

# FCC Part 15 Subpart C §15.247

## Test Report

<b>Equipment Under Test</b>	<b>Neck band type bluetooth head set</b>
<b>Model Name</b>	<b>NB-K1</b>
<b>Variant Model</b>	<b>NB-KO</b>
<b>Applicant</b>	<b>Clips Tech Co., Ltd.</b>
<b>FCC ID</b>	<b>2AB34-NB-K1</b>
<b>Manufacturer</b>	<b>Clips Tech Co., Ltd.</b>
<b>Date of Test(s)</b>	<b>2015.05.12 ~ 2015.05.21</b>
<b>Date of Issue</b>	<b>2015.05.21</b>

In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards specified above.

<b>Issue to</b>	<b>Issue by</b>
<p><b>Clips Tech Co., Ltd.</b> A-203, SK Twintech Tower, Gasan-Dong, Geumcheon-gu, Seoul, Korea</p> <p>Tel.: +82-2-514-5517 Fax: +82-2-517-5574</p>	<p><b>MOVON CORPORATION</b> 498-2, Geumeo-ro, Pogok-eup, Cheoin-gu, Yongin-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea, 449-812</p> <p>Tel.: +82-31-338-8837 Fax: +82-31-338-8847</p>



## Revision history

Revision	Date of issue	Description	Revised by
--	May 21, 2015	Initial	--

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## 1. Attestation of test result

### 1.1. Details of applicant

Applicant : Clips Tech Co.,Ltd  
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Contact Person : Sung Koo Mo  
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### 1.2. Manufacturer Information

Manufacturer : Clips Tech Co.,Ltd  
Address : A-203, SK Twintech Tower, Gasan-Dong, Geumcheon-gu, Seoul, Korea



### 1.3. Summary of test results

The EUT has been tested according to the following specifications;

Section in FCC part 15	Description	Result
§15.205 §15.209 §15.247(d)	Transmitter radiated spurious emissions, Conducted spurious emission	C
§15.247(a)(2)	6 dB Bandwidth	C
§15.247(b)(e)	Maximum Conducted Output Power	C
§15.247(e)	Transmitter Power Spectral Density	C
§1.1307(b)(1)	RF exposure evaluation	C

*The sample was tested according to the following specification:*

**FCC Parts 15.247; ANSI C-63.4-2009**

**FCC Public Notice KDB 558074 D01 v03r02**

**TEST SITE REGISTRATION NUMBER: FCC(670686), FCC(273444)**

#### ※ Abbreviation

C Complied

N/A Not applicable

F Fail

#### Approval Signatories

Test and Report Completed by :	Report Approval by :
Jungmoo Her Test Engineer MOVON CORPORATION	Issac Jin Technical Manager MOVON CORPORATION

**2. EUT Description**

<b>Kind of product</b>	Neck band type bluetooth head set
<b>FCC ID</b>	2AB34-NB-K1
<b>Model Name</b>	NB-K1
<b>Variant Model</b>	NB-KO
<b>Serial Number</b>	N/A
<b>Power supply</b>	DC 5.0V
<b>Frequency range</b>	2 402 MHz ~ 2 480 MHz
<b>Modulation technique</b>	GFSK
<b>Number of channels</b>	40
<b>Antenna gain</b>	2.3 dB i (Max.)
<b>Test Site Registration Number</b>	FCC(670686), FCC(273444)

**2.1. Declarations by the manufacturer**

None

**2.2. Details of modification**

None

### 3. Measurement equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial number	Calibration Interval	Calibration due.
Test Receiver	R&S	ESVD	836108/010	1 year	2016-03-03
Signal Generator	R&S	SMBV100	257379	1 year	2015-09-29
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV-40	100832	1 year	2016-03-06
Power Meter	Agilent	E4416A	GB41290645	1 year	2015-09-29
Power Sensor	Agilent	9327A	US40441490	1 year	2016-03-05
Double Redge Horn Antenna	R&S	HF906	100236	2 year	2015-09-04
Horn Antenna	AH Systems	EM-AH-0818	AH00012	2 year	2015-09-06
Bi-Log Antenna	Schwarz Beck	VULB9186	9168-570	2 year	2016-04-17
Power Amplifier	MITEQ	AM-1431	1497315	1 year	2015-09-29
Power Amplifier	MITEQ	AFS43-01002600	1374382	1 year	2015-09-29
High Pass Filter	Wainwright	WHK3.0/18G-10SS	508	1 year	2015-09-29
TWO-LINE V-NETWORK	R&S	ENV216	101408	1 year	2015-10-01
Slidacs	대광전자	3-5-44	None	1 year	2015-09-29
Controller	INNCO	CO2000	co200/064/6961003/L	N/A	N/A
Antenna Master	INNCO	MA4000	MA4000/038/6961003/L	N/A	N/A
Loop Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	FMZB 1519	1519-046	2 year	2016-04-08
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESCS30	834115/019	1 year	2016-03-03

**※ Remark;**  
**Support equipment**

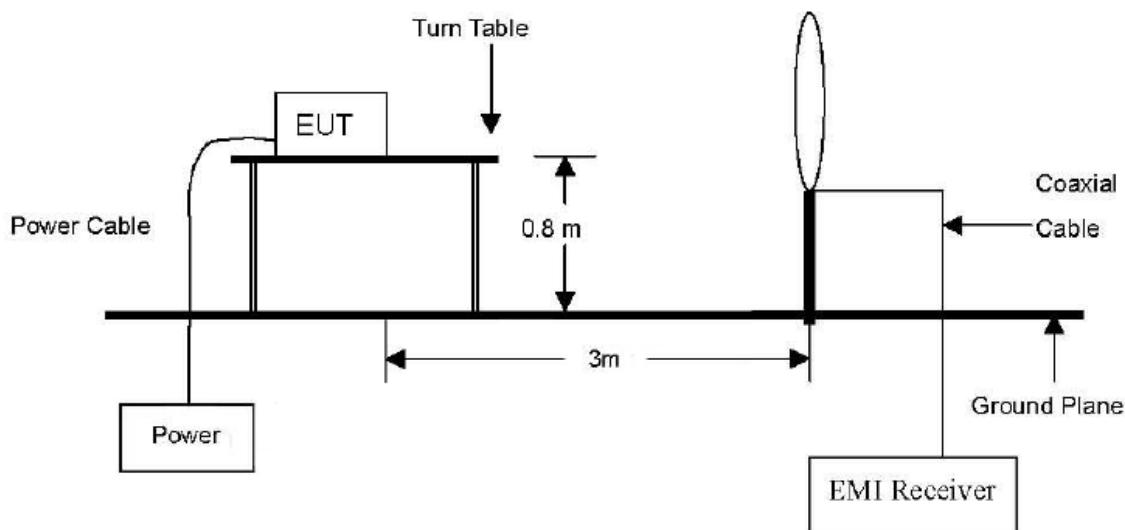
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial number
Notebook computer	DELL	Latitude D510	-
Phone	삼성전자(주)	SHV-E210S	R33C80F5DYA

