

FCC SAR Test Report

APPLICANT : Qingdao Chuangjian Weilai Technology Co., Ltd.
EQUIPMENT : VR All-In-One Headset
BRAND NAME :  PICO
MODEL NAME : A9210
FCC ID : 2A5NV-A9210
STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

We, Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan), would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures given in 47 CFR Part 2.1093 and FCC KDB and has been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan), the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.



Approved by: Si Zhang



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Revision History

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FA432502	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report.	Jun. 12, 2024

1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **Qingdao Chuangjian Weilai Technology Co., Ltd., VR All-In-One Headset, A9210**, are as follows.

Highest 1g SAR Summary					
Equipment Class	Frequency Band		Head (Separation 0mm)	Highest Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)	Measured APD
			1g SAR (W/kg)		Head (W/m ²)
DTS	WLAN	2.4GHz WLAN	0.40	0.98	
NII		5GHz WLAN	0.54	0.98	
6XD		6GHz WLAN	0.26	0.92	0.96
DSS	Bluetooth	2.4GHz Bluetooth	<0.10	0.92	
DTS	nRF	nRF	<0.10	0.98	

Highest 10g SAR Summary					
Equipment Class	Frequency Band		Extremity (Separation 0mm)	Highest Simultaneous Transmission 10g SAR (W/kg)	Measured APD
			10g SAR (W/kg)		Extremity (W/m ²)
DTS	WLAN	2.4GHz WLAN	3.30	3.81	
NII		5GHz WLAN	3.32	3.81	
6XD		6GHz WLAN	0.67	2.75	11.4
DSS	Bluetooth	Bluetooth	0.40	3.63	
DTS	nRF	nRF	<0.10	3.81	

Band	Tx Frequency (MHz)	Scaled PD
		psPD (W/m ²)
WLAN 6GHz	5925-7125	7.81
Date of Testing:		2024/5/14~2024/5/24

Declaration of Conformity:

The test results with all measurement uncertainty excluded are presented in accordance with the regulation limits or requirements declared by manufacturers.

Comments and Explanations:

The declared of product specification for EUT presented in the report are provided by the manufacturer, and the manufacturer takes all the responsibilities for the accuracy of product specification.

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg for Partial-Body 1g SAR, 4.0 W/kg for Product Specific 10g SAR) and Power density exposure limits (1 mW/cm² = 10 W/m²) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and FCC 47 CFR Part1.1310, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.

2. Administration Data

Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan) is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2017 by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation with Certificate Number 5145.02.

Testing Laboratory			
Test Firm	Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)		
Test Site Location	No. 1098, Pengxi North Road, Kunshan Economic Development Zone Jiangsu Province 215300 People's Republic of China TEL : +86-512-57900158		
Test Site No.	Sporton Site No.	FCC Designation No.	FCC Test Firm Registration No.
	SAR05-KS	CN1257	314309

Applicant	
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Address	3rd Floor, Building 4, No. 393 Songling Road, Laoshan District, Qingdao City, Shandong Province PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA

Manufacturer	
Company Name	Qingdao Chuangjian Weilai Technology Co., Ltd.
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3. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020
- SPEAG DASY6 Application Note (Interim Procedure for Device Operation at 6GHz-10GHz)
- IEC TR 63170:2018
- IEC 62479:2010
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02

4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

4.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification	
Equipment Name	VR All-In-One Headset
Brand Name	 PICO
Model Name	A9210
FCC ID	2A5NV-A9210
S/N	Sample 1: HMD2PB4031201052M Sample 2: HMD2DB4041900141M
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5260 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5720 MHz WLAN 5.8GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz WLAN 6GHz U-NII-5: 5925 MHz ~ 6425 MHz WLAN 6GHz U-NII-6: 6425 MHz ~ 6525 MHz WLAN 6GHz U-NII-7: 6525 MHz ~ 6875 MHz WLAN 6GHz U-NII-8: 6875 MHz ~ 7125 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz nRF: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Mode	WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11b/g/n HT20/HT40 WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11ax HE20/HE40 WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11be EHT20/EHT40 WLAN 5GHz 802.11a/n HT20/HT40 WLAN 5GHz 802.11ac/ax VHT20/VHT40/VHT80/VHT160/HE20/HE40/HE80/HE160 WLAN 5GHz 802.11be EHT20/EHT40/EHT80/EHT160 WLAN 6GHz 802.11ax HE20/HE40/HE80/HE160 WLAN 6GHz 802.11be EHT20/EHT40/EHT80/EHT160/EHT320 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE nRF: GFSK
HW Version	Sparrow_HMD_MB_VER1P0
SW Version	c000_rf01_bv1.0.1_sv6.0.0_202403140018_sparrow_b371
EUT Stage	Production Unit
Remark: 1. This device has no voice function. 2. The device does not support UNII-8_CH233 (BW=20M, Center Frequency = 7115MHz). 3. For WLAN when transmit simultaneous with each other (DBS/HBS), power reduction will be activated to head/Extremity. 4. The device support DBS (Dual Band Simultaneous) function, when the device WLAN 2.4GHz and WLAN 5GHz or WLAN 6GHz transmit at the same time for simultaneous transmission compliance. 5. The device support HBS (High Band Simultaneous) function, when the device WLAN 5GHz low Band (5150~5350MHz) and WLAN 5GHz high band (5470~5850MHz) or WLAN 6GHz transmit at the same time for simultaneous transmission compliance. 6. There are two samples, the sample 1 with 1st source screen sample 2 with 2nd source screen. According to the differences, we choose sample 1 to perform full SAR testing and sample 2 to verify the worst case of sample 1.	

5. RF Exposure Limits

5.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

5.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

5.3 RF Exposure limit for above 6GHz

According to ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, the criteria listed in Table 1 shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio frequency (RF) radiation as specified in §1.1310. The unit of power density evaluation is W/m² or mW/cm².

Peak Spatially Averaged Power Density was evaluated over a square area of 4cm² per interim FCC Guidance for near-field power density evaluations per October 2018 TCB Workshop notes

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm ²)	Averaging time (minutes)
(A) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposures				
0.3-3.0	614	1.63	*(100)	6
3.0-30	1842/f	4.89/f	*(900/f ²)	6
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300-1500			f/300	6
1500-100,000			5	6
(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure				
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	*(100)	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	*(180/f ²)	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500			f/1500	30
1500-100,000			1.0	30

Note: 1.0 mW/cm² is 10 W/m²

6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

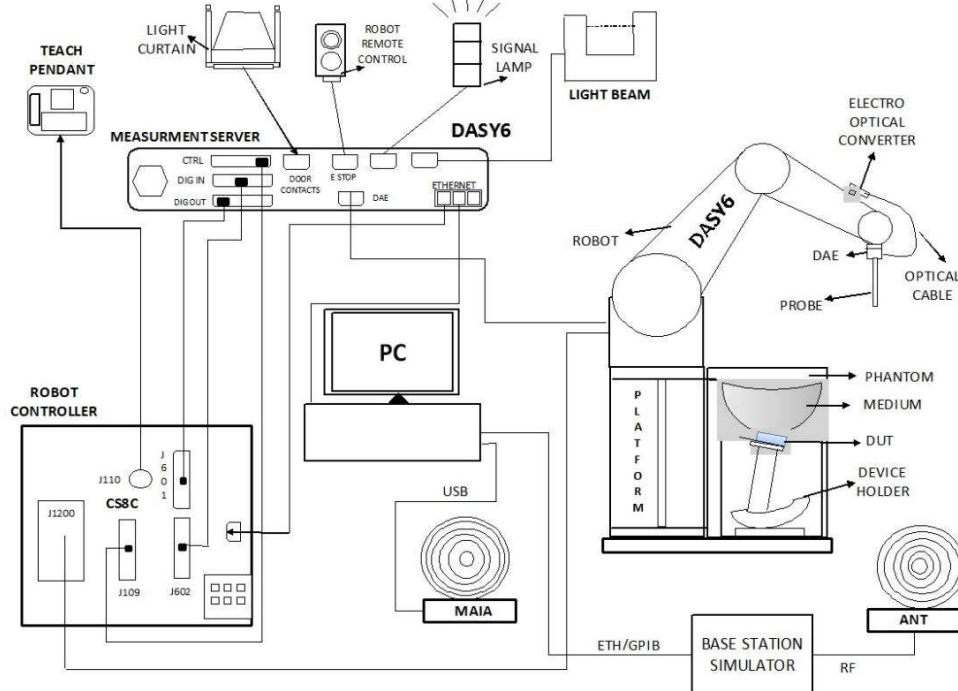
SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

7. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:




- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running Win7 or Win10 and the DASY5 or DASY6⁽¹⁾ software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

Note: 1. DASY6 software used: DASY6 mmWave V3.0.0.841 and older generations and used the developed Plane-to-Plane Phase Reconstruction (PTP-PR) Algorithm which was used in PD measurement.

7.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	4 MHz – 10 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz – 10 GHz)	
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g – >100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 μ W/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

7.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.


The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Photo of DAE


7.3 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

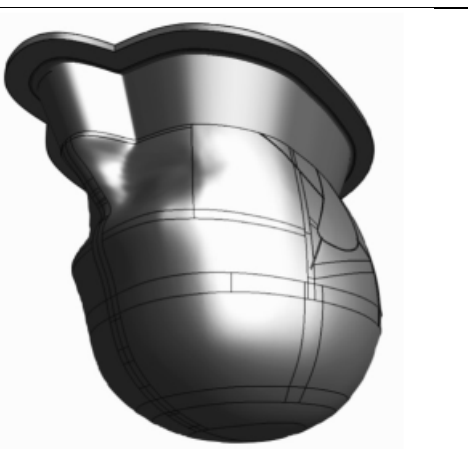
The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices or for evaluating transmitters operating at low frequencies. ELI is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

<SAM Head-Stand Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 10 liters	
Measurement Areas	The top-head or around-the-head wireless accessories (head-belts and similar wireless head accessories etc.)	

The Head-Stand phantom is a SAM phantom with the top of the head facing downward. It is truncated along a plane above the bottom of the ear reference point. Above this plane, an upper extension is added to ensure that the tissue simulating liquid is deep enough to measure in the relevant regions of the SAM phantom. The upper extension is flanged to allow better measurement probe access for the top of the head (bottom of the head-stand phantom).

