

TEST REPORT

Report No.	CISRR25041412110
Project No.	CISR250414121
FCC ID	2A66K-FNK-D27S
Applicant	Shenzhen Harvest Kang Technology Co., Ltd
Address	3rd Floor, Building A, Danli Industrial Park, No. 16, Kangzheng Road, Danzhotou, Buji, Longgang District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
Manufacturer	Shenzhen Harvest Kang Technology Co., Ltd
Address	3rd Floor, Building A, Danli Industrial Park, No. 16, Kangzheng Road, Danzhotou, Buji, Longgang District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
Product Name	WiFi camera
Trade Mark	
Model/Type reference	FNK-D27/S
Listed Model(s)	FNK-D7N/S, FNK-D16A/S, FNK-GD2/S, FNK-GD7M/S, FNK-158/S, FNK-DAX9/S, FNK-GDA9/S, FNK-DAX41/S, FNK-GDA41/S, FNK-DAX14/S, FNK-GDA14/S, FNK-GS10/S, FNK-DS42/S, FNK-GS20/S, FNK-DS42/S, FNK-DS43/S, FNK-DS44/S, FNK-DAX23, FNK-216S
Standard	47 CFR Part 15E
Test date	April 16, 2025 to April 28, 2025
Issue date	April 30, 2025
Test result	Complied

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The test results relate only to the tested samples.

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1. REPORT VERSION

Version No.	Issue date	Description
00	April 30, 2025	Original

2. TEST DESCRIPTION

No.	Test Item	Standard Requirement	Result
1	Conducted Emission at AC power line	47 CFR Part 15.207(a)	Pass
2	Duty Cycle		Pass
3	Emission bandwidth and occupied bandwidth	U-NII 1, U-NII 2A, U-NII 2C: No limits, only for report use. 47 CFR Part 15.407(e)	Pass
4	Maximum conducted output power	47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(1)(iv) 47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(2) 47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(3)(i)	Pass
5	Power spectral density	47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(1)(iv) 47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(2) 47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(3)(i)	Pass
6	Channel Move Time, Channel Closing Transmission Time	47 CFR Part 15.407(h)(2)(iii)	Pass
7	Non-Occupancy Period Test	47 CFR Part 15.407(h)(2)(iv)	Pass
8	DFS Detection Thresholds	KDB 905462 D02, Clause 5.2 Table 3	Pass
9	Band edge emissions (Conducted)	47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(1) 47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(2) 47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(3) 47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(4) 47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(10)	Pass
10	Band edge emissions (Radiated)	47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(1) 47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(2) 47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(3) 47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(4) 47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(10)	Pass
11	Undesirable emission limits (below 1GHz)	47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(9)	Pass
12	Undesirable emission limits (above 1GHz)	47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(1) 47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(2) 47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(3) 47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(4) 47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(10)	Pass

Note:

- The measurement uncertainty is not included in the test result.

3. SUMMARY

3.1. Product Description *

Main unit information:	
Product Name:	WiFi camera
Trade Mark:	
Model No.:	FNK-D27/S
Listed Model(s):	FNK-D7N/S, FNK-D16A/S, FNK-GD2/S, FNK-GD7M/S, FNK-158/S, FNK-DAX9/S, FNK-GDA9/S, FNK-DAX41/S, FNK-GDA41/S, FNK-DAX14/S, FNK-GDA14/S, FNK-GS10/S, FNK-DS42/S, FNK-GS20/S, FNK-DS42/S, FNK-DS43/S, FNK-DS44/S, FNK-DAX23, FNK-216S
Model difference:	The difference between different models is that in this application, due to different sales channels and different model names.
Power supply:	Input:DC 5V
Hardware version:	N/A
Software version:	N/A
Accessory unit (AU) information:	
Battery information:	N/A

3.2. Radio Specification Description *

Modulation type:	802.11a/n: OFDM(BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM); 802.11ac: OFDM (BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM); 802.11ax: OFDM (BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM)
Operation frequency:	802.11a/n(HT20)/ac(HT20)/ax(HE20): U-NII Band 1: 5180MHz to 5240MHz; U-NII Band 2A: 5260MHz to 5320MHz; U-NII Band 2C: 5500MHz to 5700MHz; U-NII Band 3: 5745MHz to 5825MHz; 802.11n(HT40)/ac(HT40)/ax(HE40): U-NII Band 1: 5190MHz to 5230MHz; U-NII Band 2A: 5270MHz to 5310MHz; U-NII Band 2C: 5510MHz to 5670MHz; U-NII Band 3: 5755MHz to 5795MHz;
Channel number:	802.11a/n(HT20)/ac(HT20)/ax(HE20): U-NII Band 1: 4; U-NII Band 2A: 4; U-NII Band 2C: 11; U-NII Band 3: 5; 802.11n(HT40)/ac(HT40)/ax(HE40): U-NII Band 1: 2; U-NII Band 2A: 2; U-NII Band 2C: 5; U-NII Band 3: 2;
Channel separation:	802.11a/n(HT20)/ac(HT20)/ax(HE20): 20MHz 802.11n(HT40)/ac(HT40)/ax(HE40): 40MHz
Antenna type:	External Antenna

Antenna gain:	3.69dBi for U-NII Band 1 and U-NII Band 2A 4.46dBi for U-NII Band 2C and U-NII Band 3
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Note:

- 1) *: Since the above information is provided by the applicant relevant results or conclusions of this report are only made for these information, Bangce is not responsible for the authenticity, integrity and results of the information and/or the validity of the conclusion.
- 2) Operation frequency list as follow:

U-NII Band 1

Bandwidth:	20MHz	Bandwidth:	40MHz
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
36	5180	38	5190
40	5200	46	5230
44	5220	/	/
48	5240	/	/

U-NII Band 2A

Bandwidth:	20MHz	Bandwidth:	40MHz
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
52	5260	54	5270
56	5280	62	5310
60	5300	/	/
64	5320	/	/

U-NII Band 2C

Bandwidth:	20MHz	Bandwidth:	40MHz
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
100	5500	102	5510
104	5520	110	5550
108	5540	118	5590
112	5560	126	5630
116	5580	134	5670
120	5600	/	/
124	5620	/	/
128	5640	/	/
132	5660	/	/
136	5680	/	/
140	5700	/	/

U-NII Band 3

Bandwidth:	20MHz	Bandwidth:	40MHz
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)

149	5745	151	5755
153	5765	159	5795
157	5785	/	/
161	5805	/	/
165	5825	/	/

3.3. Modification of EUT

No modifications are made to the EUT during all test items.

3.4. Deviation from standards

None

3.5. Testing Site

Laboratory Name	Shenzhen Bangce Testing Technology Co., Ltd.
Laboratory Location	101, building 10, Yunli Intelligent Park, Shutianpu community, Matian Street, Guangming District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
Contact information	Tel: 86-755-2319 6848, email: service@cis-cn.net Website: http://www.cis-cn.net/
FCC registration number	736346
FCC designation number	CN1372

4. TEST CONFIGURATION

4.1. Test frequency list

Bandwidth (MHz)	Lowest Channel (LCH) (MHz)	Middle Channel (MCH) (MHz)	Highest Channel (HCH) (MHz)
20	5180	5200	5240
40	5190	/	5230

Bandwidth (MHz)	Lowest Channel (LCH) (MHz)	Middle Channel (MCH) (MHz)	Highest Channel (HCH) (MHz)
20	5260	5300	5320
40	5270	/	5310

Bandwidth (MHz)	Lowest Channel (LCH) (MHz)	Middle Channel (MCH) (MHz)	Highest Channel (HCH) (MHz)
20	5500	5600	5700
40	5510	5590	5670

Bandwidth (MHz)	Lowest Channel (LCH) (MHz)	Middle Channel (MCH) (MHz)	Highest Channel (HCH) (MHz)
20	5745	5785	5825
40	5755	/	5795

4.2. Descriptions of test mode

No	Test mode	Description
TM1	802.11a mode	Keep the EUT connect to AC power line and works in continuously transmitting mode with 802.11a modulation type at lowest, middle and highest channel. All data rates has been tested and found the data rate @ 6Mbps is the worst case. Only the data of worst case is recorded in the report.
TM2	802.11n mode	Keep the EUT connect to AC power line and works in continuously transmitting mode with 802.11n modulation type at lowest, middle and highest channel. All bandwidth and data rates has been tested and found the data rate @ MCS0 is the worst case. Only the data of worst case is recorded in the report.
TM3	802.11ac mode	Keep the EUT connect to AC power line and works in continuously transmitting mode with 802.11ac modulation type at lowest, middle and highest channel. All bandwidth and data rates has been tested and found the data rate @ MCS0 is the worst case. Only the data of worst case is recorded in the report.
TM4	802.11ax mode	Keep the EUT connect to AC power line and works in continuously transmitting mode with 802.11ax modulation type at lowest, middle and highest channel. All bandwidth and data rates has been tested and found the data rate @ MCS0 is the worst case. Only the data of worst case is recorded in the report.

