

# SAR EVALUATION REPORT

For

## Posh Mobile Limited

1011A, 10/F., Harbour Centre Tower 1, No. 1 Hok Cheung St., Hung Hom, Kowloon, Hong Kong

**FCC ID: 2ABN6S510**

<b>Report Type:</b> Original Report	<b>Product Type:</b> Icon
<b>Test Engineer:</b> Rocky Xiao	<i>Rocky Xiao</i>
<b>Report Number:</b> RDG151012006-20	
<b>Report Date:</b> 2015-10-20	
<b>Reviewed By:</b> Sula Huang RF Leader	<i>Sula Huang</i>
<b>Test Laboratory:</b> Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) No.69 Pulongcun, Puxinhu Industrial Zone, Tangxia, Dongguan, Guangdong, China Tel: +86-769-86858888 Fax: +86-769-86858891 <a href="http://www.baclcorp.com.cn">www.baclcorp.com.cn</a>	

Attestation of Test Results			
<b>EUT Information</b>	<b>Company Name</b>	Posh Mobile Limited	
	<b>EUT Description</b>	Mobile Phone	
	<b>Product Name</b>	Icon	
	<b>FCC ID</b>	2ABN6S510	
	<b>Tested Model</b>	S510A	
	<b>Multiple Model</b>	S510B	
	<b>Serial Number</b>	151012006	
	<b>Test Date</b>	2015-10-16,2015-10-19	
<b>MODE</b>		<b>Max. SAR Level(s) Reported(W/Kg)</b>	<b>Limit(W/Kg)</b>
<b>GSM 850</b>	1g Head SAR	0.184	<b>1.6</b>
	1g Body SAR	0.758	
<b>PCS 1900</b>	1g Head SAR	0.214	
	1g Body SAR	0.656	
<b>WCDMA 850</b>	1g Head SAR	0.145	
	1g Body SAR	0.403	
<b>WCDMA 1900</b>	1g Head SAR	0.287	
	1g Body SAR	0.559	
<b>Simultaneous</b>	1g Head SAR	0.674	
	1g Body SAR	0.952	
<b>Hotspot</b>	1g Body SAR	0.952	
<b>Applicable Standards</b>	<b>ANSI / IEEE C95.1 : 2005</b> IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields,3 kHz to 300 GHz.		
	<b>ANSI / IEEE C95.3 : 2002</b> IEEE Recommended Practice for Measurements and Computations of Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields With Respect to Human Exposure to SuchFields,100 kHz—300 GHz.		
	<b>FCC 47 CFR part 2.1093</b> Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices		
	<b>IEEE1528:2013</b> IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques		
	<b>IEC 62209-2:2010</b> Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices-Human models, instrumentation, and procedures-Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)		
	<b>KDB procedures</b> KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02. KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r02. KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03 KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r01 KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03 KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02		
	<p><b>Note:</b> This wireless device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Standards and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and RF exposure KDB procedures.</p> <p><b>The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.</b></p>		

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

<b>DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY .....</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>EUT DESCRIPTION .....</b>	<b>6</b>
TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION .....	6
<b>REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUIDELINES .....</b>	<b>7</b>
SAR LIMITS .....	8
<b>FACILITIES.....</b>	<b>9</b>
<b>DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM .....</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION .....</b>	<b>15</b>
EQUIPMENTS LIST & CALIBRATION INFORMATION .....	15
<b>SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION .....</b>	<b>16</b>
LIQUID VERIFICATION .....	16
SYSTEM ACCURACY VERIFICATION .....	20
SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA .....	21
<b>EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY .....</b>	<b>25</b>
<b>EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY .....</b>	<b>25</b>
TEST POSITIONS FOR DEVICE OPERATING NEXT TO A PERSON’S EAR .....	25
CHEEK/TOUCH POSITION .....	26
EAR/TILT POSITION .....	26
TEST POSITIONS FOR BODY-WORN AND OTHER CONFIGURATIONS .....	27
SAR EVALUATION PROCEDURE .....	28
TEST METHODOLOGY .....	28
<b>CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT .....</b>	<b>29</b>
PROVISION APPLICABLE .....	29
TEST PROCEDURE .....	29
RADIO CONFIGURATION .....	29
MAXIMUM TARGET OUTPUT POWER .....	34
TEST RESULTS: .....	35
<b>SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS .....</b>	<b>40</b>
SAR TEST DATA .....	40
<b>SAR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION DESCRIPTION .....</b>	<b>45</b>
<b>SAR PLOTS (SUMMARY OF THE HIGHEST SAR VALUES).....</b>	<b>49</b>
<b>APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY .....</b>	<b>57</b>
<b>APPENDIX B EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS .....</b>	<b>59</b>
BODY-WORN BACK SETUP PHOTO .....	59
BODY-WORN LEFT SETUP PHOTO .....	60
BODY-WORN RIGHT SETUP PHOTO .....	60
BODY-WORN HEADSET SETUP PHOTO .....	61
BODY-WORN BOTTOM SETUP PHOTO .....	61
LEFT HEAD TOUCH SETUP PHOTO .....	62
LEFT HEAD TILT SETUP PHOTO .....	62
RIGHT HEAD TOUCH SETUP PHOTO .....	63
RIGHT HEAD TILT SETUP PHOTO .....	63
<b>APPENDIX C EUT PHOTOS.....</b>	<b>64</b>
EUT – FRONT VIEW .....	64
EUT –BACK VIEW .....	64
EUT – SIDE VIEW-1 .....	65
EUT – SIDE VIEW-2 .....	65
EUT – SIDE VIEW-3 .....	66
EUT – SIDE VIEW-4 .....	66

EUT – COVER OFF VIEW.....67

**DECLARATION LETTER.....68**

**APPENDIX D CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES .....69**

---

**DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY**

---

<b>Revision Number</b>	<b>Report Number</b>	<b>Description of Revision</b>	<b>Date of Revision</b>
0	RDG151012006-20	Original Report	2015-10-20

## EUT DESCRIPTION

This report has been prepared on behalf of *Posh Mobile Limited* and their product, Model: S510A, FCC ID: 2ABN6S510 or the EUT (Equipment under Test) as referred to in the rest of this report.

*Note: The series product, model S510A, S510B are electrically identical, the difference between them is model name, we selected S510A for testing, the details was explained in the attached declaration letter.*

### Technical Specification

<b>Exposure Category:</b>	Population / Uncontrolled
<b>Antenna Type(s):</b>	Internal Antenna
<b>Body-Worn Accessories:</b>	Headset
<b>Face-Head Accessories:</b>	None
<b>Multi-slot Class:</b>	Class 12
<b>Operation Mode :</b>	GSM Voice, GPRS/EDGE Data, WCDMA R99 (Voice + Data), HSUPA Rel 6, HSDPA Rel 7, DC-HSDPA Rel 8, HSPA+ Rel 6 WLAN Bluetooth
<b>Frequency Band:</b>	GSM 850 : 824-849 MHz(TX) ; 869-894 MHz(RX) PCS 1900: 1850-1910 MHz(TX) ; 1930-1990 MHz(RX) WCDMA 850: 824-849 MHz(TX) ; 869-894 MHz(RX) WCDMA 1900: 1850-1910 MHz(TX) ; 1930-1990 MHz(RX) WLAN: 2412MHz-2462 MHz Bluetooth : 2402MHz-2480 MHz
<b>Conducted RF Power:</b>	GSM 850 : 32.9 dBm PCS 1900: 30 dBm WCDMA 850: 22.28 dBm WCDMA 1900: 22.72 dBm WLAN: 9.55 dBm Bluetooth: 4.73 dBm BLE: -3.43 dBm
<b>Dimensions (L*W*H):</b>	146 mm (L) × 73 mm (W) × 9 mm (H)
<b>Power Source:</b>	3.7 VDC Rechargeable Battery
<b>Normal Operation:</b>	Head and Body-worn

---

## REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUIDELINES

---

### **FCC:**

The Report and Order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992 [6] for an uncontrolled environment (Paragraph 65). According to the Supplement C of OET Bulletin 65 "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guide-lines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", released on Jun 29, 2001 by the FCC, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in North America is 1.6 mW/g average over 1 gram of tissue mass.

### **CE:**

The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 2 mW/g as recommended by EN62209-1 for an uncontrolled environment. According to the Standard, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in Europe is 2 mW/g average over 10 gram of tissue mass.

The test configurations were laid out on a specially designed test fixture to ensure the reproducibility of measurements. Each configuration was scanned for SAR. Analysis of each scan was carried out to characterize the above effects in the device.

**SAR Limits**

FCC Limit

EXPOSURE LIMITS	SAR (W/kg)	
	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0

CE Limit

EXPOSURE LIMITS	SAR (W/kg)	
	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 10 g of tissue)	2.0	10
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled environments Spatial Peak limit 1.6W/kg (FCC) & 2 W/kg (CE) applied to the EUT.



## **FACILITIES**

---

The Test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) to collect test data is located on the No.69 Pulongcun, Puxinhu Industrial Zone, Tangxia, Dongguan, Guangdong, China

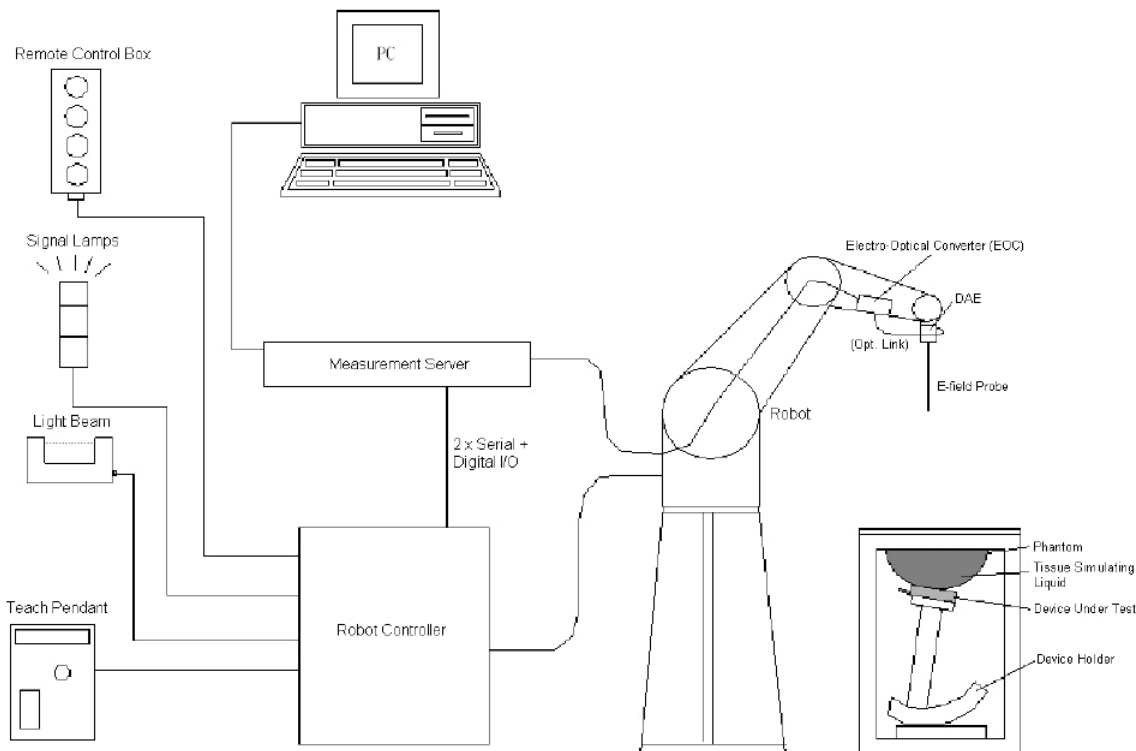
## DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY5 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) which is the Fifth generation of the system shown in the figure hereinafter:



### DASY5 System Description

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staubli TX=RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal application, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running Win7 professional operating system and the DASY52 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

### DASY5 Measurement Server

The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz Intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chip-disk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE4 (or DAE3) electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD-converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.



The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized point out, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.

### Data Acquisition Electronics

The data acquisition electronics (DAE4) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of both the DAE4 as well as of the DAE3 box is 200M $\Omega$ ; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

**EX3DV4 E-Field Probes**

<b>Frequency</b>	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
<b>Directivity</b>	± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
<b>Dynamic Range</b>	10 µW/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 µW/g)
<b>Dimensions</b>	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
<b>Application</b>	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields); the only probe that enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.
<b>Compatibility</b>	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

**SAM Twin Phantom**

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness

increases to 6 mm). The phantom has three measurement areas:

- \_ Left hand
- \_ Right hand
- \_ Flat phantom

The phantom table for the DASY systems based on the TX90XL and RX160L robots have the size of 100 x 50 x 85 cm (L x W x H).

The phantom table for the compact DASY systems based on the RX60L robot have the size of 100 x 75 x 91 cm (L x W x H); these tables are reinforced for mounting of the robot onto the table.

For easy dislocation these tables have fork lift cut outs at the bottom.

The bottom plate contains three pairs of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. Only one device holder is necessary if two phantoms are used (e.g., for different liquids)

A white cover is provided to cover the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. Free space scans of devices on top of this phantom cover are possible. Three reference marks are provided on the phantom counter. These reference marks are used to teach the absolute phantom position relative to the robot.



## Robots

The DASY5 system uses the high precision industrial robots TX90XL from Staubli SA (France). The TX robot family is the successor of the well known RX robot family and offers the same features important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchrony motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)

The above mentioned robots are controlled by the Staubli CS8c robot controllers. All information regarding the use and maintenance of the robot arm and the robot controller is contained on the CDs delivered along with the robot. Paper manuals are available upon request direct from Staubli.

## Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 15mm 2 step integral, with 1.5mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

## Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the DASY5 software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10g cube is 21.5mm.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 7 x 7 x 7 (5mmx5mmx5mm) providing a volume of 30 mm in the X & Y & Z axis.

### Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

#### Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body

Frequency (MHz)	Head Tissue		Body Tissue	
	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

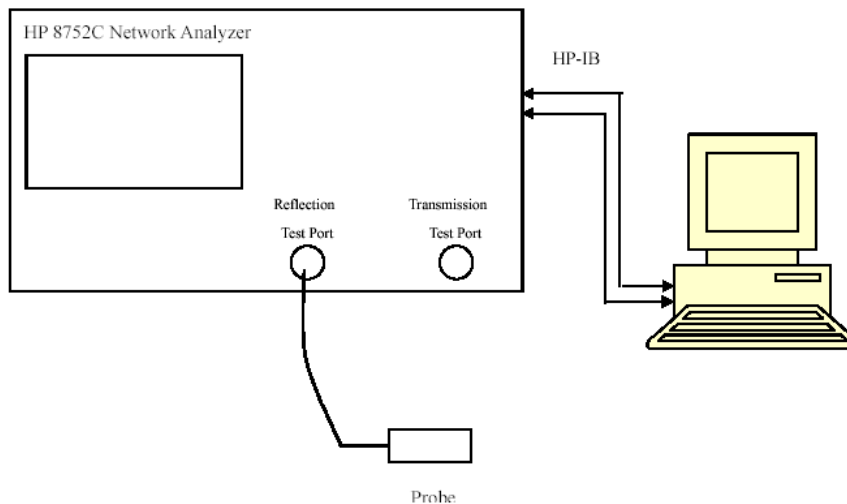
## EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

### Equipments List & Calibration Information

Equipment	Model	S/N	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Robot	RX90	D03636	N/A	N/A
DASY5 Test Software	DASY52.8	N/A	N/A	N/A
DASY5 Measurement Server	DASY5 4.5.12	1470	N/A	N/A
Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1459	2015/9/18	2016/9/18
E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7329	2015/2/5	2016/2/5
Dipole, 835MHz	D835V1	453	2015/8/17	2018/8/17
Dipole,1900MHz	D1900V2	5d206	2015/7/14	2018/7/14
R&S, universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	105047	2014/11/20	2015/11/20
8960 Series 10 Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY50266471	2015-01-13	2016-01-13
Mounting Device	MD4HHTV5	SD 000 H01 KA	N/A	N/A
Twin SAM	Twin SAM V5.0	1874	N/A	N/A
Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Head	TS-835-H	201504	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Body	TS-835-B	201505	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Head	TS-1900-H	201506	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Body	TS-1900-B	201507	Each Time	/
Network Analyzer	8752C	3140A02356	2015/6/3	2016/6/3
Dielectric probe kit	85070B	US33020324	2015/6/13	2016/6/13
Signal Generator	E4422B	MY41000355	2014/10/27	2015/10/27
Power Meter	EPM-441A	GB37481494	2014/11/3	2015/11/3
Power Meter Sensor	8481A	T-03-EM-127	2014/11/3	2015/11/3
Power Amplifier	5205PE	1015	N/A	N/A
Directional Coupler	488Z	N/A	N/A	N/A
attenuator	20dB, 100W	N/A	N/A	N/A

# SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

## Liquid Verification



Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

## Liquid Verification Results

Frequency	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance (%)
		$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\Delta\epsilon_r$	$\Delta\sigma$ (S/m)	
824.2	Head	42.926	0.878	41.5	0.9	3.44	-2.44	$\pm 5$
	Body	55.147	0.963	55.2	0.97	-0.1	-0.72	$\pm 5$
826.4	Head	42.878	0.881	41.5	0.9	3.32	-2.11	$\pm 5$
	Body	55.155	0.966	55.2	0.97	-0.08	-0.41	$\pm 5$
836.6	Head	42.881	0.892	41.5	0.9	3.33	-0.89	$\pm 5$
	Body	55.129	0.975	55.2	0.97	-0.13	0.52	$\pm 5$
846.6	Head	42.818	0.895	41.5	0.9	3.18	-0.56	$\pm 5$
	Body	55.027	0.985	55.2	0.97	-0.31	1.55	$\pm 5$
848.8	Head	42.709	0.895	41.5	0.9	2.91	-0.56	$\pm 5$
	Body	54.988	0.987	55.2	0.97	-0.38	1.75	$\pm 5$

\*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2015-10-16.

Frequency	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance (%)
		$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\Delta\epsilon_r$	$\Delta\sigma$ (S/m)	
1850.2	Head	39.843	1.359	40	1.4	-0.39	-2.93	$\pm 5$
	Body	55.28	1.477	53.3	1.52	3.71	-2.83	$\pm 5$
1852.4	Head	39.86	1.354	40	1.4	-0.35	-3.29	$\pm 5$
	Body	55.223	1.474	53.3	1.52	3.61	-3.03	$\pm 5$
1880	Head	39.758	1.386	40	1.4	-0.6	-1	$\pm 5$
	Body	53.751	1.543	53.3	1.52	0.85	1.51	$\pm 5$
1907.6	Head	39.572	1.412	40	1.4	-1.07	0.86	$\pm 5$
	Body	53.603	1.491	53.3	1.52	0.57	-1.91	$\pm 5$
1909.8	Head	39.569	1.414	40	1.4	-1.08	1	$\pm 5$
	Body	53.369	1.493	53.3	1.52	0.13	-1.78	$\pm 5$

\*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2015-10-19.



Please refer to the following tables.

835 MHz Head			835 MHz Body		
Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''	Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''
824	42.9016	19.1817	824	55.1416	21.0456
824.5	42.9619	19.1091	824.5	55.1543	20.9543
825	42.9792	19.118	825	55.1531	20.9989
825.5	42.9342	19.1905	825.5	55.1912	20.9838
826	42.9269	19.1527	826	55.1234	21.0424
826.5	42.8663	19.1671	826.5	55.1629	21.0114
827	42.9225	19.1532	827	55.0287	21.0043
827.5	42.8796	19.1662	827.5	55.1399	20.9687
828	42.9525	19.1936	828	55.1292	20.9732
828.5	42.9222	19.2007	828.5	55.1682	20.9997
829	42.9617	19.2545	829	55.1165	20.9427
829.5	42.929	19.1514	829.5	55.0615	20.9304
830	43.0098	19.1913	830	55.1205	20.9359
830.5	42.9209	19.2079	830.5	55.0866	20.9943
831	42.9609	19.1836	831	55.0888	20.9571
831.5	42.8632	19.158	831.5	55.1657	21.0035
832	42.9588	19.1674	832	55.1967	20.9757
832.5	42.9098	19.233	832.5	55.1165	20.9356
833	42.9692	19.2157	833	55.15	20.9517
833.5	42.94	19.2452	833.5	55.1037	20.9459
834	42.8889	19.2393	834	55.1567	21.0479
834.5	42.8802	19.1921	834.5	55.0835	20.9205
835	42.9613	19.2232	835	55.1019	20.9576
835.5	42.9213	19.1601	835.5	55.0806	20.9889
836	42.9535	19.1607	836	55.1214	21.0155
836.5	42.8903	19.1818	836.5	55.1383	20.9535
837	42.8439	19.1735	837	55.0894	20.9896
837.5	42.8853	19.1878	837.5	55.0466	20.9248
838	42.8605	19.2191	838	55.1058	20.9632
838.5	42.9046	19.1891	838.5	55.1376	20.9856
839	42.9183	19.1894	839	55.064	20.9585
839.5	42.9093	19.1693	839.5	55.0731	21.0044
840	42.9462	19.1043	840	55.0626	20.992
840.5	42.8934	19.1095	840.5	55.1806	20.9911
841	42.9241	19.1778	841	55.0619	20.9844
841.5	42.9027	19.1254	841.5	55.0575	20.9564
842	42.8612	19.0949	842	55.101	20.9593
842.5	42.8313	19.1451	842.5	55.0156	20.9743
843	42.7975	19.0809	843	55.0694	20.9683
843.5	42.8124	19.0954	843.5	55.031	20.9305
844	42.7966	19.083	844	55.0888	20.9142
844.5	42.8415	18.9987	844.5	55.0936	21.0158
845	42.785	19.0934	845	55.1039	20.978
845.5	42.819	19.083	845.5	55.0503	20.9122
846	42.8537	19.0237	846	55.0203	20.98
846.5	42.8312	19.0037	846.5	55.03	20.91
847	42.763	19.0925	847	55.0153	20.9782
847.5	42.7359	18.9913	847.5	55.0549	20.9868
848	42.7782	18.9903	848	55.001	21.0191
848.5	42.6922	19.0074	848.5	54.9715	20.9005
849	42.7195	18.9378	849	54.999	20.9291

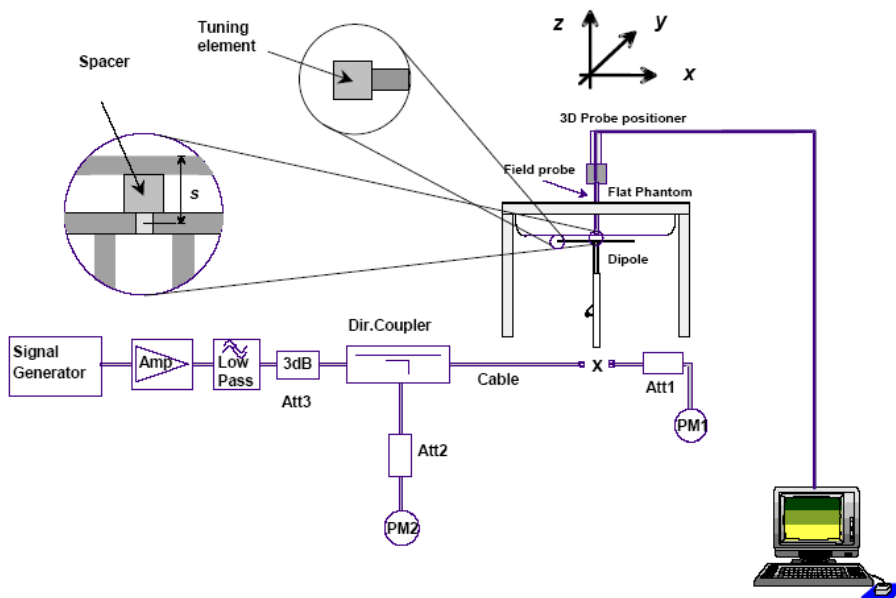
1900 MHz Head			1900 MHz Body		
Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''	Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''
1850	39.8281	13.222	1850	55.2527	14.3631
1851	39.9023	13.1806	1851	55.3888	14.3494
1852	39.8542	13.1647	1852	55.2455	14.3318
1853	39.8689	13.1294	1853	55.1885	14.2902
1854	39.8572	13.1443	1854	55.0771	14.1706
1855	39.8959	13.2087	1855	55.0571	14.2281
1856	39.8489	13.1734	1856	54.9061	14.2847
1857	39.9177	13.1813	1857	54.7252	14.1763
1858	39.8394	13.2014	1858	54.6285	14.1263
1859	39.8031	13.1924	1859	54.6067	14.0409
1860	39.8387	13.2174	1860	54.4659	14.1697
1861	39.8646	13.2123	1861	54.511	14.1036
1862	39.9087	13.2266	1862	54.3746	14.0939
1863	39.8202	13.1594	1863	54.1991	14.121
1864	39.8124	13.1757	1864	54.1334	14.1429
1865	39.832	13.1965	1865	54.0643	14.1618
1866	39.8155	13.2211	1866	53.9967	14.1461
1867	39.7925	13.1962	1867	53.8857	14.1794
1868	39.7811	13.2385	1868	53.8363	14.2164
1869	39.8504	13.2802	1869	53.7117	14.1862
1870	39.8647	13.2496	1870	53.6939	14.2587
1871	39.8323	13.2148	1871	53.6111	14.32
1872	39.8058	13.2102	1872	53.7114	14.3186
1873	39.8069	13.1806	1873	53.6653	14.4309
1874	39.7405	13.2725	1874	53.5959	14.447
1875	39.7983	13.2318	1875	53.5957	14.4959
1876	39.7219	13.2564	1876	53.6425	14.5427
1877	39.7959	13.2583	1877	53.6852	14.6316
1878	39.754	13.2176	1878	53.6041	14.6744
1879	39.7518	13.2174	1879	53.6819	14.6722
1880	39.7582	13.2588	1880	53.7509	14.7596
1881	39.7158	13.2207	1881	53.7287	14.7489
1882	39.7228	13.2804	1882	53.781	14.7998
1883	39.7168	13.2655	1883	53.8192	14.7899
1884	39.777	13.2628	1884	53.8766	14.7967
1885	39.7066	13.2978	1885	53.9509	14.844
1886	39.6993	13.2909	1886	54.0995	14.8044
1887	39.6778	13.2934	1887	54.167	14.789
1888	39.6649	13.2762	1888	54.2574	14.8121
1889	39.6775	13.3226	1889	54.2389	14.7071
1890	39.6903	13.3076	1890	54.2839	14.7336
1891	39.6755	13.3015	1891	54.3289	14.7186
1892	39.6995	13.2903	1892	54.3594	14.7352
1893	39.651	13.326	1893	54.3721	14.6845
1894	39.6789	13.2964	1894	54.3119	14.6533
1895	39.6079	13.3166	1895	54.3118	14.606
1896	39.6609	13.3015	1896	54.4279	14.5179
1897	39.6387	13.2798	1897	54.4035	14.4871
1898	39.666	13.297	1898	54.4368	14.4118
1899	39.6421	13.2632	1899	54.2367	14.3738
1900	39.6478	13.3466	1900	54.1688	14.3427

1900 MHz Head			1900 MHz Body		
Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''	Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''
1901	39.6561	13.3104	1901	54.1268	14.2489
1902	39.5937	13.3486	1902	54.0972	14.2591
1903	39.6113	13.2766	1903	53.9636	14.206
1904	39.6537	13.328	1904	53.8609	14.1172
1905	39.6287	13.2989	1905	53.7714	14.1373
1906	39.5763	13.3831	1906	53.6874	14.1262
1907	39.5813	13.2965	1907	53.6584	14.0956
1908	39.5659	13.3179	1908	53.5658	14.0301
1909	39.5585	13.3403	1909	53.4662	14.0279
1910	39.5716	13.3051	1910	53.3451	14.0703

### System Accuracy Verification

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of  $\pm 10\%$ . The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

### System Verification Setup Block Diagram



### System Accuracy Check Results

Date	Frequency Band	Liquid Type	Measured SAR (W/Kg)		Target Value (W/Kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
2015-10-16	835	Head	1g	9.27	9.43	-1.70	$\pm 10$
		Body	1g	9.42	9.55	-1.36	$\pm 10$
2015-10-19	1900	Head	1g	40.9	40.7	0.49	$\pm 10$
		Body	1g	40.4	40.8	-0.98	$\pm 10$

\*All SAR values are normalized to 1 Watt forward power.

**SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA**

**Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)**

**System Performance 835 MHz Head**

**DUT: D835V1; Type: 835 MHz; Serial: 453**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.893 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 42.961$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.52, 9.52, 9.52); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/9/18
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0\_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

**System Performance 835 MHz Head /Area Scan (71x131x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$   
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.2 W/kg

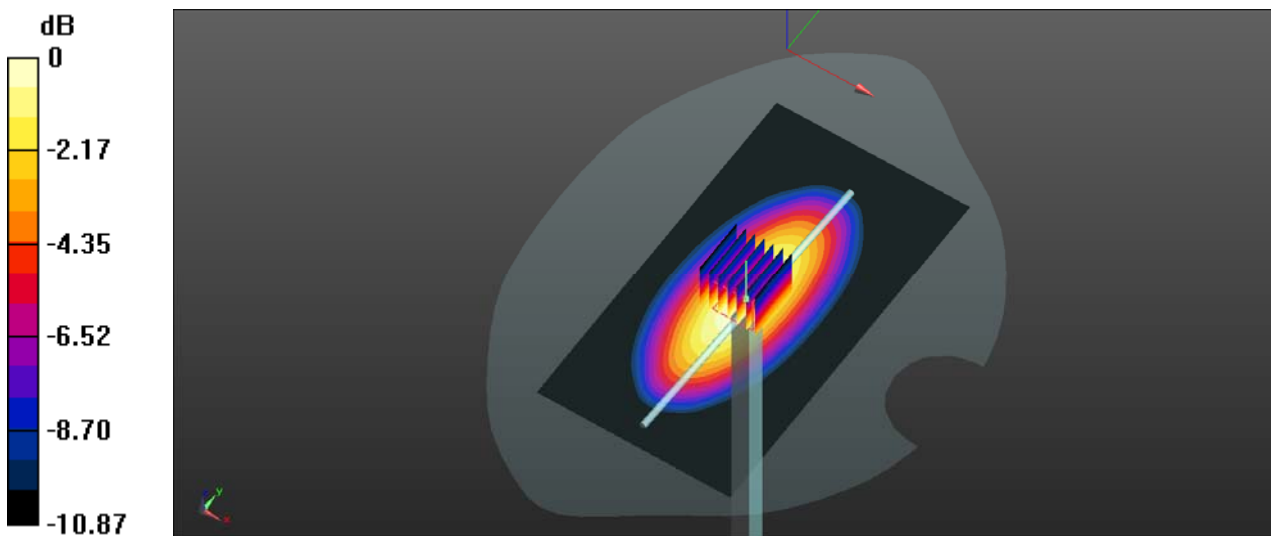
**System Performance 835 MHz Head /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 109.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.3 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 9.27 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.19 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.5 W/kg



0 dB = 11.5 W/kg = 10.61 dBW/kg

**Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)**

**System Performance 835 MHz Body**

**DUT: D835V1; Type: 835 MHz; Serial: 453**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.973 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 55.102$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.17, 9.17, 9.17); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/9/18
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0\_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

**System Performance 835 MHz Body /Area Scan (71x131x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 9.77 W/kg

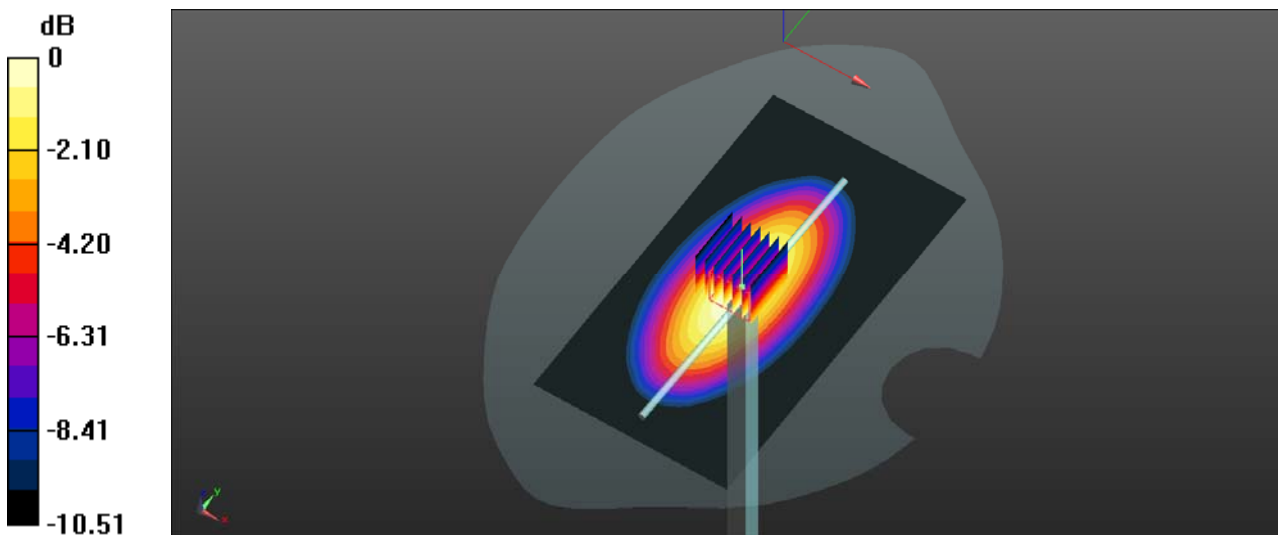
**System Performance 835 MHz Body /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 108.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 14.1 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 9.42 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.18 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.97 W/kg



0 dB = 9.97 W/kg = 9.99 dBW/kg

**Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)**

**System Performance 1900 MHz Head**

**DUT: D1900V2; Type: 1900 MHz; Serial: 5d206**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.41 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 39.648$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/9/18
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0\_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

**System Performance 1900 MHz Head /Area Scan (61x81x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 48.9 W/kg

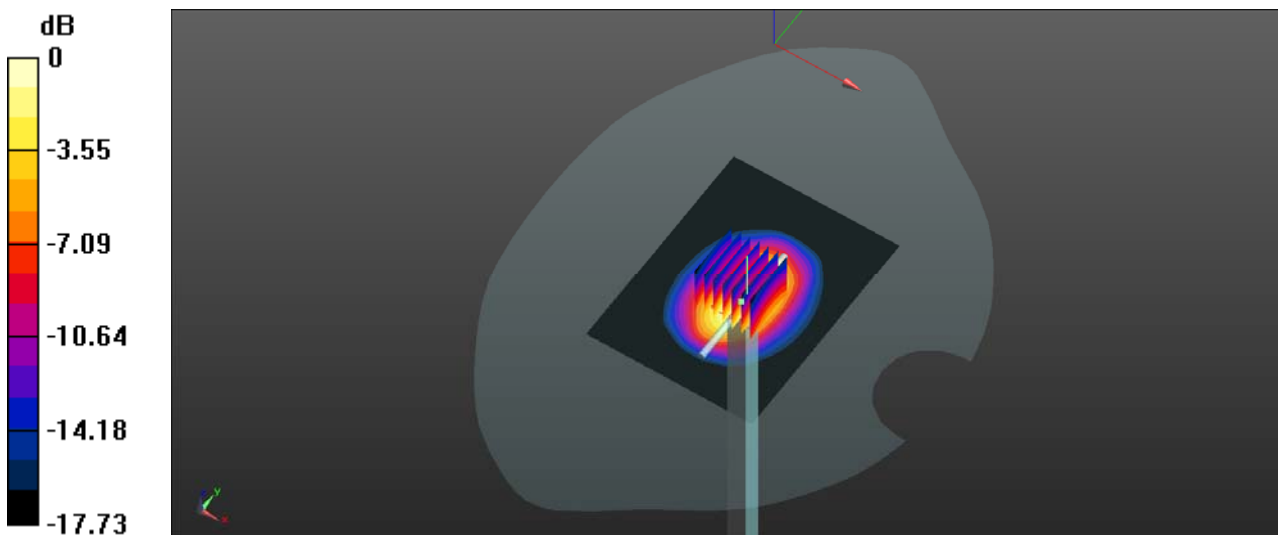
**System Performance 1900 MHz Head /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 175.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 76.5 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 40.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 21.3 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 46.3 W/kg



0 dB = 46.3 W/kg = 16.66 dBW/kg

**Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)**

**System Performance 1900 MHz Body**

**DUT: D1900V2; Type: 1900 MHz; Serial: 5d206**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.515$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.169$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.56, 7.56, 7.56); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/9/18
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0\_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

**System Performance 1900 MHz Body /Area Scan (61x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 49.0 W/kg

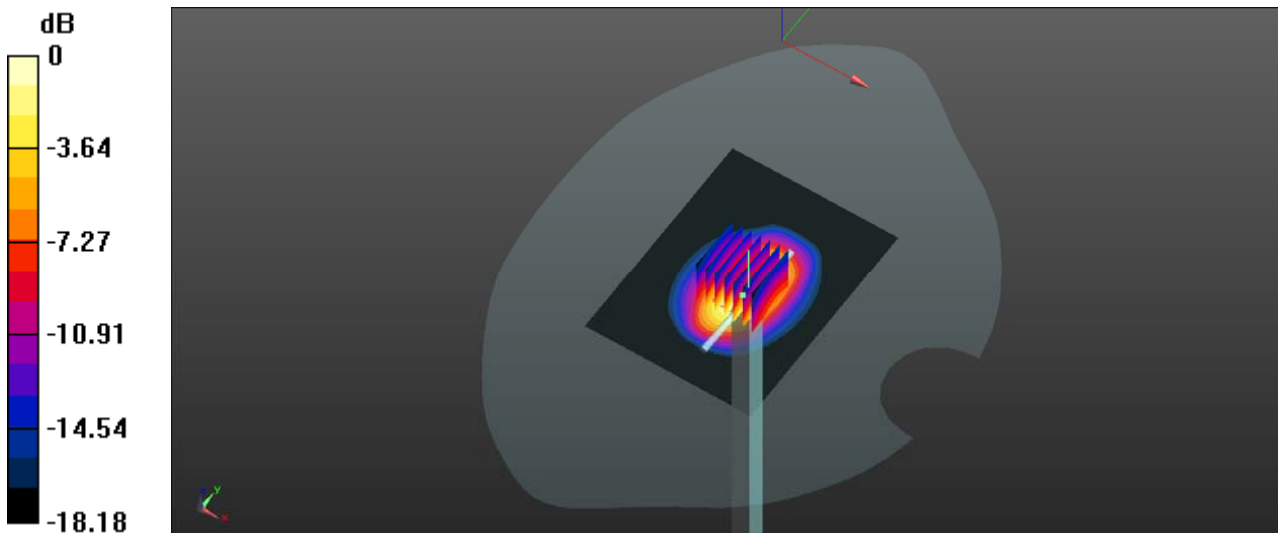
**System Performance 1900 MHz Body /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 172.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 76.1 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 40.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 20.4 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 46.3 W/kg



0 dB = 46.3 W/kg = 16.66 dBW/kg

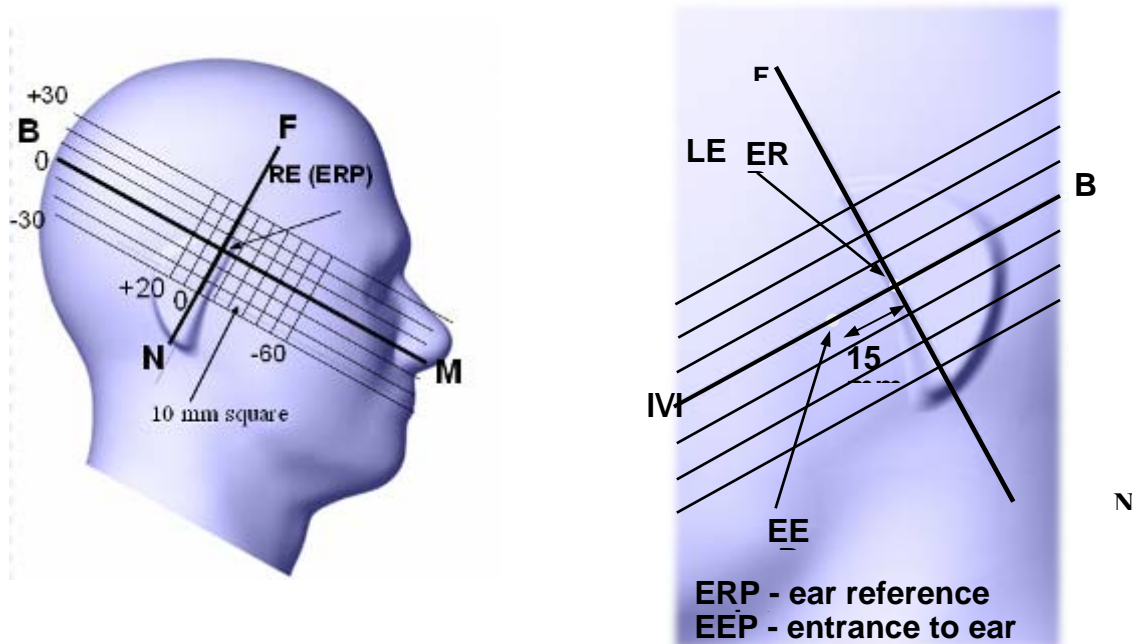


## EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY

### Test Positions for Device Operating Next to a Person’s Ear

This category includes most wireless handsets with fixed, retractable or internal antennas located toward the top half of the device, with or without a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover. The handset should have its earpiece located within the upper ¼ of the device, either along the centerline or off-centered, as perceived by its users. This type of handset should be positioned in a normal operating position with the “test device reference point” located along the “vertical centerline” on the front of the device aligned to the “ear reference point”. The “test device reference point” should be located at the same level as the center of the earpiece region. The “vertical centerline” should bisect the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges. A “ear reference point” is located on the outer surface of the head phantom on each ear spacer. It is located 1.5 cm above the center of the ear canal entrance in the “phantom reference plane” defined by the three lines joining the center of each “ear reference point” (left and right) and the tip of the mouth.

A handset should be initially positioned with the earpiece region pressed against the ear spacer of a head phantom. For the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom, the device should be positioned parallel to the “N-F” line defined along the base of the ear spacer that contains the “ear reference point”. For interim head phantoms, the device should be positioned parallel to the cheek for maximum RF energy coupling. The “test device reference point” is aligned to the “ear reference point” on the head phantom and the “vertical centerline” is aligned to the “phantom reference plane”. This is called the “initial ear position”. While maintaining these three alignments, the body of the handset is gradually adjusted to each of the following positions for evaluating SAR:



## Cheek/Touch Position

The device is brought toward the mouth of the head phantom by pivoting against the “ear reference point” or along the “N-F” line for the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom.