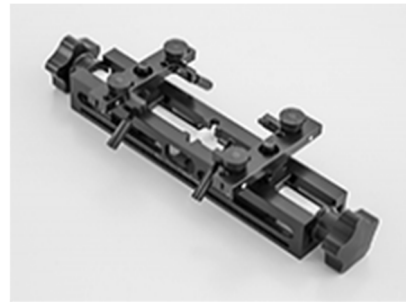
7.4 Device Holder

<Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.



Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters



Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

<Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

8. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

- (a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

8.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

8.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Area}}, \Delta y_{\text{Area}}$	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm $2 - 3$ GHz: ≤ 12 mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: ≤ 12 mm $4 - 6$ GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

8.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Zoom}}, \Delta y_{\text{Zoom}}$			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm
Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.				
* When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.				

8.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used to assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASy measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

9. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	1095	2024/2/8	2025/2/7
SPEAG	5000MHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1365	2024/2/13	2025/2/12
SPEAG	5000MHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1113	2022/9/23	2025/9/22
SPEAG	6500MHz System Validation Kit	D6.5GHzV2	1031	2023/2/22	2026/2/21
SPEAG	5G Verification Source	10GHz	2005	2023/11/20	2024/11/19
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1338	2024/3/18	2025/3/17
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1303	2023/11/20	2024/11/19
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7630	2023/6/2	2024/6/1
SPEAG	EUmmWV Probe Tip Protection	EUmmWV4	9553	2023/10/18	2024/10/17
SPEAG	mmWave Phantom	mmWave	1065	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM-HeadStand V10.0	SAM-HeadStand	1103	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	SAM Twin	TP-2074	NCR	NCR
Testo	Thermo-Hygrometer	608-H1	1241332126	2023/7/10	2024/7/9
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Rohde & Schwarz	Signal Generator	SMB100A	175779	2023/12/28	2024/12/27
Keysight	Preamplifier	83017A	MY57280111	2023/7/5	2024/7/4
Anritsu	Radio Communication Analyzer	MT8821C	6262306175	2023/7/5	2024/7/4
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46111157	2023/7/5	2024/7/4
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1144	2023/8/17	2024/8/16
Anritsu	Vector Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201682672	2024/1/2	2025/1/1
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Meter	NRVD	102081	2023/7/5	2024/7/4
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100538	2023/7/5	2024/7/4
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100539	2023/7/5	2024/7/4
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRP50S	101385	2023/10/11	2024/10/10
R&S	BLUETOOTH TESTER	CBT	100641	2024/1/2	2025/1/1
Rohde & Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV7	101631	2023/10/11	2024/10/10
TES	DIGITAC THERMOMETER	1310	200505600	2023/7/8	2024/7/7
BONN	POWER AMPLIFIER	BLMA 0830-3	087193A	Note 1	
mini-circuits	amplifier	ZVE-3W-83+	162601250	Note 1	
BONN	POWER AMPLIFIER	BLMA 2060-2	087193B	Note 1	
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	20500	Note 1	
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	11691D	MY48151020	Note 1	
ET Industries	Dual Directional Coupler	C-058-10	N/A	Note 1	
ATM	Dual Directional Coupler	C122H-10	P610410z-02	Note 1	
ARRA	Power Divider	A3200-2	N/A	Note 1	
MCL	Attenuation1	BW-S10W5+	N/A	Note 1	
MCL	Attenuation2	BW-S10W5+	N/A	Note 1	
MCL	Attenuation3	BW-S10W5+	N/A	Note 1	

Note:

- Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check.
- Referring to KDB 865664 D01v01r04, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval.
- The justification data of dipole can be found in appendix C. The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration, the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration.

10. System Verification

10.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 11.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 11.2.

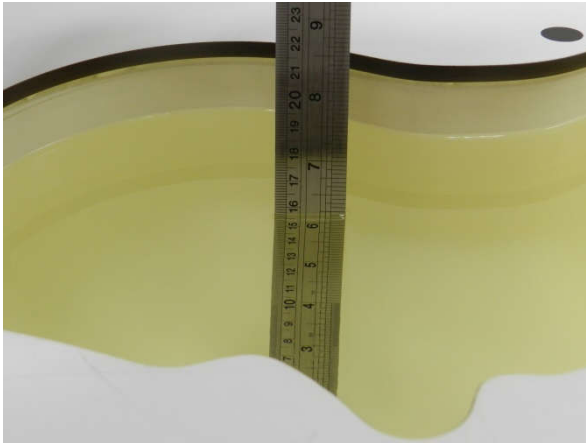


Fig 11.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR

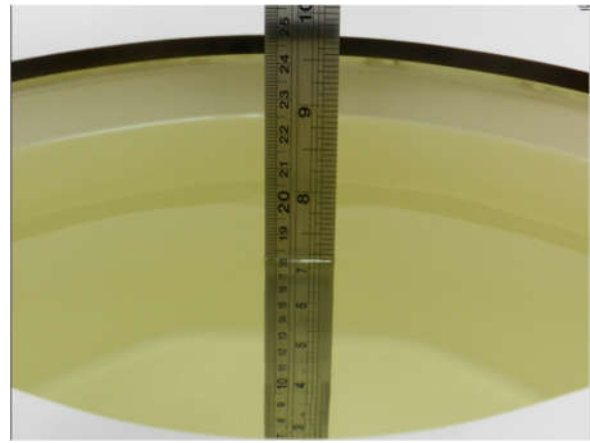


Fig 11.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

10.2 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)
For Head								
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0

Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	64~78%
Mineral oil	11~18%
Emulsifiers	9~15%
Additives and Salt	2~3%

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ϵ_r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ϵ_r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
2450	Head	22.9	1.82	39.2	1.8	39.2	1.11	0	±5	2024/5/16
5250	Head	22.7	4.56	35	4.71	35.9	-3.18	-2.51	±5	2024/5/18
5600	Head	22.6	4.95	34.4	5.07	35.5	-2.37	-3.10	±5	2024/5/20
5750	Head	22.8	5.12	34.1	5.22	35.4	-1.92	-3.67	±5	2024/5/22
6500	Head	22.8	6.06	34.5	6.07	34.5	-0.16	0	±5	2024/5/24

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ϵ_r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ϵ_r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
2450	Head	22.9	1.82	39.2	1.80	39.20	1.11	0.00	±5	2024/5/16
5800	Head	22.8	5.17	34.0	5.27	35.30	-1.90	-3.68	±5	2024/5/14
2450	Head	22.9	1.82	39.2	1.80	39.20	1.11	0.00	±5	2024/5/16
5800	Head	22.8	5.17	34.0	5.27	35.30	-1.90	-3.68	±5	2024/5/14

10.3 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

<10g SAR>

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 10g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 10g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2024/5/16	2450	Head	50	1095	7630	1338	1.33	24.70	26.60	7.69
2024/5/18	5250	Head	50	1113	7630	1338	1.15	23.30	23.00	-1.29
2024/5/20	5600	Head	50	1113	7630	1338	1.25	23.70	25.00	5.49
2024/5/22	5750	Head	50	1113	7630	1338	1.16	23.00	23.20	0.87
2024/5/24	6500	Head	50	1031	7630	1338	2.88	54.80	57.60	5.11

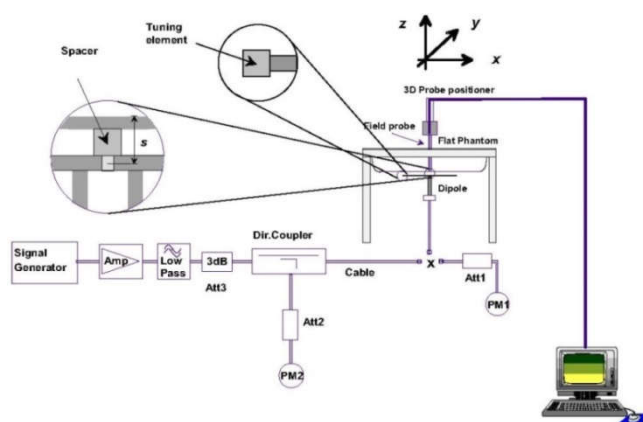


Fig 11.3.1 System Performance Check Setup



Fig 11.3.2 Setup Photo

10.4 Additional System Check on SAM Head-Stand phantom

When using DASY6 with Head-Stand phantom, additional system verifications were performed using the Head-Stand phantom itself. As recommended by the SAR system manufacture and confirmed as appropriate through KDB inquiry with the FCC, i.e. the Head-Stand Phantoms, is performed according to the validation points described in the SPEAG's DASY SAR manual. The locations of the nine points are shown in Figure below.

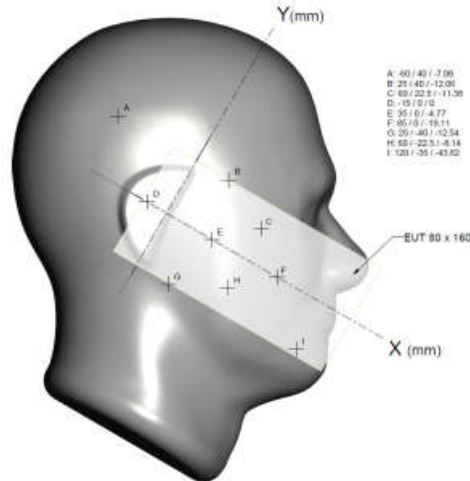


Fig 10.4.1 System check and validation locations for the head phantom

The target values vary slightly based on what angle the dipole is oriented in. The three possible dipole arm orientations for which target values are defined are shown below. The dipoles were placed in the orientation defined as 90°.

