

HAC RF TESTREPORT

No. I17Z60265-SEM02

For

TCL Communication Ltd.

SIMBA6 CRICKET

Modelname: 6060C

With

Hardware Version: 10

Software Version: 2A5TUCT0

FCC ID: 2ACCJA021

Results Summary: M Category = M4

Issued Date: 2017-5-4



Note:

The test results in this test report relate only to the devices specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of CTTL.

Test Laboratory:

CTTL, Telecommunication Technology Labs, Academy of Telecommunication Research, MIIT No. 51 Shouxiang Science Building, Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, P. R. China100191 Tel:+86(0)10-62304633-2512,Fax:+86(0)10-62304633-2504

Email: cttl terminals@catr.cn, website: www.chinattl.com



REPORT HISTORY

Report Number	Revision	Issue Date	Description
I17Z60265-SEM02	Rev.0	2017-5-4	Initial creation of test report



TABLE OF CONTENT

1 TEST LABORATORY	5
1.1 Testing Location	5
1.2 Testing Environment.	
1.3 Project Data	
1.4 Signature	5
2 CLIENT INFORMATION	6
2.1 Applicant Information	6
2.2 Manufacturer Information	6
3 EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) AND ANCILLARY EQUIPMENT (AE)	7
3.1 About EUT	7
3.2 INTERNAL IDENTIFICATION OF EUT USED DURING THE TEST	
3.3 INTERNAL IDENTIFICATION OF AE USED DURING THE TEST	
3.4 Air Interfaces / Bands Indicating Operating Modes	7
4 CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT	8
4.1 Summary	
4.2 CONDUCTED POWER	8
5 REFERENCE DOCUMENTS	10
5.1 Reference Documents for testing	10
6 OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS DURING TEST	11
6.1 HAC MEASUREMENT SET-UP	11
6.2 PROBE SPECIFICATION	
6.3TEST ARCH PHANTOM & PHONE POSITIONER	
6.4ROBOTIC SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS	13
7 EUT ARRANGEMENT	14
7.1 WD RF Emission Measurements Reference and Plane	14
8 SYSTEM VALIDATION	15
8.1 Validation Procedure	15
8.2 VALIDATION RESULT	15
9 EVALUATION OF MIF	16
9.1 Introduction.	16
9.2 MIF MEASUREMENT WITH THE AIA	17
9.3 TEST EQUIPMENT FOR THE MIF MEASUREMENT	
9.4 TEST SIGNAL VALIDATION	
9.5 DUTMIF RESULTS	18
10 EVALUATION FOR LOW-POWER EXEMPTION	20
10.1 Product testing threshold	
10.2 CONDUCTED POWER	20



10.3 CONCLUSION	20
11 RF TEST PROCEDUERES	21
12 MEASUREMENT RESULTS (E-FIELD)	22
13 ANSIC 63.19-2011 LIMITS	22
14 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	23
15 MAIN TEST INSTRUMENTS	23
16 CONCLUSION	24
ANNEX A TEST LAYOUT	25
ANNEX B TEST PLOTS	26
ANNEX C SYSTEM VALIDATION RESULT	35
ANNEX D PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE	37
ANNEX E DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE	47



1 Test Laboratory

1.1 Testing Location

CompanyName:	CTTL(Shouxiang)
Address:	No. 51 Shouxiang Science Building, Xueyuan Road, Haidian District,
	Beijing, P. R. China100191

1.2 Testing Environment

Temperature:	18°C~25°C,			
Relative humidity:	30%~ 70%			
Ground system resistance:	< 0.5 Ω			
Anchient pains in absoluted and found your law and in according to with an evidence at a fatandards				

Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards.

Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in compliance with requirement of standards.

1.3 Project Data

Project Leader:	Qi Dianyuan
Test Engineer:	Lin Hao
Testing Start Date:	April 12, 2017
Testing End Date:	April 12, 2017

1.4 Signature

Lin Xiaojun

(Prepared this test report)

Qi Dianyuan

(Reviewed this test report)

Lu Bingsong

Deputy Director of the laboratory

(Approved this test report)



2 Client Information

2.1 Applicant Information

Company Name:	TCL Communication Ltd.
Address/Post:	5F, C building, No. 232, Liang Jing Road ZhangJiang High-Tech Park,
	Pudong Area Shanghai, P.R. China. 201203
City:	Shanghai
Country:	China
Contact Person:	Gong Zhizhou
E-mail:	zhizhou.gong@tcl.com
Telephone:	0086-21-31363544
Fax:	0086-21-61460602

2.2 Manufacturer Information

Company Name:	TCL Communication Ltd.		
Address/Docts	5F, C building, No. 232, Liang Jing Road ZhangJiang High-Tech Park,		
Address/Post:	Pudong Area Shanghai, P.R. China. 201203		
City:	Shanghai		
Country:	China		
Contact Person:	Gong Zhizhou		
E-mail:	zhizhou.gong@tcl.com		
Telephone:	0086-21-31363544		
Fax:	0086-21-61460602		



3 Equipment Under Test (EUT) and Ancillary Equipment (AE)

3.1 About EUT

Description:	SIMBA6 CRICKET
Model name:	6060C
Operating mode(s):	GSM 850/900/1800/1900, UMTS FDD 1/2/4/5, BT, Wi-Fi
	LTE Band 1/2/4/5/7/12/30

3.2 Internal Identification of EUT used during the test

EUT ID*	EUT ID* IMEI HW Version		SW Version
EUT1	014889000002741	10	2A5TUCT0
EUT2	014889000002774	10	2A5TUCT0

^{*}EUT ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

Note: It is performed to test HAC with the EUT1 and conducted power with the EUT2.

3.3 Internal Identification of AE used during the test

AE ID*	Description	Model	SN	Manufacturer
AE1	Battery	TLp027B1	CAC2780001C1	BYD

^{*}AE ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

3.4 Air Interfaces / Bands Indicating Operating Modes

Air-interface	Band(MHz)	Туре	C63.19/tested	Simultaneous Transmissions	отт	Power Reduction
GSM	850	vo	Yes		NA	NA
GSIVI	1900	VO		BT, WLAN		INA
GPRS/EDGE	850	DT	NIA			No
GPR5/EDGE	1900	וטך	NA			
	850					
WCDMA	1700	VO	Yes	DT MU AN	NA	NA
(UMTS)	1900			BT, WLAN	INA	INA
	HSPA	DT	NA			
LTE	Band 1/2/4/5/7/12/30	VD1	NA	BT, WLAN	NA	NA
BT	2450/5G	DT	NA	GSM, WCDMA, LTE	NA	NA
WLAN	2450/5G	DT	NA	GSM, WCDMA, LTE	NA	NA

VO: Voice CMRS/PSTN Service Only V/D: Voice CMRS/PSTN and Data Service DT: Digital Transport

Note:1.= No Associated T-Coil measurement has been made in accordance with 285076 D02 T-Coil testing for CMRS IP

^{*} HAC Rating was not based on concurrent voice and data modes, Non current mode was found to represent worst case rating for both M and T rating



4 CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

4.1 Summary

During the process of testing, the EUT was controlled via Agilent Digital Radio Communication tester (E5515C) to ensure the maximum power transmission and proper modulation. This result contains conducted output power for the EUT. In all cases, the measured output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

4.2 Conducted Power

Antenna 1

GSM		Conducted Power (dBm)	
850MHz	Channel 251(848.8MHz)	Channel 190(836.6MHz)	Channel 128(824.2MHz)
OSUMINZ	30.21	30.20	30.07
GSM		Conducted Power(dBm)	
1900MHz	Channel 810(1909.8MHz)	Channel 661(1880MHz)	Channel 512(1850.2MHz)
190011112	24.99	24.50	24.16
WCDMA		Conducted Power (dBm)	
850MHz	Channel 4233(846.6MHz)	Channel 4182(836.4MHz)	Channel 4132(826.4MHz)
03011112	23.87	23.97	24.01
WCDMA		Conducted Power (dBm)	
1700MHz	Channel 1513 (1752.6MHz)	Channel 1412 (1732.4MHz)	Channel 1312 (1712.4MHz)
1700WITZ	19.83	19.78	19.83
WCDMA		Conducted Power (dBm)	
1900MHz	Channel 9538(1907.6MHz)	Channel 9400(1880MHz)	Channel 9262(1852.4MHz)
130011112	20.73	20.80	20.80
LTE		Conducted Power (dBm)	
Band2	Channel 19100(1900MHz)	Channel18900(1880MHz)	Channel 18700(1860MHz)
QPSK	21.13	21.49	21.49
LTE		Conducted Power (dBm)	
Band4	Channel 20300(1745MHz)	Channel20175(1732.5MHz)	Channel 20050(1720MHz)
QPSK	21.34	21.32	21.32
LTE		Conducted Power (dBm)	
Band5	Channel 20600(844MHz)	Channel20525(836.5MHz)	Channel 20450(829MHz)
QPSK	23.43	23.43	23.69
LTE	Conducted Power (dBm)		
Band7	Channel 21350(2560MHz)	Channel21100(2535MHz)	Channel 20850(2510MHz)
QPSK	16.46	16.34	16.30
LTE		Conducted Power (dBm)	1
Band12	Channel 23130(711MHz)	Channel 23095(707.5MHz)	Channel23060(704MHz)
QPSK	22.80	22.81	22.89