## 4. Transmitter radiated spurious emissions and conducted spurious emissions

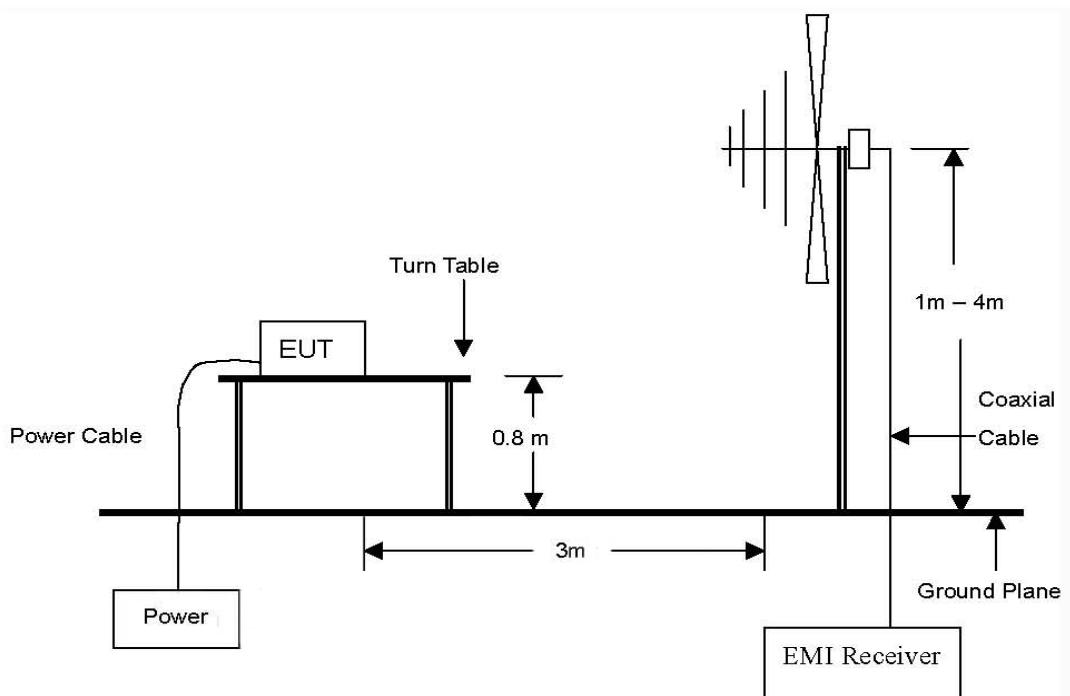
### 4.1. Test setup

#### 4.1.1. Transmitter radiated spurious emissions

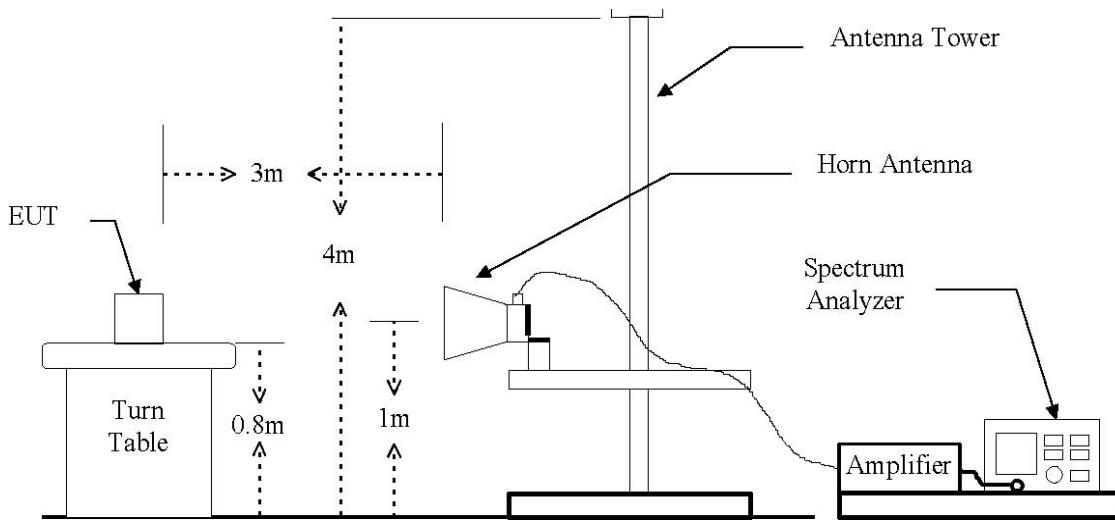
The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 9kHz to 30MHz Emissions.



The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 30 MHz to 1 GHz emissions.



The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 1 GHz to 40 GHz emissions.



#### 4.2. Limit

According to §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based in either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph(b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in section §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emission which in the restricted band, as defined in section §15.209(a), must also comply the radiated emission limits specified in section §15.209(a) (see section §15.205(c))

According to §15.209(a), Except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Distance (Meters)	Radiated at 3M (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Radiated ( $\mu$ V/m)
0.009–0.490	300	See the remark	2400/F(kHz)
0.490–1.705	30		24000/F(kHz)
1.705–30.0	30		30
30 - 88	3	40.0	100
88 – 216	3	43.5	150
216 – 960	3	46.0	200
Above 960	3	54.0	500

According to §15.205(a), Except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from Restricted bands of operation shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 – 0.110	16.42 – 16.423	399.9 – 410	4.5 – 5.15
0.495 – 0.505	16.694 75 – 16.695 25	608 – 614	5.35 – 5.46
2.173 5 – 2.190 5	16.804 25 -16.804 75	960 – 1240	7.25 – 7.75
4.125 – 4.128	25.5 – 25.67	1300 – 1427	8.025 – 8.5
4.177 25 – 4.177 75	37.5 – 38.25	1435 – 1626.5	9.0 – 9.2
4.207 25 – 4.207 75	73 – 74.6	1645.5 – 1646.5	9.3 – 9.5
6.215 – 6.218	74.8 – 75.2	1660 – 1710	10.6 – 12.7
6.267 75 – 6.268 25	108 – 121.94	1718.8 – 1722.2	13.25 – 13.4
6.311 75 – 6.312 25	123 – 138	2200 – 2300	14.47 – 14.5
8.291 – 8.294	149.9 – 150.05	2310 – 2390	15.35 – 16.2
9.362 – 8.366	156.524 75 – 156.525 25	2483.5 – 2500	17.7 – 21.4
8.376 25 – 8.386 75	156.7 – 156.9	2655 – 2900	22.01 – 23.12
8.414 25 – 8.414 75	162.012 5 – 167.17	3260 – 3267	23.6 – 24.0
12.29 – 12.293	167.72 – 173.2	3332 - 3339	31.2 – 31.8
12.519 75 – 12.520 25	240 – 285	3345.8 – 3358	36.43 – 36.5
12.576 75 – 12.577 25	322 -335.4	3600 – 4400	
13.36 – 13.41			

**\*Remark**

1. Emission level in dB uV/m =  $20 \log (\mu\text{V}/\text{m})$
2. Measurement was performed at an antenna to the closed point of EUT distance of meters.
3. Distance extrapolation factor =  $40\log(\text{Specific distance}/\text{test distance})$  (dB)  
Limit line=Specific limits(dB uV) + distance extrapolation factor.

#### 4.3. Test procedures

Radiated emissions from the EUT were measured according to the dictates of ANSI C63.4:2003

##### 4.3.1. Test procedures for radiated spurious emissions

1. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane.
2. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
3. EUT is set 3 m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.
4. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
5. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
6. Repeat above procedures until the measurements for all frequencies are complete.

**\* Remark:**

1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 10 kHz for Peak detection (PK) at frequency below 30 MHz
2. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120 kHz for Peak detection (PK) or Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequency below 1 GHz.
3. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz for Peak detection and frequency above 1 GHz.
4. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz and the video bandwidth is 10 Hz for Average detection (AV) at frequency above 1 GHz.

##### 4.3.2. Test procedures for conducted spurious emissions

All data rates and modes were investigated for conducted spurious emissions. Only the conducted emissions of the configuration that produced the worst case emissions are reported in this section.

Per the guidance of KDB 558074, section 5.4.1.1, the reference level for out of band emissions is established from the plots of this section since the band edge emissions are measured with a RBW of 100 kHz. This reference level is then used as the limit in subsequent plots for out of band spurious emissions shown in section 4.4.4. The limit for out of band spurious emission at the band edge is 30 dB below the fundamental emission level measured in a 100 kHz bandwidth.

#### 4.4. Test result

Ambient temperature: 23 °C

Relative humidity: 40 % R.H.

##### 4.4.1. Spurious radiated emission

The frequency spectrum from 9 kHz to 30 MHz was investigated. Emission levels are not reported much lower than the limits by over 20 dB. All reading values are peak values.

To get a maximum emission levels from the EUT, the EUT was moved throughout the XY, XZ, and YZ planes.

##### A. Low channel (2 402 MHz)

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	CL (dB)	Actual (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
No other emissions were detected at a level greater than 20dB below limit.								

##### B. Middle channel (2 440 MHz)

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	CL (dB)	Actual (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
No other emissions were detected at a level greater than 20dB below limit.								

##### C. High channel (2 480 MHz)

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	CL (dB)	Actual (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
No other emissions were detected at a level greater than 20dB below limit.								

##### ※ Remark

1. Actual = Reading + Ant. factor + CL (Cable loss)
2. Distance extrapolation factor =  $40 \log (\text{specific distance} / \text{test distance})$  (dB)
3. Limit line = specific Limits (dB $\mu$ V) + Distance extrapolation factor
4. 15.31 Measurement standards.

The amplitude of spurious emissions from intentional radiators and emissions from unintentional radiators which are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be reported unless specifically required elsewhere in this part.

#### 4.4.2. Spurious radiated emission

The frequency spectrum from 30 MHz to 1 000 MHz was investigated. Emission levels are not reported much lower than the limits by over 20 dB. All reading values are peak values.

