

# FCC SAR Test Report (Class II Permissive Change)

Product Name : Wireless/ Wired X-Ray Flat Panel Detectors  
Model No. : 8265NGW

Applicant : Allengers Medical Systems Limited  
Address : FDA Hall, Unit-2, Bhankarpur, Mubarakpur Road, Derabassi, Distt  
Mohali-140507, India

Date of Receipt : 2019/09/17  
Issued Date : 2022/09/22  
Report No. : 2290251R-SANAOTHV03-A  
Report Version : V1.0



The test results relate only to the samples tested.

The test results shown in the test report are traceable to the national/international standard through the calibration report of the equipment and evaluated measurement uncertainty herein.

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Measurement uncertainties evaluated for each testing system and associated connections are given here to provide the system information for reference. Compliance determinations do not take into account measurement uncertainties for each testing system, but are based on the results of the compliance measurement.

# Test Report

Issued Date: 2022/09/22

Report No.: 2290251R-SANAOTHV03-A



Product Name : Wireless/ Wired X-Ray Flat Panel Detectors  
 Applicant : Allengers Medical Systems Limited  
 Address : FDA Hall, Unit-2, Bhankarpur, Mubarakpur Road, Derabassi,  
 Distt Mohali-140507, India  
 Manufacturer : INTEL CORPORATION SAS  
 Model No. : 8265NGW  
 Trade Name : Intel  
 FCC ID : 2A77600001  
 Applicable Standard : IEEE 1528-2013  
 KDB 447498 D01 v06  
 KDB 865664 D01 v01r04  
 Measurement : 47CFR § 2.1093  
 procedures : KDB 248227 D01 v02r02  
 Test Result : Max. SAR Measurement

Band	Body SAR (1g)	Limb SAR (10g)
2.4 GHz	<b>0.217</b> W/kg	<b>0.695</b> W/kg
5 GHz	<b>0.771</b> W/kg	<b>2.988</b> W/kg

Application Type : Certification

The above equipment has been tested by DEKRA, and found compliance with the requirement of the above standards. The test record, data evaluation & Equipment Under Test (EUT) configurations represented herein are true and accurate accounts of the measurements of the sample's SAR characteristics under the conditions specified in this report.

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 (Senior Project Specialist / April Chen)

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 ( Supervisor / San Lin )

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## Revision History

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
2290251R-SANAOTHV03-A	V1.0	Initial issue of report.	2022/09/22

Note:

Authorized by the original report holder, this report quotes the test data from the original report number: 1990214R-SAUSP46V00, the different is change of applicant information, FCC ID and host information.

## 1. General Information

### 1.1 EUT Description

Product Name	Wireless/ Wired X-Ray Flat Panel Detectors				
Trade Name	Intel				
Model No.	8265NGW				
FCC ID	2A77600001				
TX Frequency	802.11b/g/n-20MHz: 2412-2472MHz, 802.11n-40MHz: 2422-2462MHz 802.11a/n-20: 5180-5320MHz, 5500-5720MHz, 5745-5825MHz 802.11n-40/MHz: 5190-5310MHz, 5510-5670MHz, 5755-5795MHz 802.11ac-20MHz: 5720MHz, 802.11ac-40MHz: 5710MHz 802.11ac-80MHz: 5210-5290MHz, 5530-5690MHz, 5775MHz				
Channel separation	802.11b/g/n-20MHz: 5 MHz, 802.11a/n-20/ac-20MHz: 20MHz 802.11n-40/ac-40MHz: 40MHz, 802.11ac-80MHz: 80MHz				
Number of Channels	802.11b/g/n-20MHz: 13, n-40MHz: 9 802.11a/n-20MHz: 24; 802.11n-40MHz: 11 802.11ac-20MHz: 1, 802.11ac-40MHz: 1, 802.11ac-80MHz: 6				
Data Rate	802.11b: 1-11Mbps, 802.11a/g: 6-54Mbps, 802.11n: up to 300Mbps 802.11ac-80MHz: up to 866.7Mbps				
Type of Modulation	DSSS/OFDM/BPSK/QPSK/16QAM/64QAM/256QAM				
Antenna Type	Slot Antenna				
Device Category	Portable				
RF Exposure Environment	Uncontrolled				
Summary of test result - Reported 1g Body SAR (W/Kg)					
Test configuration	DTS(Main)	DTS(Aux)	U-NII(Main)	U-NII(Aux)	DTS(BT)
Body-Standalone	0.217	0.147	0.562	0.771	N/A
Body-Simultaneous	DTS (Main + Aux)		U-NII (Main + Aux)		UNII (Main)+BT
	0.364		1.333		N/A
Summary of test result - Reported 10g Limb SAR (W/Kg)					
Test configuration	DTS(Main)	DTS(Aux)	U-NII(Main)	U-NII(Aux)	DTS(BT)
Limb-Standalone	0.599	0.695	2.923	2.988	N/A
Limb-Simultaneous	DTS (Main + Aux)		U-NII (Main + Aux)		UNII (Main)+BT
	0.695*		2.988*		N/A
* The Simultaneous value, please refer to section 9.2.1.					

Note:

Host information			
Brand	Product Name	Model number	Difference
Allengers	Wireless/ Wired X-Ray Flat Panel Detectors	G4343RWG	The difference is scintillator material.
		G4343RWC	
The representative test sample is G4343RWG.			

### 1.2 Antenna List

No.	Manufacturer	Part No.	Antenna Type	Peak Gain
1.	taoglas	PC142.54.0300A (Main) PC142.54.0500A (Aux)	Slot Antenna	-4.5dBi for 2.4 GHz -0.7dBi for 5.150-5.250 GHz -0.7dBi for 5.250-5.350 GHz -0.7dBi for 5.470-5.725 GHz -0.7dBi for 5.725~5.850 GH

### 1.3 SAR Test Exclusion Calculation

According to KDB Publication 447498 D01, section 4.3.1, per the calculations of item 1 ( $\text{Power(mW)/separation (mm)} \cdot \sqrt{f(\text{GHz})} \leq 3.0$ ), SAR is required as shown in the table below where calculated values are greater than 3.0 :

According to KDB Publication 447498 D01, section 4.3.1, per the calculations of item 1 ( $\text{Power(mW)/separation (mm)} \cdot \sqrt{f(\text{GHz})} \leq 7.5$ ), Limb SAR is required as shown in the table below where calculated values are greater than 7.5 :

#### SAR exclusion calculations for WiFi-SISO and Bluetooth for antenna < 50mm from the user :

Antenna	Tx	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power		Separation distances (mm)						Calculated Threshold Value ( $\leq 3.0$ Body SAR is not required) ( $\leq 7.5$ Limb SAR is not required)					
			dBm	mW	Back	Right	Left	Top	Bottom	Front*	Back	Right	Left	Top	Bottom	Front
Main	WiFi	2462	20.5	112	3	370	30	459	1	3	35.2	>50mm	<b>5.9</b>	>50mm	35.2	35.2
Main	WiFi	5240	20.5	112	3	370	30	459	1	3	51.4	>50mm	8.6	>50mm	51.4	51.4
Main	WiFi	5320	20.5	112	3	370	30	459	1	3	51.8	>50mm	8.6	>50mm	51.8	51.8
Main	WiFi	5700	20.5	112	3	370	30	459	1	3	53.6	>50mm	8.9	>50mm	53.6	53.6
Main	WiFi	5825	18.5	71	3	370	30	459	1	3	34.2	>50mm	<b>5.7</b>	>50mm	34.2	34.2

**Only front mode for Body SAR.**

#### SAR exclusion calculations for WiFi-SISO and Bluetooth for antenna > 50mm from the user :

Antenna	Tx	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power		Separation distances (mm)						Calculated Threshold Value (SAR test exclusion power,mW)					
			dBm	mW	Back	Right	Left	Top	Bottom	Front	Back	Right	Left	Top	Bottom	Front
Main	WiFi	2462	20.5	112	3	370	30	459	1	3	<50mm	3295.6	<50mm	4185.6	<50mm	<50mm
Main	WiFi	5240	20.5	112	3	370	30	459	1	3	<50mm	3265.5	<50mm	4155.5	<50mm	<50mm
Main	WiFi	5320	20.5	112	3	370	30	459	1	3	<50mm	3265.0	<50mm	4155.0	<50mm	<50mm
Main	WiFi	5700	20.5	112	3	370	30	459	1	3	<50mm	3262.8	<50mm	4152.8	<50mm	<50mm
Main	WiFi	5825	18.5	71	3	370	30	459	1	3	<50mm	3262.2	<50mm	4152.2	<50mm	<50mm

**SAR exclusion calculations for WiFi-SISO and Bluetooth for antenna < 50mm from the user :**

Antenna	Tx	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power		Separation distances (mm)						Calculated Threshold Value ( $\leq 3.0$ Body SAR is not required) ( $\leq 7.5$ Limb SAR is not required)					
			dBm	mW	Back	Right	Left	Top	Bottom	Front*	Back	Right	Left	Top	Bottom	Front
Aux	WiFi	2462	20.5	112	3	1	459	100	300	3	35.2	35.2	>50mm	>50mm	>50mm	35.2
Aux	WiFi	5240	20.5	112	3	1	459	100	300	3	51.4	51.4	>50mm	>50mm	>50mm	51.4
Aux	WiFi	5320	20.5	112	3	1	459	100	300	3	51.8	51.8	>50mm	>50mm	>50mm	51.8
Aux	WiFi	5700	20.5	112	3	1	459	100	300	3	53.6	53.6	>50mm	>50mm	>50mm	53.6
Aux	WiFi	5825	18.5	71	3	1	459	100	300	3	34.2	34.2	>50mm	>50mm	>50mm	34.2

**Only front mode for Body SAR.**

**SAR exclusion calculations for WiFi-SISO and Bluetooth for antenna > 50mm from the user :**

Antenna	Tx	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power		Separation distances (mm)						Calculated Threshold Value (SAR test exclusion power,mW)					
			dBm	mW	Back	Right	Left	Top	Bottom	Front	Back	Right	Left	Top	Bottom	Front
Aux	WiFi	2462	20.5	112	3	1	459	100	300	3	<50mm	<50mm	4185.6	595.6	2595.6	<50mm
Aux	WiFi	5240	20.5	112	3	1	459	100	300	3	<50mm	<50mm	4155.5	565.5	2565.5	<50mm
Aux	WiFi	5320	20.5	112	3	1	459	100	300	3	<50mm	<50mm	4155.0	565.0	2565.0	<50mm
Aux	WiFi	5700	20.5	112	3	1	459	100	300	3	<50mm	<50mm	4152.8	562.8	2562.8	<50mm
Aux	WiFi	5825	18.5	71	3	1	459	100	300	3	<50mm	<50mm	4152.2	562.2	2562.2	<50mm

## 1.4 Test Environment

Ambient conditions in the laboratory:

Test Date: Oct. 02, 2019

Items	Required	Actual
Temperature (°C)	18-25	23.6± 2
Humidity (%RH)	30-70	51

Test Date: Oct. 09, 2019

Items	Required	Actual
Temperature (°C)	18-25	24.4± 2
Humidity (%RH)	30-70	48

**USA** : **FCC Registration Number: TW0033**  
**Canada** : **CAB Identifier Number: TW3023 / Company Number: 26930**

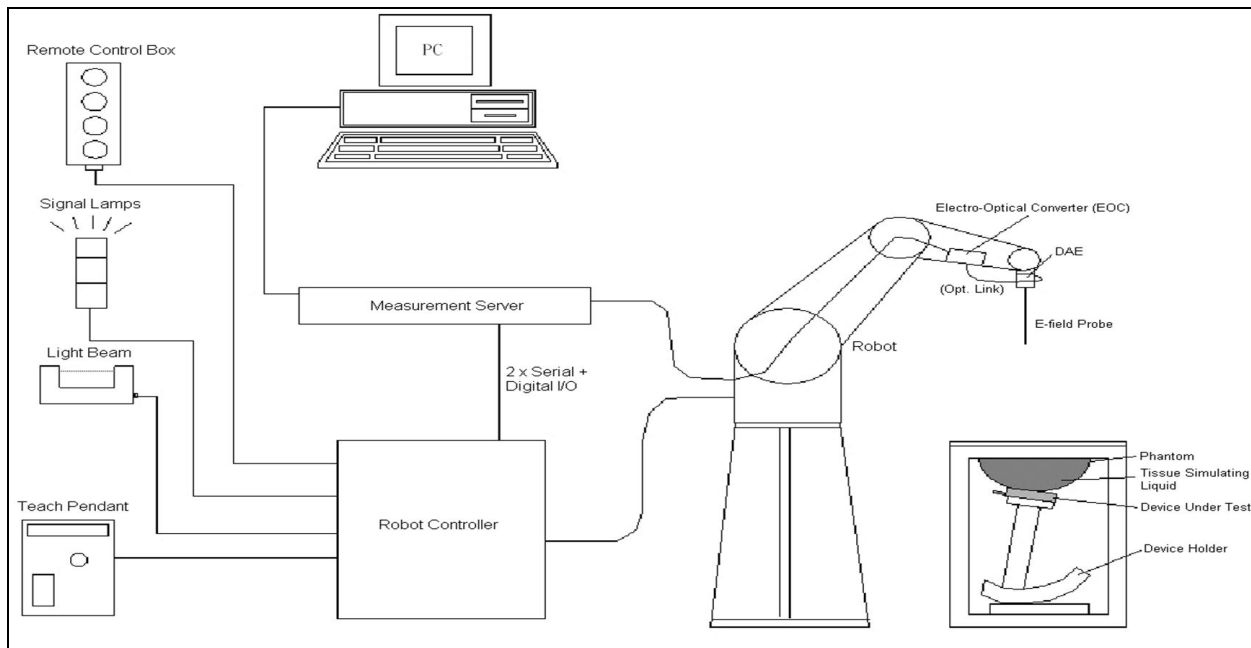
Site Description : Accredited by TAF  
Accredited Number: 3023

Test Laboratory : DEKRA Testing and Certification Co., Ltd  
Address : No. 5-22, Ruishukeng Linkou District, New Taipei City, 24451, Taiwan  
Performed Location : No. 26, Huaya 1st Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 333411, Taiwan, R.O.C.  
Phone number : 886-3-275-7255  
Fax number : 886-3-327-8031  
Email address : info.tw@dekra.com  
Website : <http://www.dekra.com.tw>



## 2. SAR Measurement System

### 2.1 DASY5 System Description



The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

### **2.1.1 Applications**

Predefined procedures and evaluations for automated compliance testing with all worldwide standards, e.g., IEEE 1528, OET 65, IEC 62209-1, IEC 62209-2, EN 50360, EN 50383 and others.

### **2.1.2 Area Scans**

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm<sup>2</sup> step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maxima found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE 1528-2013, EN 50361 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan).

### **2.1.3 Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)**

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 5x5x7 (8mmx8mmx5mm) providing a volume of 32mm in the X & Y axis, and 30mm in the Z axis.

### **2.1.4 Uncertainty of Inter-/Extrapolation and Averaging**

In order to evaluate the uncertainty of the interpolation, extrapolation and averaged SAR calculation algorithms of the Postprocessor, DASY5 allows the generation of measurement grids which are artificially predefined by analytically based test functions. Therefore, the grids of area scans and zoom scans can be filled with uncertainty test data, according to the SAR benchmark functions of IEEE 1528. The three analytical functions shown in equations as below are used to describe the possible range of the expected SAR distributions for the tested handsets. The field gradients are covered by the spatially flat

distribution  $f_1$ , the spatially steep distribution  $f_3$  and  $f_2$  accounts for H-field cancellation on the phantom/tissue surface.

$$f_1(x, y, z) = Ae^{-\frac{z}{2a}} \cos^2 \left( \frac{\pi \sqrt{x'^2 + y'^2}}{2 \cdot 5a} \right)$$

$$f_2(x, y, z) = Ae^{-\frac{z}{a}} \frac{a^2}{a^2 + x'^2} \left( 3 - e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} \right) \cos^2 \left( \frac{\pi y'}{2 \cdot 3a} \right)$$


$$f_3(x, y, z) = A \frac{a^2}{\frac{a^2}{4} + x'^2 + y'^2} \left( e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} + \frac{a^2}{2(a + 2z)^2} \right)$$

## 2.2 DASY5 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe manufactured by SPEAG. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

SPEAG conducts the probe calibration in compliance with international and national standards (e.g. IEEE 1528, EN 62209-1, IEC 62209, etc.) under ISO 17025. The calibration data are in Appendix D.

### 2.2.1 Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification

Model	Ex3DV4	
<b>Construction</b>	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
<b>Frequency</b>	10 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)	
<b>Directivity</b>	$\pm 0.3$ dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) $\pm 0.5$ dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
<b>Dynamic Range</b>	10 $\mu$ W/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB (noise: typically $< 1$ $\mu$ W/g)	
<b>Dimensions</b>	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	
<b>Application</b>	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.	

### 2.3 Boundary Detection Unit and Probe Mounting Device

The DASY probes use a precise connector and an additional holder for the probe, consisting of a plastic tube and a flexible silicon ring to center the probe. The connector at the DAE is flexibly mounted and held in the default position with magnets and springs. Two switching systems in the connector mount detect frontal and lateral probe collisions and trigger the necessary software response.



### 2.4 DATA Acquisition Electronics (DAE) and Measurement Server

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit.

Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE4 is 200M Ohm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80dB.



The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chipdisk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.



## 2.5 Robot

The DASY5 system uses the high precision robots TX90 XL type out of the newer series from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller DASY5 system, the CS8C robot controller version from Stäubli is used.

The XL robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)
- 6-axis controller



## 2.6 Light Beam Unit

The light beam switch allows automatic "tooling" of the probe. During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip.

The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.



## 2.7 Device Holder

The DASY5 device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR).

Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY5 device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity  $\epsilon_r = 3$  and loss tangent  $\delta = 0.02$ . The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



## 2.8 SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6mm). It has three measurement areas:

- Left head
- Right head
- Flat phantom



The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

### 3. Tissue Simulating Liquid

#### 3.1 The composition of the tissue simulating liquid

INGREDIENT (% Weight)	2450MHz Head	5200MHz Head	5800MHz Head
Water	46.7	67.63	68.29
Salt	0.00	0.00	0.00
Sugar	0.00	0.00	0.00
HEC	0.00	0.00	0.00
Preventol	0.00	0.00	0.00
DGBE	53.3	3.38	2.44
Triton X-100	--	28.99	29.27

#### 3.2 Tissue Calibration Result

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using Dielectric Probe Kit and Vector Network Analyzer.

Head Tissue Simulate Measurement				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Tissue Temp. [°C]
		$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ [s/m]	
2450 MHz	Reference result $\pm 5\%$ window	39.2 37.24 to 41.16	1.8 1.71 to 1.89	N/A
	02-Oct-19	40.15	1.87	22.4
2437 MHz	Channel 6	40.29	1.83	22.4
2441 MHz	Channel 39	40.26	1.85	22.4

Head Tissue Simulate Measurement				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Tissue Temp. [°C]
		$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ [s/m]	
5200 MHz	Reference result $\pm 5\%$ window	36.00 34.20 to 37.80	4.66 4.43 to 4.89	N/A
	09-Oct-19	36.89	4.73	23.3
5230 MHz	Channel 46	36.82	4.76	23.3

Head Tissue Simulate Measurement				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Tissue Temp. [°C]
		$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ [s/m]	
5300 MHz	Reference result $\pm 5\%$ window	35.9 34.11 to 37.70	4.76 4.52 to 5.00	N/A
	09-Oct-19	36.63	4.84	23.3
5270 MHz	Channel 54	36.71	4.80	23.3

Head Tissue Simulate Measurement				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Tissue Temp. [°C]
		$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ [s/m]	
5600MHz	Reference result $\pm 5\%$ window	35.5 33.73 to 37.28	5.07 4.82 to 5.32	N/A
	09-Oct-19	35.89	5.11	23.3
5550 MHz	Low channel	35.99	5.06	23.3
5590 MHz	Mid channel	35.91	5.09	23.3
5630 MHz	High channel	35.83	5.13	23.3

Head Tissue Simulate Measurement				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Tissue Temp. [°C]
		$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ [s/m]	
5800 MHz	Reference result $\pm 5\%$ window	35.3 33.54 to 37.07	5.27 5.01 to 5.53	N/A
	09-Oct-19	35.47	5.30	23.3
5755 MHz	Low channel	35.55	5.25	23.3
5775 MHz	Mid channel	35.52	5.27	23.3
5795 MHz	High channel	35.49	5.29	23.3



### 3.3 Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEC 62209-1 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head tissue parameters that have not been specified are interpolated according to the head parameters specified in IEC 62209-1.

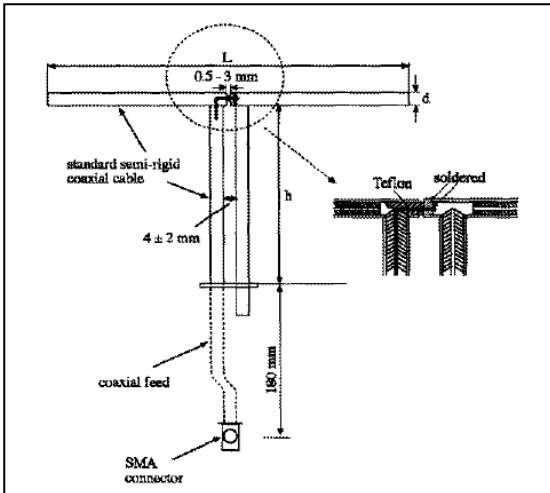
Target Frequency (MHz)	Head	
	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)
300	45.3	0.87
450	43.5	0.87
750	41.9	0.89
835	41.5	0.90
900	41.5	0.97
1450	40.5	1.20
1640	40.2	1.31
1750	40.1	1.37
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40
2450	39.2	1.80
3000	38.5	2.40
5000	36.2	4.45
5200	36.0	4.66
5400	35.8	4.86
5600	35.3	5.27
5800	35.3	5.27
6000	35.1	5.48

( $\epsilon_r$  = relative permittivity,  $\sigma$  = conductivity and  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ )

## 4. SAR Measurement Procedure

### 4.1 SAR System Check

#### 4.1.1 Dipoles



The dipoles used is based on the IEEE-1528 standard, and is complied with mechanical and electrical specifications in line with the requirements of both IEEE and FCC Supplement C. the table below provides details for the mechanical and electrical specifications for the dipoles.

Frequency	L (mm)	h (mm)	d (mm)
2450MHz	51.5	30.4	3.6
5200M~5800MHz	20.6	40.3	3.6

#### 4.1.2 System Check Result

System Performance Check at 2450MHz				
Dipole Kit: D2450V2				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
2450 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	50.7 45.63 to 55.77	23.8 21.42 to 26.18	N/A
	02-Oct-19	53.6	23.88	22.4
Note: (1) The power level is used 250mW (2) All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power. (3) The reference result is from Appendix E.				

<b>System Performance Check at 5200MHz</b>				
<b>Dipole Kit: D5GHzV2</b>				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
5200 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	81.4 73.26 to 89.54	23.2 20.88 to 25.52	N/A
	09-Oct-19	75	21.6	23.3
Note: (1) The power level is used 100mW (2) All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power. (3) The reference result is from Appendix E.				

<b>System Performance Check at 5300MHz</b>				
<b>Dipole Kit: D5GHzV2</b>				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
5300 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	83.0 74.70 to 91.30	23.8 21.42 to 26.18	N/A
	09-Oct-19	84.3	24.3	23.3
Note: (1) The power level is used 100mW (2) All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power. (3) The reference result is from Appendix E.				

<b>System Performance Check at 5600MHz</b>				
<b>Dipole Kit: D5GHzV2</b>				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
5600 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	86.7 78.03 to 95.37	23.4 21.06 to 25.74	N/A
	09-Oct-19	78.6	21.5	23.3
Note: (1) The power level is used 100mW (2) All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power. (3) The reference result is from Appendix E.				

**System Performance Check at 5800MHz****Dipole Kit: D5GHzV2**

Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
5800 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	83.1 74.79 to 91.41	23.5 21.15 to 25.85	N/A
	09-Oct-19	86.4	24.6	23.3

Note: (1) The power level is used 100mW  
(2) All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power.  
(3) The reference result is from Appendix E.

## 4.2 SAR Measurement Procedure

The Dasy5 calculates SAR using the following equation,

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

$\sigma$ : represents the simulated tissue conductivity

$\rho$ : represents the tissue density

The EUT is set to transmit at the required power in line with product specification, at each frequency relating to the LOW, MID, and HIGH channel settings.

Pre-scans are made on the device to establish the location for the transmitting antenna, using a large area scan in either air or tissue simulation fluid.

The EUT is placed against the Universal Phantom where the maximum area scan dimensions are larger than the physical size of the resonating antenna. When the scan size is not large enough to cover the peak SAR distribution, it is modified by either extending the area scan size in both the X and Y directions, or the device is shifted within the predefined area.