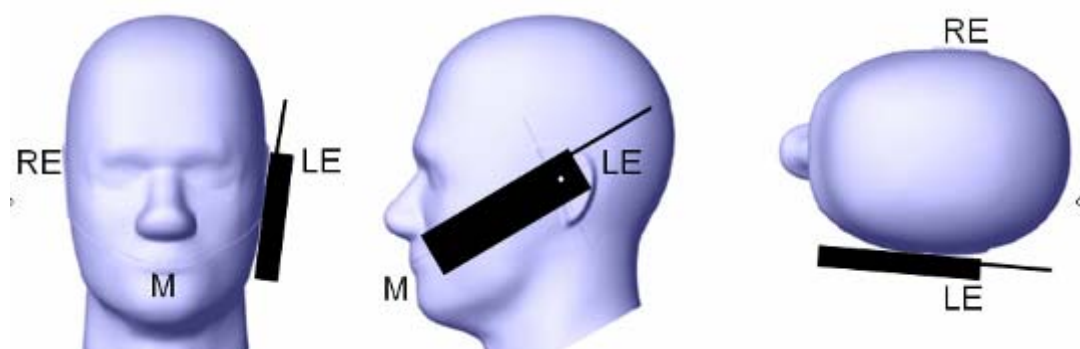
This test position is established:

When any point on the display, keypad or mouthpiece portions of the handset is in contact with the phantom.

(or) When any portion of a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover opened to its intended self-adjusting normal use position is in contact with the cheek or mouth of the phantom.

For existing head phantoms – when the handset loses contact with the phantom at the pivoting point, rotation should continue until the device touches the cheek of the phantom or breaks its last contact from the ear spacer.

### Cheek /Touch Position



## Ear/Tilt Position

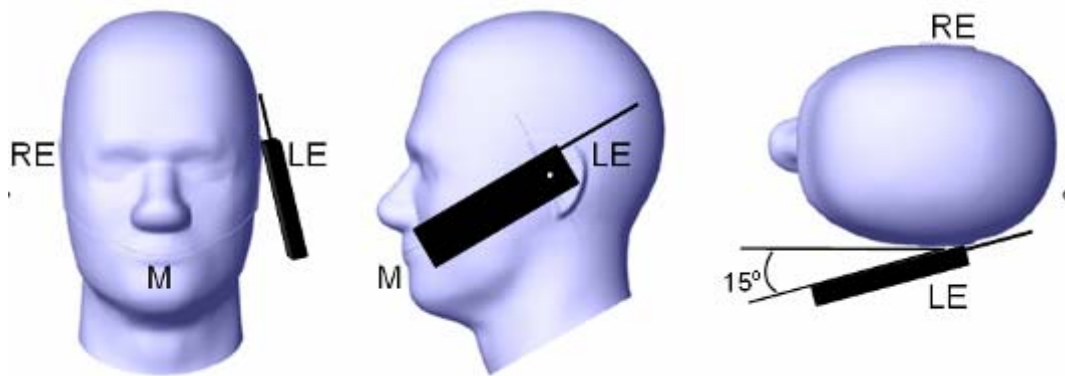
With the handset aligned in the “Cheek/Touch Position”:

1) If the earpiece of the handset is not in full contact with the phantom’s ear spacer (in the “Cheek/Touch position”) and the peak SAR location for the “Cheek/Touch” position is located at the ear spacer region or corresponds to the earpiece region of the handset, the device should be returned to the “initial ear position” by rotating it away from the mouth until the earpiece is in full contact with the ear spacer.

2) (otherwise) The handset should be moved (translated) away from the cheek perpendicular to the line passes through both “ear reference points” (note: one of these ear reference points may not physically exist on a split head model) for approximate 2-3 cm. While it is in this position, the device handset is tilted away from the mouth with respect to the “test device reference point” until the inside angle between the vertical centerline on the front surface of the phone and the horizontal line passing through the ear reference point is by  $15^{\circ}$  to  $80^{\circ}$ . After the tilt, it is then moved (translated) back toward the head perpendicular to the line passes through both “ear reference points” until the device touches the phantom or the ear spacer. If the antenna touches the head first, the positioning process should be repeated with a tilt angle less than  $15^{\circ}$  so that the device and its antenna would touch the phantom simultaneously. This test position may require a device holder or positioner to achieve the translation and tilting with acceptable positioning repeatability.

If a device is also designed to transmit with its keypad cover closed for operating in the head position, such positions should also be considered in the SAR evaluation. The device should be tested on the left and right side of the head phantom in the “Cheek/Touch” and “Ear/Tilt” positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Tilt/Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s). If the transmission band of the test device is less than 10 MHz, testing at the high and low frequency channels is optional.

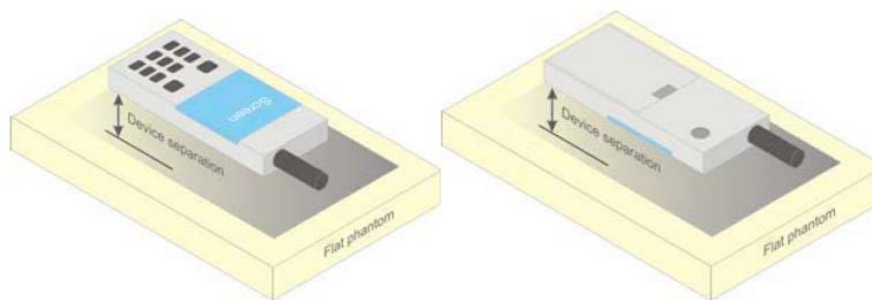
**Ear /Tilt 15° Position**



**Test positions for body-worn and other configurations**

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.



**Figure 5 – Test positions for body-worn devices**

## SAR Evaluation Procedure

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.

Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or radiating structures of the EUT, the horizontal grid spacing was 15 mm x 15 mm, and the SAR distribution was determined by integrated grid of 1.5mm x 1.5mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.

Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 30 mm x 30 mm x 30 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:

1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.

2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

## Test methodology

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02.  
KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r02.  
KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03  
KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r01  
KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03  
KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02

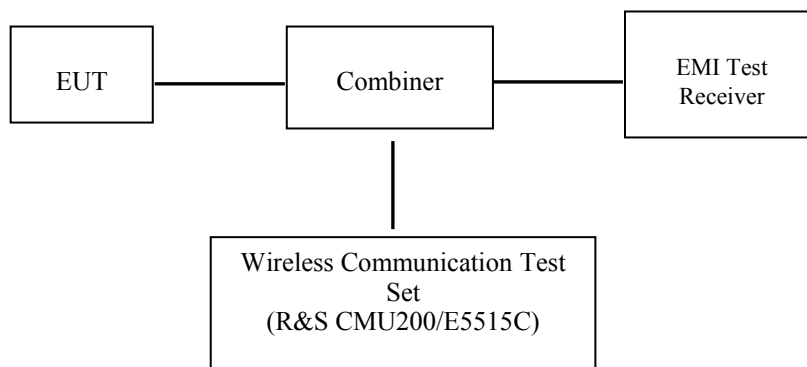
## CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

### Provision Applicable

The measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

### Test Procedure

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the EMI Test Receiver through sufficient attenuation.



### GSM/WCDMA

### Radio Configuration

The power measurement was configured by the Wireless Communication Test Set CMU200 for all Radio configurations except the HSPA+/DC-HSDPA configured by E5515C.

### GSM

Function: Menu select > GSM Mobile Station > GSM 850/1900

Press Connection control to choose the different menus

Press RESET > choose all the reset all settings

Connection: Press Signal Off to turn off the signal and change settings

Network Support > GSM + only

MS Signal

> 33 dBm for GSM 850

> 30 dBm for PCS 1900

BS Signal: Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel

Frequency Offset >+ 0 Hz

Mode > BCCH and TCH

BCCH Level > -85 dBm (May need to adjust if link is not stable)

BCCH Channel >choose desire test channel [Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel]

Channel Type > Off

P0 > 4 dB

TCH > choose desired test channel

Hopping >Off

AF/RF: Enter appropriate offsets for Ext. Att. Output and Ext. Att. Input

Connection: Press Signal on to turn on the signal and change settings

**GPRS**

Function: Menu select > GSM Mobile Station > GSM 850/1900

Press Connection control to choose the different menus

Press RESET > choose all the reset all settings

Connection: Press Signal Off to turn off the signal and change settings

Network Support > GSM + GPRS or GSM + EGSM

Main Service > Packet Data

Service selection > Test Mode A – Auto Slot Config. off

MS Signal: Press Slot Config Bottom on the right twice to select and change the number of time slots and power setting

> Slot configuration > Uplink/Gamma

> 33 dBm for GPRS 850

> 30 dBm for GPRS 1900

BS Signal: Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel

Frequency Offset >+ 0 Hz

Mode >BCCH and TCH

BCCH Level >-85 dBm (May need to adjust if link is not stable)

BCCH Channel > choose desire test channel [Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel]

Channel Type > Off

P0 > 4 dB

Slot Config > Unchanged (if already set under MS signal)

TCH > choose desired test channel

Hopping >Off

Main Timeslot >3

Network: Coding Scheme >CS4 (GPRS)

Bit Stream >2E9-1 PSR Bit Stream

AF/RF: Enter appropriate offsets for Ext. Att. Output and Ext. Att. Input

Connection: Press Signal on to turn on the signal and change settings

**WCDMA Release 99**

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification. The EUT has a nominal maximum output power of 24dBm (+1.7/-3.7).

<b>WCDMA General Settings</b>	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC
	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2
	$\beta_c/\beta_d$	8/15

**HSDPA**

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

	Mode	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA
	Subset	1	2	3	4
WCDMA General Settings	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1			
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC			
	HSDPA FRC	H-Set1			
	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2			
	$\beta_c$	2/15	12/15	15/15	15/15
	$\beta_d$	15/15	15/15	8/15	4/15
	$\beta_d(SF)$	64			
	$\beta_c/\beta_d$	2/15	12/15	15/8	15/4
	$\beta_{hs}$	4/15	24/15	30/15	30/15
	MPR(dB)	0	0	0.5	0.5
HSDPA Specific Settings	DACK	8			
	DNAK	8			
	DCQI	8			
	Ack-Nack repetition factor	3			
	CQI Feedback	4ms			
	CQI Repetition Factor	2			
	$A_{hs}=\beta_{hs}/\beta_c$	30/15			

**HSUPA**

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

	Mode	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA
	Subset	1	2	3	4	5
<b>WCDMA General Settings</b>	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1				
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC				
	HSDPA FRC	H-Set1				
	HSUPA Test	HSUPA Loopback				
	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2				
	$\beta_c$	11/15	6/15	15/15	2/15	15/15
	$\beta_d$	15/15	15/15	9/15	15/15	0
	$\beta_{cc}$	209/225	12/15	30/15	2/15	5/15
	$\beta_c / \beta_d$	11/15	6/15	15/9	2/15	-
	$\beta_{hs}$	22/15	12/15	30/15	4/15	5/15
	CM(dB)	1.0	3.0	2.0	3.0	1.0
MPR(dB)	0	2	1	2	0	
<b>HSDPA Specific Settings</b>	DACK	8				
	DNAK	8				
	DCQI	8				
	Ack-Nack repetition factor	3				
	CQI Feedback	4ms				
	CQI Repetition Factor	2				
	$A_{hs} = \beta_{hs} / \beta_c$	30/15				
<b>HSUPA Specific Settings</b>	DE-DPCCH	6	8	8	5	7
	DHARQ	0	0	0	0	0
	AG Index	20	12	15	17	21
	ETFCI	75	67	92	71	81
	Associated Max UL Data Rate kbps	242.1	174.9	482.8	205.8	308.9
	Reference E_FCIs	E-TFCI 11 E E-TFCI PO 4 E-TFCI 67 E-TFCI PO 18 E-TFCI 71 E-TFCI PO23 E-TFCI 75 E-TFCI PO26 E-TFCI 81 E-TFCI PO 27	E-TFCI 11 E-TFCI PO4 E-TFCI 92 E-TFCI PO 18	E-TFCI 11 E-TFCI PO4 E-TFCI 92 E-TFCI PO 18	E-TFCI 11 E E-TFCI PO 4 E-TFCI 67 E-TFCI PO 18 E-TFCI 71 E-TFCI PO23 E-TFCI 75 E-TFCI PO26 E-TFCI 81 E-TFCI PO 27	



**HSPA+**

Sub-test	$\beta_c$ (Note3)	$\beta_d$	$\beta_{HS}$ (Note1)	$\beta_{ec}$	$\beta_{ed}$ (2xSF2) (Note 4)	$\beta_{ed}$ (2xSF4) (Note 4)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 4)	E-TFCI (Note 5)	E-TFCI (boost)
1	1	0	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed1}$ : 30/15 $\beta_{ed2}$ : 30/15	$\beta_{ed3}$ : 24/15 $\beta_{ed4}$ : 24/15	3.5	2.5	14	105	105

Note 1:  $\Delta_{ACK}, \Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$  with  $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$ .

Note 2: CM = 3.5 and the MPR is based on the relative CM difference, MPR = MAX(CM-1,0).

Note 3: DPDCH is not configured, therefore the  $\beta_c$  is set to 1 and  $\beta_d = 0$  by default.

Note 4:  $\beta_{ed}$  can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Note 5: All the sub-tests require the UE to transmit 2SF2+2SF4 16QAM EDCH and they apply for UE using E-DPDCH category 7. E-DCH TTI is set to 2ms TTI and E-DCH table index = 2. To support these E-DCH configurations DPDCH is not allocated. The UE is signalled to use the extrapolation algorithm.