LTE		Conducted Power (dBm)	
Band30	Channel 27710(2310MHz)		
QPSK		18.91	
LTE		Conducted Power (dBm)	
Band2	Channel 19100(1900MHz)	Channel18900(1880MHz)	Channel 18700(1860MHz)
16-QAM	21.38	21.42	24.41
LTE		Conducted Power (dBm)	
Band4	Channel 20300(1745MHz)	Channel20175(1732.5MHz)	Channel 20050(1720MHz)
16-QAM	21.53	21.54	21.54
LTE	Conducted Power (dBm)		
Band5	Channel 20600(844MHz)	Channel20525(836.5MHz)	Channel 20450(829MHz)
16-QAM	23.43	22.62	22.70
LTE		Conducted Power (dBm)	
Band7	Channel 21350(2560MHz)	Channel21100(2535MHz)	Channel 20850(2510MHz)
16-QAM	16.67	16.56	16.51
LTE		Conducted Power (dBm)	
Band12	Channel 23130(711MHz)	Channel 23095(707.5MHz)	Channel23060(704MHz)
16-QAM	22.24	22.39	22.41
LTE	Conducted Power (dBm)		
Band38	Channel 27710(2310MHz)		
16-QAM	19.17		

Antenna 0

CCM		Conducted Power (dBm)		
GSM SEOMU-	Channel 251(848.8MHz)	Channel 190(836.6MHz)	Channel 128(824.2MHz)	
850MHz	32.72	32.72	32.66	
WCDMA		Conducted Power (dBm)		
WCDMA 850MHz	Channel 4233(846.6MHz)	Channel 4182(836.4MHz)	Channel 4132(826.4MHz)	
OSUMINZ	24.63	24.66	24.80	
LTE		Conducted Power (dBm)		
Band5	Channel 20600(844MHz)	Channel20525(836.5MHz)	Channel 20450(829MHz)	
QPSK	23.43	23.43	23.69	
LTE		Conducted Power (dBm)		
Band12	Channel 23130(711MHz)	Channel 23095(707.5MHz)	Channel23060(704MHz)	
QPSK	23.36	23.34	23.45	
LTE		Conducted Power (dBm)		
Band30		Channel 27710(2310MHz)		
QPSK		23.48		
LTE		Conducted Power (dBm)		
Band5	Channel 20600(844MHz)	Channel20525(836.5MHz)	Channel 20450(829MHz)	
16-QAM	23.43	22.62	22.70	
LTE		Conducted Power (dBm)		
Band12	Channel 23130(711MHz)	Channel 23095(707.5MHz)	Channel23060(704MHz)	
16-QAM	22.35	22.56	22.48	



LTE	Conducted Power (dBm)
Band38	Channel 27710(2310MHz)
16-QAM	22.13

5 Reference Documents

5.1 Reference Documents for testing

The following document listed in this section is referred for testing.

Reference	Title	Version
ANSI C63.19-2011	American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of	2011
	Compatibility between Wireless Communication Devices and	Edition
	Hearing Aids	
FCC 47 CFR §20.19	Hearing Aid Compatible Mobile Headsets	
		Edition
KDB 285076 D01	Equipment Authorization Guidance for Hearing Aid Compatibility	v04



6 OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS DURING TEST

6.1 HAC MEASUREMENT SET-UP

These measurements are performed using the DASY5 NEO automated dosimetric assessment system. It is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland. It consists of high precision robotics system (Stäubli), robot controller, Intel Core2 computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements. A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant (Joystick),and remote control, is used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the HP Intel Core21.86 GHz computer with Windows XP system and HAC Measurement Software DASY5 NEO, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Stäubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE)circuit performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

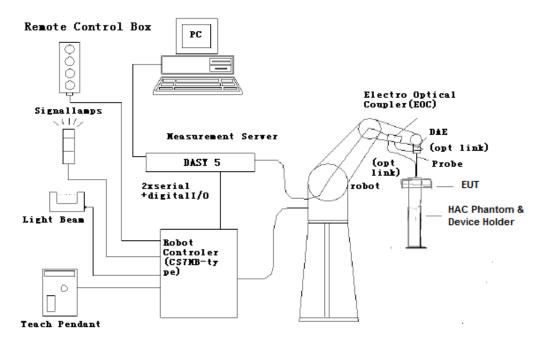


Fig. 1 HAC Test Measurement Set-up

The DAE4 consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer.



6.2 Probe Specification

E-Field Probe Description

Construction One dipole parallel, two dipoles normal to probe axis

Built-in shielding against static charges

PEEK enclosure material

Calibration In air from 100 MHz to 3.0 GHz (absolute accuracy ±6.0%,

k=2)

Frequency 40 MHz to > 6 GHz (can be extended to < 20 MHz)

Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (100 MHz to 3 GHz)

Directivity ± 0.2 dB in air (rotation around probe axis)

± 0.4 dB in air (rotation normal to probe axis)

Dynamic Range 2 V/m to > 1000 V/m; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB

Dimensions Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 16 mm)

Tip diameter: 8 mm (Body: 12 mm)

Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.5 mm

Application General near-field measurements up to 6 GHz

Field component measurements

Fast automatic scanning in phantoms



[ER3DV6]



6.3Test Arch Phantom & Phone Positioner

The Test Arch phantom should be positioned horizontally on a stable surface. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. It enables easy and well defined positioning of the phone and validation dipoles as well as simple teaching of the robot (Dimensions: $370 \times 370 \times 370 \text{ mm}$).

The Phone Positioner supports accurate and reliable positioning of any phone with effect on near field $<\pm 0.5$ dB.

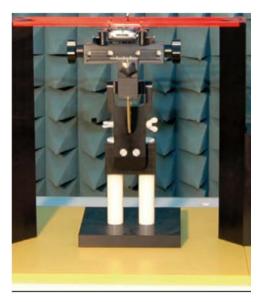


Fig. 2 HAC Phantom & Device Holder

6.4Robotic System Specifications

Specifications

Positioner: Stäubli Unimation Corp. Robot Model: RX160L

Repeatability: ±0.02 mm

No. of Axis: 6

Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE) System

Cell Controller

Processor: Intel Core2 Clock Speed: 1.86GHz

Operating System: Windows XP

Data Converter

Features: Signal Amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter, and control logic

Software: DASY5 software

Connecting Lines: Optical downlink for data and status info.

Optical uplink for commands and clock



7 EUT ARRANGEMENT

7.1 WD RF Emission Measurements Reference and Plane

Figure 4 illustrates the references and reference plane that shall be used in the WD emissions measurement.

- The grid is 5 cm by 5 cm area that is divided into 9 evenly sized blocks or sub-grids.
- The grid is centered on the audio frequency output transducer of the WD (speaker or T-coil).
- The grid is located by reference to a reference plane. This reference plane is the planar area that contains the highest point in the area of the WD that normally rests against the user's ear
- The measurement plane is located parallel to the reference plane and 15 mm from it, out from the phone. The grid is located in the measurement plane.

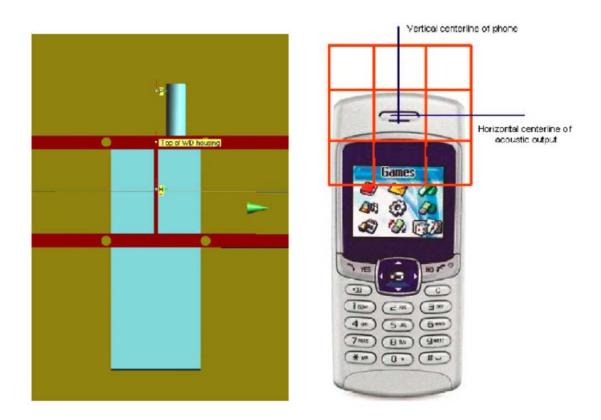


Fig. 3 WD reference and plane for RF emission measurements



8 SYSTEM VALIDATION

8.1 Validation Procedure

Place a dipole antenna meeting the requirements given in ANSI C63.19 in the position normally occupied by the WD. The dipole antenna serves as a known source for an electrical output. Position the E-field probes so that:

- •The probes and their cables are parallel to the coaxial feed of the dipole antenna
- •The probe cables and the coaxial feed of the dipole antenna approach the measurement area from opposite directions
- The center point of the probe element(s) are 15 mm from the closest surface of the dipole elements.

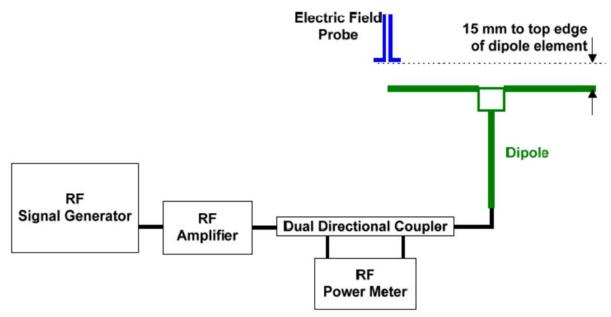


Fig. 4 Dipole Validation Setup

8.2 Validation Result

	E-Field Scan					
Mode	Mode Frequency Input Power Measured ¹ Target ² Deviation ³ Limit ⁴					Limit ⁴
	(MHz)	(mW)	Value(dBV/m)	Value(dBV/m)	(%)	(%)
CW	835	100	40.49	40.54	-0.57	±25
CW						

Notes:

- 1. Please refer to the attachment for detailed measurement data and plot.
- 2. Target value is provided by SPEAD in the calibration certificate of specific dipoles.
- 3. Deviation (%) = 100 * (Measured value minus Target value) divided by Target value.
- 4. ANSI C63.19 requires values within \pm 25% are acceptable, of which 12% is deviation and 13% is measurement uncertainty. Values independently validated for the dipole actually used in the measurements should be used, when available.



