

**Calibration Laboratory of**  
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Engineering AG  
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**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

#### **Glossary:**

TSI	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

#### **Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### **Additional Documentation:**

- e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### **Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

### Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

<b>DASY Version</b>	DASY5	V52.8.8
<b>Extrapolation</b>	Advanced Extrapolation	
<b>Phantom</b>	Modular Flat Phantom	
<b>Distance Dipole Center - TSL</b>	10 mm	with Spacer
<b>Zoom Scan Resolution</b>	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
<b>Frequency</b>	2600 MHz ± 1 MHz	

### Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
<b>Nominal Head TSL parameters</b>	22.0 °C	39.0	1.96 mho/m
<b>Measured Head TSL parameters</b>	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	37.3 ± 6 %	2.05 mho/m ± 6 %
<b>Head TSL temperature change during test</b>	< 0.5 °C	----	----

### SAR result with Head TSL

<b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL</b>	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	14.7 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	57.1 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)
<b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL</b>	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.62 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	26.0 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

### Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
<b>Nominal Body TSL parameters</b>	22.0 °C	52.5	2.16 mho/m
<b>Measured Body TSL parameters</b>	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	51.9 ± 6 %	2.22 mho/m ± 6 %
<b>Body TSL temperature change during test</b>	< 0.5 °C	----	----

### SAR result with Body TSL

<b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL</b>	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	14.3 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	56.4 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)
<b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL</b>	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.40 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	25.4 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

**Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)**

**Antenna Parameters with Head TSL**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.2 $\Omega$ - 5.4 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 24.8 dB

**Antenna Parameters with Body TSL**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	45.1 $\Omega$ - 4.0 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 23.5 dB

**General Antenna Parameters and Design**

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.153 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

**Additional EUT Data**

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	October 30, 2007

## DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 21.07.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN: 1012**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2600$  MHz;  $\sigma = 2.05$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 37.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.49, 4.49, 4.49); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

### Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 102.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

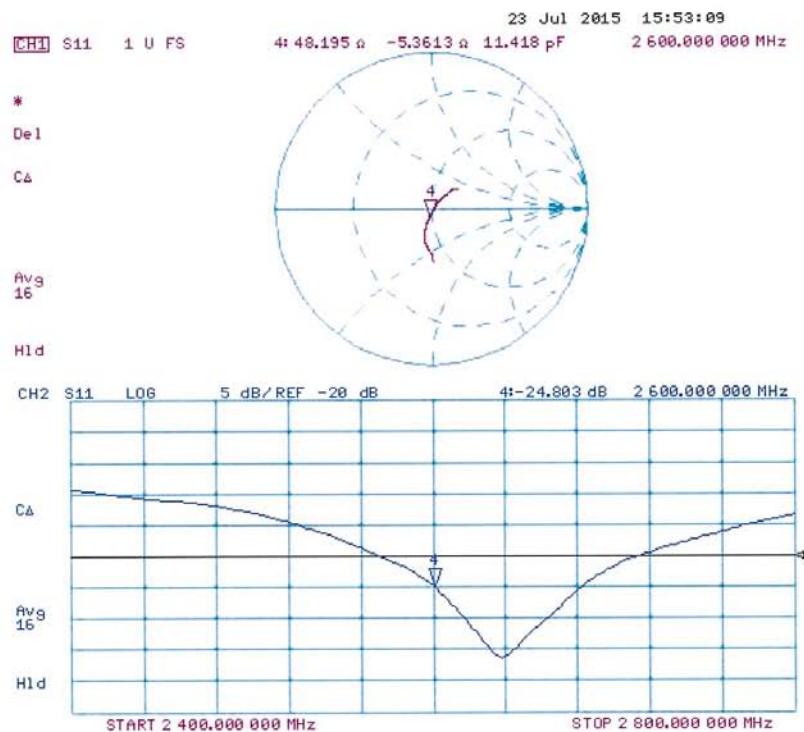
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.8 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 14.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.62 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.6 W/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



## DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 24.07.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN: 1012**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2600$  MHz;  $\sigma = 2.22$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.13, 4.13, 4.13); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

### Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

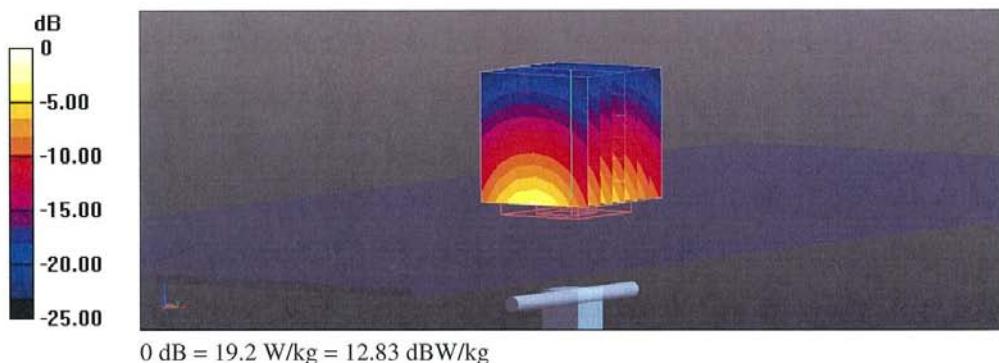
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 97.86 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

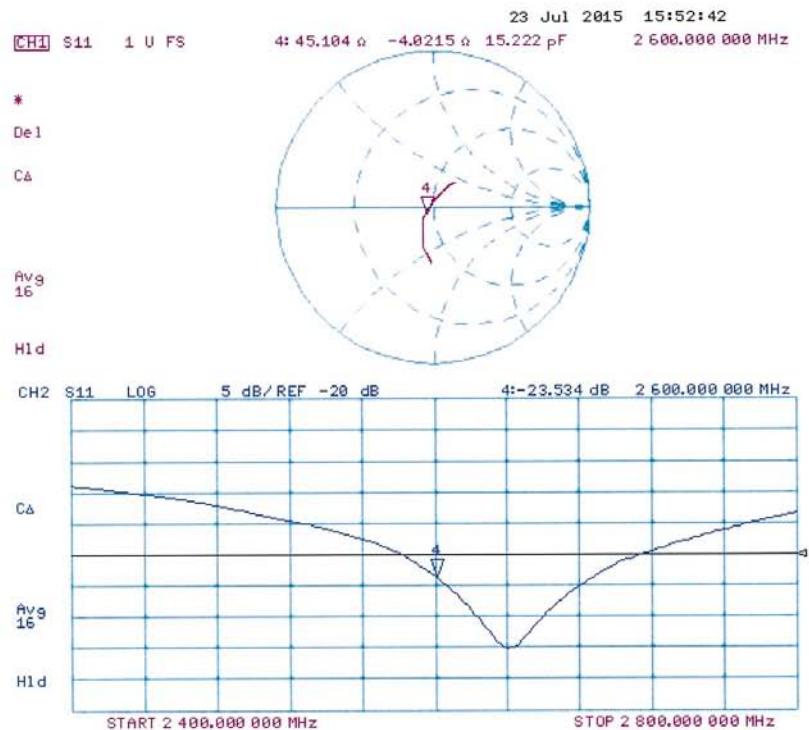
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.5 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 14.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.4 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.2 W/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



## ANNEX I SPOT CHECK TEST

As the test lab for 5045I from TCL Communication Ltd, we, CTTL (Shouxian), declare on our sole responsibility that, according to "Declaration of changes" provided by applicant, only the Spot check test should be performed. The test results are as below.

### I.1 Conducted power of selected case

**Table I.1-1: The conducted power results for WiFi**

802.11b (dBm)

Channel\data rate	1Mbps	2Mbps	5.5Mbps	11Mbps
1	\	\	\	\
6	\	\	18.53	\
11	\	\	\	\

### I.2 Measurement results

**Table I.2-1: SAR Values (WLAN - Head) – 802.11b 5.5Mbps (Full SAR)**

Ambient Temperature: 22.9 °C				Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C							
Frequency		Side	Test Position	Figure No.	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.										
2437	6	Right B1	Touch	Fig.I1	18.53	20	0.0309	0.04	0.0624	0.09	0.09
2437	6	Right B2	Touch	/	18.53	20	0.0309	0.04	0.0618	0.09	0.08

**Table I.2-2: SAR Values (WLAN - Body) – 802.11b 5.5Mbps (Full SAR)**

Ambient Temperature: 22.9 °C				Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C						
Frequency		Test Position	Figure No.	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.									
2437	6	Rear B1	Fig.I2	18.53	20	0.108	0.15	0.234	0.33	-0.04
2437	6	Rear B1	/	18.53	20	0.106	0.15	0.231	0.32	-0.03

**Table I.2-3: SAR Values (WLAN - Head) – 802.11b 5.5Mbps (Scaled Reported SAR)**

Ambient Temperature: 22.9 °C				Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C			
Frequency		Side	Test Position	Actual duty factor	maximum duty factor	Reported SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Scaled reported SAR (1g) (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.						
2437	6	Right	Touch	98.24%	100%	0.09	0.09

SAR is not required for OFDM because the 802.11b adjusted SAR  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg.