TM5	Normal Operating	Keep the EUT works in normal operating mode and connect to companion device
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4.3. Test sample information

Type	Sample No.
Engineer sample	CISR250414121-S01
Normal sample	CISR250414121-S02

4.4. Environmental conditions

Type	Requirement
Temperature:	15~35°C
Relative Humidity:	25~75%
Air Pressure:	860~1060mbar

4.5. Equipment Used during the Test

Conducted Emission at AC power line						
Item	Equipment name	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Calibration date	Due date
1	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde&schwarz	ESC17	100853	2025-01-08	2026-01-07
2	Artificial power network	Schwarzbeck	NSLK8127	8127-01096	2025-01-08	2026-01-07
3	8-wire Impedance Stabilization Network	Schwarzbeck	NTFM 8158	8158-00337	2025-01-08	2026-01-07
4	Artificial power network	Schwarzbeck	ENV216	/	2025-01-08	2026-01-07

DFS Detection Thresholds Band edge emissions (Conducted) Duty Cycle Emission bandwidth and occupied bandwidth Maximum conducted output power Power spectral density Channel Move Time, Channel Closing Transmission Time Non-Occupancy Period Test						
Item	Equipment name	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Calibration date	Due date
1	MXG RF Signal Generator	Agilent	N5181A	MY50145362	2025-01-08	2026-01-07
2	Spectrum analyzer	R&S	FSV-40N	102130	2025-01-08	2026-01-07
3	Vector Signal Generator	Agilent	N5182A	MY50142364	2025-01-08	2026-01-07
4	Power Meter	WCS	WCS-PM	WCSPM230405A	2025-01-08	2026-01-07

Undesirable emission limits (above 1GHz) Band edge emissions (Radiated) Undesirable emission limits (below 1GHz)						
Item	Equipment name	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Calibration date	Due date
1	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde&schwarz	ESC17	100853	2025-01-08	2026-01-07
2	Amplifier	Tonscend	TAP9K3G40	AP23A8060270	2025-01-08	2026-01-07
3	Prime amplifier	Tonscend	TAP01018050	AP23A8060280	2025-01-08	2026-01-07
4	9*6*6 anechoic chamber	SKET	9.3*6.3*6	N/A	2024-09-02	2027-09-01
5	Spectrum analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY50530263	2025-01-08	2026-01-07
6	Spectrum analyzer	R&S	FSV-40N	102130	2025-01-08	2026-01-07
7	Bilog Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB 9163	1463	2023-01-09	2026-01-08

8	Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120 D	2487	2023-01-09	2026-01-08
9	Active Loop Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	FMZB 1519B	/	2023-01-09	2026-01-08
10	RF Cable	Tonscend	Cable 1	/	2025-01-08	2026-01-07
11	RF Cable	Tonscend	Cable 2	/	2025-01-08	2026-01-07
12	RF Cable	SKET	Cable 3	/	2025-01-08	2026-01-07
13	L.I.S.N.#1	Schwarzbeck	NSLK812 7	/	2025-01-08	2026-01-07
14	L.I.S.N.#2	ROHDE&SCHWA RZ	ENV216	/	2025-01-08	2026-01-07
15	Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA917 0	1130	2023-01-09	2026-01-08
16	Preamplifier	Tonscend	TAP1804 0048	AP21C806126	2025-01-08	2026-01-07
17	Variable-frequency power source	Pinhong	PH1110	/	2025-01-08	2026-01-07
18	6dB Attenuator	SKET	DC-6G	/	2025-01-08	2026-01-07
19	Antenna tower	SKT	Bk-4AT- BS	AT202104010 1-V1	2025-01-08	2026-01-07

5. TEST RESULTS

5.1. Radio Spectrum Matter Test Results (RF)

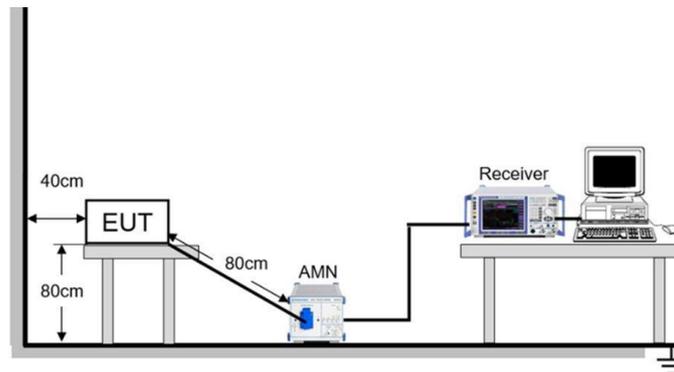
5.1.1. Conducted Emission at AC power line

Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15.207(a)		
Test Limit:	Frequency of emission (MHz)	Conducted limit (dB μ V)	
		Quasi-peak	Average
	0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
	0.5-5	56	46
	5-30	60	50
	*Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.		
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10-2020 section 6.2		

5.1.1.1. E.U.T. Operation

Operating Environment:					
Temperature:	22.9 °C	Humidity:	56.4 %	Atmospheric Pressure:	103 kPa
Pre test mode:	TM5				
Final test mode:	TM5				

5.1.1.2. Test Setup Diagram



5.1.1.3. Test Result

Pass

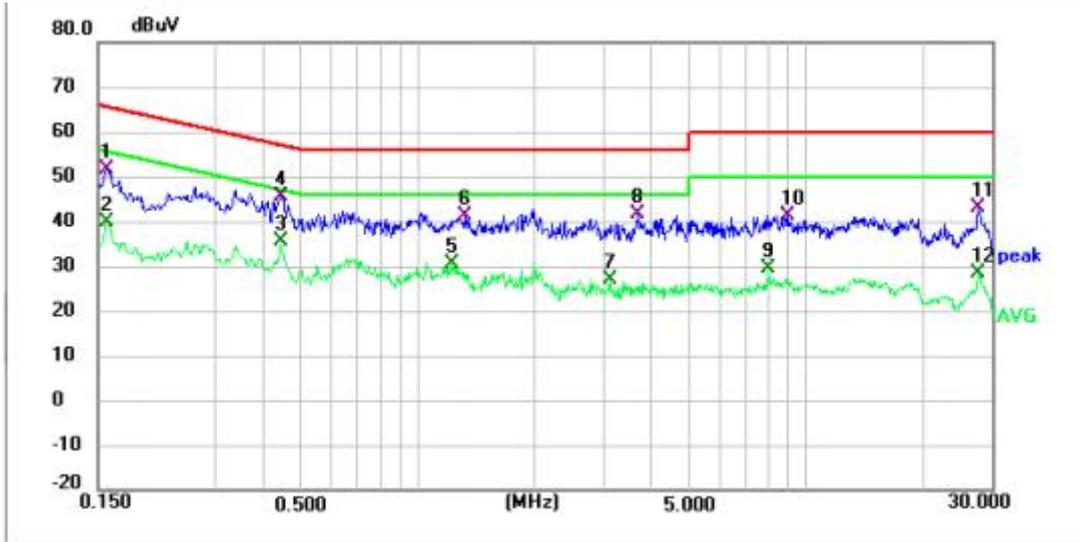
5.1.1.4. Test Data

Note:

Have pre-scan all test mode, found TM5 mode which it was worst case, so only show the worst case's data on this report.

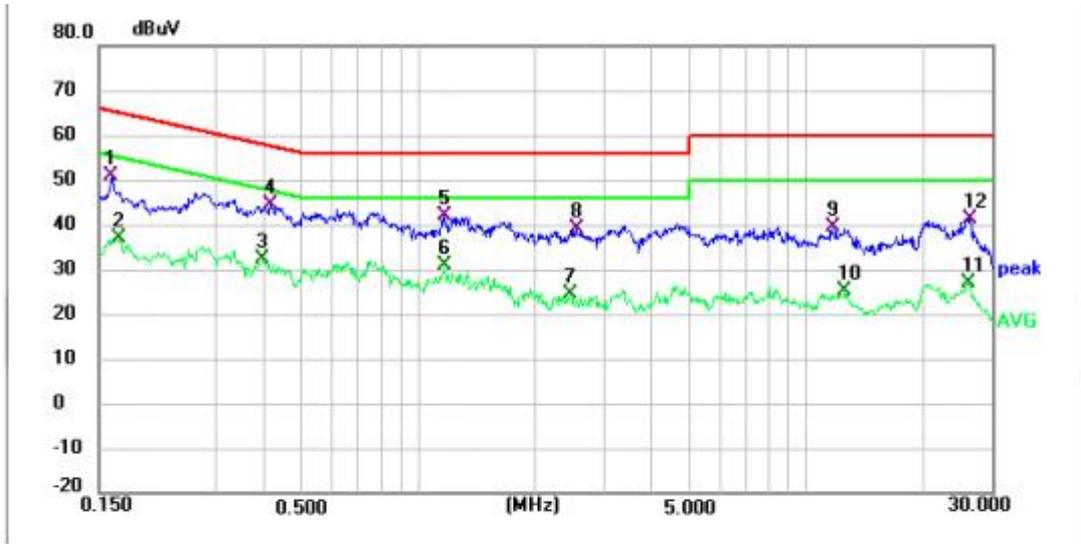
5180MHz to 5240MH:

Mode5/ Line: Line



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1	0.158	41.49	10.27	51.76	65.57	-13.81	QP
2	0.158	29.62	10.27	39.89	55.57	-15.68	AVG
3	0.442	25.18	10.27	35.45	47.02	-11.57	AVG
4 *	0.444	35.35	10.27	45.62	56.99	-11.37	QP
5	1.230	20.06	10.44	30.50	46.00	-15.50	AVG
6	1.330	30.91	10.47	41.38	56.00	-14.62	QP
7	3.126	15.96	10.95	26.91	46.00	-19.09	AVG
8	3.682	30.27	11.16	41.43	56.00	-14.57	QP
9	7.998	16.41	12.92	29.33	50.00	-20.67	AVG
10	8.938	27.93	13.18	41.11	60.00	-18.89	QP
11	27.654	28.32	14.59	42.91	60.00	-17.09	QP
12	27.654	13.85	14.59	28.44	50.00	-21.56	AVG

Mode5 / Line: Neutral



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1	0.162	40.77	10.28	51.05	65.36	-14.31	QP
2	0.169	26.53	10.27	36.80	55.01	-18.21	AVG
3	0.398	22.17	10.27	32.44	47.90	-15.46	AVG
4 *	0.414	34.07	10.28	44.35	57.57	-13.22	QP
5	1.178	31.37	10.43	41.80	56.00	-14.20	QP
6	1.178	20.63	10.43	31.06	46.00	-14.94	AVG
7	2.466	13.81	10.77	24.58	46.00	-21.42	AVG
8	2.558	28.15	10.79	38.94	56.00	-17.06	QP
9	11.750	25.09	14.20	39.29	60.00	-20.71	QP
10	12.534	10.52	14.52	25.04	50.00	-24.96	AVG
11	26.198	11.92	14.91	26.83	50.00	-23.17	AVG
12	26.302	26.34	14.90	41.24	60.00	-18.76	QP

5.1.2. Duty Cycle

Test Requirement:	All measurements are to be performed with the EUT transmitting at 100% duty cycle at its maximum power control level; however, if 100% duty cycle cannot be achieved, measurements of duty cycle, x, and maximum-power transmission duration, T, are required for each tested mode of operation.
Test Limit:	No limits, only for report use.
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10-2020 section 12.2 (b)
Procedure:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> i) Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission. ii) Set RBW \geq EBW if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value. iii) Set VBW \geq RBW. iv) Set detector = peak. v) The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are $> 50/T$, where T is defined in item a1) of 12.2, and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100.