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements in Table C.11.1.4 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1

**DC-HSDPA**

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1

**Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12**

Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI's	1
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	6
Information Bit Payload ( $N_{INF}$ )	Bits	120
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960
Total Available SML's in UE	SML's	19200
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200
Coding Rate		0.15
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1
Modulation		QPSK
<p>Note 1: The RMC is intended to be used for DC-HSDPA mode and both cells shall transmit with identical parameters as listed in the table.</p> <p>Note 2: Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1, i.e., retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and constellation version 0 shall be used.</p>		

**Maximum Target Output Power**

<b>Max Target Power(dBm)</b>			
<b>Mode/Band</b>	<b>Channel</b>		
	<b>Low</b>	<b>Middle</b>	<b>High</b>
GSM 850	33	33	33
GPRS 1 TX Slot	32.8	32.8	32.8
GPRS 2 TX Slot	31.4	31.4	31.4
GPRS 3 TX Slot	30	30	30
GPRS 4 TX Slot	28.6	28.6	28.6
EDGE 1 TX Slot	27.3	27.3	27.3
EDGE 2 TX Slot	25.9	25.9	25.9
EDGE 3 TX Slot	25.5	25.5	25.5
EDGE 4 TX Slot	23.9	23.9	23.9
PCS 1900	30.1	30.1	30.1
GPRS 1 TX Slot	29.9	29.9	29.9
GPRS 2 TX Slot	28.3	28.3	28.3
GPRS 3 TX Slot	26.9	26.9	26.9
GPRS 4 TX Slot	25.3	25.3	25.3
EDGE 1 TX Slot	26.4	26.4	26.4
EDGE 2 TX Slot	24.9	24.9	24.9
EDGE 3 TX Slot	23.4	23.4	23.4
EDGE 4 TX Slot	22	22	22
WCDMA850	22.4	22.4	22.4
HSDPA	21.4	21.4	21.4
HSUPA	21.3	21.3	21.3
DC-HSDPA	21.1	21.1	21.1
HSPA+	20.9	20.9	20.9
WCDMA1900	22.8	22.8	22.8
HSDPA	21.9	21.9	21.9
HSUPA	21.7	21.7	21.7
DC-HSDPA	22.2	22.2	22.2
HSPA+	21.2	21.2	21.2
WLAN	9.7	9.7	9.7
Bluetooth BDR/EDR	4.8	4.8	4.8
Bluetooth LE	-3.3	-3.3	-3.3

**Test Results:**

**GSM:**

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
GSM 850	128	824.2	32.9
	190	836.6	32.8
	251	848.8	<b>32.9</b>
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	<b>30</b>
	661	1880	29.7
	810	1909.8	29.9

**GPRS:**

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)			
			1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots
GSM 850	128	824.2	32.71	31.23	29.87	28.31
	190	836.6	32.56	31.09	29.6	28.14
	251	848.8	32.74	31.28	29.92	28.47
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	29.82	28.2	26.77	25.23
	661	1880	29.55	27.94	26.31	24.89
	810	1909.8	29.73	28.19	26.65	25.17

**EGPRS:**

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)			
			1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots
GSM 850	128	824.2	26.9	25.47	24.03	22.59
	190	836.6	27.22	25.82	25.36	23.84
	251	848.8	27.17	25.79	25.21	23.78
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	25.96	24.41	22.9	21.45
	661	1880	25.93	24.37	22.81	21.39
	810	1909.8	26.28	24.8	23.34	21.94

For SAR, the time based average power is relevant, the difference in between depends on the duty cycle of the TDMA signal.

Number of Time slot	1	2	3	4
Duty Cycle	1:8	1:4	1:2.66	1:2
Time based Ave. power compared to slotted Ave. power	-9 dB	-6 dB	-4.25 dB	-3 dB
Crest Factor	8	4	2.66	2

**The time based average power for GPRS**

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Time based average Power (dBm)			
			1 slot	2 slot	3 slots	4 slots
GSM 850	128	824.2	23.71	25.23	25.62	25.31
	190	836.6	23.56	25.09	25.35	25.14
	251	848.8	23.74	25.28	<b>25.67</b>	25.47
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	20.82	22.2	<b>22.52</b>	22.23
	661	1880	20.55	21.94	22.06	21.89
	810	1909.8	20.73	22.19	22.4	22.17

**The time based average power for EGPRS**

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Time based average Power (dBm)			
			1 slot	2 slot	3 slots	4 slots
GSM 850	128	824.2	17.9	19.47	19.78	19.59
	190	836.6	18.22	19.82	21.11	20.84
	251	848.8	18.17	19.79	20.96	20.78
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	16.96	18.41	18.65	18.45
	661	1880	16.93	18.37	18.56	18.39
	810	1909.8	17.28	18.8	19.09	18.94

**Note:**

1. Rohde & Schwarz Radio Communication Tester (CMU200) was used for the measurement of GSM peak and average output power for active timeslots.
2. For GSM voice, 1 timeslot has been activated with power level 5 (850 MHz band) and 0 (1900 MHz band).
3. For GPRS, 1, 2, 3 and 4 timeslots has been activated separately with power level 3(850 MHz band) and 3(1900 MHz band).
4. According to KDB941225D06-SAR for EGPRS mode are not required when the source-based time-averaged output power for data mode is lower than that in the normal GPRS mode

**WCDMA:  
Results (12.2kbps RMC)**

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
WCDMA 850	4132	826.4	21.95
	4183	836.6	<b>22.28</b>
	4233	846.6	22.02
WCDMA 1900	9262	1852.4	<b>22.72</b>
	9400	1880	22.19
	9538	1907.6	22.24

**Results (HSDPA)**

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)			
			Subset 1	Subset 2	Subset 3	Subset 4
WCDMA 850	4132	826.4	20.76	20.69	20.77	20.72
	4183	836.6	21.29	21.27	21.2	21.11
	4233	846.6	20.99	20.91	20.89	20.97
WCDMA 1900	9262	1852.4	21.75	21.7	21.73	21.71
	9400	1880	21.1	21	21.15	21.09
	9538	1907.6	21.04	21.2	21.07	21.16

**Results (HSUPA)**

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)				
			Subset 1	Subset 2	Subset 3	Subset 4	Subset 5
WCDMA 850	4132	826.4	20.81	20.73	20.84	20.86	20.68
	4183	836.6	21.16	21.13	21.09	20.93	21.06
	4233	846.6	20.9	20.94	21.01	20.85	20.82
WCDMA1900	9262	1852.4	21.56	21.63	21.57	21.5	21.44
	9400	1880	21.04	21.12	21.05	21.11	21.07
	9538	1907.6	21.09	20.96	20.98	21.08	20.91

**Results (DC-HSDPA):**

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)			
			Subset 1	Subset 2	Subset 3	Subset 4
WCDMA 850	4132	826.4	20.71	20.59	20.55	20.67
	4183	836.6	20.93	21	20.94	20.91
	4233	846.6	20.97	20.83	20.93	20.81
WCDMA 1900	9262	1852.4	21.31	21.35	21.32	21.29
	9400	1880	21.03	22.09	21.09	21.02
	9538	1907.6	20.95	20.84	20.92	20.99

**Results (HSPA+)**

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
WCDMA 850	4132	826.4	20.24
	4183	836.6	20.77
	4233	846.6	20.6
WCDMA 1900	9262	1852.4	21.09
	9400	1880	20.87
	9538	1907.6	20.79

**Note:**

1. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model 1.
2. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA/HSPA+/DC-HSDPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than ¼ dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is < 75% of SAR limit.

**Bluetooth**

Mode	Channel No.	Channel frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
BDR(GFSK)	0	2402	4.22
	39	2441	4.67
	78	2480	<b>4.73</b>
EDR(4-DQPSK)	0	2402	3.47
	39	2441	3.85
	78	2480	3.94
EDR(8-DPSK)	0	2402	3.53
	39	2441	4.02
	78	2480	4.08
Bluetooth LE	0	2402	-3.5
	19	2440	-3.46
	39	2480	-3.43

**WLAN**

Mode	Channel No.	Channel frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
<b>802.11b</b>	1	2412	9.21
	6	2437	9.18
	11	2462	9.33
802.11g	1	2412	9.47
	6	2437	9.41
	11	2462	9.38
802.11n HT20	1	2412	9.46
	6	2437	9.51
	11	2462	<b>9.55</b>
802.11n HT40	3	2422	9.02
	6	2437	9.05
	9	2452	9.09

**Note:**

The output power was tested under data rate 1Mbps for 802.11b, 6Mbps for 802.11g, 6.5Mbps for 802.11n HT20, 13.5Mbps for 802.11n HT40.

## SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

---

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

The EUT is capable of function as a WLAN to cellular mobile hotspot. Additional SAR test was performed according to KDB941225 D06. Test was performed with a separation of 1cm between the EUT and the flat phantom. The EUT was positioned for SAR tests with the front and back surfaces facing the edge. Each transmit band was utilized for SAR testing. The tested mode has been selected within each band that exhibits the highest time average output power.

### SAR Test Data

#### Environmental Conditions

<b>Temperature:</b>	23-24 °C	23-24.5 °C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	28-27 %	26-28 %
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	1008 mbar	1003 mbar
<b>Test Date:</b>	2015-10-16	2015-10-19

*Testing was performed by Rocky Xiao*



**GSM 850:**

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Power Drift (dB)	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
						Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Left Head Cheek	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GSM	0.13	32.8	33	1.047	0.145	0.152	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Left Head Tilt	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GSM	0.05	32.8	33	1.047	0.098	0.103	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Cheek	824.2	GSM	0.19	32.9	33	1.023	0.173	0.177	/
	836.6	GSM	0.17	32.8	33	1.047	0.171	0.179	/
	848.8	GSM	0.1	32.9	33	1.023	0.18	0.184	1#
Right Head Tilt	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GSM	-0.16	32.8	33	1.047	0.104	0.109	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Back-Headset (10mm)	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GSM	0.1	32.8	33	1.047	0.582	0.609	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Back (10mm)	824.2	GPRS	0.09	29.87	30	1.03	0.706	0.727	/
	836.6	GPRS	0.14	29.6	30	1.096	0.661	0.724	/
	848.8	GPRS	-0.12	29.92	30	1.019	0.744	0.758	2#
Body-Left (10mm)	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GPRS	-0.11	29.6	30	1.096	0.185	0.203	/
	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Right (10mm)	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GPRS	-0.12	29.6	30	1.096	0.129	0.141	/
	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Bottom (10mm)	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GPRS	-0.2	29.6	30	1.096	0.319	0.345	/
	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

**Note:**

1. When the 1-g SAR is  $\leq 0.8W/Kg$ , testing for other channels are optional.
2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.
3. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
4. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is  $> \frac{1}{2}$  dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
5. The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class 12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 2DL+3UL is the worst case.

**PCS Band:**

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Power Drift (dB)	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
						Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Left Head Cheek	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	GSM	-0.1	29.7	30.1	1.096	0.152	0.167	/
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Left Head Tilt	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	GSM	0.18	29.7	30.1	1.096	0.095	0.104	/
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Cheek	1850.2	GSM	0.12	30	30.1	1.023	0.209	0.214	3#
	1880	GSM	0.1	29.7	30.1	1.096	0.189	0.207	/
	1909.8	GSM	0.07	29.9	30.1	1.047	0.199	0.208	/
Right Head Tilt	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	GSM	0.02	29.7	30.1	1.096	0.115	0.126	/
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Back-Headset (10mm)	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	GSM	0.1	29.7	30.1	1.096	0.464	0.509	/
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Bottom (10mm)	1850.2	GPRS	-0.14	26.77	26.9	1.03	0.637	0.656	4#
	1880	GPRS	0.18	26.31	26.9	1.146	0.546	0.626	/
	1909.8	GPRS	0.14	26.65	26.9	1.059	0.596	0.631	/
Body-Left (10mm)	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	GPRS	0.19	26.31	26.9	1.146	0.137	0.157	/
	1909.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Right (10mm)	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	GPRS	-0.14	26.31	26.9	1.146	0.106	0.121	/
	1909.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Back (10mm)	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	GPRS	0.1	26.31	26.9	1.146	0.249	0.298	/
	1909.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

**Note:**

1. When the 1-g SAR is  $\leq 0.8W/Kg$ , testing for other channels are optional.
2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.
3. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
4. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is  $> \frac{1}{2}$  dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
5. The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class 12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 2DL+3UL is the worst case.

**WCDMA 850 Band:**

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Power Drift (dB)	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
						Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Left Head Cheek	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	RMC	0.18	22.28	22.4	1.028	0.121	0.124	/
	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Left Head Tilt	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	RMC	-0.02	22.28	22.4	1.028	0.078	0.08	/
	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Cheek	826.4	RMC	0.11	21.95	22.4	1.109	0.125	0.139	/
	836.6	RMC	-0.03	22.28	22.4	1.028	0.141	0.145	<b>5#</b>
	846.6	RMC	0.06	22.02	22.4	1.091	0.127	0.139	/
Right Head Tilt	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	RMC	0.07	22.28	22.4	1.028	0.088	0.09	/
	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Back (10mm)	826.4	RMC	0.18	21.95	22.4	1.109	0.351	0.389	/
	836.6	RMC	-0.01	22.28	22.4	1.028	0.392	0.403	<b>6#</b>
	846.6	RMC	0.07	22.02	22.4	1.091	0.352	0.384	/
Body-Left (10mm)	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	RMC	0.07	22.28	22.4	1.028	0.103	0.106	/
	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Right (10mm)	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	RMC	0.13	22.28	22.4	1.028	0.083	0.085	/
	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Bottom (10mm)	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	RMC	-0.02	22.28	22.4	1.028	0.181	0.185	/
	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

**Note:**

1. When the 1-g SAR is  $\leq 0.8W/Kg$ , testing for other channels are optional.
2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same antenna while testing SAR.
3. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model.
4. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA/HSPA+/DC-HSDPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than 1/4 dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is < 75% of SAR limit.
5. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