9 Evaluation of MIF

9.1 Introduction

The MIF (Modulation Interference Factor) is used to classify E-field emission to determine Hearing Aid Compatibility (HAC). It scales the power-averaged signal to the RF audio interference level and is characteristic to a modulation scheme. The HAC standard preferred "indirect" measurement method is based on average field measurement with separate scaling by the MIF. With an Audio Interference Analyzer (AIA) designed by SPEAG specifically for the MIF measurement, these values have been verified by practical measurements on an RF signal modulated with each of the waveforms. The resulting deviations from the simulated values are within the requirements of the HAC standard.

The AIA (Audio Interference Analyzer) is an USB powered electronic sensor to evaluate signals in the frequency range 698MHz - 6 GHz. It contains RMS detector and audio frequency circuits for sampling of the RF envelope.

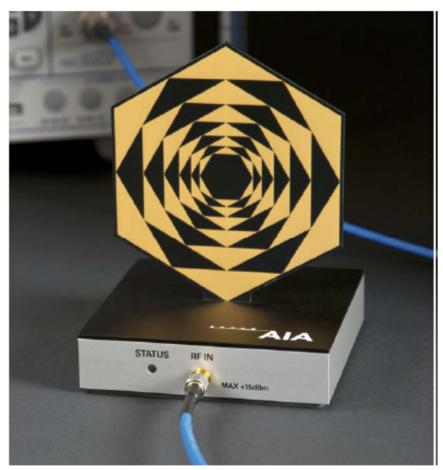


Fig. 5 AIA Front View



9.2 MIF measurement with the AIA

The MIF is measured with the AIA as follows:

- 1. Connect the AIA via USB to the DASY5 PC and verify the configuration settings.
- 2. Couple the RF signal to be evaluated to an AIA via cable or antenna.
- 3. Generate a MIF measurement job for the unknown signal and select the measurement port and timing settings.
- 4. Document the results via the post processor in a report.

9.3 Test equipment for the MIF measurement

No.	Name	Type	Serial Number	Manufacturer
01	Signal Generator	E4438C	MY49071430	Agilent
02	AIA	SE UMS 170 CB	1029	SPEAG
03	BTS	E5515C	MY50263375	Agilent

9.4 Test signal validation

The signal generator (E4438C) is used to generate a 1GHz signal with different modulation in the below table based on the ANSI C63.19-2011. The measured MIF with AIA are compared with the target values given in ANSI C63.19-2011 table D.3, D.4 and D5.

Pulse modulation	Target MIF	Measured MIF	Deviation
0.5ms pulse, 1000Hz repetition rate	-0.9 dB	-0.9 dB	0 dB
1ms pulse, 100Hz repetition rate	+3.9 dB	+3.7 dB	0.2 dB
0.1ms pulse, 100Hz repetition rate	+10.1 dB	+10.0 dB	0.1 dB
10ms pulse, 10Hz repetition rate	+1.6 dB	+1.7 dB	0.1 dB
Sine-wave modulation	Target MIF	Measured MIF	Deviation
1 kHz, 80% AM	-1.2 dB	-1.3 dB	0.1 dB
1 kHz, 10% AM	-9.1 dB	-9.0 dB	0.1 dB
1 kHz, 1% AM	-19.1 dB	-18.9 dB	0.2 dB
100 Hz, 10% AM	-16.1 dB	-16.0 dB	0.1 dB
10 kHz, 10% AM	-21.5 dB	-21.6 dB	0.1 dB
Transmission protocol	Target MIF	Measured MIF	Deviation
GSM; full-rate version 2; speech codec/handset low	+3.5 dB	+3.47 dB	0.03 dB
WCDMA; speech; speech codec low; AMR 12.2 kb/s	-20.0 dB	-19.8 dB	0.2 dB
CDMA; speech; SO3; RC3; full frame rate; 8kEVRC	-19.0 dB	-19.1 dB	0.1 dB
CDMA; speech; SO3; RC1; 1/8 th frame rate; 8kEVRC	+3.3 dB	+3.44 dB	0.14 dB

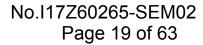


9.5 DUT MIF results

Typical MIF levels in ANSI C63.19-2011			
Transmission protocol	Modulation interference factor		
GSM; full-rate version 2; speech codec/handset low	+3.5 dB		
WCDMA; speech; speech codec low; AMR 12.2 kb/s	-20.0 dB		
LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1RB, 20MHz, QPSK)	-15.63 dB		
LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1RB, 20MHz, 16QAM)	-9.76 dB		
LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1RB, 20MHz, QPSK)	-1.62 dB		
LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1RB, 20MHz, 16QAM)	-1.44 dB		

Antenna1

	Measured MIF lev	rels
Band	Channel	Modulation interference factor
	251	+3.50
GSM 850	190	+3.51
	128	+3.49
	810	+3.42
GSM 1900	661	+3.39
	512	+3.35
	4233	-14.54
WCDMA 850	4182	-14.34
	4132	-14.49
	1513	-15.62
WCDMA 1700	1412	-15.26
	1312	-14.47
	9538	-14.41
WCDMA 1900	9400	-14.35
	9262	-14.30
LTE Davido	19100	-15.33db
LTE Band2	18900	-14.85db
QPSK	18700	-14.34db
LTE Daniel	20300	-15.19db
LTE Band4	20175	-14.78db
QPSK	20050	-15.34db
LTE Daniele	20600	-14.98db
LTE Band5	20525	-14.29db
QPSK	20450	-14.81db
LTC D	21350	-14.89db
LTE Band7	21100	-14.31db
QPSK	20850	-15.30db
LTE Daniel 10	23130	-14.93db
LTE Band12	23095	-14.95db
QPSK —	23060	-14.47db
LTE Band30 QPSK	27710	-14.75db
	19100	-9.06db
LTE Band2	18900	-10.89db
16QAM	18700	-9.49db
	10700	©Copyright, All rights reserved by CT





LTE Dond4	20300	-10.09db
LTE Band4 16QAM	20175	-9.21db
IOQAIVI	20050	-10.79db
LTC Donds	20600	-9.97db
LTE Band5 16QAM	20525	-10.18db
TOQAW	20450	-9.97db
LTC Dond?	21350	-10.99db
LTE Band7 16QAM	21100	-10.76db
TOQAIVI	20850	-10.37db
LTC Dand10	23130	-9.74db
LTE Band12 16QAM	23095	-9.76db
TOQAW	23060	-9.92db
LTE Band30 16QAM	27710	-10.39db

Antenna0

	Measured MIF levels			
Band	Channel	Modulation interference factor		
	251	+3.45		
GSM 850	190	+3.51		
	128	+3.48		
	4233	-14.33		
WCDMA 850	4182	-14.33		
	4132	-14.61		
LTE Band5	20600	-14.3		
QPSK —	20525	-14.69		
QPSK	20450	-15.08		
LTE Band12	23130	-14.95		
QPSK —	23095	-14.9		
QFSK	23060	-14.41		
LTE Band30 QPSK	27710	-14.98		
LTC Dande	20600	-10.24		
LTE Band5 — QPSK —	20525	-10.14		
QPSK	20450	-9,79		
LTE Band12	23130	-9.69		
16QAM	23095	-9.76		
IUQAM	23060	-9.88		
LTE Band30 QPSK	27710	-9.83		



10 Evaluation for low-power exemption

10.1 Product testing threshold

There are two methods for exempting an RF air interface technology from testing. The first method requires evaluation of the MIF for the worst-case operating mode. An RF air interface technology of a device is exempt from testing when its average antenna input power plus its MIF is \leq 17 dBm for any of its operating modes. The second method does not require determination of the MIF. The RF emissions testing exemption shall be applied to an RF air interface technology in a device whose peak antenna input power, averaged over intervals \leq 50 μ s20, is \leq 23 dBm. An RF air interface technology that is exempted from testing by either method shall be rated as M4. The first method is used to be exempt from testing for the RF air interface technology in this report.

10.2 Conducted power

Antenna1

Band	Average power (dBm)	MIF (dB)	Sum (dBm)
GSM 850	32.72	+3.51	36.23
GSM 1900	29.83	+3.39	33.22
WCDMA 850	23.97	-14.34	9.63
WCDMA 1700	19.83	-14.47	5.36
WCDMA 1900	20.8	-14.3	6.5

Antenna0

Band	Average power (dBm)	MIF (dB)	Sum (dBm)
GSM 850	32.72	3.51	36.23
WCDMA 850	24.66	-14.33	10.33

10.3 Conclusion

According to the above table, the sums of average power and MIF for UMTS are less than 17dBm. So it is measured for GSM and CDMA bands. The UMTS bands are exempt from testing and rated as M4.



