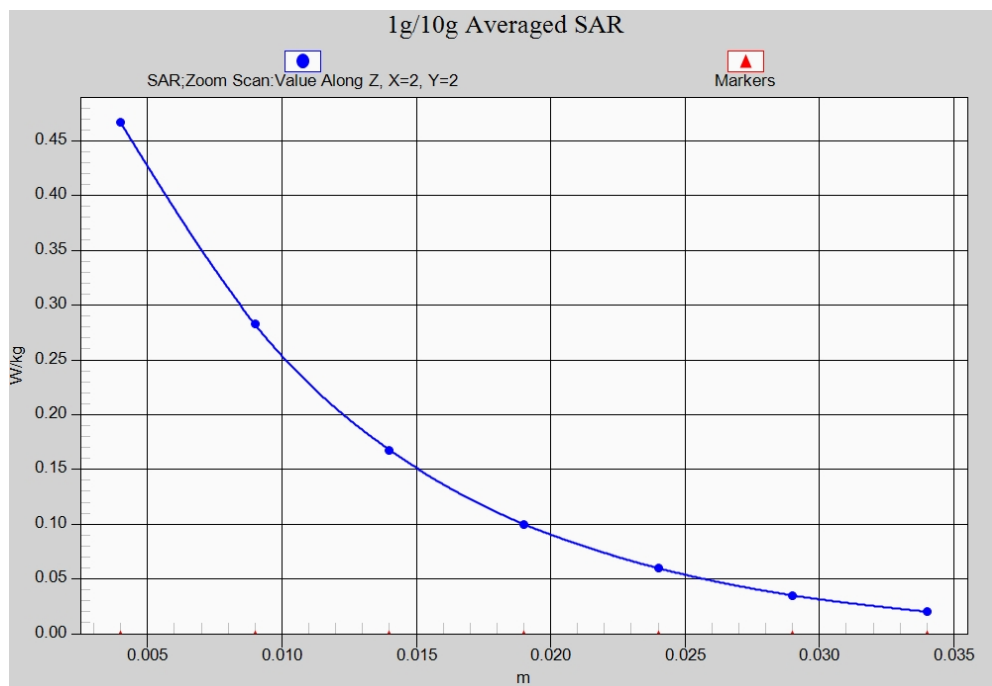


Fig.4-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (1900 MHz)

WCDMA 850 Left Cheek High

Date: 2017-5-12

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Head 850 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 846.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.904$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.23$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

Communication System: WCDMA850; Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3846 ConvF(9.33,9.33,9.33)

Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000$ mm, $dy=1.000$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.285 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 5.043 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.302 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.227 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.173 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.273 W/kg