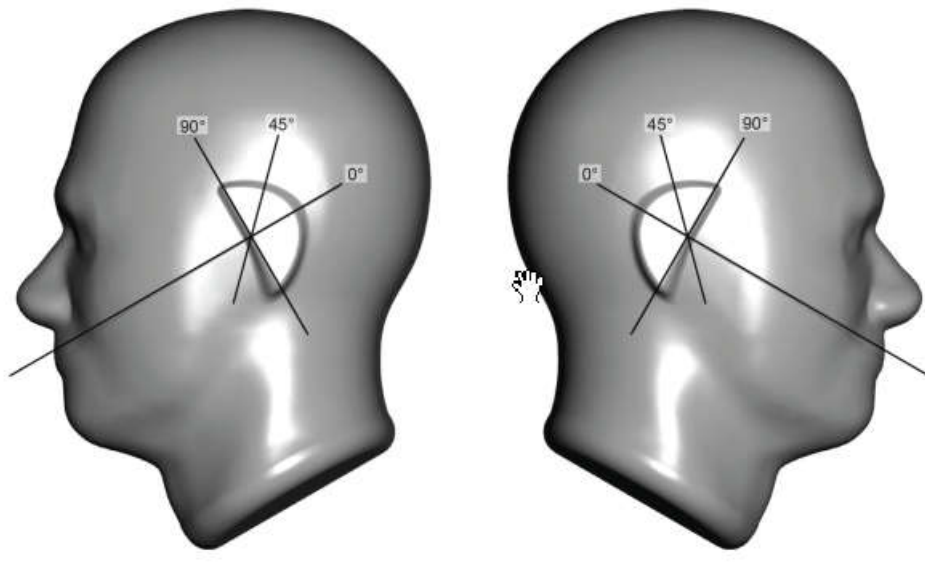


Fig 10.4.2 Definition of rotation angles for dipoles

Point C was chosen as it is the closest point to the portion of the phantom which is utilized for the EUT measurements. Since SPEAG dipole calibration does not provide system check target values for specific phantoms, the target values in Table 7.4.4 from SPEAG's DASY6/DASY8 SAR Manual (shown in Fig. 10.4.3) are used and tabulated in Table below. The detailed please refer to KDB inquiry with the FCC.

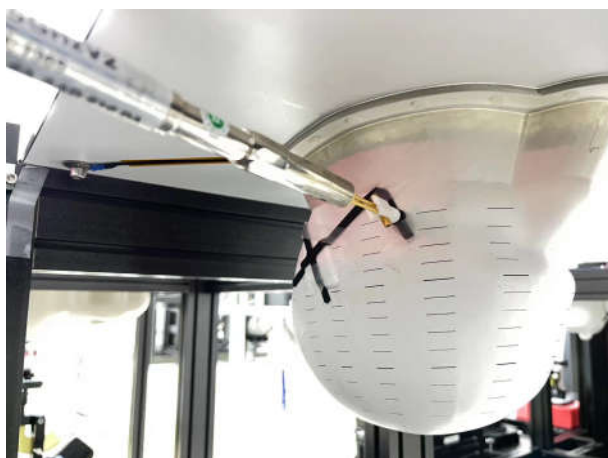
Point	Freq [MHz]	Rot [°]	d [mm]	Meas [W/kg]		Target [W/kg]		Dev [dB]		Probe Angle [°]	
				1 g	10 g	1 g	10 g	1 g	10 g	Max	Avg
A	835	90	15	9.04	5.89	9.00	6.02	0.02	-0.09	45.0	38.1
B	835	90	15	9.52	6.25	9.70	6.37	-0.08	-0.09	45.0	41.4
C	900	90	15	11.3	7.22	11.2	7.25	0.06	-0.02	50.0	39.9
A	1950	90	10	45.8	23.8	41.0	21.1	0.48	0.52	45.0	36.4
B	1950	90	10	46.2	23.8	41.7	21.2	0.44	0.51	45.0	41.4
B	1950	90	5	75.6	34.8	77.2	34.2	-0.09	0.07	45.0	41.9
A	2450	0	10	60.9	27.9	54.6	24.6	0.47	0.55	45.0	39.9
B	2450	90	10	60.1	27.7	53.8	24.3	0.48	0.57	45.0	41.8
C	2450	90	10	51.0	23.5	54.8	24.9	-0.31	-0.25	45.0	39.6
C	5800	90	25	19.0	6.78	17.1	5.97	0.45	0.55	40.0	39.4

Fig 10.4.3 Target Values for System Check on SAM Head-Stand Phantom

As confirmed as appropriate through KDB inquiry with the FCC and confirmation with the manufacturer, since SPEAG has not yet developed the specific phantom SAR system check target values for the 7 GHz band. Only the system checks using the Head Stand Phantom are to be performed using one frequency in the 2.4 GHz band and one frequency in the 5 GHz band.



2.4GHz Dipole Placed at Location C in 90° Orientation (10mm Spacer)



5GHz Dipole Placed at Location C in 90° Orientation (25mm Spacer)



10.5 System Performance Check Results on SAM Head-Stand phantom

Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The dipole target values please refer to Fig. 10.4.3 in section 10.4. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Distance (mm)	Point	Rot [°]	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (dB)
2024/5/16	2450	Head	50	1095	7630	1338	10	C(Left Face)	90	2.63	54.80	52.6	-0.18
2024/5/14	5800	Head	50	1365	7630	1338	25	C(Left Face)	90	0.912	17.10	18.24	0.28
2024/5/16	2450	Head	50	1095	7630	1338	10	C(Right Face)	90	2.61	54.80	52.2	-0.21
2024/5/14	5800	Head	50	1365	7630	1338	25	C(Right Face)	90	0.926	17.10	18.52	0.35

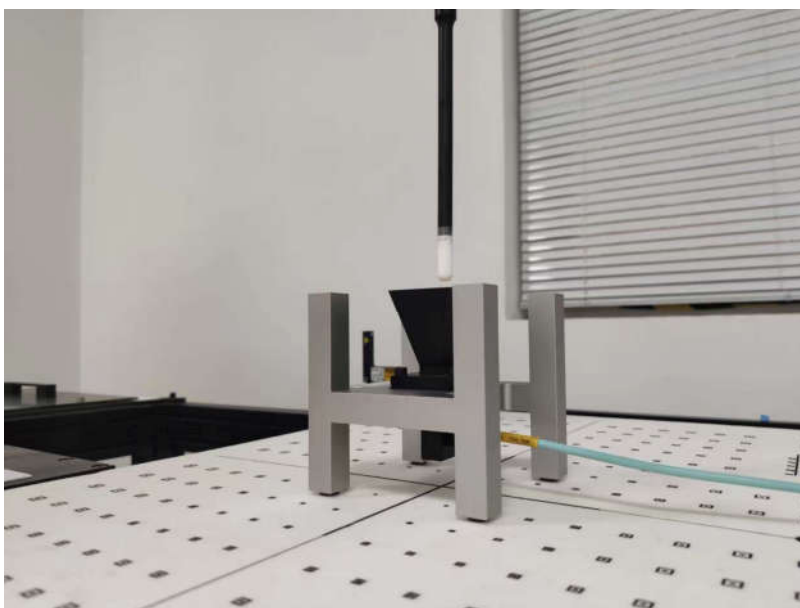
Note: The Expanded Uncertainty for measurement on a specific phantom of the measuring system (DASY6/DASY8). To be conservative, the smaller Expanded Uncertainty, which is from DASY6 – 1g SAR: 29.8%, 1.1 dB (k=2) – is used. Target values in Fig. 10.4.3 have an uncertainty of 0.4 dB (k=2). The Combined Uncertainty of target values (0.4 dB) and system uncertainty (1.1 dB) is 1.2 dB (k=2). All deviations between normalized SAR values and target values should be within this 1.2 dB measurement uncertainty to demonstrate a successful system check on the SAM Head-Stand Phantom.

10.6 PD System Verification Results

The system was verified to be within ± 0.66 dB of the power density targets on the calibration certificate according to the test system specification in the user's manual and calibration facility recommendation. The 0.66 dB deviation threshold represents the expanded uncertainty for system performance checks using SPEAG's mmWave verification sources. The same spatial resolution and measurement region used in the source calibration was applied during the system check. The measured power density distribution of verification source was also confirmed through visual inspection to have no noticeable differences, both spatially (shape) and numerically (level) from the distribution provided by the manufacturer, per November 2017 TCBC Workshop Notes.

Frequency (GHz)	5G Verification Source	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Distance (mm)	Input Power (mW)	Measured 4 cm ² (W/m ²)	Normalized ⁽¹⁾ 4 cm ² (W/m ²)	Targeted 4 cm ² (W/m ²)	Deviation (dB)	Date
10	10GHz_2005	9553	1303	10	63	64.7	162.7	161	0.05	2024/5/18

Note: (1) means the measured PD was normalized to Prad power which can be referred to DASY Calibration Certificate in appendix C.



System Verification Setup Photo

11. RF Exposure Positions

11.1 Head SAR Testing for VR All-In-One Headset

The device was mounted on the SAM Head-Stand Phantom as it is intended to be worn, the detailed please refer to KDB inquiry with the FCC.

11.2 Extremity SAR Testing for VR All-In-One Headset

- a) The device shall be placed directly against the flat phantom, for those sides of the device that are in contact with the hand during intended use.
- b) To adjust the device parallel to the flat phantom.
- c) To adjust the distance between the device surface and the flat phantom to 0cm.

<EUT Setup Photos>

Please refer to Appendix D for the test setup photos.

12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

The detailed conducted power table can refer to Appendix E.

<WLAN Conducted Power>

General Note:

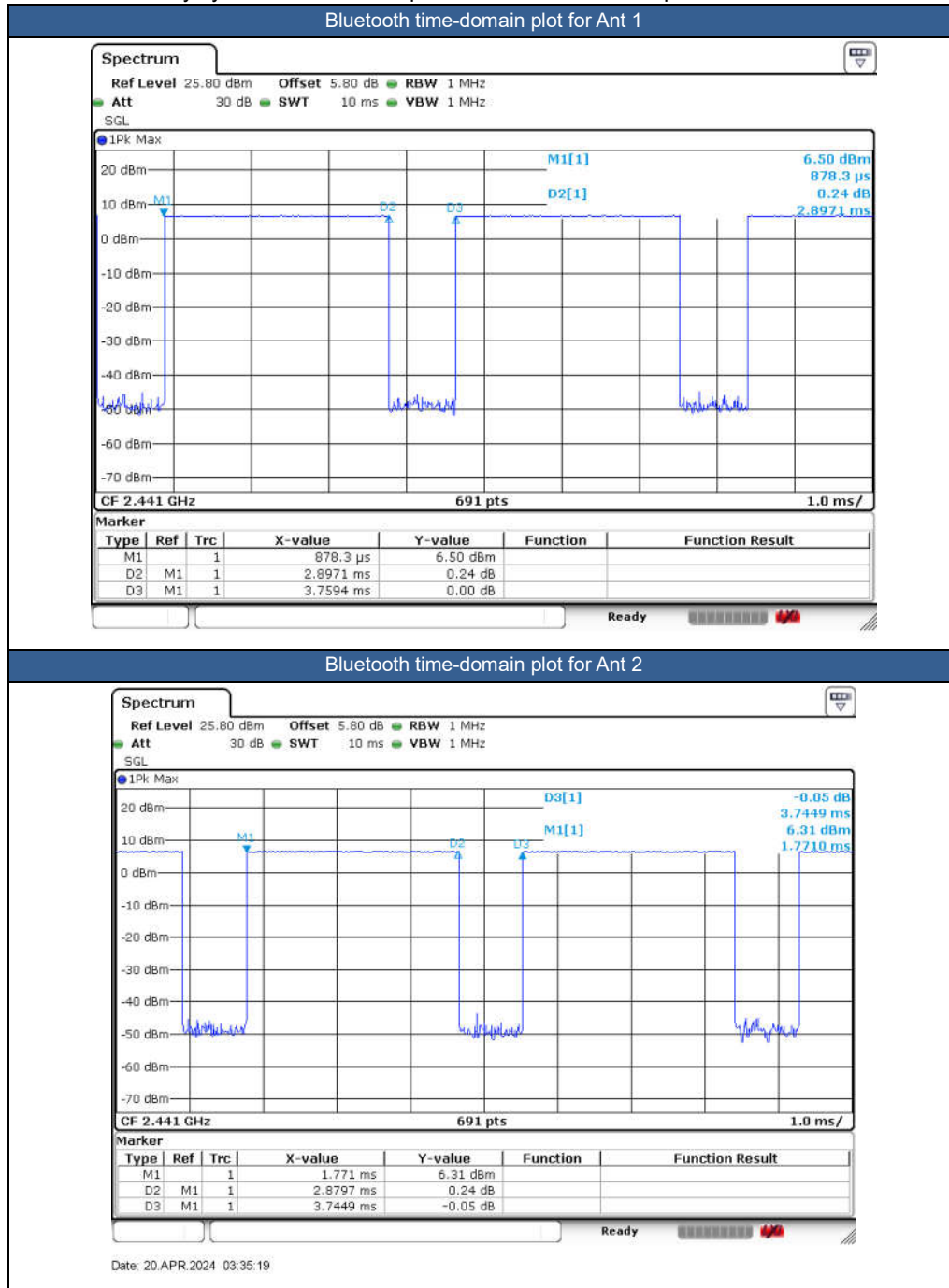
1. The maximum output power specified for production units are determined for all applicable 802.11 transmission modes in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. Maximum output power is measured for the highest maximum output power configuration(s) in each frequency band according to the default power measurement procedures. For "Not required", SAR Test reduction was applied from KDB 248227 guidance, Sec. 2.1, b), 1) when the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel in the initial test configuration. Additional output power measurements were not necessary.
2. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.
3. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
4. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
5. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.18 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
 - a. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
 - b. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
 - c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
6. 802.11 ax/be supports both full tone size mode and partial tone size mode, after verification on partial tone size mode that partial size tone mode power will not be higher than full tone size mode, therefore, full tone mode power was chosen to be measured in this report.
7. The 2.4GHz/5GHz/6GHz WLAN can transmit in SISO and MIMO antenna mode.
8. For the conducted power measurement is MIMO chains transmitting simultaneously and measured the separately conducted power for both chains and then based on the conducted power of two SISO antennas respectively to calculate sum of the power for MIMO mode.
9. SISO and MIMO all supported by WLAN2.4GHz/WLAN5GHz/WLAN6GHz, for SISO mode power is less than per

chain power of MIMO mode. For WLAN SISO & MIMO mode, the whole testing has assessed only MIMO mode by referring to their higher conducted power, so only chose MIMO mode to perform SAR testing.

<2.4GHz Bluetooth>

General Note:

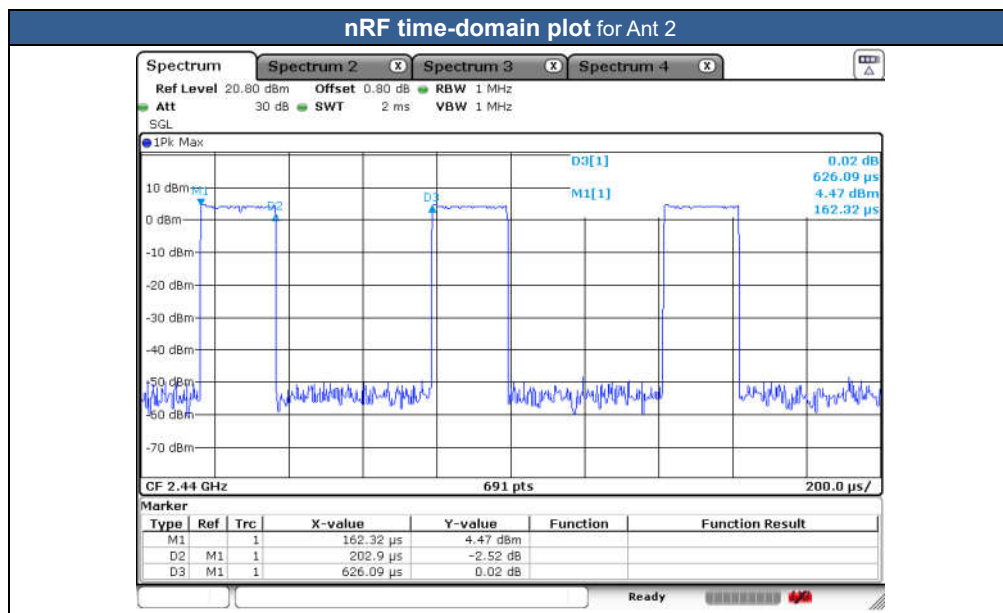
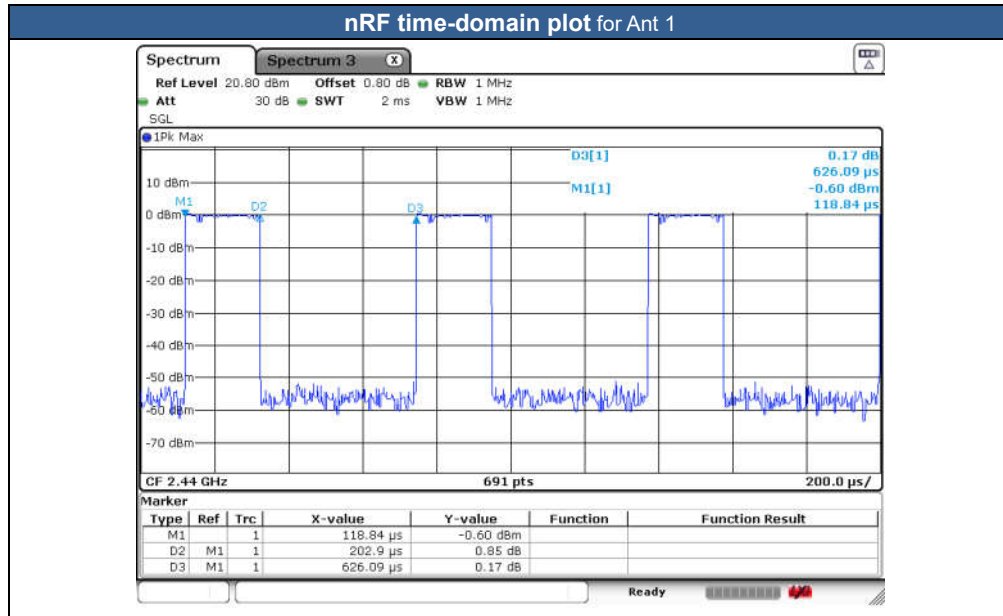
- For 2.4GHz Bluetooth SAR testing was selected 1Mbps, due to its highest average power.
- The Bluetooth duty cycle are 77.06% with Ant 1 and 76.9% with Ant 2 as following figure, according to 2016 Oct. TCB workshop for Bluetooth SAR scaling need further consideration and the maximum duty cycle is 100%, therefore the actual duty cycle will be scaled up to 100% for Bluetooth reported SAR calculation.



<2.4GHz nRF>

General Note:

- The nRF duty cycle are 32.41% with Ant 1 and 32.41% with Ant 2 as following figure, for nRF SAR scaling need further consideration and the maximum duty cycle is 50%(Declared by Manufacturer), therefore the actual duty cycle will be scaled up to 50% for nRF reported SAR calculation.





13. Antenna Location

The detailed antenna location information can refer to SAR Test Setup Photos.

14. SAR Test Results

General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
 - b. For SAR testing of WLAN/Bluetooth signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
 - c. For nRF testing of nRF signal with 50% duty cycle (Declared by Manufacturer), the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle) *50%"
 - d. For BT/WLAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8 W/kg. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the extremity repeated SAR is necessary, the same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.
4. The device head SAR is performed against SAM Head-Stand Phantom. The device extremity SAR is performed against flat section of SAM Twin phantom.
5. For determination of the scaling factor for report SAR of MIMO mode, if the hot spots are separated the scaling factors are individually determined from each transmit chain. Further simplification chose the worse SAR value and the worst scaling factor from each transmit chain perform reported SAR calculation conservatively. If the hot spots are not spatially separated, the scaling factor is determined from the worst number of each transmit chain.
6. A non-standard setup was used for SAR testing based on guidance from the FCC. The inquiry document contains additional information.
7. Per October 2022 TCB Workshop, IPD and SAR test frequencies for 5.85-7.125 GHz portable devices, continue with adapt and apply conducted power-based channel picks and test reduction procedures of KDB 248227 (v02r02), also in case of 320 MHz (pre-802.11be).
8. For WLAN6GHz doesn't support wireless router capability.
9. Per FCC guidance, SAR was performed using 6.5 GHz SAR probe calibration factors.
10. Per October 2020 TCB Workshop Interim procedures, start instead with a minimum of 5 test channels across the full band, then adapt and apply conducted power and SAR test reduction procedures of KDB Pub. 248227 v02r02
11. Absorbed power density (APD) using a 4cm² averaging area is reported based on SAR measurements.

WLAN/Bluetooth Note:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
2. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, U-NII-1 SAR testing is not required when the U-NII-2A band highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band.
3. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
4. For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions / configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
5. During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.
6. SISO and MIMO all supported by WLAN2.4GHz/WLAN5GHz/WLAN6GHz, for SISO mode power is less than per chain power of MIMO mode. For WLAN SISO & MIMO mode, the whole testing has assessed only MIMO mode by referring to their higher conducted power, so only chose MIMO mode to perform SAR testing.
7. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac/ax/be) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, the lowest order 802.11 mode is selected; i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac then 802.11ax then 802.11be or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n.