11 RF TEST PROCEDUERES

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

- 1) Confirm proper operation of the field probe, probe measurement system and other instrumentation and the positioning system.
- 2) Position the WD in its intended test position. The gauge block can simplify this positioning.
- 3) Configure the WD normal operation for maximum rated RF output power, at the desired channel and other operating parameters (e.g., test mode), as intended for the test.
- 4) The center sub-grid shall centered on the center of the T-Coil mode axial measurement point or the acoustic output, as appropriate. Locate the field probe at the initial test position in the50 mm by 50 mm grid, which is contained in the measurement plane. If the field alignment method is used, align the probe for maximum field reception.
- 5) Record the reading.
- 6) Scan the entire 50 mm by 50 mm region in equally spaced increments and record the reading at each measurement point. The distance between measurement points shall be sufficient to assure the identification of the maximum reading.
- 7) Identify the five contiguous sub-grids around the center sub-grid whose maximum reading is the lowest of all available choices. This eliminates the three sub-grids with the maximum readings. Thus, the six areas to be used to determine the WD's highest emissions are identified.
- 8) Identify the maximum field reading within the non-excluded sub-grids identified in Step 7)
- 9) Evaluate the MIF and add to the maximum steady-state rms field-strength reading to obtain the RF audio interference level..
- Compare this RF audio interference level with the categories and record the resulting WD category rating.



12 Measurement Results (E-Field)

Antenna1

Freq	luency	Measured Bower Drift (dB) Cot		Cotomony		
MHz	Channel	Value(dBV/m)	Power Drift (dB)	Category		
		GSM 85	50			
848.8	251	36.79	-0.17	M4 (see Fig B.1)		
836.6	190	37.73	-0.07	M4 (see Fig B.2)		
824.2	128	38.56	-0.12	M4 (see Fig B.3)		
	GSM 1900					
1909.8	810	22.72	-0.08	M4 (see Fig B.4)		
1880	661	21.09	-0.09	M4 (see Fig B.5)		
1850.2	512	19.46	0.04	M4 (see Fig B.6)		

Antenna0

Fred	luency	Measured	Dower Drift (dD)	Catamany	
MHz	Channel	Value(dBV/m)	Power Drift (dB)	Category	
	GSM 850				
848.8	251	33.95	-0.04	M4 (see Fig B.7)	
836.6	190	34.4	-0.09	M4 (see Fig B.8)	
824.2	128	34.17	-0.10	M4 (see Fig B.9)	

13 ANSIC 63.19-2011 LIMITS

WD RF audio interference level categories in logarithmic units

Emission categories	< 960	< 960 MHz		
	E-field e	missions		
Category M1	50 to 55	dB (V/m)		
Category M2	45 to 50	dB (V/m)		
Category M3	40 to 45	dB (V/m)		
Category M4	< 40	dB (V/m)		
Emission categories	>960	MHz		
	E-field e	missions		
Category M1	40 to 45	dB (V/m)		
Category M2	35 to 40	dB (V/m)		
Category M3	30 to 35	dB (V/m)		
Category M4	< 30	dB (V/m)		



14 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

No.	Error source	Туре	Uncertainty Value(%)	Prob. Dist.	k	c _i E	Standard Uncertainty (%) u ; (%)E	Degree of freedom V _{eff} or <i>v</i> _i
Meas	urement System		T	1			1	ı
1	Probe Calibration	В	5.	N	1	1	5.1	∞
2	Axial Isotropy	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.7	∞
3	Sensor Displacement	В	16.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	9.5	∞
4	Boundary Effects	В	2.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.4	∞
5	Linearity	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.7	∞
6	Scaling to Peak Envelope Power	В	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.2	∞
7	System Detection Limit	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.6	∞
8	Readout Electronics	В	0.3	N	1	1	0.3	∞
9	Response Time	В	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.5	∞
10	Integration Time	В	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.5	∞
11	RF Ambient Conditions	В	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.7	∞
12	RF Reflections	В	12.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	6.9	∞
13	Probe Positioner	В	1.2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.7	∞
14	Probe Positioning	Α	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.7	∞
15	Extra. And Interpolation	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.6	∞
Test	Sample Related							
16	Device Positioning Vertical	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.7	∞
17	Device Positioning Lateral	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.6	∞
18	Device Holder and Phantom	В	2.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.4	∞
19	Power Drift	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.9	∞
20	AIA measurement	В	12	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	6.9	∞
Pha	ntom and Setup related					•		
21	Phantom Thickness	В	2.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.4	∞
Comb	pined standard uncertainty(%)	-			-	•	16.2	
-	nded uncertainty dence interval of 95 %)	l	$u_e = 2u_c$	N	k=	:2	32.4	

15 MAIN TEST INSTRUMENTS

Table 1: List of Main Instruments

No.	Name	Туре	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Valid Period
01	Signal Generator	E4438C	MY49071430	January 13,2017	One Year
02	Power meter	NRVD	102083	September 22,2016	One year
03	Power sensor	NRV-Z5	100595	September 22,2016	One year
04	Amplifier	60S1G4	0331848	No Calibration Re	quested
05	E-Field Probe	ER3DV6	2428	January 19, 2017	One year



06	HAC Dipole	CD835V3	1023	August 31, 2016	One year
07	HAC Dipole	CD1880V3	1018	August 31, 2016	One year
08	BTS	E5515C	MY50263375	January 16, 2017	One year
09	DAE	SPEAG DAE4	777	August 22, 2016	One year
10	AIA	SE UMS 170 CB	1029	No Calibration Re	quested

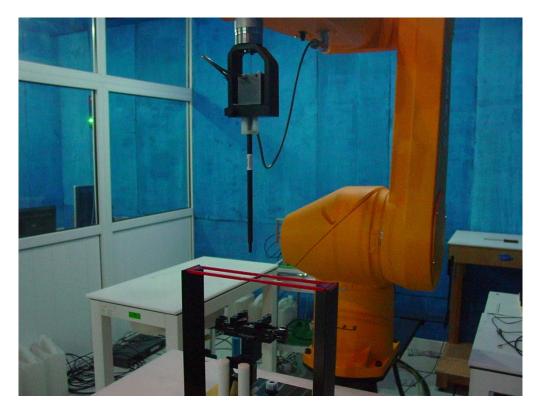
16 CONCLUSION

The HAC measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the HAC limits of the ANSIC63.19-2011. The total M-rating is **M4.**

END OF REPORT BODY



ANNEX A TEST LAYOUT



Picture A1:HAC RF System Layout



ANNEX B TEST PLOTS

HAC RF E-Field GSM 850 High Antenna 1

Date: 2017-4-12

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2428;ConvF(1, 1, 1)

E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device/Hearing Aid

Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

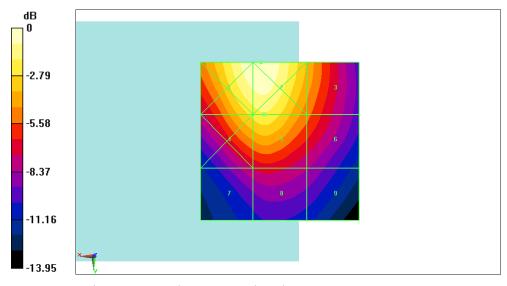
Reference Value = 51.92 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Applied MIF = 3.50 dB

RF audio interference level = 36.79 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

Grid 1 M4	Grid 2 M4	Grid 3 M4
38.65 dBV/m	38.8 dBV/m	34.97 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
36.37 dBV/m	36.79 dBV/m	33.6 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4	Grid 8 M4	Grid 9 M4
31.4 dBV/m	31.9 dBV/m	30.57 dBV/m



0 dB = 87.07 V/m = 38.80 dBV/m

Fig B.1 HAC RF E-Field GSM 850 High



HAC RF E-Field GSM 850 Middle Antenna 1

Date: 2017-4-12

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2428;ConvF(1, 1, 1)

E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device 2/Hearing Aid

Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 57.76 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Applied MIF = 3.51 dB

RF audio interference level = 37.73 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

Grid 1 M4	Grid 2 M4	Grid 3 M4
39.59 dBV/m	39.73 dBV/m	35.82 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
37.35 dBV/m	37.73 dBV/m	34.48 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4	Grid 8 M4	Grid 9 M4
32.53 dBV/m	32.98 dBV/m	31.57 dBV/m

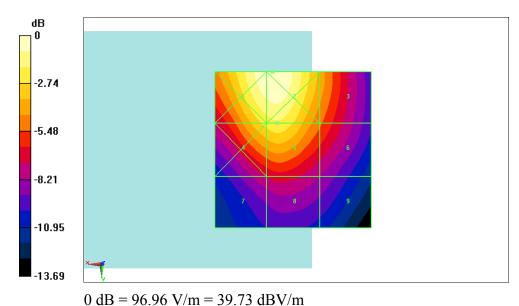


Fig B.2 HAC RF E-Field GSM 850 Middle



HAC RF E-Field GSM 850 Low Antenna 1

Date: 2017-4-12

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2428;ConvF(1, 1, 1)

E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device 3/Hearing Aid

Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

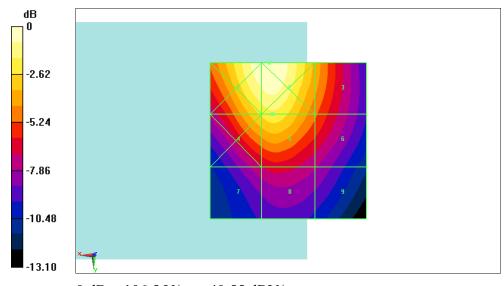
Reference Value = 64.67 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Applied MIF = 3.49 dB

RF audio interference level = 38.56 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

Grid 1 M3	Grid 2 M3	Grid 3 M4
40.39 dBV/m	40.55 dBV/m	36.84 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
38.12 dBV/m	38.56 dBV/m	35.54 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4	Grid 8 M4	Grid 9 M4
33.53 dBV/m	34.06 dBV/m	32.84 dBV/m