5.1.2.1. E.U.T. Operation

Operating Environment:					
Temperature:	22.8 °C	Humidity:	55.6 %	Atmospheric Pressure:	103 kPa
Pre test mode:	TM1, TM2, TM3, TM4				
Final test mode:	TM1, TM2, TM3, TM4				

5.1.2.2. Test Setup Diagram



5.1.2.3. Test Result

Pass

5.1.2.4. Test Data

Please Refer to Appendix for Details.

5.1.3. Emission bandwidth and occupied bandwidth

<p>Test Requirement:</p>	<p>U-NII 1, U-NII 2A, U-NII 2C: No limits, only for report use. U-NII 3, U-NII 4: 47 CFR Part 15.407(e)</p>
<p>Test Limit:</p>	<p>U-NII 1, U-NII 2A, U-NII 2C: No limits, only for report use. U-NII 3, U-NII 4: Within the 5.725-5.850 GHz and 5.850-5.895 GHz bands, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth of U-NII devices shall be at least 500 kHz.</p>
<p>Test Method:</p>	<p>ANSI C63.10-2020, section 6.9 & 12.5 KDB 789033 D02, Clause C.2</p>
<p>Procedure:</p>	<p>Emission bandwidth: a) Set RBW = approximately 1% of the emission bandwidth. b) Set the VBW > RBW. c) Detector = peak. d) Trace mode = max hold. e) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is 26 dB down from the peak of the emission. Compare this with the RBW setting of the instrument. Readjust RBW and repeat measurement as needed until the RBW/EBW ratio is approximately 1%.</p> <p>Occupied bandwidth: a) The instrument center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The frequency span for the spectrum analyzer shall be between 1.5 times and 5.0 times the OBW. b) The nominal IF filter bandwidth (3 dB RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the OBW, and VBW shall be approximately three times the RBW, unless otherwise specified by the applicable requirement. c) Set the reference level of the instrument as required, keeping the signal from exceeding the maximum input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than [10 log (OBW/RBW)] below the reference level. Specific guidance is given in 4.1.5.2. d) Step a) through step c) might require iteration to adjust within the specified range. e) Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and single sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used. f) Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available) and report the measured bandwidth. g) If the instrument does not have a 99% power bandwidth function, then the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in linear power terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the lower frequency. The process is repeated until 99.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the upper frequency. The 99% power bandwidth is the difference between these two frequencies. h) The occupied bandwidth shall be reported by providing plot(s) of the measuring</p>

	<p>instrument display; the plot axes and the scale units per division shall be clearly labeled. Tabular data may be reported in addition to the plot(s).</p> <p>6 dB emission bandwidth: a) Set RBW = 100 kHz. b) Set the video bandwidth (VBW) $\geq 3 \times$ RBW. c) Detector = Peak. d) Trace mode = max hold. e) Sweep = auto couple. f) Allow the trace to stabilize. g) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.</p>
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5.1.3.1. E.U.T. Operation

Operating Environment:					
Temperature:	22.8 °C	Humidity:	55.6 %	Atmospheric Pressure:	103 kPa
Pre test mode:	TM1, TM2, TM3, TM4				
Final test mode:	TM1, TM2, TM3, TM4				

5.1.3.2. Test Setup Diagram



5.1.3.3. Test Result

Pass

5.1.3.4. Test Data

Please Refer to Appendix for Details.

5.1.4. Maximum conducted output power

Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(1)(iv) 47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(2) 47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(3)(i)
Test Limit:	<p>For client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the maximum conducted output power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.</p> <p>For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the maximum conducted output power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.</p> <p>For the band 5.725-5.850 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the maximum conducted output power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.</p>
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10-2020, section 12.4
Procedure:	Refer to ANSI C63.10-2020 section 12.4

5.1.4.1. E.U.T. Operation

Operating Environment:					
Temperature:	22.8 °C	Humidity:	55.6 %	Atmospheric Pressure:	103 kPa
Pre test mode:	TM1, TM2, TM3, TM4				
Final test mode:	TM1, TM2, TM3, TM4				

5.1.4.2. Test Setup Diagram



5.1.4.3. Test Result

Pass

5.1.4.4. Test Data

Please Refer to Appendix for Details.

5.1.5. Power spectral density

Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(1)(iv) 47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(2) 47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(3)(i)
Test Limit:	<p>For client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.</p> <p>For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.</p> <p>For the band 5.725-5.850 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.</p>
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10-2020, section 12.6
Procedure:	Refer to ANSI C63.10-2020, section 12.6

5.1.5.1. E.U.T. Operation

Operating Environment:					
Temperature:	22.8 °C	Humidity:	55.6 %	Atmospheric Pressure:	103 kPa
Pre test mode:	TM1, TM2, TM3, TM4				
Final test mode:	TM1, TM2, TM3, TM4				

5.1.5.2. Test Setup Diagram



5.1.5.3. Test Result

Pass

5.1.5.4. Test Data

Please Refer to Appendix for Details.

5.1.6. Channel Move Time, Channel Closing Transmission Time

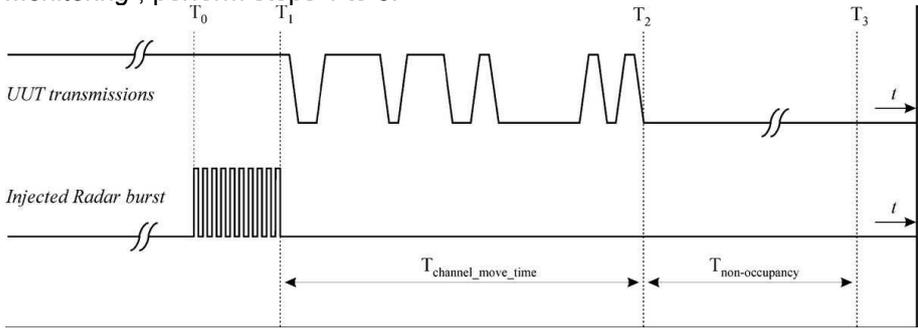
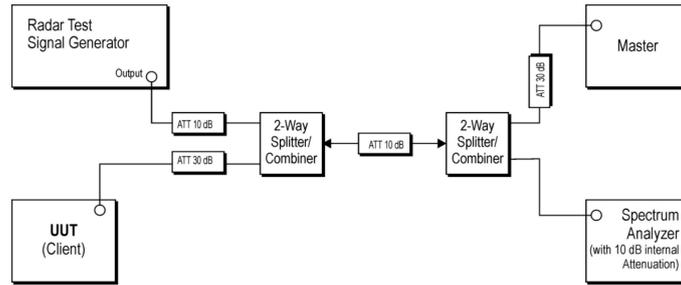
Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15.407(h)(2)(iii)
Test Limit:	<p>Channel Move Time: within 10 seconds Channel Closing Transmission Time: 200 milliseconds + an aggregate of 60 milliseconds over remaining 10 second period. (The Channel Closing Transmission Time is comprised of 200 milliseconds starting at the beginning of the Channel Move Time plus any additional intermittent control signals required to facilitate a Channel move (an aggregate of 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the 10 second period. The aggregate duration of control signals will not count quiet periods in between transmissions.)</p>
Test Method:	KDB 905462 D02, Clause 7.8.3
Procedure:	<p>The steps below define the procedure to determine the above-mentioned parameters when a radar <i>Burst</i> with a level equal to the <i>DFS Detection Threshold</i> + 1dB is generated on the <i>Operating Channel</i> of the U-NII device (<i>In-Service Monitoring</i>).</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. One frequency will be chosen from the <i>Operating Channels</i> of the UUT within the 5250-5350 MHz or 5470-5725 MHz bands. For 802.11 devices, the test frequency must contain control signals. This can be verified by disabling channel loading and monitoring the spectrum analyzer. If no control signals are detected, another frequency must be selected within the emission bandwidth where control signals are detected. 2. In case the UUT is a U-NII device operating as a <i>Client Device</i> (with or without DFS), a U-NII device operating as a <i>Master Device</i> will be used to allow the UUT (Client device) to <i>Associate</i> with the <i>Master Device</i>. In case the UUT is a <i>Master Device</i>, a U-NII device operating as a <i>Client Device</i> will be used and it is assumed that the Client will <i>Associate</i> with the UUT (Master). In both cases for conducted tests, the <i>Radar Waveform</i> generator will be connected to the <i>Master Device</i>. For radiated tests, the emissions of the <i>Radar Waveform</i> generator will be directed towards the <i>Master Device</i>. If the <i>Master Device</i> has antenna gain, the main beam of the antenna will be directed toward the radar emitter. Vertical polarization is used for testing. 3. Stream the channel loading test file from the <i>Master Device</i> to the <i>Client Device</i> on the test <i>Channel</i> for the entire period of the test. 4. At time T_0 the <i>Radar Waveform</i> generator sends a <i>Burst</i> of pulses for one of the Radar Type 0 in Table 5 at levels defined in Table 3, on the <i>Operating Channel</i>. An additional 1 dB is added to the radar test signal to ensure it is at or above the <i>DFS Detection Threshold</i>, accounting for equipment variations/errors. 5. Observe the transmissions of the UUT at the end of the radar <i>Burst</i> on the <i>Operating Channel</i> for duration greater than 10 seconds. Measure and record the transmissions from the UUT during the observation time (<i>Channel Move Time</i>). Measure and record the <i>Channel Move Time</i> and <i>Channel Closing Transmission Time</i> if radar detection occurs. Figure 17 illustrates <i>Channel Closing Transmission Time</i>. 6. When operating as a <i>Master Device</i>, monitor the UUT for more than 30 minutes following instant T_2 to verify that the UUT does not resume any transmissions on this <i>Channel</i>. Perform this test once and record the measurement result. 7. In case the UUT is a U-NII device operating as a <i>Client Device</i> with <i>In-Service Monitoring</i>, perform steps 1 to 6. 