14.1 Head SAR

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
2450MHz																	
01	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Inner Surface	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full	1	2412	1	18.89	20.00	1.291	97.03	1.031	0.02	0.193	0.257
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Inner Surface	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full	6	2437	1	18.86	20.00	1.300	97.03	1.031	0.01	0.296	0.397
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Inner Surface	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full	6	2437	2	18.86	20.00	1.300	97.03	1.031	-0.18	0.284	0.381
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Inner Surface	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full	11	2462	1	18.94	20.00	1.276	97.03	1.031	0.01	0.220	0.290
02	nRF	-	Inner Surface	0mm	Ant1	Full	0	2402	1	6.10	7.00	1.230	32.41	1.543	0.04	0.007	0.013
	nRF	-	Inner Surface	0mm	Ant1	Full	19	2440	1	6.21	7.00	1.199	32.41	1.543	0.07	0.023	0.043
	nRF	-	Inner Surface	0mm	Ant1	Full	19	2440	2	6.21	7.00	1.199	32.41	1.543	0.1	0.021	0.039
	nRF	-	Inner Surface	0mm	Ant1	Full	39	2480	1	6.12	7.00	1.225	32.41	1.543	-0.07	0.016	0.030
	nRF	-	Inner Surface	0mm	Ant2	Full	0	2402	1	6.06	7.00	1.242	32.41	1.543	0.02	0.000	0.000
	nRF	-	Inner Surface	0mm	Ant2	Full	19	2440	1	6.13	7.00	1.222	32.41	1.543	-0.03	0.000	0.000
	nRF	-	Inner Surface	0mm	Ant2	Full	19	2440	2	6.13	7.00	1.222	32.41	1.543	-0.08	0.000	0.000
	nRF	-	Inner Surface	0mm	Ant2	Full	39	2480	1	6.10	7.00	1.230	32.41	1.543	-0.08	0.000	0.000
03	Bluetooth	-	Inner Surface	0mm	Ant 1	Full	0	2402	1	7.40	8.00	1.148	77.06	1.298	0.02	0.038	0.057
	Bluetooth	-	Inner Surface	0mm	Ant 1	Full	39	2441	1	6.60	8.00	1.380	77.06	1.298	0.01	0.039	0.070
	Bluetooth	-	Inner Surface	0mm	Ant 1	Full	39	2441	2	6.60	8.00	1.380	77.06	1.298	-0.08	0.035	0.063
	Bluetooth	-	Inner Surface	0mm	Ant 1	Full	78	2480	1	6.61	8.00	1.377	77.06	1.298	-0.06	0.011	0.020
	Bluetooth	-	Inner Surface	0mm	Ant 2	Full	0	2402	1	6.72	8.00	1.343	76.90	1.300	-0.04	0.000	0.000
	Bluetooth	-	Inner Surface	0mm	Ant 2	Full	39	2441	1	6.49	8.00	1.416	76.90	1.300	-0.05	0.000	0.000
	Bluetooth	-	Inner Surface	0mm	Ant 2	Full	39	2441	2	6.49	8.00	1.416	76.90	1.300	0.03	0.000	0.000
	Bluetooth	-	Inner Surface	0mm	Ant 2	Full	78	2480	1	6.47	8.00	1.422	76.90	1.300	0.01	0.000	0.000
5000MHz																	
04	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	Inner Surface	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full	52	5260	1	17.07	18.00	1.239	100	1.000	-0.01	0.130	0.161
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	Inner Surface	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full	56	5280	1	16.83	18.00	1.309	100	1.000	0.02	0.156	0.204
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	Inner Surface	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full	60	5300	1	16.93	18.00	1.279	100	1.000	0.01	0.175	0.224
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	Inner Surface	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full	60	5300	2	16.93	18.00	1.279	100	1.000	0.01	0.168	0.215
05	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Inner Surface	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full	138	5690	1	17.00	18.00	1.259	100	1.000	-0.14	0.328	0.413
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Inner Surface	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full	138	5690	2	17.00	18.00	1.259	100	1.000	0.08	0.301	0.379
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Inner Surface	0mm	Ant1+2(2)	Full	106	5530	1	14.45	15.50	1.274	100	1.000	0.01	0.174	0.222
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Inner Surface	0mm	Ant1+2(2)	Full	122	5610	1	15.91	17.00	1.285	100	1.000	0.01	0.297	0.382
06	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	Inner Surface	0mm	Ant1+2(2)	Full	165	5825	1	17.86	19.00	1.300	100	1.000	0.02	0.418	0.543
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	Inner Surface	0mm	Ant1+2(2)	Full	165	5825	2	17.86	19.00	1.300	100	1.000	0.06	0.411	0.534
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	Inner Surface	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full	149	5745	1	17.75	19.00	1.334	100	1.000	-0.06	0.368	0.491
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	Inner Surface	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full	157	5785	1	17.80	19.00	1.318	100	1.000	-0.05	0.347	0.457

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)	Measured APD (W/m^2)
6000MHz																		
07	WLAN6GHz	802.11be EHT320 MCS0	Inner Surface	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full	191	6905	1	10.72	12.00	1.344	98.03	1.020	0.02	0.190	0.260	0.955
	WLAN6GHz	802.11be EHT320 MCS0	Inner Surface	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full	191	6905	2	10.72	12.00	1.344	98.03	1.020	0.1	0.176	0.241	0.792
	WLAN6GHz	802.11be EHT320 MCS0	Inner Surface	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full	31	6105	1	9.46	10.50	1.272	98.03	1.020	0.07	0.023	0.030	0.272
	WLAN6GHz	802.11be EHT320 MCS0	Inner Surface	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full	95	6425	1	10.17	11.00	1.212	98.03	1.020	0.03	0.121	0.150	0.431
	WLAN6GHz	802.11be EHT320 MCS0	Inner Surface	0mm	Ant1+2(2)	Full	127	6585	1	9.75	10.50	1.189	98.03	1.020	0.09	0.166	0.201	0.636
	WLAN6GHz	802.11be EHT320 MCS0	Inner Surface	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full	159	6745	1	10.27	11.50	1.328	98.03	1.020	0.08	0.084	0.114	0.293



14.2 Extremity SAR

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
2450MHz																	
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front position1	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full power	1	2412	1	18.89	20.00	1.291	97.03	1.031	0.02	0.082	0.109
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front position2	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full power	1	2412	1	18.89	20.00	1.291	97.03	1.031	0.01	0.057	0.076
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Top Side position1	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full power	1	2412	1	18.89	20.00	1.291	97.03	1.031	0.03	2.46	3.275
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Top Side position2	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full power	1	2412	1	18.89	20.00	1.291	97.03	1.031	0.01	2.38	3.168
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Side	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full power	1	2412	1	18.89	20.00	1.291	97.03	1.031	-0.06	0.171	0.228
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Side	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full power	1	2412	1	18.89	20.00	1.291	97.03	1.031	0.01	0.137	0.182
08	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Top Side position1	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full power	6	2437	1	18.86	20.00	1.300	97.03	1.031	0.01	2.46	3.298
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11g 6Mbps	Top Side position1	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full power	6	2437	1	21.88	23.00	1.294	99.32	1.007	0.07	2.27	2.958
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Top Side position1	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full power	6	2437	2	18.86	20.00	1.300	97.03	1.031	0.08	2.03	2.721
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Top Side position1	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full power	11	2462	1	18.94	20.00	1.276	97.03	1.031	-0.05	2.48	3.264
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Top Side position1	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	simultaneous DBS	6	2437	1	16.86	18.00	1.300	97.03	1.031	0.02	1.47	1.970
	nRF		Front position1	0mm	Ant1	Full power	19	2440	1	6.21	7.00	1.199	32.41	1.543	-0.09	0.001	0.002
09	nRF		Bottom Side position1	0mm	Ant1	Full power	19	2440	1	6.21	7.00	1.199	32.41	1.543	0.05	0.019	0.035
	nRF		Bottom Side	0mm	Ant1	Full power	19	2440	2	6.21	7.00	1.199	32.41	1.543	0.1	0.015	0.028
	nRF		Right Side	0mm	Ant1	Full power	19	2440	1	6.21	7.00	1.199	32.41	1.543	-0.08	0.001	0.002
	nRF		Bottom Side position1	0mm	Ant1	Full power	0	2402	1	6.10	7.00	1.230	32.41	1.543	0.05	0.018	0.034
	nRF		Bottom Side position1	0mm	Ant1	Full power	39	2480	1	6.12	7.00	1.225	32.41	1.543	0.06	0.018	0.034
	nRF		Front position2	0mm	Ant 2	Full power	19	2440	1	6.13	7.00	1.222	32.41	1.543	0.13	0.001	0.002
	nRF		Bottom Side position2	0mm	Ant 2	Full power	19	2440	1	6.13	7.00	1.222	32.41	1.543	0.05	0.017	0.032
	nRF		Bottom Side	0mm	Ant 2	Full power	19	2440	2	6.13	7.00	1.222	32.41	1.543	-0.18	0.014	0.026
	nRF		Left Side	0mm	Ant 2	Full power	19	2440	1	6.13	7.00	1.222	32.41	1.543	0.12	0.001	0.002
	nRF		Bottom Side position2	0mm	Ant 2	Full power	0	2402	1	6.06	7.00	1.242	32.41	1.543	-0.06	0.014	0.027
	nRF		Bottom Side position2	0mm	Ant 2	Full power	39	2480	1	6.10	7.00	1.230	32.41	1.543	-0.08	0.016	0.030
	Bluetooth		Front position1	0mm	Ant 1	Full power	0	2402	1	7.40	8.00	1.148	77.06	1.298	0.02	0.002	0.003
	Bluetooth		Top Side position1	0mm	Ant 1	Full power	0	2402	1	7.40	8.00	1.148	77.06	1.298	0.01	0.175	0.261
	Bluetooth		Top Side	0mm	Ant 1	Full power	0	2402	2	7.40	8.00	1.148	77.06	1.298	0.1	0.163	0.243
	Bluetooth		Right Side	0mm	Ant 1	Full power	0	2402	1	7.40	8.00	1.148	77.06	1.298	0.05	0.006	0.009
	Bluetooth		Top Side position1	0mm	Ant 1	Full power	39	2441	1	6.60	8.00	1.380	77.06	1.298	0.01	0.147	0.263
	Bluetooth		Top Side position1	0mm	Ant 1	Full power	78	2480	1	6.61	8.00	1.377	77.06	1.298	0.03	0.155	0.277
	Bluetooth		Front position2	0mm	Ant 2	Full power	0	2402	1	6.72	8.00	1.343	76.9	1.300	0.05	0.003	0.005
10	Bluetooth		Top Side position2	0mm	Ant 2	Full power	0	2402	1	6.72	8.00	1.343	76.9	1.300	-0.16	0.228	0.398
	Bluetooth		Top Side	0mm	Ant 2	Full power	0	2402	2	6.72	8.00	1.343	76.9	1.300	0.12	0.211	0.368
	Bluetooth		Left Side	0mm	Ant 2	Full power	0	2402	1	6.72	8.00	1.343	76.9	1.300	0.08	0.006	0.010
	Bluetooth		Top Side position2	0mm	Ant 2	Full power	39	2441	1	6.49	8.00	1.416	76.9	1.300	0.06	0.167	0.307
	Bluetooth		Top Side position2	0mm	Ant 2	Full power	78	2480	1	6.47	8.00	1.422	76.9	1.300	-0.03	0.185	0.342
5000MHz																	
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	Front position1	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full power	52	5260	1	17.07	18.00	1.239	100	1.000	0.08	0.027	0.033
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	Front position2	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full power	52	5260	1	17.07	18.00	1.239	100	1.000	0.05	0.057	0.071
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	Top Side position1	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full power	52	5260	1	17.07	18.00	1.239	100	1.000	0.04	1.71	2.118
11	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	Top Side position2	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full power	52	5260	1	17.07	18.00	1.239	100	1.000	-0.05	1.81	2.242
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	Top Side position2	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full power	52	5260	2	17.07	18.00	1.239	100	1.000	0.01	1.76	2.180
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	Left Side	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full power	52	5260	1	17.07	18.00	1.239	100	1.000	-0.02	0.078	0.097
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	Right Side	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full power	52	5260	1	17.07	18.00	1.239	100	1.000	0.01	0.133	0.165
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	Top Side position2	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full power	56	5280	1	16.83	18.00	1.309	100	1.000	0.06	0.993	1.300
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	Top Side position2	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full power	60	5300	1	16.93	18.00	1.279	100	1.000	0.01	1.63	2.085
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	Top Side position2	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full power	64	5320	1	16.42	17.50	1.282	100	1.000	-0.08	1.71	2.193
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Top Side position2	0mm	Ant1+2(2)	simultaneous DBS	54	5270	1	16.45	17.50	1.274	100	1.000	0.04	1.42	1.808
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Top Side position2	0mm	Ant1+2(2)	simultaneous HBS	54	5270	1	16.03	17.00	1.250	100	1.000	0.01	1.24	1.550
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Front position1	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full power	138	5690	1	17.00	18.00	1.259	100	1.000	0.06	0.081	0.102
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Front position2	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full power	138	5690	1	17.00	18.00	1.259	100	1.000	0.06	0.106	0.133