The area scan is then run to establish the peak SAR location (interpolated resolution set at  $1\text{mm}^2$ ) which is then used to orient the center of the zoom scan. The zoom scan is then executed and the 1g and 10g averages are derived from the zoom scan volume (interpolated resolution set at  $1\text{mm}^3$ ).

## 5. SAR Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of IEEE-1528, FCC Supplement C, and comply with ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 “Uncontrolled Environments” limits. These limits apply to a location which is deemed as “Uncontrolled Environment” which can be described as a situation where the general public may be exposed to an RF source with no prior knowledge or control over their exposure.

### Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Type Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment Limit
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for brain or body)	1.60 W/kg
Spatial Average SAR (whole body)	0.08 W/kg
Spatial Peak SAR (10g for hands, feet, ankles and wrist)	4.00 W/kg

## 6. Test Equipment List

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
Reference Dipole 2450MHz	Speag	D2450V2	930	2016/11/15	2019/11/14
Reference Dipole 5GHz	Speag	D5GHzV2	1041	2017/05/26	2020/05/25
Device Holder	Speag	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Data Acquisition Electronic	Speag	DAE4	1425	2018/11/16	2019/11/15
E-Field Probe	Speag	EX3DV4	3979	2018/11/22	2019/11/21
SAR Software	Speag	DASY52	V52.10.0.1446	N/A	N/A
Power Amplifier	Mini-Circuit	ZHL-42	D051404-20	N/A	N/A
Directional Coupler	Agilent	87300C	MY44300353	N/A	N/A <sup>1</sup>
Attenuator	Woken	WATT-218FS-10	N/A	N/A	N/A <sup>1</sup>
Attenuator	Mini-Circuit	BW-S20W2+	N/A	N/A	N/A <sup>1</sup>
Vector Network	Agilent	E5071C	MY46106342	2019/09/09	2020/09/08
Signal Generator	Anritsu	MG3694A	041902	2019/08/23	2020/08/22
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2487A	6K00001447	2018/10/23	2019/10/22
Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	1339194	2018/10/23	2019/10/22
Thermometer	WISEWIND	1710	1710	2019/06/18	2020/06/17

Note: 1. System Check, the path loss measured by the network analyzer, includes the signal generator, amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler.

## Note:

Per KDB 865664 D01 requirements for dipole calibration, the following are recommended FCC procedures for SAR dipole calibration.

1. After a dipole is damaged and properly repaired to meet required specifications
2. When the measured SAR deviates from the calibrated SAR value by more than 10% due to changes in physical, mechanical, electrical or other relevant dipole conditions;
3. When the most recent return-loss, measured at least annually, deviates by more than 20% from the previous measurement (i.e. 0.2 of the dB value) or not meeting the required -20 dB return-loss specification

	Frequency	Tissue	Return loss	Limit	Verified Date
Calibration	2450	Head	-25.85dB	Within 20%	2016.11.15
Measurement	2450	Head	-25.71dB		2017.11.13
Measurement	2450	Head	-25.59dB		2018.11.14

	Frequency	Tissue	Return loss	Limit	Verified Date
Calibration	5200	Head	-21.63dB	Within 20%	2017.05.26
Measurement	5200	Head	-24.03dB		2018.05.25
Measurement	5200	Head	-23.75dB		2019.05.25

	Frequency	Tissue	Return loss	Limit	Verified Date
Calibration	5300	Head	-29.02dB	Within 20%	2017.05.26
Measurement	5300	Head	-30.41dB		2018.05.25
Measurement	5300	Head	-27.09dB		2019.05.25

	Frequency	Tissue	Return loss	Limit	Verified Date
Calibration	5600	Head	-25.73dB	Within 20%	2017.05.26
Measurement	5600	Head	-24.74dB		2018.05.25
Measurement	5600	Head	-23.33dB		2019.05.25

	Frequency	Tissue	Return loss	Limit	Verified Date
Calibration	5800	Head	-24.65dB	Within 20%	2017.05.26
Measurement	5800	Head	-23.05dB		2018.05.25
Measurement	5800	Head	-20.12dB		2019.05.25



4. When the most recent measurement of the real or imaginary parts of the impedance, measured at least annually, deviates by more than 5 Ω from the previous measurement

	Frequency	Tissue	Impedance	Limit	Verified Date
Calibration	2450	Head	54.89	Within 5Ω	2016.11.15
Measurement	2450	Head	54.46		2017.11.13
Measurement	2450	Head	54.21		2018.11.14

	Frequency	Tissue	Impedance	Limit	Verified Date
Calibration	5200	Head	49.84	Within 5Ω	2017.05.26
Measurement	5200	Head	50.84		2018.05.25
Measurement	5200	Head	51.81		2019.05.25

	Frequency	Tissue	Impedance	Limit	Verified Date
Calibration	5300	Head	47.97	Within 5Ω	2017.05.26
Measurement	5300	Head	51.87		2018.05.25
Measurement	5300	Head	51.84		2019.05.25

	Frequency	Tissue	Impedance	Limit	Verified Date
Calibration	5600	Head	55.19	Within 5Ω	2017.05.26
Measurement	5600	Head	51.14		2018.05.25
Measurement	5600	Head	54.82		2019.05.25

	Frequency	Tissue	Impedance	Limit	Verified Date
Calibration	5800	Head	56.20	Within 5Ω	2017.05.26
Measurement	5800	Head	53.52		2018.05.25
Measurement	5800	Head	54.96		2019.05.25

## 7. Measurement Uncertainty

Measurement uncertainty for 30 MHz to 3 GHz								
Error Description	Uncert. value	Prob. Dist.	Div.	(ci) 1g	(ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	(Vi) V <sub>eff</sub>
<b>Measurement System</b>								
Probe Calibration	±6%	N	1	1	1	±6.0%	±6.0%	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Boundary Effects	±1.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Linearity	±4.7%	R	√3	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Modulation Response	±2.4%	R	√3	1	1	±1.4%	±1.4%	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3%	N	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	∞
Response Time	±0.8%	R	√3	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	√3	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.4%	R	√3	1	1	±0.2%	±0.2%	∞
Probe Positioning	±2.9%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	±4.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.2%	±1.2%	∞
<b>Test Sample Related</b>								
Device Positioning	±2.9%	N	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	145
Device Holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%	5
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	√3	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	∞
Power Scaling	±0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.0%	±0.0%	
<b>Phantom and Setup</b>								
Phantom Uncertainty	±6.1%	R	√3	1	1	±3.5%	±3.5%	∞
SAR correction	±1.9%	R	√3	1	0.84	±1.1%	±0.9%	∞
Liquid Conductivity (meas.)	±2.5%	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±1.1%	±1.0%	∞
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	±2.5%	R	√3	0.26	0.26	±0.3%	±0.4%	∞
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	±3.4%	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±1.5%	±1.4%	∞
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	±0.4%	R	√3	0.23	0.26	±0.1%	±0.1%	∞
<b>Combined Std. Uncertainty</b>						±11.2%	±11.1%	361
<b>Expanded STD Uncertainty</b>						±22.3%	±22.2%	

Measurement uncertainty for 3GHz to 6 GHz								
Error Description	Uncert. value	Prob. Dist.	Div.	(ci) 1g	(ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	(Vi) V <sub>eff</sub>
<b>Measurement System</b>								
Probe Calibration	±6.55%	N	1	1	1	±6.55%	±6.55%	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Boundary Effects	±2.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.2%	±1.2%	∞
Linearity	±4.7%	R	√3	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Modulation Response	±2.4%	R	√3	1	1	±1.4%	±1.4%	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3%	N	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	∞
Response Time	±0.8%	R	√3	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	√3	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.8%	R	√3	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Probe Positioning	±6.7%	R	√3	1	1	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Post-processing	±4.0%	R	√3	1	1	±2.3%	±2.3%	∞
<b>Test Sample Related</b>								
Device Positioning	±2.9%	N	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	145
Device Holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%	5
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	√3	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	∞
Power Scaling	±0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.0%	±0.0%	
<b>Phantom and Setup</b>								
Phantom Uncertainty	±6.6%	R	√3	1	1	±3.8%	±3.8%	∞
SAR correction	±1.9%	R	√3	1	1	±1.1%	±0.9%	∞
Liquid Conductivity (meas.)	±2.5%	R	√3	1	0.84	±1.1%	±1.0%	∞
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	±2.5%	R	√3	0.26	0.26	±0.3%	±0.4%	∞
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	±3.4%	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±1.5%	±1.4%	∞
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	±0.4%	R	√3	0.23	0.26	±0.1%	±0.1%	∞
<b>Combined Std. Uncertainty</b>						±12.3%	±12.2%	748
<b>Expanded STD Uncertainty</b>						±24.6%	±24.5%	

### 8. Conducted Power Measurement (Including tolerance allowed for production unit)

#### WLAN 2.4G 2TX SISO

	Frequency	Mode	BW	SISO-Main(TX1)				SISO-Aux(TX2)			
				CH	PK Power	AV Power	AV Target	CH	PK Power	AV Power	AV Target
DSSS/OFDM mode specified maximum output power at an antenna port	WLAN 2.4GHz	b	20	1	20.73	17.90	18.5	1	20.57	18.00	18
				2	22.59	20.23	20.5	2	22.53	20.36	20.5
				6	22.83	20.46	20.5	6	22.74	20.48	20.5
				10	22.61	20.03	20.5	10	22.81	20.37	20.5
				11	20.84	18.48	18.5	11	21.36	18.81	19
				12	16.85	13.99	14.5	12	17.73	15.23	15.5
				13	10.35	7.56	8	13	10.91	8.18	8.5
		g	20	1	24.55	16.23	16.5	1	25.90	17.60	18
				6	28.12	19.96	20.5	6	28.80	20.12	20.5
				11	24.77	16.77	17	11	25.82	17.51	18
				12	20.04	12.10	12.5	12	20.42	12.50	12.5
				13	5.05	-3.14	-3	13	5.60	-2.94	-2.5
		n(HT)	20	1	24.22	16.41	16.5	1	24.65	16.45	16.5
				6	28.30	19.83	20.5	6	28.39	19.93	20.5
				11	23.90	15.88	16	11	24.80	16.81	17
				12	19.73	11.67	12	12	19.82	11.80	12
				13	5.00	-3.38	-3	13	4.74	-3.12	-3
			40	3	21.59	13.00	13	3	24.03	15.13	15.5
				6	24.34	15.82	16	6	24.69	15.99	16
				9	23.38	14.66	15	9	23.25	14.71	15
				10	20.17	11.47	11.5	10	20.48	11.97	12
11	4.45			-4.65	-4	11	4.73	-4.00	-3.5		

Note: Duty cycle: 100%

**WLAN 5G 2TX SISO**

OFDM mode specified maximum output power at an antenna port	Frequency	Mode	BW	SISO-Main(TX1)			SISO-Aux(TX2)			Frequency	Mode	BW	SISO-Main(TX1)			SISO-Aux(TX2)					
				CH	AV	AV	CH	AV	AV				CH	AV	AV	CH	AV	AV	CH	AV	AV
					Power	Target		Power	Target					Power	Target		Power	Target			
U-NII-1 (5150~5250MHz)	a	20	36	17.21	17.5	36	17.94	18	U-NII-2A (5250~5350MHz)	a	20	52	20.18	20.5	52	19.95	20				
			40	20.09	20.5	40	20.24	20.5				56	20.20	20.5	56	19.87	20				
			44	20.11	20.5	44	20.12	20.5				60	20.17	20.5	60	19.83	20				
			48	20.23	20.5	48	20.09	20.5				64	16.99	17	64	17.00	17				
	n(HT)	20	36	17.78	18	36	15.84	16		n(HT)	20	52	20.04	20.5	52	20.00	20				
			40	20.14	20.5	40	19.78	20.5				56	20.04	20.5	56	19.93	20				
			44	20.16	20.5	44	20.23	20.5				60	20.12	20.5	60	19.97	20				
			48	20.15	20.5	48	20.22	20.5				64	17.11	17	64	16.43	17				
	40	38	16.91	17	38	11.80	12	40		54	20.43	20.5	54	20.36	20.5						
		46	20.50	20.5	46	20.47	20.5			62	12.92	13	62	13.54	14						
	ac	80	42	12.82	13	42	12.59	13		ac	80	58	11.28	11.5	58	12.00	12.0				
	U-NII-1 + U-NII-2A										ac	160	50	N/A	N/A	50	N/A	N/A			
	U-NII-2C (5470~5650MHz)	a	20	100	17.38	17.5	100	17.25		17.5	5.65 GHz & U-NII-3 (5725~5850MHz)	a	20	132	20.18	20.5	132	20.18	20.5		
				112	20.21	20.5	112	20.23		20.5				149	18.46	18.5	149	18.29	18.5		
				116	20.24	20.5	116	20.19		20.5				165	18.44	18.5	165	18.31	18.5		
128				20.17	20.5	128	20.12	20.5	132	19.76				20	132	19.82	20				
n(HT)		20	100	16.60	17	100	16.98	17.5	n(HT)	20		149	18.43	18.5	149	18.33	18.5				
			112	20.16	20.5	112	20.14	20.5				165	18.29	18.5	165	18.18	18.5				
			116	20.20	20.5	116	20.33	20.5				134	18.64	19	134	16.68	17				
			128	20.18	20.5	128	20.24	20.5				151	18.50	18.5	151	18.32	18.5				
40		102	16.92	17	102	15.03	15.5	40	159	18.43		18.5	159	18.45	18.5						
		110	20.36	20.5	110	20.34	20.5		20	144		18.78	19	144	18.88	19.5					
		118	20.43	20.5	118	20.50	20.5		ac	40		142	19.50	19.5	142	20.50	20.5				
126		20.34	20.5	126	20.49	20.5	80	138		19.20		19.5	138	19.99	20						
ac		80	106	12.50	12.5	106		13.74	14	ac		80	155	18.50	18.5	155	17.49	17.5			
			122	19.20	19.5	122	17.84	18													
			160	114	N/A	N/A	114	N/A	N/A												

Note: Duty cycle: 100%

## 9. Test Results

### 9.1 SAR Test Results Summary

Body SAR								
SAR MEASUREMENT								
Ambient Temperature (°C) : 23.6 ±2					Relative Humidity (%) : 51			
Liquid Temperature (°C) : 22.4 ±2					Depth of Liquid (cm):>15			
Test Position Body	Antenna Position	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)		SAR 1g (W/kg)		Limit (W/kg)
		Channel	MHz	Measurement	Tune-up Limit	Measurement	Tune-up Scaled	
Test Mode: 802.11b – Main Antenna								
Front	Fixed	6	2437	20.46	20.5	0.215	0.217	1.6
Test Mode: 802.11b – Aux Antenna								
Front	Fixed	6	2437	20.48	20.5	0.146	0.147	1.6
Note : 1. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required. 2. When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.								

Limb SAR								
Test Position Body	Antenna Position	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)		SAR 10g (W/kg)		Limit (W/kg)
		Channel	MHz	Measurement	Tune-up Limit	Measurement	Tune-up Scaled	
Test Mode: 802.11b – Main Antenna								
Back	Fixed	6	2437	20.46	20.5	0.098	0.099	4
Bottom	Fixed	6	2437	20.46	20.5	0.594	0.599	4
Test Mode: 802.11b – Aux Antenna								
Back	Fixed	6	2437	20.48	20.5	0.053	0.053	4
Right-Side	Fixed	6	2437	20.48	20.5	0.692	0.695	4
Note : 1. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 3 W/kg, SAR is not required. 2. When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 2 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.								

<b>Body SAR</b>								
<b>SAR MEASUREMENT</b>								
Ambient Temperature (°C) : 24.4 ±2				Relative Humidity (%) : 48				
Liquid Temperature (°C) : 23.3 ±2				Depth of Liquid (cm):>15				
Test Position Body	Antenna Position	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)		SAR 1g (W/kg)		Limit (W/kg)
		Channel	MHz	Measurement	Tune-up Limit	Measurement	Tune-up Scaled	
<b>Test Mode: 802.11n(40M)-5GHz- Main Antenna</b>								
Front	Fixed	46	5230	20.50	20.5	0.562	0.562	1.6
Front	Fixed	54	5270	20.43	20.5	0.544	0.553	1.6
Front	Fixed	118	5570	20.43	20.5	0.274	0.278	1.6
<b>Test Mode: 802.11ac(80M)-5GHz- Main Antenna</b>								
Front	Fixed	155	5775	18.50	18.5	0.266	0.266	1.6
<b>Test Mode: 802.11n(40M)-5GHz- Aux Antenna</b>								
Front	Fixed	46	5230	20.47	20.5	0.417	0.420	1.6
Front	Fixed	54	5270	20.36	20.5	0.322	0.333	1.6
Front	Fixed	118	5570	20.50	20.5	0.617	0.617	1.6
Front	Fixed	159	5795	18.45	18.5	0.762	0.771	1.6
Note : 1. When multiple transmission modes (802.11 n) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, the lowest order 802.11 mode is selected 2. When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required in that exposure configuration. 3. When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum U-NII-2A for the exposure configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band.								

Limb SAR								
Test Position Body	Antenna Position	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)		SAR 10g (W/kg)		Limit (W/kg)
		Channel	MHz	Measurement	Tune-up Limit	Measurement	Tune-up Scaled	
Test Mode: 802.11n(40M)-5GHz- Main Antenna								
Back	Fixed	54	5270	20.43	20.5	0.314	0.319	4
Back	Fixed	118	5570	20.43	20.5	0.183	0.186	4
Left-Side	Fixed	54	5270	20.43	20.5	0.015	0.015	4
Left-Side	Fixed	118	5570	20.43	20.5	0.017	0.017	4
Bottom	Fixed	46	5230	20.50	20.5	1.670	1.670	4
Bottom	Fixed	54	5270	20.43	20.5	1.870	1.900	4
Bottom	Fixed	110	5550	20.36	20.5	2.830	2.923	4
Bottom	Fixed	118	5570	20.43	20.5	2.440	2.480	4
Bottom	Fixed	126	5630	20.34	20.5	2.520	2.615	4
Test Mode: 802.11ac(80M)-5GHz- Main Antenna								
Back	Fixed	155	5775	18.50	18.5	0.188	0.188	4
Left-Side	Fixed	155	5775	18.50	18.5	0.018	0.018	4
Bottom	Fixed	155	5775	18.50	18.5	2.220	2.220	4
Test Mode: 802.11n(40M)-5GHz- Aux Antenna								
Back	Fixed	54	5270	20.36	20.5	0.205	0.212	4
Back	Fixed	118	5570	20.50	20.5	0.184	0.184	4
Back	Fixed	159	5795	18.45	18.5	0.323	0.327	4
Right-Side	Fixed	46	5230	20.47	20.5	2.200	2.215	4
Right-Side	Fixed	54	5270	20.36	20.5	2.060	2.127	4
Right-Side	Fixed	110	5550	20.34	20.5	2.880	2.988	4
Right-Side	Fixed	118	5570	20.50	20.5	2.860	2.860	4
Right-Side	Fixed	126	5630	20.49	20.5	2.740	2.746	4
Right-Side	Fixed	151	5755	18.32	18.5	2.440	2.543	4
Right-Side	Fixed	159	5795	18.45	18.5	2.340	2.367	4
Note : 1. When multiple transmission modes (802.11 n) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, the lowest order 802.11 mode is selected 2. When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is $\leq 2$ W/kg, no further SAR testing is required in that exposure configuration. 3. When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum U-NII-2A for the exposure configuration is $\leq 3$ W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band.								



## 9.2 Simultaneous Transmission

Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	
1	WLAN 2.4GHz Main + WLAN 2.4GHz Aux
2	WLAN 5GHz Main + WLAN 5GHz Aux

Note: The device trun-off BT funtion through firmware.

### 9.2.1 Simultaneous transmission of MIMO in 802.11 test exclusion considerations

Body SAR						
Frequency (GHz)	Test Position (Body)	WLAN Main SAR (W/Kg)	WLAN Aux SAR W/Kg)	Simultaneous Transmission (W/Kg)	Antenna pair in mm	Peak location separation ratio
2.4	Front	0.217	0.147	0.364	N/A	N/A
5	Front	0.562	0.771	1.333	N/A	N/A

Note : The sum of value is less than 1.6W/Kg or the ratio is determined by  $(SAR1 + SAR2)^{1.5}/R_i$ , rounded to two decimal digits, and must be  $\leq 0.04$  for all antenna pairs in the configuration to qualify for SAR test exclusion.

Limb SAR						
Frequency (GHz)	Test Position (Body)	WLAN Main SAR (W/Kg)	WLAN Aux SAR W/Kg)	Simultaneous Transmission (W/Kg)	Antenna pair in mm	Peak location separation ratio
2.4	Back	0.099	0.053	0.152	N/A	N/A
2.4	Bottom	0.599	N/A	0.599	N/A	N/A
2.4	Right	N/A	0.695	0.695	N/A	N/A
5	Back	0.319	0.327	0.646	N/A	N/A
5	Left-Side	0.018	N/A	0.018	N/A	N/A
5	Bottom	2.923	N/A	2.923	N/A	N/A
5	Right	N/A	2.988	2.988	N/A	N/A

Note : The sum of value is less than 4W/Kg or the ratio is determined by  $(SAR1 + SAR2)^{1.5}/R_i$ , rounded to two decimal digits, and must be  $\leq 0.10$  for all antenna pairs in the configuration to qualify for SAR test exclusion.

## 10. SAR measurement variability

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is  $\geq 0.80$  W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is  $\geq 1.45$  W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is  $\geq 1.5$  W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.
- 5) While 1-g SAR thresholds are specified in the procedures for SAR test reduction and exclusion, these thresholds should be multiplied by 2.5 when 10-g extremity SAR is considered.