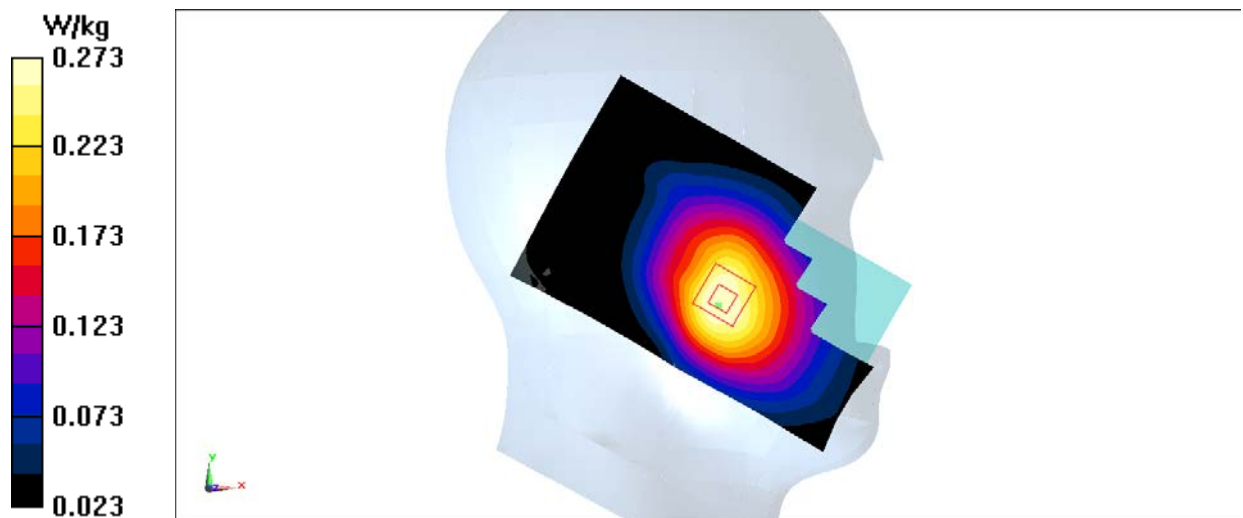


Fig.5 WCDMA 850 Head

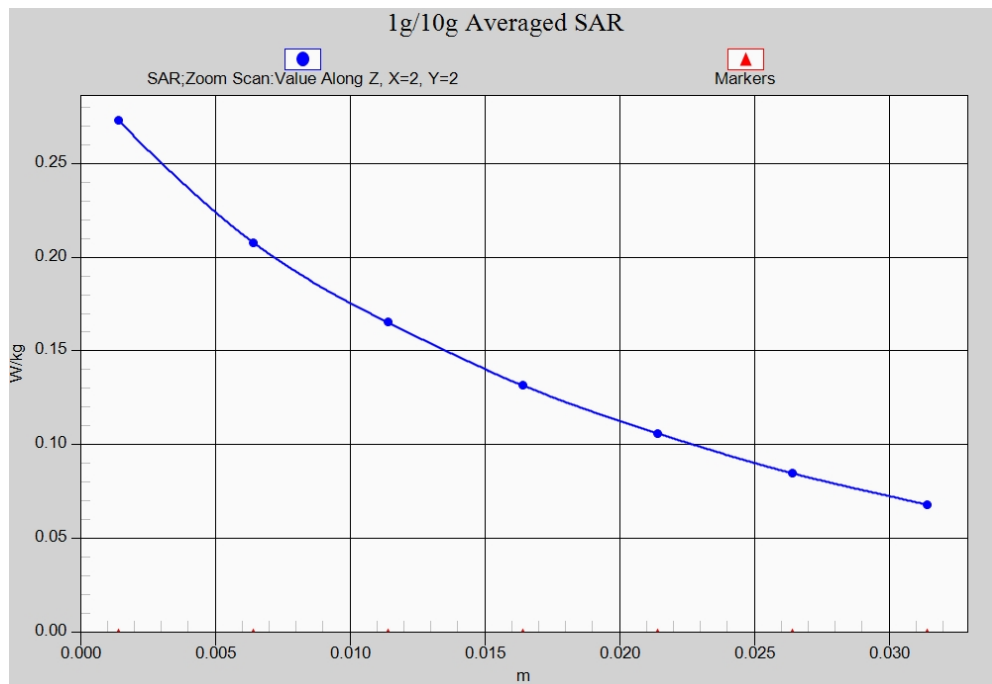


Fig. 5-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (WCDMA 850)

WCDMA 850 Body RearHigh

Date: 2017-5-12

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Body 850 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 846.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.985$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.99$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

Communication System: WCDMA850; Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3846 ConvF(9.52,9.52,9.52)

Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.414 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.03 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.499 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.297 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.228 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.426 W/kg