0 dB = 106.5 V/m = 40.55 dBV/m

Fig B.3 HAC RF E-Field GSM 850 Low



HAC RF E-Field GSM 1900 High Antenna 1

Date: 2017-4-12

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C

Communication System: DCS 1900; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2428;ConvF(1, 1, 1)

E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device/Hearing Aid

Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

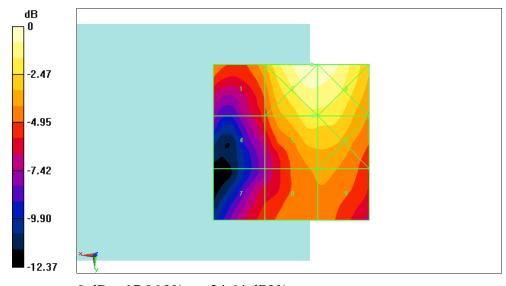
Reference Value = 10.48 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Applied MIF = 3.42 dB

RF audio interference level = 22.72 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

Grid 1 M4	Grid 2 M4	Grid 3 M4
21.21 dBV/m	24.64 dBV/m	24.56 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
19.32 dBV/m	22.72 dBV/m	22.69 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4	Grid 8 M4	Grid 9 M4
19.36 dBV/m	20.75 dBV/m	20.79 dBV/m



0 dB = 17.06 V/m = 24.64 dBV/m

Fig B.4 HAC RF E-Field GSM 1900 High



HAC RF E-Field GSM 1900 Middle Antenna 1

Date: 2017-4-12

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C

Communication System: DCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2428;ConvF(1, 1, 1)

E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device 2/Hearing Aid

Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

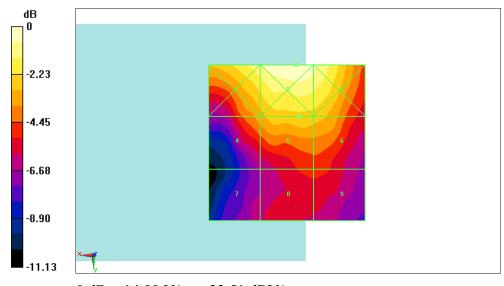
Reference Value = 9.099 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Applied MIF = 3.39 dB

RF audio interference level = 21.09 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

Grid 1 M4	Grid 2 M4	Grid 3 M4
22.68 dBV/m	23.51 dBV/m	22.98 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
20.24 dBV/m	21.09 dBV/m	20.97 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4	Grid 8 M4	Grid 9 M4
17.39 dBV/m	18.58 dBV/m	18.58 dBV/m



0 dB = 14.98 V/m = 23.51 dBV/m

Fig B.5 HAC RF E-Field GSM 1900 Middle



HAC RF E-Field GSM 1900 Low Antenna 1

Date: 2017-4-12

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C

Communication System: DCS 1900; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2428;ConvF(1, 1, 1)

E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device 3/Hearing Aid

Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 7.572 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Applied MIF = 3.35 dB

RF audio interference level = 19.46 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

Grid 1 M4	Grid 2 M4	Grid 3 M4
20.97 dBV/m	20.98 dBV/m	20.09 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
19.38 dBV/m	19.46 dBV/m	18.46 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4	Grid 8 M4	Grid 9 M4
15.64 dBV/m	16.39 dBV/m	16.43 dBV/m

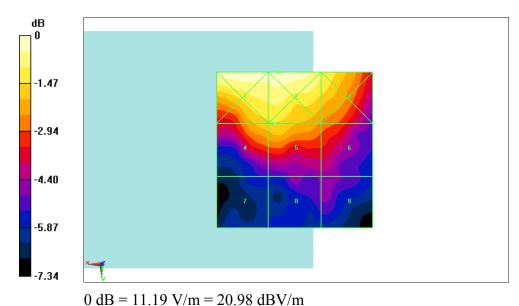


Fig B.6 HAC RF E-Field GSM 1900 Low



HAC RF E-Field GSM 850 High Antenna 0

Date: 2017-4-12

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2428;ConvF(1, 1, 1)

E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device/Hearing Aid

Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 41.69 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Applied MIF = 3.45 dB

RF audio interference level = 33.95 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

Grid 1 M4	Grid 2 M4	Grid 3 M4
33.34 dBV/m	33.47 dBV/m	32.58 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
33.82 dBV/m	33.95 dBV/m	33.03 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4	Grid 8 M4	Grid 9 M4
34.35 dBV/m	34.37 dBV/m	33.14 dBV/m

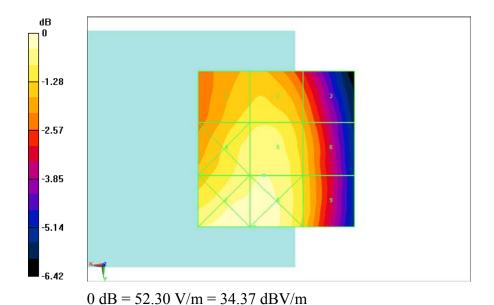


Fig B.7 HAC RF E-Field GSM 850 High



HAC RF E-Field GSM 850 Middle Antenna 0

Date: 2017-4-12

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2428;ConvF(1, 1, 1)

E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device 2/Hearing Aid

Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

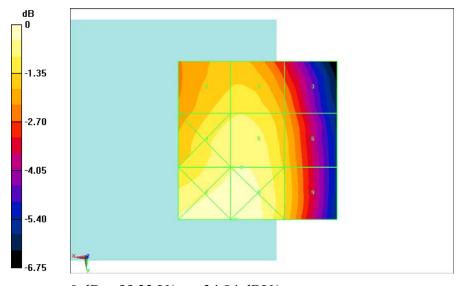
Reference Value = 43.87 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Applied MIF = 3.51 dB

RF audio interference level = 34.40 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

Grid 1 M4	Grid 2 M4	Grid 3 M4
33.84 dBV/m	33.93 dBV/m	32.89 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
34.35 dBV/m	34.4 dBV/m	33.41 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4	Grid 8 M4	Grid 9 M4
34.84 dBV/m	34.84 dBV/m	33.54 dBV/m



0 dB = 55.22 V/m = 34.84 dBV/m

Fig B.8 HAC RF E-Field GSM 850 Middle



HAC RF E-Field GSM 850 Low Antenna 0

Date: 2017-4-12

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2428;ConvF(1, 1, 1)

E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device 3/Hearing Aid

Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

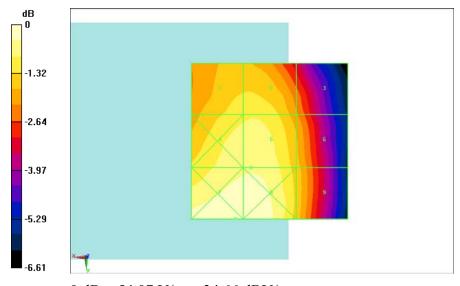
Reference Value = 42.72 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Applied MIF = 3.48 dB

RF audio interference level = 34.17 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

Grid 1 M4	Grid 2 M4	Grid 3 M4
33.65 dBV/m	33.7 dBV/m	32.56 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
34.14 dBV/m	34.17 dBV/m	33.13 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4	Grid 8 M4	Grid 9 M4
34.66 dBV/m	34.65 dBV/m	33.24 dBV/m



0 dB = 54.07 V/m = 34.66 dBV/m

Fig B.9 HAC RF E-Field GSM 850 Low



ANNEX C SYSTEM VALIDATION RESULT

E SCAN of Dipole 835 MHz

Date: 2017-4-12

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m3 Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2428;ConvF(1, 1, 1)

E Scan - measurement distance from the probe sensor center to CD835 Dipole = 15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm,

dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

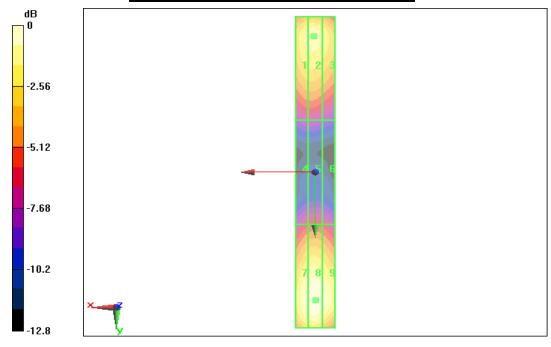
Reference Value = 105.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 40.49 dBV/m

Emission category: M3

Grid 1 M3	Grid 2M3	Grid 3M3
40.29 dBV/m	40.49 dBV/m	40.37 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
35.48 dBV/m	35.79 dBV/m	35.78 dBV/m
Grid 7 M3	Grid 8 M3	Grid 9 M3
39.90 dBV/m	40.20 dBV/m	40.13 dBV/m



0 dB = 40.48 dBV/m



E SCAN of Dipole 1880 MHz

Date: 2017-4-12

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2428;ConvF(1, 1, 1)

E Scan - measurement distance from the probe sensor center to CD1880 Dipole = 15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm,

dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

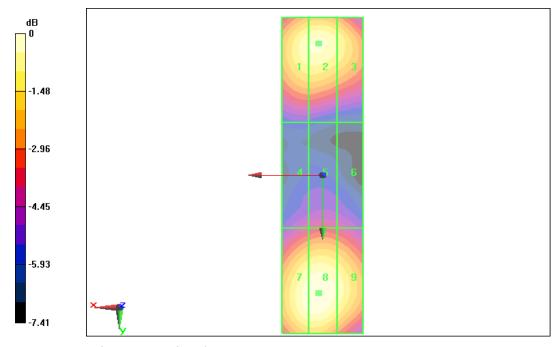
Reference Value = 94.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 39.48 dBV/m