Figure 17: Example of Channel Closing Transmission Time & Channel Closing Time

5.1.6.1. E.U.T. Operation

Operating Environment:					
Temperature:	22.8 °C	Humidity:	55.6 %	Atmospheric Pressure:	103 kPa
Pre test mode:	TM5				
Final test mode:	TM5				

5.1.6.2. Test Setup Diagram



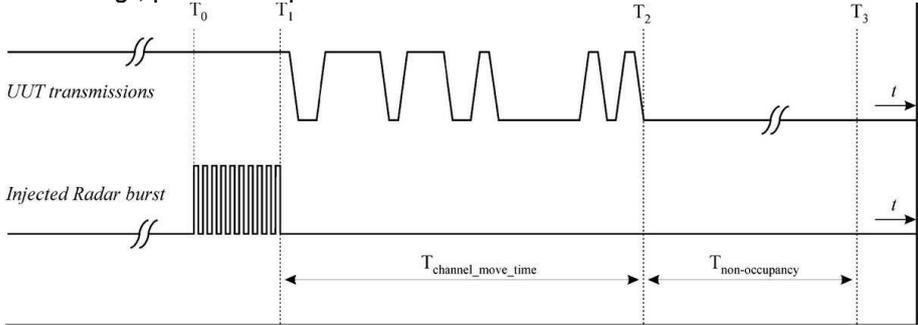
5.1.6.3. Test Result

Pass

5.1.6.4. Test Data

Please Refer to Appendix for Details.

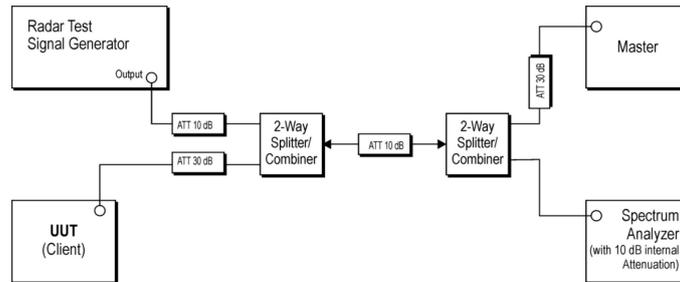
5.1.7. Non-Occupancy Period Test

Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15.407(h)(2)(iv)
Test Limit:	A channel that has been flagged as containing a radar system, either by a channel availability check or in-service monitoring, is subject to a non-occupancy period of at least 30 minutes. The non-occupancy period starts at the time when the radar system is detected.
Test Method:	KDB 905462 D02, Clause 7.8.3
Procedure:	<p>The steps below define the procedure to determine the above-mentioned parameters when a radar <i>Burst</i> with a level equal to the <i>DFS Detection Threshold</i> + 1dB is generated on the <i>Operating Channel</i> of the U-NII device (<i>In-Service Monitoring</i>).</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. One frequency will be chosen from the <i>Operating Channels</i> of the UUT within the 5250-5350 MHz or 5470-5725 MHz bands. For 802.11 devices, the test frequency must contain control signals. This can be verified by disabling channel loading and monitoring the spectrum analyzer. If no control signals are detected, another frequency must be selected within the emission bandwidth where control signals are detected. 2. In case the UUT is a U-NII device operating as a <i>Client Device</i> (with or without DFS), a U-NII device operating as a <i>Master Device</i> will be used to allow the UUT (Client device) to <i>Associate</i> with the <i>Master Device</i>. In case the UUT is a <i>Master Device</i>, a U-NII device operating as a <i>Client Device</i> will be used and it is assumed that the Client will <i>Associate</i> with the UUT (Master). In both cases for conducted tests, the <i>Radar Waveform</i> generator will be connected to the <i>Master Device</i>. For radiated tests, the emissions of the <i>Radar Waveform</i> generator will be directed towards the <i>Master Device</i>. If the <i>Master Device</i> has antenna gain, the main beam of the antenna will be directed toward the radar emitter. Vertical polarization is used for testing. 3. Stream the channel loading test file from the <i>Master Device</i> to the <i>Client Device</i> on the test <i>Channel</i> for the entire period of the test. 4. At time T_0 the <i>Radar Waveform</i> generator sends a <i>Burst</i> of pulses for one of the Radar Type 0 in Table 5 at levels defined in Table 3, on the <i>Operating Channel</i>. An additional 1 dB is added to the radar test signal to ensure it is at or above the <i>DFS Detection Threshold</i>, accounting for equipment variations/errors. 5. Observe the transmissions of the UUT at the end of the radar <i>Burst</i> on the <i>Operating Channel</i> for duration greater than 10 seconds. Measure and record the transmissions from the UUT during the observation time (<i>Channel Move Time</i>). Measure and record the <i>Channel Move Time</i> and <i>Channel Closing Transmission Time</i> if radar detection occurs. Figure 17 illustrates <i>Channel Closing Transmission Time</i>. 6. When operating as a <i>Master Device</i>, monitor the UUT for more than 30 minutes following instant T_2 to verify that the UUT does not resume any transmissions on this <i>Channel</i>. Perform this test once and record the measurement result. 7. In case the UUT is a U-NII device operating as a <i>Client Device</i> with <i>In-Service Monitoring</i>, perform steps 1 to 6.  <p>Figure 17: Example of Channel Closing Transmission Time & Channel Closing Time</p>

5.1.7.1. E.U.T. Operation

Operating Environment:					
Temperature:	22.8 °C	Humidity:	55.6 %	Atmospheric Pressure:	103 kPa
Pre test mode:	TM5				
Final test mode:	TM5				

5.1.7.2. Test Setup Diagram



5.1.7.3. Test Result

Pass

5.1.7.4. Test Data

Please Refer to Appendix for Details.

5.1.8. Band edge emissions (Conducted)

Test Requirement:	<p>47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(1) 47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(2) 47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(3) 47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(4) 47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(10)</p>																																																																								
Test Limit:	<p>For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.</p> <p>For transmitters operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.</p> <p>For transmitters operating in the 5.47-5.725 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.</p> <p>For transmitters operating solely in the 5.725-5.850 GHz band: All emissions shall be limited to a level of -27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 25 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz at the band edge.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="459 949 1401 1809"> <thead> <tr> <th>MHz</th> <th>MHz</th> <th>MHz</th> <th>GHz</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0.090-0.110</td> <td>16.42-16.423</td> <td>399.9-410</td> <td>4.5-5.15</td> </tr> <tr> <td>¹0.495-0.505</td> <td>16.69475-16.69525</td> <td>608-614</td> <td>5.35-5.46</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2.1735-2.1905</td> <td>16.80425-16.80475</td> <td>960-1240</td> <td>7.25-7.75</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4.125-4.128</td> <td>25.5-25.67</td> <td>1300-1427</td> <td>8.025-8.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4.17725-4.17775</td> <td>37.5-38.25</td> <td>1435-1626.5</td> <td>9.0-9.2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4.20725-4.20775</td> <td>73-74.6</td> <td>1645.5-1646.5</td> <td>9.3-9.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6.215-6.218</td> <td>74.8-75.2</td> <td>1660-1710</td> <td>10.6-12.7</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6.26775-6.26825</td> <td>108-121.94</td> <td>1718.8-1722.2</td> <td>13.25-13.4</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6.31175-6.31225</td> <td>123-138</td> <td>2200-2300</td> <td>14.47-14.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>8.291-8.294</td> <td>149.9-150.05</td> <td>2310-2390</td> <td>15.35-16.2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>8.362-8.366</td> <td>156.52475-156.52525</td> <td>2483.5-2500</td> <td>17.7-21.4</td> </tr> <tr> <td>8.37625-8.38675</td> <td>156.7-156.9</td> <td>2690-2900</td> <td>22.01-23.12</td> </tr> <tr> <td>8.41425-8.41475</td> <td>162.0125-167.17</td> <td>3260-3267</td> <td>23.6-24.0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>12.29-12.293</td> <td>167.72-173.2</td> <td>3332-3339</td> <td>31.2-31.8</td> </tr> <tr> <td>12.51975-12.52025</td> <td>240-285</td> <td>3345.8-3358</td> <td>36.43-36.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>12.57675-12.57725</td> <td>322-335.4</td> <td>3600-4400</td> <td>(²)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>13.36-13.41</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>¹ Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.</p> <p>² Above 38.6</p> <p>The field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in § 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in § 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in § 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in §</p>	MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz	0.090-0.110	16.42-16.423	399.9-410	4.5-5.15	¹ 0.495-0.505	16.69475-16.69525	608-614	5.35-5.46	2.1735-2.1905	16.80425-16.80475	960-1240	7.25-7.75	4.125-4.128	25.5-25.67	1300-1427	8.025-8.5	4.17725-4.17775	37.5-38.25	1435-1626.5	9.0-9.2	4.20725-4.20775	73-74.6	1645.5-1646.5	9.3-9.5	6.215-6.218	74.8-75.2	1660-1710	10.6-12.7	6.26775-6.26825	108-121.94	1718.8-1722.2	13.25-13.4	6.31175-6.31225	123-138	2200-2300	14.47-14.5	8.291-8.294	149.9-150.05	2310-2390	15.35-16.2	8.362-8.366	156.52475-156.52525	2483.5-2500	17.7-21.4	8.37625-8.38675	156.7-156.9	2690-2900	22.01-23.12	8.41425-8.41475	162.0125-167.17	3260-3267	23.6-24.0	12.29-12.293	167.72-173.2	3332-3339	31.2-31.8	12.51975-12.52025	240-285	3345.8-3358	36.43-36.5	12.57675-12.57725	322-335.4	3600-4400	(²)	13.36-13.41			
MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz																																																																						
0.090-0.110	16.42-16.423	399.9-410	4.5-5.15																																																																						
¹ 0.495-0.505	16.69475-16.69525	608-614	5.35-5.46																																																																						
2.1735-2.1905	16.80425-16.80475	960-1240	7.25-7.75																																																																						
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13.36-13.41																																																																									