Frequency		Body SAR 1g (W/kg)						
Channel	MHz	Original	First Repeated		Second Repeated		Third Repeated	
			Value	Ratio	Value	Ratio	Value	Ratio
6	2437	0.215	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
159	5795	0.762	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Frequency		Limb SAR 10g (W/kg)						
Channel	MHz	Original	First Repeated		Second Repeated		Third Repeated	
			Value	Ratio	Value	Ratio	Value	Ratio
6	2437	0.692	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
110	5550	2.880	2.860	1.007	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

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**Appendix**

**Appendix A. SAR System Check Data**

**Appendix B. SAR measurement Data**

**Appendix C. Test Setup Photographs**

**Appendix D. Probe Calibration Data**

**Appendix E. Dipole Calibration Data**

## Appendix A. SAR System Check Data

Test Laboratory: DEKRA

Date/Time: 2019/10/02

### System Performance Check\_2450MHz-Head

#### DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2

Communication System: UID 10000, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.87$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.15$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 23.6, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 22.4

Measurement Standard: DASYS5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3979; ConvF(7.33, 7.33, 7.33); Calibrated: 2018/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2018/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with left table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASYS52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

**Configuration/2450MHz\_Head/Area Scan (8x9x1):** Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.7 W/kg

### Configuration/2450MHz\_Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

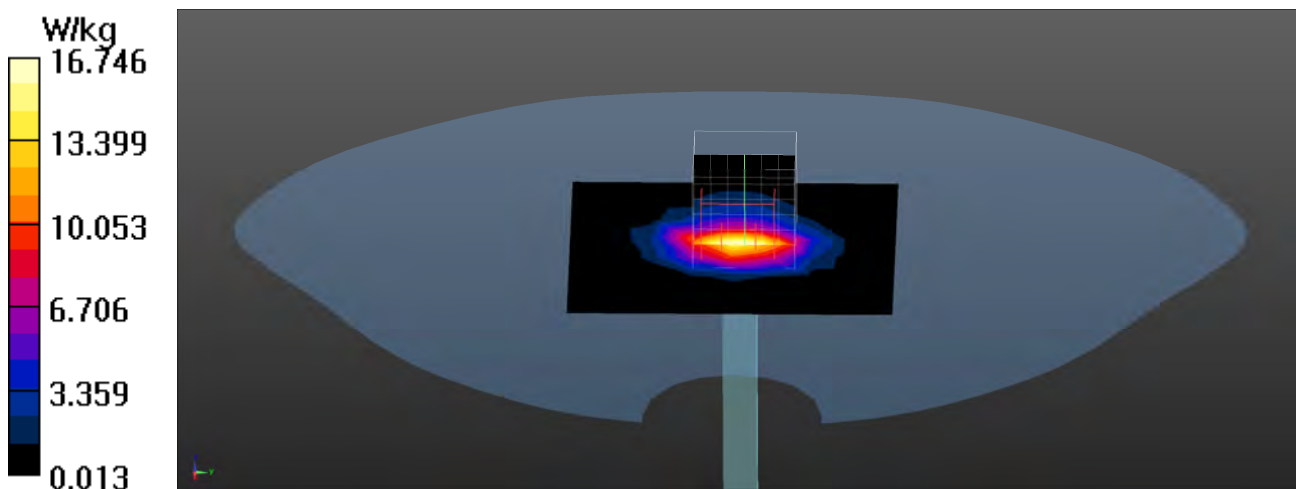
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 99.61 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.1 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 13.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.97 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.9 W/kg



Test Laboratory: DEKRA

Date/Time: 2019/10/09

**System Performance Check\_5200MHz-Head****DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5200$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.73$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 36.89$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 24.4, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 23.3

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3979; ConvF(4.8, 4.8, 4.8); Calibrated: 2018/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2018/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASYS2, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

**Configuration/5200MHz-Head/Area Scan (8x8x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.1 W/kg

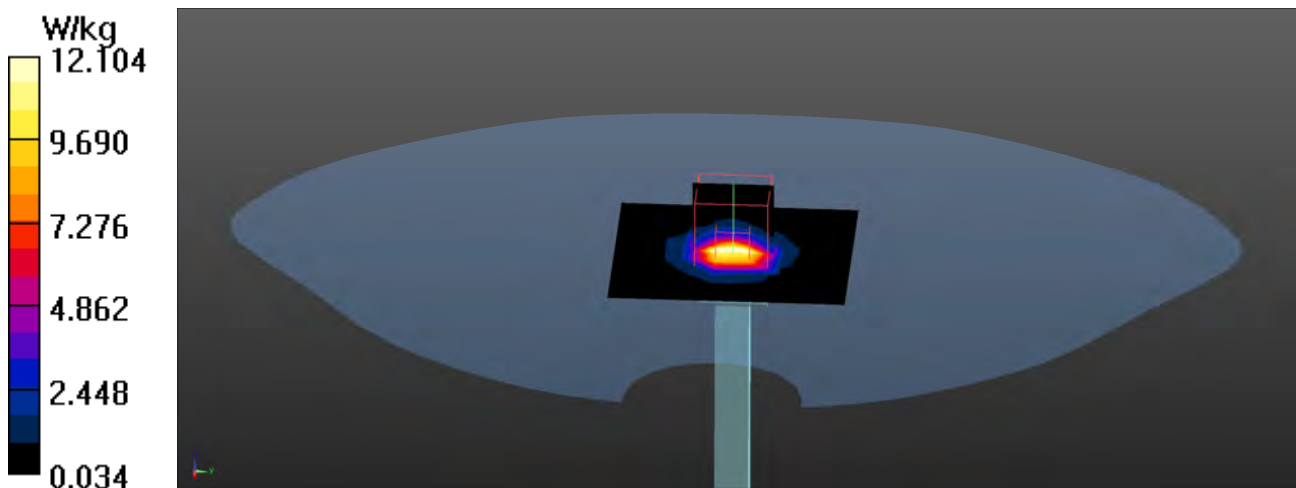
**Configuration/5200MHz-Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x12mm), dist=1.4mm****(7x7x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 70.68 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.9 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.16 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.6 W/kg



Test Laboratory: DEKRA

Date/Time: 2019/10/09

**System Performance Check\_5300MHz-Head****DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5300 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5300$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.84$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 36.63$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 24.4, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 23.3

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3979; ConvF(4.8, 4.8, 4.8); Calibrated: 2018/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2018/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASYS2, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

**Configuration/5300MHz-Head/Area Scan (8x8x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.7 W/kg

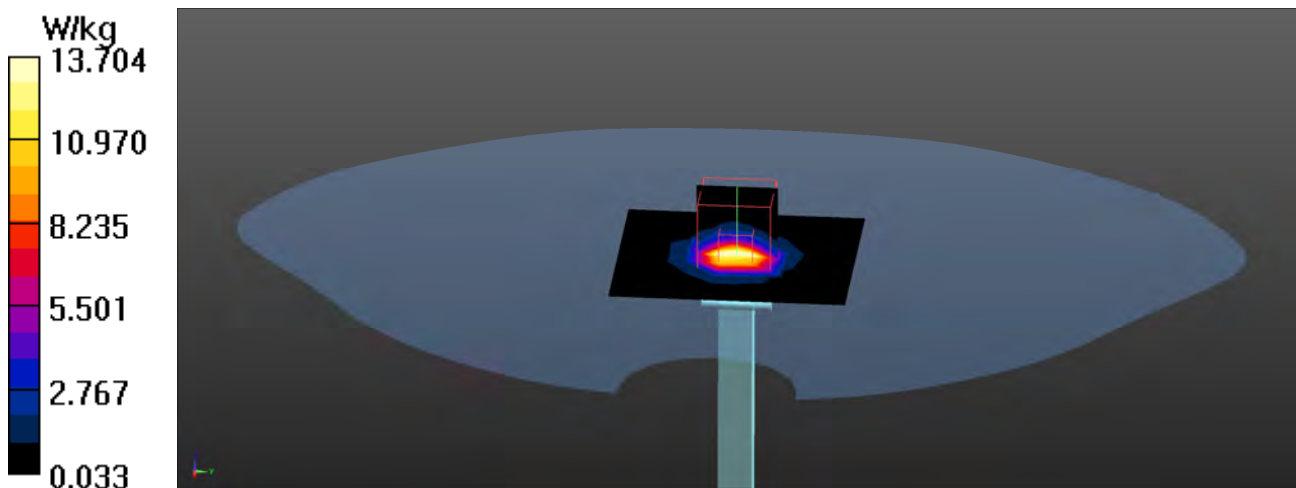
**Configuration/5300MHz-Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x12mm), dist=1.4mm****(7x7x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 71.90 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.7 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.43 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.43 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.9 W/kg



Test Laboratory: DEKRA

Date/Time: 2019/10/09

**System Performance Check\_5600MHz-Head****DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5600 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5600$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.11$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.89$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 24.4, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 23.3

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3979; ConvF(4.53, 4.53, 4.53); Calibrated: 2018/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2018/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASYS2, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

**Configuration/5600MHz-Head/Area Scan (8x8x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.5 W/kg

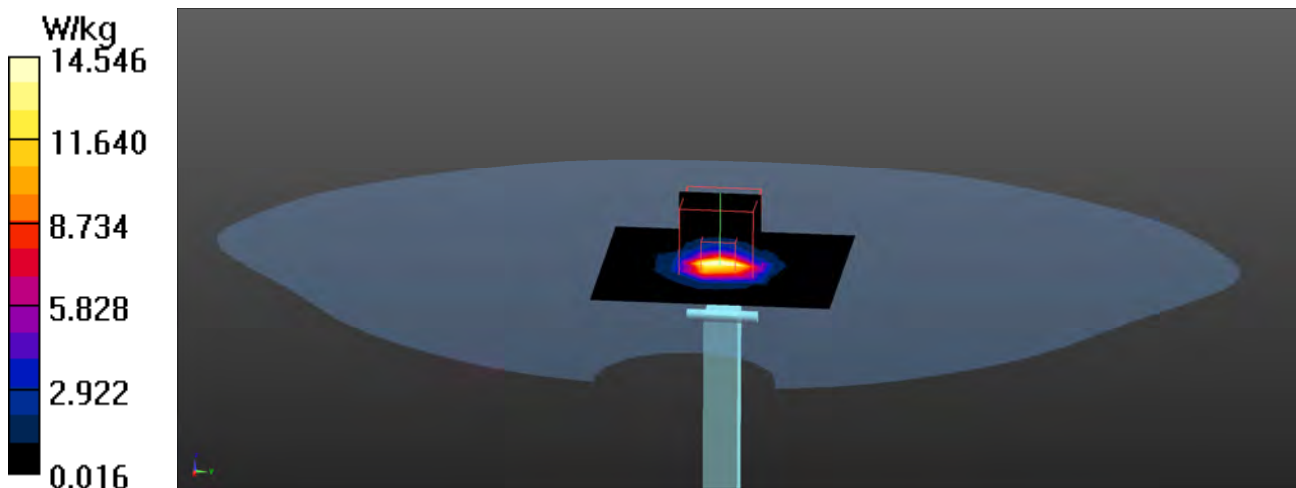
**Configuration/5600MHz-Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x12mm), dist=1.4mm****(7x7x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 70.96 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.9 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.86 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.15 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.7 W/kg



Test Laboratory: DEKRA

Date/Time: 2019/10/09

**System Performance Check\_5800MHz-Head****DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.3$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.47$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 24.4, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 23.3

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3979; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 2018/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2018/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

**Configuration/5800MHz-Head/Area Scan (8x8x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.8 W/kg

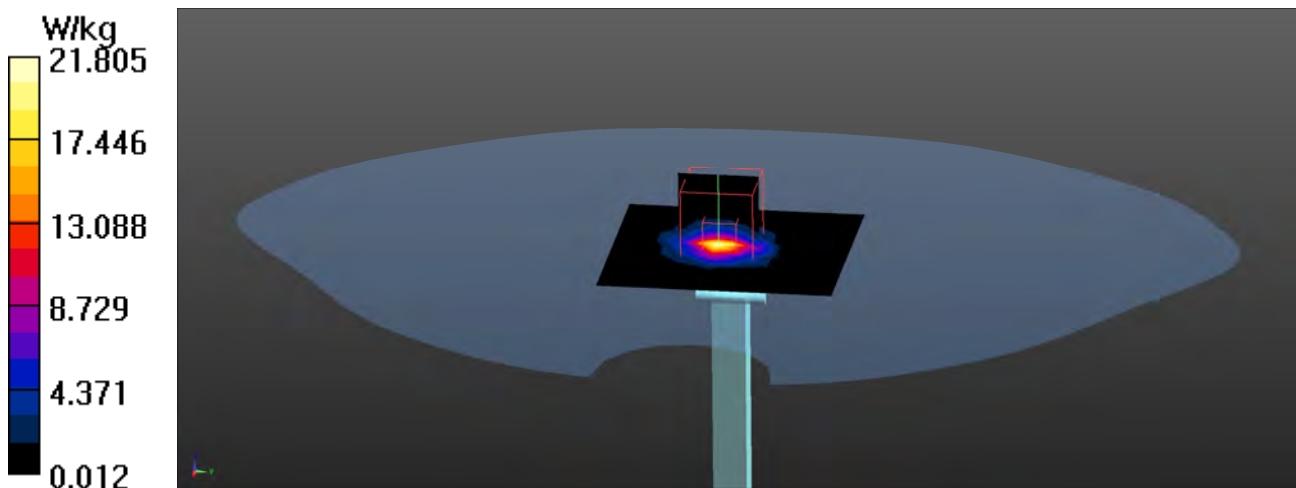
**Configuration/5800MHz-Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x12mm), dist=1.4mm (7x7x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 60.75 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 36.2 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.64 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.46 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.8 W/kg





## Appendix B. SAR measurement Data

Test Laboratory: DEKRA

Date/Time: 2019/10/02

### 802.11b\_6-Front-Main-Body SAR

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 2.4G; Frequency: 2437 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2437$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.83$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.29$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 23.6, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 22.4

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3979; ConvF(7.33, 7.33, 7.33); Calibrated: 2018/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2018/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with left table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

**Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x21x1):** Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.253 W/kg

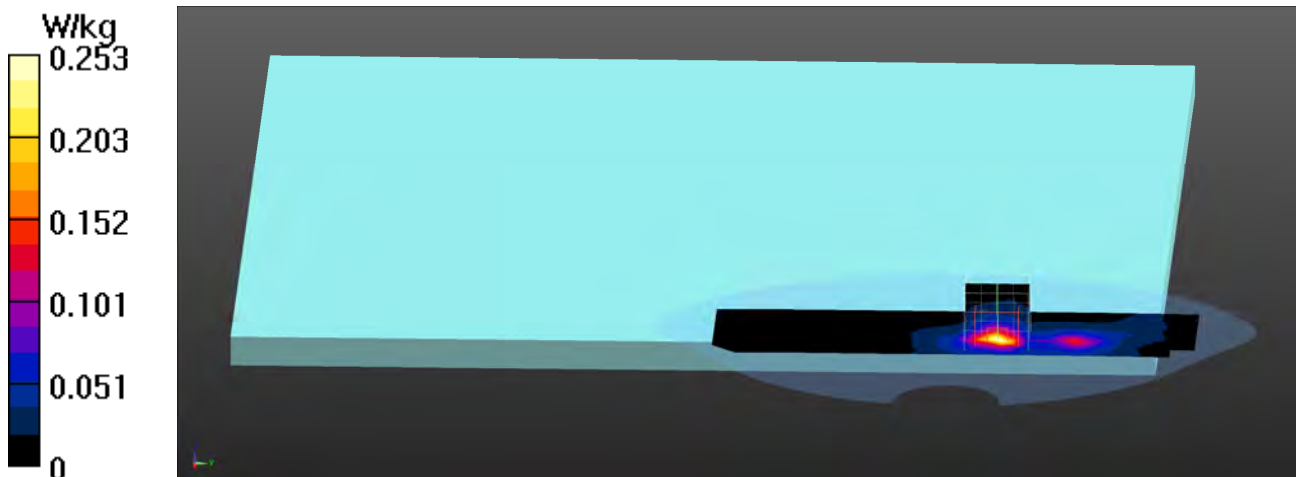
**Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.053 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.640 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.215 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.089 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.274 W/kg



Test Laboratory: DEKRA

Date/Time: 2019/10/02

**802.11b\_6-Front-Aux-Body SAR**

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 2.4G; Frequency: 2437 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2437$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.83$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.29$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 23.6, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 22.4

Measurement Standard: DASYS5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3979; ConvF(7.33, 7.33, 7.33); Calibrated: 2018/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2018/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with left table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASYS52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

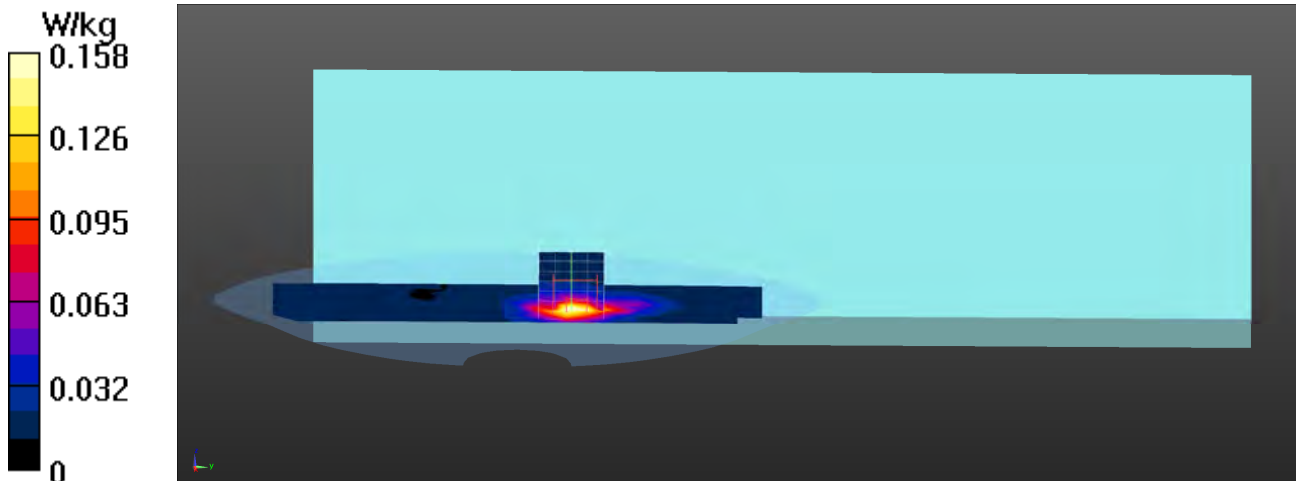
**Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x21x1):** Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.158 W/kg**Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.706 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.404 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.146 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.067 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.192 W/kg



Test Laboratory: DEKRA

Date/Time: 2019/10/02

**802.11b\_6-Back-Main-Limb SAR**

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 2.4G; Frequency: 2437 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2437$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.83$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.29$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 23.6, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 22.4

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3979; ConvF(7.33, 7.33, 7.33); Calibrated: 2018/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2018/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with left table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

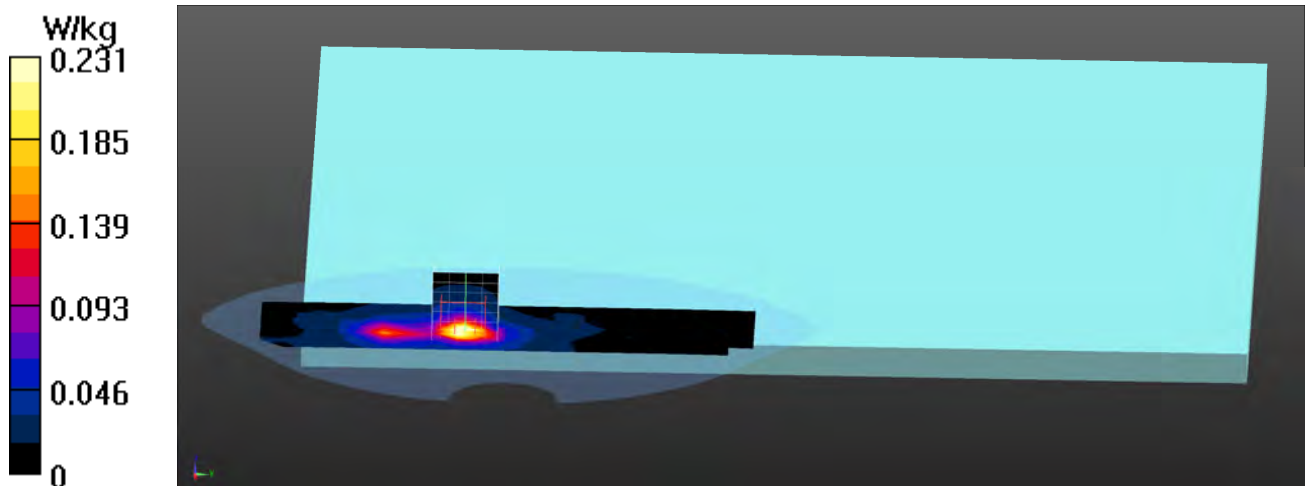
**Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x21x1):** Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.231 W/kg**Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.444 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.645 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.226 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.098 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.318 W/kg



Test Laboratory: DEKRA

Date/Time: 2019/10/02

**802.11b\_6-Bottom-Main-Limb SAR**

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 2.4G; Frequency: 2437 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2437$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.83$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.29$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 23.6, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 22.4

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3979; ConvF(7.33, 7.33, 7.33); Calibrated: 2018/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2018/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with left table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

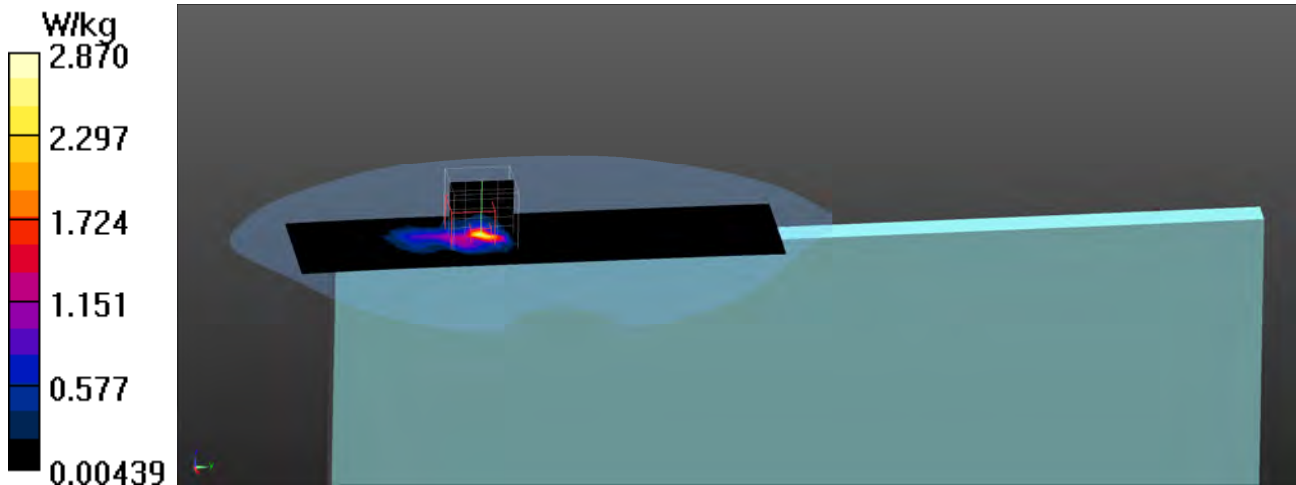
**Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x21x1):** Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.87 W/kg**Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.241 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 8.09 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 1.81 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.594 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.11 W/kg



Test Laboratory: DEKRA

Date/Time: 2019/10/02

**802.11b\_6-Back-Aux-Limb SAR**

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 2.4G; Frequency: 2437 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2437$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.83$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.29$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 23.6, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 22.4

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3979; ConvF(7.33, 7.33, 7.33); Calibrated: 2018/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2018/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with left table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

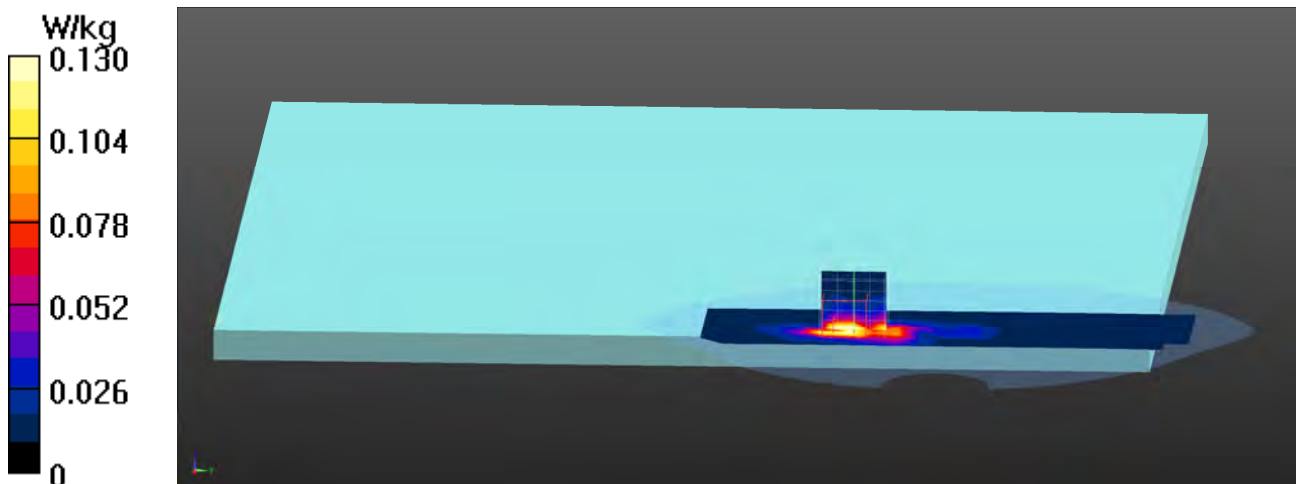
**Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x21x1):** Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.130 W/kg**Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.172 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.449 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.129 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.053 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.157 W/kg



Test Laboratory: DEKRA

Date/Time: 2019/10/02

**802.11b\_6-Right-Side-Aux-Limb SAR**

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 2.4G; Frequency: 2437 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2437$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.83$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.29$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 23.6, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 22.4

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3979; ConvF(7.33, 7.33, 7.33); Calibrated: 2018/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2018/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with left table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASYS2, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

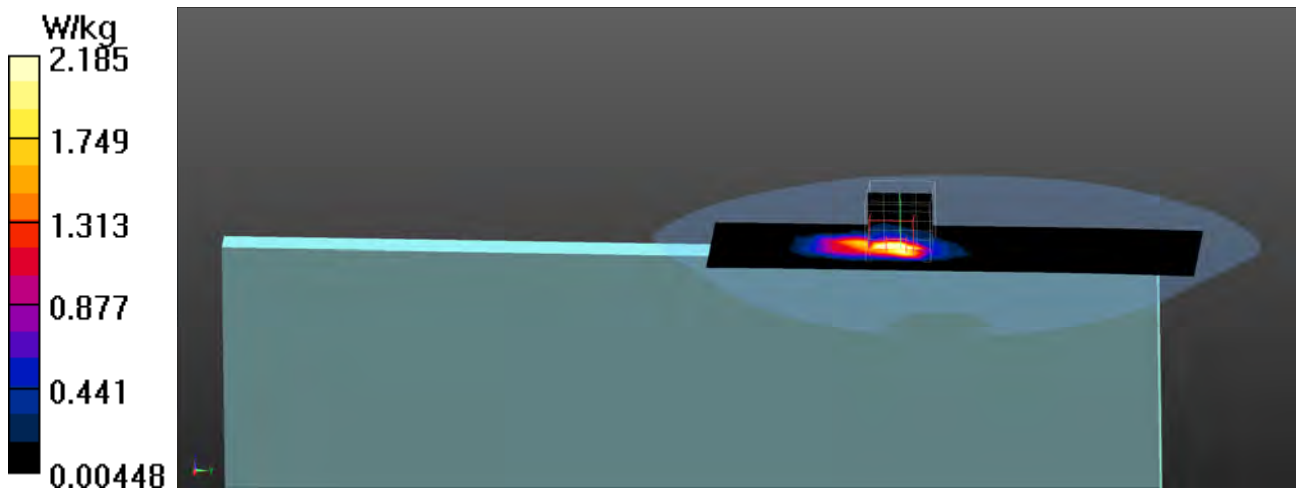
**Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x21x1):** Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.18 W/kg**Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.56 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 12.0 W/kg