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12	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Top Side position1	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full power	138	5690	1	17.00	18.00	1.259	100	1.000	-0.06	2.44	3.072
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Top Side position1	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full power	138	5690	2	17.00	18.00	1.259	100	1.000	0.03	2.06	2.593
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Top Side position2	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full power	138	5690	1	17.00	18.00	1.259	100	1.000	0.01	2.22	2.795
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Side	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full power	138	5690	1	17.00	18.00	1.259	100	1.000	-0.08	0.057	0.072
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Side	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full power	138	5690	1	17.00	18.00	1.259	100	1.000	-0.05	0.031	0.039
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Top Side position1	0mm	Ant1+2(2)	Full power	106	5530	1	14.45	15.50	1.274	100	1.000	0.01	1.16	1.477
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Top Side position1	0mm	Ant1+2(2)	Full power	122	5610	1	15.91	17.00	1.285	100	1.000	0.02	2.27	2.918
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Top Side position1	0mm	Ant1+2(2)	simultaneous DBS	138	5690	1	14.72	16.00	1.343	100	1.000	0.02	1.36	1.826
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Top Side position1	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	simultaneous HBS	138	5690	1	14.10	15.50	1.380	100	1.000	0.04	1.22	1.684
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Front position1	0mm	Ant1+2(2)	Full power	165	5825	1	17.86	19.00	1.300	100	1.000	0.01	0.201	0.261
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Front position2	0mm	Ant1+2(2)	Full power	165	5825	1	17.86	19.00	1.300	100	1.000	0.02	0.136	0.177
13	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Top Side position1	0mm	Ant1+2(2)	Full power	165	5825	1	17.86	19.00	1.300	100	1.000	0.08	2.55	3.315
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Top Side position1	0mm	Ant1+2(2)	Full power	165	5825	2	17.86	19.00	1.300	100	1.000	-0.08	2.14	2.782
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Top Side position2	0mm	Ant1+2(2)	Full power	165	5825	1	17.86	19.00	1.300	100	1.000	0.02	2.35	3.055
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Side	0mm	Ant1+2(2)	Full power	165	5825	1	17.86	19.00	1.300	100	1.000	-0.06	0.176	0.229
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Side	0mm	Ant1+2(2)	Full power	165	5825	1	17.86	19.00	1.300	100	1.000	0.02	0.060	0.078
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Top Side position1	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full power	149	5745	1	17.75	19.00	1.334	100	1.000	-0.01	2.34	3.120
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Top Side position1	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full power	157	5785	1	17.80	19.00	1.318	100	1.000	0.04	2.25	2.966
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Top Side position1	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	simultaneous DBS	155	5775	1	15.22	16.50	1.343	100	1.000	0.02	1.37	1.840
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Top Side position1	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	simultaneous HBS	155	5775	1	14.73	16.00	1.340	100	1.000	0.07	1.23	1.648

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)	Measured APD (W/m^2)
6000MHz																		
	WLAN6GHz	802.11be EHT320 MCS0	Front position1	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full	191	6905	1	10.72	12.00	1.344	98.03	1.020	0.03	0.010	0.014	0.235
	WLAN6GHz	802.11be EHT320 MCS0	Front position2	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full	191	6905	1	10.72	12.00	1.344	98.03	1.020	0.01	0.018	0.025	0.408
	WLAN6GHz	802.11be EHT320 MCS0	Top Side position1	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full	191	6905	1	10.72	12.00	1.344	98.03	1.020	0.02	0.378	0.518	8.97
14	WLAN6GHz	802.11be EHT320 MCS0	Top Side position2	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full	191	6905	1	10.72	12.00	1.344	98.03	1.020	0.02	0.486	0.666	11.4
	WLAN6GHz	802.11be EHT320 MCS0	Top Side position2	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full	191	6905	2	10.72	12.00	1.344	98.03	1.020	-0.08	0.377	0.517	9.13
	WLAN6GHz	802.11be EHT320 MCS0	Left Side	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full	191	6905	1	10.72	12.00	1.344	98.03	1.020	0.01	0.008	0.011	0.177
	WLAN6GHz	802.11be EHT320 MCS0	Right Side	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full	191	6905	1	10.72	12.00	1.344	98.03	1.020	0.01	0.017	0.023	0.394
	WLAN6GHz	802.11be EHT320 MCS0	Top Side position2	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full	31	6105	1	9.46	10.50	1.272	98.03	1.020	0.06	0.329	0.427	7.6
	WLAN6GHz	802.11be EHT320 MCS0	Top Side position2	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full	95	6425	1	10.17	11.00	1.212	98.03	1.020	0.03	0.294	0.363	6.97
	WLAN6GHz	802.11be EHT320 MCS0	Top Side position2	0mm	Ant1+2(2)	Full	127	6585	1	9.75	10.50	1.189	98.03	1.020	-0.07	0.452	0.548	11
	WLAN6GHz	802.11be EHT320 MCS0	Top Side position2	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full	159	6745	1	10.27	11.50	1.328	98.03	1.020	0.07	0.476	0.645	11.1

14.3 Repeated SAR Measurement

<10g>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
1st	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Top Side position1	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full power	6	2437	18.86	20.00	1.300	97.03	1.031	0.01	2.46	1	3.298
2nd	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Top Side position1	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full power	6	2437	18.86	20.00	1.300	97.03	1.031	0.01	2.37	1.038	3.177
1st	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Top Side position1	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full power	138	5690	17.00	18.00	1.259	100	1.000	-0.06	2.44	1	3.072
2nd	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Top Side position1	0mm	Ant1+2(1)	Full power	138	5690	17.00	18.00	1.259	100	1.000	-0.06	2.27	1.075	2.858
1st	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbp	Top Side position1	0mm	Ant1+2(2)	Full power	165	5825	17.86	19.00	1.300	100	1.000	0.08	2.55	1	3.315
2nd	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbp	Top Side position1	0mm	Ant1+2(2)	Full power	165	5825	17.86	19.00	1.300	100	1.000	0.08	2.47	1.032	3.211

General Note:

1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is $\geq 0.8\text{W/kg}$.
2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR $< 1.45\text{W/kg}$, only one repeated measurement is required.
3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the extremity repeated SAR is necessary, the same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.
4. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated *measured SAR*.
5. All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.

14.4 PD Test Result

Power Density General Notes:

1. The manufacturer has confirmed that the devices tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units.
2. The DUT was connected to a wall charger for some measurements due to the test duration. It was confirmed that the charger plugged into this DUT did not impact the near-field PD test results.
3. Absorbed power density (APD) using a 4cm² averaging area is reported based on SAR measurements.
4. Power density was calculated by repeated E-field measurements on two measurement planes separated by $\lambda/4$.
5. The device was configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools.
6. Per FCC guidance and equipment manufacturer guidance, power density results were scaled according to IEC 62479:2010 for the portion of the measurement uncertainty > 30%. Total expanded uncertainty of 2.68 dB (85.4%) was used to determine the psPD measurement scaling factor.
7. Per April 2021 TCB Workshop, For the highest SAR test configurations also measure incident PD (total) using power-density reconstruction method in 2 mm closest measurement plane. Therefore, a non-standard setup was used for PD testing based on guidance from the FCC. The detailed information refers to KDB inquiry with the FCC. The inquiry document contains additional information.
 - 1) Select highest Head SAR at 0 mm test distance and configurations evaluate power density, so the PD test was performed of a 2mm separation between Probe sensor and EUT Inner surface to Head exposure conditions of VR All-In-One Headset.
 - 2) Select highest extremity SAR at 0 mm test distance and configurations evaluate power density, so the PD test was performed of a 2mm separation between Probe sensor and EUT surface to extremity exposure conditions of VR All-In-One Headset.
 - 3) The details can be referred to KDB inquiry with the FCC
8. Per October 2020 TCB Workshop, PTP-PR algorithm was used during psPD measurement and calculations.
9. The measurement procedure consists of measuring the PDinc at two different distances: 2 mm (compliance distance) and $\lambda/5$. The grid extents should be large enough to fully capture the transmitted energy. The grid step should be fine enough to demonstrate that the integrated Power Density iPDn fulfill the criterion described below. Since iPD ratio between the two distances is ≥ -1 dB, the grid step (0.0625) was sufficient for determining compliance at d=2mm.