**WCDMA 1900 Band:**

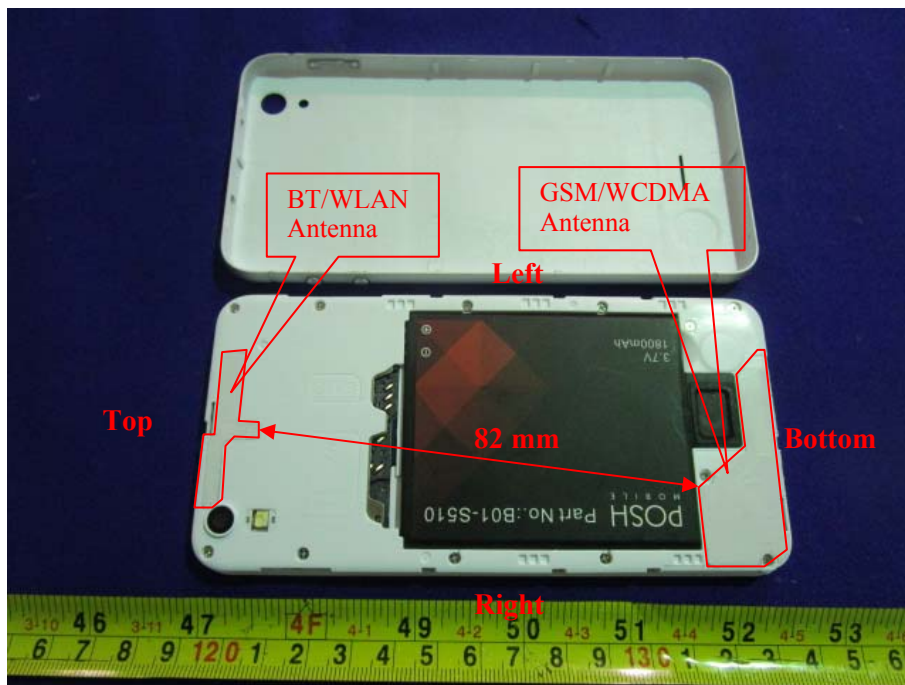
EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Power Drift (dB)	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
						Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Left Head Cheek	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	RMC	0.05	22.19	22.8	1.151	0.199	0.229	/
	1907.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Left Head Tilt	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	RMC	-0.02	22.19	22.8	1.151	0.138	0.159	/
	1907.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Cheek	1852.4	RMC	-0.05	22.72	22.8	1.019	0.282	0.287	7#
	1880	RMC	0.06	22.19	22.8	1.151	0.243	0.28	/
	1907.6	RMC	0.05	22.24	22.8	1.138	0.242	0.275	/
Right Head Tilt	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	RMC	0.18	22.19	22.8	1.151	0.169	0.195	/
	1907.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Bottom (10mm)	1852.4	RMC	0.02	22.72	22.8	1.019	0.549	0.559	8#
	1880	RMC	0.13	22.19	22.8	1.151	0.467	0.538	/
	1907.6	RMC	0.04	22.24	22.8	1.138	0.479	0.545	/
Body-Left (10mm)	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	RMC	-0.15	22.19	22.8	1.151	0.156	0.18	/
	1907.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Right (10mm)	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	RMC	0.12	22.19	22.8	1.151	0.074	0.085	/
	1907.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Back (10mm)	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	RMC	-0.04	22.19	22.8	1.151	0.217	0.247	/
	1907.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

**Note:**

1. When the 1-g SAR is  $\leq 0.8W/Kg$ , testing for other channels are optional.
2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same antenna while testing SAR.
3. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model.
4. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA/HSPA+/DC-HSDPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than 1/4 dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is < 75% of SAR limit.
5. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

## SAR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION DESCRIPTION

### BT&WLAN and GSM&WCDMA Antennas Location:



### Simultaneous Transmission:

Description of Simultaneous Transmit Capabilities			Antennas Distance (mm)
Transmitter Combination	Simultaneous?	Hotspot?	
GSM + WCDMA	×	×	0
GSM + Bluetooth	√	×	82
GSM + WLAN	√	√	82
WCDMA + Bluetooth	√	×	82
WCDMA + WLAN	√	√	82

**Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations**

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Pavg (dBm)	Pavg (mW)	Distance (mm)	Calculated value	Threshold (1-g)	SAR Test Exclusion
WLAN	2462	9.7	9.33	0	2.9	3	YES
Bluetooth	2480	4.8	3.02	0	1	3	YES

**NOTE:**

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0 \text{ for 1-g SAR and } \leq 7.5 \text{ for 10-g extremity SAR, where}$$

1. f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.
2. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.
3. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.
4. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.

**Standalone SAR estimation:**

Mode	Frequency (GHz)	Pavg (dBm)	Pavg (mW)	Distance (mm)	Estimated 1-g (W/kg)
WLAN Head	2462	9.7	9.33	0	0.387
WLAN Body	2462	9.7	9.33	10	0.194
BT Head	2480	4.8	3.02	0	0.133
BT Body	2480	4.8	3.02	10	0.067

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})/x}]$$

W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm;

where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion

**Simultaneous and Hotspot SAR test exclusion considerations:**

Mode(SAR1+SAR2)	Position	Reported SAR(W/kg)		ΣSAR < 1.6W/kg
		SAR1	SAR2	
GSM 850+Bluetooth	Left Head Cheek	0.152	0.133	0.285
	Left Head Tilt	0.103	0.133	0.236
	Right Head Cheek	0.184	0.133	0.317
	Right Head Tilt	0.109	0.133	0.242
	Body-Back-Headset	0.609	0.133	0.742
GPRS 850 + Bluetooth	Body-Back	0.758	0.067	0.825
	Body- Left	0.203	0.067	0.27
	Body- Right	0.141	0.067	0.208
	Body-Bottom	0.345	0.067	0.412
PCS1900 +Bluetooth	Left Head Cheek	0.167	0.133	0.3
	Left Head Tilt	0.104	0.133	0.237
	Right Head Cheek	0.214	0.133	0.347
	Right Head Tilt	0.126	0.133	0.259
	Body-Back-Headset	0.509	0.133	0.642
GPRS 1900 + Bluetooth	Body-Back	0.656	0.067	0.723
	Body- Left	0.157	0.067	0.224
	Body- Right	0.121	0.067	0.188
	Body-Bottom	0.298	0.067	0.365
WCDMA 850+Bluetooth	Left Head Cheek	0.124	0.133	0.257
	Left Head Tilt	0.08	0.133	0.213
	Right Head Cheek	0.145	0.133	0.278
	Right Head Tilt	0.09	0.133	0.223
	Body-Back	0.403	0.067	0.47
	Body- Left	0.106	0.067	0.173
	Body- Right	0.085	0.067	0.152
	Body-Bottom	0.185	0.067	0.252
WCDMA 1900+Bluetooth	Left Head Cheek	0.229	0.133	0.362
	Left Head Tilt	0.159	0.133	0.292
	Right Head Cheek	0.287	0.133	0.42
	Right Head Tilt	0.195	0.133	0.328
	Body-Back	0.559	0.067	0.626
	Body- Left	0.18	0.067	0.247
	Body- Right	0.085	0.067	0.152
	Body-Bottom	0.247	0.067	0.314

Mode(SAR1+SAR2)	Position	Reported SAR(W/kg)		ΣSAR < 1.6W/kg
		SAR1	SAR2	
GSM 850+ WLAN	Left Head Cheek	0.152	0.387	0.539
	Left Head Tilt	0.103	0.387	0.49
	Right Head Cheek	0.184	0.387	0.571
	Right Head Tilt	0.109	0.387	0.496
	Body-Back-Headset	0.609	0.194	0.803
	Body-Bottom	0.345	0.194	0.539
GPRS 850 + WLAN (Hotspot)	Body- Left	0.203	0.194	0.397
	Body- Right	0.141	0.194	0.335
	Body-Back	0.758	0.194	<b>0.952</b>
PCS1900 + WLAN	Left Head Cheek	0.167	0.387	0.554
	Left Head Tilt	0.104	0.387	0.491
	Right Head Cheek	0.214	0.387	0.601
	Right Head Tilt	0.126	0.387	0.513
	Body-Back-Headset	0.509	0.194	0.703
	Body-Bottom	0.298	0.194	0.492
GPRS 1900 + WLAN (Hotspot)	Body- Left	0.157	0.194	0.351
	Body- Right	0.121	0.194	0.315
	Body-Back	0.656	0.194	0.85
WCDMA 850+ WLAN	Left Head Cheek	0.124	0.387	0.511
	Left Head Tilt	0.08	0.387	0.467
	Right Head Cheek	0.145	0.387	0.532
	Right Head Tilt	0.09	0.387	0.477
	Body-Bottom	0.185	0.194	0.379
WCDMA 850+ WLAN (Hotspot)	Body- Left	0.106	0.194	0.3
	Body- Right	0.085	0.194	0.279
	Body-Back	0.403	0.194	0.597
WCDMA 1900+ WLAN	Left Head Cheek	0.229	0.387	0.616
	Left Head Tilt	0.159	0.387	0.546
	Right Head Cheek	0.287	0.387	<b>0.674</b>
	Right Head Tilt	0.195	0.387	0.582
	Body-Bottom	0.247	0.194	0.441
WCDMA 1900+ WLAN (Hotspot)	Body- Left	0.18	0.194	0.374
	Body- Right	0.085	0.194	0.279
	Body-Back	0.559	0.194	0.753

**Note:**

Hotspot mode SAR is only required for the edges within 25mm from the transmitting antenna located.

**Conclusion:**

Σ SAR < 1.6 W/kg therefore simultaneous transmission SAR with Volume Scans is **not** required.



## SAR Plots (Summary of the Highest SAR Values)

**Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)**

**Test Plot 1#: GSM 850 Right Cheek High Channel**

**DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: S510A**

Communication System: Generic GSM; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1: 8

Medium parameters used:  $f = 848.8 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.895 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 42.709$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.52, 9.52, 9.52); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/9/18
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0\_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

**Head/GSM 850 Right Cheek/Area Scan (71x121x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.198 W/kg

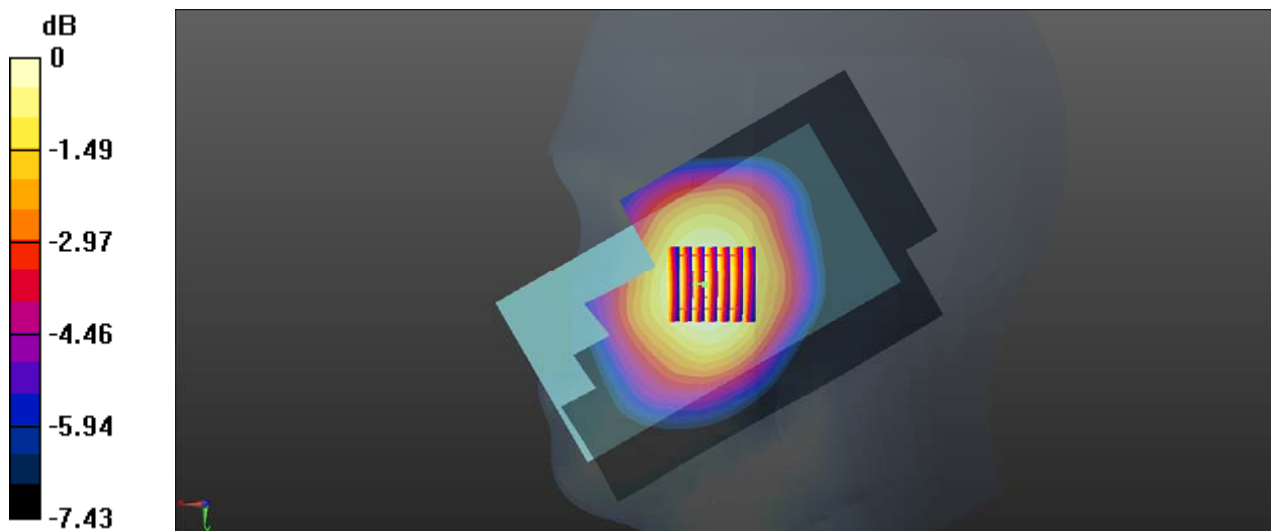
**Head/GSM 850 Right Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 4.497 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.219 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.180 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.140 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.187 W/kg



0 dB = 0.187 W/kg = -7.28 dBW/kg

**Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)**

**Test Plot 2#:GSM 850 Back High Channel**

**DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: S510A**

Communication System: Generic GPRS-3SLOTS; Frequency: 848.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1: 2.67  
 Medium parameters used:  $f = 848.8 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.987 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 54.988$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$   
 Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.17, 9.17, 9.17); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/9/18
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0\_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

**Body/GSM 850 Back/Area Scan (61x111x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.783 W/kg

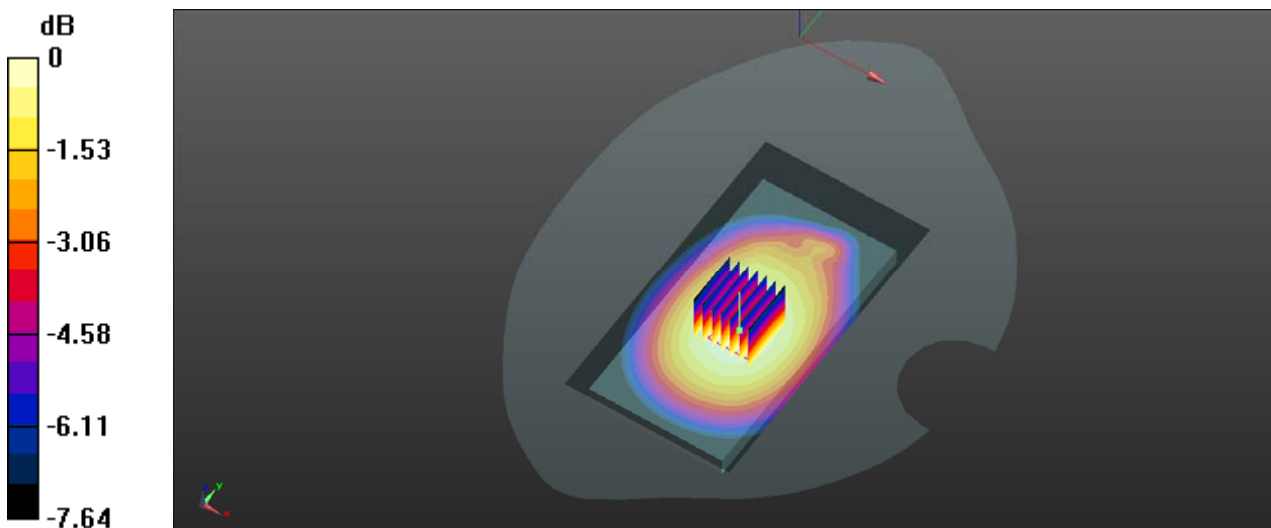
**Body/GSM 850 Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 25.57 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.927 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.744 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.574 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.780 W/kg