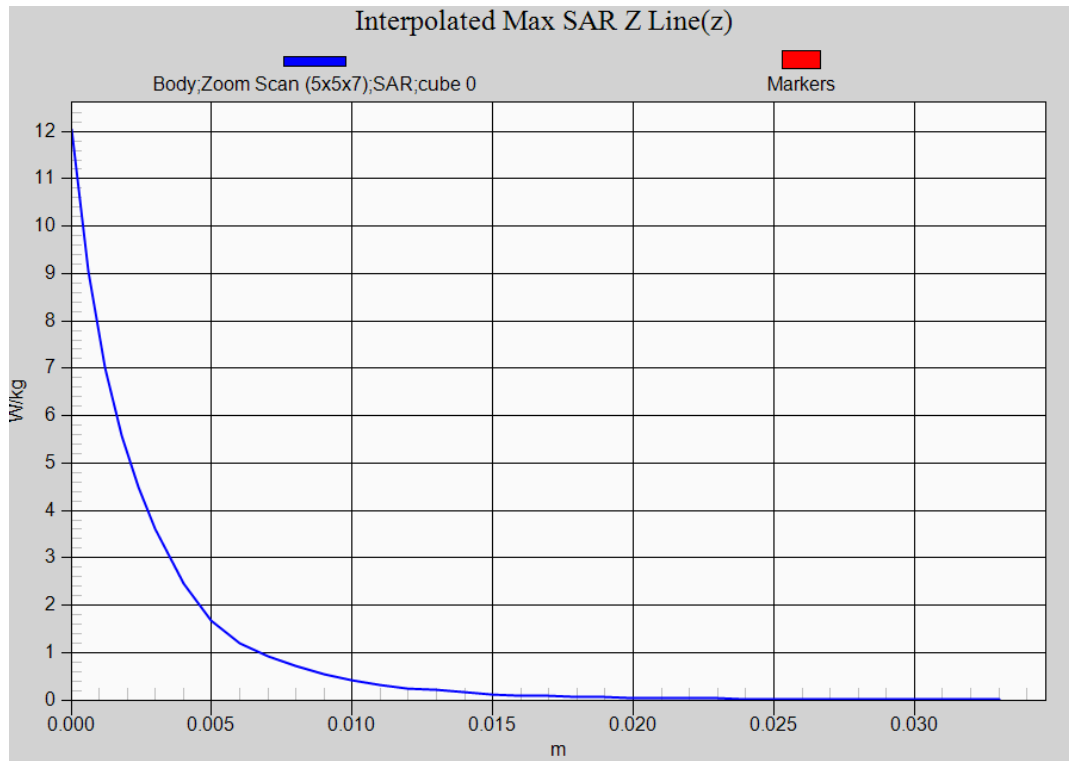
**SAR(1 g) = 2.22 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.692 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.67 W/kg



### 802.11b EUT Right-Side\_Limb SAR (Aux Antenna) Z-Axis plot

Channel: 6



Test Laboratory: DEKRA

Date/Time: 2019/10/09

**802.11n40M\_46-Front-Main-Body SAR**

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5230 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5230$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.76$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 36.82$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 24.4, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 23.3

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3979; ConvF(4.8, 4.8, 4.8); Calibrated: 2018/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2018/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

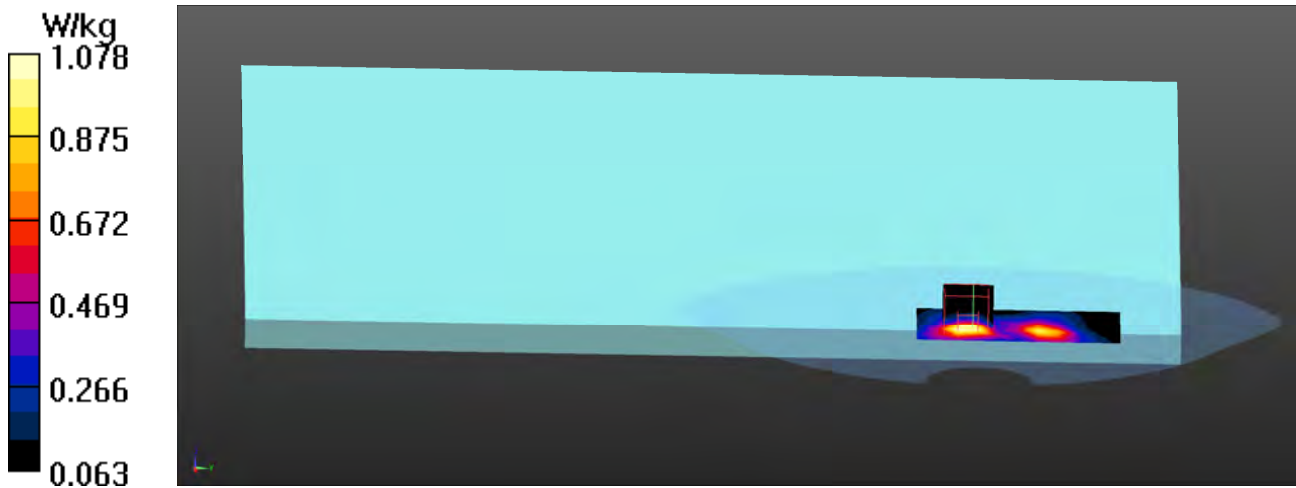
**Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x11x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.08 W/kg**Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (6x6x12) (6x6x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 12.71 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.65 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.562 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.218 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.23 W/kg





Test Laboratory: DEKRA

Date/Time: 2019/10/09

**802.11n40M\_54-Front-Main-Body SAR**

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5270 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5270$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.8$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 36.71$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 24.4, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 23.3

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3979; ConvF(4.8, 4.8, 4.8); Calibrated: 2018/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2018/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

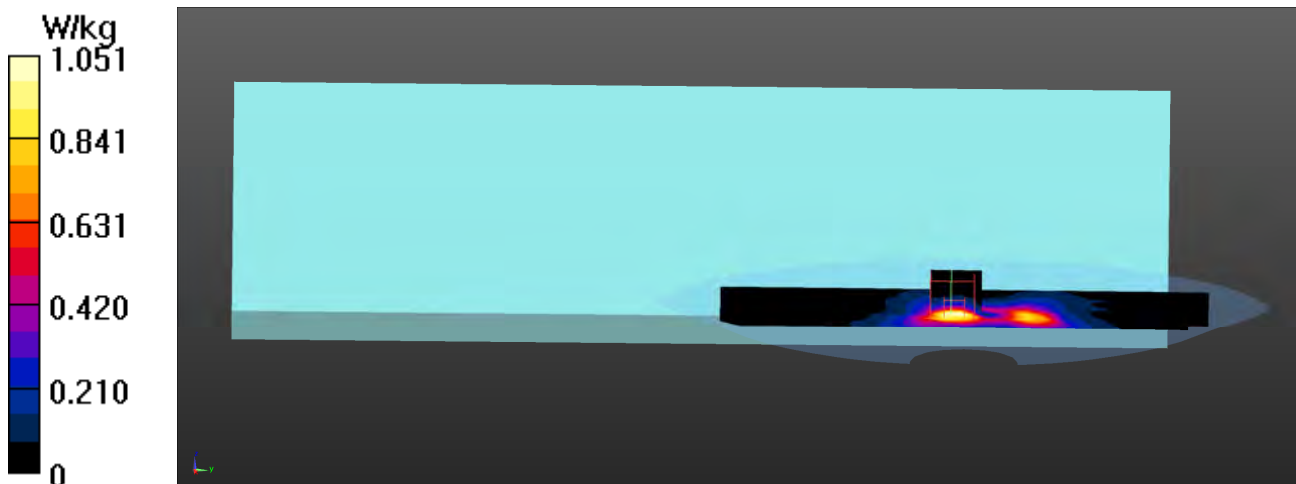
**Configuration/Body/Area Scan (9x25x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.05 W/kg**Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (6x6x12) (6x6x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 12.53 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.44 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.544 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.213 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.19 W/kg



Test Laboratory: DEKRA

Date/Time: 2019/10/09

**802.11n40M\_118-Front-Main-Body SAR**

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5590 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5590$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.09$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.91$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 24.4, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 23.3

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3979; ConvF(4.53, 4.53, 4.53); Calibrated: 2018/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2018/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

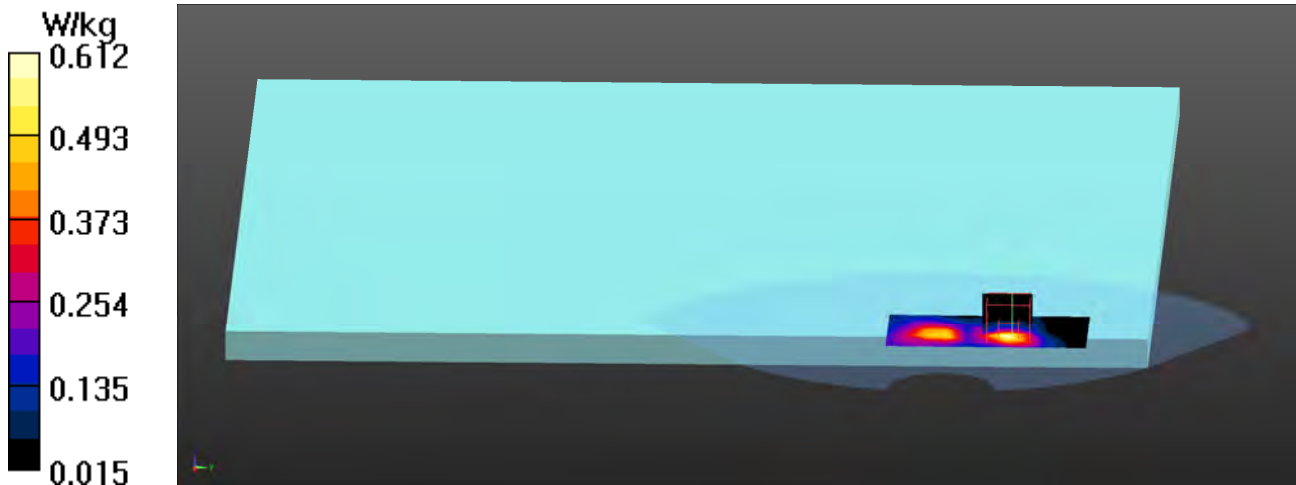
**Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x11x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.612 W/kg**Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (6x6x12) (6x6x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 8.902 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.09 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.274 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.113 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.609 W/kg



Test Laboratory: DEKRA

Date/Time: 2019/10/09

**802.11ac80M\_155-Front-Main-Body SAR**

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5775 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5775$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.27$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.52$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 24.4, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 23.3

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3979; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 2018/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2018/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

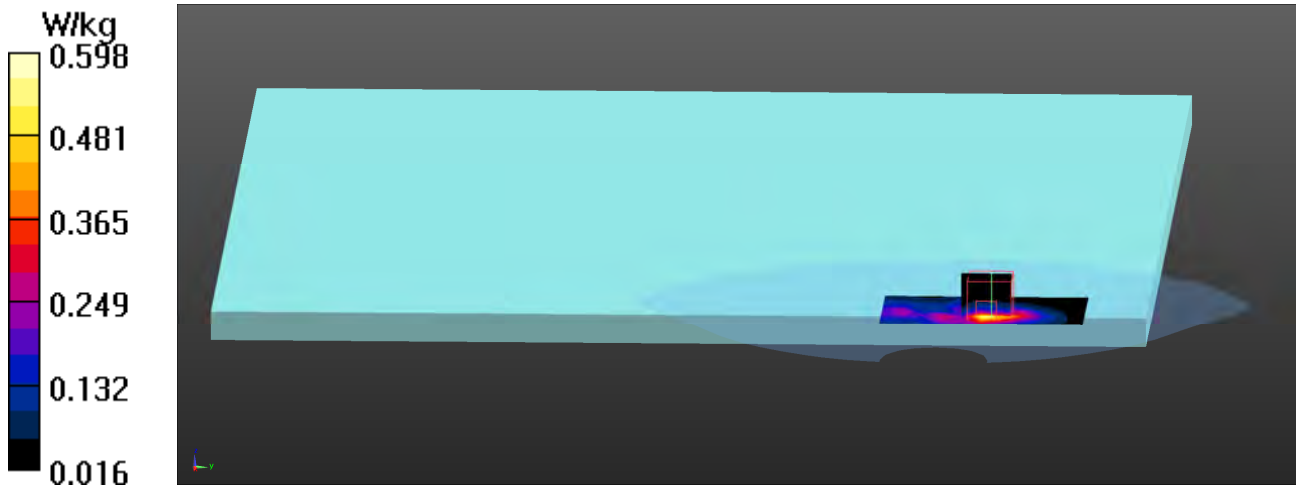
**Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x11x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.598 W/kg**Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (6x6x12) (6x6x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 5.714 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.35 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.266 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.107 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.587 W/kg



Test Laboratory: DEKRA

Date/Time: 2019/10/09

**802.11n40M\_46-Front-Aux-Body SAR**

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5230 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5230$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.76$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 36.82$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 24.4, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 23.3

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3979; ConvF(4.8, 4.8, 4.8); Calibrated: 2018/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2018/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

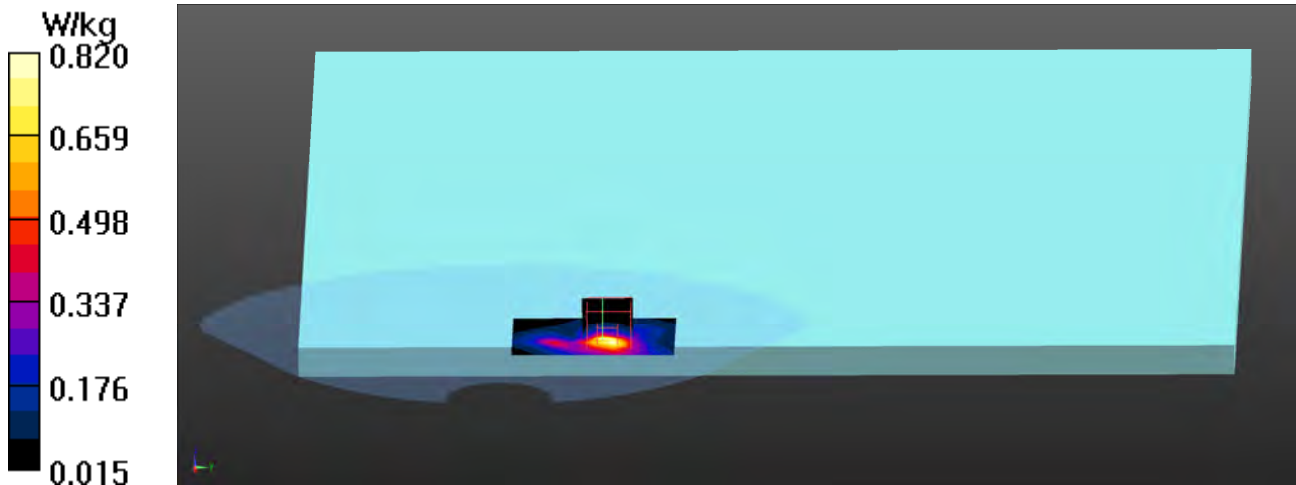
**Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x9x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.820 W/kg**Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (6x6x12) (6x6x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 2.661 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.87 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.417 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.156 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.921 W/kg



Test Laboratory: DEKRA

Date/Time: 2019/10/09

**802.11n40M\_54-Front-Aux-Body SAR**

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5270 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5270$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.8$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 36.71$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 24.4, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 23.3

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3979; ConvF(4.8, 4.8, 4.8); Calibrated: 2018/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2018/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

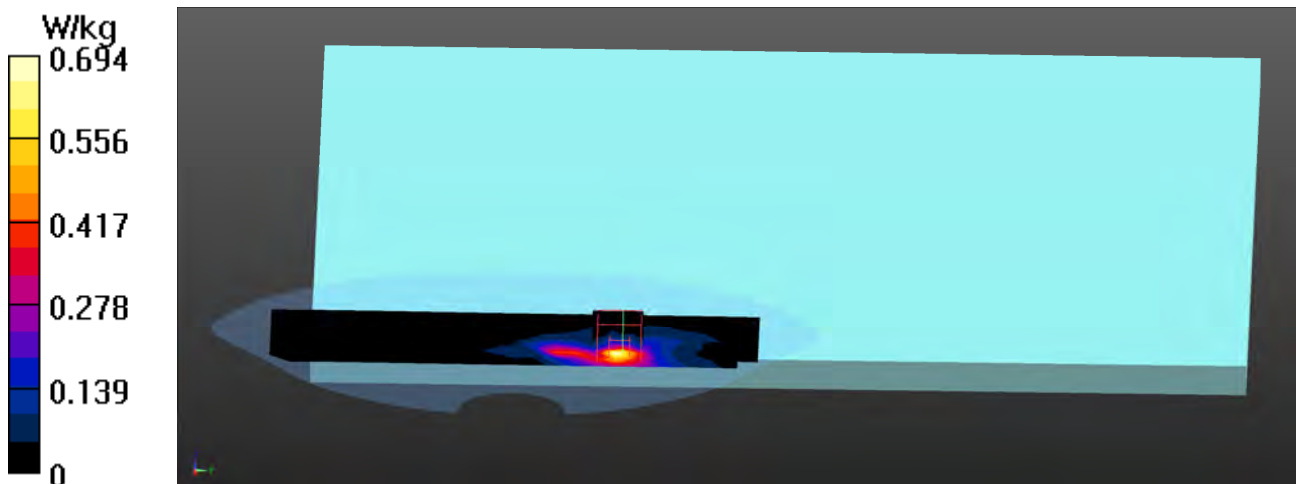
**Configuration/Body/Area Scan (9x25x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.694 W/kg**Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (6x6x12) (6x6x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 2.709 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.39 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.322 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.127 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.801 W/kg



Test Laboratory: DEKRA

Date/Time: 2019/10/09

**802.11n40M\_118-Front-Aux-Body SAR**

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5590 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5590$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.09$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.91$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 24.4, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 23.3

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3979; ConvF(4.53, 4.53, 4.53); Calibrated: 2018/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2018/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

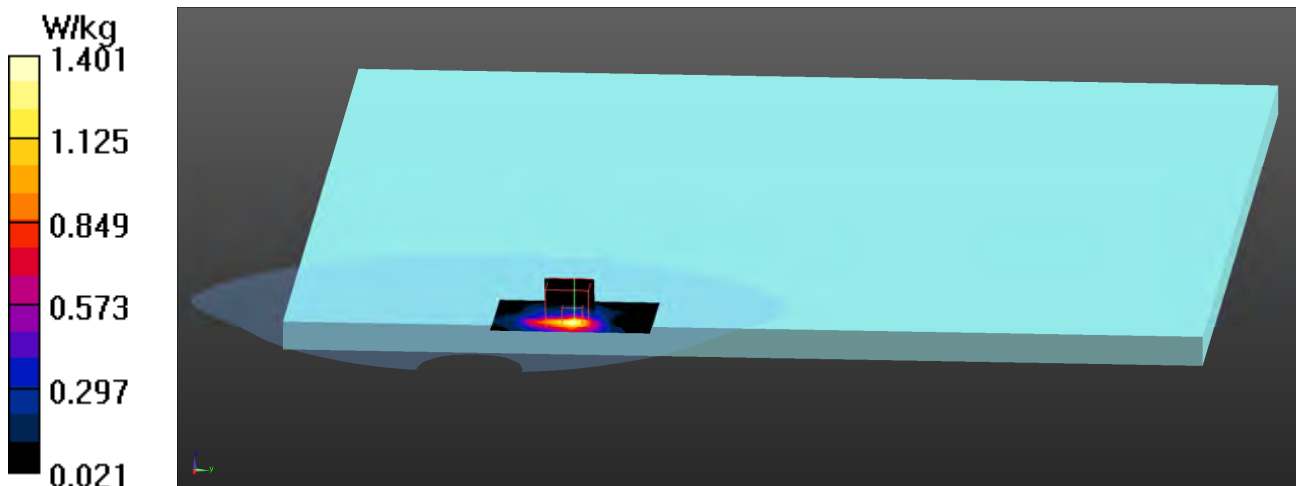
**Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x9x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.40 W/kg**Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (6x6x12) (6x6x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 3.798 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.58 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.617 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.244 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.47 W/kg



Test Laboratory: DEKRA

Date/Time: 2019/10/09

**802.11n40M\_159-Front-Aux-Body SAR**

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5795 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5795$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.29$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.49$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 24.4, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 23.3

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3979; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 2018/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2018/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

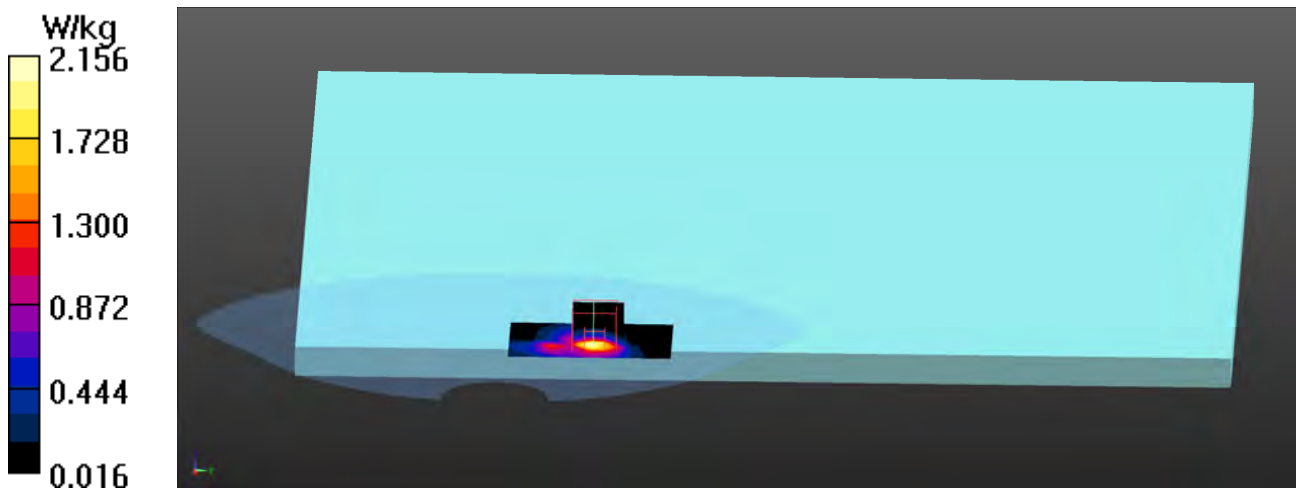
**Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x9x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.16 W/kg**Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (6x6x12) (6x6x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 4.055 V/m; Power Drift = -0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.56 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.762 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.259 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.48 W/kg



Test Laboratory: DEKRA

Date/Time: 2019/10/09

**802.11n40M\_54-Back-Main-Limb SAR**

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5270 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5270$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.8$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 36.71$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 24.4, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 23.3

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3979; ConvF(4.8, 4.8, 4.8); Calibrated: 2018/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2018/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

**Configuration/Body/Area Scan (9x25x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.66 W/kg**Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (6x6x12) (6x6x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 8.338 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.33 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.833 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.314 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.92 W/kg





Test Laboratory: DEKRA

Date/Time: 2019/10/09

**802.11n40M\_118-Back-Main-Limb SAR**

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5590 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5590$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.09$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.91$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 24.4, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 23.3

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3979; ConvF(4.53, 4.53, 4.53); Calibrated: 2018/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2018/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASYS2, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

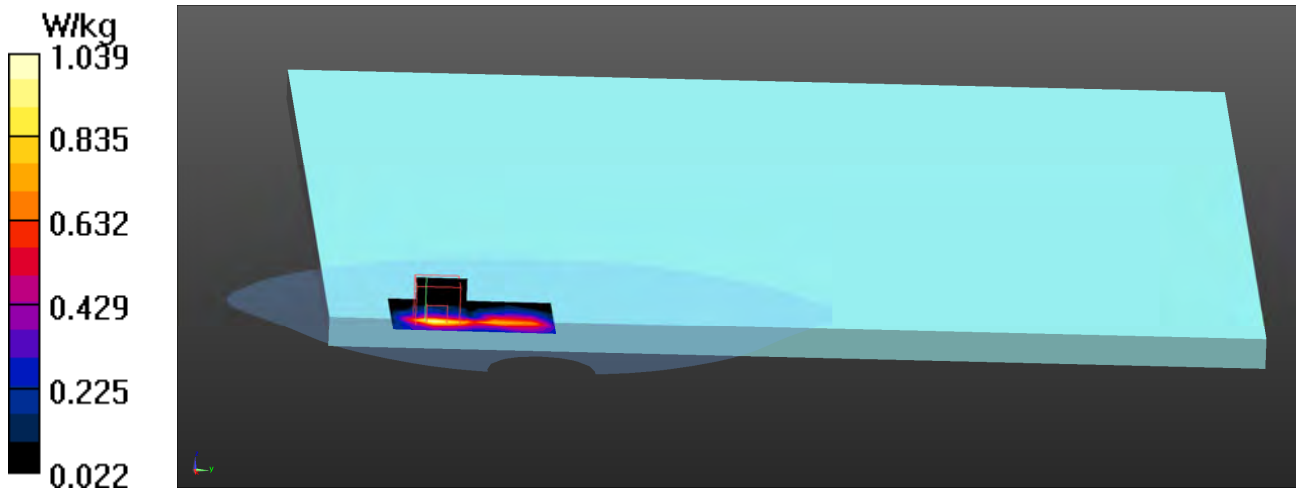
**Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x9x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.04 W/kg**Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (6x6x12) (6x6x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 7.000 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.94 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.446 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.183 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.03 W/kg