$$10 \cdot \log_{10} \frac{iPD_n(2mm)}{iPD_n(\lambda/5)} \geq -1$$



<WLAN PD>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Grid Step (λ)	iPDn	iPD ratio (≥ -1)	Normal psPD (W/m ²)	Total psPD (W/m ²)
	WLAN6GHz	802.11be EHT320 MCS0	Top Side position2	2mm	Ant1+2(1)	31	6105	9.46	0.0625	2.12	-0.85	3.020	3.950
	WLAN6GHz	802.11be EHT320 MCS0	Top Side position2	10mm	Ant1+2(1)	31	6105	9.46	0.15	2.58		2.72	2.84
	WLAN6GHz	802.11be EHT320 MCS0	Top Side position2	2mm	Ant 1+2	191	6905	10.72	0.0625	2.29	-0.83	2.770	3.740
	WLAN6GHz	802.11be EHT320 MCS0	Top Side position2	8.59mm	Ant 1+2	191	6905	10.72	0.15	2.77		2.440	2.67

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Grid Step (λ)	Scaling Factor for measurement uncertainty	Power Drift (dB)	Normal psPD (W/m ²)	Scaled Normal psPD (W/m ²)	Total psPD (W/m ²)	Scaled Total psPD (W/m ²)
01	WLAN6GHz	802.11be EHT320 MCS0	Top Side position1	2mm	Ant1+2(1)	191	6905	10.72	12.00	1.344	100	1.000	0.0625	1.5535	0.05	3.12	6.51	3.37	7.04
	WLAN6GHz	802.11be EHT320 MCS0	Top Side position2	2mm	Ant1+2(1)	191	6905	10.72	12.00	1.344	100	1.000	0.0625	1.5535	-0.07	2.77	5.78	3.74	7.81
	WLAN6GHz	802.11be EHT320 MCS0	Top Side position1	2mm	Ant1+2(1)	31	6105	9.46	10.50	1.272	100	1.000	0.0625	1.5535	0.06	3.43	6.78	3.82	7.55
	WLAN6GHz	802.11be EHT320 MCS0	Top Side position2	2mm	Ant1+2(1)	31	6105	9.46	10.50	1.272	100	1.000	0.0625	1.5535	0.07	3.02	5.97	3.95	7.80
	WLAN6GHz	802.11be EHT320 MCS0	Top Side position1	2mm	Ant1+2(1)	95	6425	10.17	11.00	1.212	100	1.000	0.0625	1.5535	0.03	3.89	7.32	4.13	7.77
	WLAN6GHz	802.11be EHT320 MCS0	Top Side position2	2mm	Ant1+2(1)	95	6425	10.17	11.00	1.212	100	1.000	0.0625	1.5535	-0.15	3.90	7.34	3.71	6.98
	WLAN6GHz	802.11be EHT320 MCS0	Top Side position1	2mm	Ant1+2(2)	127	6585	9.75	10.50	1.189	100	1.000	0.0625	1.5535	-0.04	3.74	6.91	3.94	7.28
	WLAN6GHz	802.11be EHT320 MCS0	Top Side position2	2mm	Ant1+2(2)	127	6585	9.75	10.50	1.189	100	1.000	0.0625	1.5535	0.01	2.67	4.93	3.71	6.86
	WLAN6GHz	802.11be EHT320 MCS0	Top Side position1	2mm	Ant1+2(1)	159	6745	10.27	11.50	1.328	100	1.000	0.0625	1.5535	0.01	2.95	6.09	3.27	6.75
	WLAN6GHz	802.11be EHT320 MCS0	Top Side position2	2mm	Ant1+2(1)	159	6745	10.27	11.50	1.328	100	1.000	0.0625	1.5535	0.02	2.31	4.77	3.08	6.36
	WLAN6GHz	802.11be EHT320 MCS0	Left Side	2mm	Ant1+2(1)	191	6905	10.72	12.00	1.344	100	1.000	0.0625	1.5535	0.12	0.218	0.46	0.319	0.67
	WLAN6GHz	802.11be EHT320 MCS0	Right Side	2mm	Ant1+2(1)	191	6905	10.72	12.00	1.344	100	1.000	0.0625	1.5535	0.08	0.323	0.67	0.342	0.71
	WLAN6GHz	802.11be EHT320 MCS0	Front position1	2mm	Ant1+2(1)	191	6905	10.72	12.00	1.344	100	1.000	0.0625	1.5535	0.05	0.143	0.30	0.218	0.46
	WLAN6GHz	802.11be EHT320 MCS0	Front position2	2mm	Ant1+2(1)	191	6905	10.72	12.00	1.344	100	1.000	0.0625	1.5535	0.03	0.279	0.58	0.381	0.80
	WLAN6GHz	802.11be EHT320 MCS0	Inner Surface	2mm	Ant1+2(1)	191	6905	10.72	12.00	1.344	100	1.000	0.0625	1.5535	-0.06	0.609	1.27	0.664	1.39

15. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

No.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations					VR All-In-One Headset	
						Head	Extremity
1.	WIFI 2.4G MIMO	+	nRF1/nRF2			Yes	Yes
2.	WIFI 2.4G MIMO+WIFI 5G MIMO	+	nRF1/nRF2			Yes	Yes
3.	WIFI 2.4G MIMO+WIFI 6G MIMO	+	nRF1/nRF2			Yes	Yes
4.	WIFI 5G MIMO	+	BT1	+	nRF1/nRF2	Yes	Yes
5.	WIFI 5G MIMO	+	BT2	+	nRF1/nRF2	Yes	Yes
6.	WIFI 6G MIMO	+	BT1	+	nRF1/nRF2	Yes	Yes
7.	WIFI 6G MIMO	+	BT2	+	nRF1/nRF2	Yes	Yes
8.	WLAN5G high MIMO+WLAN5G low MIMO	+	BT1	+	nRF1/nRF2	Yes	Yes
9.	WLAN5G high MIMO+WLAN5G low MIMO	+	BT2	+	nRF1/nRF2	Yes	Yes
10.	WIFI 5G MIMO+WIFI 6G MIMO	+	BT1	+	nRF1/nRF2	Yes	Yes
11.	WIFI 5G MIMO+WIFI 6G MIMO	+	BT2	+	nRF1/nRF2	Yes	Yes

General Note:

- The 2.4GHz/5GHz/6GHz WLAN can transmit in SISO/MIMO antenna mode and MIMO SAR can represent SISO SAR.
- According to the EUT characteristic, WLAN2.4GHz/5GHz/6GHz/Bluetooth and nRF can transmit simultaneously.
- According to the EUT characteristic, WLAN 5GHz/6GHz and WLAN 2.4GHz can transmit simultaneously.
- According to the EUT characteristic, WLAN 2.4GHz+WLAN 5/6GHz+nRF can transmit simultaneously.
- According to the EUT characteristic, WLAN 2.4GHz and Bluetooth can't transmit simultaneously.
- According to the EUT characteristic, two Bluetooth antennas cannot transmit simultaneously.
- According to the EUT characteristic, two nRF antennas cannot transmit simultaneously.
- The worst case 5 GHz WLAN SAR for each configuration was used for SAR summation.
- According to the EUT characteristic, WLAN 2.4GHz + WLAN 5GHz/6GHz + Bluetooth can't transmit simultaneously.
- When stand-alone SAR is not required for a transmitter or antenna, its SAR is considered zero in the SAR summing process to assess Multi-band transmission SAR compliance.
- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
 - 1g Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg and 10g Scalar SAR summation < 4.0W/kg.
 - $SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^{1.5} / (\min. \text{ separation distance, mm})$, and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x1-x2)^2 + (y1-y2)^2 + (z1-z2)^2]$, where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
 - If $SPLSR \leq 0.04$ for 1g SAR and $SPLSR \leq 0.10$ for 10g SAR, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
 - Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band 1g SAR < 1.6W/kg and 10g SAR < 4.0W/kg.
- The WLAN6GHz Sim-Tx analysis guidance with other transmitters was based on SAR test results. The simultaneous transmission and test exemption analysis were compliant with KDB 447498 D01. For the device does not support FR2 or other MPE field measurement, therefore section 15 in the SAR report has no TER analysis according to KDB 987594 requirement.



15.1 Head Exposure Conditions

Exposure Position	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1+2+5	1+3+5	2+3+4+5	6+7+4+5
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant 1+2	WLAN5GHz Ant 1+2	WLAN6GHz Ant 1+2	Bluetooth Ant 1/2	NRF Ant1/2	WLAN5G low Ant 1+2 HBS	WLAN5G high Ant 1+2 HBS	Summed	Summed	Summed	Summed
	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)
Inner Surface	0.397	0.543	0.260	0.070	0.043	0.224	0.543	0.98	0.70	0.92	0.88

15.2 Extremity Exposure Conditions

Exposure Position	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	1+8	3+7+8	6+7+8	2+4+8	2+6+8	9+10+7+8	5+6+7+8
	WLAN 2.4GHz Ant 1+2 NonDBS	WLAN 2.4GHz Ant 1+2 DBS	WLAN 5GHz Ant 1+2 Non DBS	WLAN 5GHz Ant 1+2 DBS	WLAN 5GHz Ant 1+2 HBS	WLAN 6GHz Ant 1+2	Bluetooth Ant 1/2	NRF Ant1/2	WLAN 5G low Ant 1+2 HBS	WLAN 5G high Ant 1+2 HBS	Summed	Summed	Summed	Summed	Summed	Summed	Summed
	10g SAR (W/kg)	10g SAR (W/kg)	10g SAR (W/kg)	10g SAR (W/kg)	10g SAR (W/kg)	10g SAR (W/kg)	10g SAR (W/kg)	10g SAR (W/kg)	10g SAR (W/kg)	10g SAR (W/kg)	10g SAR (W/kg)	10g SAR (W/kg)	10g SAR (W/kg)	10g SAR (W/kg)	10g SAR (W/kg)	10g SAR (W/kg)	10g SAR (W/kg)
Front position1	0.109	0.109	0.261	0.261	0.261	0.014	0.003	0.002	0.033	0.261	0.11	0.27	0.02	0.37	0.13	0.30	0.28
Front position2	0.076	0.076	0.177	0.177	0.177	0.025	0.005	0.002	0.071	0.177	0.08	0.18	0.03	0.26	0.10	0.26	0.21
Left side	0.228	0.228	0.229	0.229	0.229	0.011	0.010	0.002	0.097	0.229	0.23	0.24	0.02	0.46	0.24	0.34	0.25
Right side	0.182	0.182	0.165	0.165	0.165	0.023	0.009	0.002	0.165	0.078	0.18	0.18	0.03	0.35	0.21	0.25	0.20
Top Side position1	3.298	1.970	3.315	1.840	1.684	0.518	0.277		1.550	1.684	3.30	3.59	0.80	3.81	2.49	3.51	2.48
Top Side position2	3.168	1.970	3.055	1.840	1.684	0.666	0.398		1.550	1.684	3.17	3.45	1.06	3.81	2.64	3.63	2.75
Bottom Side position1								0.035			0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
Bottom Side position2								0.032			0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03

Test Engineer : Martin Li, Varus Wang, Ricky Gu, Light Wang

16. Uncertainty Assessment

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100MHz to 6GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg and the measured 10-g SAR within a frequency band is < 3.75 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be $\leq 30\%$, for a confidence interval of $k = 2$. If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. For this device, the highest measured 1-g SAR is less 1.5W/kg and highest measured 10-g SAR is less 3.75W/kg. Therefore, the measurement uncertainty table is not required in this report.