Emission category: M2

Grid 1M2	Grid 2M2	Grid 3M2
39.25 dBV/m	39.48 dBV/m	39.35 dBV/m
Grid 4M2	Grid 5M2	Grid 6M2
36.92 dBV/m	37.10 dBV/m	37.03 dBV/m
Grid 7 M2	Grid 8M2	Grid 9 M2
39.28 dBV/m	39.42 dBV/m	39.32 dBV/m



0 dB = 39.48 dBV/m



ANNEX D PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

E_Probe ER3DV6

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

CTTL (Auden)

Certificate No: ER3-2428_Jan17

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

ER3DV6 - SN:2428 Object

QA CAL-02.v8, QA CAL-25.v6 Calibration procedure(s)

Calibration procedure for E-field probes optimized for close near field

evaluations in air

January 19, 2017 Calibration date:

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

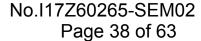
All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

B-i	ID.	Cal Data (Cartificate No.)	Cahadulad Calibration
Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288/02289)	Apr-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288)	Apr-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02289)	Apr-17
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02293)	Apr-17
Reference Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2328	14-Oct-16 (No. ER3-2328_Oct16)	Oct-17
DAE4	SN: 789	11-Nov-16 (No. DAE4-789_Nov16)	Nov-17
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-17

Name Function Laboratory Technician Calibrated by: Jeton Kastrati Katja Pokovic Technical Manager Approved by: Issued: January 21, 2017 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: ER3-2428_Jan17 Page 1 of 10



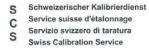


Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland







Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C, D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1309-2005, "IEEE Standard for calibration of electromagnetic field sensors and probes, excluding antennas, from 9 kHz to 40 GHz", December 2005
- b) CTIA Test Plan for Hearing Aid Compatibility, Rev 3.0, November 2013

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 for XY sensors and 9 = 90 for Z sensor (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart).
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a locally homogeneous field realized using an open wavequide setup.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: ER3-2428_Jan17



ER3DV6 - SN:2428

January 19, 2017

Probe ER3DV6

SN:2428

Manufactured: Calibrated:

September 11, 2007 January 19, 2017

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: ER3-2428_Jan17

Page 3 of 10



ER3DV6 - SN:2428

January 19, 2017

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ER3DV6 - SN:2428

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (µV/(V/m) ²)	1.47	1.54	1.78	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	98.8	98.8	99.7	AT 375

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^t (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	203.6	±3.5 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		189.7	
***		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		198.1	
10011- CAB	UMTS-FDD (WCDMA)	×	3.12	65.9	18.2	2.91	120.0	±0.5 %
		Y	3.12	65.8	18.2		114.3	
		Z	3.15	66.1	18.1		116.8	
10021- DAC	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	×	21.68	99.3	28.7	9.39	133.5	±1.9 %
		Y	20.43	99.7	28.9		119.5	
		Z	25.63	99.4	28.4		143.4	
10039- CAB	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC1)	х	4.75	66.2	19.0	4.57	121.7	±0.9 %
		Y	4.78	66.5	19.1		115.3	
		Z	4.59	65.8	18.5		117.6	10.00
10081- CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC3)	Х	3.92	65.8	18.6	3.97	117.3	±0.7 %	
		Y	3.78	64.9	18.1		112.1	
		Z	3.80	65.3	18.1		116.3	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

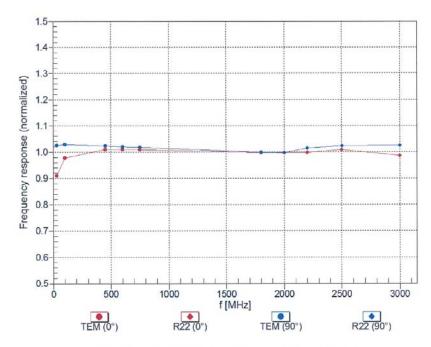
Certificate No: ER3-2428_Jan17

B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required. E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



ER3DV6 - SN:2428 January 19, 2017

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



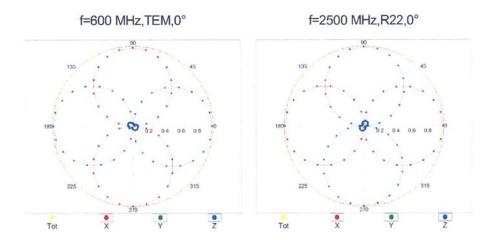
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

Certificate No: ER3-2428_Jan17

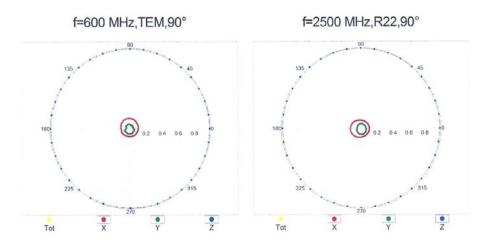


ER3DV6 – SN:2428 January 19, 2017

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $9 = 0^{\circ}$



Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 90^{\circ}$



Certificate No: ER3-2428_Jan17

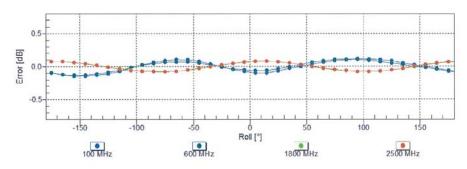
Page 6 of 10



ER3DV6 - SN:2428

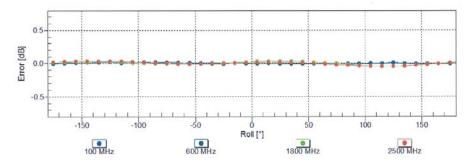
January 19, 2017

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 90^{\circ}$

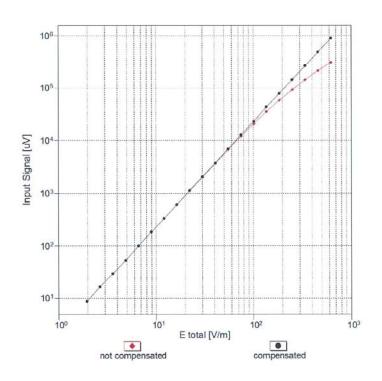


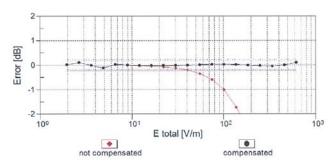
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)



ER3DV6 - SN:2428 January 19, 2017

Dynamic Range f(E-field) (TEM cell , f = 900 MHz)





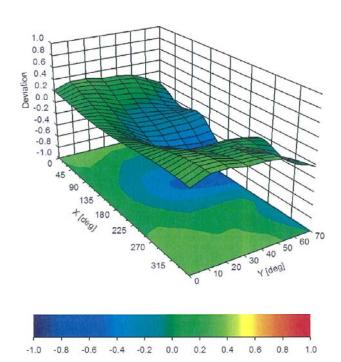
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Certificate No: ER3-2428_Jan17



ER3DV6 – SN:2428 January 19, 2017

Deviation from Isotropy in Air Error (ϕ , ϑ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

Certificate No: ER3-2428_Jan17 Page 9 of 10



ER3DV6 - SN:2428

January 19, 2017

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ER3DV6 - SN:2428

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Rectangular
Connector Angle (°)	144.9
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2.5 mm

Certificate No: ER3-2428_Jan17



ANNEX E DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Dipole 835 MHz

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

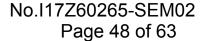
Client

CTTL-BJ (Auden)