Test Laboratory: DEKRA

Date/Time: 2019/10/09

**802.11n40M\_54-Left-Side-Main-Limb SAR**

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5270 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5270$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.8$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 36.71$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 24.4, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 23.3

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3979; ConvF(4.8, 4.8, 4.8); Calibrated: 2018/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2018/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

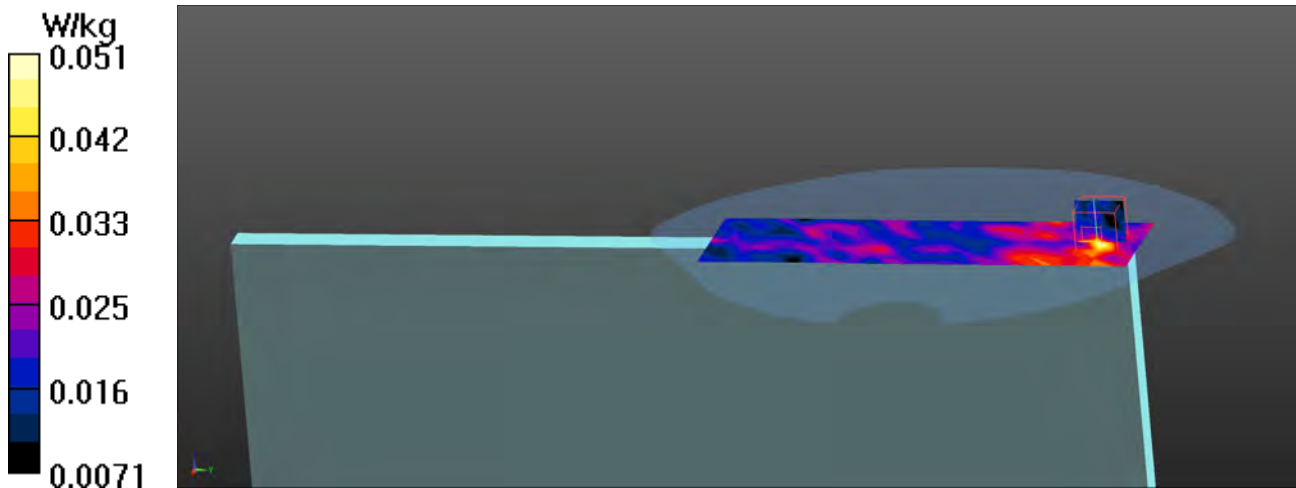
**Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x23x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0506 W/kg**Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (6x6x12) (6x6x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 2.002 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.121 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.025 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.015 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0443 W/kg



Test Laboratory: DEKRA

Date/Time: 2019/10/09

**802.11n40M\_118-Left-Side-Main-Limb SAR**

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5590 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5590$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.09$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.91$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 24.4, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 23.3

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3979; ConvF(4.53, 4.53, 4.53); Calibrated: 2018/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2018/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

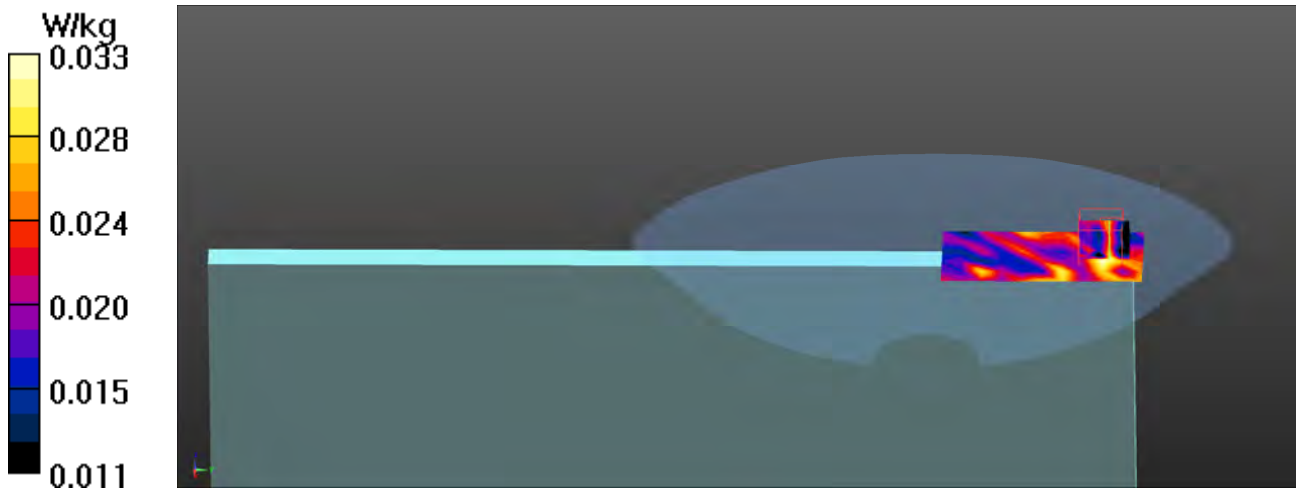
**Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x11x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0327 W/kg**Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (6x6x12) (6x6x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 1.488 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0790 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.023 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.017 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0318 W/kg



Test Laboratory: DEKRA

Date/Time: 2019/10/09

**802.11n40M\_46-Bottom-Main-Limb SAR**

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5230 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5230$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.76$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 36.82$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 24.4, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 23.3

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3979; ConvF(4.8, 4.8, 4.8); Calibrated: 2018/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2018/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

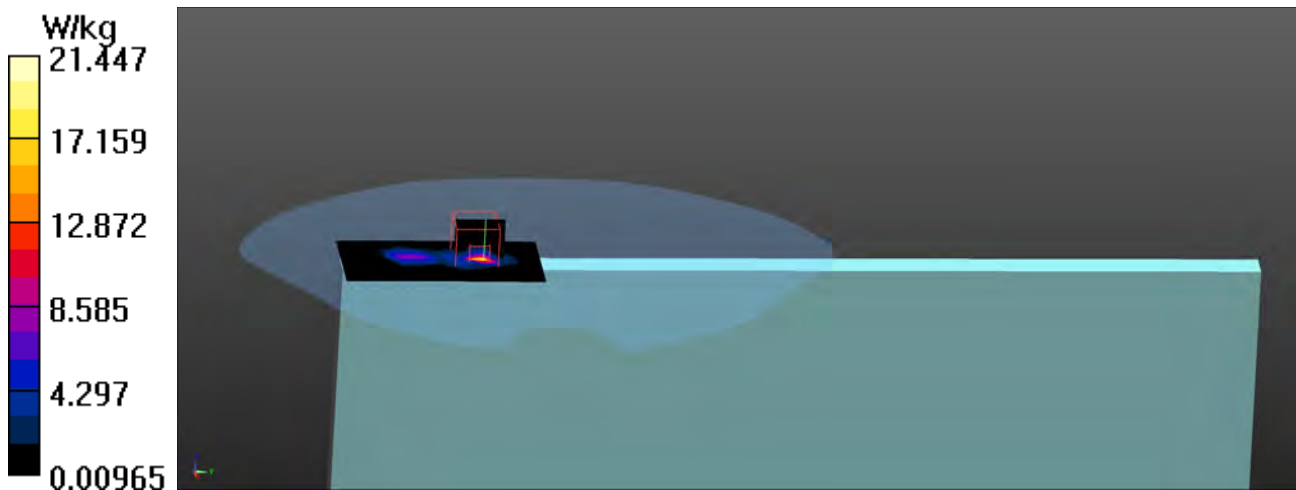
**Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x11x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.4 W/kg**Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (6x6x12) (6x6x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 12.48 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 54.3 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.16 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.67 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.0 W/kg



Test Laboratory: DEKRA

Date/Time: 2019/10/09

**802.11n40M\_54-Bottom-Main-Limb SAR**

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5270 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5270$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.8$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 36.71$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 24.4, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 23.3

Measurement Standard: DASYS5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3979; ConvF(4.8, 4.8, 4.8); Calibrated: 2018/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2018/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

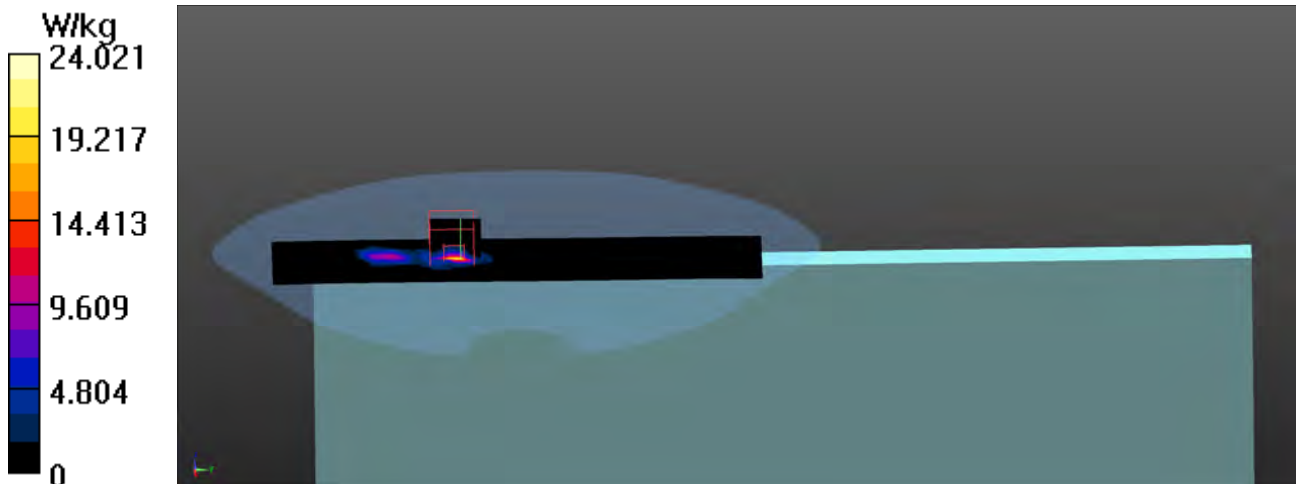
**Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x25x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 24.0 W/kg**Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (6x6x12) (6x6x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 11.86 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 64.3 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.22 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.87 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.6 W/kg



Test Laboratory: DEKRA

Date/Time: 2019/10/09

**802.11n40M\_110-Bottom-Main-Limb SAR**

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5550 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5550$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.06$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.99$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 24.4, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 23.3

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3979; ConvF(4.53, 4.53, 4.53); Calibrated: 2018/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2018/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

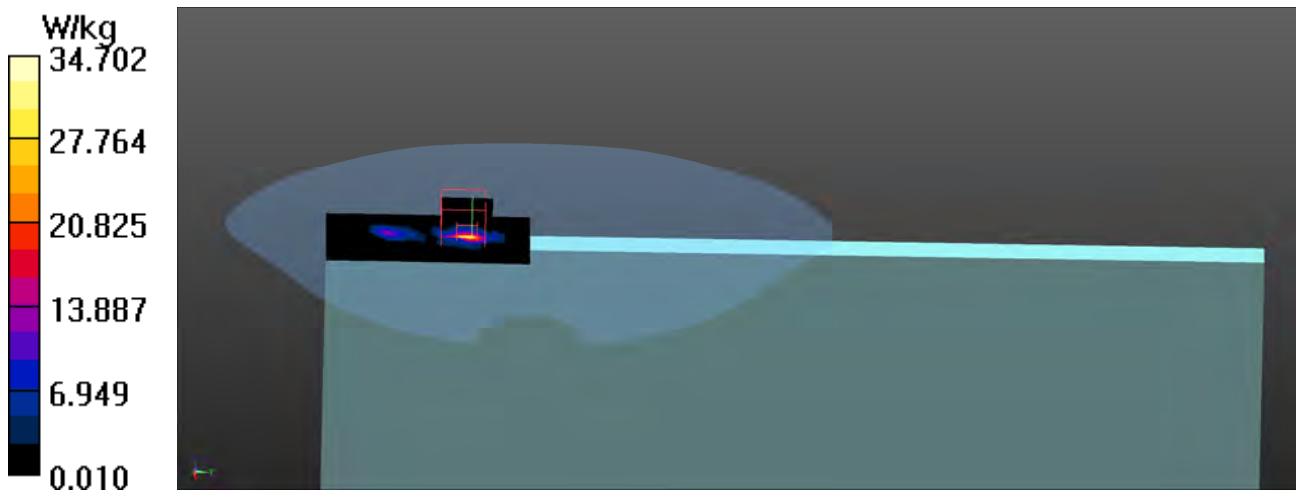
**Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x11x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 34.7 W/kg**Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (6x6x12) (6x6x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 10.98 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 97.5 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 12.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.83 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 36.7 W/kg



Test Laboratory: DEKRA

Date/Time: 2019/10/09

**802.11n40M\_118-Bottom-Main-Limb SAR**

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5590 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5590$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.09$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.91$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 24.4, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 23.3

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3979; ConvF(4.53, 4.53, 4.53); Calibrated: 2018/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2018/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

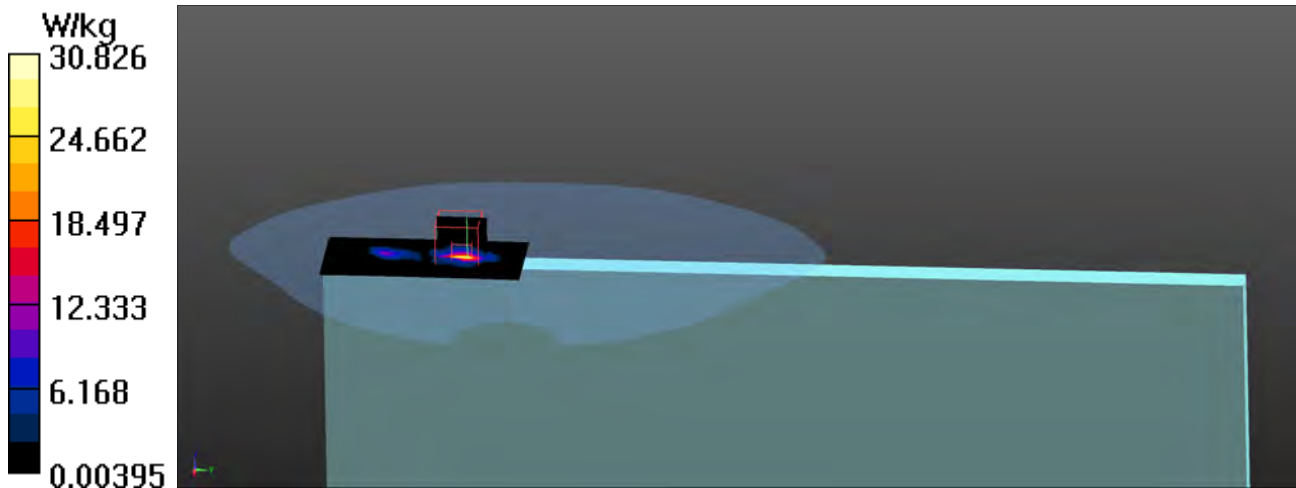
**Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x11x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 30.8 W/kg**Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (6x6x12) (6x6x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 9.205 V/m; Power Drift = -0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 82.2 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 11 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.44 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 32.7 W/kg



Test Laboratory: DEKRA

Date/Time: 2019/10/09

**802.11n40M\_126-Bottom-Main-Limb SAR**

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5630 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5630$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.13$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.83$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 24.4, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 23.3

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3979; ConvF(4.53, 4.53, 4.53); Calibrated: 2018/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2018/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

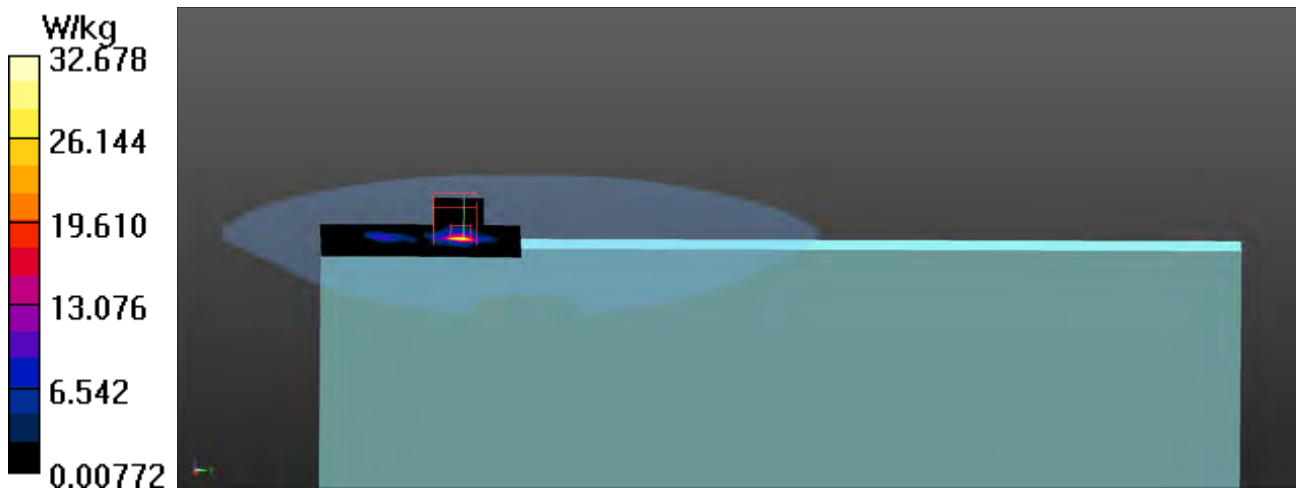
**Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x11x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 32.7 W/kg**Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (6x6x12) (6x6x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 8.508 V/m; Power Drift = -0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 91.1 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 11.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.52 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 34.9 W/kg





Test Laboratory: DEKRA

Date/Time: 2019/10/09

**802.11ac80M\_155-Back-Main-Limb SAR**

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5775 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5775$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.27$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.52$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 24.4, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 23.3

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3979; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 2018/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2018/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

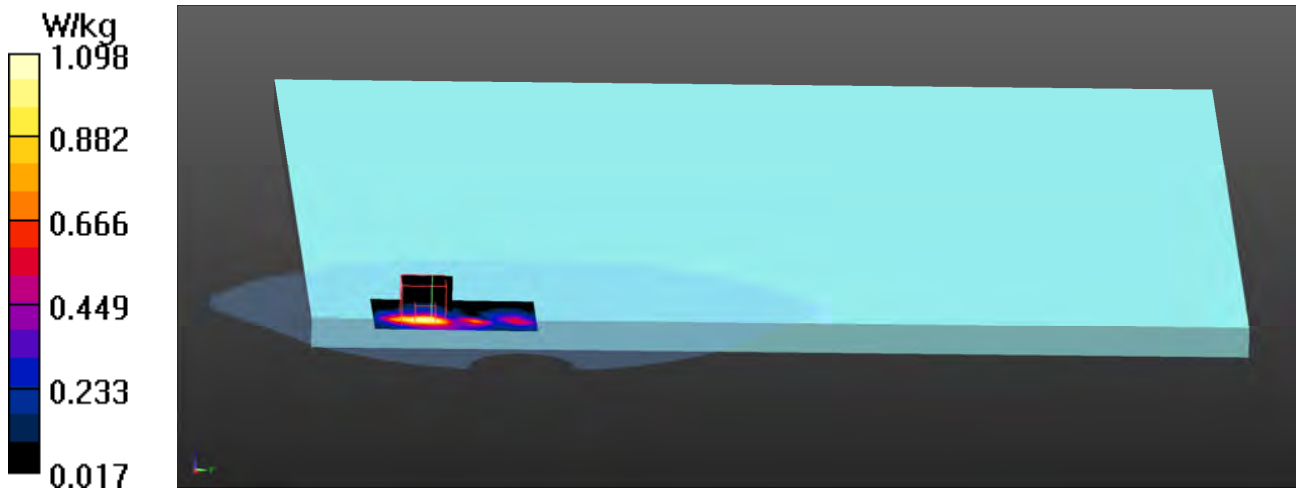
**Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x9x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.10 W/kg**Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (6x6x12) (6x6x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 6.090 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.27 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.496 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.188 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.16 W/kg



Test Laboratory: DEKRA

Date/Time: 2019/10/09

**802.11ac80M\_155-Left-Side-Main-Limb SAR**

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5775 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5775$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.27$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.52$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 24.4, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 23.3

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3979; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 2018/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2018/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

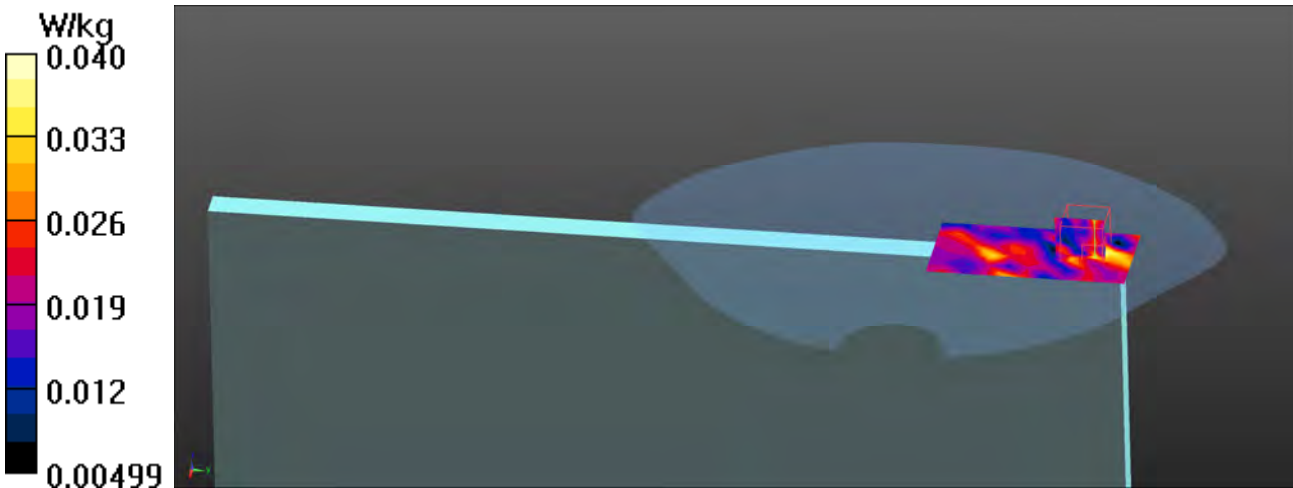
**Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x11x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0396 W/kg**Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (6x6x12) (6x6x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 2.215 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0550 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.024 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.018 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0366 W/kg



Test Laboratory: DEKRA

Date/Time: 2019/10/09

**802.11ac80M\_155-Bottom-Main-Limb SAR**

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5775 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5775$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.27$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.52$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 24.4, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 23.3

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3979; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 2018/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2018/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

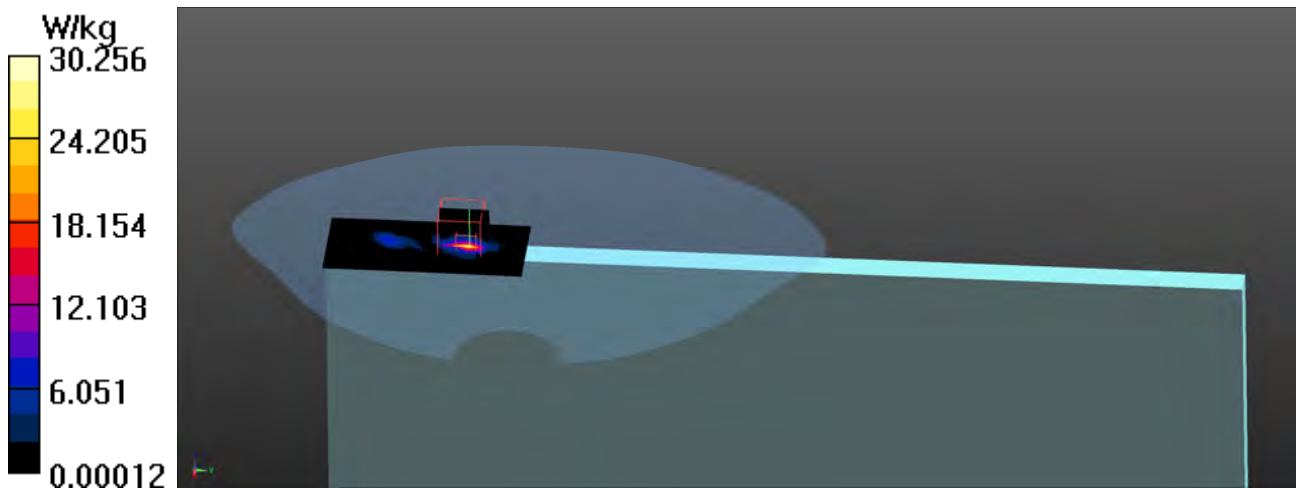
**Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x11x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 30.3 W/kg**Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (6x6x12) (6x6x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 3.666 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 89.1 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 10.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.22 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 32.7 W/kg