To get a maximum emission levels from the EUT, the EUT was moved throughout the XY, XZ, and YZ planes.

##### A. Low channel (2 402 MHz)

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors	Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor(dB/m)+CL(dB)	Actual (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
42.61	12.61	Peak	V	13.64	26.25	40.00	13.75
191.02	15.55	Peak	V	11.45	27.00	43.50	16.50
426.73	14.66	Peak	V	18.33	32.99	46.00	13.01
477.17	14.43	Peak	H	19.87	34.30	46.00	11.70
785.63	13.58	Peak	H	25.38	38.96	46.00	7.04
918.52	13.68	Peak	H	26.84	40.52	46.00	5.48
Above 1 000.00	Not Detected	-	-	-	-	-	-

##### ※ Remark

1. Actual = Reading + Ant. factor + CL (Cable loss)

2. 15.31 Measurement standards.

The amplitude of spurious emissions from intentional radiators and emissions from unintentional radiators which are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be reported unless specifically required elsewhere in this part.

**B. Middle channel (2 440 MHz)**

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors	Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor(dB/m)+CL(dB)	Actual (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
42.61	12.60	Peak	V	13.64	26.24	40.00	13.76
191.02	15.52	Peak	V	11.45	26.97	43.50	16.53
426.73	14.64	Peak	V	18.33	32.94	46.00	13.06
477.17	14.44	Peak	H	19.87	34.31	46.00	11.69
785.63	13.57	Peak	H	25.38	38.95	46.00	7.05
918.52	13.67	Peak	H	26.84	40.51	46.00	5.49
Above 1 000.00	Not Detected	-	-	-	-	-	-

**C. High channel (2 480 MHz)**

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors	Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor(dB/m)+CL(dB)	Actual (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
42.61	12.62	Peak	V	13.64	26.26	40.00	13.74
191.02	15.56	Peak	V	11.45	27.01	43.50	16.49
426.73	14.65	Peak	V	18.33	32.98	46.00	13.02
477.17	14.44	Peak	H	19.87	34.31	46.00	11.69
785.63	13.57	Peak	H	25.38	38.95	46.00	7.05
918.52	13.69	Peak	H	26.84	40.53	46.00	5.47
Above 1 000.00	Not Detected	-	-	-	-	-	-

**\* Remark**

1. Actual = Reading + Ant. factor + CL (Cable loss)
2. 15.31 Measurement standards.

The amplitude of spurious emissions from intentional radiators and emissions from unintentional radiators which are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be reported unless specifically required elsewhere in this part.

#### 4.4.3. Spurious radiated emission

The frequency spectrum above 1 000 MHz was investigated. Emission levels are not reported much lower than the limits by over 20 dB.

To get a maximum emission levels from the EUT, the EUT was moved throughout the XY, XZ, and YZ planes.

##### A. Low channel (2 402 MHz)

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	Amp + CL (dB)	Actual (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
4 804.46	71.68	Peak	H	33.26	44.10	60.84	74.00	13.16
4 804.46	57.33	Average	H	33.26	44.10	46.49	54.00	7.51
7 206.73	67.26	Peak	H	35.66	43.05	59.87	74.00	14.13
7 206.73	50.54	Average	H	35.66	43.05	43.15	54.00	10.85
Above 8 000.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

##### B. Middle channel (2 440 MHz)

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	Amp + CL (dB)	Actual (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
4 879.43	69.55	Peak	H	33.26	44.10	58.71	74.00	15.29
4 879.43	54.78	Average	H	33.26	44.10	43.94	54.00	10.06
7 386.00	66.37	Peak	H	35.66	43.05	58.98	74.00	15.02
7 386.00	48.53	Average	H	35.66	43.05	41.14	54.00	12.86
Above 8 000.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

##### \* Remark

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental Frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1 000 MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
4. Actual = Reading + Ant. factor - Amp + CL (Cable loss)
5. 15.31 Measurement standards.

**THE AMPLITUDE OF SPURIOUS EMISSIONS FROM INTENTIONAL RADIATORS AND EMISSIONS FROM UNINTENTIONAL RADIATORS WHICH ARE ATTENUATED MORE THAN 20 DB BELOW THE PERMISSIBLE VALUE NEED NOT BE REPORTED UNLESS SPECIFICALLY REQUIRED ELSEWHERE IN THIS PART.**

**C. High channel (2 480 MHz)**

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	Amp + CL (dB)	Actual (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
4 959.50	67.42	Peak	H	33.26	44.10	56.58	74.00	17.42
4 959.50	52.74	Average	H	33.26	44.10	41.90	54.00	12.10
7 439.19	62.16	Peak	H	35.66	43.05	54.77	74.00	19.23
7 439.19	47.37	Average	H	35.66	43.05	39.98	54.00	14.02
Above 8 000.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

**※ Remark**

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental Frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1 000 MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
4. Actual = Reading + Ant. factor - Amp + CL (Cable loss)
5. 15.31 Measurement standards.

**THE AMPLITUDE OF SPURIOUS EMISSIONS FROM INTENTIONAL RADIATORS AND EMISSIONS FROM UNINTENTIONAL RADIATORS WHICH ARE ATTENUATED MORE THAN 20 DB BELOW THE PERMISSIBLE VALUE NEED NOT BE REPORTED UNLESS SPECIFICALLY REQUIRED ELSEWHERE IN THIS PART.**

## 4.5 Radiated Band Edge

### 4.5.1 Limit of Radiated Band Edges

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the intentional radiator frequency band, all harmonics/spurious must be at least 20 dB below the highest emission level within the authorized band. If the output power of this device was measured by spectrum analyzer, the attenuation under this paragraph shall be 30dB instead of 20dB. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in test restricted bands must also comply with the FCC section 15.209 limits as below.

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30
30 – 88	100	3
88 – 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

### 4.5.2 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows FCC KDB Publication No. 558074 D01 DTS Meas. Guidance v03r02.
2. The EUT was arranged to its worst case and then tune the antenna tower (from 1 m to 4 m) and turntable (from 0 degree to 360 degrees) to find the maximum reading. A pre-amp and a high pass filter are used for the test in order to get better signal level.
3. The EUT was placed on a turntable with 0.8 meter above ground.
4. The EUT was set 3 meters from the interference receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable height antenna tower.
5. Corrected Reading: Antenna Factor + Cable Loss + Read Level - Preamp Factor = Level
6. For measurement below 1GHz, If the emission level of the EUT measured by the peak detector is 3 dB lower than the applicable limit, the peak emission level will be reported. Otherwise, the emission measurement will be repeated using the quasi-peak detector and reported.
7. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
  - (1) Span shall wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured;
  - (2) Set RBW=100 kHz for  $f < 1$  GHz; VBW  $\geq$  RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold;
  - (3) Set RBW = 1 MHz, VBW= 3MHz for  $f \geq 1$  GHz for peak measurement. For average measurement:
    - VBW = 10 Hz, when duty cycle is no less than 98 percent.

#### 4.5.3 Test Result

##### A. 2 310 - 2 390 MHz measurement (ch.0 / 2 402MHz)

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB $\mu$ N)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	Amp + CL (dB)	Actual (dB $\mu$ N/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ N/m)	Margin (dB)
2 345.25	75.81	Peak	H	28.86	37.16	67.51	74.00	6.49
2 345.25	52.95	Average	H	28.86	37.16	44.65	54.00	9.35
2 345.25	73.63	Peak	V	28.86	37.16	65.33	74.00	8.67
2 345.25	52.46	Average	V	28.86	37.16	44.16	54.00	9.84

##### B. 2 483.5 – 2 500 MHz measurement (ch.39 / 2 480MHz)

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB $\mu$ N)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	Amp + CL (dB)	Actual (dB $\mu$ N/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ N/m)	Margin (dB)
2 483.51	53.18	Peak	H	28.86	37.16	44.88	74.00	29.12
2 483.51	39.28	Average	H	28.86	37.16	30.98	54.00	23.02
2 483.51	52.86	Peak	V	28.86	37.16	44.56	74.00	29.44
2 483.51	39.08	Average	V	28.86	37.16	30.78	54.00	23.22

## 4.6 Out of Band Emissions in non-restricted frequency band

### 4.6.1. Test requirements and limit

The peak output power measured in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 20 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 20 dBc). If maximum conducted (average) output power was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.2, then the peak power in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 30 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 30 dBc). In either case, attenuation to levels below the 15.209 general radiated emissions limits is not required.