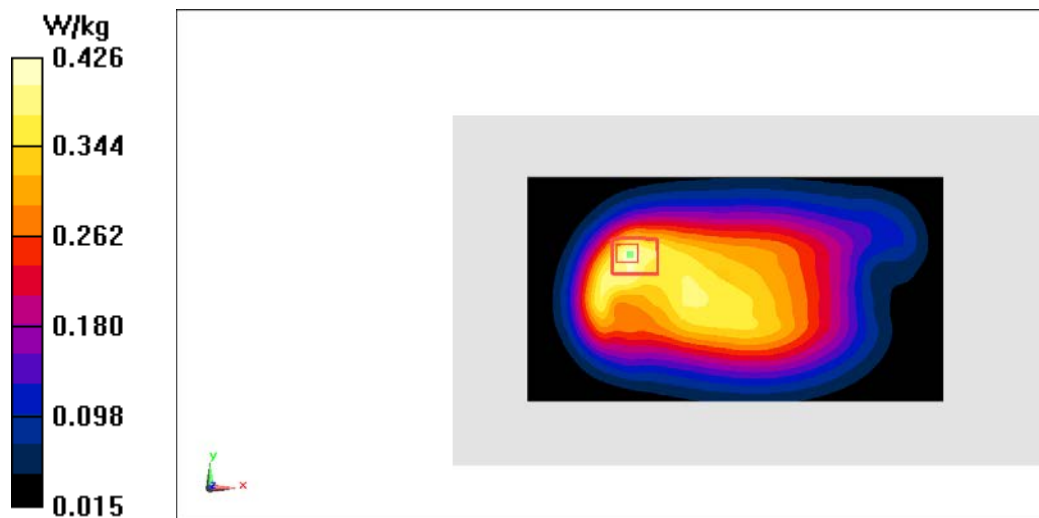


Fig.6 WCDMA 850 Body

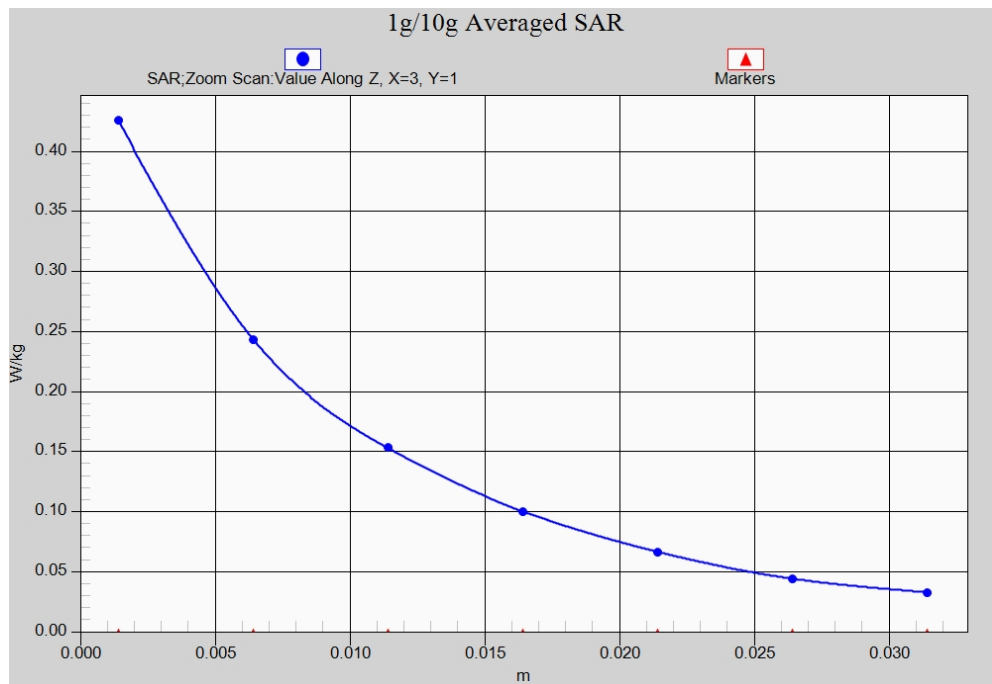


Fig. 6-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (WCDMA850)

WCDMA 1900 Left Cheek Low

Date: 2017-5-14

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Head 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1852.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.365$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.93$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

Communication System: WCDMA 1900 Frequency: 1852.4 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3846 ConvF(7.89,7.89,7.89)

Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000$ mm, $dy=1.000$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.367 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 6.392 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.423 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.273 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.169 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.366 W/kg