0 dB = 0.780 W/kg = -1.08 dBW/kg

**Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)**

**Test Plot 3#:PCS 1900 Right Cheek Low Channel**

**DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: S510A**

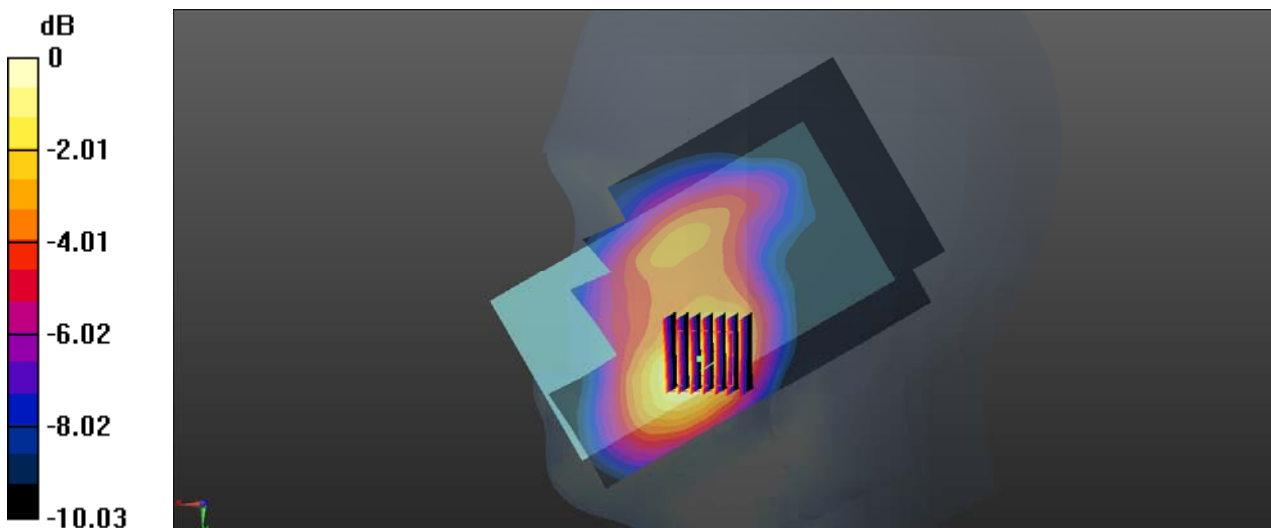
Communication System: Generic GSM; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8  
 Medium parameters used:  $f = 1850.2 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.359 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 39.843$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$   
 Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/9/18
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0\_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

**Head/PCS 1900 Right Cheek/Area Scan (71x111x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$   
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.214 W/kg

**Head/PCS 1900 Right Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$   
 Reference Value = 3.900 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB  
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.347 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.209 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.124 W/kg**  
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.226 W/kg



0 dB = 0.226 W/kg = -6.46 dBW/kg

**Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)**

**Test Plot 4#:PCS 1900 Back Low Channel**

**DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: S510A**

Communication System: Generic GPRS-3 SLOTS; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.67

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1850.2$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.477$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 55.28$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.56, 7.56, 7.56); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/9/18
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0\_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

**Body/PCS 1900 Back/Area Scan (61x111x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.683 W/kg

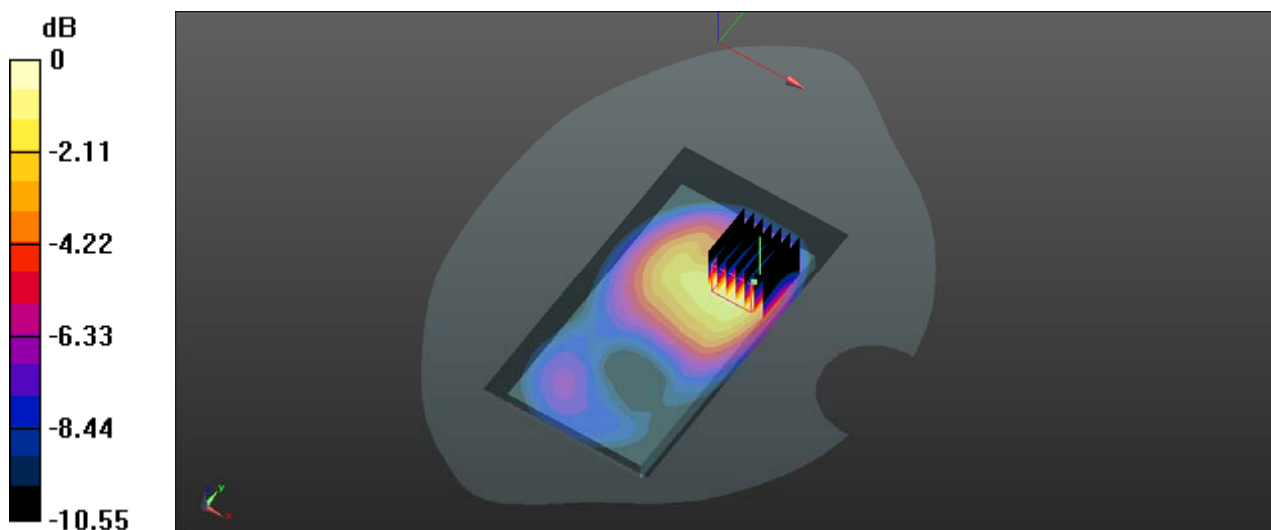
**Body/PCS 1900 Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.06 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.10 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.637 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.350 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.694 W/kg



0 dB = 0.694 W/kg = -1.59 dBW/kg

**Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)**

**Test Plot 5#:WCDMA 850 Right Cheek Middle Channel**

**DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: S510A**

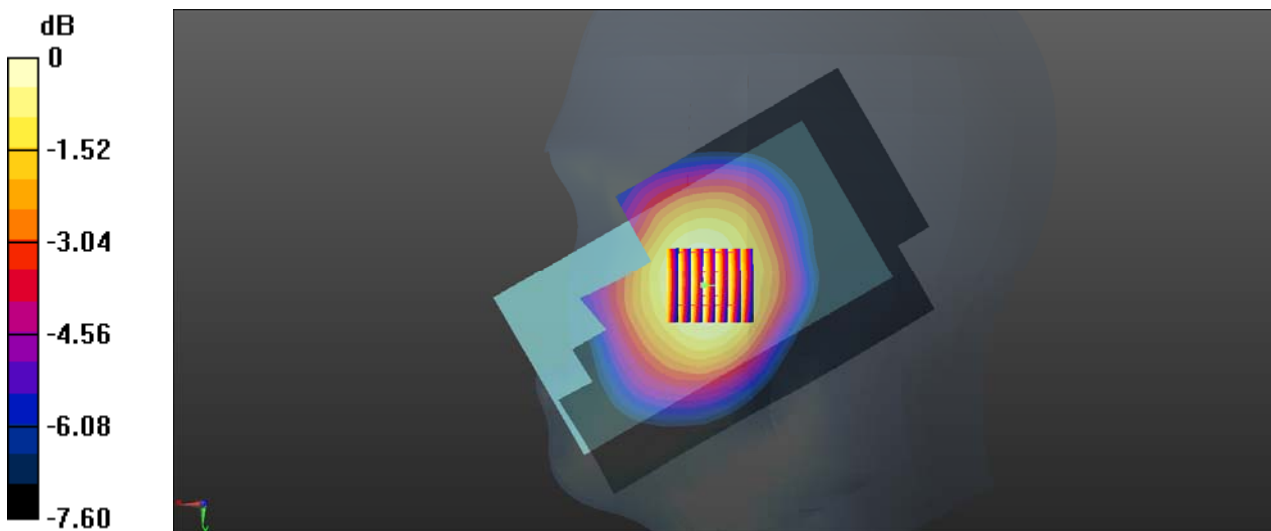
Communication System: BAND V; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1  
 Medium parameters used:  $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.892 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 42.881$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$   
 Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.52, 9.52, 9.52); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/9/18
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0\_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

**Head/WCDMA 850 Right Cheek/Area Scan (71x121x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$   
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =  $0.150 \text{ W/kg}$

**Head/WCDMA 850 Right Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$   
 Reference Value =  $4.180 \text{ V/m}$ ; Power Drift =  $-0.03 \text{ dB}$   
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) =  $0.170 \text{ W/kg}$   
**SAR(1 g) =  $0.141 \text{ W/kg}$ ; SAR(10 g) =  $0.110 \text{ W/kg}$**   
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) =  $0.148 \text{ W/kg}$



0 dB =  $0.148 \text{ W/kg} = -8.30 \text{ dBW/kg}$

**Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)**

**Test Plot 6#:WCDMA 850 Back Middle Channel**

**DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: S510A**

Communication System: BAND V; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1  
 Medium parameters used:  $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.975 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 55.129$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$   
 Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.17, 9.17, 9.17); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/9/18
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0\_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

**Body/WCDMA 850 Back/Area Scan (61x111x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.407 W/kg

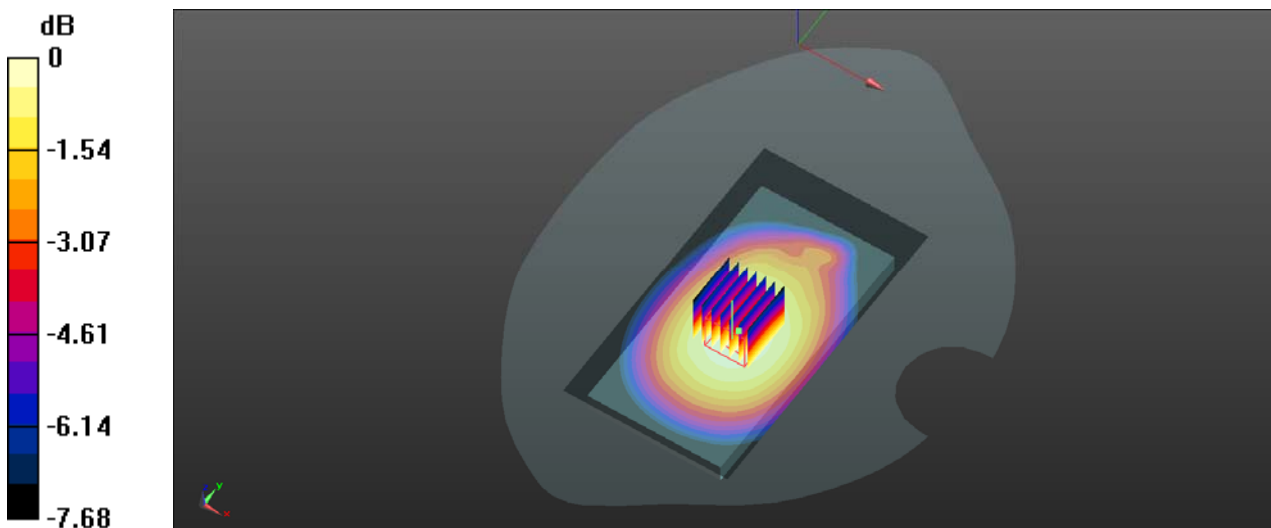
**Body/WCDMA 850 Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 18.35 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.487 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.392 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.301 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.410 W/kg



0 dB = 0.410 W/kg = -3.87 dBW/kg

**Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)**

**Test Plot 7#:WCDMA 1900 Right Cheek Low Channel**

**DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: S510A**

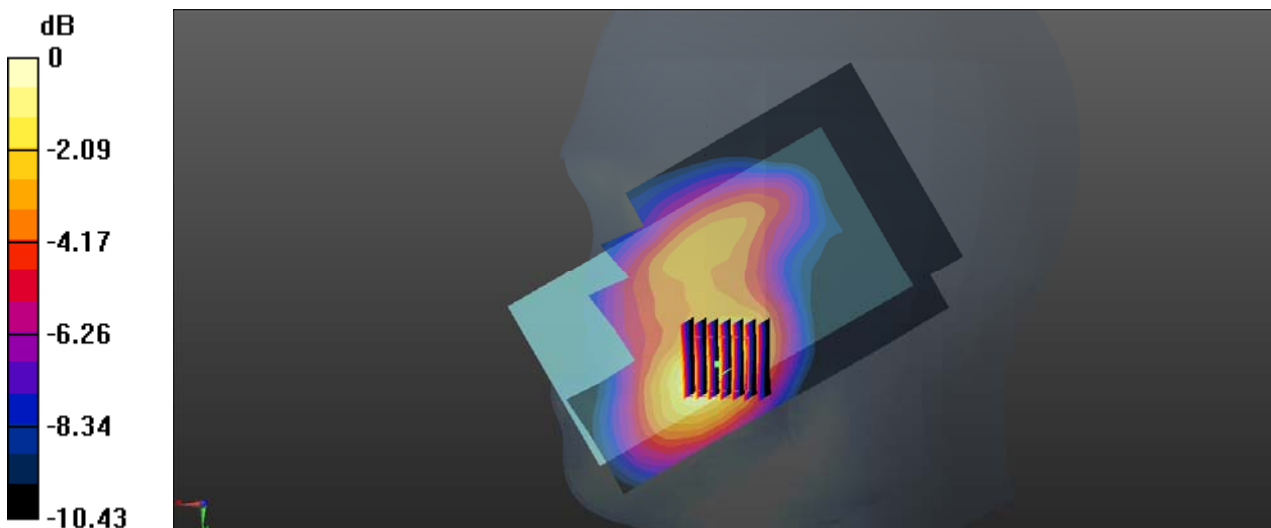
Communication System: BAND II; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1  
 Medium parameters used:  $f = 1852.4 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.367 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 39.839$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$   
 Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/9/18
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0\_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

**Head/WCDMA 1900 Right Cheek/Area Scan (71x111x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$   
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.282 W/kg

**Head/WCDMA 1900 Right Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$   
 Reference Value = 4.769 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB  
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.479 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.282 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.165 W/kg**  
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.305 W/kg



0 dB = 0.305 W/kg = -5.16 dBW/kg

**Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)**

**Test Plot 8#:WCDMA 1900 Back Low Channel**

**DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: S510A**

Communication System: BAND II; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1852.4$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.465$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.466$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.56, 7.56, 7.56); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/9/18
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0\_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