### 4.6.2. Test procedure

1. Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured.
2. Set the RBW = 100 kHz (See below note for actual setting)
3. Set the VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW (See below note for actual setting)
4. Detector = peak.
5. Sweep time = auto couple.
6. Trace mode = max hold.
7. Allow the trace to stabilize.
8. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

*(Note: This test item was tested with below settings.)*

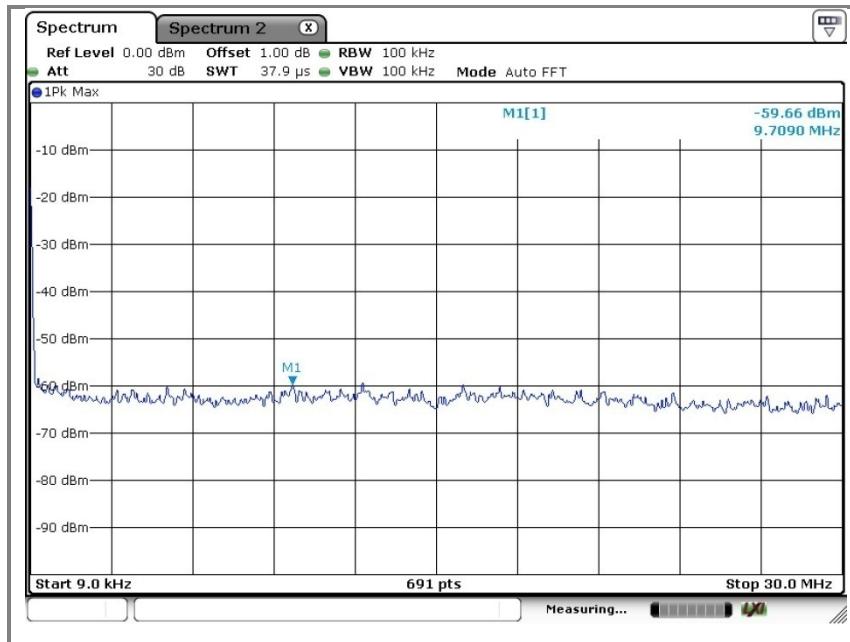
- RBW= 100kHz, VBW= 100kHz for frequency range: 9 kHz ~ 30 MHz
- RBW= 1MHz, VBW= 1MHz for frequency range: 30 MHz ~26.5 GHz

If the emission level with above setting was close to the limit (ie, less than 3 dB margin) then zoom scan is required using RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 100 kHz, SPAN = 100 MHz and BINS = 2001 to get accurate emission level within 100 kHz BW.

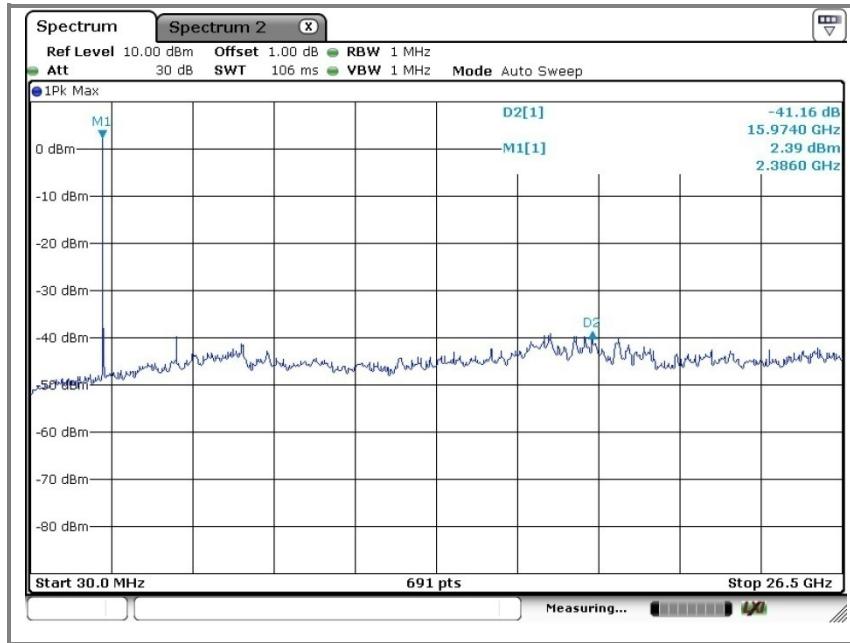
### 4.6.3. Test results : **Comply** (refer to Next page – test plots)