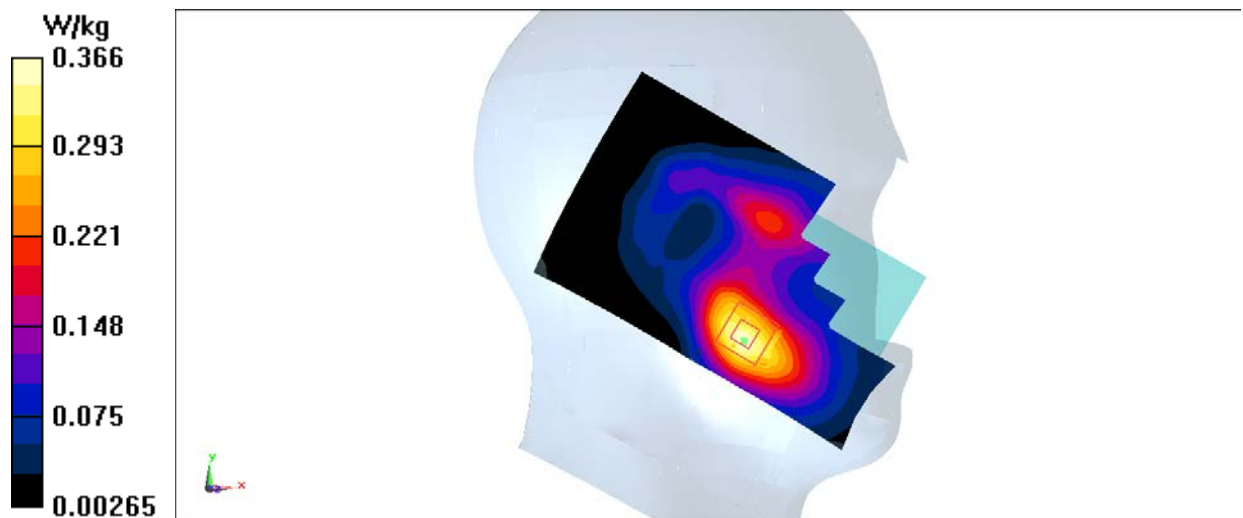


Fig.7 WCDMA1900 Head

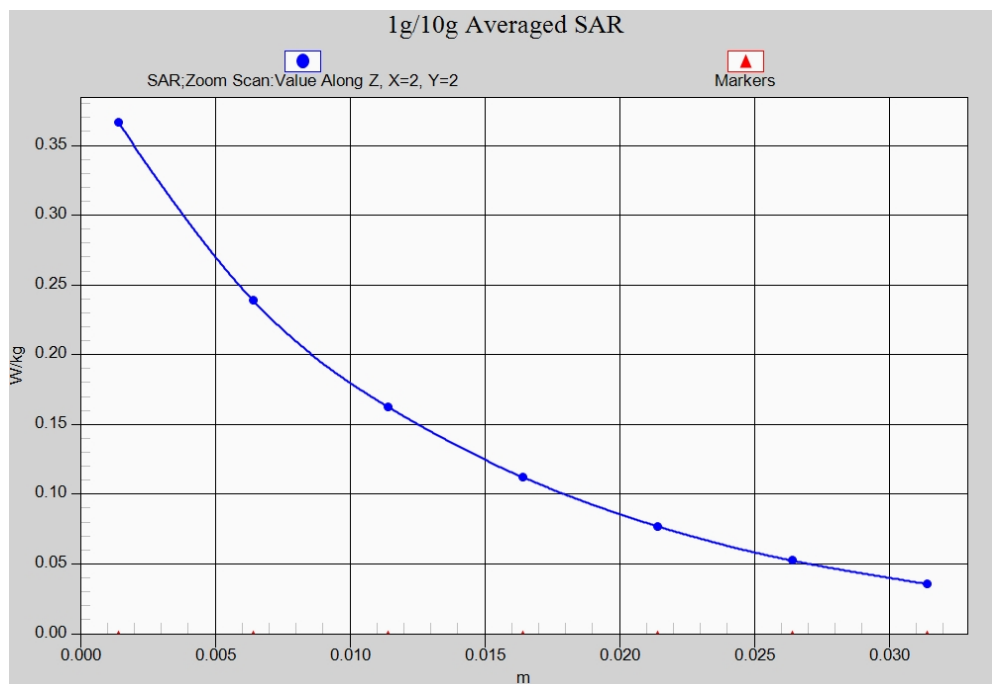


Fig. 7-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (WCDMA1900)

WCDMA 1900 Body BottomMiddle

Date: 2017-5-14

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Body 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.486$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.23$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

Communication System: WCDMA 1900 Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3846 ConvF(7.57,7.57,7.57)

Area Scan (41x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.11 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 24.76 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.28 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.778 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.408 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.900 W/kg