**Body/WCDMA 1900 Back/Area Scan (61x111x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.579 W/kg

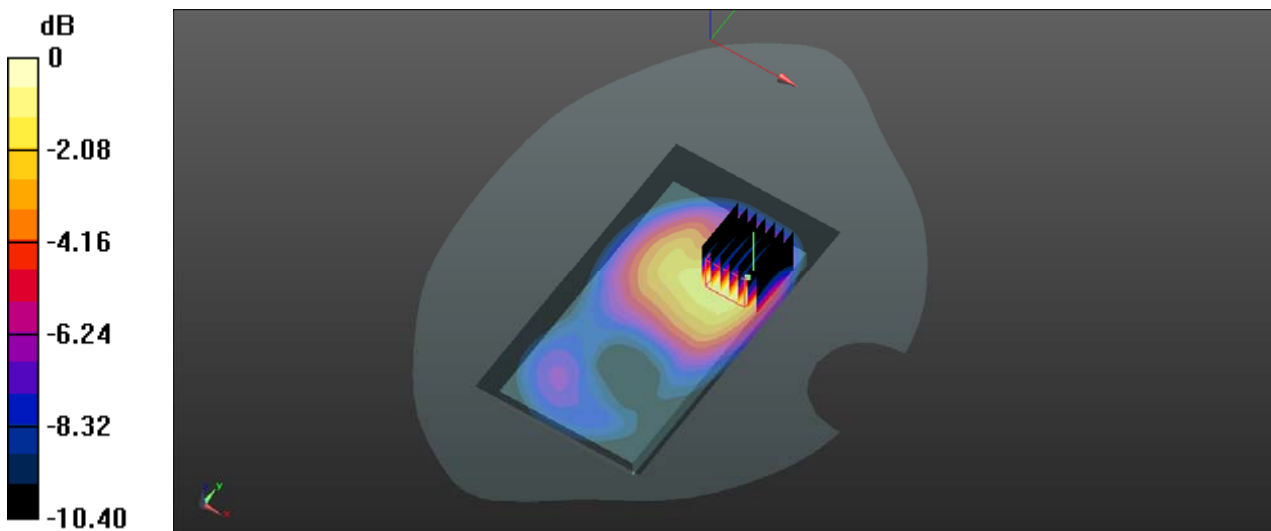
**Body/WCDMA 1900 Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.42 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.960 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.549 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.302 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.602 W/kg



0 dB = 0.602 W/kg = -2.20 dBW/kg



## APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the measurement system and is given in the following Table.

**Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEEE1528-2013 SAR test**

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)
<b>Measurement system</b>							
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0
Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
RF ambient conditions – noise	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
RF ambient conditions–reflections	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9
Post-processing	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2
<b>Test sample related</b>							
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8
Device holder uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Drift of output power	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9
<b>Phantom and set-up</b>							
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3
Liquid conductivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2
Liquid conductivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1
Liquid permittivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4
Liquid permittivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.0
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.3	23.9

**Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEC62209-2 SAR test**

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)
<b>Measurement system</b>							
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0
Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Modulation Response	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
RF ambient conditions – noise	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
RF ambient conditions–reflections	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9
Post-processing	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2
<b>Test sample related</b>							
Device holder Uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8
Power scaling	4.5	R	√3	1	1	2.6	2.6
Drift of output power	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9
<b>Phantom and set-up</b>							
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3
Algorithm for correcting SAR for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.1	0.9
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	1.7	R	√3	0.78	0.71	0.8	0.7
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	0.3	R	√3	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.1
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.5	24.2

## APPENDIX B EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS

Liquid depth  $\geq 15\text{cm}$



Body-worn Back Setup Photo



**Body-worn Left Setup Photo**



**Body-worn Right Setup Photo**



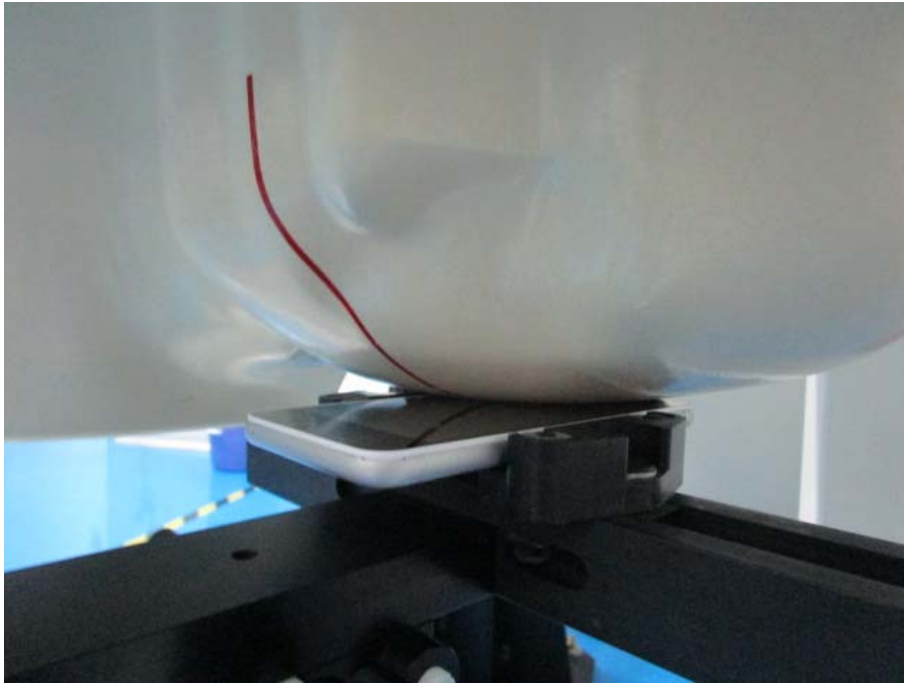
**Body-worn Headset Setup Photo**



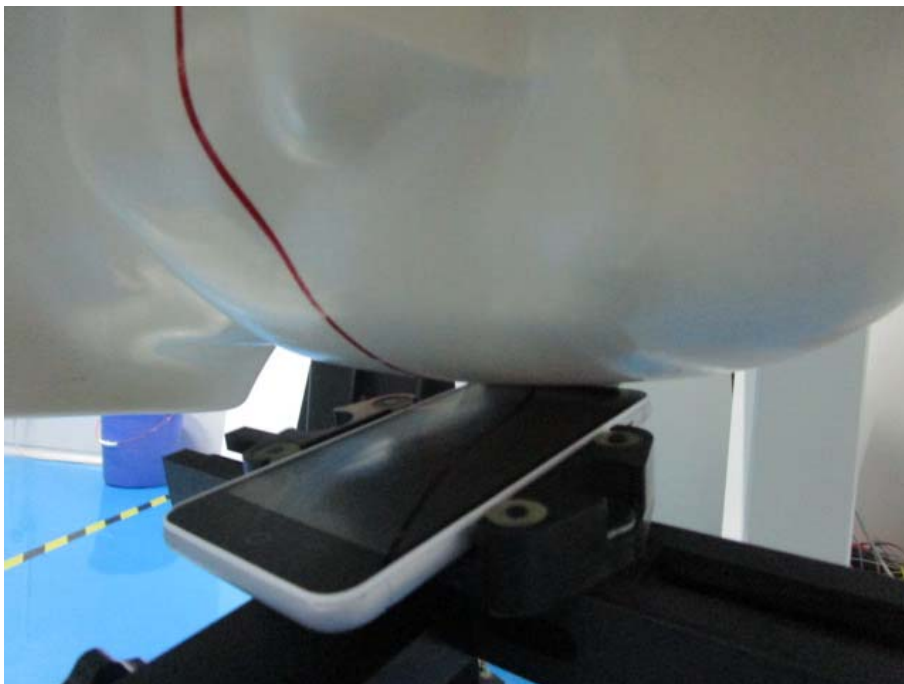
**Body-worn Bottom Setup Photo**



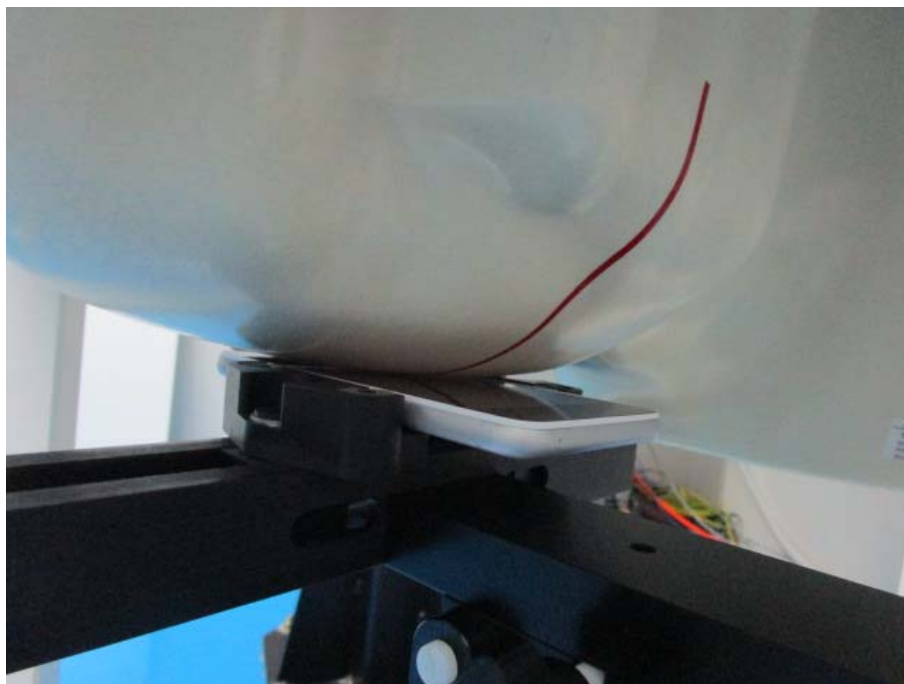
**Left Head Touch Setup Photo**



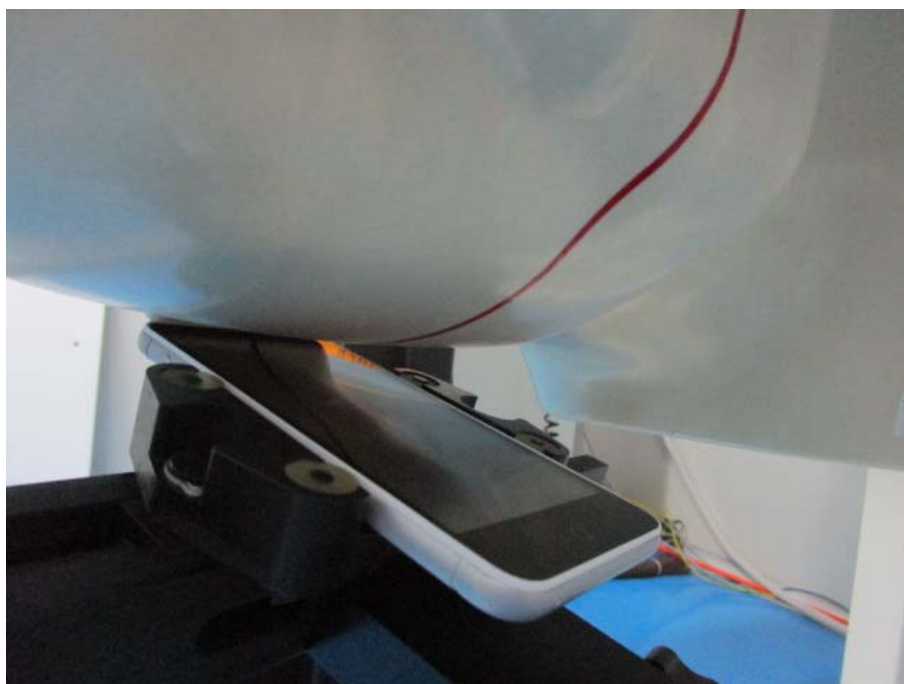
**Left Head Tilt Setup Photo**



**Right Head Touch Setup Photo**



**Right Head Tilt Setup Photo**



### APPENDIX C EUT PHOTOS

EUT – Front View

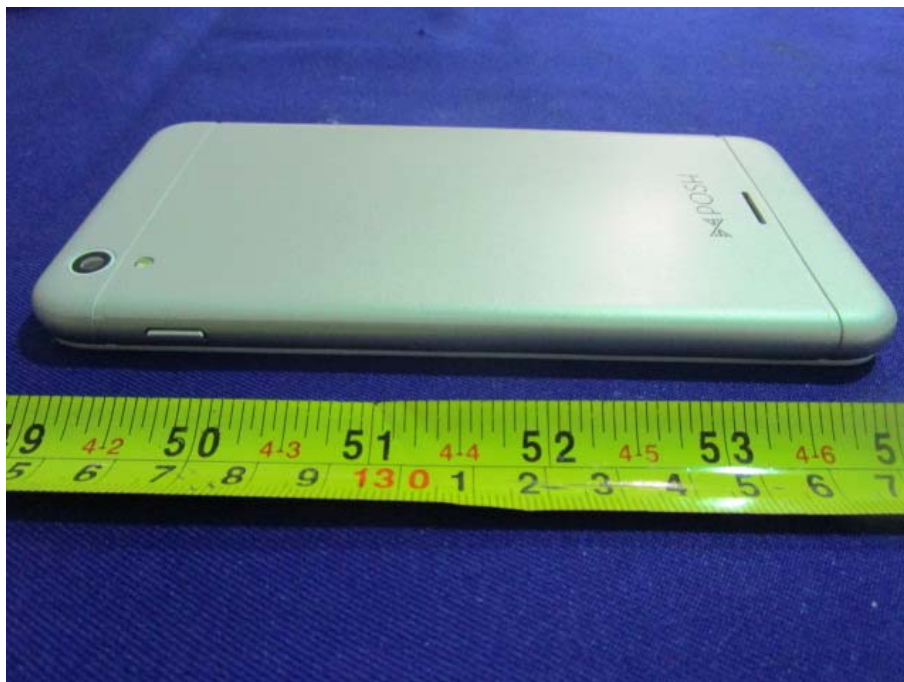


EUT –Back View





**EUT – Side View-1**



**EUT – Side View-2**



**EUT – Side View-3**



**EUT – Side View-4**



**EUT – Cover off View**



# DECLARATION LETTER

## Declaration of Alteration

To Whom It May Concern,

We, Posh Mobile Limited, hereby declare that there are some differences between our Multiple Models and testing products. Details as below:

(This is for your reference only.)

Products	Name	Icon	
	Brand	POSH	
Description	Manufacturer	Shenzhen Posh Mobile Limited	
	Project No.	RDG151012006, RDG151012006-20	
Differences Description			
Testing Products	Multiple Models	Differences Items	Details
S510A	S510B	Model name.	They are same motherboard, and just have the different model name.

Notes: Testing products-the products tested by BACL

Multiple Model- have the same or similar appearance, structure, PCB, Material and function to the testing products, and only are different for little parameters.

Besides the differences in the table above, we declare the products are identical We guarantee all the information provided above is true, and notice that we'll bear all the consequences caused by any false information or concealing

Best Regards,

Signature:  
 Print Name: K.N. Chong  
 Title: Manager



---

## APPENDIX D CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

---

**Please Refer to the Attachment.**

**\*\*\*\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*\*\*\***