### A. Low channel (2 402 MHz)

#### Emission level measurement 1

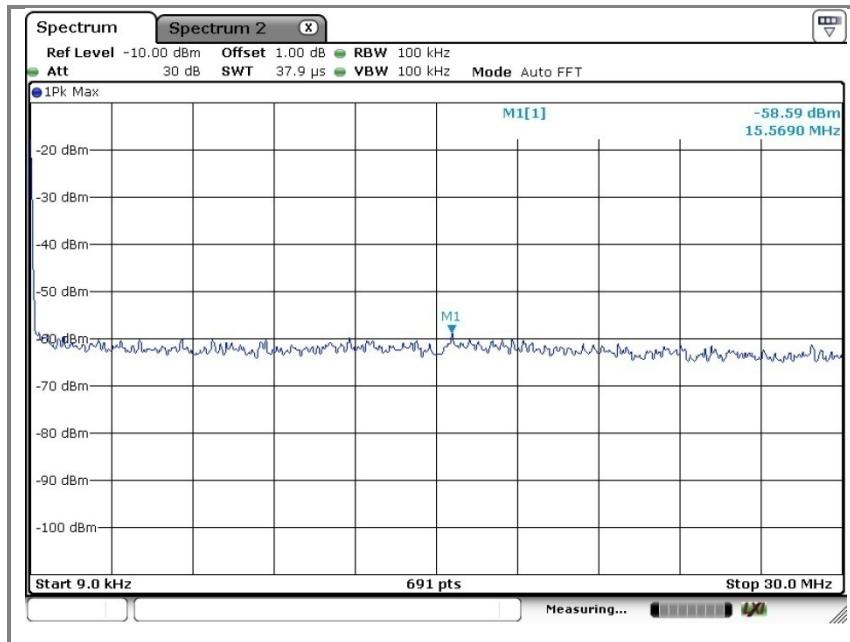


#### Emission level measurement 1

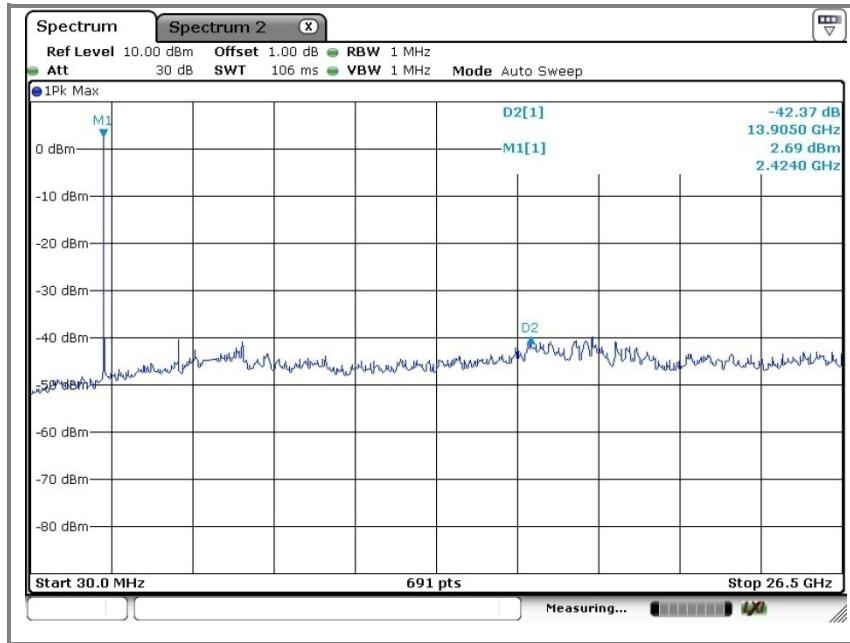


## B. Middle channel (2 440 MHz)

### Emission level measurement 1

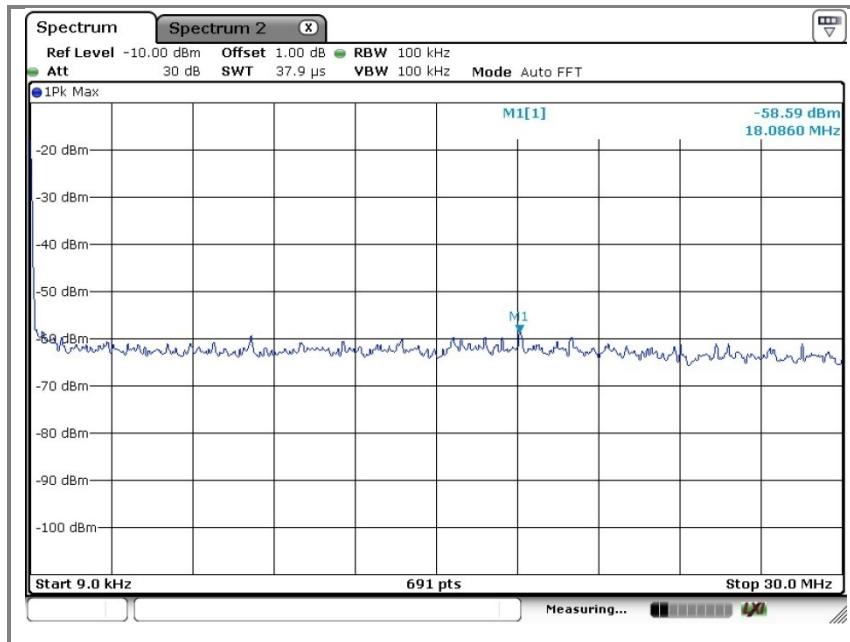


### Emission level measurement 2

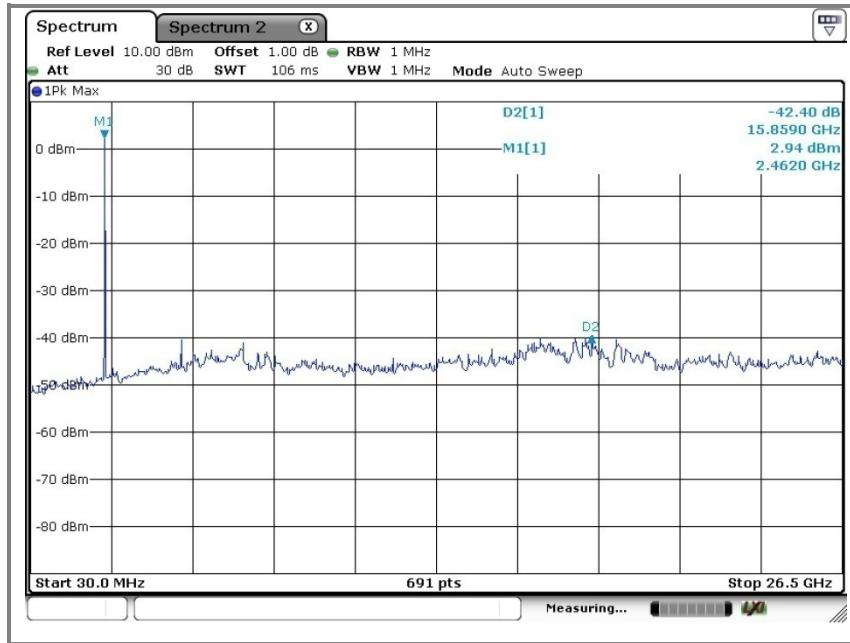


### C. High channel (2 480 MHz)

#### Emission level measurement 1

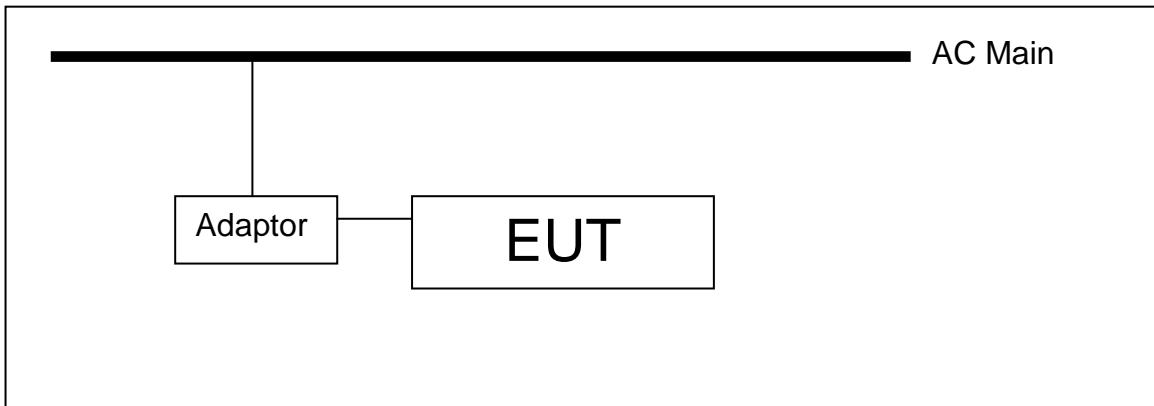


#### Emission level measurement 2



## 5. Conducted power line test

### 5.1. Test setup



### 5.2. Limit

According to §15.107(a) for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 uH/ 50 ohm line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Compliance with the provision of this paragraph shall be on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted limit (dB <sub>u</sub> V/m)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 – 0.50	66 - 56*	56 - 46*
0.50 – 5.00	56	46
5.00 – 30.0	60	50

#### ※ Remark

Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

### 5.3. Test procedures

The test procedure is performed in a 6.5 m x 3.6 m x 3.6 m (L x W x H) shielded room. The EUT along with its peripherals were placed on a 1.0 m(W) x 1.5 m(L) and 0.8 m in height wooden table and the EUT was adjusted to maintain a 0.4 meter space from a vertical reference plane.

The EUT was connected to power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN) which provides 50 ohm coupling impedance for measuring instrument and the chassis ground was bounded to the horizontal ground plane of shielded room. All peripherals were connected to the second LISN and the chassis ground also bounded to the horizontal ground plane of shielded room. The excess power cable between the EUT and the LISN was bundled. The power cables of peripherals were unbundled. All connecting cables of EUT and peripherals were moved to find the maximum emission.

## 5.4. Test results

 Ambient temperature: 21 °C

 Relative humidity: 45 % R.H.

Frequency range: 0.15 MHz ~ 30 MHz

Measured bandwidth: 9 kHz

Freq. (MHz)	Line	Q-Peak		
		Level(dB $\mu$ N/m)	Limit(dB $\mu$ N/m)	Margin(dB)
0.19	N	30.78	63.95	33.17
0.22	H	28.62	63.01	34.39
0.88	H	14.80	56.00	41.20
2.39	N	21.07	56.00	34.93
4.98	H	16.81	56.00	39.19
14.17	N	10.23	60.00	49.77

Freq. (MHz)	Line	Average		
		Level(dB $\mu$ N/m)	Limit(dB $\mu$ N/m)	Margin(dB)
0.19	N	17.88	53.95	36.07
0.22	H	15.52	53.01	37.49
0.88	H	9.10	46.00	36.90
2.39	N	15.37	46.00	30.63
4.98	H	10.71	46.00	35.29
14.17	N	3.43	50.00	46.57