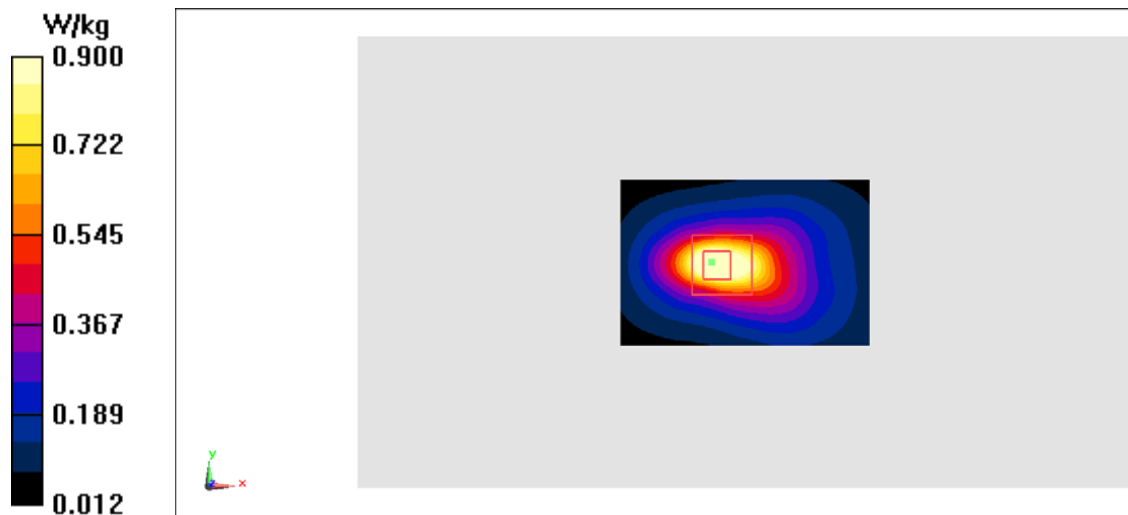


Fig.8 WCDMA1900 Body

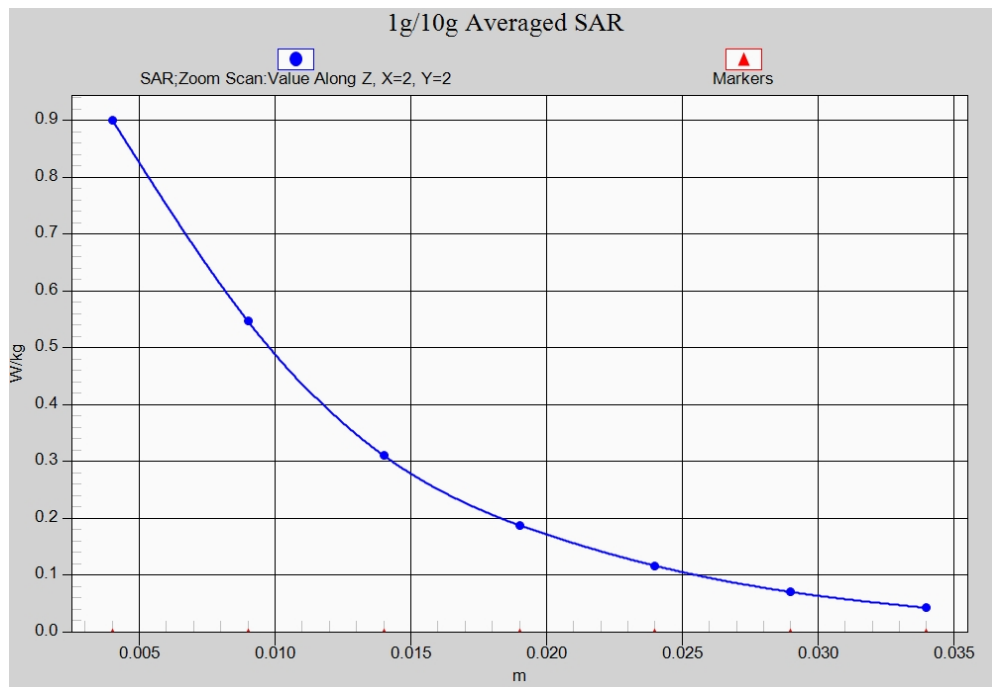


Fig. 8-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (WCDMA1900)

LTE Band7 Right Cheek Low with QPSK_20M_1RB_Low

Date: 2017-5-15

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Head 2600 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2510$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.884$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

Communication System: LTE Band7 Frequency: 2510 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3846 ConvF(7.12,7.12,7.12)

Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000$ mm, $dy=1.000$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.403 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 4.307 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.501 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.271 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.140 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.411 W/kg