Test Laboratory: DEKRA

Date/Time: 2019/10/09

**802.11n40M\_54-Back-Aux-Limb SAR**

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5270 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5270$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.8$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 36.71$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 24.4, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 23.3

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3979; ConvF(4.8, 4.8, 4.8); Calibrated: 2018/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2018/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

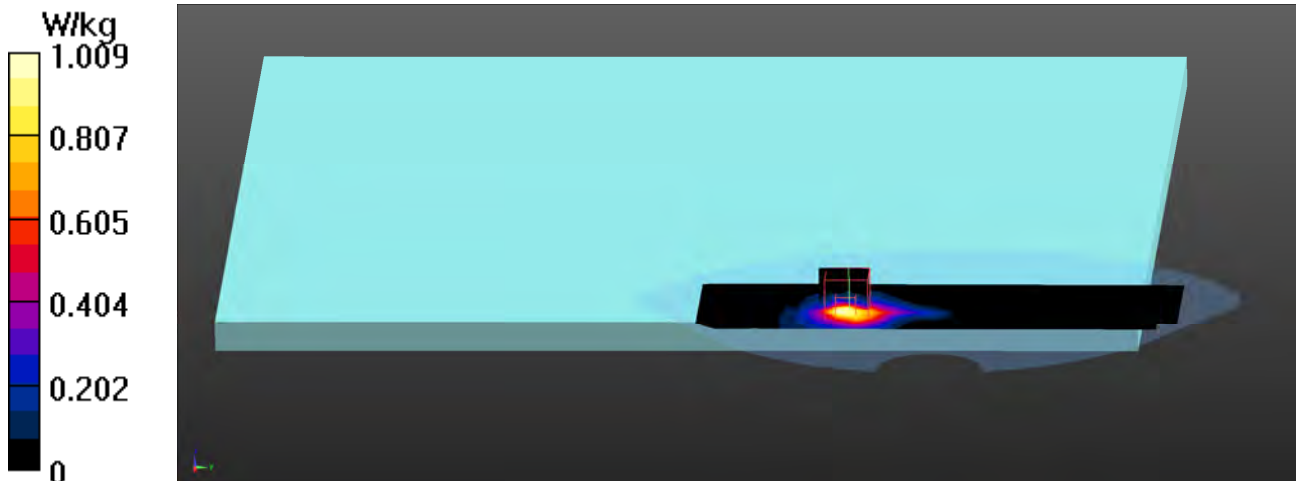
**Configuration/Body/Area Scan (9x25x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.01 W/kg**Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (6x6x12) (6x6x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 3.726 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.10 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.526 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.205 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.21 W/kg



Test Laboratory: DEKRA

Date/Time: 2019/10/09

**802.11n40M\_118-Back-Aux-Limb SAR**

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5590 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5590$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.09$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.91$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 24.4, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 23.3

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3979; ConvF(4.53, 4.53, 4.53); Calibrated: 2018/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2018/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

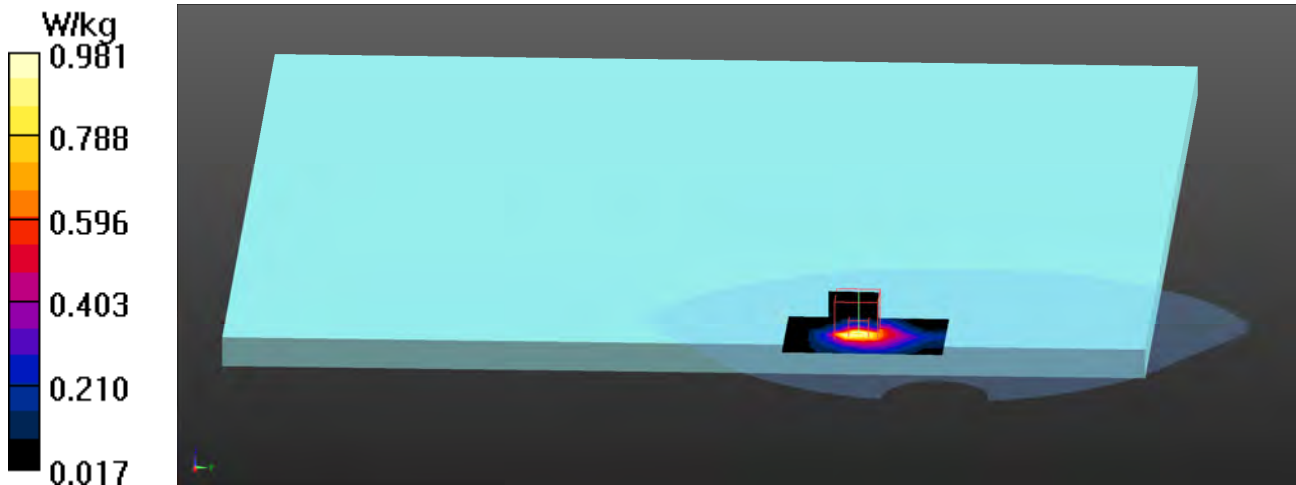
**Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x9x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.981 W/kg**Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (6x6x12) (6x6x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 4.774 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.02 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.478 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.184 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.18 W/kg



Test Laboratory: DEKRA

Date/Time: 2019/10/09

**802.11n40M\_159-Back-Aux-Limb SAR**

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5795 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5795$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.29$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.49$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 24.4, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 23.3

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3979; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 2018/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2018/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

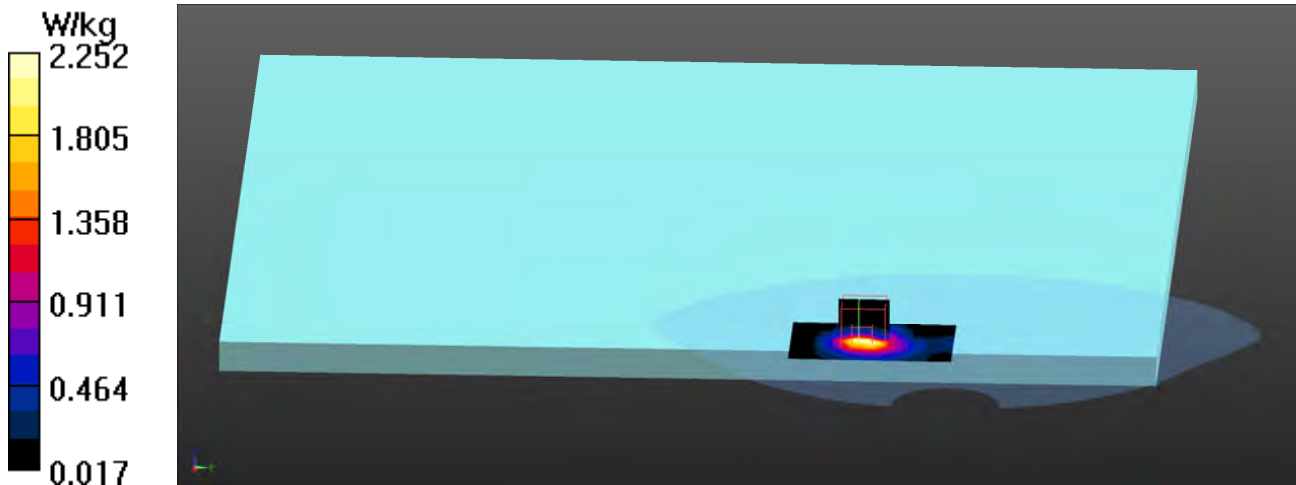
**Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x9x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.25 W/kg**Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (6x6x12) (6x6x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 7.054 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.45 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.825 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.323 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.89 W/kg



Test Laboratory: DEKRA

Date/Time: 2019/10/09

**802.11n40M\_46-Right-Side-Aux-Limb SAR**

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5230 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5230$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.76$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 36.82$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 24.4, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 23.3

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3979; ConvF(4.8, 4.8, 4.8); Calibrated: 2018/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2018/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

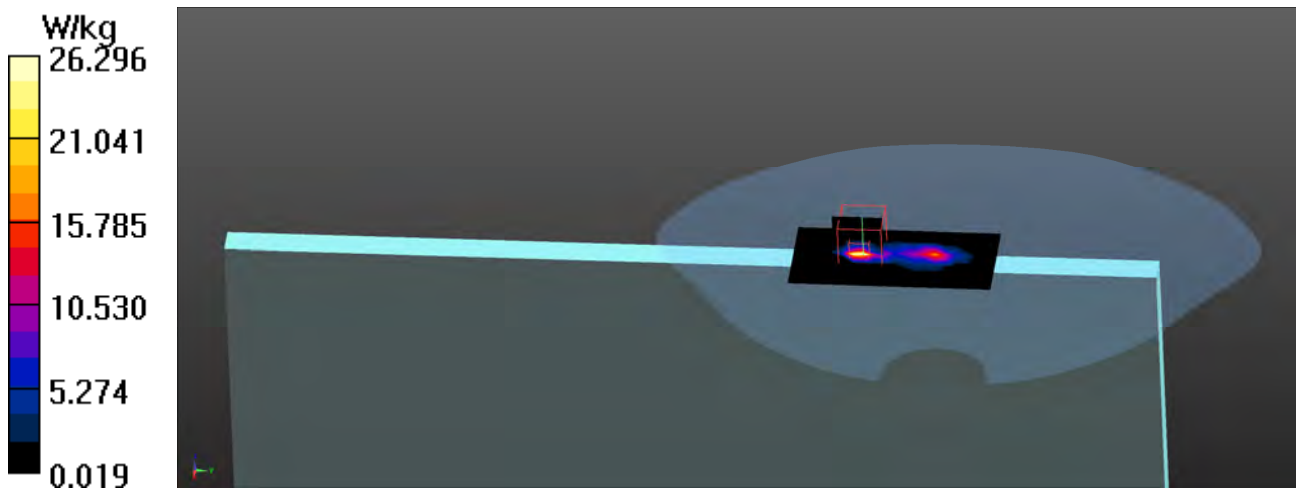
**Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x11x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 26.3 W/kg**Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (6x6x12) (6x6x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 28.89 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 81.3 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 10.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.2 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 33.8 W/kg



Test Laboratory: DEKRA

Date/Time: 2019/10/09

**802.11n40M\_54-Right-Side-Aux-Limb SAR**

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5270 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5270$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.8$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 36.71$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 24.4, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 23.3

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3979; ConvF(4.8, 4.8, 4.8); Calibrated: 2018/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2018/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

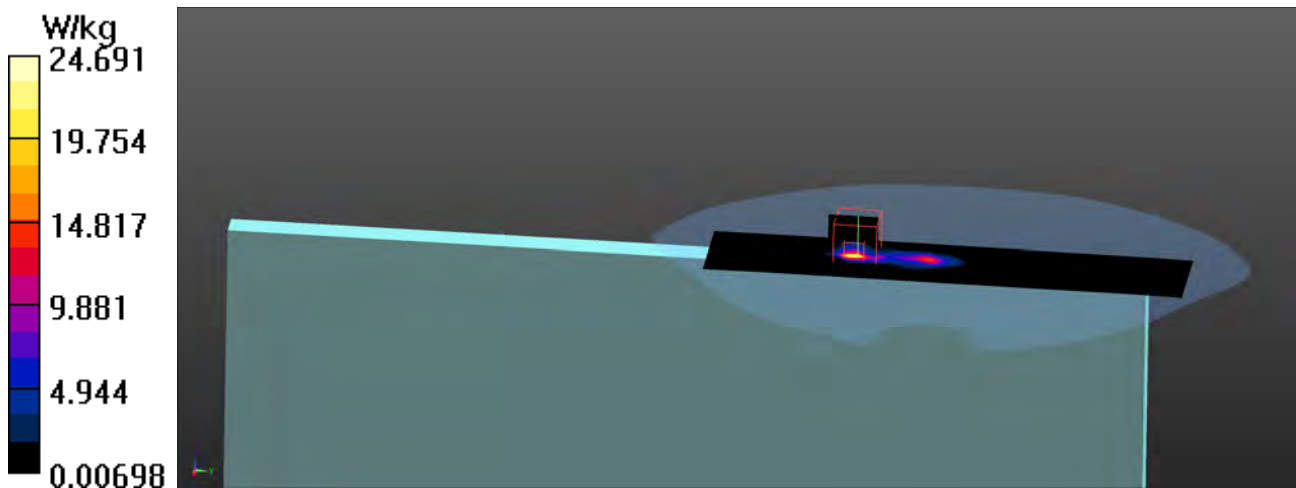
**Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x25x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 24.7 W/kg**Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (6x6x12) (6x6x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 26.29 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 72.5 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 9.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.06 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 31.4 W/kg





Test Laboratory: DEKRA

Date/Time: 2019/10/09

**802.11n40M\_110-Right-Side-Aux-Limb SAR**

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5550 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5550$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.06$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.99$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 24.4, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 23.3

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3979; ConvF(4.53, 4.53, 4.53); Calibrated: 2018/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2018/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

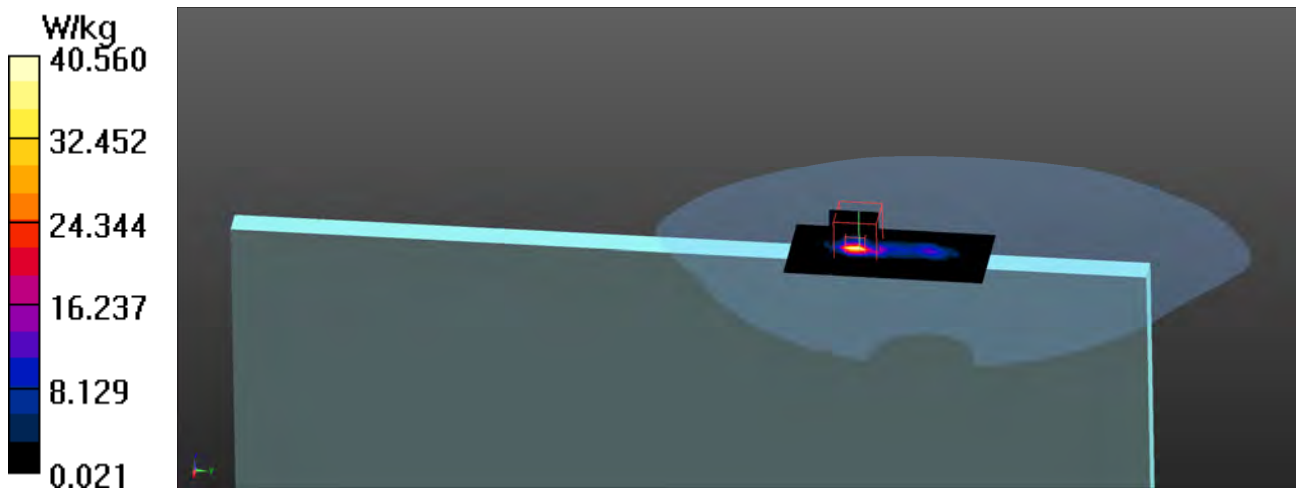
**Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x11x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 40.6 W/kg**Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (6x6x12) (6x6x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 28.91 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 124 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 14.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.88 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 53.6 W/kg



Test Laboratory: DEKRA

Date/Time: 2019/10/09

**802.11n40M\_118-Right-Side-Aux-Limb SAR**

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5590 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5590$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.09$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.91$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 24.4, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 23.3

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3979; ConvF(4.53, 4.53, 4.53); Calibrated: 2018/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2018/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

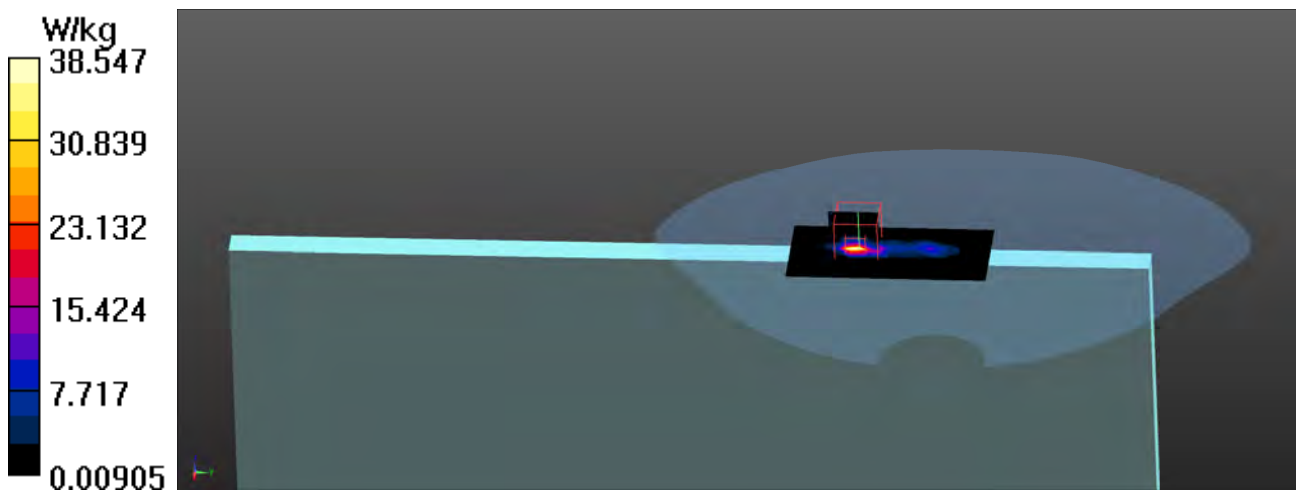
**Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x11x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 38.5 W/kg**Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (6x6x12) (6x6x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 26.99 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 123 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 14.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.86 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 51.2 W/kg



Test Laboratory: DEKRA

Date/Time: 2019/10/09

**802.11n40M\_126-Right-Side-Aux-Limb SAR**

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5630 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5630$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.13$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.83$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 24.4, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 23.3

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3979; ConvF(4.53, 4.53, 4.53); Calibrated: 2018/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2018/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

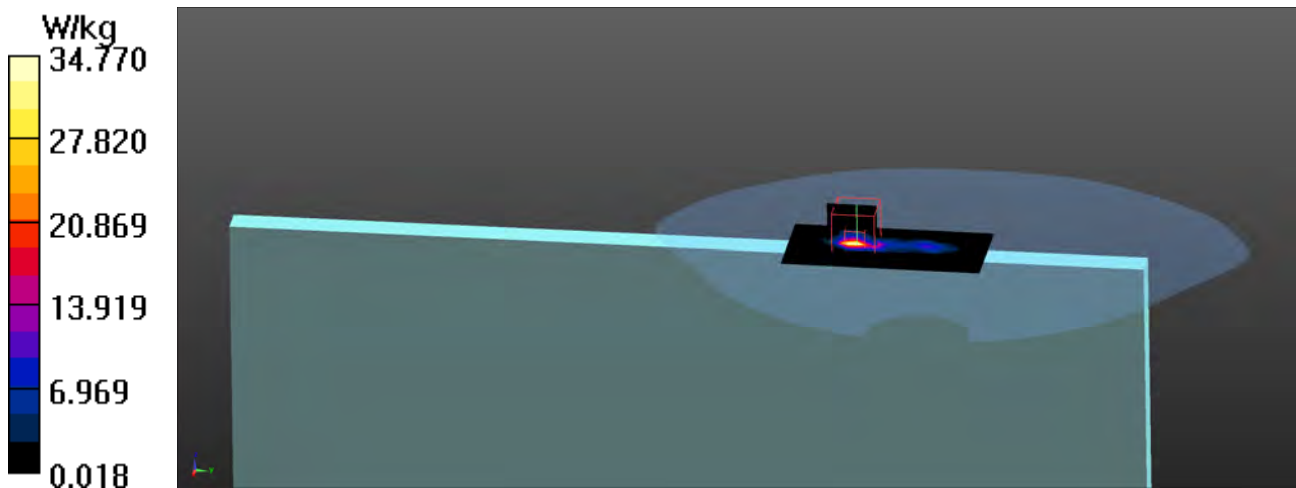
**Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x11x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 34.8 W/kg**Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (6x6x12) (6x6x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 26.95 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 119 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 14 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.74 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 48.9 W/kg



Test Laboratory: DEKRA

Date/Time: 2019/10/09

**802.11n40M\_151-Right-Side-Aux-Limb SAR**

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5755 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5755$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.25$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.55$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 24.4, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 23.3

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3979; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 2018/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2018/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASYS2, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

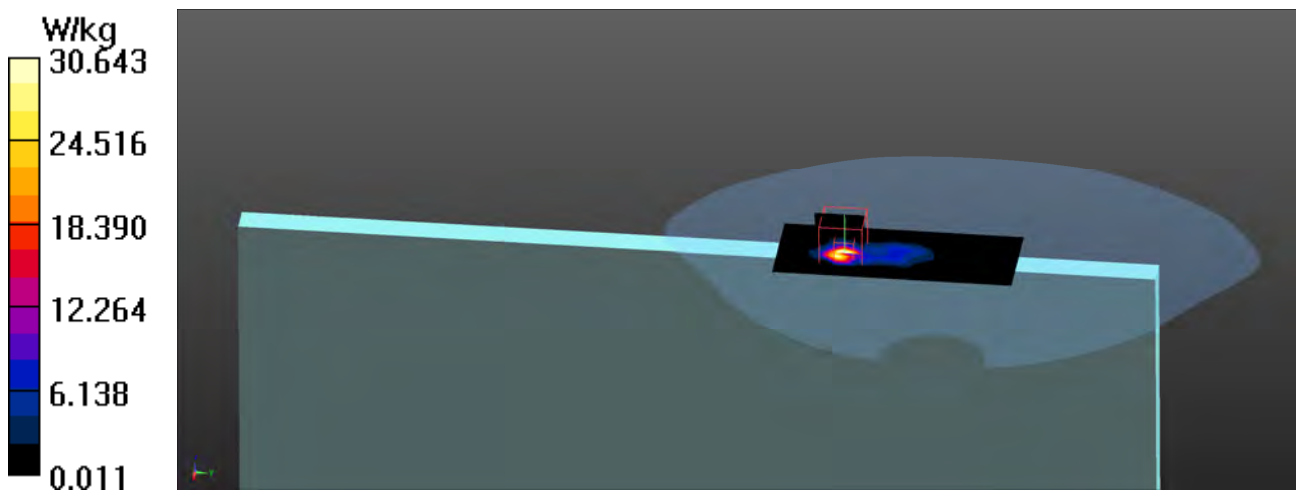
**Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x13x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 30.6 W/kg**Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (6x6x12) (6x6x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 10.67 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 117 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 12.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.44 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 49.6 W/kg



Test Laboratory: DEKRA

Date/Time: 2019/10/09

**802.11n40M\_159-Right-Side-Aux-Limb SAR**

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5795 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5795$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.29$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.49$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 24.4, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 23.3

Measurement Standard: DASYS5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3979; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 2018/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2018/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

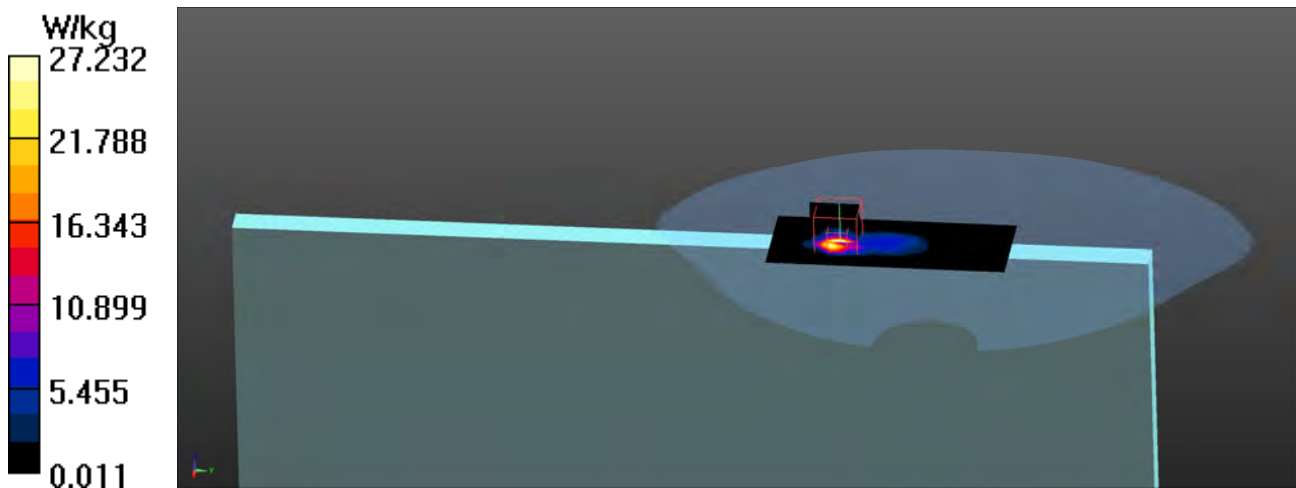
**Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x13x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 27.2 W/kg**Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (6x6x12) (6x6x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 13.05 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 117 W/kg