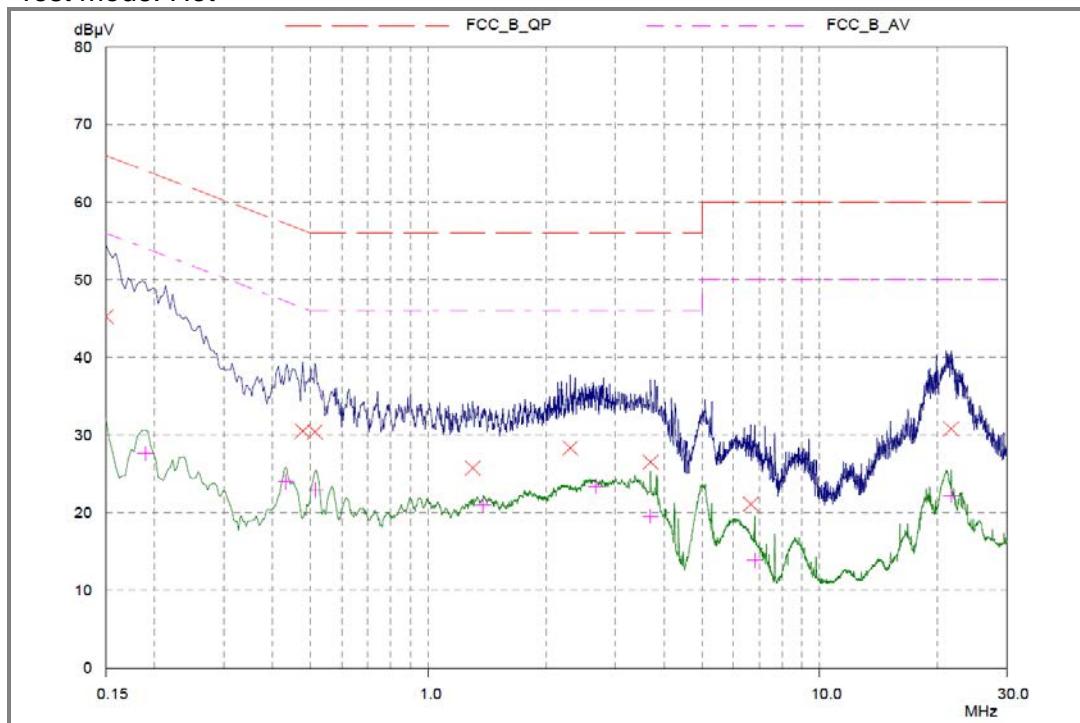
### ※ Remark

Line(H): Hot

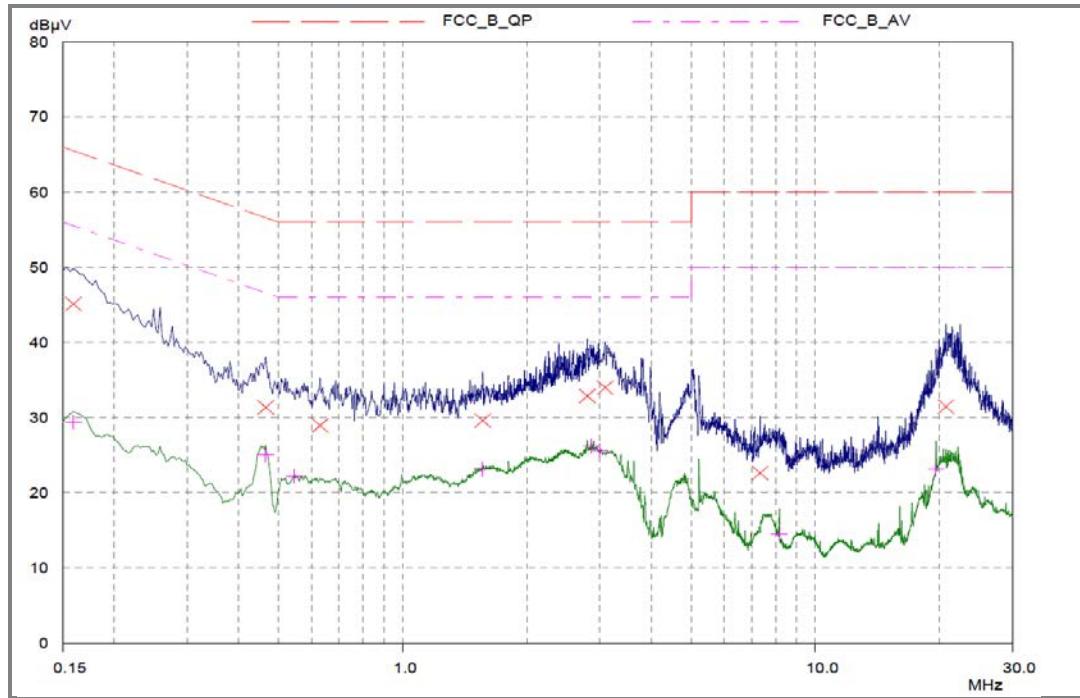
Line(N): Neutral

**Plot of conducted power line**

Test mode: Hot

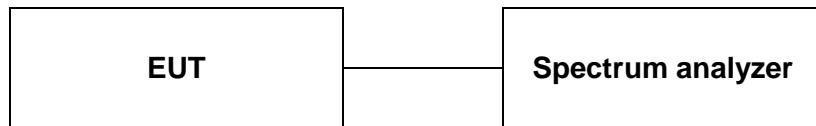


Test mode: Neutral



## 6. 6 dB bandwidth

### 6.1. Test setup



### 6.2. Limit

According to §15.247(a)(2), systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902~928 MHz, 2 400~2 483.5 MHz, and 5 725~5 825 MHz bands. The minimum of 6 dB Bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz

### 6.3. Test procedure

1. The 6 dB band width was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to RF antenna connector (conducted measurement) while EUT was operating in transmit mode at the appropriate center frequency. The analyzer center frequency was set to the EUT carrier frequency, using the analyzer. Display Line and Marker Delta functions, the 6 dB band width of the emission was determined.
2. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 100 kHz, Span = 5 MHz.

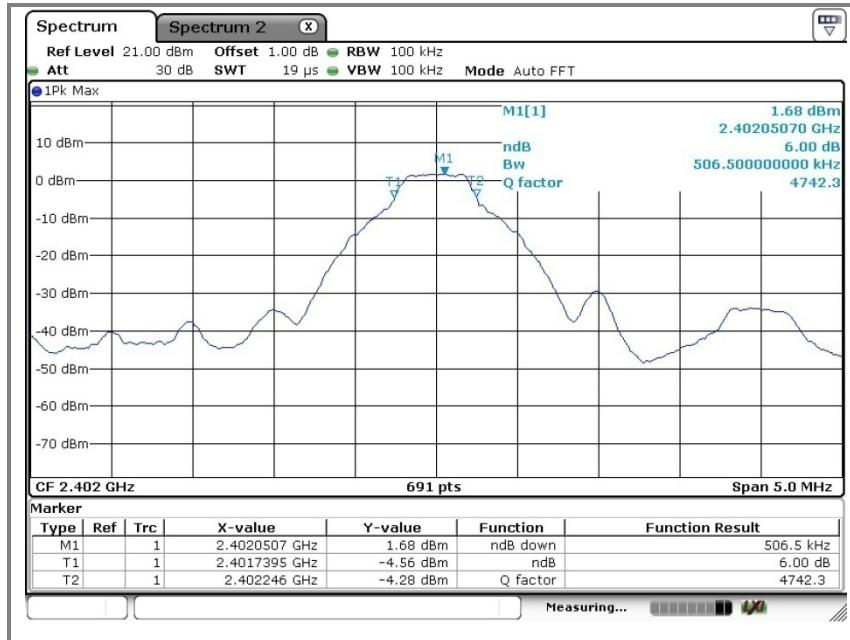
### 6.4. Test results

Ambient temperature: 23 °C

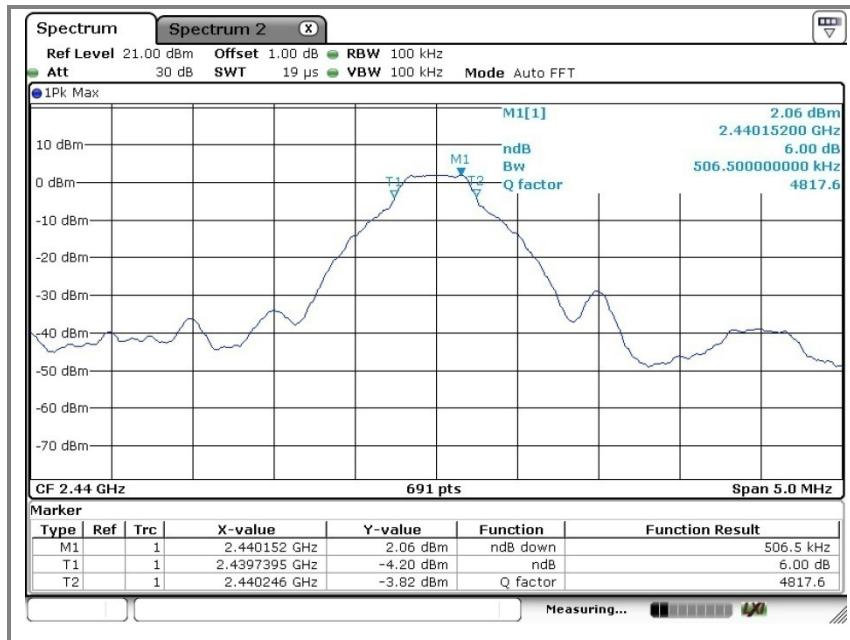
Relative humidity: 51 % R.H.