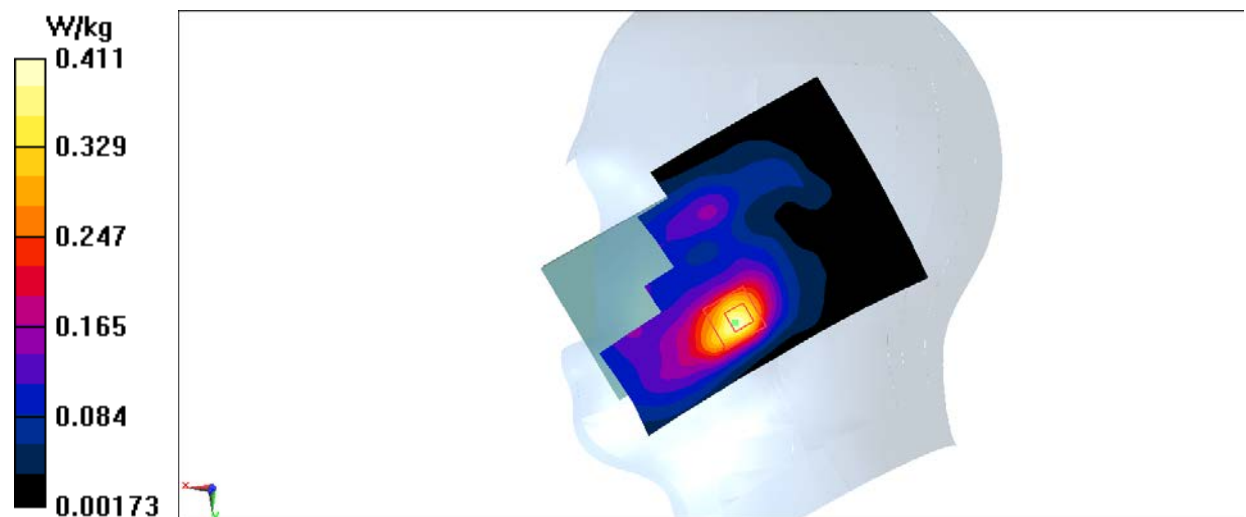


Fig.9 LTE Band7 Head

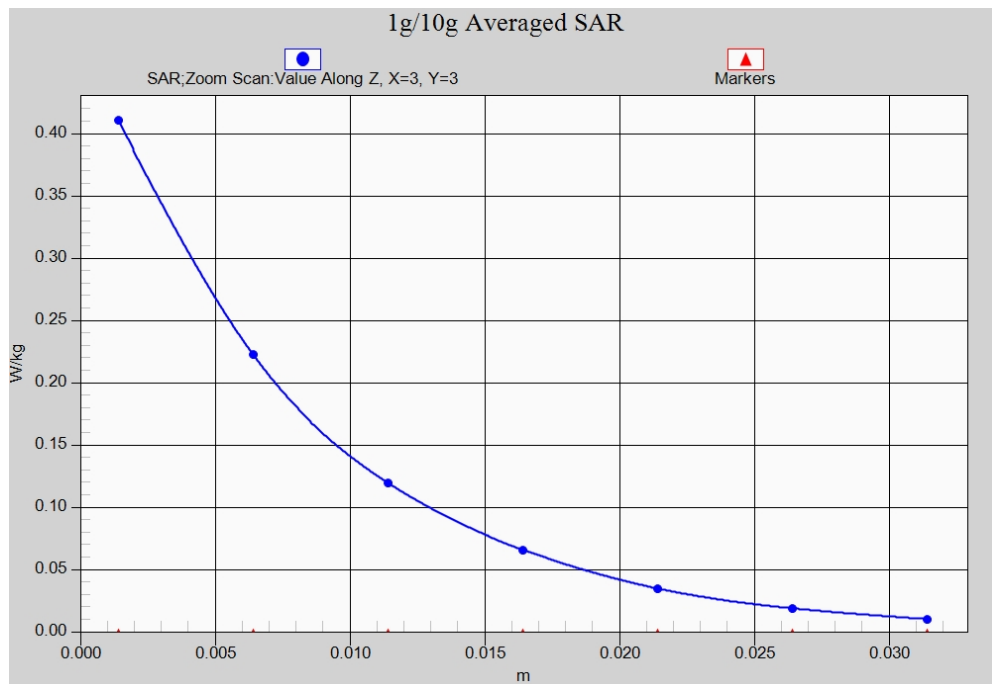


Fig. 9-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (LTE Band7)

LTE Band7 Body BottomMiddle with QPSK_20M_1RB_High

Date: 2017-5-15

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Body 2600 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2535$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.13$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.54$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

Communication System: LTE Band7 Frequency: 2535 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3846 ConvF(7.25,7.25,7.25)

Area Scan (51x81x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000$ mm, $dy=1.000$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.55 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 25.69 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.01 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.05 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.516 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.20 W/kg