	<p>15.35 apply to these measurements.</p> <p>Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="454 369 1401 768"> <thead> <tr> <th>Frequency (MHz)</th> <th>Field strength (microvolts/meter)</th> <th>Measurement distance (meters)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0.009-0.490</td> <td>2400/F(kHz)</td> <td>300</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0.490-1.705</td> <td>24000/F(kHz)</td> <td>30</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1.705-30.0</td> <td>30</td> <td>30</td> </tr> <tr> <td>30-88</td> <td>100 **</td> <td>3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>88-216</td> <td>150 **</td> <td>3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>216-960</td> <td>200 **</td> <td>3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Above 960</td> <td>500</td> <td>3</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>** Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this part, e.g., §§ 15.231 and 15.241.</p> <p>In the emission table above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges. The emission limits shown in the above table are based on measurements employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector except for the frequency bands 9–90 kHz, 110–490 kHz and above 1000 MHz. Radiated emission limits in these three bands are based on measurements employing an average detector.</p>	Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement distance (meters)	0.009-0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300	0.490-1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30	1.705-30.0	30	30	30-88	100 **	3	88-216	150 **	3	216-960	200 **	3	Above 960	500	3
Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement distance (meters)																							
0.009-0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300																							
0.490-1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30																							
1.705-30.0	30	30																							
30-88	100 **	3																							
88-216	150 **	3																							
216-960	200 **	3																							
Above 960	500	3																							
<p>Test Method:</p>	<p>ANSI C63.10-2020, section 12.7.4, 12.7.6, 12.7.7</p>																								
<p>Procedure:</p>	<p>Above 1GHz:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> For above 1GHz, the EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 1.5 meters above the ground at a 3 meter fully-anechoic chamber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower. The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters (for the test frequency of below 30MHz, the antenna was tuned to heights 1 meter) and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet. Test the EUT in the lowest channel, the middle channel, the Highest channel. The radiation measurements are performed in X, Y, Z axis positioning for Transmitting mode, and found the X axis positioning which it is the worst case. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured was complete. <p>Remark:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Level= Read Level+ Cable Loss+ Antenna Factor- Preamp Factor Scan from 18GHz to 40GHz, the disturbance above 18GHz was very low. The points marked on above plots are the highest emissions could be found when testing, so only above points had been displayed. The amplitude of spurious emissions from the radiator which are attenuated more than 20dB below the limit need not be reported. As shown in this section, for frequencies above 1GHz, the field strength limits are based on average limits. However, the peak field strength of any emission shall not 																								

exceed the maximum permitted average limits specified above by more than 20 dB under any condition of modulation. For the emissions whose peak level is lower than the average limit, only the peak measurement is shown in the report.
 4. The disturbance above 18GHz were very low and the harmonics were the highest point could be found when testing, so only the above harmonics had been displayed.

5.1.8.1. E.U.T. Operation

Operating Environment:					
Temperature:	22.8 °C	Humidity:	55.6 %	Atmospheric Pressure:	103 kPa
Pre test mode:	TM1, TM2, TM3, TM4				
Final test mode:	TM1, TM2, TM3, TM4				

5.1.8.2. Test Setup Diagram



5.1.8.3. Test Result

Pass

5.1.8.4. Test Data

Please Refer to Appendix for Details.

5.1.9. Band edge emissions (Radiated)

Test Requirement:	<p>47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(1) 47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(2) 47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(3) 47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(4) 47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(10)</p>																																																																								
Test Limit:	<p>For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.</p> <p>For transmitters operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.</p> <p>For transmitters operating in the 5.47-5.725 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.</p> <p>For transmitters operating solely in the 5.725-5.850 GHz band: All emissions shall be limited to a level of -27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 25 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz at the band edge.</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th>MHz</th> <th>MHz</th> <th>MHz</th> <th>GHz</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0.090-0.110</td> <td>16.42-16.423</td> <td>399.9-410</td> <td>4.5-5.15</td> </tr> <tr> <td>¹0.495-0.505</td> <td>16.69475-16.69525</td> <td>608-614</td> <td>5.35-5.46</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2.1735-2.1905</td> <td>16.80425-16.80475</td> <td>960-1240</td> <td>7.25-7.75</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4.125-4.128</td> <td>25.5-25.67</td> <td>1300-1427</td> <td>8.025-8.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4.17725-4.17775</td> <td>37.5-38.25</td> <td>1435-1626.5</td> <td>9.0-9.2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4.20725-4.20775</td> <td>73-74.6</td> <td>1645.5-1646.5</td> <td>9.3-9.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6.215-6.218</td> <td>74.8-75.2</td> <td>1660-1710</td> <td>10.6-12.7</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6.26775-6.26825</td> <td>108-121.94</td> <td>1718.8-1722.2</td> <td>13.25-13.4</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6.31175-6.31225</td> <td>123-138</td> <td>2200-2300</td> <td>14.47-14.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>8.291-8.294</td> <td>149.9-150.05</td> <td>2310-2390</td> <td>15.35-16.2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>8.362-8.366</td> <td>156.52475-156.52525</td> <td>2483.5-2500</td> <td>17.7-21.4</td> </tr> <tr> <td>8.37625-8.38675</td> <td>156.7-156.9</td> <td>2690-2900</td> <td>22.01-23.12</td> </tr> <tr> <td>8.41425-8.41475</td> <td>162.0125-167.17</td> <td>3260-3267</td> <td>23.6-24.0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>12.29-12.293</td> <td>167.72-173.2</td> <td>3332-3339</td> <td>31.2-31.8</td> </tr> <tr> <td>12.51975-12.52025</td> <td>240-285</td> <td>3345.8-3358</td> <td>36.43-36.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>12.57675-12.57725</td> <td>322-335.4</td> <td>3600-4400</td> <td>(²)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>13.36-13.41</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>¹ Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.</p> <p>² Above 38.6</p> <p>The field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in § 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in § 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in § 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in §</p>	MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz	0.090-0.110	16.42-16.423	399.9-410	4.5-5.15	¹ 0.495-0.505	16.69475-16.69525	608-614	5.35-5.46	2.1735-2.1905	16.80425-16.80475	960-1240	7.25-7.75	4.125-4.128	25.5-25.67	1300-1427	8.025-8.5	4.17725-4.17775	37.5-38.25	1435-1626.5	9.0-9.2	4.20725-4.20775	73-74.6	1645.5-1646.5	9.3-9.5	6.215-6.218	74.8-75.2	1660-1710	10.6-12.7	6.26775-6.26825	108-121.94	1718.8-1722.2	13.25-13.4	6.31175-6.31225	123-138	2200-2300	14.47-14.5	8.291-8.294	149.9-150.05	2310-2390	15.35-16.2	8.362-8.366	156.52475-156.52525	2483.5-2500	17.7-21.4	8.37625-8.38675	156.7-156.9	2690-2900	22.01-23.12	8.41425-8.41475	162.0125-167.17	3260-3267	23.6-24.0	12.29-12.293	167.72-173.2	3332-3339	31.2-31.8	12.51975-12.52025	240-285	3345.8-3358	36.43-36.5	12.57675-12.57725	322-335.4	3600-4400	(²)	13.36-13.41			
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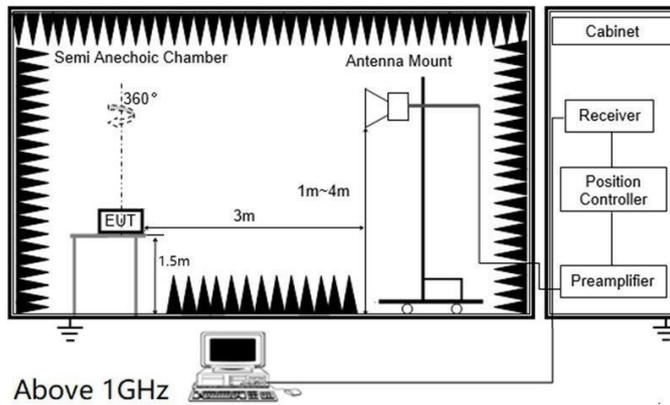
	<p>15.35 apply to these measurements.</p> <p>Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="454 369 1401 772"> <thead> <tr> <th>Frequency (MHz)</th> <th>Field strength (microvolts/meter)</th> <th>Measurement distance (meters)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0.009-0.490</td> <td>2400/F(kHz)</td> <td>300</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0.490-1.705</td> <td>24000/F(kHz)</td> <td>30</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1.705-30.0</td> <td>30</td> <td>30</td> </tr> <tr> <td>30-88</td> <td>100 **</td> <td>3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>88-216</td> <td>150 **</td> <td>3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>216-960</td> <td>200 **</td> <td>3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Above 960</td> <td>500</td> <td>3</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>** Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this part, e.g., §§ 15.231 and 15.241.</p> <p>In the emission table above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges. The emission limits shown in the above table are based on measurements employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector except for the frequency bands 9–90 kHz, 110–490 kHz and above 1000 MHz. Radiated emission limits in these three bands are based on measurements employing an average detector.</p>	Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement distance (meters)	0.009-0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300	0.490-1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30	1.705-30.0	30	30	30-88	100 **	3	88-216	150 **	3	216-960	200 **	3	Above 960	500	3
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Above 960	500	3																							
<p>Test Method:</p>	<p>ANSI C63.10-2020, section 12.7.4, 12.7.6, 12.7.7</p>																								
<p>Procedure:</p>	<p>Above 1GHz:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> For above 1GHz, the EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 1.5 meters above the ground at a 3 meter fully-anechoic chamber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower. The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters (for the test frequency of below 30MHz, the antenna was tuned to heights 1 meter) and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet. Test the EUT in the lowest channel, the middle channel, the Highest channel. The radiation measurements are performed in X, Y, Z axis positioning for Transmitting mode, and found the X axis positioning which it is the worst case. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured was complete. <p>Remark:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Level= Read Level+ Cable Loss+ Antenna Factor- Preamp Factor Scan from 18GHz to 40GHz, the disturbance above 18GHz was very low. The points marked on above plots are the highest emissions could be found when testing, so only above points had been displayed. The amplitude of spurious emissions from the radiator which are attenuated more than 20dB below the limit need not be reported. As shown in this section, for frequencies above 1GHz, the field strength limits are based on average limits. However, the peak field strength of any emission shall not 																								