Certificate No: CD835V3-1023 Aug 16

Object	CD835V3 - SN:	1023	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-20.v6 Calibration procedure for dipoles in air		
Calibration date:	August 31, 2016		
This calibration certificate docum	ents the traceability to nat	ional standards, which realize the physical u	units of measurements (SI)
The measurements and the unce	ertainties with confidence p	probability are given on the following pages a	and are part of the certificate.
All calibrations have been conduc	cted in the closed laborato	ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)	°C and humidity < 70%.
Calibration Equipment used (M&			7,700
Primary Standards	1		
Power meter NRP	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP-Z91	SN: 104778	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288/02289)	Apr-17
	SN: 103244	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288)	Apr-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02289)	Apr-17
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02292)	Apr-17
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02295)	Apr-17
	SN: 2336	31-Dec-15 (No. ER3-2336_Dec15)	Dec-16
	SN: 6065	31-Dec-15 (No. H3-6065_Dec15)	Dec-16
Probe H3DV6	014. 0000		
Probe H3DV6	SN: 781	04-Sep-15 (No. DAE4-781_Sep15)	Sep-16
Probe ER3DV6 Probe H3DV6 DAE4 Secondary Standards		04-Sep-15 (No. DAE4-781_Sep15) Check Date (in house)	Sep-16 Scheduled Check
Probe H3DV6 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: 781		1000
Probe H3DV6 DAE4 Secondary Standards	SN: 781	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-17
Probe H3DV6 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter Agilent 4419B Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: 781 ID # SN: GB42420191	Check Date (in house) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14)	Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-17 In house check: Oct-17
Probe H3DV6 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: 781 ID # SN: GB42420191 SN: US38485102	Check Date (in house) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14) 05-Jan-10 (in house check Sep-14)	Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-17 In house check: Oct-17 In house check: Oct-17
Probe H3DV6 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter Agilent 4419B Power sensor HP E4412A Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: 781 ID # SN: GB42420191 SN: US38485102 SN: US37295597	Check Date (in house) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14) 05-Jan-10 (in house check Sep-14) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14)	Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-17 In house check: Oct-17
Probe H3DV6 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter Agilent 4419B Power sensor HP E4412A Power sensor HP 8482A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: 781 ID # SN: GB42420191 SN: US38485102 SN: US37295597 SN: 832283/011	Check Date (in house) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14) 05-Jan-10 (in house check Sep-14) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14) 27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-15)	Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-17 In house check: Oct-17 In house check: Oct-17 In house check: Oct-17
Probe H3DV6 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter Agilent 4419B Power sensor HP E4412A Power sensor HP 8482A RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 781 ID # SN: GB42420191 SN: US38485102 SN: US37295597 SN: 832283/011 SN: US37390585	Check Date (in house) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14) 05-Jan-10 (in house check Sep-14) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14) 27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-15) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15)	Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-17 In house check: Oct-16 Signature
Probe H3DV6 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter Agilent 4419B Power sensor HP E4412A Power sensor HP 8482A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: 781 ID # SN: GB42420191 SN: US38485102 SN: US37295597 SN: 832283/011 SN: US37390585 Name	Check Date (in house) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14) 05-Jan-10 (in house check Sep-14) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14) 27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-15) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15)	Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-17 In house check: Oct-17 In house check: Oct-17 In house check: Oct-17 In house check: Oct-16

Certificate No: CD835V3-1023_Aug16





Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

References

- ANSI-C63.19-2007
 American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.
- [2] ANSI-C63.19-2011 American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna
 (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes.
 In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a
 distance of 10 mm (15 mm for [2]) above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All
 figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector
 is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a
 directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1] and [2], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 10 mm (15 mm for [2]) (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.
- H-field distribution: H-field is measured with an isotropic H-field probe with 100mW forward power to the
 antenna feed point, in the x-y-plane. The scan area and sensor distance is equivalent to the E-field scan. The
 maximum of the field is available at the center (subgrid 5) above the feed point. The H-field value stated as
 calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated H-field, 10mm above the dipole surface at the
 feed point.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: CD835V3-1023_Aug16 Page 2 of 8



Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	10, 15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

Maximum Field values at 835 MHz

H-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	interpolated maximum
Maximum measured	100 mW input power	0.450 A/m ± 8.2 % (k=2)

E-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	166.0 V/m = 44.40 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	159.9 V/m = 44.08 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	162.9 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	106.4 V/m = 40.54 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	104.5 V/m = 40.38 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	105.5 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)



Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
800 MHz	17.6 dB	40.9 Ω - 7.8 jΩ
835 MHz	24.6 dB	53.4 Ω + 5.0 jΩ
900 MHz	16.0 dB	52.5 Ω - 16.3 jΩ
950 MHz	21.8 dB	49.2 Ω + 8.0 jΩ
960 MHz	16.4 dB	60.1 Ω + 13.4 jΩ

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

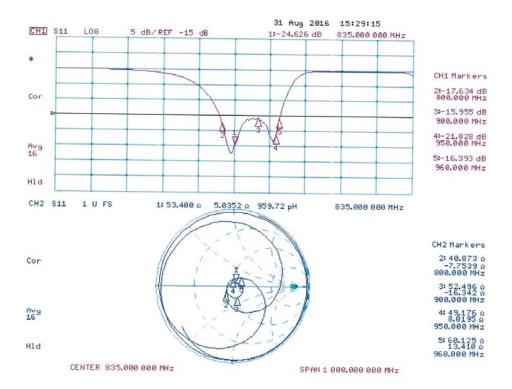
The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.



Impedance Measurement Plot





DASY5 H-field Result

Date: 31.08.2016

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: CD835V3 - SN: 1023

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 SN6065; ; Calibrated: 31.12.2015
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 04.09.2015
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7372)

Dipole H-Field measurement @ 835MHz/H-Scan - 835MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

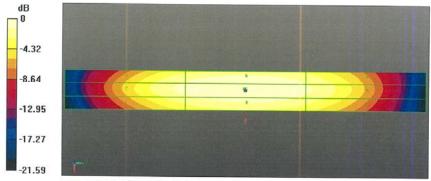
Reference Value = 0.4780 A/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

H-field emissions = 0.4504 A/m Near-field category; M4 (AWF 0 dB)

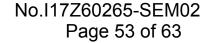
PMF scaled H-field

Grid 1 M4	Grid 2 M4	Grid 3 M4
0.370 A/m	0.405 A/m	0.391 A/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
0.415 A/m	0.450 A/m	0.438 A/m
Grid 7 M4	Grid 8 M4	Grid 9 M4
0.364 A/m	0.395 A/m	0.384 A/m



0 dB = 0.4504 A/m = -6.93 dBA/m

Certificate No: CD835V3-1023_Aug16





DASY5 E-field Result

Date: 31.08.2016

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: CD835V3 - SN: 1023

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 835 MHz Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 31.12.2015;

Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 04.09.2015

Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7372)

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 835MHz/E-Scan - 835MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm Reference Value = 108.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Applied MIF = 0.00 dB RF audio interference level = 44.40 dBV/m Emission category: M3

MIF scaled E-field

and the same of th	Grid 2 M3 44.08 dBV/m	Grid 3 M3 43.83 dBV/m
1	Grid 5 M4 38.79 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 38.51 dBV/m
Grid 7 M3 43.98 dBV/m	Control of the Contro	Grid 9 M3 44.21 dBV/m

Certificate No: CD835V3-1023_Aug16



 $Dipole\ E\text{-Field}\ measurement\ @\ 835MHz/E\text{-Scan - }835MHz\ d=15mm/Hearing\ Aid\ Compatibility\ Test\ (41x361x1): \\$

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 108.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

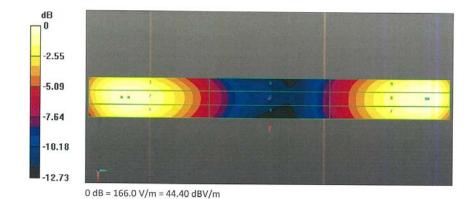
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 40.54 dBV/m

Emission category: M3

MIF scaled E-field

PERSONAL PROPERTY.	Grid 3 M3 40.23 dBV/m
Grid 5 M4 35.88 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 35.73 dBV/m
Grid 8 M3 40.54 dBV/m	Grid 9 M3 40.4 dBV/m





Dipole 1880 MHz

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

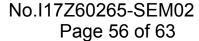
Client CTTL-BJ (Auden)