Declaration of Conformity:

The test results with all measurement uncertainty excluded is presented in accordance with the regulation limits or requirements declared by manufacturers.

Comments and Explanations:

The declared of product specification for EUT presented in the report are provided by the manufacturer, and the manufacturer takes all the responsibilities for the accuracy of product specification.

The component of uncertainty may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainty by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in table below.

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor ^(a)	$1/k^{(b)}$	$1/\sqrt{3}$	$1/\sqrt{6}$	$1/\sqrt{2}$

(a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity

(b) k is the coverage factor

Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

The judgment of conformity in the report is based on the measurement results excluding the measurement uncertainty.

Uncertainty Budget According to IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 (Frequency band: 4 MHz - 10 GHz range)							
Error Description	Uncert. Value (±%)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Standard Uncertainty (1g) (±%)	Standard Uncertainty (10g) (±%)
Measurement System errors							
Probe calibration	18.6	N	2	1	1	9.3	9.3
Probe calibration drift	1.7	R	1.732	1	1	1.0	1.0
Probe linearity and detection Limit	4.7	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7
Broadband signal	2.8	R	1.732	1	1	1.6	1.6
Probe isotropy	7.6	R	1.732	1	1	4.4	4.4
Other probe and data acquisition errors	2.4	N	1	1	1	2.4	2.4
RF ambient and noise	1.8	N	1	1	1	1.8	1.8
Probe positioning errors	0.006	N	1	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0
Data processing errors	4.0	N	1	1	1	4.0	4.0
Phantom and Device Errors							
Measurement of phantom conductivity (σ)	2.5	N	1	0.78	0.71	2.0	1.8
Temperature effects (medium)	5.4	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	2.4	2.2
Shell permittivity	14.0	R	1.732	0.5	0.5	4.0	4.0
Distance between the radiating element of the DUT and the phantom medium	2.0	N	1	2	2	4.0	4.0
Repeatability of positioning the DUT or source against the phantom	1.0	N	1	1	1	1.0	1.0
Device holder effects	3.6	N	1	1	1	3.6	3.6
Effect of operating mode on probe sensitivity	2.4	R	1.732	1	1	1.4	1.4
Time-average SAR	1.7	R	1.732	1	1	1.0	1.0
Variation in SAR due to drift in output of DUT	2.5	N	1	1	1	2.5	2.5
Validation antenna uncertainty (validation measurement only)	0.0	N	1	1	1	0.0	0.0
Uncertainty in accepted power (validation measurement only)	0.0	N	1	1	1	0.0	0.0
Correction to the SAR results							
Phantom deviation from target (ϵ' , σ)	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.9	1.6
SAR scaling	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Combined Std. Uncertainty						14.5%	14.4%
Coverage Factor for 95 %						K=2	K=2
Expanded STD Uncertainty						29.0%	28.8%

SAR Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 4MHz to 10GHz

Uncertainty Budget According to IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, Specific Phantoms (Frequency band: 300 MHz - 3 GHz range)							
Error Description	Uncert. Value (±%)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Standard Uncertainty (1g) (±%)	Standard Uncertainty (10g) (±%)
Measurement System Errors							
Probe Calibration	12.0	N	2	1	1	6.0	6.0
Probe Calibration Drift	1.7	R	1.732	1	1	1.0	1.0
Probe Linearity	4.7	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7
Broadband Signal	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
Probe Isotropy	9.6	R	1.732	1	1	5.5	5.5
Data Acquisition	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
RF Ambient	1.8	N	1	1	1	1.8	1.8
Probe Positioning	0.6	N	1	0.14	0.14	0.1	0.1
Data Processing	8.7	N	1	1	1	8.7	8.7
Phantom and Device Errors							
Conductivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.78	0.71	2.0	1.8
Conductivity (temp.)	3.3	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.5	1.4
Phantom Permittivity	14.0	R	1.732	0	0	0.0	0.0
Distance DUT - TSL	2.0	N	1	2	2	4.0	4.0
Device Positioning (±0.5mm)	1.0	N	1	1	1	1.0	1.0
Device Holder	3.6	N	1	1	1	3.6	3.6
DUT Modulation	2.4	R	1.732	1	1	1.4	1.4
Time-average SAR	1.7	R	1.732	1	1	1.0	1.0
DUT drift	2.5	N	1	1	1	2.5	2.5
Val Antenna Unc.	0.0	N	1	1	1	0.0	0.0
Unc. Input Power	0.0	N	1	1	1	0.0	0.0
Correction to the SAR results							
Deviation to Target	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.9	1.6
SAR scaling	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Combined Std. Uncertainty						14.3%	14.3%
Coverage Factor for 95 %						K=2	K=2
Expanded STD Uncertainty						28.7%	28.5%

Uncertainty Budget According to IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, Specific Phantoms (Frequency band: 3 GHz - 6 GHz range)							
Error Description	Uncert. Value (±%)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Standard Uncertainty (1g) (±%)	Standard Uncertainty (10g) (±%)
Measurement System Errors							
Probe Calibration	14.0	N	2	1	1	7.0	7.0
Probe Calibration Drift	1.7	R	1.732	1	1	1.0	1.0
Probe Linearity	4.7	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7
Broadband Signal	2.6	R	1.732	1	1	1.5	1.5
Probe Isotropy	9.6	R	1.732	1	1	5.5	5.5
Data Acquisition	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
RF Ambient	1.8	N	1	1	1	1.8	1.8
Probe Positioning	0.5	N	1	0.29	0.29	0.1	0.1
Data Processing	8.7	N	1	1	1	8.7	8.7
Phantom and Device Errors							
Conductivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.78	0.71	2.0	1.8
Conductivity (temp.)	3.4	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.5	1.4
Phantom Permittivity	14.0	R	1.732	0.25	0.25	2.0	2.0
Distance DUT - TSL	2.0	N	1	2	2	4.0	4.0
Device Positioning (±0.5mm)	1.0	N	1	1	1	1.0	1.0
Device Holder	3.6	N	1	1	1	3.6	3.6
DUT Modulation	2.4	R	1.732	1	1	1.4	1.4
Time-average SAR	1.7	R	1.732	1	1	1.0	1.0
DUT drift	2.5	N	1	1	1	2.5	2.5
Val Antenna Unc.	0.0	N	1	1	1	0.0	0.0
Unc. Input Power	0.0	N	1	1	1	0.0	0.0
Correction to the SAR results							
Deviation to Target	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.9	1.6
SAR scaling	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Combined Std. Uncertainty						14.9%	14.8%
Coverage Factor for 95 %						K=2	K=2
Expanded STD Uncertainty						29.8%	29.7%

cDASY6 Module mmWave Uncertainty Budget Evaluation Distances to the Antennas > $\lambda/2\pi$ In Compliance with IEC TR 63170					
Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±dB)	Probability	Divisor	(Ci)	Standard Uncertainty (±dB)
Uncertainty terms dependent on the measurement system					
Probe Calibration	0.49	N	1	1	0.49
Probe correction	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00
Frequency response	0.20	R	1.732	1	0.12
Sensor cross coupling	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00
Isotropy	0.50	R	1.732	1	0.29
Linearity	0.20	R	1.732	1	0.12
Probe scattering	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00
Probe positioning offset	0.30	R	1.732	1	0.17
Probe positioning repeatability	0.04	R	1.732	1	0.02
Sensor mechanical offset	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00
Probe spatial resolution	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00
Field impedance dependence	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00
Amplitude and phase drift	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00
Amplitude and phase noise	0.04	R	1.732	1	0.02
Measurement area truncation	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00
Data acquisition	0.03	N	1	1	0.03
Sampling	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00
Field reconstruction	2.00	R	1.732	1	1.15
Forward transformation	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00
Power density scaling	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00
Spatial averaging	0.10	R	1.732	1	0.06
System detection limit	0.04	R	1.732	1	0.02
Uncertainty terms dependent on the DUT and environmental factors					
Probe coupling with DUT	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.0
Modulation response	0.40	R	1.732	1	0.2
Integration time	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.0
Response time	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.0
Device holder influence	0.10	R	1.732	1	0.1
DUT alignment	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.0
RF ambient conditions	0.04	R	1.732	1	0.0
Ambient reflections	0.04	R	1.732	1	0.0
Immunity / secondary reception	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.0
Drift of the DUT		R	1.732	1	
Combined Std. Uncertainty					1.34
Expanded STD Uncertainty (95%)					2.68

PD Uncertainty Budget

17. References

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- [10] IEC 62479:2010 Assessment of the compliance of low power electronic and electrical equipment with the basic restrictions related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields (10 MHz to 300 GHz)
- [11] IEC TR 63170: 2018 Measurement procedure for the evaluation of power density related to human exposure to radio frequency fields from wireless communication devices operating between 6 GHz and 100 GHz
- [12] SPEAG DASY6 System Handbook
- [13] SPEAG DASY6 Application Note (Interim Procedures for Devices Operating at 6-10 GHz)

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