exceed the maximum permitted average limits specified above by more than 20 dB under any condition of modulation. For the emissions whose peak level is lower than the average limit, only the peak measurement is shown in the report.
 4. The disturbance above 18GHz were very low and the harmonics were the highest point could be found when testing, so only the above harmonics had been displayed.

5.1.9.1. E.U.T. Operation

Operating Environment:					
Temperature:	22.9 °C	Humidity:	56.4 %	Atmospheric Pressure:	103 kPa
Pre test mode:	TM1, TM2, TM3, TM4				
Final test mode:	TM1, TM2, TM3, TM4				

5.1.9.2. Test Setup Diagram



5.1.9.3. Test Result

Pass

5.1.10. Undesirable emission limits (below 1GHz)

Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(9)																								
Test Limit:	<p>Unwanted emissions below 1 GHz must comply with the general field strength limits set forth in § 15.209.</p> <p>Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="459 495 1401 898"> <thead> <tr> <th>Frequency (MHz)</th> <th>Field strength (microvolts/meter)</th> <th>Measurement distance (meters)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0.009-0.490</td> <td>2400/F(kHz)</td> <td>300</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0.490-1.705</td> <td>24000/F(kHz)</td> <td>30</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1.705-30.0</td> <td>30</td> <td>30</td> </tr> <tr> <td>30-88</td> <td>100 **</td> <td>3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>88-216</td> <td>150 **</td> <td>3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>216-960</td> <td>200 **</td> <td>3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Above 960</td> <td>500</td> <td>3</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>** Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this part, e.g., §§ 15.231 and 15.241.</p> <p>In the emission table above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges. The emission limits shown in the above table are based on measurements employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector except for the frequency bands 9–90 kHz, 110–490 kHz and above 1000 MHz. Radiated emission limits in these three bands are based on measurements employing an average detector.</p>	Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement distance (meters)	0.009-0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300	0.490-1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30	1.705-30.0	30	30	30-88	100 **	3	88-216	150 **	3	216-960	200 **	3	Above 960	500	3
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Above 960	500	3																							
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10-2020, section 12.7.4, 12.7.5																								
Procedure:	<p>Below 1GHz:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> For below 1GHz, the EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation. The EUT was set 3 or 10 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower. The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters (for the test frequency of below 30MHz, the antenna was tuned to heights 1 meter) and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10dB margin would be re-tested one by one using quasi-peak method as specified and then reported in a data sheet. Test the EUT in the lowest channel, the middle channel, the Highest channel. The radiation measurements are performed in X, Y, Z axis positioning for Transmitting mode, and found the X axis positioning which it is the worst case. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured was complete. <p>Remark:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Level= Read Level+ Cable Loss+ Antenna Factor- Preamp Factor Scan from 9kHz to 30MHz, the disturbance below 30MHz was very low. The points marked on above plots are the highest emissions could be found when 																								

testing, so only above points had been displayed. The amplitude of spurious emissions from the radiator which are attenuated more than 20dB below the limit need not be reported.

3. The disturbance below 1GHz was very low and the harmonics were the highest point could be found when testing, so only the above harmonics had been displayed.

Above 1GHz:

- a. For above 1GHz, the EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 1.5 meters above the ground at a 3 meter fully-anechoic chamber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- b. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
- c. The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- d. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters (for the test frequency of below 30MHz, the antenna was tuned to heights 1 meter) and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- e. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.
- f. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.
- g. Test the EUT in the lowest channel, the middle channel, the Highest channel.
- h. The radiation measurements are performed in X, Y, Z axis positioning for Transmitting mode, and found the X axis positioning which it is the worst case.
- i. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured was complete.

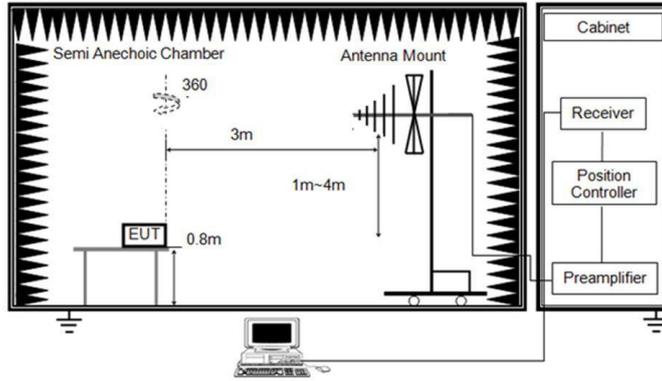
Remark:

1. Level= Read Level+ Cable Loss+ Antenna Factor- Preamp Factor
2. Scan from 18GHz to 40GHz, the disturbance above 18GHz was very low. The points marked on above plots are the highest emissions could be found when testing, so only above points had been displayed. The amplitude of spurious emissions from the radiator which are attenuated more than 20dB below the limit need not be reported.
3. As shown in this section, for frequencies above 1GHz, the field strength limits are based on average limits. However, the peak field strength of any emission shall not exceed the maximum permitted average limits specified above by more than 20 dB under any condition of modulation. For the emissions whose peak level is lower than the average limit, only the peak measurement is shown in the report.
4. The disturbance above 18GHz were very low and the harmonics were the highest point could be found when testing, so only the above harmonics had been displayed.

5.1.10.1. E.U.T. Operation

Operating Environment:					
Temperature:	22.8 °C	Humidity:	55.8 %	Atmospheric Pressure:	102 kPa
Pre test mode:	TM1				
Final test mode:	TM1				

5.1.10.2. Test Setup Diagram



Below 1 GHz and above 30 MHz

5.1.10.3. Test Result

Pass

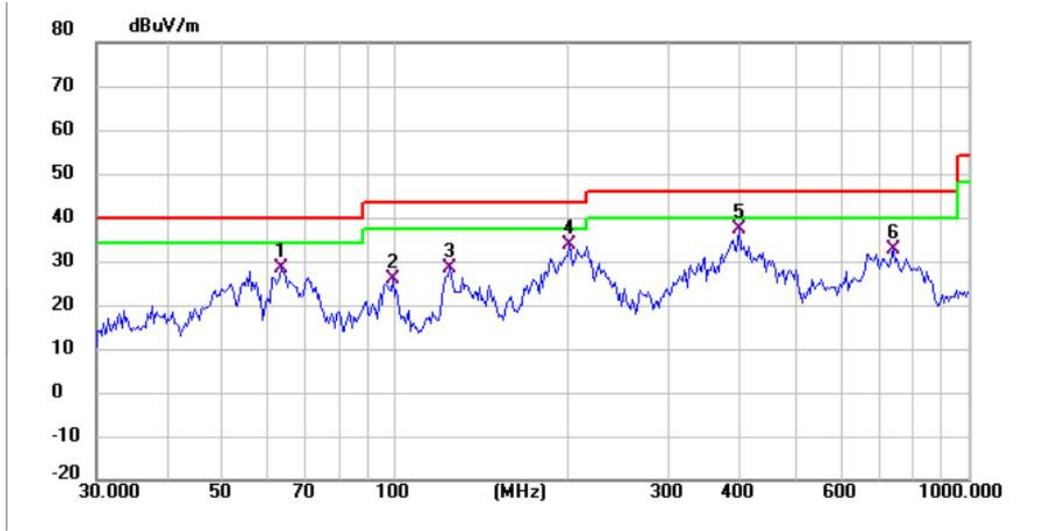
5.1.10.4. Test Data

Mode1 / Polarization: Horizontal / CH: L



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1	80.6440	62.86	-34.86	28.00	40.00	12.00	QP
2	116.1320	63.49	-31.67	31.82	43.50	11.68	QP
3 *	173.2050	65.06	-32.01	33.05	43.50	10.45	QP
4	332.5187	59.37	-26.23	33.14	46.00	12.86	QP
5	531.9633	55.13	-21.00	34.13	46.00	11.87	QP
6	845.0877	50.02	-15.84	34.18	46.00	11.82	QP