Frequency(MHz)	6 dB bandwidth(MHz)
2 402	0.507
2 440	0.507
2 480	0.507

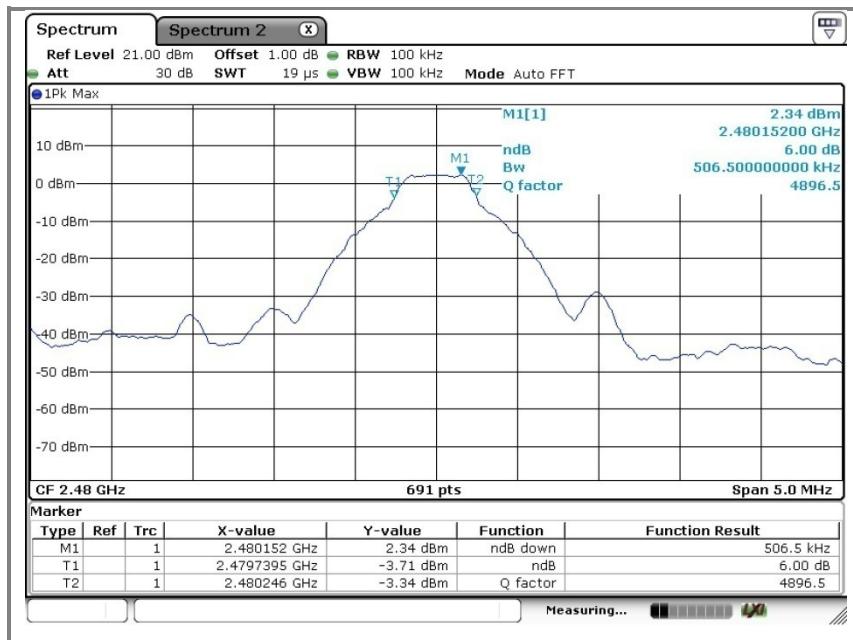
**A. Low channel (2 402 MHz)**



**B. Middle channel (2 440 MHz)**

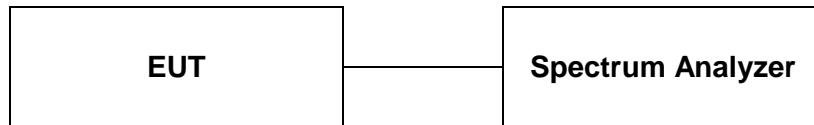


C. High channel (2 480 MHz)



## 7. Maximum Output Power Measurement

### 7.1. Test setup.



### 7.2. Limit

The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

1. §15.247(a)(1), Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 6 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW
2. §15.247(b)(1), For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2 400 – 2 483.5 MHz employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5 725 – 5 805 MHz band: 1 Watt.

### 7.3 Test procedure

Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power is measured using the following procedure (RBW  $\geq$  DTS bandwidth).

1. Set the RBW  $\geq$  DTS bandwidth.
2. Set VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW. / Set span  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW.
4. Sweep time = auto couple
5. Detector = peak
6. Trace mode = max hold
7. Allow trace to fully stabilize
8. Use peak marker function to determine the peak amplitude level.

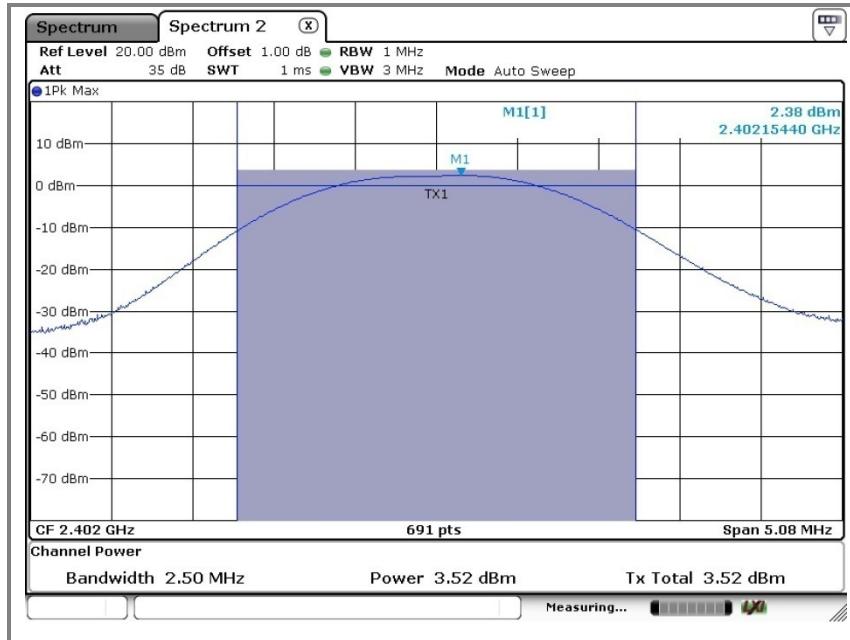
### 7.4 Test results

Ambient temperature: 23 °C

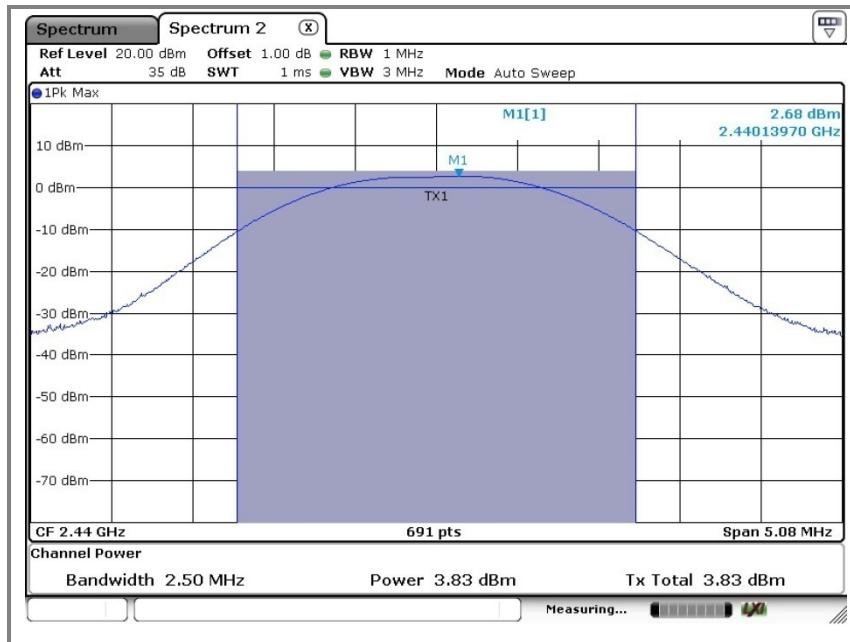
Relative humidity: 51 % R.H.

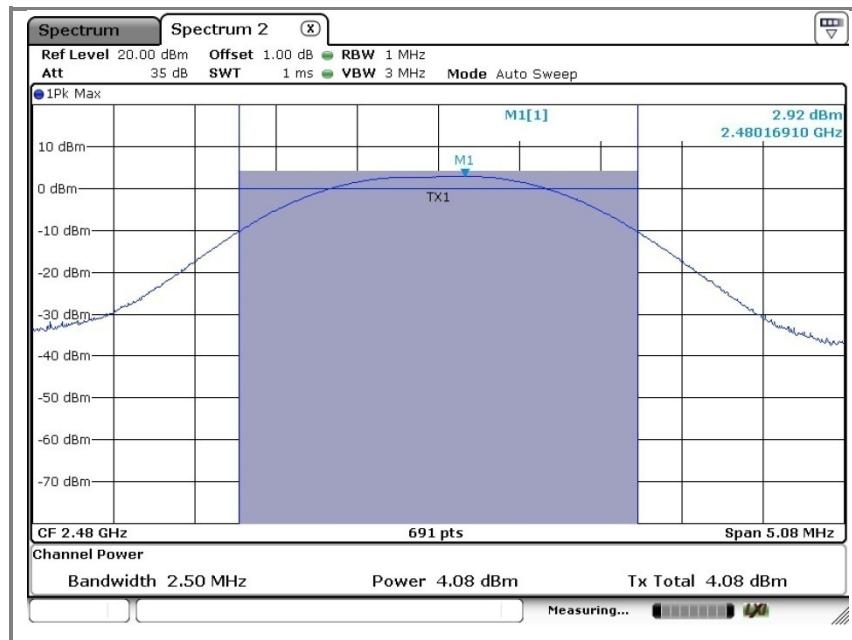
Frequency (MHz)	Conducted power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)
2 402	3.52	30
2 440	3.83	
2 480	4.08	

### A. Low channel (2.402 MHz)



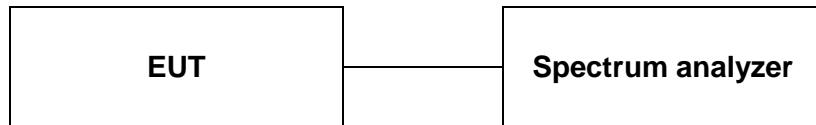
### B. Middle channel (2.440 MHz)