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1018 Aug16

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Object	CD1880V3 - SN	: 1018	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-20.v6		
	Calibration proce	edure for dipoles in air	
Calibration date:	August 31, 2016		
This calibration certificate docum	ents the traceability to nat	ional standards, which realize the physical uni	its of managements (CI)
The measurements and the unce	ertainties with confidence of	robability are given on the following pages an	its of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the unce	sitanties with confidence p	nobability are given on the following pages an	d are part of the certificate.
All calibrations have been condu	oted in the closed laborate	ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C	
, in sansianono nave been condu	cted in the closed laborato	ry lacility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)*(and humidity < 70%.
Calibration Equipment used (M&	TE critical for calibration)		
Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778		
ower meter will		Ub-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288/02289)	Apr-17
	SN: 103244	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288/02289) 06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288)	Apr-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91		06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288)	Apr-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244 SN: 103245	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288) 06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02289)	Apr-17 Apr-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 103244	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288) 06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02289) 05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02292)	Apr-17 Apr-17 Apr-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k)	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288) 06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02289) 05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02292) 05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02295)	Apr-17 Apr-17 Apr-17 Apr-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Probe ER3DV6	SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288) 06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02289) 05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02292) 05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02295) 31-Dec-15 (No. ER3-2336_Dec15)	Apr-17 Apr-17 Apr-17 Apr-17 Dec-16
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Probe ER3DV6 Probe H3DV6	SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 2336	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288) 06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02289) 05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02292) 05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02295)	Apr-17 Apr-17 Apr-17 Apr-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Probe ER3DV6 Probe H3DV6 DAE4	SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 2336 SN: 6065	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288) 06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02289) 05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02292) 05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02295) 31-Dec-15 (No. ER3-2336_Dec15) 31-Dec-15 (No. H3-6065_Dec15)	Apr-17 Apr-17 Apr-17 Apr-17 Dec-16 Dec-16
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Probe ER3DV6 Probe H3DV6 DAE4 Secondary Standards	SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 2336 SN: 6065 SN: 781	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288) 06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02289) 05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02292) 05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02295) 31-Dec-15 (No. ER3-2336_Dec15) 31-Dec-15 (No. H3-6065_Dec15) 04-Sep-15 (No. DAE4-781_Sep15)	Apr-17 Apr-17 Apr-17 Apr-17 Dec-16 Dec-16 Sep-16
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Probe ER3DV6 Probe H3DV6 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter Agilent 4419B Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 2336 SN: 6065 SN: 781	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288) 06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02289) 05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02292) 05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02295) 31-Dec-15 (No. ER3-2336_Dec15) 31-Dec-15 (No. H3-6065_Dec15) 04-Sep-15 (No. DAE4-781_Sep15) Check Date (in house)	Apr-17 Apr-17 Apr-17 Apr-17 Apr-17 Dec-16 Dec-16 Sep-16 Scheduled Check
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Probe ER3DV6 Probe H3DV6 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter Agilent 4419B Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 2336 SN: 6065 SN: 781	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288) 06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02289) 05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02292) 05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02292) 31-Dec-15 (No. ER3-2336_Dec15) 31-Dec-15 (No. H3-6065_Dec15) 04-Sep-15 (No. DAE4-781_Sep15) Check Date (in house) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14)	Apr-17 Apr-17 Apr-17 Apr-17 Apr-17 Dec-16 Dec-16 Sep-16 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-17 In house check: Oct-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Probe ER3DV6 Probe H3DV6 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter Agilent 4419B Power sensor HP E4412A Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 2336 SN: 6065 SN: 781 ID # SN: GB42420191 SN: US38485102	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288) 06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02289) 05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02292) 05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02295) 31-Dec-15 (No. ER3-2336_Dec15) 31-Dec-15 (No. H3-6065_Dec15) 04-Sep-15 (No. DAE4-781_Sep15) Check Date (in house) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14) 05-Jan-10 (in house check Sep-14)	Apr-17 Apr-17 Apr-17 Apr-17 Dec-16 Dec-16 Sep-16 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Probe ER3DV6 Probe H3DV6 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter Agilent 4419B Power sensor HP E4412A Power sensor HP 8482A RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 2336 SN: 6065 SN: 781 ID # SN: GB42420191 SN: US38485102 SN: US37295597	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288) 06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02289) 05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02292) 05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02295) 31-Dec-15 (No. ER3-2336_Dec15) 31-Dec-15 (No. H3-6065_Dec15) 04-Sep-15 (No. DAE4-781_Sep15) Check Date (in house) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14) 05-Jan-10 (in house check Sep-14)	Apr-17 Apr-17 Apr-17 Apr-17 Apr-17 Dec-16 Dec-16 Sep-16 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-17 In house check: Oct-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Probe ER3DV6 Probe H3DV6 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter Agilent 4419B Power sensor HP E4412A Power sensor HP 8482A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 2336 SN: 6065 SN: 781 ID # SN: GB42420191 SN: US37495597 SN: 832283/011 SN: US37390585 Name	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288) 06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02289) 05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02292) 05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02295) 31-Dec-15 (No. ER3-2336_Dec15) 31-Dec-15 (No. H3-6065_Dec15) 04-Sep-15 (No. DAE4-781_Sep15) Check Date (in house) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14) 05-Jan-10 (in house check Sep-14) 27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-15) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15) Function	Apr-17 Apr-17 Apr-17 Apr-17 Apr-17 Dec-16 Dec-16 Sep-16 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-17 In house check: Oct-17 In house check: Oct-17 In house check: Oct-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Probe ER3DV6 Probe H3DV6 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter Agilent 4419B Power sensor HP E4412A Power sensor HP 8482A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 2336 SN: 6065 SN: 781 ID # SN: GB42420191 SN: US37495597 SN: 832283/011 SN: US37390585	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288) 06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02289) 05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02292) 05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02295) 31-Dec-15 (No. ER3-2336_Dec15) 31-Dec-15 (No. H3-6065_Dec15) 04-Sep-15 (No. DAE4-781_Sep15) Check Date (in house) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14) 27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-15) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15)	Apr-17 Apr-17 Apr-17 Apr-17 Apr-17 Dec-16 Dec-16 Sep-16 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-17 In house check: Oct-16 Signature
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Probe ER3DV6 Probe H3DV6 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter Agilent 4419B Power sensor HP E4412A Power sensor HP 8482A RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 2336 SN: 6065 SN: 781 ID # SN: GB42420191 SN: US37495597 SN: 832283/011 SN: US37390585 Name	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288) 06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02289) 05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02292) 05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02295) 31-Dec-15 (No. ER3-2336_Dec15) 31-Dec-15 (No. H3-6065_Dec15) 04-Sep-15 (No. DAE4-781_Sep15) Check Date (in house) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14) 05-Jan-10 (in house check Sep-14) 27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-15) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15) Function	Apr-17 Apr-17 Apr-17 Apr-17 Dec-16 Dec-16 Sep-16 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-17

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1018_Aug16





Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S

C

Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

References

- ANSI-C63.19-2007
 American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.
- [2] ANSI-C63.19-2011 American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna
 (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes.
 In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a
 distance of 10 mm (15 mm for [2]) above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All
 figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector
 is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a
 directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1] and [2], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 10 mm (15 mm for [2]) (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.
- H-field distribution: H-field is measured with an isotropic H-field probe with 100mW forward power to the
 antenna feed point, in the x-y-plane. The scan area and sensor distance is equivalent to the E-field scan. The
 maximum of the field is available at the center (subgrid 5) above the feed point. The H-field value stated as
 calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated H-field, 10mm above the dipole surface at the
 feed point.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1018_Aug16 Page 2 of 8



Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	10, 15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	1880 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

Maximum Field values at 1880 MHz

H-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	interpolated maximum
Maximum measured	100 mW input power	0.457 A/m ± 8.2 % (k=2)

E-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	142.3 V/m = 43.06 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	137.7 V/m = 42.78 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	140.0 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	92.8 V/m = 39.35 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	87.5 V/m = 38.84 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	90.2 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)



Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
1730 MHz	28.6 dB	$53.8 \Omega + 0.5 j\Omega$
1880 MHz	21.9 dB	55.2 Ω + 6.6 jΩ
1900 MHz	22.5 dB	56.5 Ω + 4.6 jΩ
1950 MHz	34.6 dB	51.9 Ω + 0.0 jΩ
2000 MHz	18.9 dB	47.2 Ω + 10.7 iΩ

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

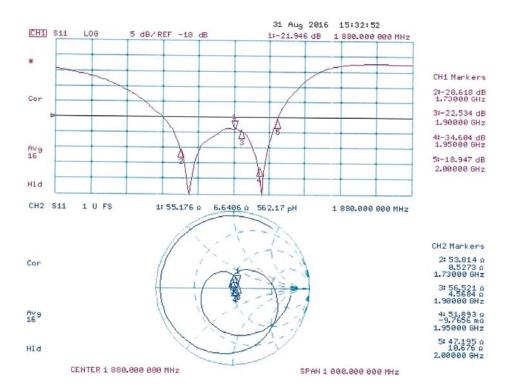
The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.



Impedance Measurement Plot





DASY5 H-field Result

Date: 31.08.2016

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: CD1880V3 - SN: 1018

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz Medium parameters used: $\sigma=0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r=1;\, \rho=1$ kg/m³

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: H3DV6 - SN6065; ; Calibrated: 31.12.2015

Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 04.09.2015

Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7372)

Dipole H-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/H-Scan - 1880MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

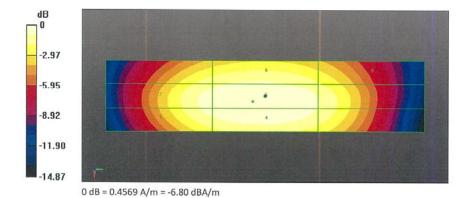
Reference Value = 0.4760 A/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

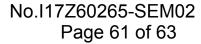
PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

H-field emissions = 0.4569 A/m Near-field category: M2 (AWF 0 dB)

PMF scaled H-field

Grid 1 M2	Grid 2 M2	Grid 3 M2
0.428 A/m	0.433 A/m	0.394 A/m
Grid 4 M2	Grid 5 M2	Grid 6 M2
0.451 A/m	0.457 A/m	0.419 A/m
Grid 7 M2	Grid 8 M2	Grid 9 M2
0.406 A/m	0.410 A/m	0.371 A/m







DASY5 E-field Result

Date: 31.08.2016

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: CD1880V3 - SN: 1018

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 1880 MHz Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ϵ_r = 1; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 31.12.2015;

Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 04.09.2015

Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7372)

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1880MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm Reference Value = 154.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 43.06 dBV/m Emission category: M1

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1018_Aug16

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M1	Grid 2 M1	Grid 3 M1
42.82 dBV/m	43.06 dBV/m	42.75 dBV/m
Grid 4 M2	Grid 5 M2	Grid 6 M2
38.9 dBV/m	39.06 dBV/m	38.62 dBV/m
Grid 7 M1	Grid 8 M1	Grid 9 M1
42.56 dBV/m	42.78 dBV/m	42.25 dBV/m

Page 7 of 8



 $Dipole\ E-Field\ measurement\ @\ 1880MHz/E-Scan\ -\ 1880MHz\ d=15mm/Hearing\ Aid\ Compatibility\ Test\ (41x181x1):$

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 153.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

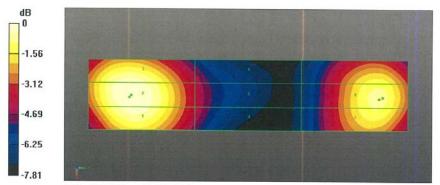
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 39.35 dBV/m

Emission category: M2

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 2 M2 39.35 dBV/m	
	Grid 6 M2 36.81 dBV/m
Grid 8 M2 38.84 dBV/m	Grid 9 M2 38.62 dBV/m



0 dB = 142.3 V/m = 43.06 dBV/m



The photos of HAC test are presented in the additional document:

Appendix to test report No.I17Z60265-SEM02/03

The photos of HAC test