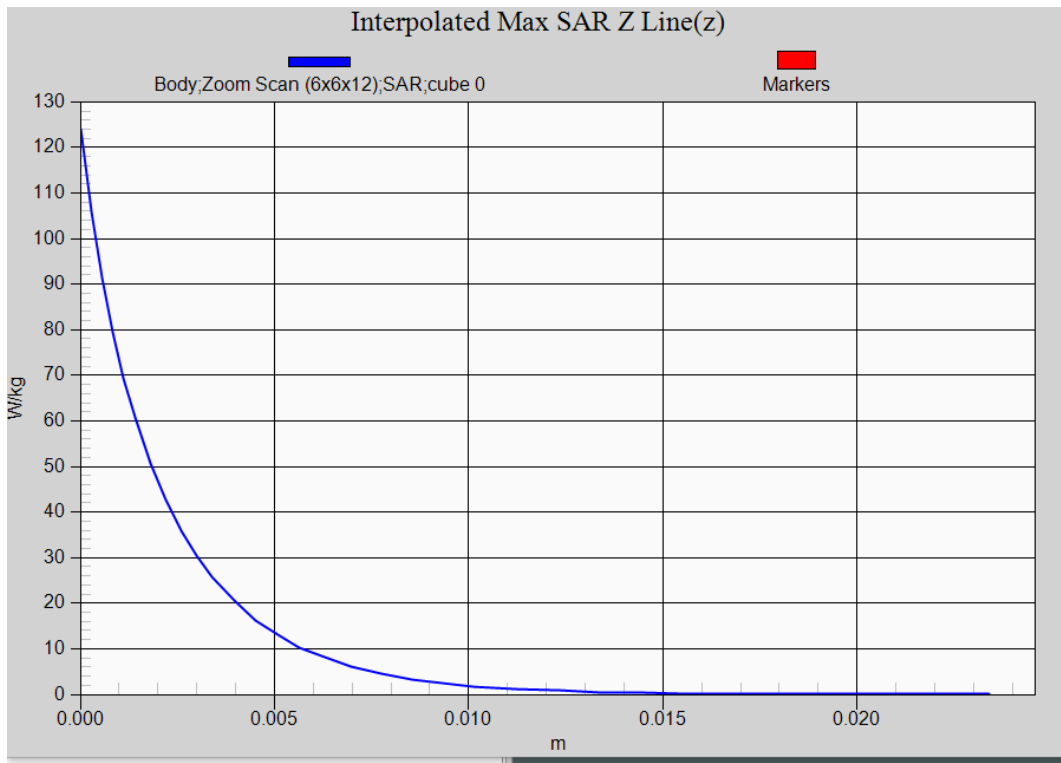
**SAR(1 g) = 12.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.34 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 37.4 W/kg



### 802.11n(40M) EUT Right-Side\_Limb SAR (Aux Antenna), Z-Axis plot

Channel: 110



Test Laboratory: DEKRA

Date/Time: 2019/10/09

**802.11n40M\_110-Right-Side-Aux-Verify-Limb SAR**

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5550 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5550$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.06$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.99$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 24.4, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 23.3

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3979; ConvF(4.53, 4.53, 4.53); Calibrated: 2018/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2018/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASYS2, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

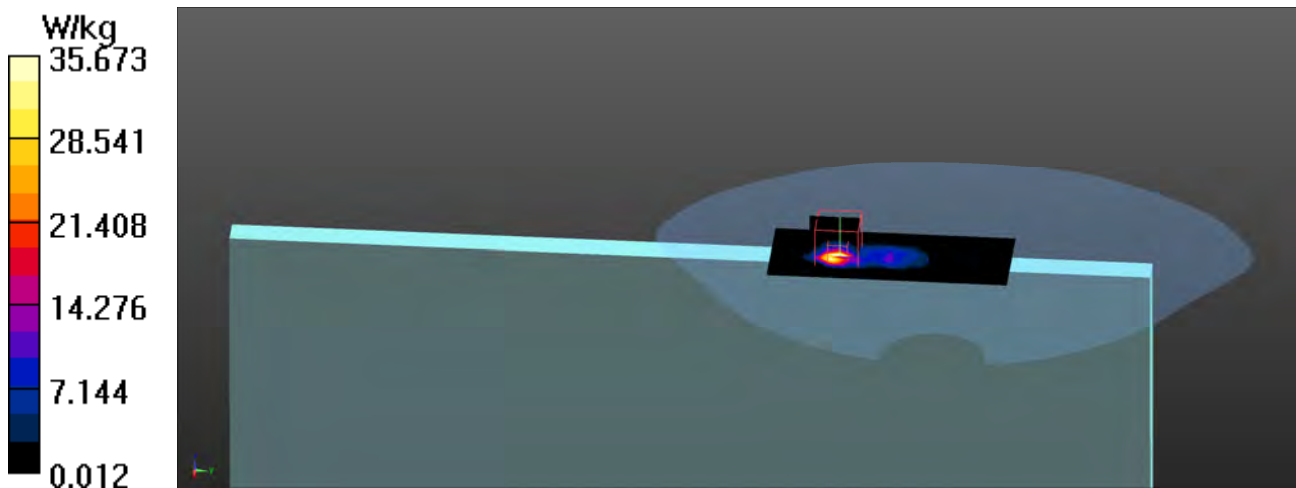
**Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x13x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 35.7 W/kg**Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (6x6x12) (6x6x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 13.65 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 120 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 14.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.86 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 53.4 W/kg





## Appendix D. Probe Calibration Data

Object: EX3DV4 - SN:3979



139911

**Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG**  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **DEKRA (Auden)**

Certificate No: **EX3-3979\_Nov18**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **EX3DV4 - SN:3979**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6  
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **November 22, 2018**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature ( $22 \pm 3$ )°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672/02673)	Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672)	Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673)	Apr-19
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682)	Apr-19
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-17 (No. ES3-3013_Dec17)	Dec-18
DAE4	SN: 660	21-Dec-17 (No. DAE4-660_Dec17)	Dec-18
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-19

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: November 22, 2018

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization $\varphi$	$\varphi$ rotation around probe axis
Polarization $\vartheta$	$\vartheta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: Assessed for E-field polarization  $\vartheta = 0$  ( $f \leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800$  MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> does not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- NORM(f)<sub>x,y,z</sub>** = NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* *frequency\_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- DCP<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR**: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A<sub>x,y,z</sub>; B<sub>x,y,z</sub>; C<sub>x,y,z</sub>; D<sub>x,y,z</sub>; VR<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800$  MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800$  MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* *ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50$  MHz to  $\pm 100$  MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle**: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM<sub>x</sub> (no uncertainty required).

# Probe EX3DV4

## SN:3979

Manufactured: November 5, 2013  
Calibrated: November 22, 2018

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems  
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3979

### Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ ) <sup>A</sup>	0.46	0.49	0.48	$\pm 10.1 \%$
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	99.4	99.3	100.3	

### Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB $\sqrt{\mu\text{V}}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	142.4	$\pm 3.5 \%$
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		136.0	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		135.1	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the  $E^2$ -field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3979

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	10.42	10.42	10.42	0.67	0.81	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	9.97	9.97	9.97	0.59	0.85	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	9.70	9.70	9.70	0.41	0.98	± 12.0 %
1450	40.5	1.20	8.52	8.52	8.52	0.37	0.80	± 12.0 %
1640	40.2	1.31	8.38	8.38	8.38	0.39	0.84	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.37	8.37	8.37	0.44	0.80	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	8.01	8.01	8.01	0.36	0.84	± 12.0 %
2000	40.0	1.40	8.03	8.03	8.03	0.38	0.83	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	7.48	7.48	7.48	0.35	0.85	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.33	7.33	7.33	0.43	0.92	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.18	7.18	7.18	0.43	0.85	± 12.0 %
3500	37.9	2.91	7.08	7.08	7.08	0.26	1.20	± 13.1 %
3700	37.7	3.12	6.97	6.97	6.97	0.25	1.25	± 13.1 %
5250	35.9	4.71	4.80	4.80	4.80	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.53	4.53	4.53	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.45	4.45	4.45	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3979

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

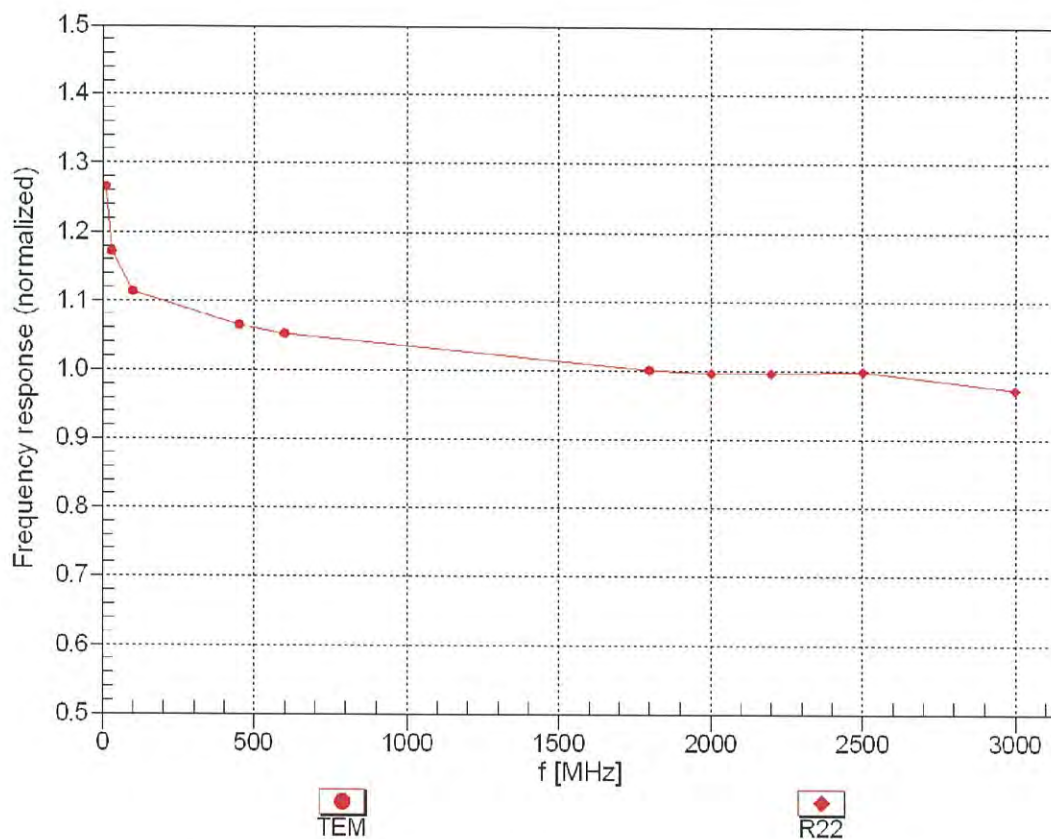
f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	9.83	9.83	9.83	0.51	0.85	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	9.63	9.63	9.63	0.40	0.94	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	9.67	9.67	9.67	0.54	0.80	± 12.0 %
1450	54.0	1.30	8.37	8.37	8.37	0.35	0.80	± 12.0 %
1640	53.7	1.42	8.30	8.30	8.30	0.42	0.80	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	8.08	8.08	8.08	0.35	0.85	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.78	7.78	7.78	0.39	0.85	± 12.0 %
2000	53.3	1.52	7.65	7.65	7.65	0.37	0.88	± 12.0 %
2300	52.9	1.81	7.54	7.54	7.54	0.40	0.87	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	7.50	7.50	7.50	0.42	0.92	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	7.16	7.16	7.16	0.30	1.05	± 12.0 %
3500	51.3	3.31	6.45	6.45	6.45	0.50	0.80	± 13.1 %
3700	51.0	3.55	6.43	6.43	6.43	0.60	0.80	± 13.1 %
5250	48.9	5.36	4.46	4.46	4.46	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	3.92	3.92	3.92	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	4.20	4.20	4.20	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

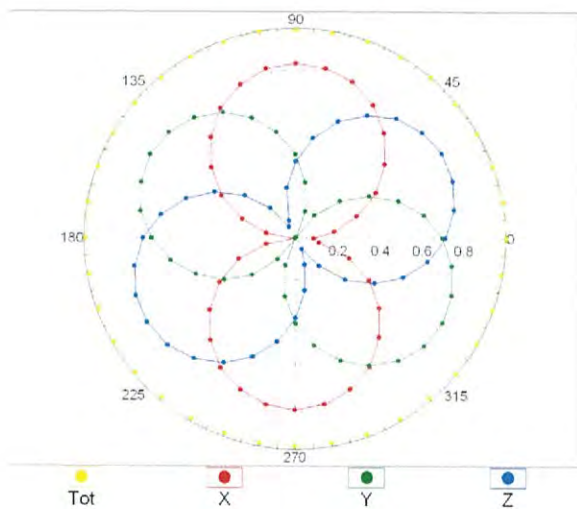
### Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



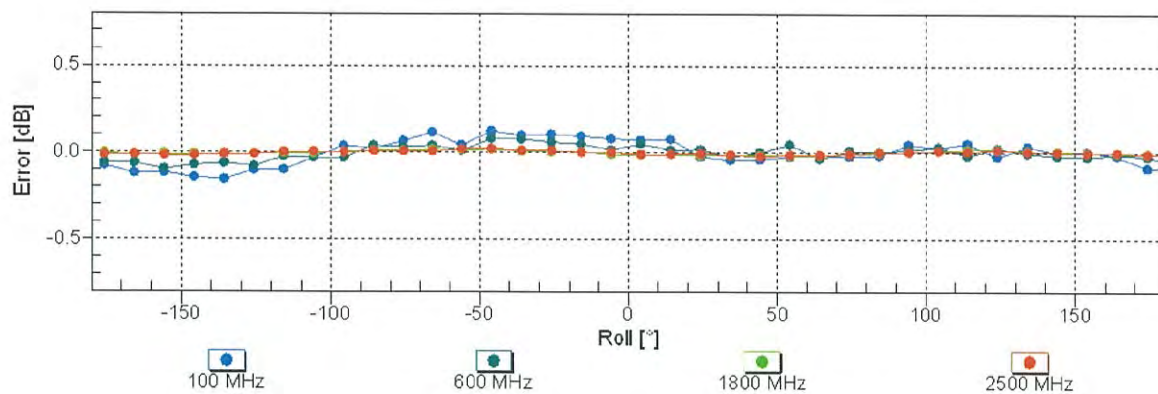
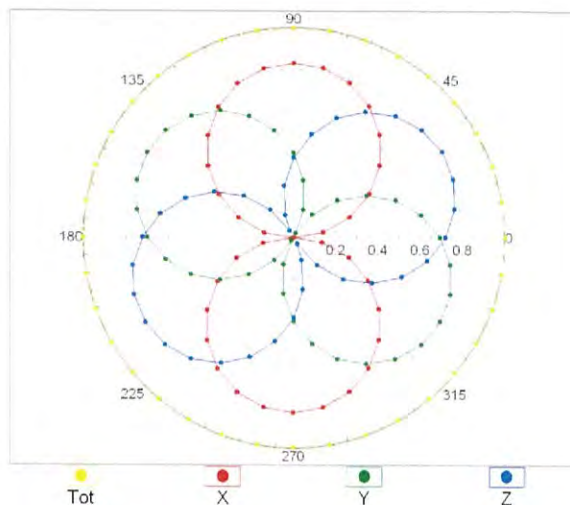
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  (k=2)

### Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\theta = 0^\circ$

f=600 MHz,TEM



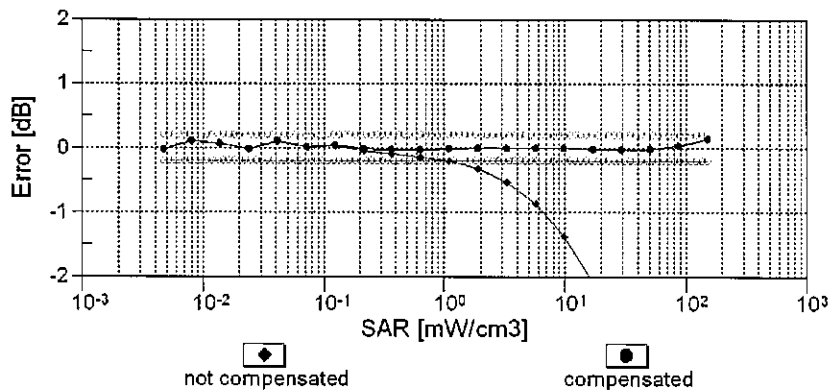
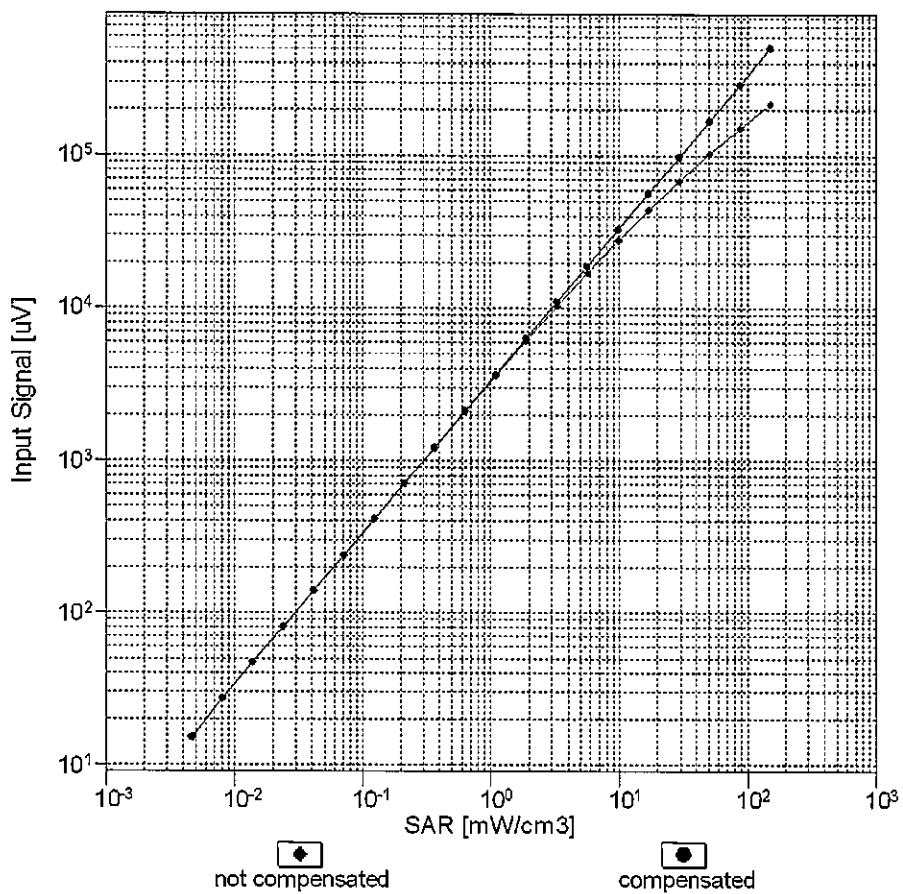
f=1800 MHz,R22



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  (k=2)

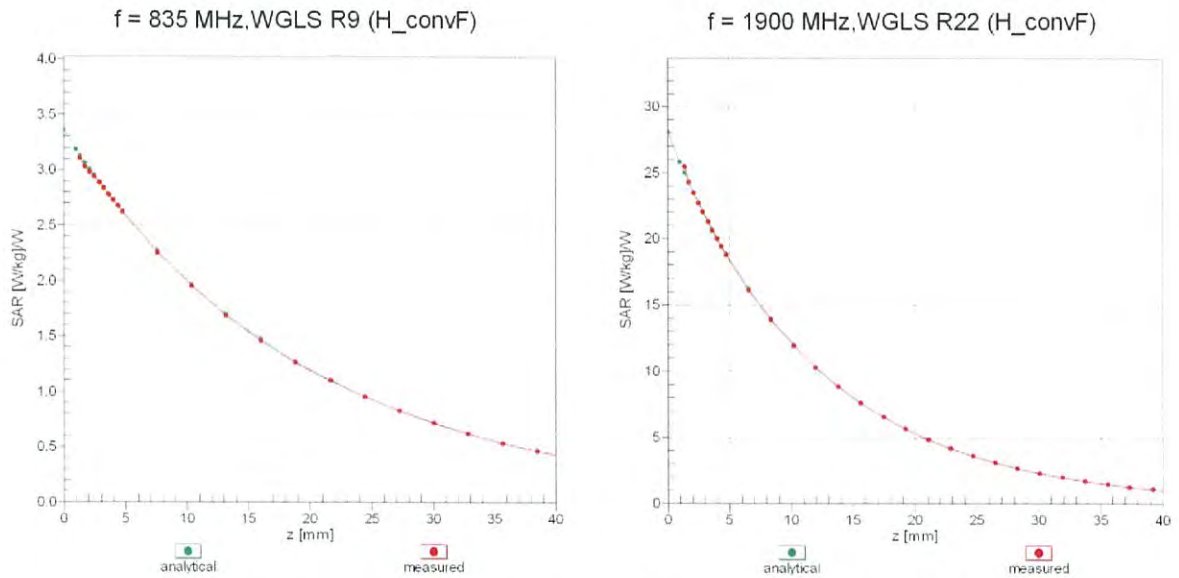


### Dynamic Range $f(SAR_{head})$ (TEM cell, $f_{eval} = 1900$ MHz)

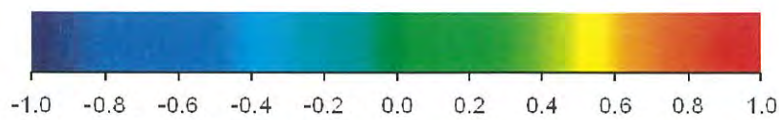
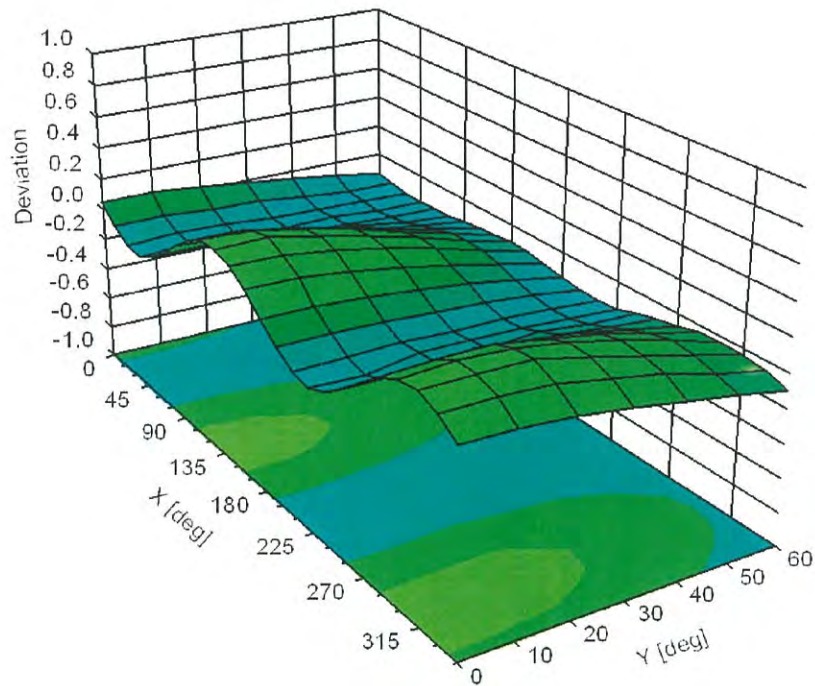


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

## Conversion Factor Assessment



## Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error ( $\phi, \theta$ ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 2.6\%$  (k=2)

**DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3979****Other Probe Parameters**

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-45.8
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm



## **Appendix E. Dipole Calibration**

**Validation Dipole 2450 MHz**

**M/N: D2450V2**

**S/N: 930**

**Validation Dipole 5 GHz**

**M/N: D5GHzV2**

**S/N: 1041**

13984

**Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG**  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **Quietek (Auden)**

Certificate No: **D2450V2-930\_Nov16**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D2450V2 - SN:930**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v9  
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz**