**Table I.2-4: SAR Values (WLAN - Body) – 802.11b 5.5Mbps (Scaled Reported SAR)**

Frequency		Ambient Temperature: 22.9 °C		Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C		
MHz	Ch.	Test Position	Actual duty factor	maximum duty factor	Reported SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Scaled reported SAR (1g) (W/kg)
2437	6	Rear	98.24%	100%	<b>0.33</b>	<b>0.34</b>

SAR is not required for OFDM because the 802.11b adjusted SAR  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg.

#### I. 4 Reported SAR Comparison

Exposure Configuration	Technology Band	Reported SAR 1g (W/Kg): spot check	Reported SAR 1g (W/Kg): original
Head	WiFi	<b>0.09</b>	<b>0.12</b>
Body	WiFi	<b>0.34</b>	<b>0.30</b>

**Note: The spot check results of body for WiFi is larger than the original results, so these values replace the original results and others are quoted.**

## Wifi 802.11b Right Cheek Channel 6

Date: 2016-6-25

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777

Medium: Head 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 2437$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.818$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.88$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C      Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: WLan 2450 Frequency: 2437 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617 ConvF(7.24, 7.24, 7.24)

**Area Scan (91x141x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0784 W/kg

**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.536 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.143 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.062 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.031 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0815 W/kg