Mode1 / Polarization: Vertical / CH: L



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1	63.0915	59.74	-31.33	28.41	40.00	11.59	QP
2	98.8324	57.01	-31.18	25.83	43.50	17.67	QP
3	124.5690	61.04	-32.70	28.34	43.50	15.16	QP
4	200.6880	63.71	-29.83	33.88	43.50	9.62	QP
5 *	399.0300	62.17	-24.88	37.29	46.00	8.71	QP
6	739.6603	49.75	-16.99	32.76	46.00	13.24	QP

5.1.11. Undesirable emission limits (above 1GHz)

Test Requirement:	<p>47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(1) 47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(2) 47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(3) 47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(4) 47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(10)</p>																																																																								
Test Limit:	<p>For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.</p> <p>For transmitters operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.</p> <p>For transmitters operating in the 5.47-5.725 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.</p> <p>For transmitters operating solely in the 5.725-5.850 GHz band: All emissions shall be limited to a level of -27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 25 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz at the band edge.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>MHz</th> <th>MHz</th> <th>MHz</th> <th>GHz</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0.090-0.110</td> <td>16.42-16.423</td> <td>399.9-410</td> <td>4.5-5.15</td> </tr> <tr> <td>¹0.495-0.505</td> <td>16.69475-16.69525</td> <td>608-614</td> <td>5.35-5.46</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2.1735-2.1905</td> <td>16.80425-16.80475</td> <td>960-1240</td> <td>7.25-7.75</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4.125-4.128</td> <td>25.5-25.67</td> <td>1300-1427</td> <td>8.025-8.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4.17725-4.17775</td> <td>37.5-38.25</td> <td>1435-1626.5</td> <td>9.0-9.2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4.20725-4.20775</td> <td>73-74.6</td> <td>1645.5-1646.5</td> <td>9.3-9.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6.215-6.218</td> <td>74.8-75.2</td> <td>1660-1710</td> <td>10.6-12.7</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6.26775-6.26825</td> <td>108-121.94</td> <td>1718.8-1722.2</td> <td>13.25-13.4</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6.31175-6.31225</td> <td>123-138</td> <td>2200-2300</td> <td>14.47-14.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>8.291-8.294</td> <td>149.9-150.05</td> <td>2310-2390</td> <td>15.35-16.2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>8.362-8.366</td> <td>156.52475-156.52525</td> <td>2483.5-2500</td> <td>17.7-21.4</td> </tr> <tr> <td>8.37625-8.38675</td> <td>156.7-156.9</td> <td>2690-2900</td> <td>22.01-23.12</td> </tr> <tr> <td>8.41425-8.41475</td> <td>162.0125-167.17</td> <td>3260-3267</td> <td>23.6-24.0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>12.29-12.293</td> <td>167.72-173.2</td> <td>3332-3339</td> <td>31.2-31.8</td> </tr> <tr> <td>12.51975-12.52025</td> <td>240-285</td> <td>3345.8-3358</td> <td>36.43-36.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>12.57675-12.57725</td> <td>322-335.4</td> <td>3600-4400</td> <td>(²)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>13.36-13.41</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>¹ Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.</p> <p>² Above 38.6</p> <p>The field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in § 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in § 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in § 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in §</p>	MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz	0.090-0.110	16.42-16.423	399.9-410	4.5-5.15	¹ 0.495-0.505	16.69475-16.69525	608-614	5.35-5.46	2.1735-2.1905	16.80425-16.80475	960-1240	7.25-7.75	4.125-4.128	25.5-25.67	1300-1427	8.025-8.5	4.17725-4.17775	37.5-38.25	1435-1626.5	9.0-9.2	4.20725-4.20775	73-74.6	1645.5-1646.5	9.3-9.5	6.215-6.218	74.8-75.2	1660-1710	10.6-12.7	6.26775-6.26825	108-121.94	1718.8-1722.2	13.25-13.4	6.31175-6.31225	123-138	2200-2300	14.47-14.5	8.291-8.294	149.9-150.05	2310-2390	15.35-16.2	8.362-8.366	156.52475-156.52525	2483.5-2500	17.7-21.4	8.37625-8.38675	156.7-156.9	2690-2900	22.01-23.12	8.41425-8.41475	162.0125-167.17	3260-3267	23.6-24.0	12.29-12.293	167.72-173.2	3332-3339	31.2-31.8	12.51975-12.52025	240-285	3345.8-3358	36.43-36.5	12.57675-12.57725	322-335.4	3600-4400	(²)	13.36-13.41			
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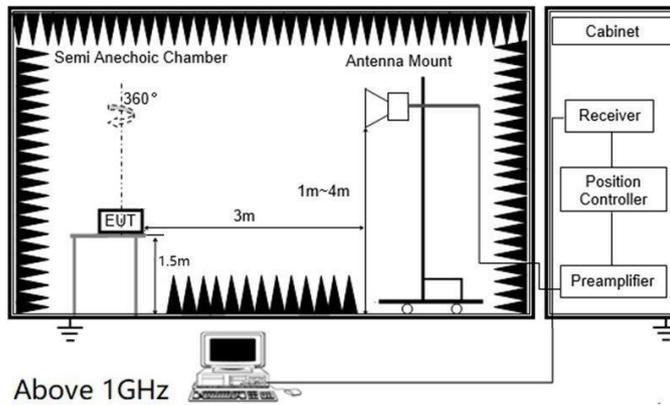
	<p>15.35 apply to these measurements.</p> <p>Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="454 369 1401 772"> <thead> <tr> <th>Frequency (MHz)</th> <th>Field strength (microvolts/meter)</th> <th>Measurement distance (meters)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0.009-0.490</td> <td>2400/F(kHz)</td> <td>300</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0.490-1.705</td> <td>24000/F(kHz)</td> <td>30</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1.705-30.0</td> <td>30</td> <td>30</td> </tr> <tr> <td>30-88</td> <td>100 **</td> <td>3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>88-216</td> <td>150 **</td> <td>3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>216-960</td> <td>200 **</td> <td>3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Above 960</td> <td>500</td> <td>3</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>** Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this part, e.g., §§ 15.231 and 15.241.</p> <p>In the emission table above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges. The emission limits shown in the above table are based on measurements employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector except for the frequency bands 9–90 kHz, 110–490 kHz and above 1000 MHz. Radiated emission limits in these three bands are based on measurements employing an average detector.</p>	Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement distance (meters)	0.009-0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300	0.490-1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30	1.705-30.0	30	30	30-88	100 **	3	88-216	150 **	3	216-960	200 **	3	Above 960	500	3
Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement distance (meters)																							
0.009-0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300																							
0.490-1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30																							
1.705-30.0	30	30																							
30-88	100 **	3																							
88-216	150 **	3																							
216-960	200 **	3																							
Above 960	500	3																							
<p>Test Method:</p>	<p>ANSI C63.10-2020, section 12.7.4, 12.7.6, 12.7.7</p>																								
<p>Procedure:</p>	<p>Above 1GHz:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> For above 1GHz, the EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 1.5 meters above the ground at a 3 meter fully-anechoic chamber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower. The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters (for the test frequency of below 30MHz, the antenna was tuned to heights 1 meter) and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet. Test the EUT in the lowest channel, the middle channel, the Highest channel. The radiation measurements are performed in X, Y, Z axis positioning for Transmitting mode, and found the X axis positioning which it is the worst case. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured was complete. <p>Remark:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Level= Read Level+ Cable Loss+ Antenna Factor- Preamp Factor Scan from 18GHz to 40GHz, the disturbance above 18GHz was very low. The points marked on above plots are the highest emissions could be found when testing, so only above points had been displayed. The amplitude of spurious emissions from the radiator which are attenuated more than 20dB below the limit need not be reported. As shown in this section, for frequencies above 1GHz, the field strength limits are based on average limits. However, the peak field strength of any emission shall not 																								

exceed the maximum permitted average limits specified above by more than 20 dB under any condition of modulation. For the emissions whose peak level is lower than the average limit, only the peak measurement is shown in the report.
 4. The disturbance above 18GHz were very low and the harmonics were the highest point could be found when testing, so only the above harmonics had been displayed.

5.1.11.1. E.U.T. Operation

Operating Environment:					
Temperature:	22.9 °C	Humidity:	56.4 %	Atmospheric Pressure:	103 kPa
Pre test mode:	TM1, TM2, TM3, TM4				
Final test mode:	TM1, TM2, TM3, TM4				

5.1.11.2. Test Setup Diagram



5.1.11.3. Test Result

Pass

5.1.11.4. Test Data

For 1 GHz ~ 40 GHz

Have pre-scan all test channel, found 11a mode which it was worst case, so only show the worst case's data on this report.