Calibration date: **November 15, 2016**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288/02289)	Apr-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288)	Apr-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02289)	Apr-17
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02292)	Apr-17
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02295)	Apr-17
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349	15-Jun-16 (No. EX3-7349_Jun16)	Jun-17
DAE4	SN: 601	30-Dec-15 (No. DAE4-601_Dec15)	Dec-16
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter EPM-442A	SN: GB37480704	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-17

Calibrated by: **Michael Weber**      Name: Michael Weber      Function: Laboratory Technician

Approved by: **Katja Pokovic**      Name: Katja Pokovic      Function: Technical Manager

Issued: November 16, 2016

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



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The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

**Glossary:**

TSL tissue simulating liquid  
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z  
N/A not applicable or not measured

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

**Additional Documentation:**

- e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

<b>DASY Version</b>	DASY5	V52.8.8
<b>Extrapolation</b>	Advanced Extrapolation	
<b>Phantom</b>	Modular Flat Phantom	
<b>Distance Dipole Center - TSL</b>	10 mm	with Spacer
<b>Zoom Scan Resolution</b>	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
<b>Frequency</b>	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

## Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
<b>Nominal Head TSL parameters</b>	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
<b>Measured Head TSL parameters</b>	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	38.1 ± 6 %	1.87 mho/m ± 6 %
<b>Head TSL temperature change during test</b>	< 0.5 °C	----	----

## SAR result with Head TSL

<b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL</b>	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.0 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>50.7 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)</b>

<b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL</b>	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.04 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>23.8 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)</b>

## Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
<b>Nominal Body TSL parameters</b>	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
<b>Measured Body TSL parameters</b>	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	51.1 ± 6 %	2.00 mho/m ± 6 %
<b>Body TSL temperature change during test</b>	< 0.5 °C	----	----

## SAR result with Body TSL

<b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL</b>	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	12.9 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>50.6 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)</b>

<b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL</b>	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.05 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>23.9 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)</b>

## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.9 $\Omega$ + 2.2 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 25.8 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.0 $\Omega$ + 4.0 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 28.0 dB

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.157 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	September 26, 2013



## DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 15.11.2016

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 930**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.87$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(7.72, 7.72, 7.72); Calibrated: 15.06.2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.12.2015
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7372)

### Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

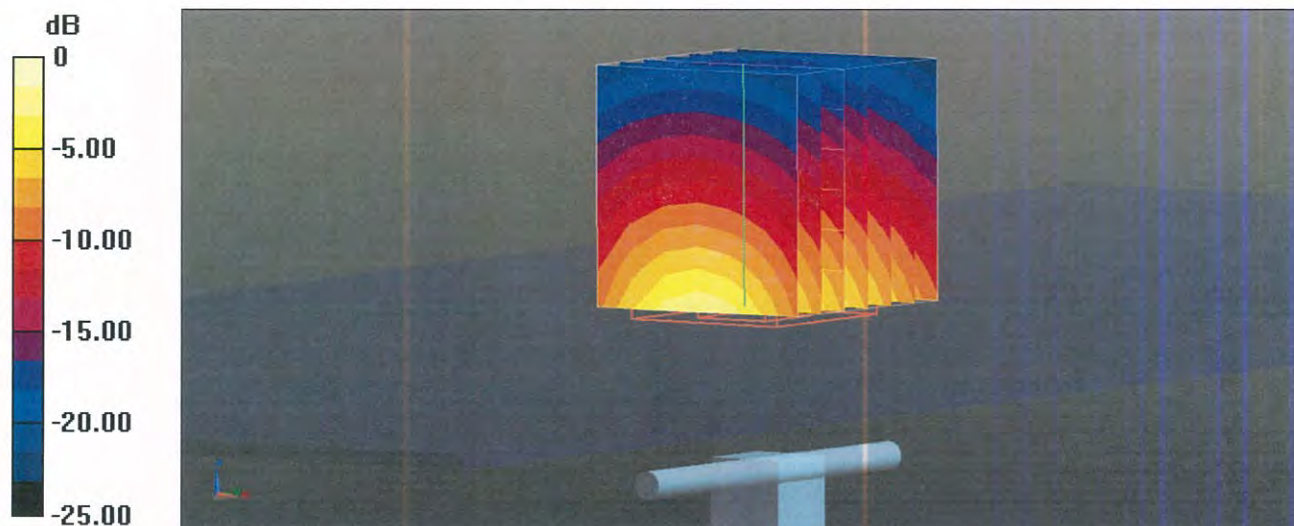
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 112.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.5 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 13 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.04 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.5 W/kg



# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

15 Nov 2016 15:28:58

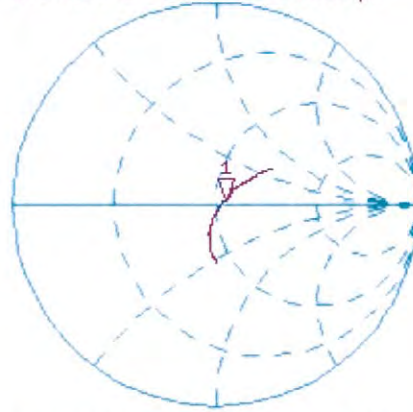
CH1 S11 1 U FS 1: 54.889  $\Omega$  2.1738  $\Omega$  141.21  $\mu\text{H}$  2 450.000 000 MHz

\*  
Del

CA

Avg  
16

H1d

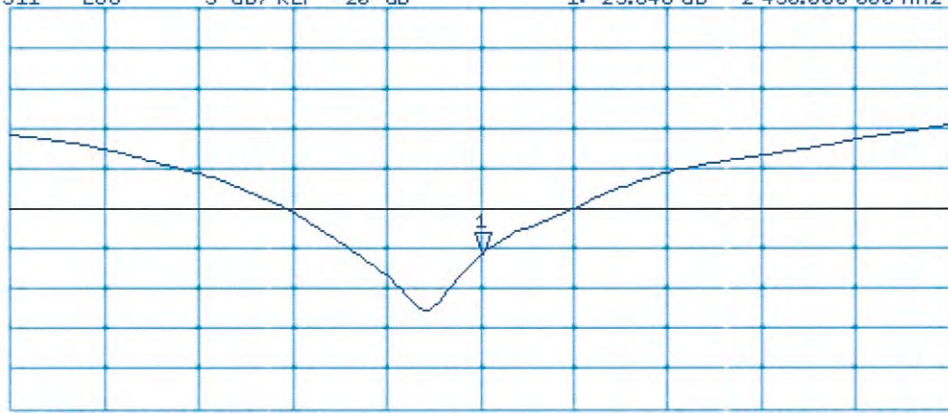


CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 1:-25.846 dB 2 450.000 000 MHz

CA

Avg  
16

H1d



START 2 250.000 000 MHz

STOP 2 650.000 000 MHz

## DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 15.11.2016

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 930**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 2$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(7.79, 7.79, 7.79); Calibrated: 15.06.2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.12.2015
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7372)

### Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

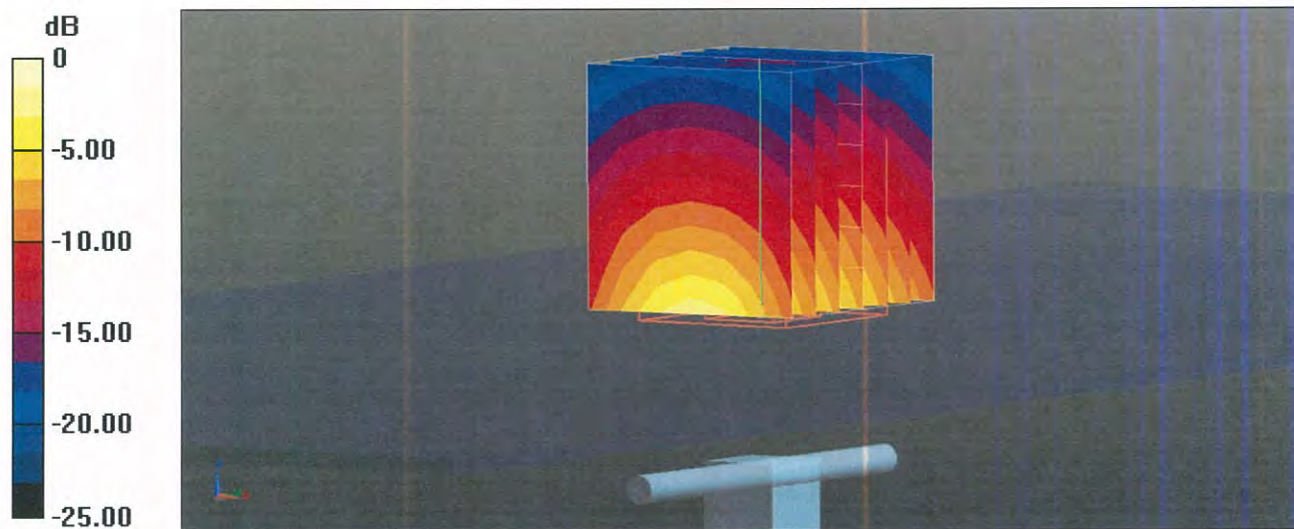
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 107.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.8 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 12.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.05 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.2 W/kg



0 dB = 21.2 W/kg = 13.26 dBW/kg

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

15 Nov 2016 15:28:24

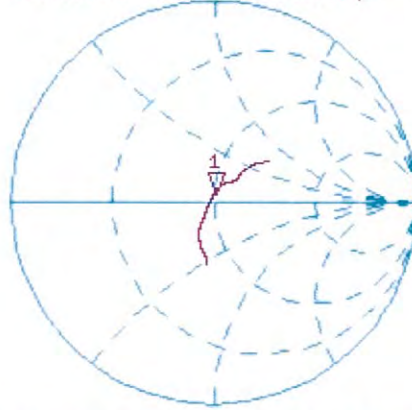
CH1 S11 1 U FS 1: 50.025  $\Omega$  3.9863  $\Omega$  258.96  $\mu\text{H}$  2 450.000 000 MHz

\*  
De1

CA

Avg  
16

H1d

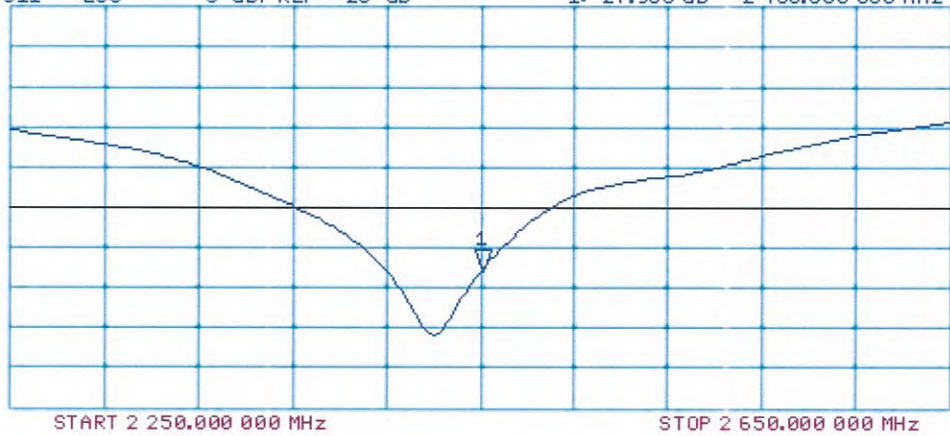


CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 1: -27.983 dB 2 450.000 000 MHz

CA

Avg  
16

H1d



113211



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Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **DEKRA (Auden)**

Certificate No: **D5GHzV2-1041\_May17**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D5GHzV2 - SN:1041**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-22.v2  
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits between 3-6 GHz**

Calibration date: **May 26, 2017**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522)	Apr-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521)	Apr-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02522)	Apr-18
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528)	Apr-18
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02529)	Apr-18
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 3503	31-Dec-16 (No. EX3-3503_Dec16)	Dec-17
DAE4	SN: 601	28-Mar-17 (No. DAE4-601_Mar17)	Mar-18
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter EPM-442A	SN: GB37480704	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-17

Calibrated by:	Name <b>Johannes Kurikka</b>	Function <b>Laboratory Technician</b>	Signature 
Approved by:	Name <b>Katja Pokovic</b>	Function <b>Technical Manager</b>	Signature 

Issued: June 14, 2017

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

### Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.0
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4.0 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	5200 MHz ± 1 MHz 5300 MHz ± 1 MHz 5500 MHz ± 1 MHz 5600 MHz ± 1 MHz 5800 MHz ± 1 MHz	

## Head TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	36.0	4.66 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.8 ± 6 %	4.55 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

## SAR result with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.20 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>81.4 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)</b>

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.34 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>23.2 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)</b>

## Head TSL parameters at 5300 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.9	4.76 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.7 ± 6 %	4.64 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

## SAR result with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.36 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>83.0 W / kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)</b>

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.40 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>23.8 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)</b>

### Head TSL parameters at 5500 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.6	4.96 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.4 ± 6 %	4.84 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

### SAR result with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.47 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>84.0 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)</b>

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.40 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>23.8 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)</b>

### Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.5	5.07 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.2 ± 6 %	4.95 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

### SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.75 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>86.7 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)</b>

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.48 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>24.5 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)</b>



## Head TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.3	5.27 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.0 ± 6 %	5.16 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

## SAR result with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.38 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>83.1 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)</b>

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.37 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>23.5 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)</b>

### Body TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	49.0	5.30 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	47.6 ± 6 %	5.44 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

### SAR result with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.51 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	74.7 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.11 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.0 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

### Body TSL parameters at 5300 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.9	5.42 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	47.4 ± 6 %	5.57 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

### SAR result with Body TSL at 5300 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.81 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	77.7 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.20 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.9 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

### Body TSL parameters at 5500 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.6	5.65 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	47.0 ± 6 %	5.84 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

### SAR result with Body TSL at 5500 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.14 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>81.0 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)</b>

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.26 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>22.4 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)</b>

### Body TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.5	5.77 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.9 ± 6 %	5.98 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

### SAR result with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.13 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>80.9 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)</b>

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.28 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>22.6 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)</b>

### Body TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.2	6.00 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.5 ± 6 %	6.26 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

### SAR result with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.87 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>78.3 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)</b>

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.19 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>21.7 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)</b>

## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.8 $\Omega$ - 8.3 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 21.6 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.0 $\Omega$ - 2.8 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 29.0 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.0 $\Omega$ - 4.4 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 26.9 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	55.2 $\Omega$ - 1.6 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 25.7 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	56.2 $\Omega$ + 0.5 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 24.6 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.0 $\Omega$ - 6.2 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 24.0 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5300 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.4 $\Omega$ - 2.1 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 31.5 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5500 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.9 $\Omega$ - 2.3 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 32.6 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	56.5 $\Omega$ - 0.4 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 24.3 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	56.2 $\Omega$ + 0.1 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 24.7 dB

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.199 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	December 30, 2005

## DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 19.05.2017

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1041**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5500 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5200$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.55$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 34.8$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>, Medium parameters used:  $f = 5300$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.64$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 34.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>, Medium parameters used:  $f = 5500$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.84$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 34.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>, Medium parameters used:  $f = 5600$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.95$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 34.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>, Medium parameters used:  $f = 5800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.16$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 34$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(5.76, 5.76, 5.76); Calibrated: 31.12.2016, ConvF(5.35, 5.35, 5.35); Calibrated: 31.12.2016, ConvF(5.2, 5.2, 5.2); Calibrated: 31.12.2016, ConvF(5.09, 5.09, 5.09); Calibrated: 31.12.2016, ConvF(5.01, 5.01, 5.01); Calibrated: 31.12.2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 28.03.2017
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

### **Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan,**

**dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 73.20 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.6 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.34 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.2 W/kg

### **Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan,**

**dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 74.01 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.3 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.36 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.4 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.4 W/kg

### **Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan,**

**dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 73.45 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.2 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.47 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.4 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.2 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan,**

**dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 74.23 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.9 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.75 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.48 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.0 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan,**

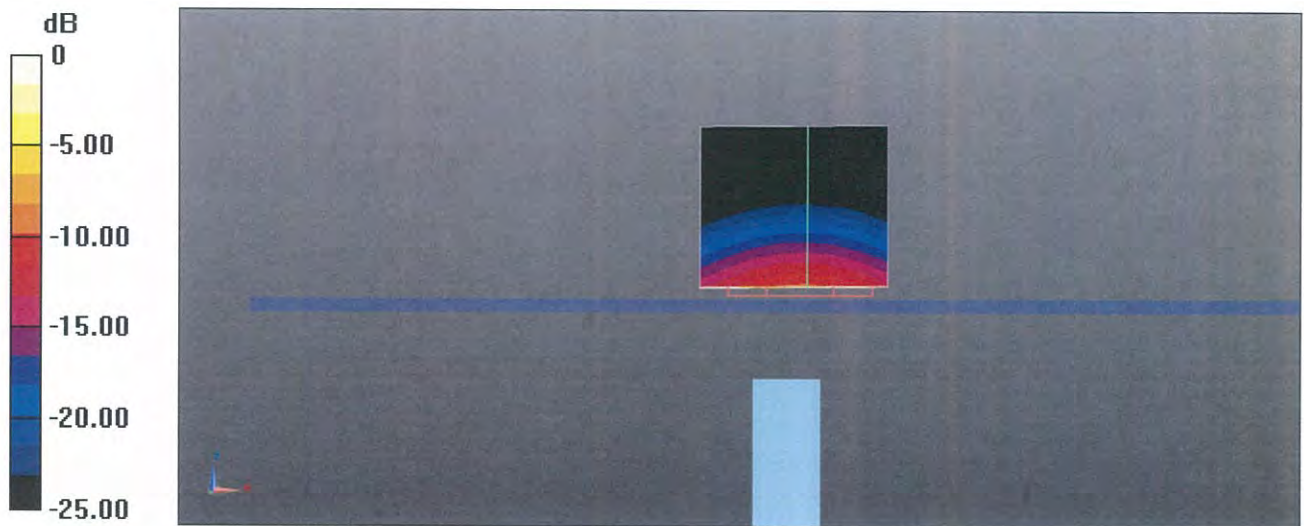
**dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 72.19 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.5 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.38 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.37 W/kg**

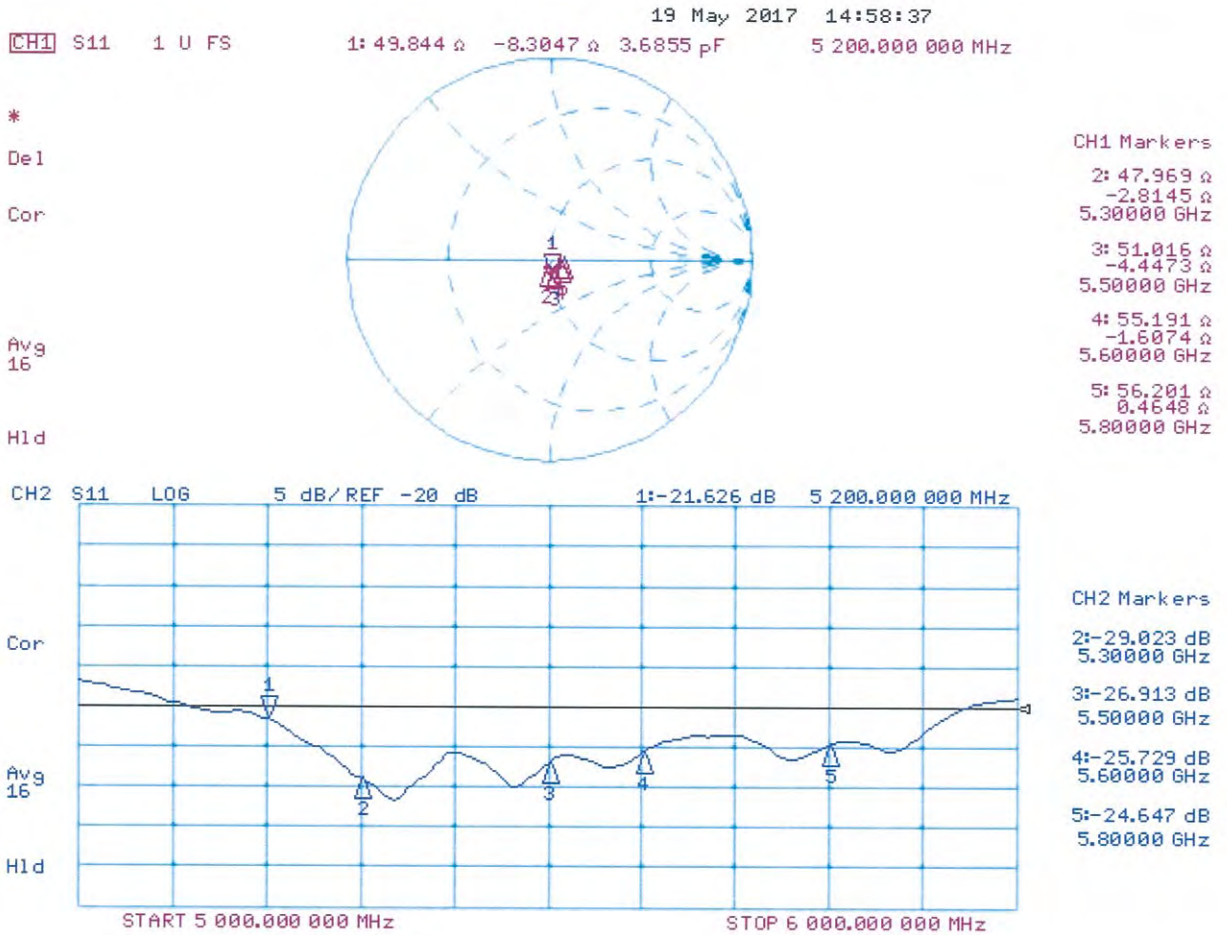
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.4 W/kg



0 dB = 19.2 W/kg = 12.83 dBW/kg



# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1041**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5500 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5200$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.44$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 47.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>, Medium parameters used:  $f = 5300$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.57$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 47.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>, Medium parameters used:  $f = 5500$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.84$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 47$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>, Medium parameters used:  $f = 5600$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.98$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 46.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>, Medium parameters used:  $f = 5800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 6.26$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 46.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(5.29, 5.29, 5.29); Calibrated: 31.12.2016, ConvF(5.04, 5.04, 5.04); Calibrated: 31.12.2016, ConvF(4.62, 4.62, 4.62); Calibrated: 31.12.2016, ConvF(4.57, 4.57, 4.57); Calibrated: 31.12.2016, ConvF(4.48, 4.48, 4.48); Calibrated: 31.12.2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 28.03.2017
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

**Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200MHz/Zoom Scan,**

**dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 64.73 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.4 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.51 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.11 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.0 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan,**

**dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 65.52 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.2 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.81 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.2 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.7 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan,**

**dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 66.13 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.6 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.14 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.26 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.1 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan,**

**dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 65.80 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.7 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.13 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.28 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.0 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan,**

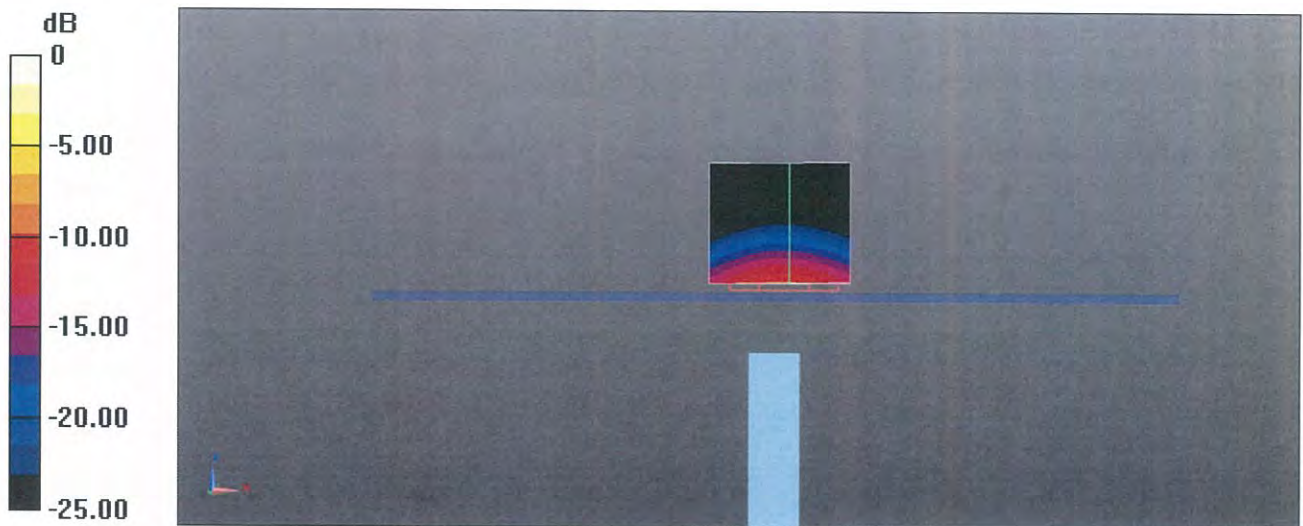
**dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 63.89 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.5 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.87 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.19 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.9 W/kg



0 dB = 18.0 W/kg = 12.55 dBW/kg

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