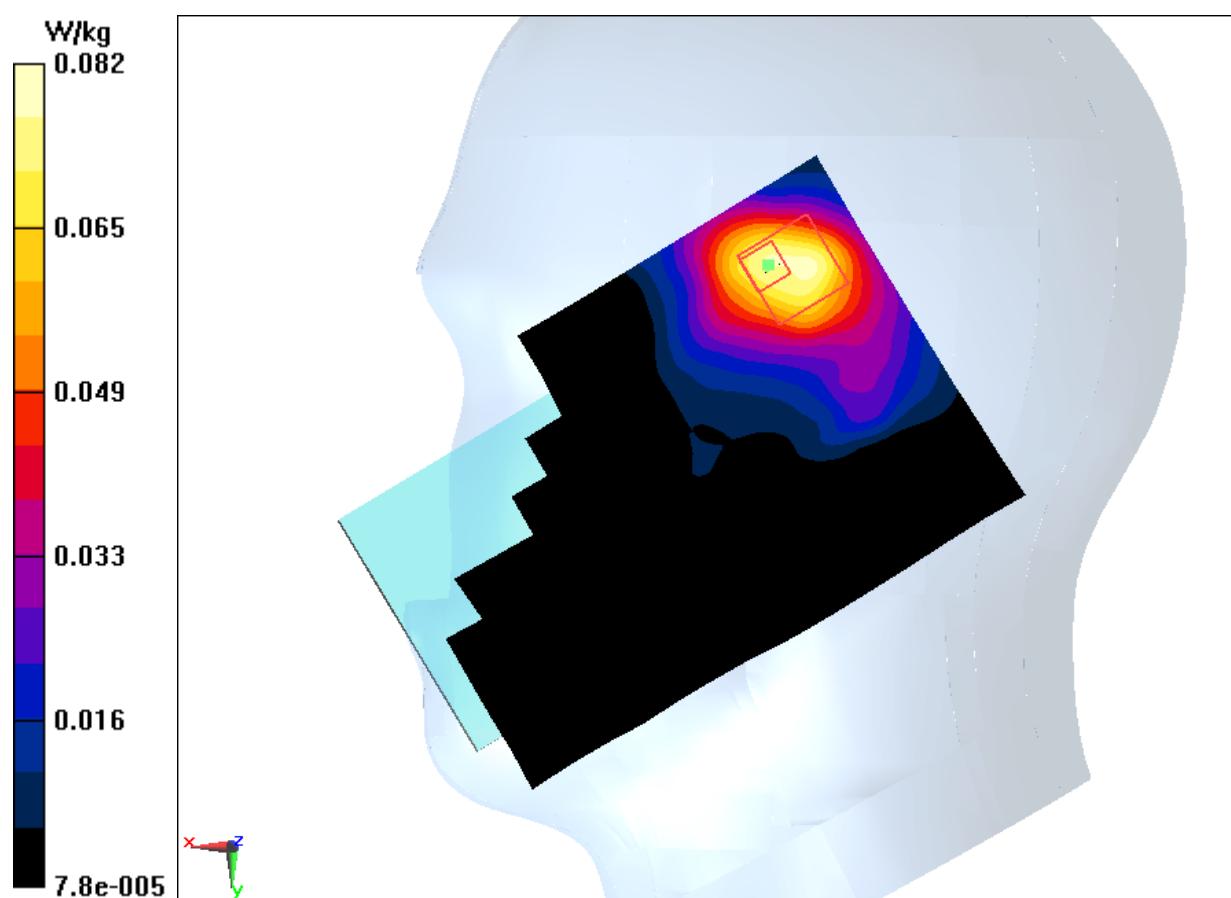


Fig.I1 2450 MHz

## Wifi 802.11b Body Rear Channel 6

Date: 2016-6-25

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777

Medium: Body 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 2437$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.982$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.69$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C      Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: WLan 2450 Frequency: 2437 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617 ConvF(7.35, 7.35, 7.35)

**Area Scan (141x91x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.285 W/kg

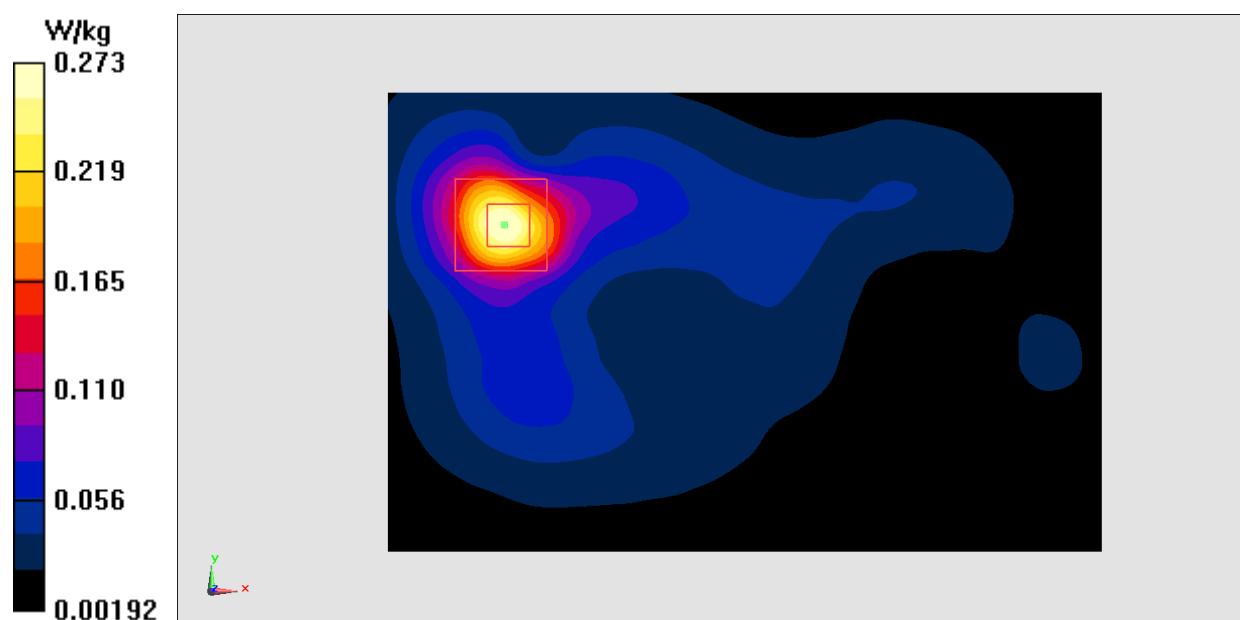
**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.123 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.454 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.234 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.108 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.273 W/kg



**Fig.I2 2450 MHz**

## ANNEX J Accreditation Certificate



China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment

### LABORATORY ACCREDITATION CERTIFICATE

(No. CNAS L0570 )

Telecommunication Technology Labs,  
Academy of Telecommunication Research, MIIT  
No.52, Huayuan North Road, Haidian District, Beijing, China  
No.51, Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, China

*in ISO/IEC 17025:2005 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories(CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories) for the competence in the field of testing and calibration.*

*The scope of accreditation is detailed in the attached schedule bearing the same accreditation number as above. The schedule forms an integral part of this certificate.*

Date of Issue: 2014-10-29

Date of Expiry: 2017-06-19

Date of Initial Accreditation: 1998-07-03



Signed on behalf of China National Accreditation Service  
for Conformity Assessment

China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS) is authorized by Certification and Accreditation Administration of the People's Republic of China (CNCA) to operate the national accreditation schemes for conformity assessment. CNAS is the signatory to International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation Multilateral Recognition Arrangement (ILAC-MRA) and Asia Pacific Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation Multilateral Recognition Arrangement (APLAC-MRA).

No. CNAS AL 2

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