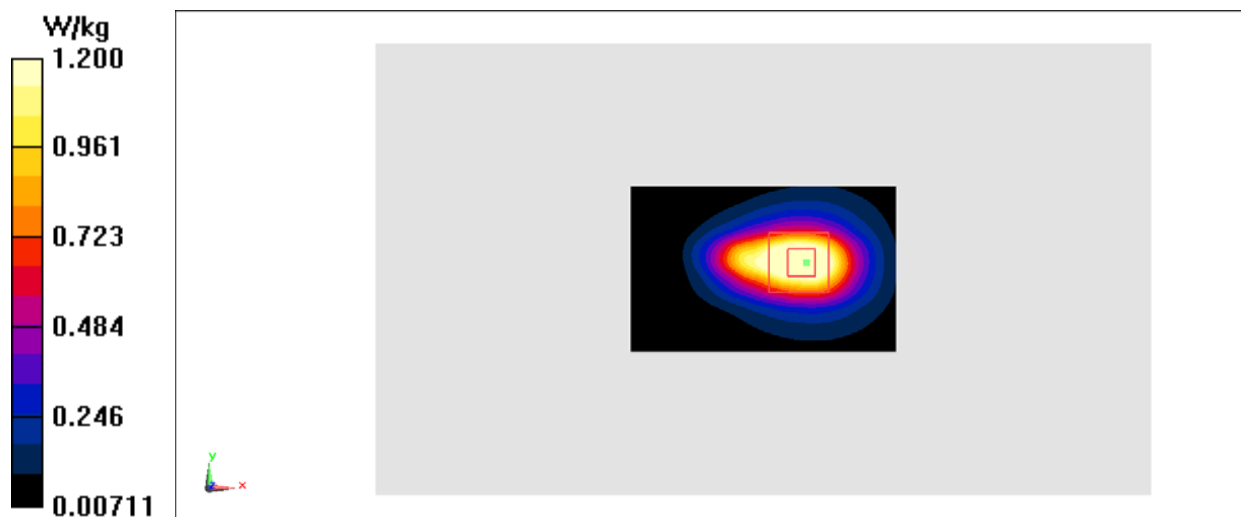


Fig.10 LTE Band7 Body-10mm

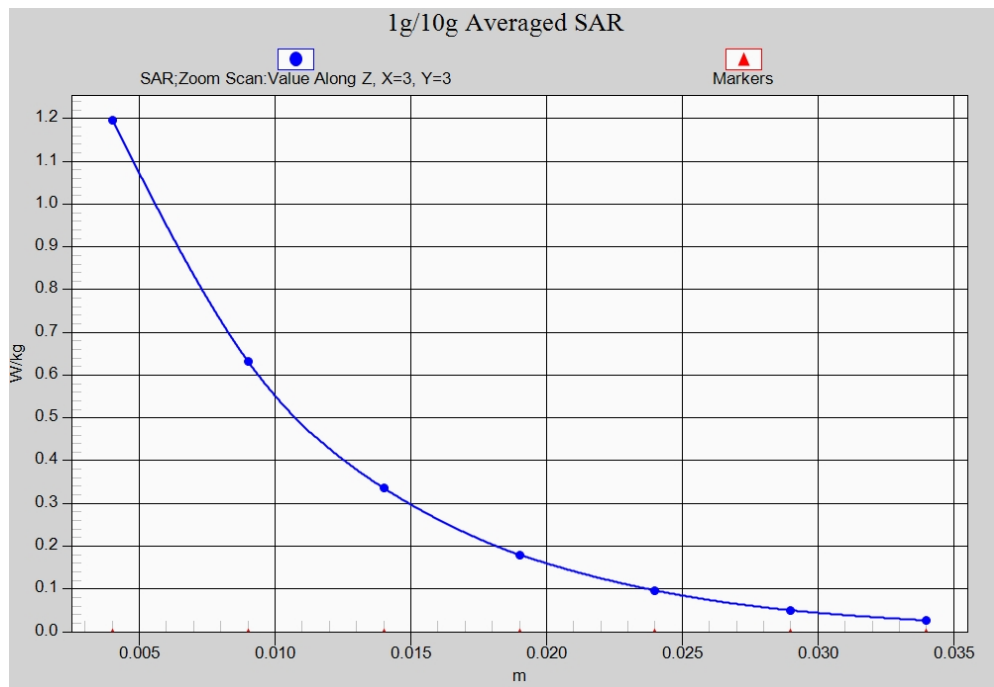


Fig. 10-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (LTE Band7)

Wifi 802.11b Right Cheek Channel 11

Date: 2017-5-16

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Head 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2462$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.813$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.25$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

Communication System: WLAN 2450 Frequency: 2462 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3846 ConvF(7.22,7.22,7.22)

Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000$ mm, $dy=1.000$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.67 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 17.01 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.53 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.14 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.545 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.94 W/kg