**C. High channel (2 480 MHz)**

## 8. Power Spectral Density Measurement

### 8.1. Test setup



### 8.2. Limit

< 8dBm @ 3kHz BW

### 8.3. Test procedure (PKPSD)

1. The RF power output was measured with a Spectrum analyzer connected to the RF Antenna connector(conducted measurement) while EUT was operating in transmit mode at the appropriate center frequency, A spectrum analyzer was used to record the shape of the transmit signal.
2. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using;  
Span = 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth  
RBW = 3kHz ≤ RBW ≤ 100kHz  
VBW ≥ 3 x RBW, Sweep = Auto couple  
Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold

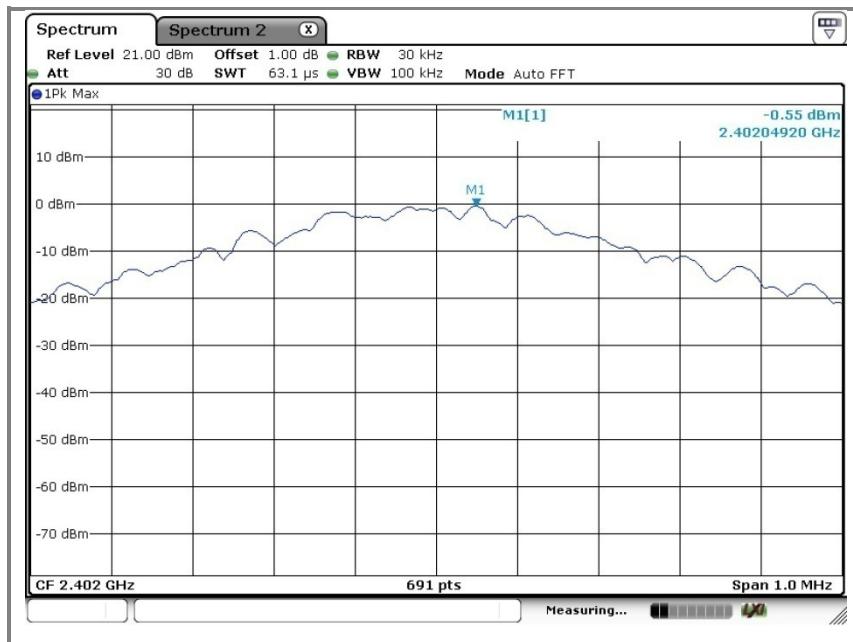
### 8.4. Test results

Ambient temperature: 23 °C

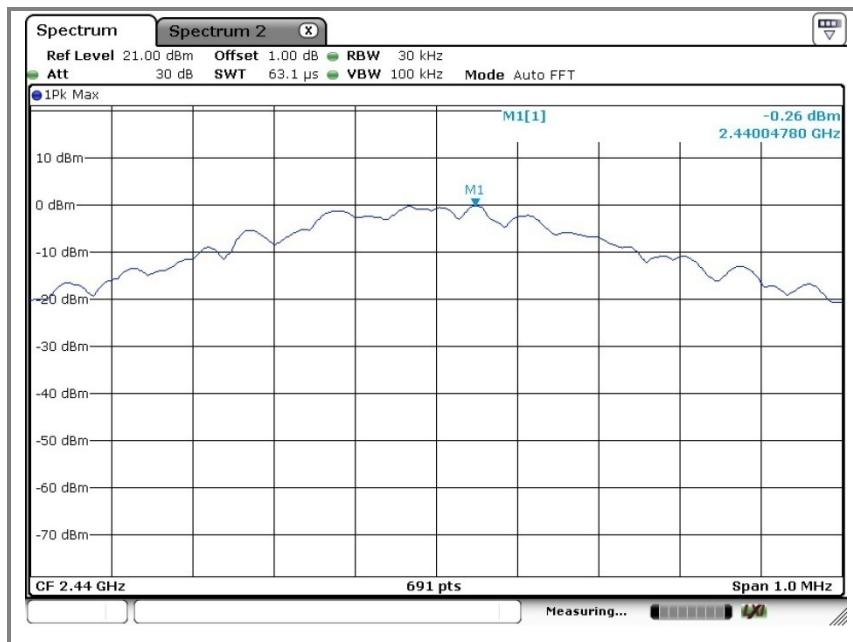
Relative humidity: 51 % R.H.

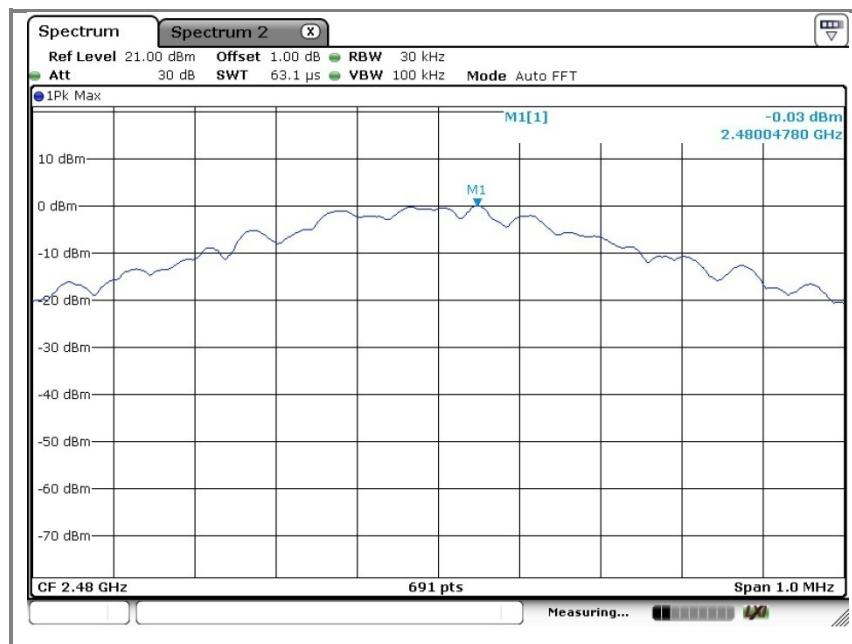
Frequency (MHz)	Peak output power(dBm)	Limit (dBm)
2 402	-0.55	8
2 440	-0.26	
2 480	-0.03	

**A. Low channel (2 402 MHz)**



**B. Middle channel (2 440 MHz)**



**C. High channel (2 480 MHz)**

## 9. Antenna requirement

### 9.1. Standard Applicable

For intentional device, according to FCC 47 CFR Section §15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. And according to FCC 47 CFR Section §15.247 (b) if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dB<sub>i</sub> are used.

### 9.2. Antenna Connected Construction

Antenna used in this product is Chip antenna,  
Antenna gain is 2.3 dB<sub>i</sub>.

## 10. RF exposure evaluation

### 10.1 RF Exposure Compliance Requirement

#### 10.1.1 Standard Requirement

According to KDB447498D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05

##### 4.3.1. Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

Unless specifically required by the published RF exposure KDB procedures, standalone 1-g head or body and 10-g extremity SAR evaluation for general population exposure conditions, by measurement or numerical simulation, is not required when the corresponding SAR Exclusion Threshold condition, listed below, is satisfied.

#### 10.1.2 Limits

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0 \text{ for 1-g SAR and } \leq 7.5 \text{ for 10-g extremity SAR, where}$

$f(\text{GHz})$  is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation

The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is  $\leq$  50 mm and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is  $<$  5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion

#### 10.1.3 EUT RF Exposure

##### For BLE mode

The Max Conducted Peak Output Power is 4.08 dBm in Highest channel(2.480 GHz) ;

The best case gain of the antenna is 2.3dBi

EIRP= 4.08dBm + 2.3dBi = 6.38dBm

6.38dBm logarithmic terms convert to numeric result is nearly 4.3451 mW

According to the formula. calculate the EIRP test result:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}]$

General RF Exposure =  $(4.3451 \text{ mW} / 5 \text{ mm}) \times \sqrt{2.480 \text{ GHz}} = 1.3685 \text{ ①;}$

SAR requirement:

$S = 3.0$

② ;

①  $<$  ②.

So the SAR report is not required.

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**11. Test setup photo of EUT****Photo of radiated spurious emission at below 30 MHz****Photo of radiated spurious emission at 30 MHz ~ 1 000 MHz**

**Photo of radiated spurious emission at above 1 000 MHz**