Test channel:CH36										
Freq. (GHz)	Reading (dBuv)	Ant. Factor (dB/m)	Cable Factor (dB)	Pre-amplifier (dB)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuv)	Limit (dBu V/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Polarity
15.54	68.87	31.33	4.23	38.62	-3.06	65.81	74	8.19	Peak	Horizontal
15.54	49.75	31.33	4.23	38.62	-3.06	46.69	54	7.31	Average	Horizontal
15.54	64.98	31.33	4.23	38.62	-3.06	61.92	74	12.08	Peak	Vertical
15.54	51.63	31.33	4.23	38.62	-3.06	48.57	54	5.43	Average	Vertical

Test channel:CH40										
Freq. (GHz)	Reading (dBuv)	Ant. Factor (dB/m)	Cable Factor (dB)	Pre-amplifier (dB)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuv)	Limit (dBu V/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Polarity
15.60	70.08	30.26	4.09	38.29	-3.94	66.14	74	7.86	Peak	Horizontal
15.60	50.48	30.26	4.09	38.29	-3.94	46.54	54	7.46	Average	Horizontal
15.60	66.92	30.26	4.09	38.29	-3.94	62.98	74	11.02	Peak	Vertical
15.60	50.21	30.26	4.09	38.29	-3.94	46.27	54	7.73	Average	Vertical

Test channel:CH48										
Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBuv)	Ant. Factor (dB/m)	Cable Factor (dB)	Pre-amplifier (dB)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuv)	Limit (dBu V/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Polarity
15.72	63.92	31.97	4.11	38.47	-2.39	61.53	74	12.47	Peak	Horizontal
15.72	50.46	31.97	4.11	38.47	-2.39	48.07	54	5.93	Average	Horizontal
15.72	67.09	31.97	4.11	38.47	-2.39	64.70	74	9.30	Peak	Vertical
15.72	51.05	31.97	4.11	38.47	-2.39	48.66	54	5.34	Average	Vertical

Test channel:CH52										
Freq. (GHz)	Reading (dBuv)	Ant. Factor (dB/m)	Cable Factor (dB)	Pre-amplifier (dB)	Correc tion Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuv)	Limit (dBU V/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Polarity
10.52	69.35	31.33	4.23	38.62	-3.06	66.29	74	7.71	Peak	Horizontal
10.52	49.82	31.33	4.23	38.62	-3.06	46.76	54	7.24	Average	Horizontal
10.52	65.41	31.33	4.23	38.62	-3.06	62.35	74	11.65	Peak	Vertical
10.52	50.92	31.33	4.23	38.62	-3.06	47.86	54	6.14	Average	Vertical

Test channel:CH60										
Freq. (GHz)	Reading (dBuv)	Ant. Factor (dB/m)	Cable Factor (dB)	Pre-amplifier (dB)	Correc tion Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuv)	Limit (dBU V/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Polarity
10.60	70.11	30.26	4.09	38.29	-3.94	66.17	74	7.83	Peak	Horizontal
10.60	50.95	30.26	4.09	38.29	-3.94	47.01	54	6.99	Average	Horizontal
10.60	66.91	30.26	4.09	38.29	-3.94	62.97	74	11.03	Peak	Vertical
10.60	50.98	30.26	4.09	38.29	-3.94	47.04	54	6.96	Average	Vertical

Test channel:CH64										
Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBuv)	Ant. Factor (dB/m)	Cable Factor (dB)	Pre-amplifier (dB)	Correc tion Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuv)	Limit (dBU V/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Polarity
10.64	64.71	31.97	4.11	38.47	-2.39	62.32	74	11.68	Peak	Horizontal
10.64	50.46	31.97	4.11	38.47	-2.39	48.07	54	5.93	Average	Horizontal
10.64	67.12	31.97	4.11	38.47	-2.39	64.73	74	9.27	Peak	Vertical
10.64	51.22	31.97	4.11	38.47	-2.39	48.83	54	5.17	Average	Vertical

Test channel:CH100

Freq. (GHz)	Reading (dBuv)	Ant. Factor (dB/m)	Cable Factor (dB)	Pre-amplifier (dB)	Correc tion Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuv)	Limit (dBu V/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Polarity
11.00	69.52	31.33	4.23	38.62	-3.06	66.46	74	7.54	Peak	Horizontal
11.00	49.03	31.33	4.23	38.62	-3.06	45.97	54	8.03	Average	Horizontal
11.00	64.91	31.33	4.23	38.62	-3.06	61.85	74	12.15	Peak	Vertical
11.00	51.05	31.33	4.23	38.62	-3.06	47.99	54	6.01	Average	Vertical

Test channel:CH116

Freq. (GHz)	Reading (dBuv)	Ant. Factor (dB/m)	Cable Factor (dB)	Pre-amplifier (dB)	Correc tion Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuv)	Limit (dBu V/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Polarity
11.16	70.52	30.26	4.09	38.29	-3.94	66.58	74	7.42	Peak	Horizontal
11.16	50.69	30.26	4.09	38.29	-3.94	46.75	54	7.25	Average	Horizontal
11.16	67.62	30.26	4.09	38.29	-3.94	63.68	74	10.32	Peak	Vertical
11.16	50.68	30.26	4.09	38.29	-3.94	46.74	54	7.26	Average	Vertical

Test channel:CH140

Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBuv)	Ant. Factor (dB/m)	Cable Factor (dB)	Pre-amplifier (dB)	Correc tion Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuv)	Limit (dBu V/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Polarity
11.40	64.35	31.97	4.11	38.47	-2.39	61.96	74	12.04	Peak	Horizontal
11.40	50.67	31.97	4.11	38.47	-2.39	48.28	54	5.72	Average	Horizontal
11.40	67.72	31.97	4.11	38.47	-2.39	65.33	74	8.67	Peak	Vertical
11.40	50.84	31.97	4.11	38.47	-2.39	48.45	54	5.55	Average	Vertical

Test channel:CH149										
Freq. (GHz)	Reading (dBuv)	Ant. Factor (dB/m)	Cable Factor (dB)	Pre-amplifier (dB)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuv)	Limit (dBu V/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Polarity
11.49	69.44	31.33	4.23	38.62	-3.06	66.38	74	7.62	Peak	Horizontal
11.49	49.82	31.33	4.23	38.62	-3.06	46.76	54	7.24	Average	Horizontal
11.49	65.40	31.33	4.23	38.62	-3.06	62.34	74	11.66	Peak	Vertical
11.49	50.87	31.33	4.23	38.62	-3.06	47.81	54	6.19	Average	Vertical

Test channel:CH157										
Freq. (GHz)	Reading (dBuv)	Ant. Factor (dB/m)	Cable Factor (dB)	Pre-amplifier (dB)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuv)	Limit (dBu V/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Polarity
11.57	70.36	30.26	4.09	38.29	-3.94	66.42	74	7.58	Peak	Horizontal
11.57	50.17	30.26	4.09	38.29	-3.94	46.23	54	7.77	Average	Horizontal
11.57	66.92	30.26	4.09	38.29	-3.94	62.98	74	11.02	Peak	Vertical
11.57	50.90	30.26	4.09	38.29	-3.94	46.96	54	7.04	Average	Vertical

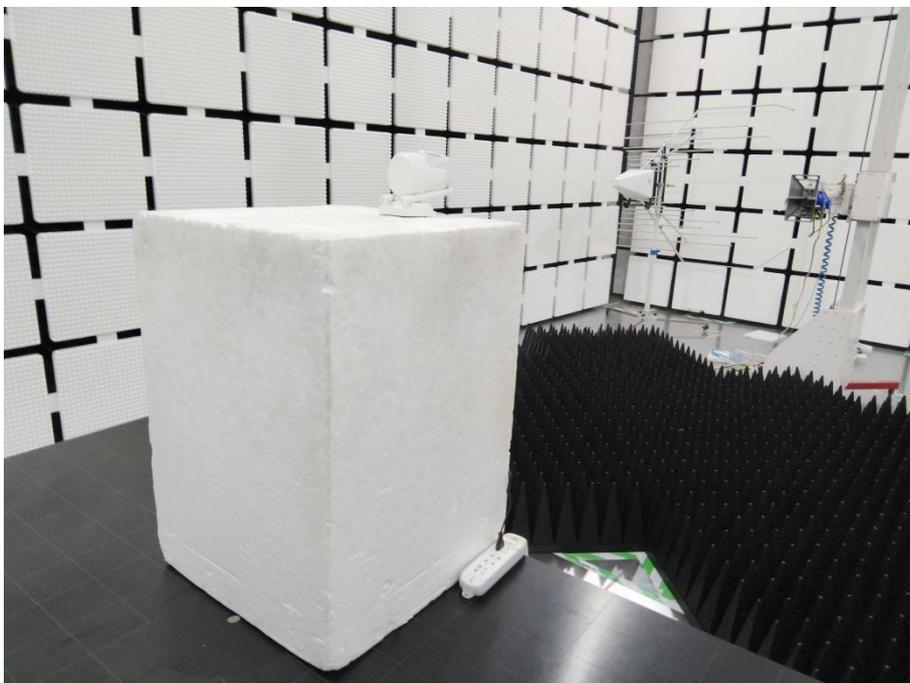
Test channel:CH163										
Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBuv)	Ant. Factor (dB/m)	Cable Factor (dB)	Pre-amplifier (dB)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuv)	Limit (dBu V/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Polarity
11.65	64.11	31.97	4.11	38.47	-2.39	61.72	74	12.28	Peak	Horizontal
11.65	49.84	31.97	4.11	38.47	-2.39	47.45	54	6.55	Average	Horizontal
11.65	67.20	31.97	4.11	38.47	-2.39	64.81	74	9.19	Peak	Vertical
11.65	51.23	31.97	4.11	38.47	-2.39	48.84	54	5.16	Average	Vertical

6. TEST SETUP PHOTOS

Conducted Emission at AC power line



Band edge emissions (Radiated)
Undesirable emission limits (above 1GHz)



Undesirable emission limits (below 1GHz)