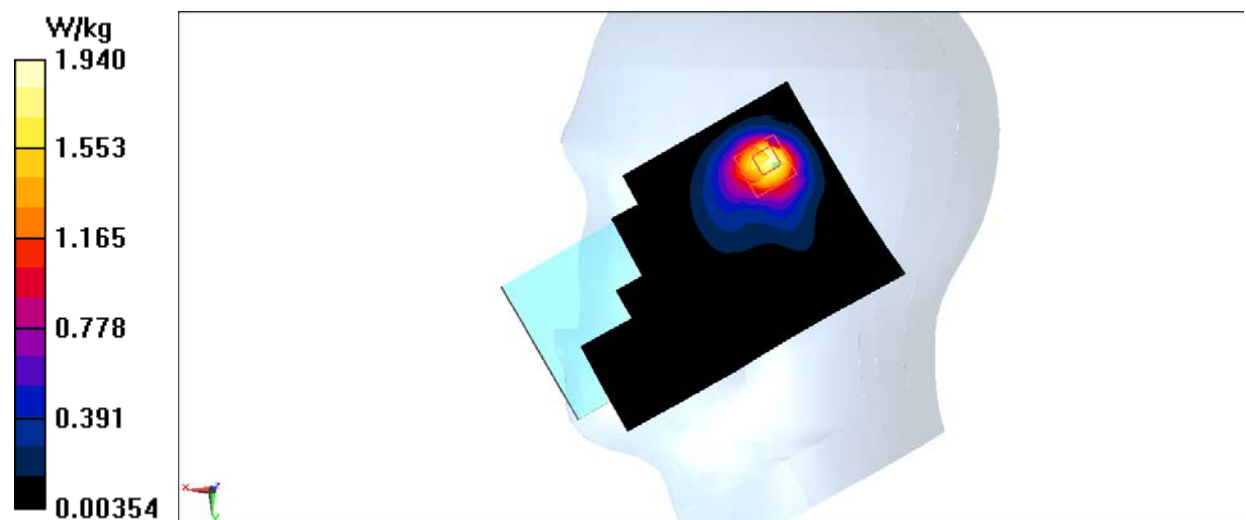


Fig.11 2450 MHz Head

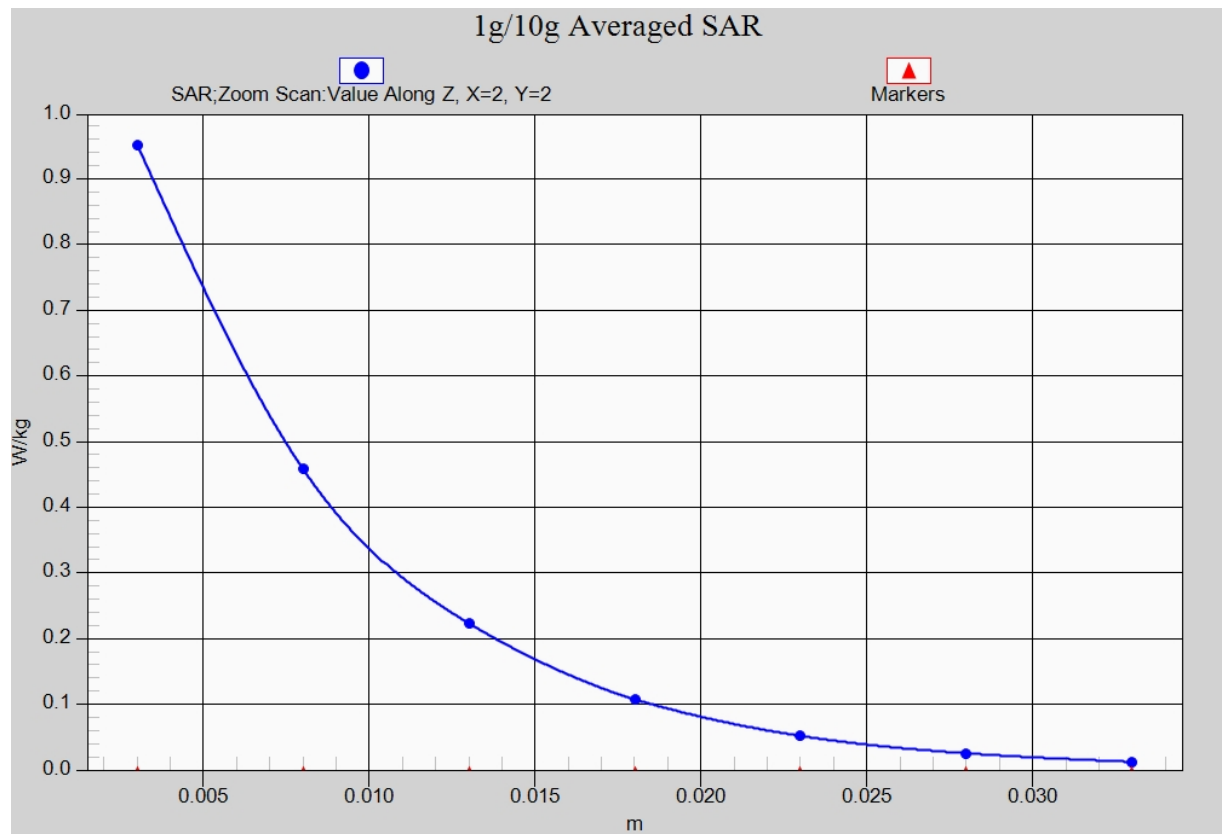


Fig. 11-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (2450 MHz)

Wifi 802.11b Body Rear Channel 11

Date: 2017-5-16

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331

Medium: Body 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2462$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.998$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.52$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

Communication System: WLAN 2450 Frequency: 2462 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3846 ConvF(7.31,7.31,7.31)

Area Scan (81x151x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000$ mm, $dy=1.000$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.316 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 3.621 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.443 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.220 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.106 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.246 W/kg

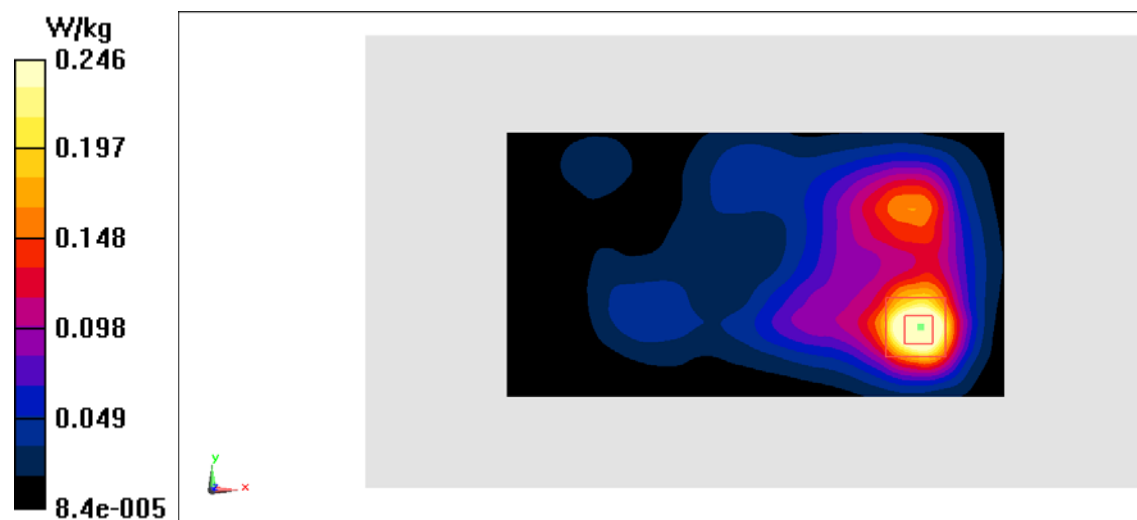


Fig.12 2450 MHz Body